



# basic education

Department:  
Basic Education  
**REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA**

## NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE

**IGREYIDI 12**

**ISINDEBELE ILIMI LEKHAYA (HL)**

**IPHEPHA LESITHATHU (P3)**

**FEBHERIBARI/MATJHI 2011**

**IMEMORANDAMU**

**IMITLOMELO: 100**

**Imemorandamu le inamakhasi ali-15.**

## ISIGABA A: AMATHEKSTI WOKUZITLAMELA

### UMBUZO 1

#### 1.1 Indaba Ephikisako/Ehlangothilinye (Argumentative)

Indaba ephikisikako ifuna otlolako athome ngokukhetha ihlangothi esihlokweni atlola ngaso. Otlolako angakhetha ukuvumelana nesihlokonofana aphikisane naso. Umbono womtloli kumele ukhanye kusukela ekuthomeni bekube sekugcineni kwendabakhe. Lendaba yethula lokho okusengqondweni yomtloli.

Nakhu okumele kutjhejwe nakutlolwa lendaba:

- Otlolako kumele athome ngokuthi akhethe ihlangothi azokutlola ngalo.
- Otlolako kumele anikele amaphuzu amanengi anabe ukusekela imibonwakhe.
- Otlolako kumele ahlale emaphuzwini NOFANA aphikise isitativende.
- Lomhlobo wendaba uphethe imibono yomtloli kwaphela ngalokho kumele iphakamise imibono eqinileko.
- Ilimi elinezwelomagama lingahle lithinte imizwa kodwana kumele libe nehlonipho.
- Isiphetho kumele sibe sitativende somtloli esinamandla, esikhanyako nesanalisako.

#### 1.2 Kilesisithombe umfundi angatlola nanyana ngiwuphi umhlobo we-eseyi. Otshwayako uyeleliwa bona atjheje umhlobo we-eseyi evezwa ngotlolako bese utshwaya ngokulandela amaphuzu alindeleke ngaphasi kwaloyo mhlobo we-eseyi ngokuqala kilomhlahlandela.

#### 1.3 Indaba Evezako/Eveza Imizwa Yomtloli (Reflective)

Le yindaba lapho otlolako aba nombono bese unikela imizwakhe. Indaba le itjhegeza ibuyele emva esehlakalweni esakhe senzeka. Otlolako-ke kulapho abeka khona imibonwakhe ngokwenzakalako, abeke tjhatjhalazi okuhle neemphoso bese uthatha iinqunto ngokuthi ubona kufanele kwenziweni ukutjhugulula ubujamo balokho esikhathini esizako

Umhlobo lo wendaba sivame ukuwubona emitlolweni ema-eseyi. La otlolako ubeka umbonwakhe ngesihloko esithileko. Akutjho bonyana akutjhoko kuliqiniso kodwana ngilokho akucabangako ngabantu, ngesintunofana ngepilo nje. Lokho akubekako kuhle kusekelwe ngamaqiniso ukuze kungamdonisi loyo ozokufunda indaba leyo. Indaba enje ingaveza ukujija kwengqondo yaloyo otlolako begodu abanengi bayithatha njengeqiniso lamambala.

Nakhu okumele kutjhejwe nakutlolwa lendaba:

- Indaba evezako iveza imizwa yomtloli.

- Imizwa nokuthatheka kwehliziyo kudlala indima eqakatheke khulu endabeni le.
- Ihlangothi elikhulu lendaba lingaba ngelihlathululako. Ukuhlathululokhu kufanele kukhanye begodu kuveze imizwa nalokho okusengqondweni yaloyo otlolako.
- Imibono/imicabango/imizwa eveziweko kufanele yembule iqiniso nendima ethathwa ngotlolako.

#### 1.4 Indaba Emahlangothimabili/Emadanisako (Discursive)

Indaba le ihlobene khulu nendaba ephikisako. Okufanako kukuthi kiyo yomibili imihlobo le, otlolako ubeka imibonwakhe. Umehluko okhona kukuthi endabeni emahlangothimabili otlolako kulindeleke kobana atole ngemibono yomibili. Silindele kobana asivezele ubuhle nobumbi bento atlola ngayo. Okumnandi ngomhlobo lo wendaba kukuthi otlolako utjhiyela ofundako ekutheni azikhethelo yena isiquonto sokobana ngiliphi ihlangothi abona lingcono kunelinye. Umtloli angafinyelela esiphethweni esithileko ekugcineni kwendabakhe kodwana imibono evumako nephikako kufanele yethulwe ngokulinganako endabeni.

Umtlolo kumele uzwakale begodu ungathathi ihlangothi. Kumele kuvezwe iintatimende ezizwakala kuhle. Kilomhlobo we-eseyi otlolako uveza ngobuhle nangobumbi bento ethileko anikelwe yona esihlokweni. Unikela amaphuzu avumelana nesihloko nalawo aphikisana naso.

[Otlolako kufanele aveze kokubili, ubuhle nobumbi bakamabonakude]

#### 1.5 Indaba Ehlathululako (Descriptive)

Le yindaba lapho umtloli afuze ahlathulule ubujamo obuthileko, umuntu othileko nofana indawo ethileko. Njengombana nesihloko sitjho, kufanele umtloli wendaba le asebenzise amagama ahlathululako khudlwana. Ngale kwalokho, umtloli usebenzisa khulu ilimi elisesikhathini sanje.

Nakhu okumele kutjhejwe nakutlolwa lendaba:

- Otlolako kufanele ayelele ekutheni akhethe isihloko asazi kuhle. Isizathu kukuthi kuba budisi ukuhlathulula into organalwazi elipheleleko ngayo.
- Otlolako kufanele akhethe ngokuyelela amagama nobujamo bokuhulum.
- Amagama asetjenziswa ngotlolako kufanele akhe isithombe esikhanya bha.
- Otlolako angasebenzisa iinthombe-ngqondo zokubona, zokurhogela, zokuzwa, zobumnandi nezokuthinta ukuze zimsize ukwenza akuhlathululako kukhanye bha.

**1.6 Indaba Ecacisako/Eveza Amaqiniso (Expository)/Indaba Evezako/Eveza Imizwa Yomtloli (Reflective)**

**Tjheja:** Lesisihloko singaba mhlobo we-eseyi **eveza amaqiniso** nofana **eveza imizwa** yomtloli.

Otshwayako kufanele atjheje bona otlolako uveze mhlobo bani we-eseyi bese utshwanya ngokulandela imileyo elindeleke ngaphasi kwaleyo eseyi.

**Indaba Ecacisako/Eveza Amaqiniso (Expository)**

Lendaba iyame emaqinisweni werhubhululo ngesihloko esithileko. Umtloli walendaba kumele kube mumuntu owenze irhubhululo elithileko ngesihloko atlola ngaso. Kumele imibonwakhe isekelwe maphuzu amaqiniso, hayi imibono kwaphela. Kumele umtloli walendaba ahlathululisise ukuze nalabo abangakalenzi irhubhululo ngesihloko bakulandele lokho atlola ngakho. Le yindaba emumethe amaqiniso abekwe ngendlela ehlekileko. Imibono isekelwa ngokunikela amanani.

Nakhu okumele kutjhejwe nakutlolwa lendaba:

- Isihloko kumele sizwakale kuhle.
- Irhubhululo liqakatheke khulu njengombana iintatimende kumele zisekelwe maqiniso.
- Umtloli kumele ahlathulule kuhle amagama aqakathekileko nangakajayelesi.
- Imibono kufuze ihlaliswe kuhle ngendlela yokulandelana kwayo ukwenzela bona ikghone ukuthatha ummukelilwazi elwazini analo imtjhingise kilelo angalaziko.
- Lomtlolo khulukhulu utlolwa esikhathini sanje.

**1.7** Kilesisithombe umfundsi angatlola nanyana ngiwuphi umhlobo we-eseyi. Otshwayako uyeleliwa bona atjheje umhlobo we-eseyi evezwa ngotlolako bese utshwanya ngokulandela amaphuzu alindeleke ngaphasi kwaloyo mhlobo we-eseyi ngokuqala kilomhlahlandlela.

**1.8** Kilesisithombe umfundsi angatlola nanyana ngiwuphi umhlobo we-eseyi. Otshwayako uyeleliwa bona atjheje umhlobo we-eseyi evezwa ngotlolako bese utshwanya ngokulandela amaphuzu alindeleke ngaphasi kwaloyo mhlobo we-eseyi ngokuqala kilomhlahlandlela.

**IMITLOMELO YESIGABA A: 50**

**ISIGABA B: AMATHEKSTI AMADE WOKUTHINTANA****UMBUZO 2****2.1 INCWADI YOMSEBENZI/YABAKHULU**

Nakhu okumele kutjhejwe nakutlolwa incwadi yomsebenzinofana yabakhulu:

- Kufanele ibe neemphande ezimbili, zitlolwe ngokujayelekileko. Isiphande sotlolelwako asibi nelanga.
- Kutlolelwa umuntu othileko onesikhundla ebubulweni elithileko. Ngalokho-ke, kufanele otlolako aphakamise isikhundla saloyo amtlolelako ngaphambi kokutlola isiphande sesibili.
- Kunesilotjhiso esingaphakamisi ibizo lomuntu kodwana kutlolwa ukuthi **Nomzana**nofana **Kosikazi**.
- Kufuneka bona otlolako atbole isihloko salokho atlola ngakho ngamagabhadlhela.
- Kufuneka bona otlolako ahlathulule kuhle ngokuzeleko lokho akhulumangakho. Ekugcineni kufanele asebenzise amagama afana nanaka: **Ngiyokuthokoza, ngizokuthaba, kuzongithabis**a.
- Ekugcineni, tlikitla incwadi. Lokhu kwenzelwa ukuthi loyo otlolelweko azi kuhle ukuthi utlolelwange ngubani.

**2.2 IMEMORANDAMU**

Immemorandamu yincwajana etlolwa baphathi ngaphakathi eenkhundlenizomsebenzi bayitlolela abasebenzi nanyana abasebenzi bayitlolela abaphathi.

Nakhu okumele kutjhejwe nakutlolwa immemorandamu:

- Iba nesilotjhiso nesiphetho njengombana kwenzeka encwadini yobungani neya kuMhleli.
- Immemorandamu ingasetjenziswa ukudlulisa imiyalo, iinghonghoyilo, ubulwele obuveleleko, umtjhado nokhunye ebasebenzini.

## 2.3 IKULUMO ELUNGISELELWEKO

Umfundi nangabe utlole ikulumo elungiselelweko, kumele akhumbule bonyana abantu abafani ngamasiko, ngeenkolelo, ngefundu, ngabakuthandako nokhunye. Kumele umfundi acabange ukobana bazawathanda amaphuzu azowakhuluma emnyanyeni loyo.

Nakhu okumele kutjhejwe nakutlolwa ikulumo elungiselelweko:

- Ihloso yekulumo.
- Iinhlokvana ezilindeleke ngaphasi kwekulomo elungiselelweko:
- Isihloko > Kuqakathekile ukobana sibe nokuthi ikulumo izokwenzelwaphi, ngubani, ngaliphi ilanga begodu sethule okumumethwe yikulumo.
- Isilotjhiso > Kumele ococako alotjhise abakhona ngokulandelana kwabo, abakhulu nabancani, abalandelanise kuhle ngokweenkhundla zabo emehlwani womphakathi.
- Isingeniso > Kumele sidose kodwana sibe sifitjhini senze kobana balalele.
- Ummongo-ndaba > Ikulumo ayitlolwe ngokucacileko.
- Isiphetho > Angarhunyeza ikulumakhe ngokubuyeleta akukhulumilekonofana atjhijile.

## 2.4 IKULUMO-PENDULWANO

Nakhu okumele kutjhejwe nakutlolwa ikulumo-pendulwano:

- Isakhiwo sekulumo-pendulwano.
- Njengemitlolo yoke kufanele kube khona isingeniso. Esingenisweni kulapho kwethulwa khona indaba ekuzokucocwa ngayo nokobana kuzokucocwa nabobani.
- Amagama walabo abakhulumako atlolwa ngesandleni sesincele, abe mafitjhani nesibongo singasetjenziswa. Akutlolwa litho ngaphasi kwamagama walabo abakhulumako.
- Kutlolwa iholoni emuva kwamagama wabantu abakhulumako.
- Ukukhethwa kwamagama kumele kutjengise ukwehlukana kwezinga lalabo abakhulumako. **Isib, ubaba nakakhuluma nendodana, umntwana wesikolo nakakhuluma notitjhere.**
- Ukuthi ikulumo -pendulwano ithoma ngesingeniso akutjho ukobana akube khona isigaba esisiphetho. Isiphetho sendaba siba sekulumeni yabo, kuzwakale ukuthi seiyaphetha.
- Ingaphetha ngokuthi bazwane nanyana bangezwani kuye ngokuthi indaba egade icocwa ikhambe bunjani.

**IMITLOMELO YESIGABA B: 30**

**ISIGABA C: AMATHEKSTI WOKUTHINTANA AMITHOMBO, ANIKELA ILWAZI,  
ABUKELWAKO KANYE NAWEENDLELA EZAHLUKAHLUKEENEKO  
ZOKUTHINTANA**

**3.1 ISIKHANGISO**

Ukukhangisa yindlela yokudosa abantu ngento ethileko ngomnqopho wokobana abantu bathatheke ngento leyo. Kungaba mdlalo othilekonofana into ethengiswako. Ihloso yokukhangisa kukobana abantu bagcine sebayithengile into leyo nanyana bebangakahlosi. Abakhangisako bavamise ukusebenzisa iinkhangiso ezihllobohlobo ukubiza abantu nofana abathengi, batshwenye nemizwa yabo. Isikhali esikhulu sokukhangisa kubuyeletwa kwamagama nokusebenzisa ilimi eliyengako. Ngaphandle kweenkhangiso zezinto ezithengiswako kukhona iinkhangiso zemisebenzi, zeminyanya, zabahlongakeleko, zabatjhadako, njll.

**3.2 IINKOMBA ZENDLELA**

Umuntu olayela omunye indlela usebenzisa iinkomba zendlela ukulayela. Ihloso yeenkomba zendlela kutjengisa umuntu othileko indlela nanyana indawo ethileko okumele aye kiyo.

Nakhu okumele kutjhejwe nakutlolwa iinkomba zendlela:

- Akuvele iindlela umuntu azozikhamba.
- Akuvele amagama weendawo umuntu azokudlula kizo.
- Akutjengiswe imilambo umuntu azokuwela kiyo, iintaba azozikhwela, njll.
- Lowo olayelako akasebenzise ilimi elinqophileko, elingazokudida lowo olayelwako.

**3.3 UKUZALISA IFOROMO**

Iforomo liphethjana elineenkhala ezizaliswako ngombana kufuneka imininingwana ethileko. Minengi imihlobo yamaforomo azaliswako. Kukhona amaforomo wokubawa umsebenzi, wokukhupha imali ebulungelweni, wokufaka imali ebulungelweni, wokubawa iinkhala zokufunda, njll. Kuqakathekile ukuthi loyo ozalisa iforomo anikele iminingwanakhe eliqiniso, angatjhiyi iinkhala ngonobangela wokungathhogomeli.

**IMITLOMELO YESIGABA C:  
INANI LOKE:**

**20  
100**

**ISIGABA A: IRUBRIKHI YOKUTSHWAYA/YOKUHLOLA INDABA/I-ESEYI (50)**

	Ikhowudu 7: Kuhle khulukhulu  <b>80 – 100%</b>	Ikhowudu 6: Kuhle  <b>70 – 70%</b>	Ikhowudu 5: Kuyababazeka  <b>60 – 69%</b>	Ikhowudu 4: Kuyaneliseka  <b>50 – 59%</b>	Ikhowudu 3: Izinga eliphakathi naphakathi  <b>40 – 49%</b>	Ikhowudu 2: Izinga eliphasi  <b>30 – 39%</b>	Ikhowudu 1: Akakaphu meleli  <b>29 – 0%</b>
<b>Okumumethweko, ukutlama kanye nesakhiwo  (Imitolomelo ema-30)</b>	<b>24 – 30</b>  -Indaba itjengisa ilwazi elikarisa khulu ngesihloko esinikelweko. -Amaphuzu nemibono azicabangele yona nekarisako. -Ukutlama/ ukuthathlabeja ekugcineni kukhiqize indaba enobukghwari nehleleke beyethulwe kuhle.	<b>21 – 23½</b>  -Indaba itjengisa ilwazi elihlele kuhle ngesihloko. -Amaphuzu nemibono azicabangele yona nekarisako. -Ukutlama/ ukuthathlabeja ekugcineni kukhiqize indaba enobukghwari nehleleke beyethulwe kuhle.	<b>18½ – 20½</b>  -Indaba itjengisa ilwazi elizwakalako ngesihloko. -Imibono/ Amaphuzu ayazwakala bekayakarisa. - Ukutlama/ ukuthathlabeja ekugcineni kukhiqize indaba ehleke beyethulwa ngefanelo.	<b>15 – 17½</b>  -Indaba itjengisa ilwazi elitlhayelako ngesihloko. -Imibono/ Amaphuzu avamileko natlhayela ilwazi elidephileko. -Ukutlama/ ukuthathlabeja ekugcineni kukhiqize indaba eyenelisako.	<b>12 – 14½</b>  -Indaba ijayelekile. Kutlhayela ukunamathehana. -Kunemibono namaphuzu ambalwa abuyeletleko ngesihloko. -Ukutlama/ ukuthathlabeja ekugcineni kukhiqize indaba eyenelisako.	<b>9 – 11½</b>  -Indaba ayizwakali kuhle, ayinakho ukunamathehana kwamaphuzu. -Kunamaphuzu ambalwa azibuyeletleko. -Kunobufakazi obuthayelako bokutlama/ ukuthathlabeja. -Indaba ayikathulwa ngendlela efaneleko.	<b>0 – 8½</b>  -Indabakhe ayizwakali, ihlahlatha khulu. -Akhukho ukuthelehana kwamaphuzu. -Ubuyele amaphuzu. -Akubonakali lapha atlame/ atlathlabeje khona. -Indaba yethulwe ngendlela eseizingeni eliphasi.
<b>Ilimi, isitayela kanye noku-editha  (Imitolomelo eli-15)</b>	<b>12 – 15</b>  -Ilimi elisetjenziswe ngokuyelela nangelihlo elihlabako. -Ilimi kanye namatshwayo wokutlola asetjenziswe kuhle khulu. -Uzisebenzisile neemfengqo. -Ukukhethwa kwamagama kusezingeni eliphezulu. -Isitayela, umzwakalo nerejista kukhambelana kuhle khulu nesihloko. -Ekugcineni, pheze akunamphoso emtlolweni ngebanga lokubuyekezwa nokulungiswa kweemphoso.	<b>10½ – 11½</b>  -Ilimi elisetjenziswe ngokuyelela nangelihlo elihlabako. -Ilimi kanye namatshwayo wokutlola asetjenziswe kuhle. -Ukwazile nokusebenzisa iimfengqo. -Ukukhethwa kwamagama kuvangiwe bekusetjenziswe kuhle. -Isitayela, umzwakalo nerejista kukhambelana nesihloko. -Indaba ayinazo iimphoso ngobunengi ngebanga lokubuyekezwa nokulungiswa kwazo.	<b>9 – 10</b>  -Kuyavela ukusetjenziswa kwelimi ngokuyelela nangelihlo elihlabako. -limphoso ezenziwe elimini kanye nakumatshwayo wokutlola zilungiswe ngobunengi. -Ukukhethwa kwamagama kuyayifanela indaba. -Isitayela, umzwakalo nerejista kukhambelana nesihloko. -Indaba ayinazo iimphoso ngobunengi ngebanga lokubuyekezwa nokulungiswa	<b>7½ – 8½</b>  -Kancani kuyavela ukusetjenziswa kwelimi ngokuyelela nangelihlo elihlabako. -Ilimi lilula amatshwayo wokutlola asetjenziswe ngendlela eyanelisako. -Ukukhethwa kwamagama kuyayifanela indaba. -Isitayela, umzwakalo nerejista kukhambelana nesihloko. -Indaba isese neemphoso nanyana ibuyekeziwe bezalungiswa nje.	<b>6 – 7</b>  -Kuvela kancani khulu ukusetjenziswa kwelimi ngokuyelela nangelihlo elihlabako. -Ilimi livamile begodu namatshwayo wokutlola kanengi akakasetjenziswa ngefanelo. -Ukukhethwa kwamagama kuyifanela indaba. -Isitayela, umzwakalo nerejista akukhambelani kuhle nesihloko. -Indaba ineemphoso ezimbawla nanyana ibuyekeziwe bezalungiswa nje.	<b>4½ – 5½</b>  -Ilimi lineemphoso ezinengi, amatshwayo wokutlola akakasetjenziswa ngokunembako. -Ukukhethwa kwamagama kuveza ilwazi elincani khulu. -Isitayela, umzwakalo nerejista akukasetjenziswa ngefanelo. -Nanyana indaba ilungiswe iimphoso yabe yabuyekezwa, iimphoso zisese khona ezinye.	<b>0 – 4</b>  -Ilimi lineemphoso ezinengi, amatshwayo wokutlola akakasetjenziswa ngokunembako. -Amagama akakakhethwa ngendlela enembako. -Isitayela, umzwakalo nerejista akukasetjenziswa ngefanelo. -Nanyana indaba ilungiswe iimphoso yabe yabuyekezwa, iimphoso zisese khona ezinye.

<b>Isakhiwo</b>	<b>4 – 5</b>	<b>3½</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2½</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1½</b>	<b>0 – 1</b>
<b>(Imitlomelo emi-5)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-Indaba ihlangene beyithuthuka ngendlela efaneleko.</li> <li>-Imininingwana ezwakalako iveziwe ngesihloko.</li> <li>-Imitjho neengaba ibunjwe ngendlela enembako.</li> <li>-Indaba yide ukuya ngokwemigomo efunekako.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-Kunokuthuthuka okufaneleko kwemininingwana.</li> <li>-Indaba iyahlangana.</li> <li>-Utile imitjho neengaba ezahlukeneko, ezithelelanako nezizwakalako.</li> <li>-Indaba yide ngefanelo.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-Ikhona eminye imininngwana eqakathhekileko eveziweko.</li> <li>-Imitjho neengaba zihleleke ngefanelo. Ubude pheze ngobufaneleko.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-Amanye amaphuzu aqakathhekileko ayavela.</li> <li>-Imitjho neengaba aziveli kuhle kodwana indaba inomqondo ozwakalako.</li> <li>-Indaba inobude ekungibо.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-Akhonyana amaphuzu aqakathhekileko.</li> <li>-Imitjho neengaba azikahleleki ngefanelo kodwana umqondo uyezwakala.</li> <li>-Indaba yide/yifitjhani khulu.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-Unokuhlahlatha.</li> <li>-Akusilula ukuyilandela indabakhe.</li> <li>-Imitjho neengaba zitlanywe ngokusezingeni eliphasi khulu.</li> <li>-Indaba yide khulu/yifitjhani khulu.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-Uhlahlathile.</li> <li>-Imitjho kanye neengaba zihlangahlangene begodu akakayitloli ngokufaneleko.</li> <li>-Indaba yide khulu/yifitjhani khulu.</li> </ul>

**ISIGABA B: AMARUBHRIKHI WOKUTSHWAYA/WOKUHLOLA IMITLOLO EMIDE YOKUTHINTANA (30)**

	Ikhowudu 7: Kuhle khulukhulu <b>80 – 100%</b>	Ikhowudu 6: Kuhle <b>70 – 70%</b>	Ikhowudu 5: Kuyababazeka <b>60 – 69%</b>	Ikhowudu 4: Kuyaneliseka <b>50 – 59%</b>	Ikhowudu 3: Izinga eliphakathi naphakathi <b>40 – 49%</b>	Ikhowudu 2: Izinga eliphasi <b>30 – 39%</b>	Ikhowudu 1: Akakaphu meleli <b>29 – 0%</b>
<b>Okumumethweko, ukutlama kanye nesakhiwo (Imitlomelo eli-18)</b>	<b>14 – 18</b>  -Unalo iwazi elikhethileko ngomtlolo obuziweko. -Umtlolo ofaneleko – umfundi unamathele kilokho ekufunwa mtlolo. -Umtlolo unokunamathelana kwamaphuzu/ imibono nokumumethweko begodu nokusekelwa kwestihloko. -Ubufakazi bokutlama/ ukutlhathlabeja kwenze umtlolo wangaba neemphoso bewethulwa ngendlela efaneleko. -Usebenzise yoke imithetho efaneleko yesakhiwo.	<b>13 – 14</b>  -Unelwazi elihle khulu ngomtlolo obuziweko. -Umtlolo ofaneleko – umfundi unamathele kilokho ekufunwa mtlolo begodu akakahlahlathi. -Umtlolo unokunamathelana kwamaphuzu/ imibono nokumumethweko begodu nokusekelwa kwestihloko. -Ubufakazi bokutlama/ ukutlhathlabeja kwenze umtlolo nobukghwari bewethulwa ngefanelo. -Usebenzise yoke imithetho efaneleko yesakhiwo.	<b>11 – 12½</b>  -Unelwazi elihle ngomtlolo obuziweko. -Umtlolo ofaneleko – umfundi unamathele kilokho ekufunwa mtlolo begodu uhlahlathile kodicwana lokho akukukhinyabezi kangako ukuzwakala komtlolo.	<b>9 – 10½</b>  -Unelwazi elaneleko ngomtlolo obuziweko. -Umtlolo ofaneleko – umfundi uhlahlathile kodwana lokho akukukhinyabezi kangako ukuzwakala komtlolo. -Umtlolo unokunamathelana kwamaphuzu/ kwemibono nokumumethweko begodu namanye amaphuzu asekelako ayavela. -Ubufakazi bokutlama/ ukutlhathlabeja kwenze umtlolo omuhle onobukghwari nowethulwe ngefanelo. -Usebenzise pheze yoke imithetho efaneleko yesakhiwo.	<b>7½ – 8½</b>  -Unelwazi eliphakathi naphakathi ngomtlolo obuziweko. Impendulo zitjengisa ilwazi elingakangeneleli. -Umtlolo – umfundi uhlahlathile, kwezinye iindawo umtlolo awuzwakali. -Umtlolo unokunamathelana kwamaphuzu/ kwemibono nokumumethweko begodu namanye amaphuzu asekelako ayavela. -Ubufakazi bokutlama/ ukutlhathlabeja kwenze umtlolo wethulwa ngokwelenisako. -Usebenzise imibono eyenelisako yemithetho yesakhiwo somtlolo.	<b>5½ – 7</b>  -Unelwazi lomtlolo elisezingeni eliphasi. Ipendulo itjengisa ilwazi elincani khulu ngomtlolo. -Uktiola – umfundi uhlahlathile, kwezinye iindawo umtlolo awuzwakali. -Umtlolo awukamathelana kuhle namaphuzu/ imibono kanye nokumumethweko. -Ubufakazi bokutlama/ ukutlhathlabeja akukaneli. Umtlolo awukethulwa kuhle. -Usebenzise imithetho yokutlolwa komtlolo ngendlela engazwiseseki kuhle.	<b>0 – 5</b>  -Akanalo iwazi lomtlolo abuzwe ngawo. -Uktiola komfundu kwenze kobana umtlolo ungazwakali. -Akukho ukunamathelana kwamaphuzu nemibono. -Kunemibono namaphuzu amancani khulu asekelweko. -Akubonakali lapha atlame bewatihathlabeja khona. Umtlolo wethulwa ngokwelenisako. -Ubufakazi bokutlama/ ukutlhathlabeja akukaneli. Umtlolo awukethulwa kuhle. -Usebenzise imithetho yokutlolwa komtlolo ngendlela engazwiseseki kuhle.

<b>Ilimi, isitayela kanye noku-editha</b>	<b>10 – 12</b>	<b>8½ – 9½</b>	<b>7½ – 8</b>	<b>6 – 7</b>	<b>5 – 5½</b>	<b>4 – 4½</b>	<b>0 – 3½</b>
<b>(Imtlomelo eli-12)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-Umtlolo utlolwe ngelimi elinembako bewuhlelw kuhle khulu.</li> <li>-Iwazimagama linemba umnqopho, abamukeli lwazi kanye nobujamo.</li> <li>-Isitayela, umzwakalo kanye nerejista kunemba kuhle khulu.</li> <li>-Ekugcineni umtlolo awunazo iimphoso ngemva kokubuyekezwa nokulungiswa kweemphoso.</li> <li>-Ubude ngilobo obulindelweko.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-Umtlolo uyanemba begodu utlolwe kuhle.</li> <li>-Iwazimagama elisetjenzisiweko kanengi liyawunemba umnqopho, abamukeli lwazi kanye nobujamo.</li> <li>-Isitayela, umzwakalo kanye nerejista kunemba kuhle.</li> <li>-Ekugcineni umtlolo awunazo iimphoso ngobunengi ngemva kokubuyekezwa nokulungiswa njalo.</li> <li>-Ubude ngilobo obulindelweko.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-Umtlolo utboleke kuhle.</li> <li>-Iwazimagama elisetjenzisiweko linemba umnqopho abamukeli lwazi kanye nobujamo.</li> <li>-Isitayela, umzwakalo kanye nerejista kuyanemba.</li> <li>-Ekugcineni umtlolo awunazo iimphoso ezinengi ngemva kokubuyekezwa nokulungiswa njalo.</li> <li>-Ubude ngilobo obulindelweko.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-Umtlolo utboleke ngendlela efaneleko. limphoso aziwenzi kobana ungabi nokuthelelana kwemibono/ kwamaphuzu.</li> <li>-Iwazimagama elisetjenzisiweko linemba umnqopho abamukeli lwazi kanye nobujamo.</li> <li>-Isitayela, umzwakalo kanye nerejista kuyanemba.</li> <li>-Umtlolo usese neemphoso nanyana ubuyekeziwe bekwanciphiswa iimphoso.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-Umtlolo pheze watoleka ngcono, kodwana uneemphoso.</li> <li>-Iwazimagama lisezingeni eliphasi abeliwunembi umnqopho, abemukelilwazi nobujamo.</li> <li>-Isitayela, umzwakalo nerejista akukhambisani nesihloko.</li> <li>-Umtlolo uneemphoso ezimbalwa nanyana kuthiwa ubuyekeziwe bewalungiswa njalo.</li> <li>-Umtlolo mude/ mfitjhani khulu.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-Umtlolo uhlangahlangene begodu awulandeiki kuhle.</li> <li>-Iwazimagama lifuna ukuqualiswa kuhle abelikhambisani nomnqopho.</li> <li>-Isitayela, umzwakalo nerejista akukhambisani nesihloko.</li> <li>-Kuneemphoso ezinengi khulu nanyana umtlolo kuthiwa ubuyekeziwe bewalungiswa neemphoso.</li> <li>-Umtlolo mude/ mfitjhani khulu.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-Umtlolo uhlangahlangene begodu awukahlelw kuhle.</li> <li>-Iwazimagama lifuna ukuqualiswa khulu abelikhambisani nomnqopho.</li> <li>-Isitayela, umzwakalo nerejista azikhambisani nesihloko.</li> <li>-Kuneemphoso ezinengi khulu nanyana umtlolo kuthiwa ubuyekeziwe bewalungiswa neemphoso.</li> <li>-Umtlolo mude/ mfitjhani khulu.</li> </ul>

**ISIGABA C: IRUBRIKHI YOKUTSHWAYA/YOKUHLOLA IMITLOLO EMIFITJHANI YOKUTHINTANA/EMAREFERENSI/  
NEMITHOMBO – ILIMI LEKHAYA (20 imitlomelo)**

	Ikhowudu 7: Kuhle khulukhulu  80 – 100%	Ikhowudu 6: Kuhle  70 – 70%	Ikhowudu 5: Kuyababazeka  60 – 69%	Ikhowudu 4: Kuyaneliseka  50 – 59%	Ikhowudu 3: Izinga eliphakathi naphakathi  40 – 49%	Ikhowudu 2: Izinga eliphasi  30 – 39%	Ikhowudu 1: Akakaphu meleli  29 – 0%
<b>Okumumethweko, ukutlama kanye nesakhiwo  (Imitlomelo eli-13)</b>	<b>10½ – 13</b>  -Unalo iwazi elikhethileko ngomtlolo obuziweko. -Umtlolo ofaneleko – umfundu unamathele kilokho ekufunwa mtlolo, -Umtlolo unokunamathelana kwamaphuzu/ imibono nokumumethweko begodu nokusekelwa kwesihloko. -Ubufakazi bokutlama/ ukuthatlhabaja kwenze umtlolo wangaba neemphoso bewethulwa ngendlela efaneleko. -Usebenzise yoke imithetho efaneleko yesakhiwo.	<b>9½ – 10</b>  -Unelwazi elihle khulu ngomtlolo obuziweko. -Umtlolo ofaneleko – umfundu unamathele kilokho ekufunwa mtlolo begodu uhlahlathe kancani. -Umtlolo unokunamathelana kwamaphuzu/ imibono nokumumethweko begodu nokusekelwa kwesihloko. -Ubufakazi bokutlama/ ukuthatlhabaja kwenze umtlolo nobukghwari bewethulwa ngefanelo. -Usebenzise yoke imithetho efaneleko yesakhiwo.	<b>8 – 9</b>  -Unelwazi elihle ngomtlolo obuziweko. -Umtlolo ofaneleko – umfundu uhlahlathile kodwana lokho akukukhinyabezi kangako ukuzwakala komtlolo. -Umtlolo unokunamathelana kwamaphuzu/ imibono nokumumethweko begodu namanye amaphuzu asekelako ayavela. -Ubufakazi bokutlama/ ukuthatlhabaja kwenze umtlolo omuhle onobukghwari nowethulwe ngefanelo. -Usebenzise pheze yoke imithetho efaneleko yesakhiwo.	<b>6½ – 7½</b>  -Unelwazi elaneleko ngomtlolo obuziweko. -Umtlolo ofaneleko – umfundu uhlahlathile kodwana lokho akukukhinyabezi kangako ukuzwakala komtlolo. -Umtlolo unokunamathelana kwamaphuzu/ imibono nokumumethweko begodu namanye amaphuzu asekelako ayavela. -Ubufakazi bokutlama/ ukuthatlhabaja kwenze umtlolo omuhle onobukghwari nowethulwe ngefanelo. -Usebenzise pheze yoke imithetho efaneleko yesakhiwo somtlolo.	<b>5½ – 6</b>  -Unelwazi eliphakathi naphakathi ngomtlolo obuziweko. -Umtlolo ofaneleko – umfundu uhlahlathile kodwana lokho akukukhinyabezi kangako ukuzwakala komtlolo. -Umtlolo unokunamathelana kwamaphuzu/ imibono nokumumethweko begodu namanye amaphuzu asekelako ayavela. -Ubufakazi bokutlama/ ukuthatlhabaja kwenze umtlolo omuhle onobukghwari nowethulwe ngefanelo. -Usebenzise pheze yoke imithetho efaneleko yesakhiwo somtlolo.	<b>4 – 5</b>  -Unelwazi lomtlolo elisezingeni eliphasi. -Ipendulo itjengisa ilwazi elincani khulu ngomtlolo. -Ukutola – umfundu uhlahlathile, kwezinye iindawo umtlolo awuzwakali. -Umtlolo awukamathelani kuhle namaphuzu/ imibono kanye nokumumethweko. -Ubufakazi bokutlama/ ukuthatlhabaja kwenze umtlolo wethulwa ngokusezingeni eliphasi khulu. Umtlolo awukethulwa kuhle. -Usebenzise imithetho yokutlolwa komtlolo ngendlela engazwisiseki kuhle.	<b>0 – 3½</b>  -Akanalo iwazi lomtlolo abuzwe ngawo. -Ukutola komfundu kwenze kobana umtlolo ungazwakali. -Akukho ukunamathelana kwamaphuzu nemibono. -Kunemibono namaphuzu amancani khulu asekelweko. -Akubonakali lapha atlame bewatlhathabeja khona. Umtlolo wethulwa ngokusezingeni eliphasi khulu. -Akakayilandeli imithetho efunekako kilowo mtlolo.

Ilimi, isitayela kanye noku-editha <b>(Imtlomelo eli-7)</b>	<b>6 – 7</b>	<b>5 – 5½</b>	<b>4½</b>	<b>3½ – 4</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2½</b>	<b>0 – 2</b>
<p>-Umtlolo utlolwe ngelimi elinembako bewuhlelw kuhle khulu.</p> <p>-Ilwazimagama linemba umnqopho, abamukeli lwazi kanye nobujamo.</p> <p>-Isitayela, umzwakalo kanye nerejista kunemba kuhle khulu.</p> <p>-Ekugcineni umtlolo awunazo iimphoso ngemva kokubuyekezwa nokulungiswa kweemphoso.</p> <p>-Ubude ngilobo obulindelweko.</p>	<p>-Umtlolo uyanemba begodu utlolwe kuhle.</p> <p>-Ilwazimagama elisetjenzisiweko kanengi liyawunemba umnqopho, abamukeli lwazi kanye nobujamo.</p> <p>-Isitayela, umzwakalo kanye nerejista kunemba kuhle.</p> <p>-Ekugcineni umtlolo awunazo iimphoso ngobunengi ngemva kokubuyekezwa nokulungiswa njalo.</p> <p>-Ubude ngilobo obulindelweko.</p>	<p>-Umtlolo utboleke kuhle.</p> <p>-Ilwazimagama elisetjenzisiweko linemba umnqopho abamukeli lwazi kanye nobujamo.</p> <p>-Isitayela, umzwakalo kanye nerejista kuyanemba.</p> <p>-Ekugcineni umtlolo awunazo iimphoso ezinengi ngemva kokubuyekezwa nokulungiswa njalo.</p> <p>-Ubude ngilobo obulindelweko.</p>	<p>-Umtlolo utboleke ngendlela efaneleko. limphoso aziwenzi kobana ungabi nokuthelelana kwemibono/ kwamaphuzu.</p> <p>-Ilwazimagama elisetjenzisiweko linemba umnqopho abamukeli lwazi kanye nobujamo.</p> <p>-Isitayela, umzwakalo kanye nerejista kuyanemba.</p> <p>-Umtlolo usese neemphoso nanyana ubuyekeziwe bekwanciphiswa iimphoso.</p>	<p>-Umtlolo pheze watoleka ngcono, kodwana uneemphoso.</p> <p>-Ilwazimagama lisezingen eliphasi abelwunembi umnqopho, abemukeli lwazi nobujamo.</p> <p>-Isitayela, umzwakalo nerejista akukhambisani kuhle nesihloko.</p> <p>-Umtlolo uneemphoso ezimbalwa nanyana kuthiwa ubuyekeziwe bewalungiswa njalo.</p> <p>-Umtlolo mude/ mfitjhani khulu.</p>	<p>-Umtlolo pheze watoleka ngcono, kodwana uneemphoso.</p> <p>-Ilwazimagama lisezingen eliphasi abelwunembi umnqopho, abemukeli lwazi nobujamo.</p> <p>-Isitayela, umzwakalo nerejista akukhambisani kuhle nesihloko.</p> <p>-Umtlolo uneemphoso ezimbalwa nanyana kuthiwa ubuyekeziwe bewalungiswa njalo.</p> <p>-Umtlolo mude/ mfitjhani khulu.</p>	<p>-Umtlolo uhlangahlangene begodu awulandeiki kuhle.</p> <p>-Ilwazimagama lifuna ukuqaliswa khulu abelikhambisani nomnqopho.</p> <p>-Isitayela, umzwakalo nerejista awukhambisani nesihloko.</p> <p>-Kuneemphoso ezinengi khulu nanyana umtlolo kuthiwa ubuyekeziwe bewalungiswa neemphoso.</p> <p>-Umtlolo mude/ mfitjhani khulu.</p>	<p>-Umtlolo uhlangahlangene begodu awukahlelw kuhle.</p> <p>-Ilwazimagama lifuna ukuqaliswa khulu abelikhambisani nomnqopho.</p> <p>-Isitayela, umzwakalo nerejista azikhambisani nesihloko.</p> <p>-Kuneemphoso ezinengi khulu nanyana umtlolo kuthiwa ubuyekeziwe bewalungiswa neemphoso.</p> <p>-Umtlolo mude/ mfitjhani khulu.</p>

**AMATSHWAYO UTITJHERE EKUMELE AWASEBENZISE NAKATSHWAYAKO**  
**IGREYIDI 10 - 12**

Itshwayo 	Ihlathululo	Itshwayo elikhambelanako ethekstini	Isibonelo setshwayo elisetjenzisiweko	Lapha kulungiswe khona
?	Faka itshwayo lakanobuza		?	... kunesifo?
!	Faka itshwayo lokubabaza		!	Hawu!
/-	Faka udwi/ihayifeni		/-/	Ikulumo-pendulwano
ø	Susa bese uyalivala (igama)	/	KwaMhlanga	KwaMhlanga
#	Hlukanisa amagama	#	... ebekhelene nabo	... ebe sakhelene nabo
	Susa (Tlola phezu kweledere/kwegama elisuswako	Susa igameli	Umma ukhamba <u>uyakhamba</u> ngekoloyi	Umma ukhamba ngekoloyi
stet	Tjhiya njengombana kunjalo/Lisa (umtlolo) njengombana unjalo	..... ngaphasi kwamaledere/igama olisule ngephoso.	Ubaba ukhamba nomma.	Ubaba <u>ukhamba</u> nomma
Gabh.	Tlola igabhadlhela	=... ngaphasi kweledere lelo /igama elifuze littlolwe ngegabhadlhela	Unomzana Mahlangu	UNomzana Mahlangu
L.nc	Tlola ngeledere elincani	= ... ngaphasi kweledere	... ngizokukhamba	... ngizokukhamba

		ngeledere elincani		
○	Vala bese ususa isikhala hlangana namaledere	Hlanganisa amaledere	emthola pilo	Emtholapilo
n.p	Thoma isigaba esitjha	Isib. n.p la kumele athome isigaba esilandelako.	.... kwabo. Abesana ....	.... kwabo. Abesana ....
↖	Faka iledere/igama elitjengiswe emajinini.	↖	Umma uyakhuphula ↗	Umma uyakghuphula.
①↖	Faka ungci	↖	... abesana bebagula	... abesana bebagula.
,↖	Faka ikhoma	↖	... ubaba uthenge iimbuzi, iinkomo nezinja.	... ubaba uthenge iimbuzi, iinkomo nezinja.
sp	Thalela igama elingakatloleki kuhle bese utlola sp ngaphezulu.	sp	... ngitluwile	... <u>ngitluwile</u>