



**basic education**

Department:  
Basic Education  
**REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA**

**UKUHLOLA KUKAZWELONKE KONYAKA**

**NONYAKA 2012**

**IBANGA 1**

**IMETHAMETHIKISI ISIZULU**

**ISIVIVINYO ESIYISIBONISO**

**IQOQO 3**

**UMHLAHLANDLELA    WOKUSETSHENZISWA    KWEZIBONELO    ZOKUHLOLWA    (AMA  
EKH'ZEMPLAZI) KUKA-ANA**

**1. Indlela Yokubuka Lezi Zibonelo Zokuhlolwa Umsebenzi.**

Isivivinyo sikaZweloneke soNyaka naNyaka u-(ANA) yisivivinyo esiqoqayo esibheka ulwazi kanye namakhono okulindeleke ukuba athuthukiswe kubafundi emabangeni, loku-1 kuya kwelesi-6 kanye nelesi-9. Lokhu kwelekelela ukuhlolwa okwenziwa ezikoleni futhi kuqinisekisa ukuthi abafundi bazuze ngokwenele, ukuze bazethembe futhi bazimbandakanye ngempumelelo ekuhlolweni okwenziwa ngaphandle, lokhu kungenziwa idlanzana lothisha kumbe ongoti abaluleka ngezifundo (subject specialist), izivivinyo ezhlolola uLimi kanye neMathemathiksi. Imibuzo ye-ekh'zempla ithuthukiswe yasuselwa kwikharkhulamu ngokwamathemu loku-1, lesi-2 nelesi-3. Kwaphindwa kwangezelela ngephepha lokuhlolola elithi alifanele nalelo lika-ANA. Lezi zibonelo zeziyivinyo kanye nephepha eliyisivivinyo elithi alifanele nelika ANA ahlose ukwelekelela ukuhlolola okwenziwa ezikoleni okuqhukay, ayangezelela, ayisibonelo sokumiswa kwemibuzo, awaqondile ukuthatha isikhundla sokuhlolola kwasezikoleni.

**2.Ukuma kwemibuzo eyezibonelo zokuhlolwa (ekh'zemplazi)**

Ama –ekh'zemplazi enzelwe ukuveza izindlela namasu ayizinhlobonhlobo okuhlolola amakhono nolwazi. Njengokuthi nje ukwazi ngqo lwsifundo noma yikhono kungahlolwa kusetshenziswe imibuzo eyuhlu azokhetha kuyo impendulo efanele umfundu (umfindi unikezwa izimpendulo ezicishe zifane bese yena kubhekeka ukuthi akakhetha impendulo eshaya emhlolweni) noma umfundu alindeleke ukuthi abhale umusho noma islgatshana noma umfundu ahlanganise amagama noma isitatemende, aqedele umusho noma iphethini, atshengise izimpendulo zabo ngemidwebo noma izikeshi. Ngakho-ke othisha bazothola inqwaba yemibuzo eyizibonelo eyakhiwe ngezindlela ezahlukene ezosiza ukuthi abantwana bakwazi ukuphendula ngesibindi neqholo uma sebephendula isivivinyo.

**3. Ukuxhumanisa indlela yokufunda nokufundisa nokusetshenziswa kwezinsizakufundisa.**

Ekuxhumaniseni imibuzo yesivivinyo, uzothola ukuthi kwensiwa ngamabomu ukuthi eminye imibuzo ihambisane namabhuku okusebenzela (*workbooks*) amiselwe ibanga lelo elihlolwayo. Ama-ekh'zemplazi akiwi, ahlelwa, axhumana nezidingo seziTatimende seKharikhulamu sikaZweloneke yamaBanga kusuka ku-R kuya Kwele-12. (NCS) kanye nokuhlela kwe-Curriculum and Assessment Policy Statements (CAPS) yamaBanga afanele kanye ne-National Protocol for Assessment. Le miqulu kanye neminye engakhishwa isikole yakha izinsizakufundisa ezinothile, ukusiza othisha ekuhleni izifundo kanye nokuhlolola okubekelwe imigomo (Formal Assessment).

**4. Ukusetshenziswa ama ekh'zemplazi**

Njengoba ama ekh'zemplazi ebanga nesifundo ehlelwe ahlanganisa, uthisha akumele awanike abafundi bawaphendule ngesikhathi esisodwa. Uthisha kumele akhethe imibuzo ehambisana nesifundo asihlelile ngaleso sikhathi. I- ekh'zempla ekhethwe kahle ingasetshenziswa ukubuza umbuzo noma imibuzo ehambisana nezinyathelweni zenqubo yokufunda nokufundisa ngalendlela:

- a. Ekuqaleni kwesifundo kungahlolwa lapho abafundi bemandla khona nalapho bebaflushane khona. Imiphumela yaloku kuhlolola okungenhla kumele inike isithombe esikhombisa ukuthuthuka kwabafundi kulokho abakunikiwe ukuze kubonakale lapho bebaflushane khona nalapho bemandla khona. Isivivnyo sokuhlolola ukuthi kungakanani abakwaziyo singenziwa njengomsebenzi wasekhaya ukuze kongiwe isikhathi sokufundisa ekilasini.

- b. Phakthi nesifundo kungasetshenziswa ukuhlola okwakhayo ukuze kubhekwe ukuthi abafundi bayaphumelela yini ukuthola ulwazi namakhono afundiswayo, kungabibikho umfundu ozosilela ngemuva.
- c. Ekupheleni kwesifundo kumbe kwezfundo ezimbalwa, abafundi banganikwa ukuhlola okuqoqayo ukuze kubhekwe ukuthi bazuze ngokwanele yini ulwazi namakhono abehlosiwe futhi bakwazi ukusebenzisa ulwazi namakhono abehlosiwe.Ukubikela abafundi ngobekuhlola kufanele kusheshe kwensiwe ukuze uthisha abe nesikhathi esanele sokuphinda umsebenzi abewufundisa ukuze kuvalwe izikhala azibonile zolwazi namakhono ashiyekile uma kunesidingo.
- d. Kuzo zonke izinyathelo zesifundo, abafundi kumele bahlolwe, kusetshenziswe amasu ahlukena okubuza umbuzo. Isbn. Ukwazi ukuphendula imibuzo yalezi zinhlobo, ukukhetha impendulo eshaya emhlolweni kezinye (Multiple Choice Questions), imibuzo evulekile (Open Ended Questions) noma imibuzo edinga baphendule babeka imibono yabo (Free Response) nemibuzo emifishane njil.

Yize ukuhlola ukuthi kungakanani abakwaziyo kanye nokuhlola okwakhayo kungaba kufishane ngokwemibuzo efakiwe, ukuhlola okuqoqayo kuyokuba nemibuzo ethe xaxa ngoba kuyisivivinyo esiphelele esithi asifane nesika ANA. Into esemqoka ukuqikelela ukuthi abafundi bathola ithuba elanele lokuzilolonga ekuphenduleni imibuzo ethi mayifane neka ANA.

## **5. Amamemorandamu noma umhlahlandlela wokuphendulwa kwemibuzo**

Uyanikwa Impendulo elindelekile yombuzo ngamunye we ekh'zempla kanye nesivivinyo esithi asifane nesika ANA. Othisha kumele bakhumbule ukuthi imemorandamu ivulekile.Amamemorandamu akunika imigomo ebanzi yezipendulo ezilindelekile. Ngakho othisha kumele banike imiklomelo yezipendulo ezingafani ezhambisana nokubuziwei.

## **6. Umthamo wokufanele kwensiwe ngokwekharkhulamu**

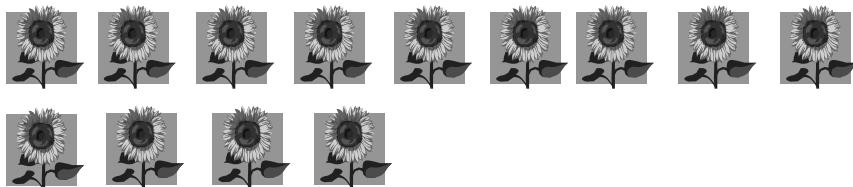
Kusemqoka kakhulu ukuba umthamu wokufanele kwensiwe ngokwekharkhulamu kwebanga nebanga kwensiwe ngokuphelele. Ama-ekh'zemplazi ebanga nesifundo awakwazi ukuqoqa wonke umsebenzi obekwe kwikharkhulamu. Ama -ekh'zempla ayisibonelo nje solwazi olubarulekile namakhono omsebenzi okumele wenziwe kwithemu yoku-1, yesi-2 neyesi -3 alowonyaka. Ukuklanywa komsebenzi ngokwesikhathi samathemu kubekwe kwacaca kumqulu we CAPS.

## **7. Isiphetho**

Inhlosongqangi yomnyango wezemfundo ukuthuthkisa amazinga aphakeme nayikhwalithi ukuze abafundi bathole amakhono asemqoka ekwazini iLitheresi neNyumaresi.U –ANA singathi esinye isikhali umnyango osisebenzisayo ukuhlola ukuthi izinga labafundi liyathuthuka, limi ndawonye noma liyehla yini.Izifunda nezikole zilindeleke ukuba zelekelele othisha ekufundisemi nokubanika izinsizakufundisa ukuze inqubo yokufunda nokufundisa yenzeke kahle. Ukusebenzisa ama – ekh'zempla ka- ANA njengengxene yezinsiza kufundisa kuzosiza othisha ukuthi bajwayele ukusebenzisa amasu okuhlola ahlukena.Uma ama-ekh'zemplazi esetshenziswe ngendlela efanele ayosiza abafundi ukuba bazuze ulwazi olufanele, bathuthukise namakhono afanele ukuze bazuze ulwazi olusezingeni eliphakeme namakhono afanele, ukufunda ngempumelelo bese bephumelela kangcono kwizivivinyo zikazwelonke zonyaka nonyaka(ANA)

## Izinamba, Izimpawu Nobudlelwano Bazo.

1. Bala izithombe zezimbali bese ubhala inamba efanele esikheleni osinikeziwe.



---

2. Bala izithombe zezinkanyezi bese ubhala inamba efanele yazo.



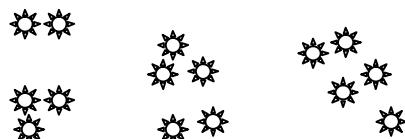
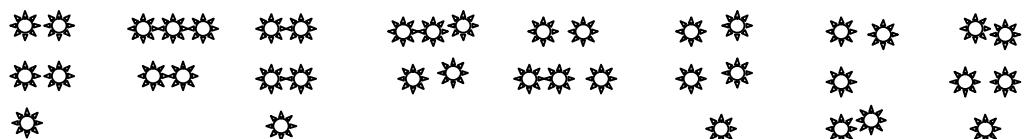
---

3. Bala amaqoqo amabhaluni bese ubhala ukuthi mangaki amaqoqo owatholile.



---

4. Mangaki amaqoqo angamahlanu akhonj iswe esithombeni?



\_\_\_\_\_

5. Mangaki amehlo esewonke akula mamaski ayisishiyagalombili?



\_\_\_\_\_

6. Gcwalisa ngezinamba ezishiyiwe kusukela kumbuzo wesi-6 kuya kowesi-9.

7	8		10		12	13	14		16
---	---	--	----	--	----	----	----	--	----

7. 13 ; 14 ; \_\_\_\_ ; \_\_\_\_ ; \_\_\_\_ ; 18

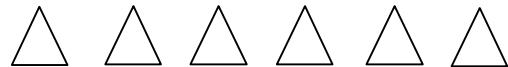
8. 16 ; \_\_\_\_ ; 14 ; \_\_\_\_ ; 12

9. 10 ; \_\_\_\_ ; \_\_\_\_ ; \_\_\_\_ ; 6

**10. Dweba umugqa uqhathanise uphawu lwenamba negama lenamba.**

- |     |                   |    |
|-----|-------------------|----|
| (a) | kuhlanu           | 10 |
| (b) | ishumi            | 2  |
| (c) | isishiyagalolunye | 5  |
| (d) | okubili           | 9  |

**11. Buka lesi sithombe. Kokelezela inamba ehambisana nenani lemifanekiso esemigqeni ngamunye.**

(a)		4 6 8 10
(b)		4 6 8 10
(c)		4 6 8 10
(d)		4 6 8 10

12. Dweba umugqa uxhumanise izinamba ezifanayo.

19

73

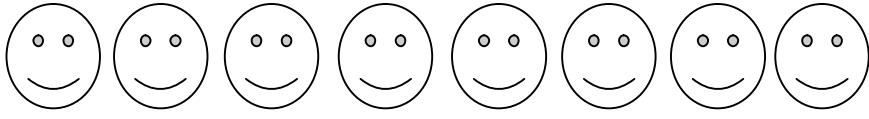
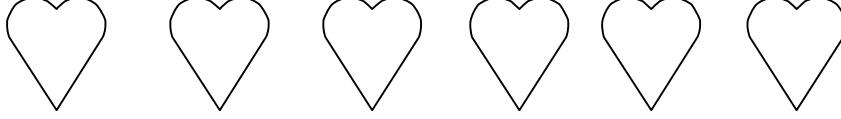
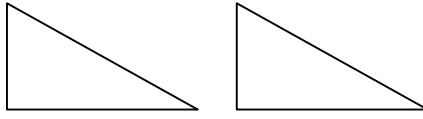
55

19

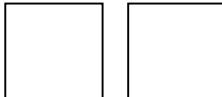
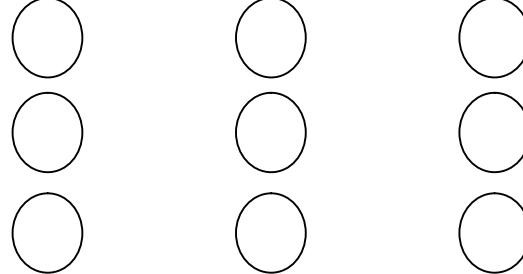
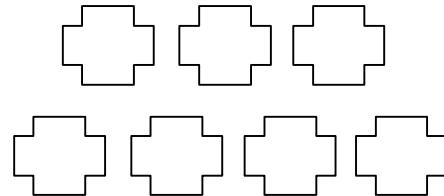
55

73

**13. Ebhokisini ngalinye bhala inamba ehambisana nesithombe emgqeni ngamunye.**

(a)		
(b)		
(c)		
(d)		

14. Qedela ithebula elingezansi.

	<b>Izithombe</b>	<b>Uphawu Iwenamba</b>	<b>Igama lenamba</b>
(a)		2	
(b)			Isishiyagalolunye
(c)			Kuthathu
(d)		7	

15. **Bhala amagama alezi zimpawu zezinamba.**

(a)	1	
(b)	4	
(c)	8	
(d)	10	
(e)	5	

16. **Xhumanisa izimpawu namagama azo.**

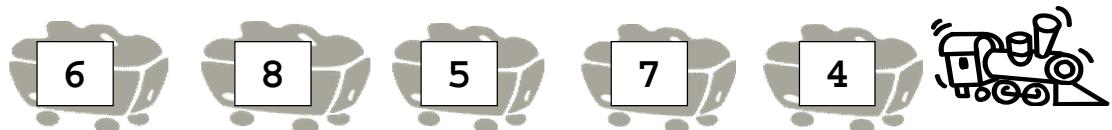
7	kubili
1	isishiyagalolunye
3	isikhombisa
9	okunye
2	okuthathu

17. Hlela lezi zinamba uqale ngencane kunazo zonke ugcine ngenkulu kunazo zonke.

11 ; 14 ; 10 ; 13 ; 12

\_\_\_\_\_ ; \_\_\_\_\_ ; \_\_\_\_\_ ; \_\_\_\_\_ ; \_\_\_\_\_

18. Hlela izinamba ezisesitimeleni uqale ngenkulu kunazo zonke ugcine ngencane kunazo zonke.



\_\_\_\_\_ ; \_\_\_\_\_ ; \_\_\_\_\_ ; \_\_\_\_\_ ; \_\_\_\_\_

19. Bhala izinamba ezisezitsheni uqale ngencane kunazo zonke ugcine ngenkulu kunazo zonke.



\_\_\_\_\_ ; \_\_\_\_\_ ; \_\_\_\_\_ ; \_\_\_\_\_ ; \_\_\_\_\_

20. **Buka lesi sithombe bese uqedela imisho ukhethe kula magama. "amaningi", "amancane: noma "alinganayo".**

A

0000
000
000

B

000
000
000

C

00
0000
000

D

000
00

(a) U- A unamagenqele \_\_\_\_\_ .

(b) U-B unamagenqele \_\_\_\_\_ kunaka-C.

(c )U-D unamagenqele \_\_\_\_\_ .

**21. Buka isithombe bese uphendula imibuzo elandelayo.**



imoto



indoda



inkomo

- (a) I \_\_\_\_\_ ingeyokuqala emgqeni wezithombe.
- (b) I \_\_\_\_\_ ingeyokugcina emgqeni wezithombe.
- (c) I \_\_\_\_\_ iphakathi nendawo emgqeni wezithombe.

**22. Buka izithombe zezilwane bese ugcwalisa ngegama elifanele ukuqedela umusho.**



elokuqala



yesibili



elestitathu



owesine



elesihlanu

- (a) I  \_\_\_\_\_ esithombeni.

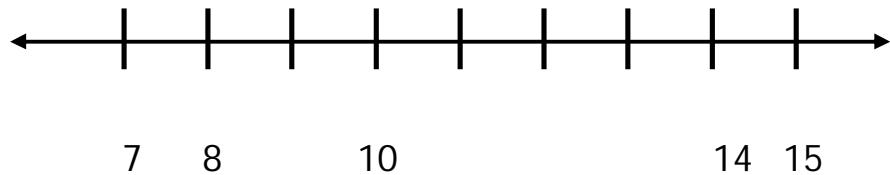
- (b) U  \_\_\_\_\_ esithombeni.

23. Nazi izinhlamvu eziyisi -7 ze -alfabheti.

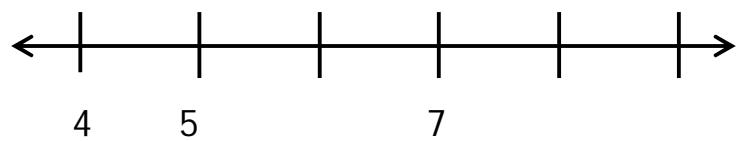
s            m            a            b            e            w            r

- (a) Uhlamvu lwersithathu u \_\_\_\_\_.
- (b) Uhlamvu olungemuva kuka-e\_\_\_\_\_.
- (c) Uhlamvu olungaphambi kuka- w\_\_\_\_\_.

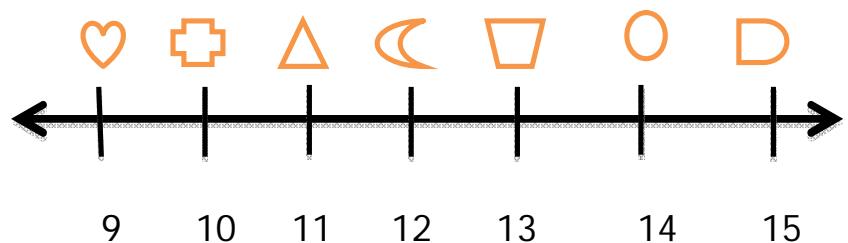
24. **Bhala izinamba ezifanele ezishiyiwe emgqeni wezinamba.**



25. **Gcwalisa izinamba ezifanele ezishiyiwe emgqeni wezinamba.**



26. Buka amasheyiphu angenhla komugqa wezinamba bese udweba isheyiphu ehambisana nenamba engezansi.



	Indawo	Isheyiphu
(a)	Endaweni ka-10	
(b)	Endaweni ka-11	
(c)	Endaweni ka-13	
(d)	Endaweni ka- 15	

**1. Qedela umusho wezinamba.**

(a)

12

= Okukodwa kweshumi nemivo emi \_\_\_\_\_

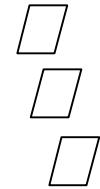
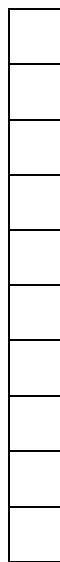
(b)

15

= okukodwa kweshumi nemivo emi \_\_\_\_\_.

**2. Yiphi inamba ekhombisa lokhu okulandelayo.**

(a).

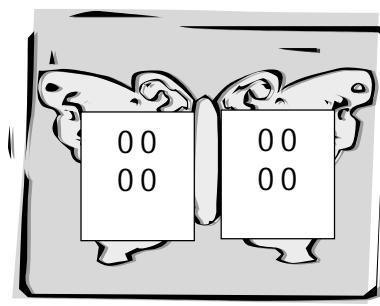


( b ).

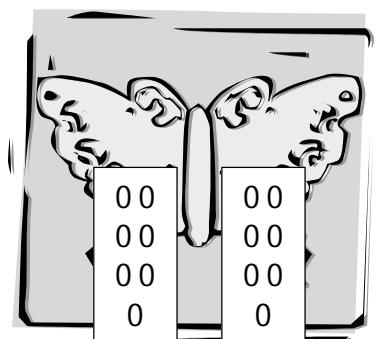


## **Ubudlelwano bezinamba**

- 1. Bala amasheyiphu ezimpiko zezimvevane bese ugcwalisa ngempendulo efanele.**



amadabuli ama- 4 = \_\_\_\_\_



amadabuli ayi- 7 = \_\_\_\_\_

- 2. Gcwalisa ngempendulo efanele.**

(a) amadabuli -

5

=

(b) amadabuli -

6

=

(c) amadabuli-2

=

**3. Gcwalisa ngegama elifanele lenamba. Eyokuqala usuwenzelwe yona.**

- (a) Idabuli lesihlanu ishumi  
(b) Idabuli lokukodwa \_\_\_\_\_.  
  
(c) Idabuli lokuyisithupha \_\_\_\_\_.  
  
(d) Idabuli lokuthathu \_\_\_\_\_.

**4. Sebenzisa lezi zithombe ezilandelayo ukunika ohhafu bezinamba.**

0	0
0	0
0	0
0	0

(a) Uhafu ka-8 = \_\_\_\_\_

0	0	0
0	0	0
0	0	0
0	0	0

(b) uhafu ka-12 = \_\_\_\_\_

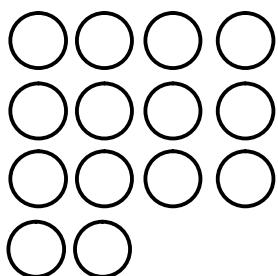
0	0
---	---

(c) uhafu ka- 2 = \_\_\_\_\_

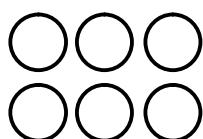
5. Faka umugqa ukuhhafula inanai lezindilinga ozinikeziwe bese unika impendulo efanele. Impendulo yokuqala usuyinikiwe.



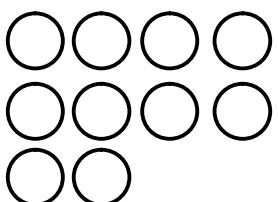
(a) uhafu ka-  $2 = 1$



(b) uhafu ka-14 = \_\_\_\_\_



(c) uhafu ka- 6 = \_\_\_\_\_



(d) uhafu ka-10 = \_\_\_\_\_

6. Bala ngakubili kusuka ku-0 kuya ku-14. Khombisa ukweqiwa kwezinamba emgqeni wenamba layini. Ukweqiwa kwezinamba ezimbili usuwenzelwe khona.



7. **Phendula imibuzo kusukela kowesi- 7 kuya kowama-20  
uhlanganisa, ususe, uhlanganise kabili, wenze amaqoqo  
nokwabelana.**

(a)  $4 + 3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

(b)  $5 + 6 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

(c)  $2 + 4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

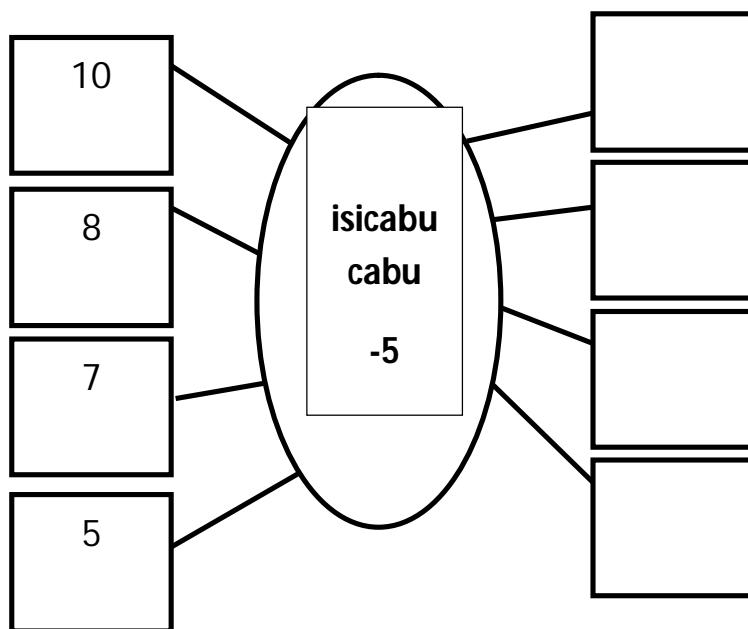
8.

(a)  $7 + 10 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

(b)  $8 + 4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

(c)  $9 + 6 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

9.



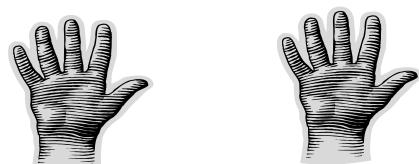
10. **Bala iminwe bese uphendula imibuzo elandelayo.**

(a)



$$5 + 5 + 5 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

(b)



$$5 + 5 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

11.

(a)  $4 + 1 + 2 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

(b)  $2 + 0 + 9 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

(c)  $1 + 5 + 6 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

12.

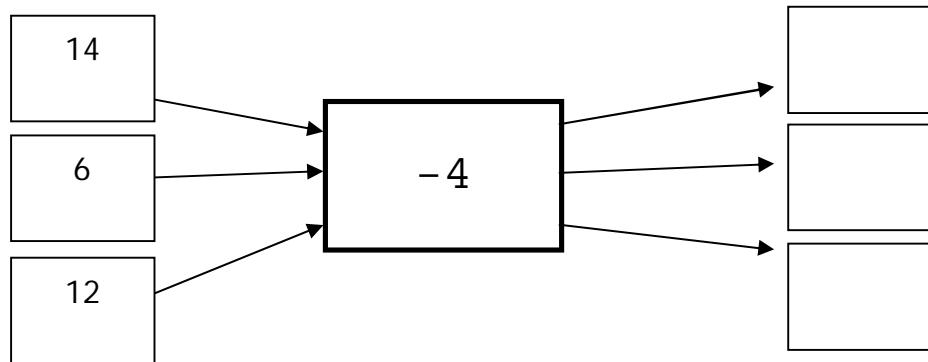
(a)	7	-	2	=	
-----	---	---	---	---	--

(b)	13	-	3	=	
-----	----	---	---	---	--

(c)	8	-	8	=	
-----	---	---	---	---	--

(d)	15	-	1	=	
-----	----	---	---	---	--

13.



14.

a.  $10 - \underline{\quad} = 7$

b.  $8 - 3 = \underline{\quad}$

c.  $\underline{\quad} - 2 = 13$

15. UKhanyisa udla amabhisikidi ama-3 ekuseni, ama-3 emini kanye nama-3 uma ebuya esikoleni. Mangaki amabhisikidi awadlile esewonke?
- 

16. **Qedela lokhu okulandelayo.**

**I sibonelo:**

(a)  $OO + OO + OO = OOOOOO$

$2 + 2 + 2 = 6$

(b)  $OOO + OOO + OOO = \underline{\quad}$

$\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$

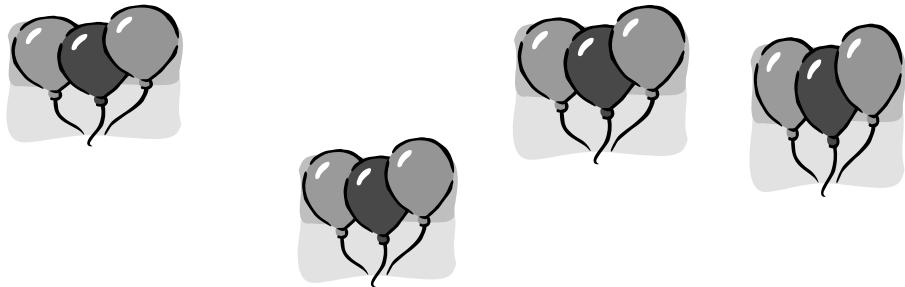
(c)  $OOOO + OOOO + OOOO = \underline{\quad}$

$\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$

**17. Dwebela amaqoqo ngamabili alinganayo ezindilinga alokhu okulandelayo.**

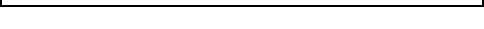
(a) <b>OOOOOO</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> <b>ooo</b>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(b) <b>OOOO</b>		
(c) <b>OOOO OOOO</b>		
(d) <b>OOOOO OOOOO</b>		

18. Mangaki amaqoqo ahamba ngamathathu amabhaluni kulesi  
sithombe esilandelayo.



\_\_\_\_\_ amaqoqo angama-3.

19. Buka isithombe bese waba ukudla ngokulingana kwenani lamantombazane. Bhala ukuthi intombazane ngayinye izothola okungaki.

	<p>(b) oyedwa uthola_____ uswidi.</p>
	<p>(c) yoyedwa uthola_____ u-</p>
	<p>ayisikhilimu. (d) oyedwa uthola_____ amapheya.</p>

**20. Hlukanisela abantwana aba-2 ama- aphula awu-11  
ngokulinganayo.**



- a. Mangaki ama-aphula athola umntwana? \_\_\_\_\_ .
- b. Mangaki ama-aphula asele? \_\_\_\_\_ .

## I mali

### 1. Qedela lokhu okulandelayo.

	Ngiyathenga		I mali engiyisebenzisile
a.	 10c	 5c	
b.	 R5	 R2	
c.	 30c	 50c	
d.	 R10	 R6	

2. UPhilile uthenge incwadi ngo-R3 namakhrayoni ngo-R9. I mali ushintshi awuthola uma wayekhokhe ngo- R20?
-



3. Bhala isamba semali elandalayo.

(a) R 5 + R 4 = \_\_\_\_\_

(b) 20c + 15c = \_\_\_\_\_

4. Bangaki o-5c ku- 20c?



5. Inkukhu eyodwa ibiza u-R4. Zingabiza malini izinkukhu ezi-4?

## **Amapethini**

**1. Dweba amasheyiphu amabili alandelayo ezikhale ni ozinikiwe.**

(a)

$$\text{||||} = \text{||||}$$

---

---

(b)



---

---

(c)



---

---

## **I Sikhala namasheyiphu**

**1. Buka izithombe ezilandelayo. Kokelezela lokho okukwazi ukugingqika. Faka lolu phawu "X" kokushelelayo.**

(a) ingilazi



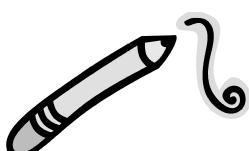
(b) iwlontshi



(c) ibhuku



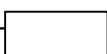
(d) ipenseli

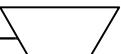


**2. Phendula imibuzo elandelayo usebenzise "Yebo" noma "Cha"**

(a) ingagingqika? \_\_\_\_\_ 

(b) ingagingqika? \_\_\_\_\_ 

(c) ingashelela ? \_\_\_\_\_ 

(d) ingashelela? \_\_\_\_\_ 

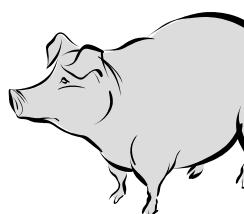
**3. Sebenzisa la magama " ngaphambii" noma "ngemuva" ukuqedela le misho.**



(a) Ilanga li \_\_\_\_\_ kwendlu.

(b) Imoto I \_\_\_\_\_ kwendlu.

4. Isiphi isilwane esingakwesokudla komcibisholo



ingulube

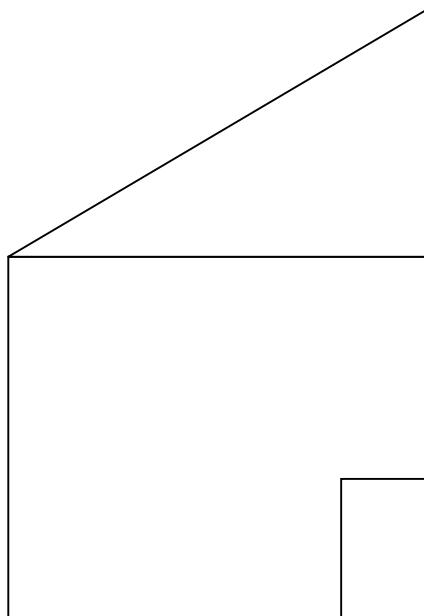


umcibisholo

ikati

I \_\_\_\_\_ lingakwesokudla komcibisholo.

5. Dweba uhlango thi lwalomdebo ukuze uveze olunye uhlango thi olulingana ncamashi nalolu olunikiwe.



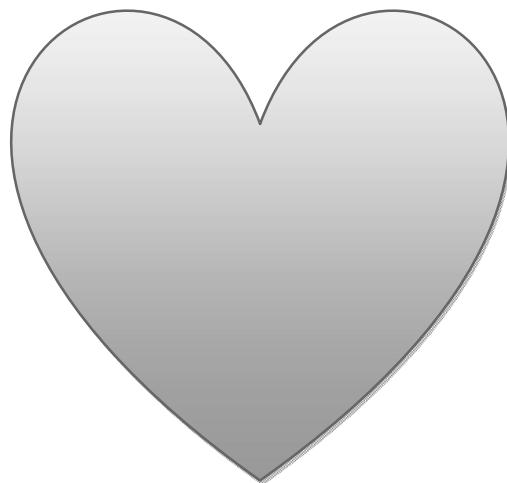


6. Ngabe lesi sithombe siyayikhombisa yini isimetri? Kokelezela igama elinempendulo efanele.



Yebo      Cha

7. Dweba umugqa wesimetri kule sheyiphu.



## Ukukala

1. Buka ikhalenda bese uphendula imibuzo elandelayo.

Juni 2011

Sonto	Msombu.	Lwesib.	Lwesith.	Lwesi.	Lwesih.	Mgqibel.
			1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30		

(a) Zazi \_\_\_\_\_ izinsuku ezazibalele ngoJuni 2011.

(b) Lana \_\_\_\_\_ izinsuku ngoJuni 2011

2. Hlela lezi zithombe kusukela kweside kunazo zonke kuye kwesifushane kunazo zonke uzilandellanise ngokubhala izinamba 1, 2, 3, 4 ngezansi kwazo.



Ingqathu      iselula      iteki      ibheyithi

(a) \_\_\_\_\_ (b) \_\_\_\_\_ (c) \_\_\_\_\_ (d) \_\_\_\_\_

3. Kokelezela isithombe sika~~fishi~~ omude kunabo bonke.



4. Dwebela igama elinempendulo eFanele. Yikuphi okude kunokunye

(a) Irula noma uthi likamentshisi?

(b) Ikhrayoni noma incwadi?

### **Ukusebenzisa ulwazi**

1. 1111 kusho 4, ~~11111~~ kusho 5, kanti ~~11111~~ 11 kusho 7.

**Dweba amathaili alezi zinamba ezingezansi.**

(a) 3

(b) 10

(c) 6

2. Buka le grafu yezithombe bese uphendula imibuzo elandelayo.

**Incazelو** ☺ **usho umfundi o-1**

## Izilwane zabafundi

<b>Inani labafundi</b>				
		☺☺☺	☺☺☺	☺☺☺
			☺☺☺	☺☺☺
			☺☺	☺☺
	<b>inj a</b>	<b>ikati</b>	<b>ufishi</b>	<b>inyoni</b>

- (a) Bangaki abafundi abanofishi?

---

---

- (b) Bangaphezulu kangakanani abafundi abanemakati kunezinj a?

---

Digitized by srujanika@gmail.com

- (c) Bangaki abafundi ababuzwa sebe bonke?



