Learning about the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa (1996)

The Constitution of South Africa (1996) is the highest law in the country. This law is higher than the President, higher than the courts and higher than the government.

It describes how the people of our country should treat each other, and what their rights and responsibilities are. The constitution of a country is there to protect all of us now, and our children in the future.

mistakes of past.

Be aware of our past.

Our Constitution Let us not repeat the helps us to imagine and build a better future for all.

We, the people of South Africa;

Recognise the injustices of our past;

Honour those who suffered for justice and freedom in our land;

Respect those who have worked to build and develop our country; and

Believe that South Africa belongs to all who live in it, united in our diversity.

We therefore, through our freely elected representatives, adopt this Constitution as law of the Republic so as to—

Heal the division of the past and establish a society based on democratic values, social justice and fundamental human rights;

Lay the foundations for a democratic and open society in which government is based on the will of the people and every citizen is equally protected by law; Improve the quality of life of all citizens and free the potential of each person; and

Build a united and democratic South Africa able to take its rightful place as a

Sovereign state in the family of nations.

1

Claim your rights as a South African and be responsible to protect the rights of others.

Know your Bill of rights & Bill of **Responsibilities.**

May God protect our people. Nkosi Sikelel' iAfrika. Morena boloka setjhaba sa heso. God seën Suid-Afrika. God bless South Africa. Mudzimu fhatutshedza Afurika. Hosi katekisa Afrika.

MATHEMATICS IN ENGLISH

781431

SBN 978-1-4315-0125-0

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GRADE 1 – BOOK 2 TERMS 3 & 4 ISBN 978-1-4315-0125-0

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Department: **Basic Education REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA**

ENGLIS Book N

MATHEMATICS

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Grade Class: Book 2 Terms 344

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Mrs Angie Motshekga, Minister of Basic Education

These workbooks have been developed for the children of South Africa under the leadership of the Minister of Basic Education, Mrs Angie Motshekga, and the Deputy Minister of Basic Education, Mr Enver Surty.

The Rainbow Workbooks form part of the Department of Basic Education's range of interventions aimed at improving the performance of South African learners in the first six grades. As one of the priorities of the Government's Plan of Action, this project has been made possible by the generous funding of the National Treasury. This has enabled the Department to make these workbooks, in all the official languages, available at no cost.

We hope that teachers will find these workbooks useful in their everyday teaching and in ensuring that their learners cover the curriculum. We have taken care to quide the teacher through each of the activities by the inclusion of icons that indicate what it is that the learner should do.

We sincerely hope that children will enjoy working through the book as they grow and learn, and that you, the teacher, will share their pleasure.

We wish you and your learners every success in using these workbooks.



© Department of Basic Education





Mr Enver Surty, Deputy Minister of Basic Education

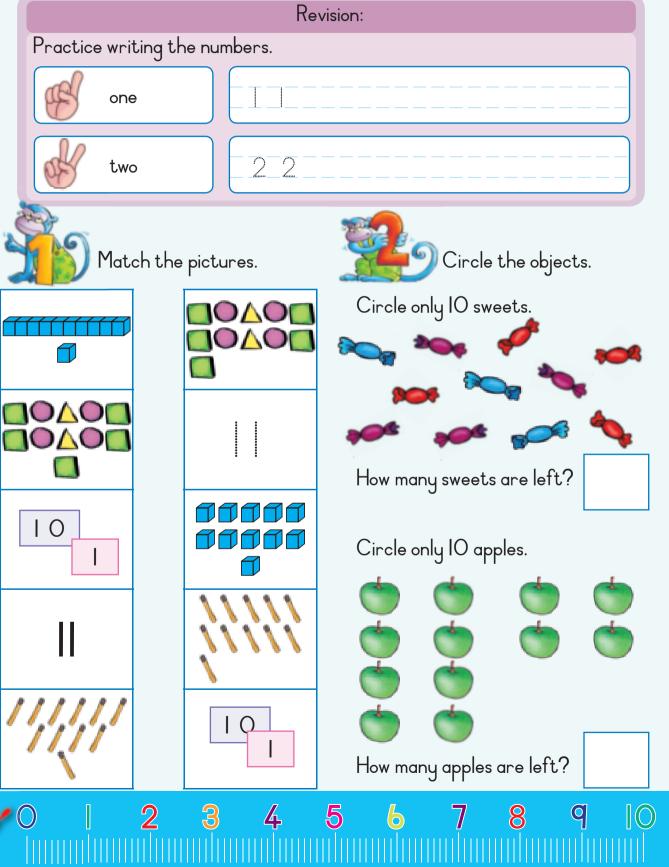
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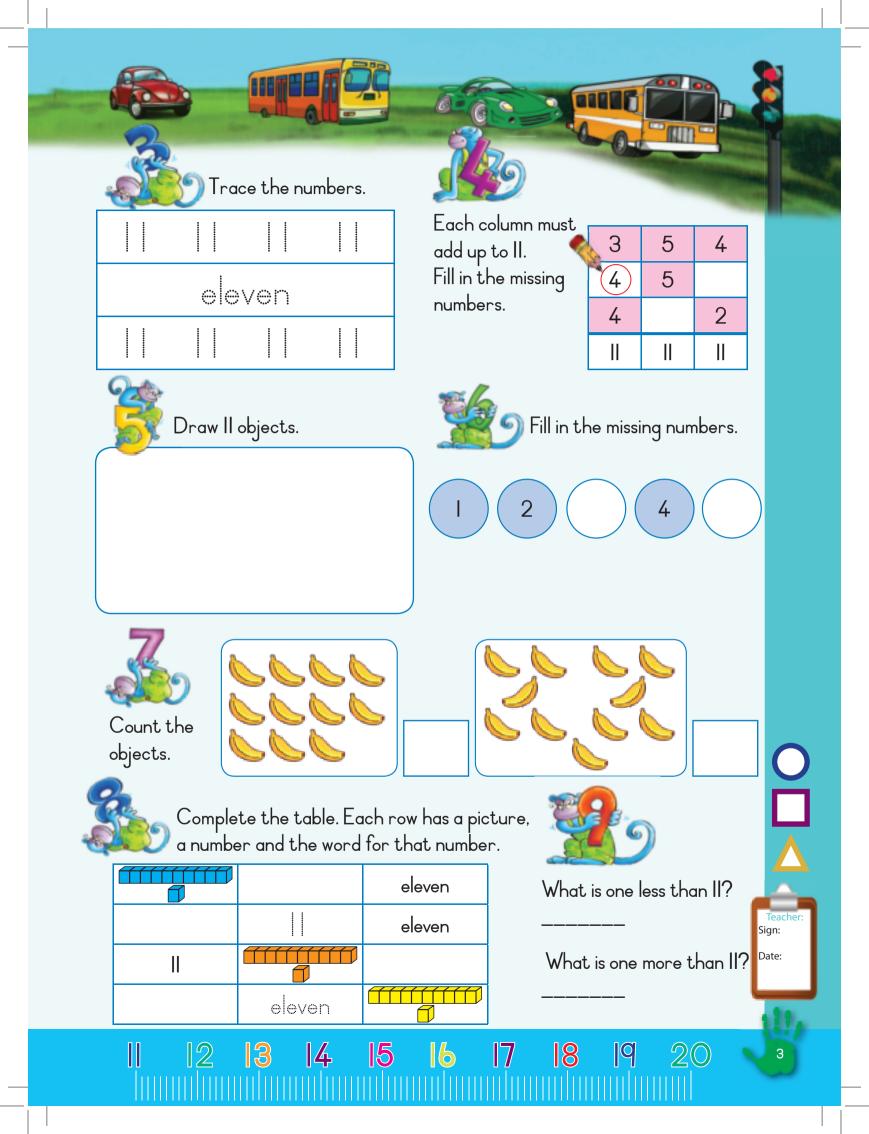
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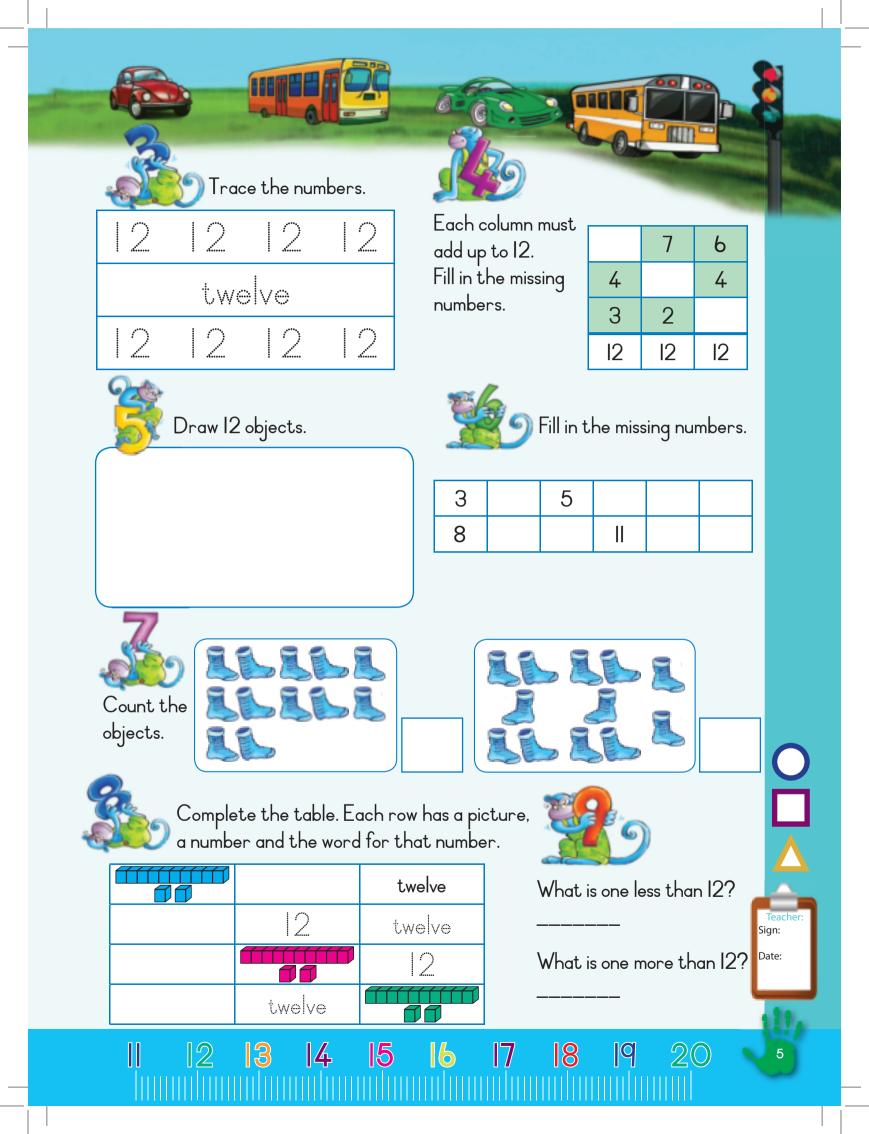




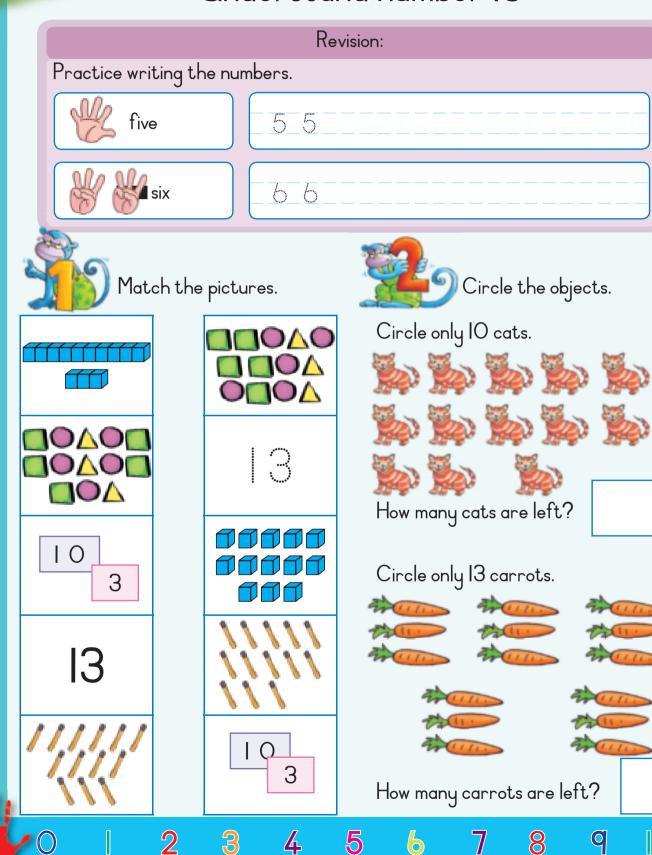


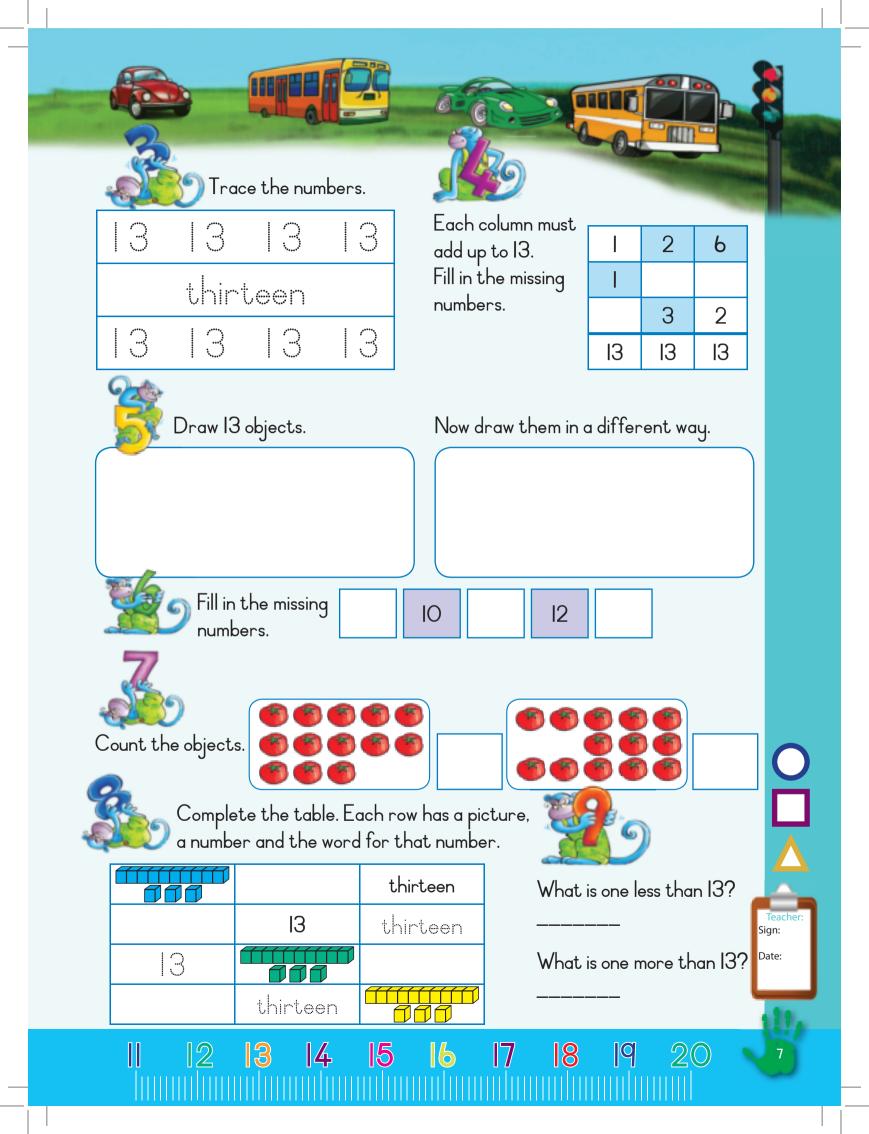






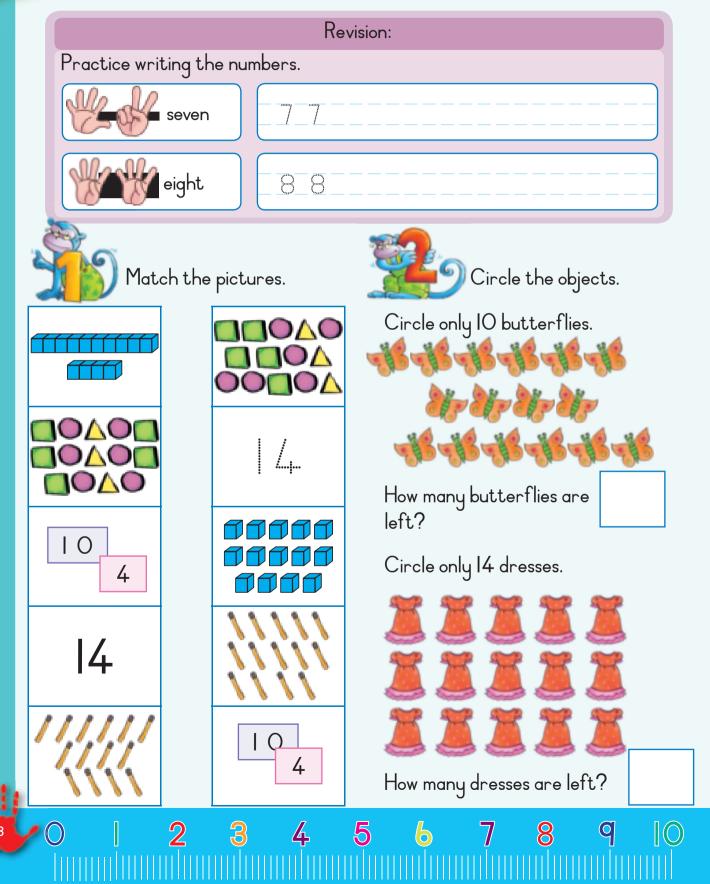
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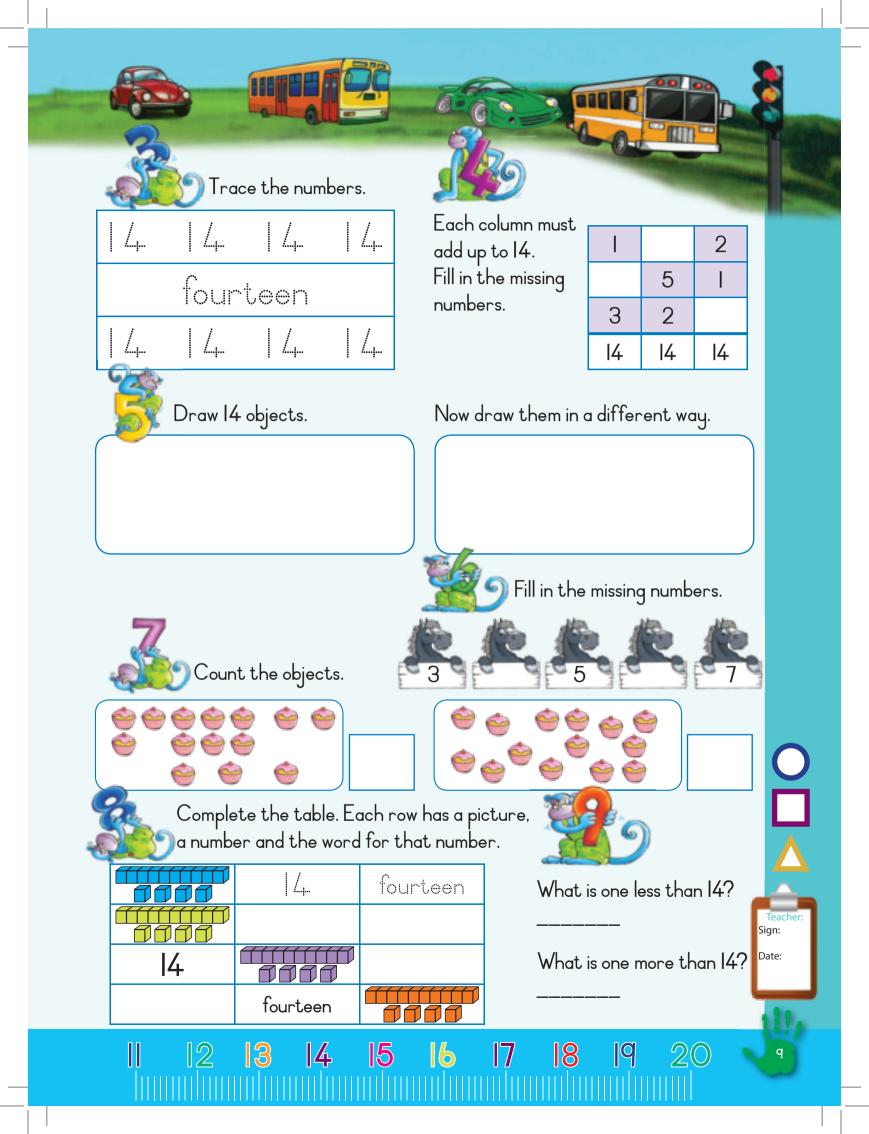




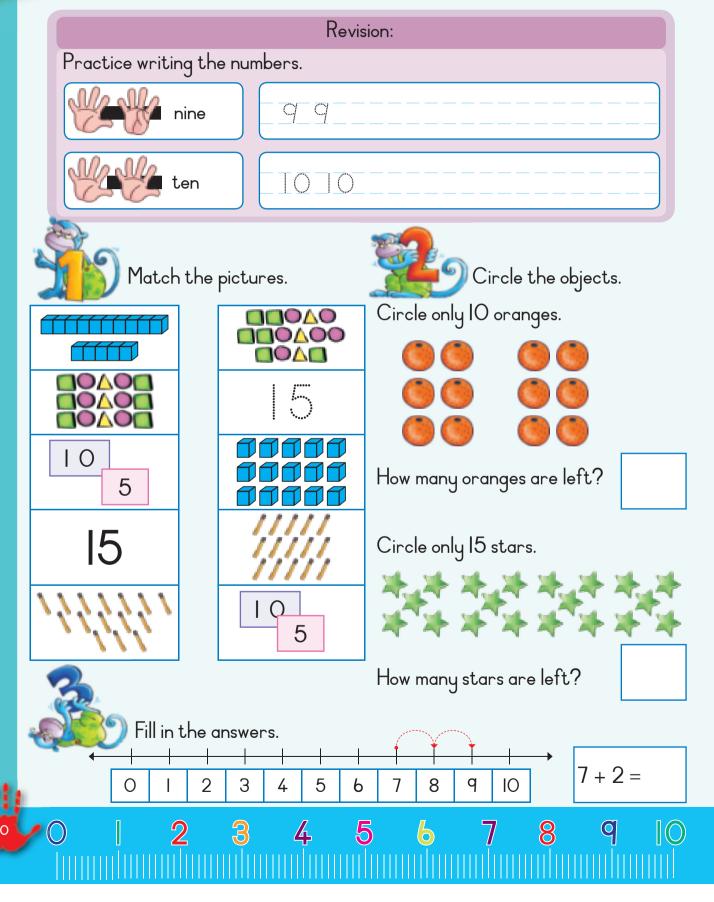
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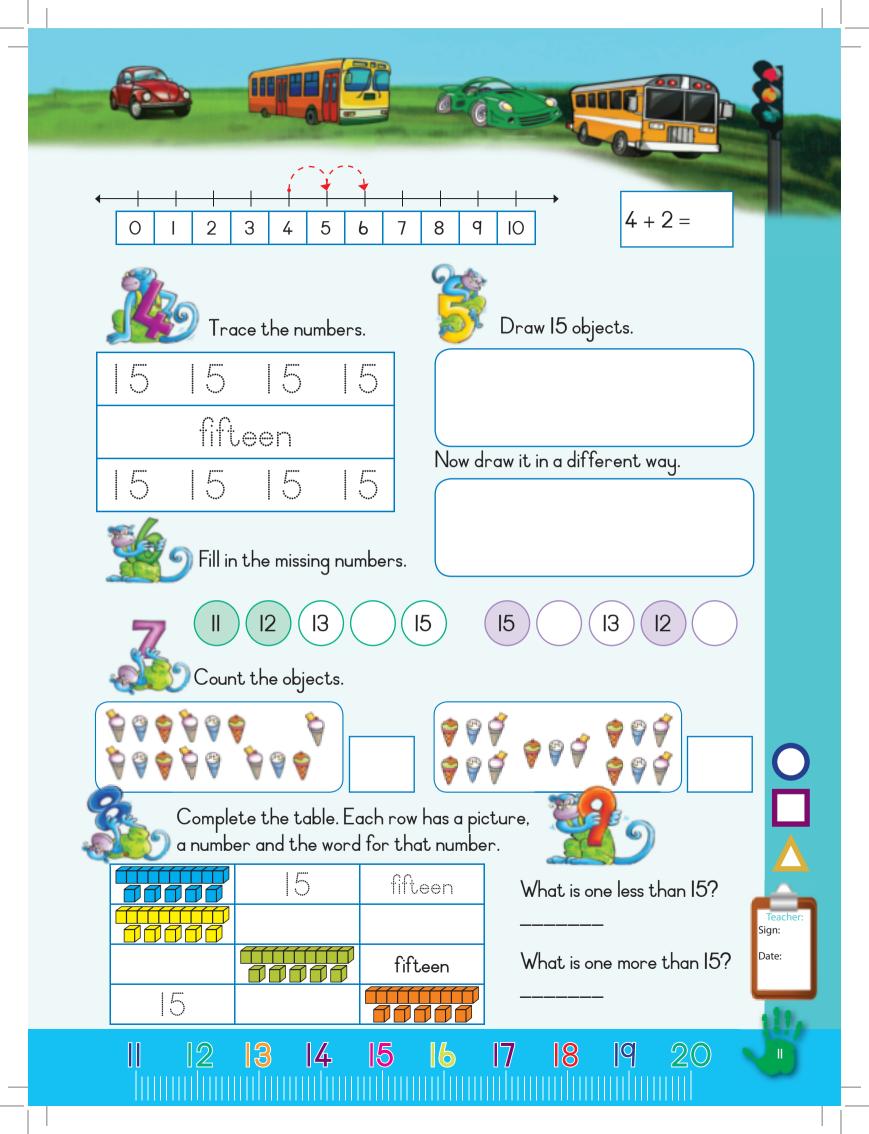




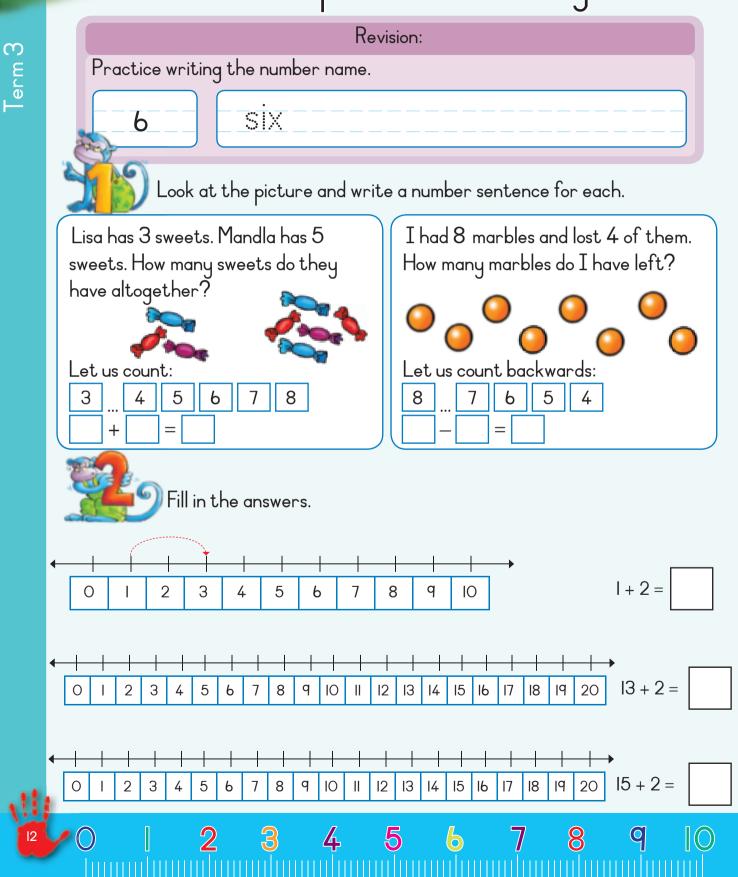


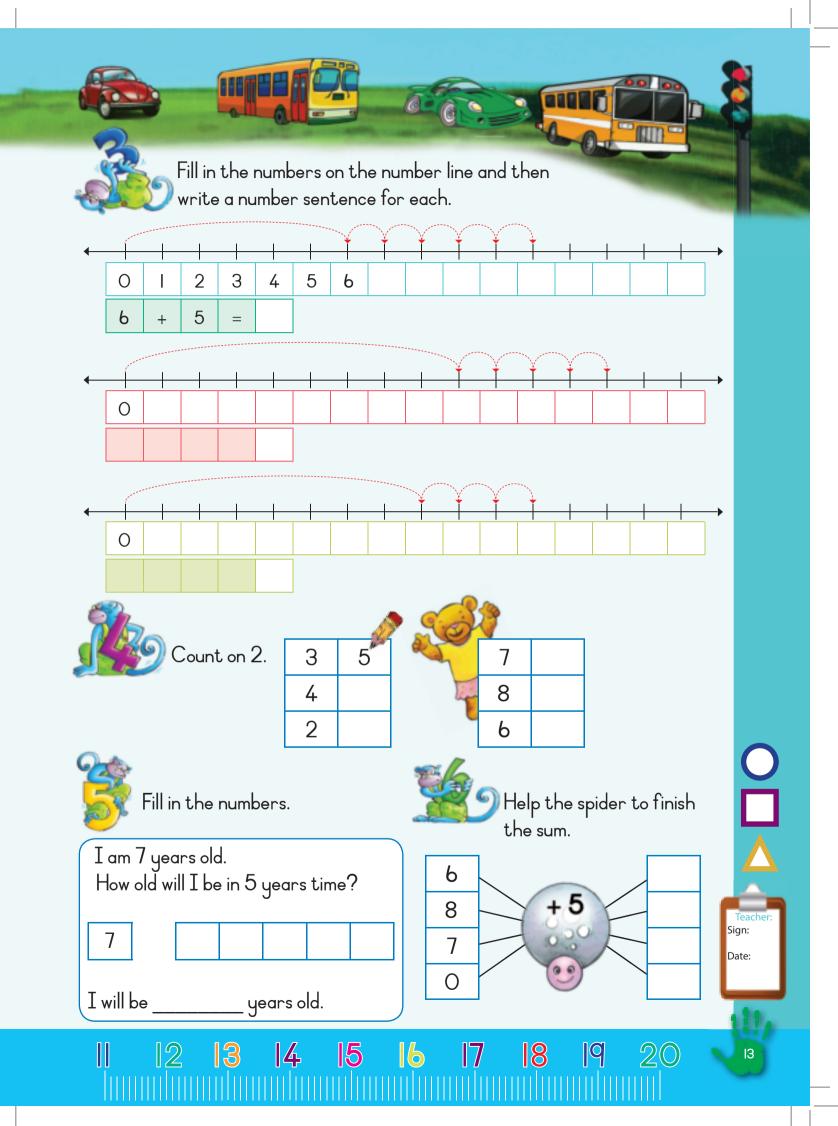






Addition up to 20 — counting on



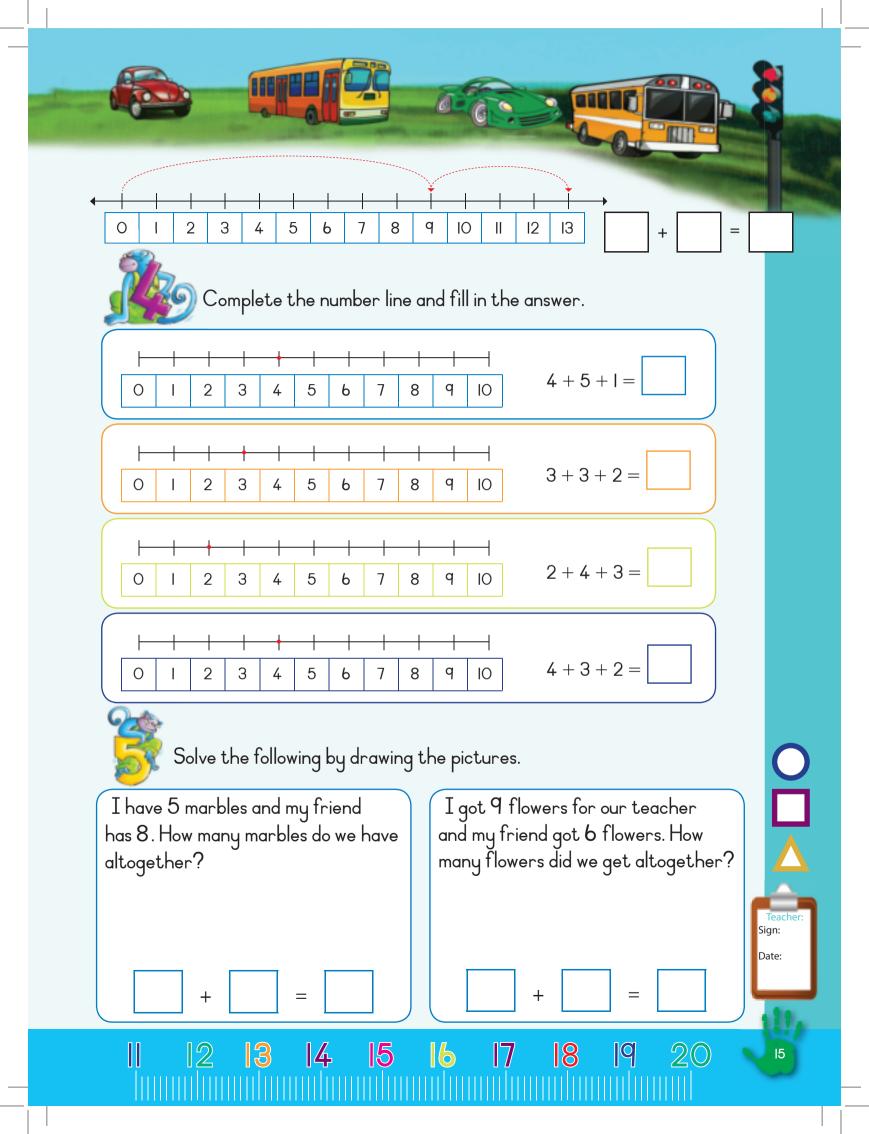


Addition — building up and breaking down numbers up to IO

Term 3

Date:

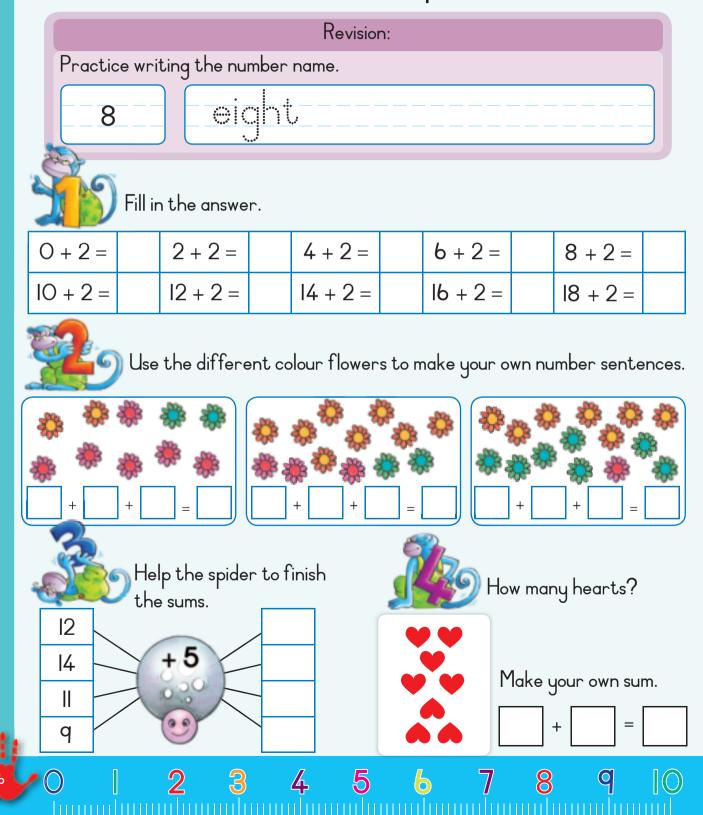
Revision: Practice writing the number name. 7 Fill in the answer. Colour to show the following. 3 + d 3 + 3 = 4 + 8 0 + 5 = 5 + 76 + 63 + 2 + 1 =7 + 5 Write a sum for: = 2 +3 5 8 q 10 12 0 4 7 6 5 Ю 12 +7 q 2 З 8 $\|$ 4 \bigcirc 6 5 2 8 3 4 9 6 7



Addition — building up and breaking down numbers up to 20

Date:

Term 3

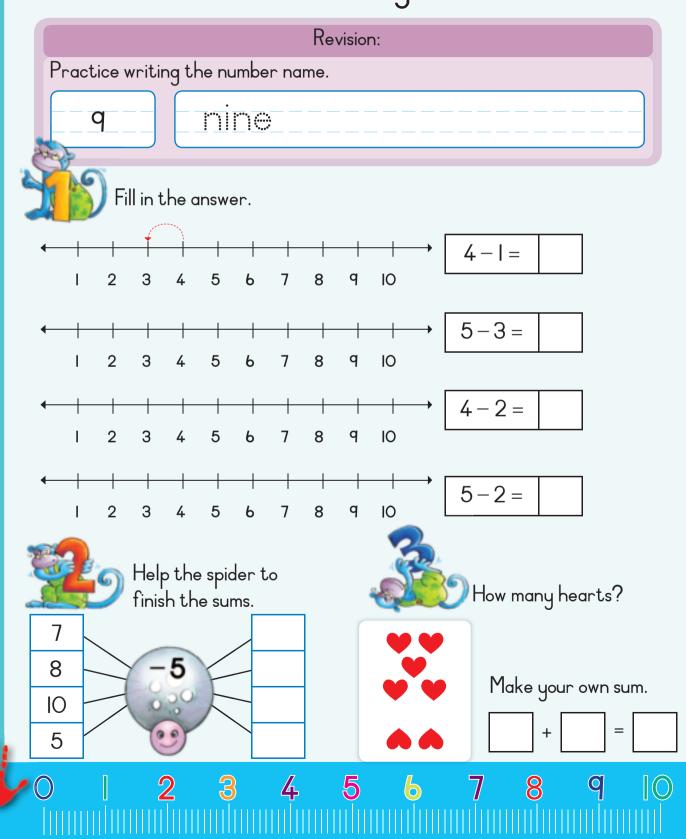


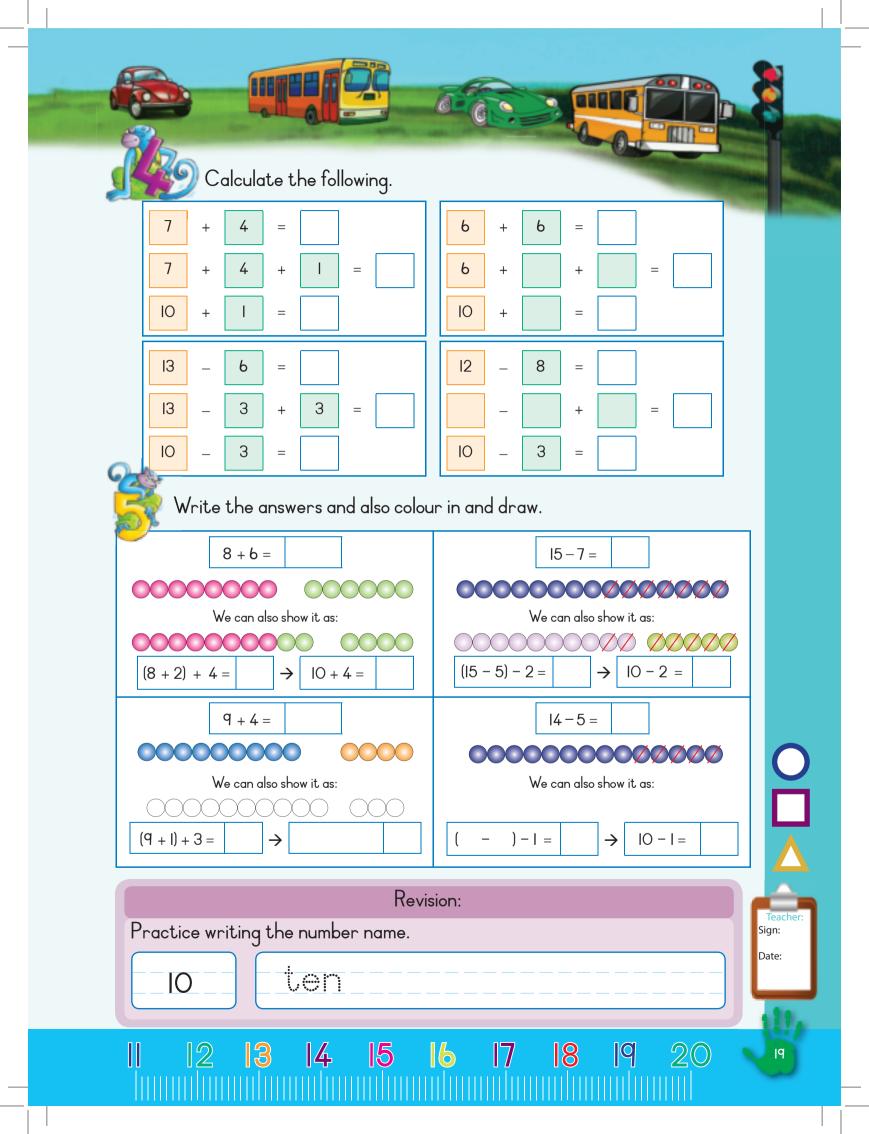
TID Match the pairs of numbers to make the following numbers. (13) q З З Write a number sentence for: q IЗ Т + = q || + = Revision: Revision: Colour in the correct answer. front view front view front view front view Sign: back view back view back view back view Date: side view side view side view side view

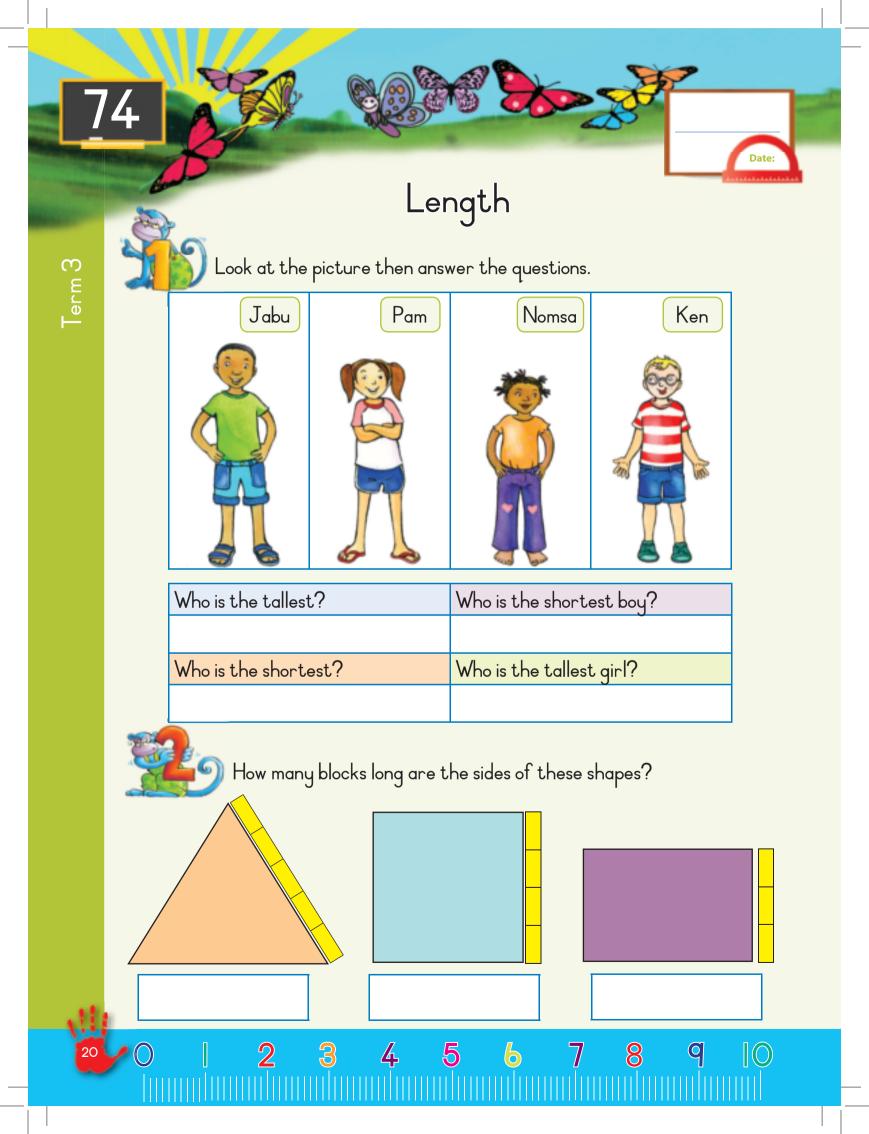
 $\mathbb{2}$

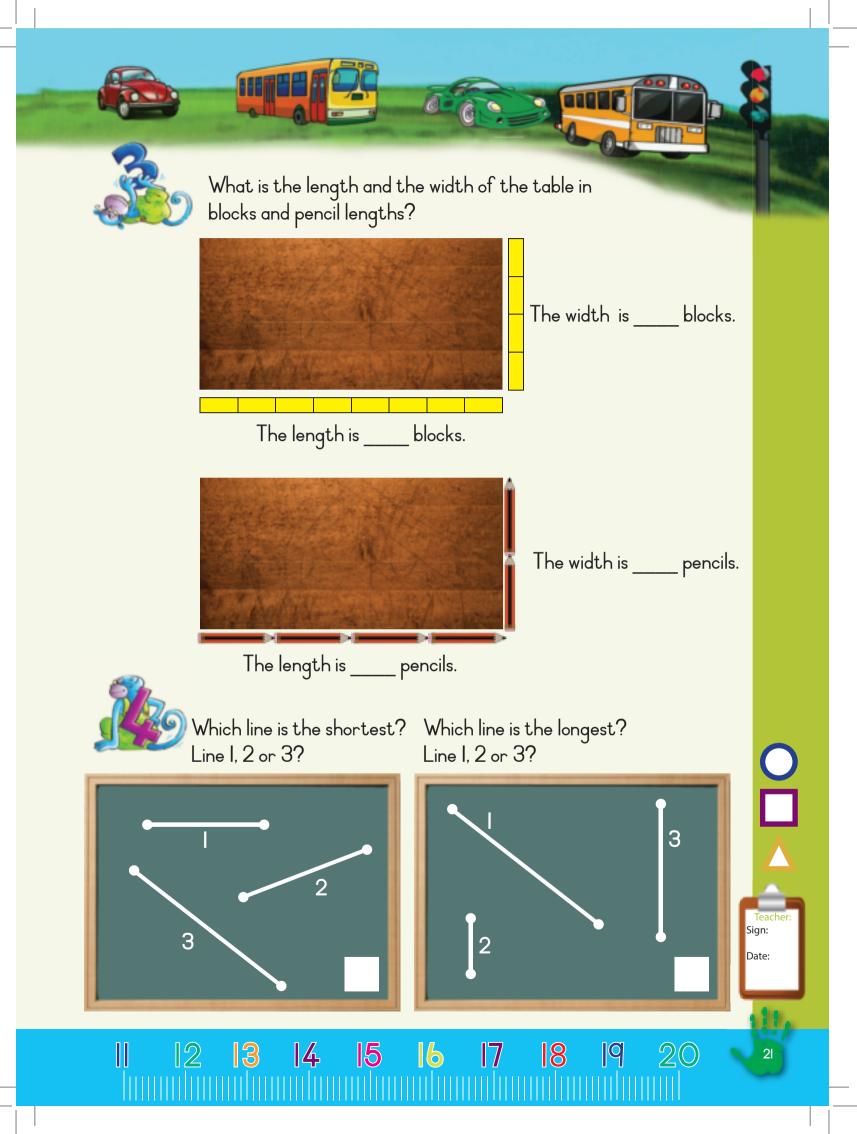
Addition and subtraction — building up and breaking down

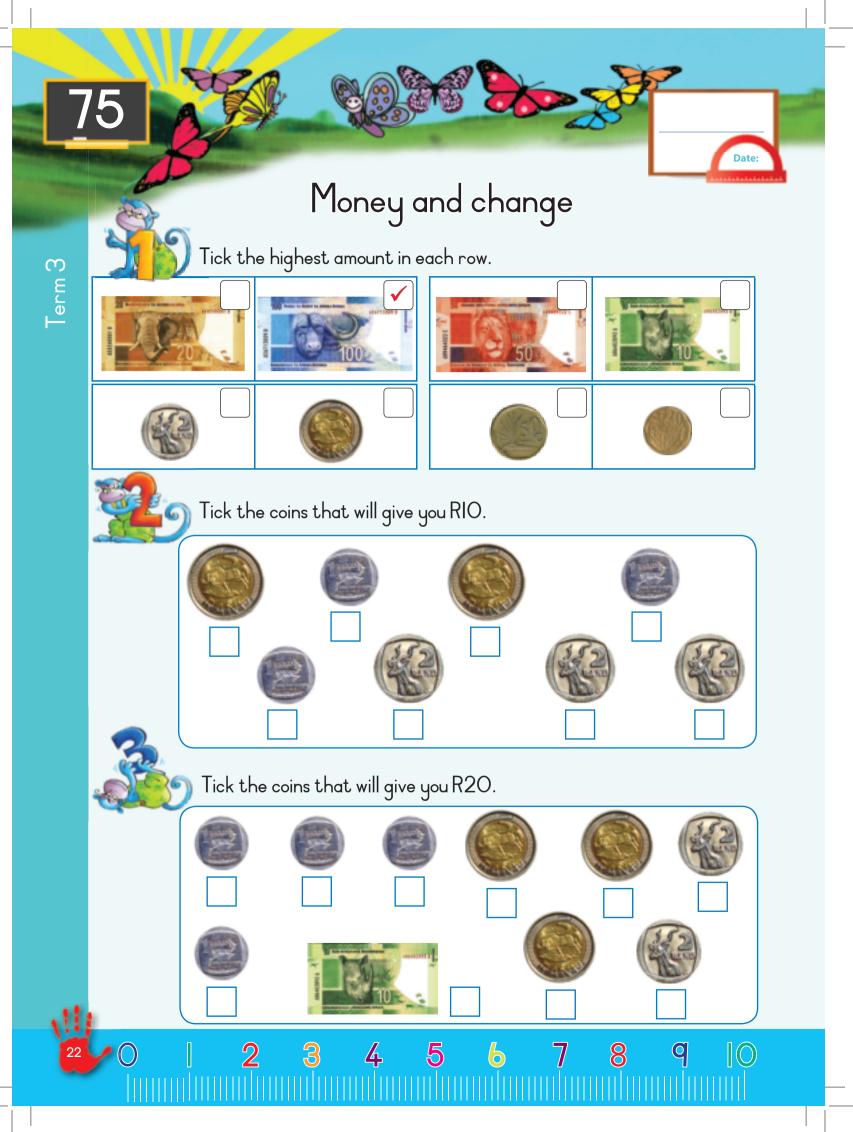
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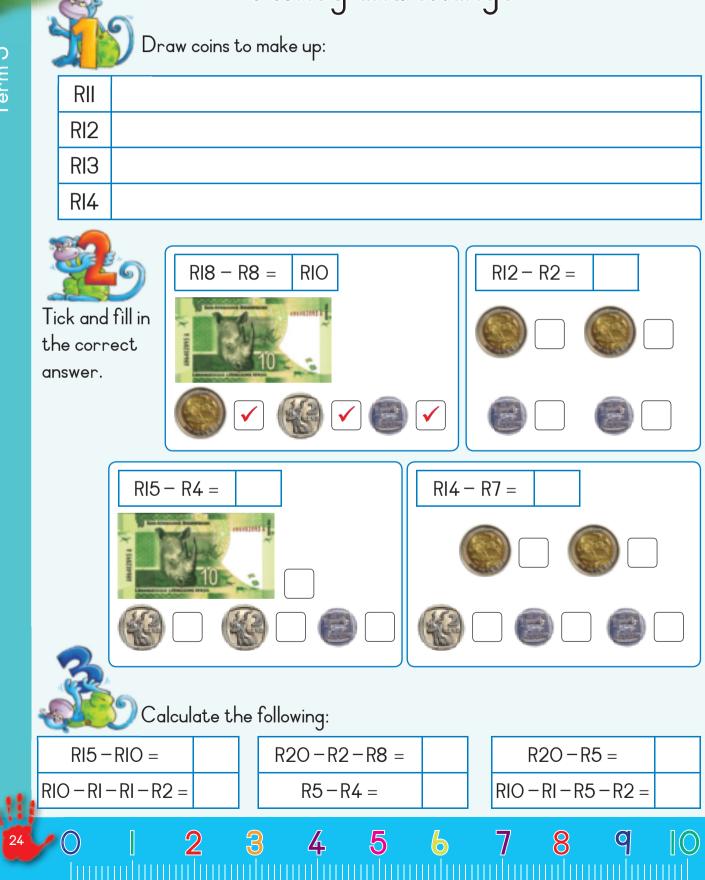


1 00 Co	lculate the	following.	6-6-	2.			
R5 + RIO	=	R5 + R2	2 + R8 =		RIO + RIC	C =	
R3 + RIO + R2	+ R2 =	R5 + R7 +	- RI + R5 =	R	O + RI + R5	5 + R2 =	
Solve the following:							
I have a R2 coin and a R5 coin. My friend has three R2 coins. Who has the most money?					a RI coin. My [.] ns. Who has th		
~							
I hay	ave RI5: Change		Calc	ulate t	ne following:		
) or R6 .	
I pay	Change	I ha		iy a pac	ket of chips fo	`or R6 .	
I pay R4 + R 7 = RII	Change	I ha	ve RI5. I bu	iy a pac	ket of chips fo	°or R6.	
I pay R4 + R 7 = RII R6 + R 9=	Change	I ha	ve RI5. I bu	iy a pac	ket of chips fo	°or R6.	O
I pay R4 + R 7 = RII R6 + R 9 = R8 + R3 =	Change	I ha	ve RI5. I bu	iy a pac	ket of chips fo	or R6.	
I pay R4 + R7 = RII R6 + R9 = R8 + R3 = R2 + RII =	Change	I ha	ve RI5. I bu	iy a pac	ket of chips fo	òr R 6 .	
I pay R4 + R7 = RII R6 + R9 = R8 + R3 = R2 + RII = R3 + R8 =	Change	I ha	ve RI5. I bu much money	iy a pac	ket of chips fo		
I pay R4 + R7 = RII R6 + R9 = R8 + R3 = R2 + RII = R3 + R8 = R6 + R8 =	Change	I ha	ve RI5. I bu much money	iy a pac y do I h	ket of chips fo	Si	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C
I pay R4 + R7 = RII R6 + R9 = R8 + R3 = R2 + RII = R3 + R8 = R6 + R8 = R0 + R2 =	Change	I ha How i	ve RI5. I bu much money	ıy a pac y do I h t R2 les	ket of chips fo	Si	

Money and change

20

Date:





Calculate the following.

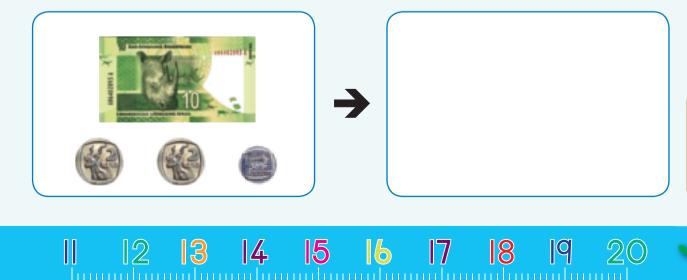
I have RI5. I buy for:	How much do I have left?
R2 and R4 =	R9
R8 and R4 =	
RI2 and R2 =	
R5 and R5 =	
R8 and R7 =	
RIO and R2 =	
R8 and R2 =	
R6 and $R2 =$	
R4 and R2 =	
R2 and R2 =	
R9 and R6 =	
RIO and R2 =	

6-6

UTT



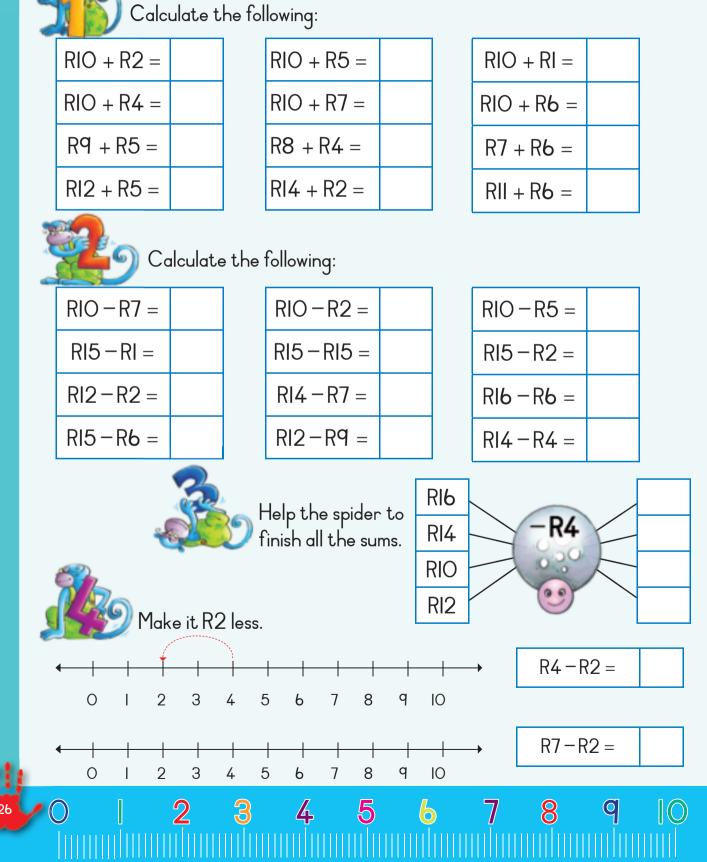
I have RI5. I buy a bag of sweets for RII. Make a drawing to show how much money you have left.

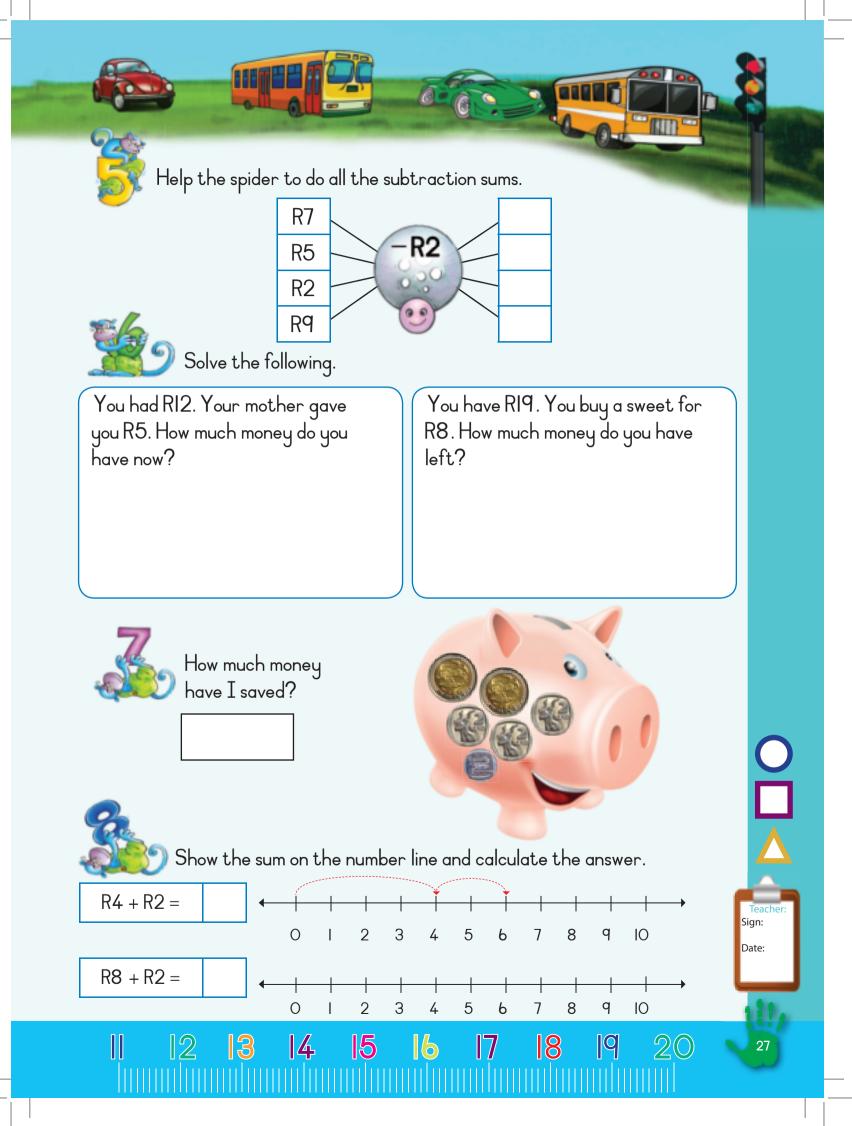


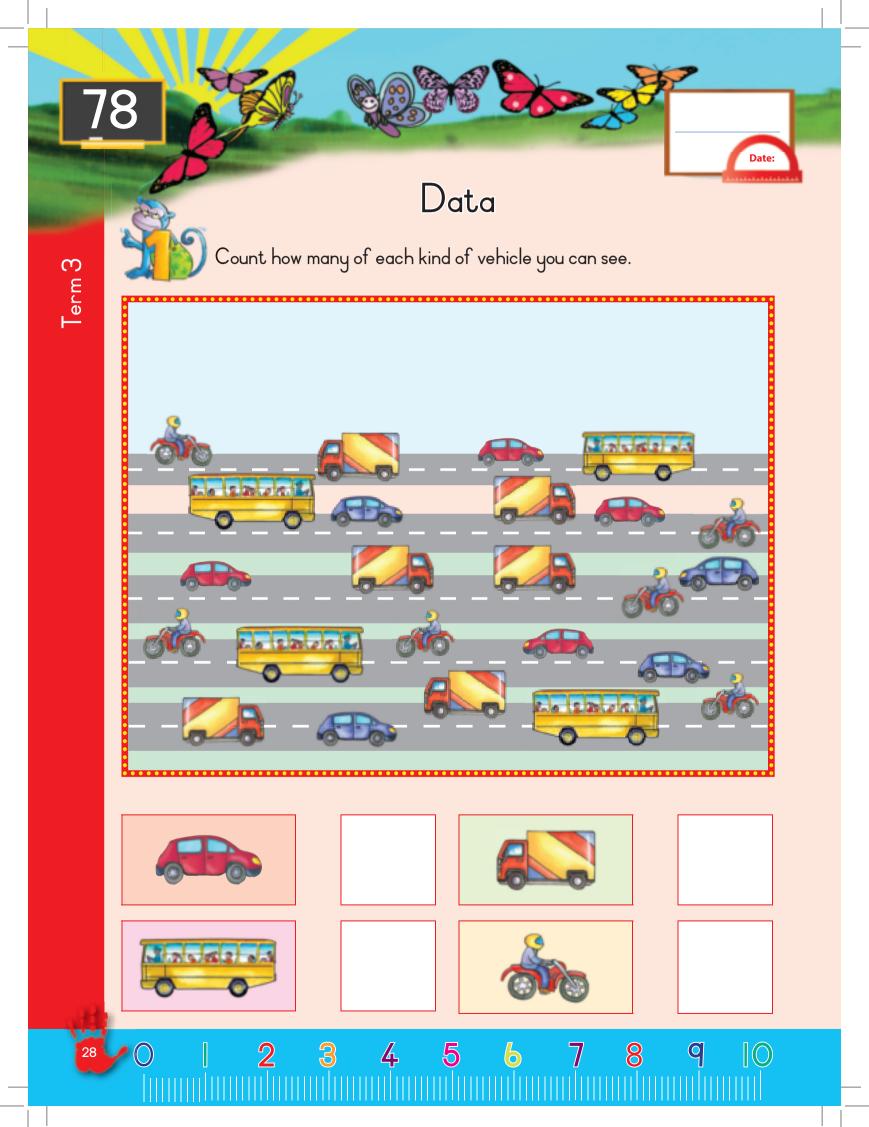
Cecher: Sign: Date:

Money: Addition and subtraction

Date:









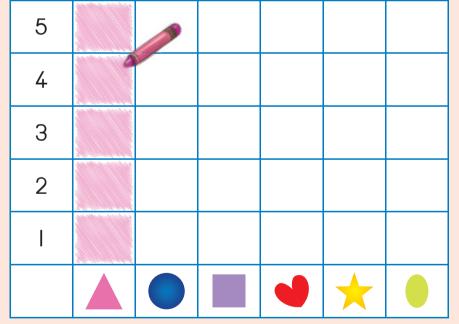
Count the shapes and colour in on the chart below to show how many there are of each. Then answer the questions.

6

UTT

11178





The	are the most.
The	are the least.

6

|5

13

12

|4



29

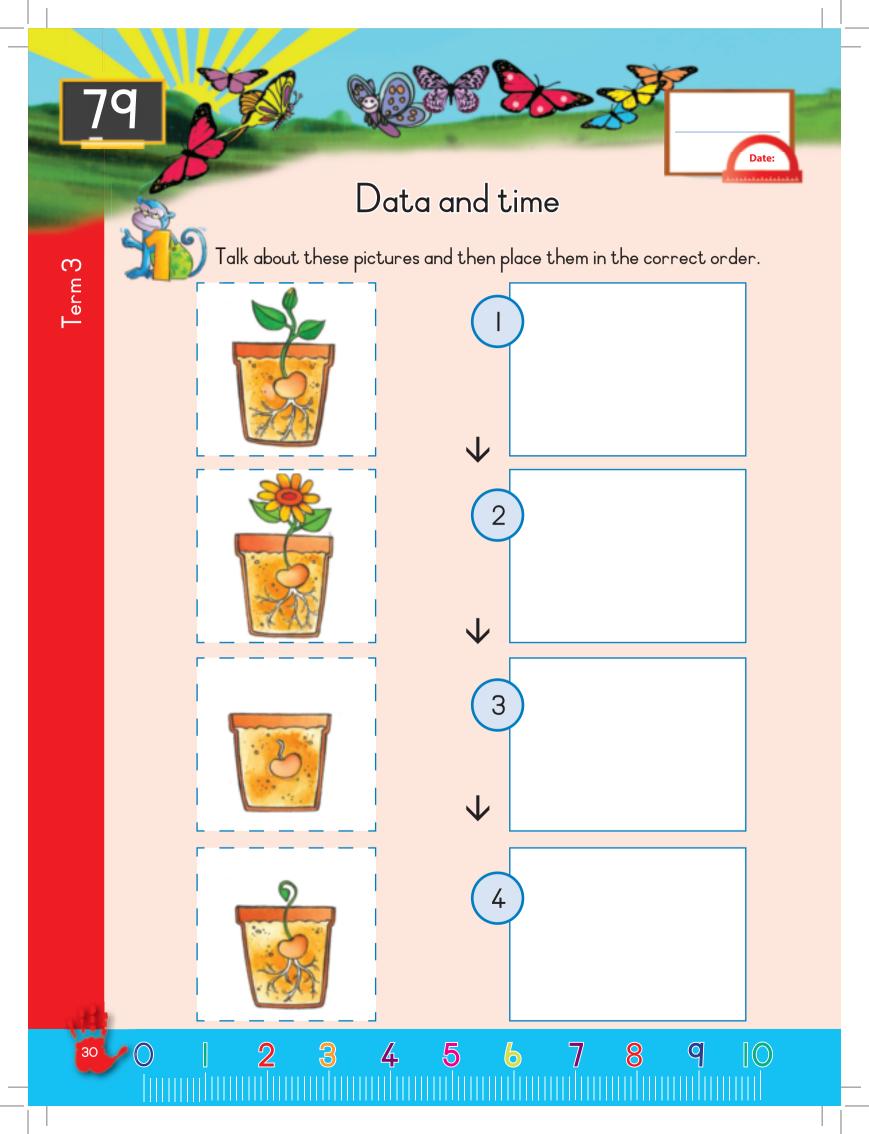
9

8

17

20

-





Use the sorting cards from Cut-out I to complete the pictograph.

0-6



ļ

12

13

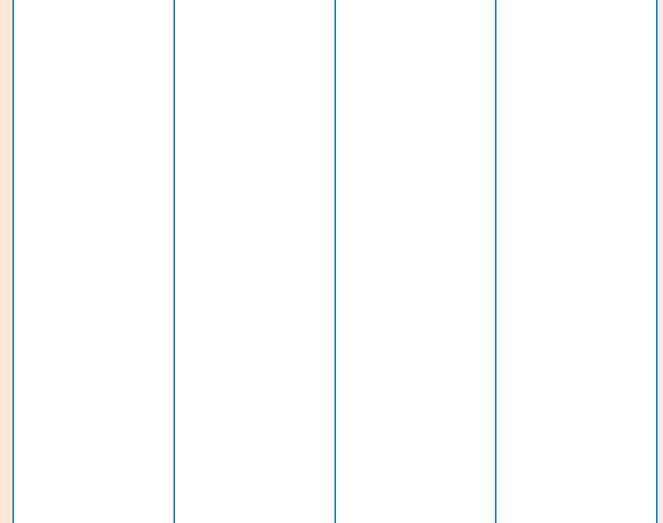
|4







(TTT)



15

6

17

8

9

20

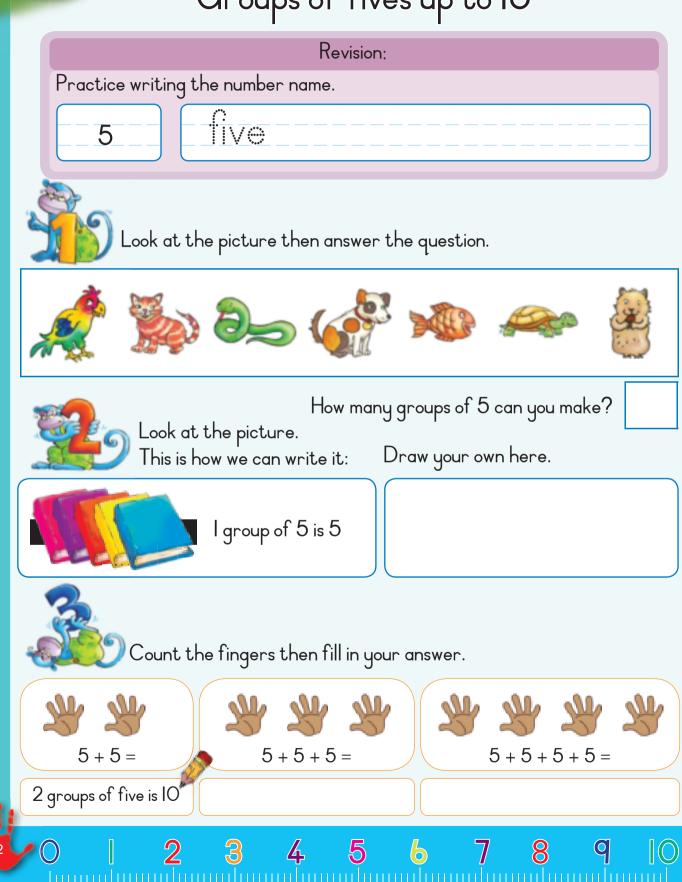
11

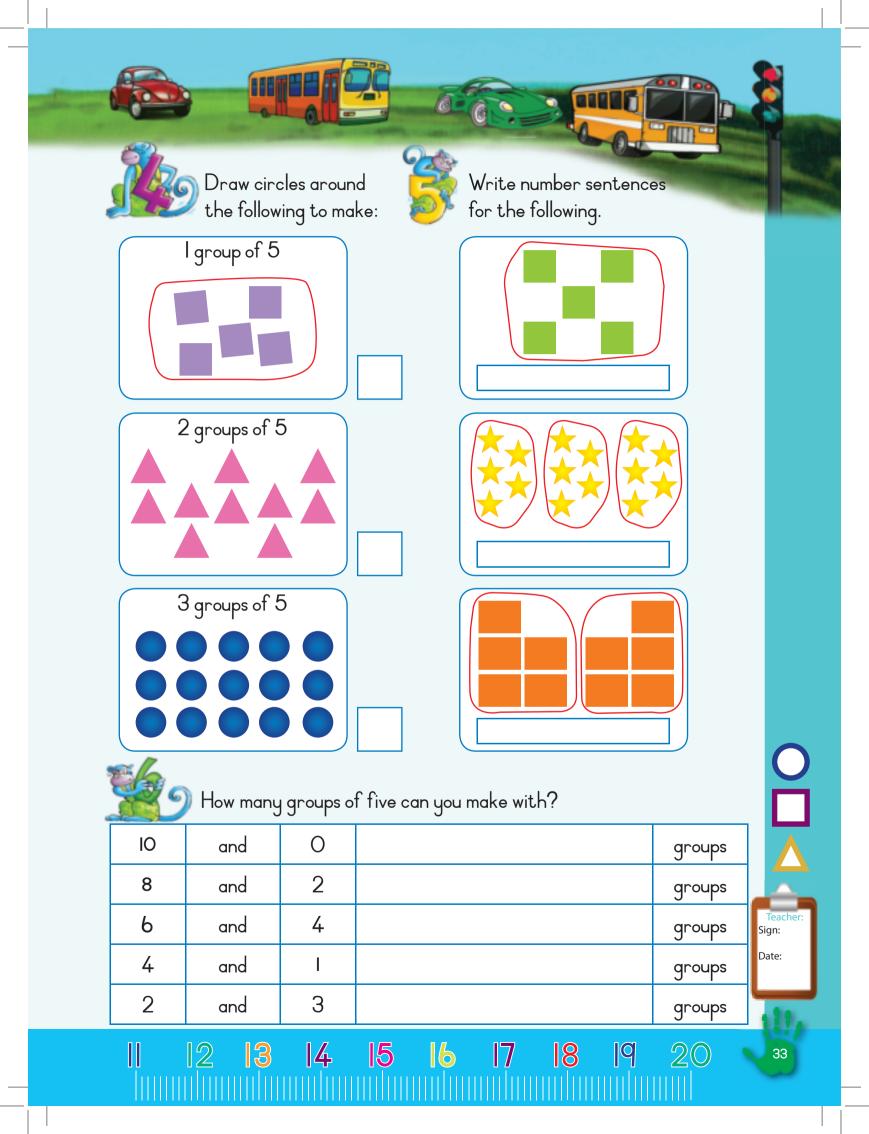
Teacher: Sign: Date:

Groups of fives up to 15

Term 3

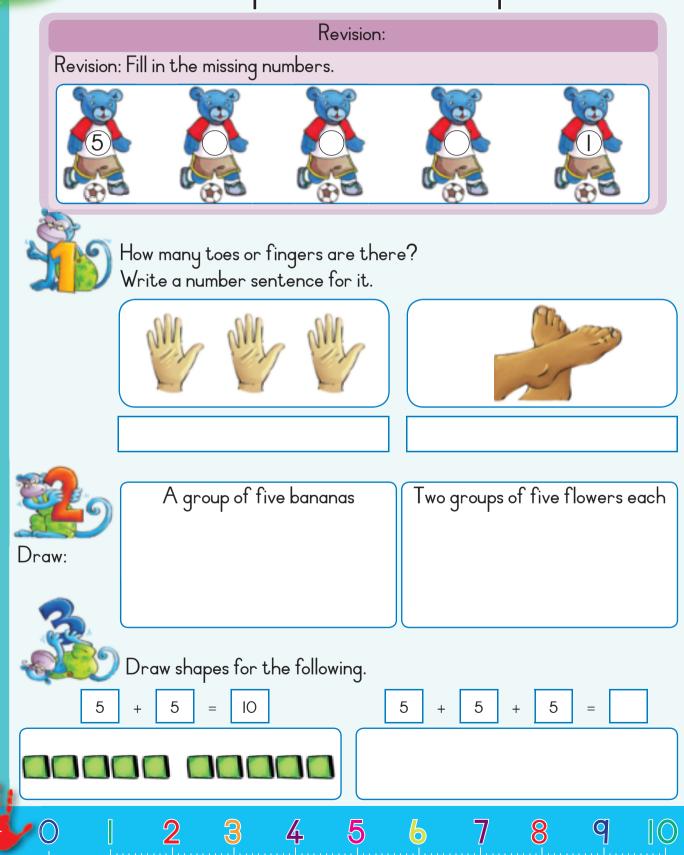
Date

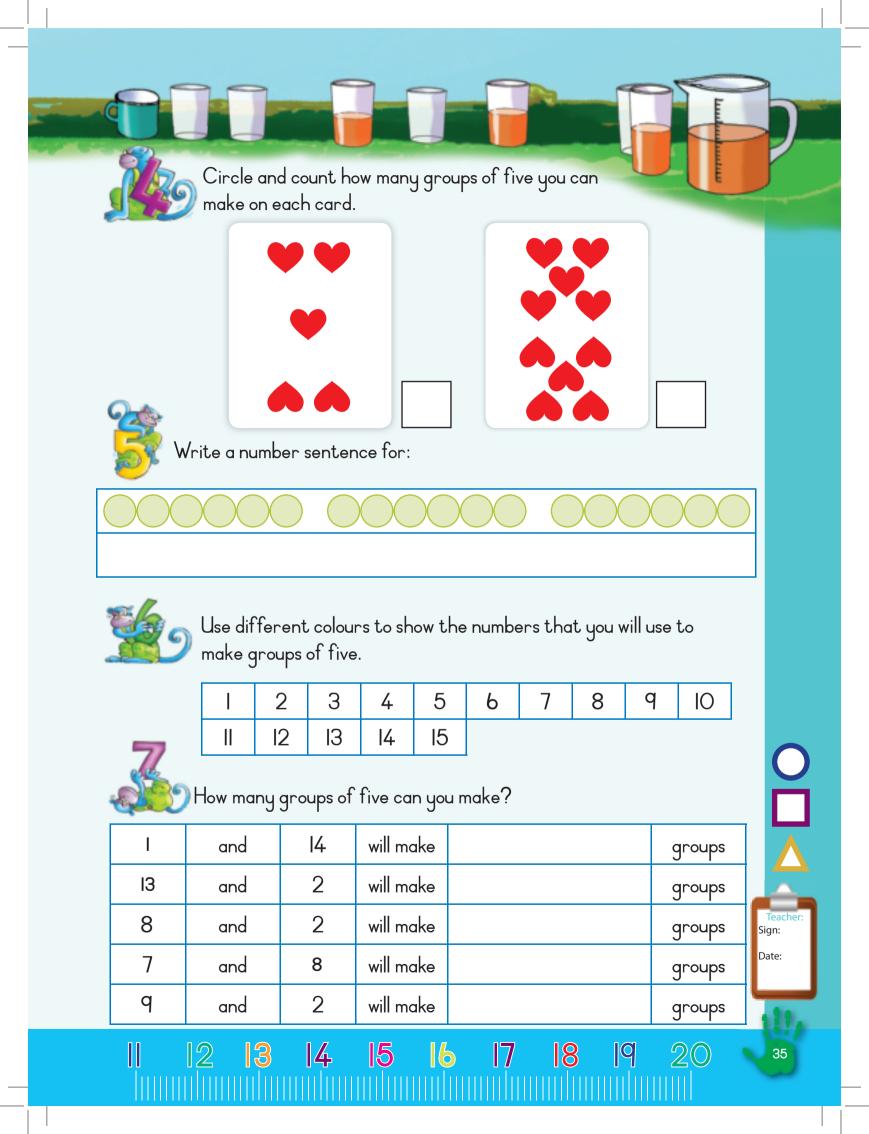




Fives: repeated addition up to 15

Date:





Fives up to 15

Date



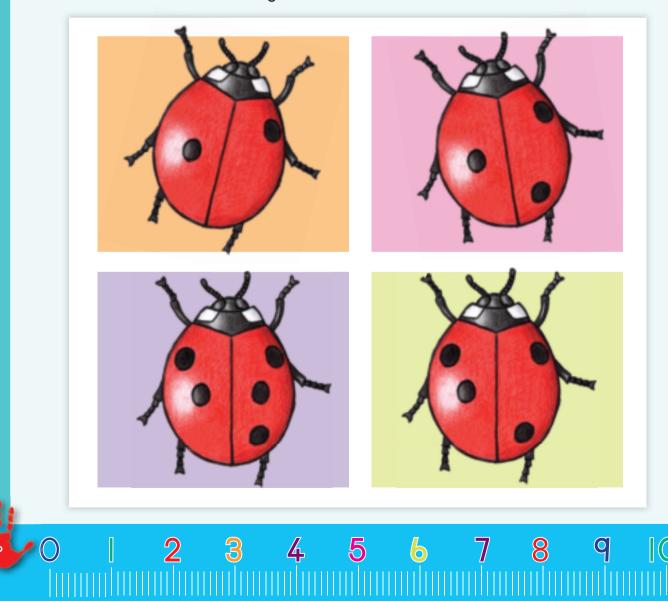
Term 3

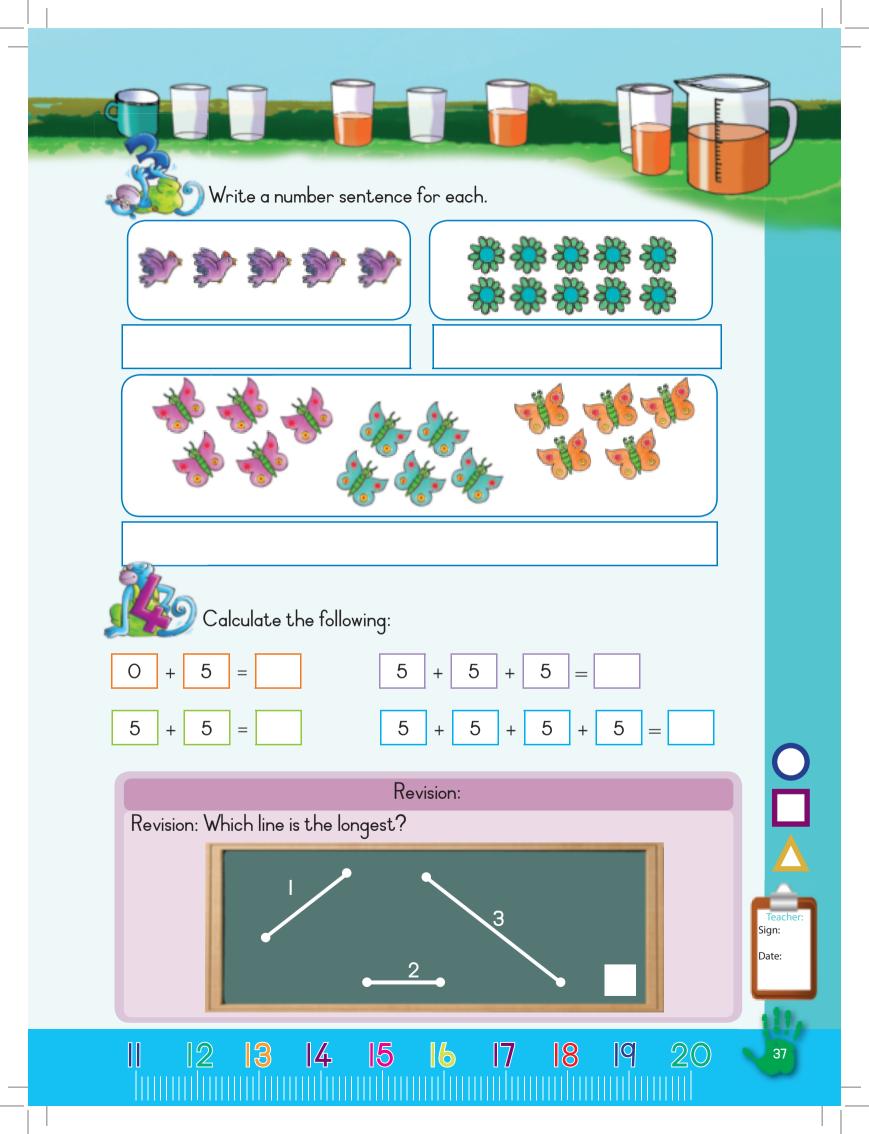
Fill in the missing numbers.

Ι		3	5	7	8	q	
ll	12						



Make groups of five. Each ladybird has to have a group of five black dots on each wing. Draw the missing dots.





Number patterns of fives up to 50

Date:

15

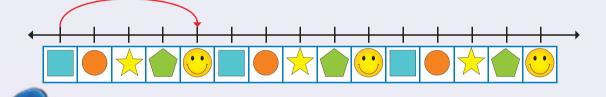
q

8

Complete the fives pattern by colouring in the numbers.

Ι	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	q	10
II	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50

Draw hoops to show the groups of five.



Fill in the missing numbers and draw hoops to show groups of five.

15

Complete the number line. Draw hoops to show groups of five.

There are

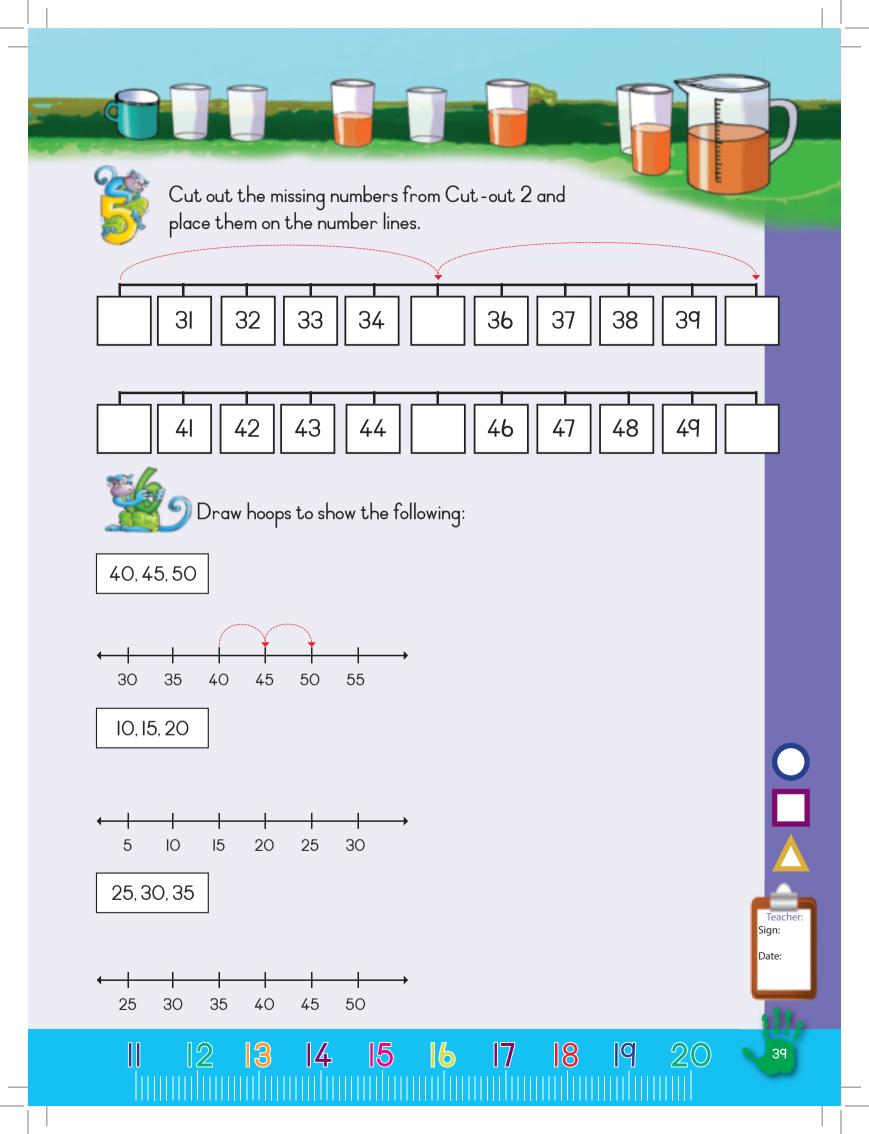
5

4

groups of five.

2

2



Number patterns of fives up to 80

Date:

Term 3



Complete these pictures to show two groups of five in each block.

4



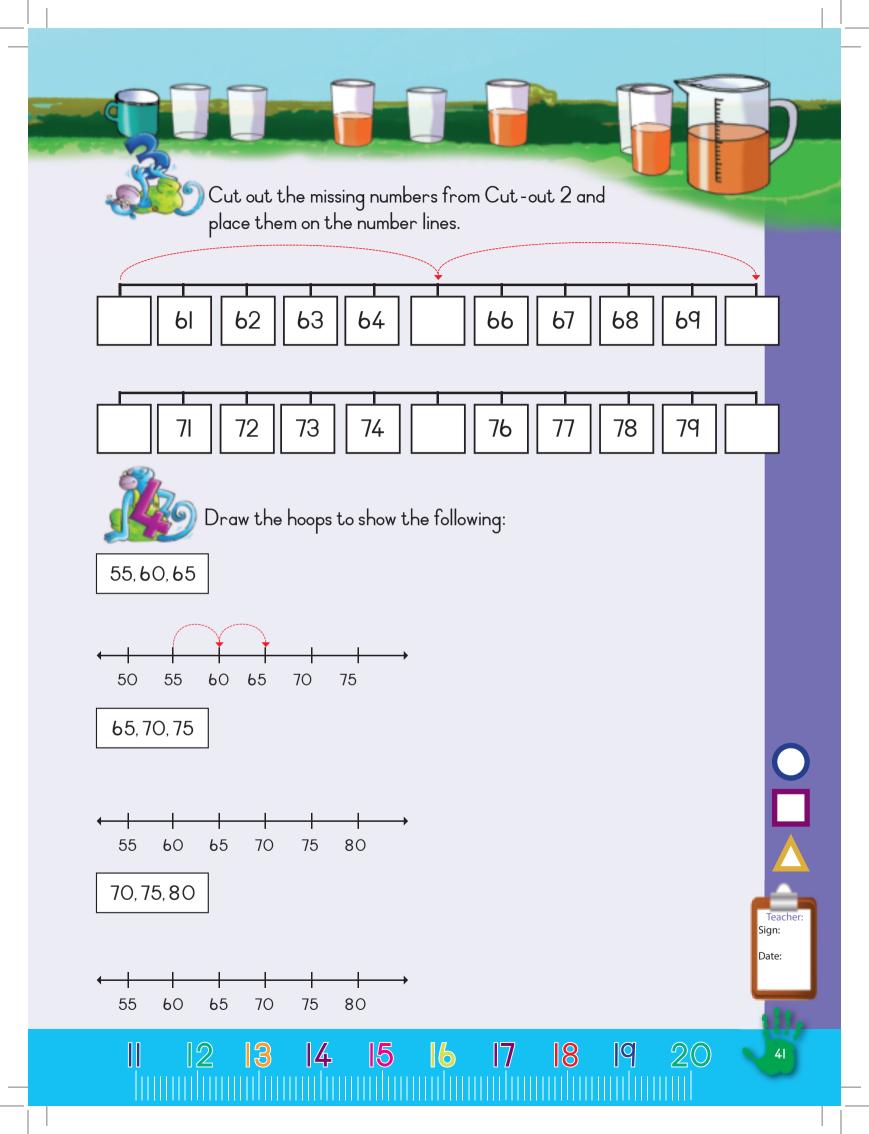
2

3

40



6

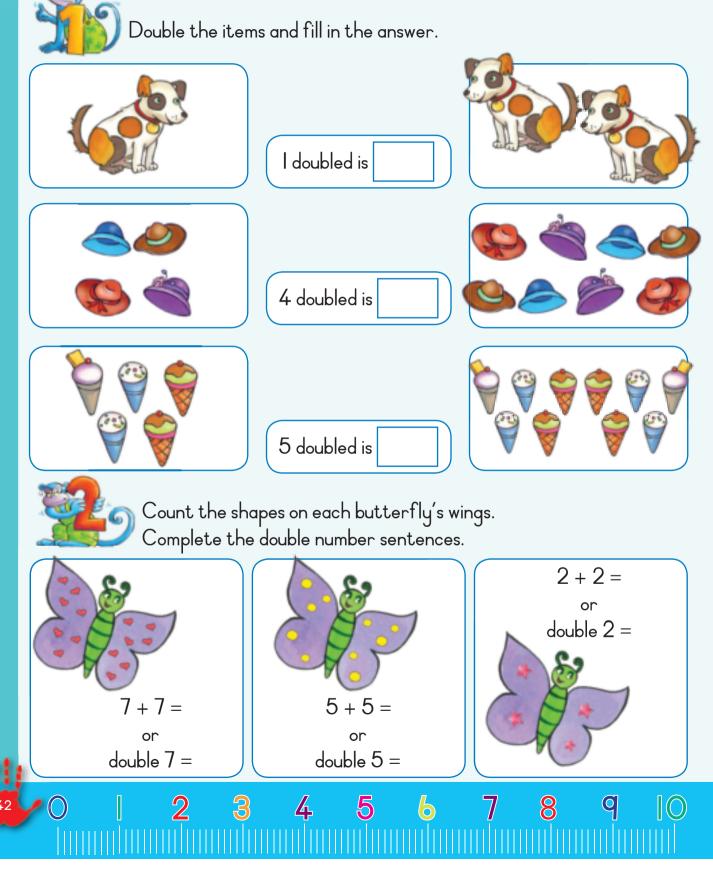


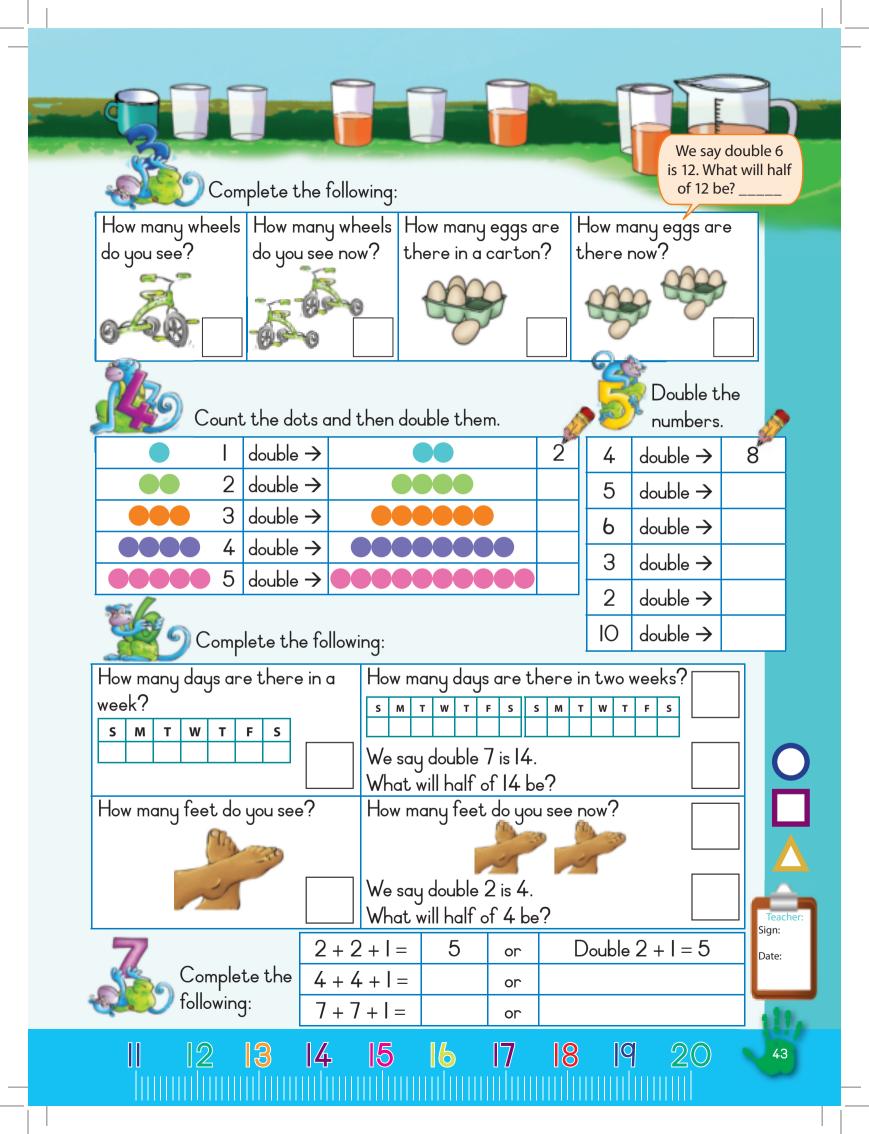


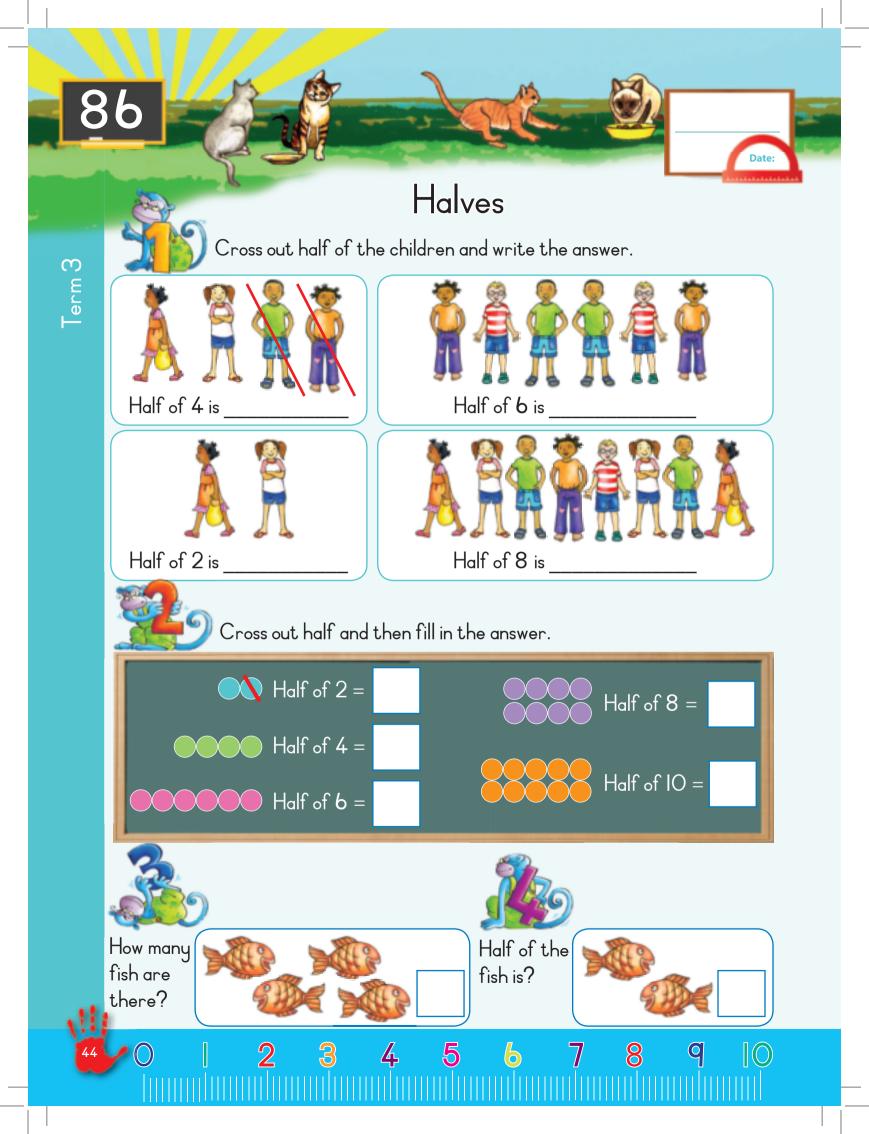
Doubles

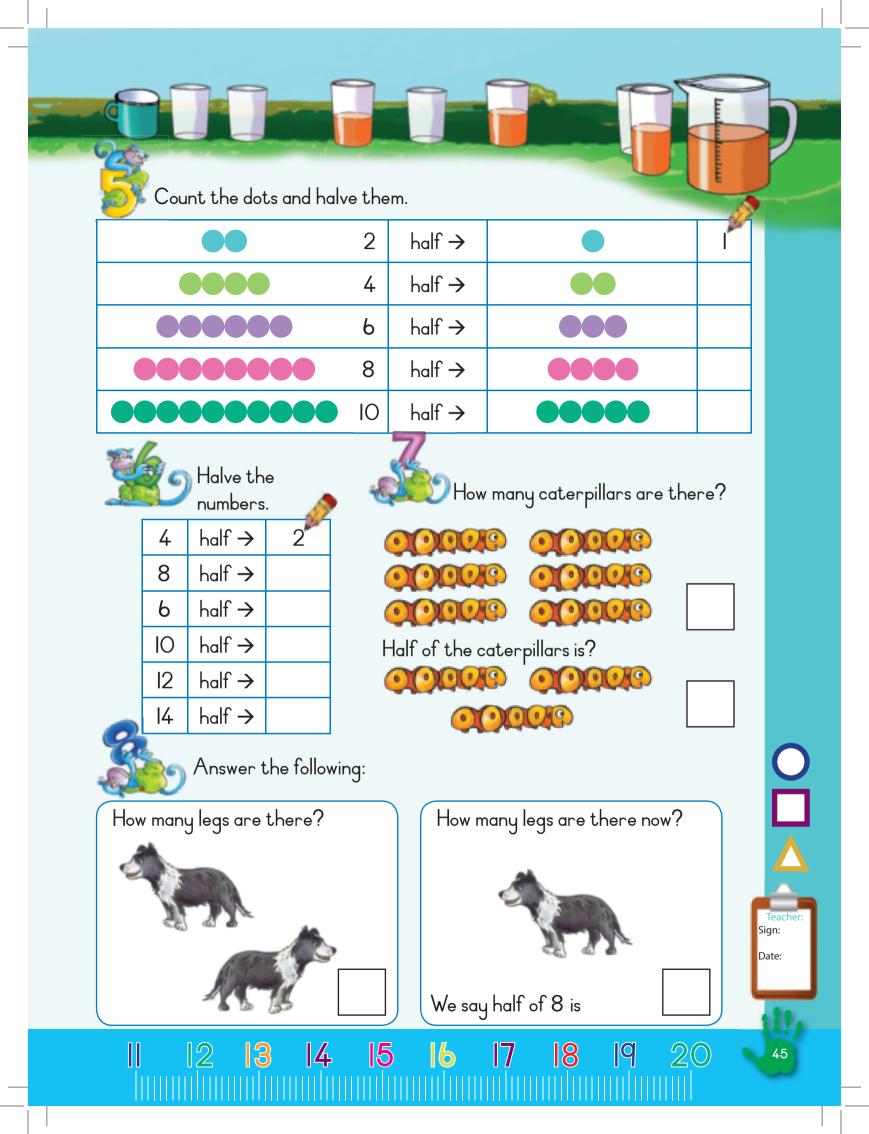
Date:

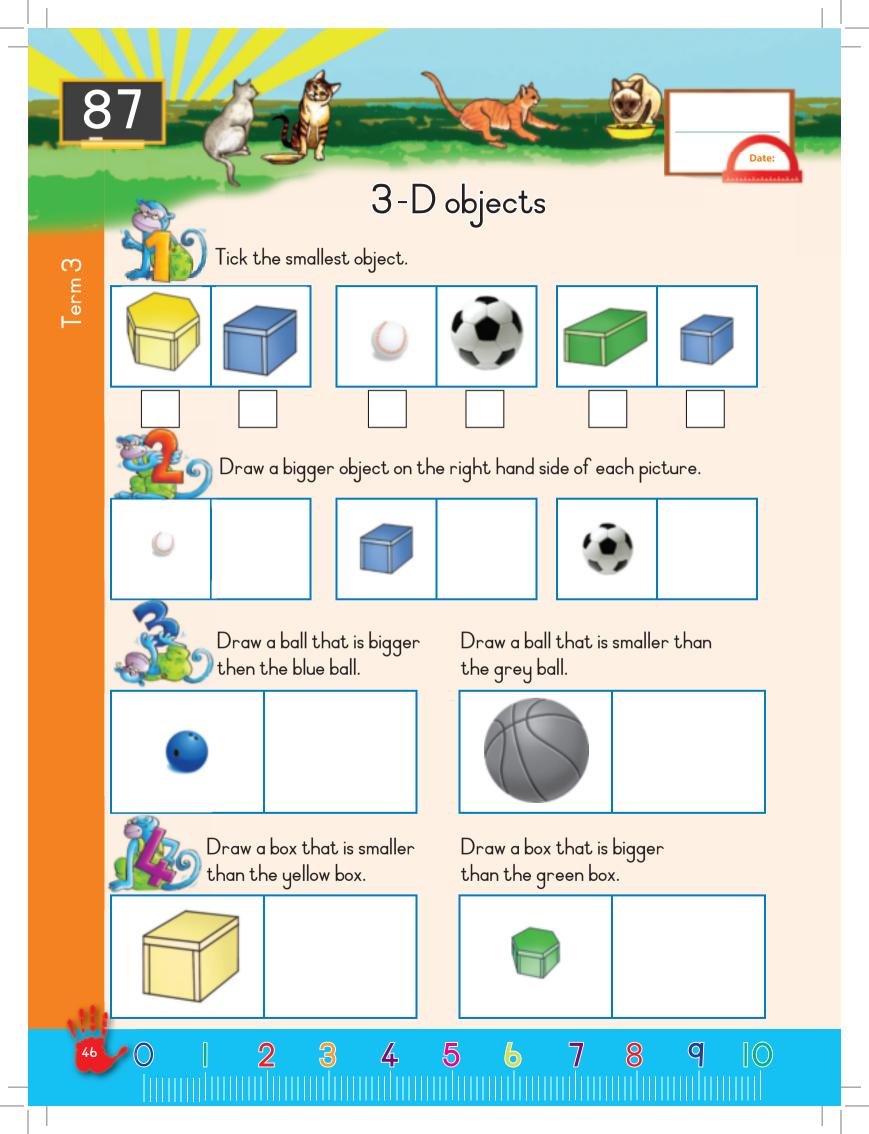
Term 3

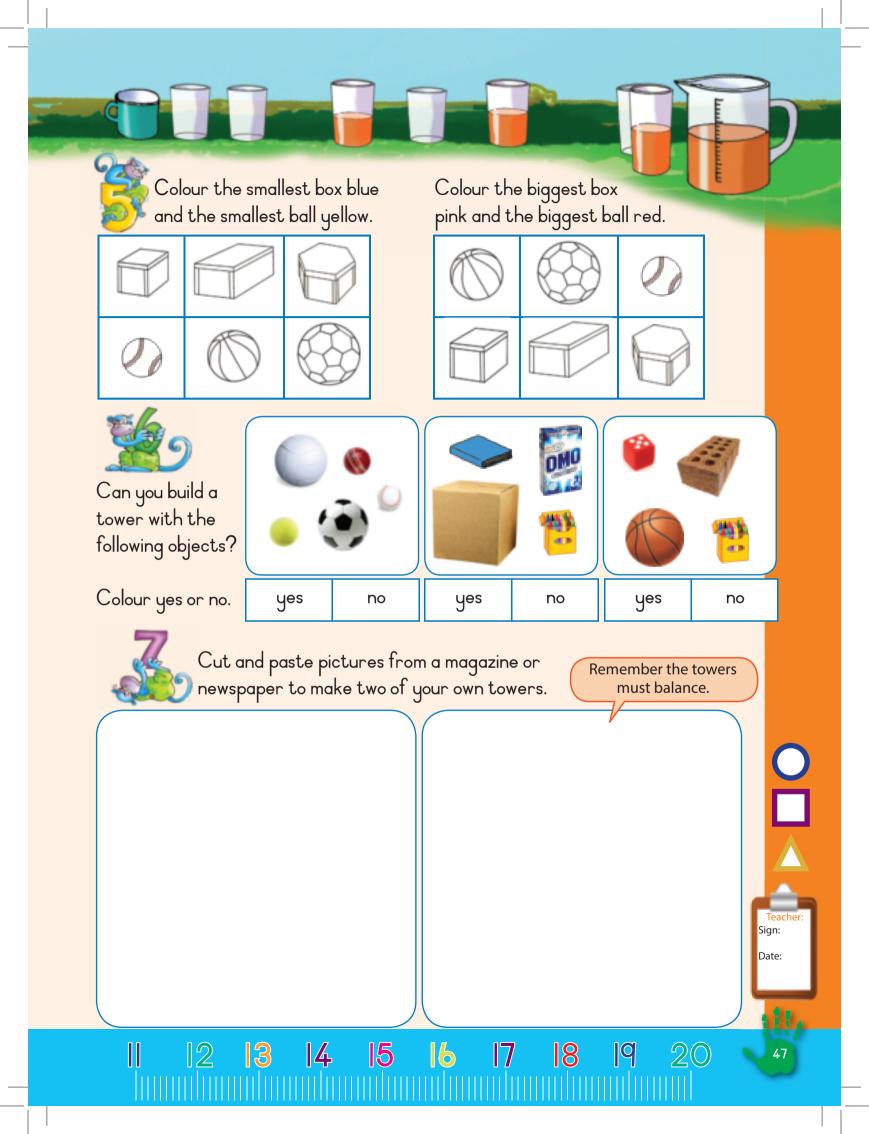










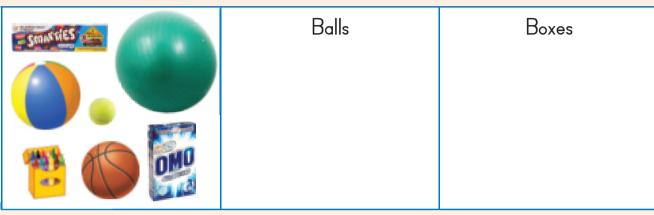








Sort the following objects by drawing them in the correct block.

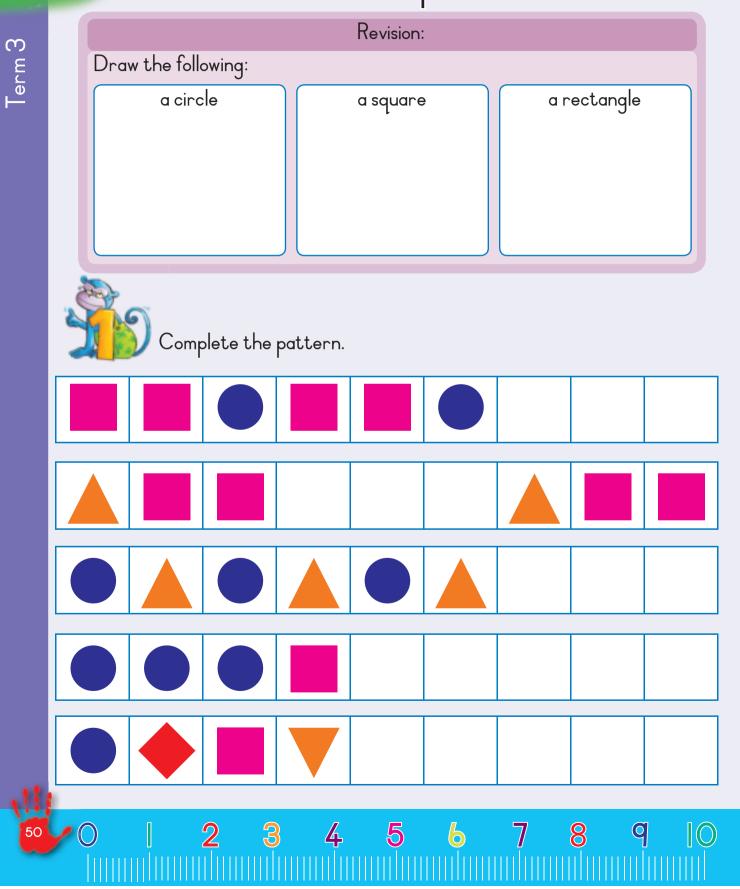


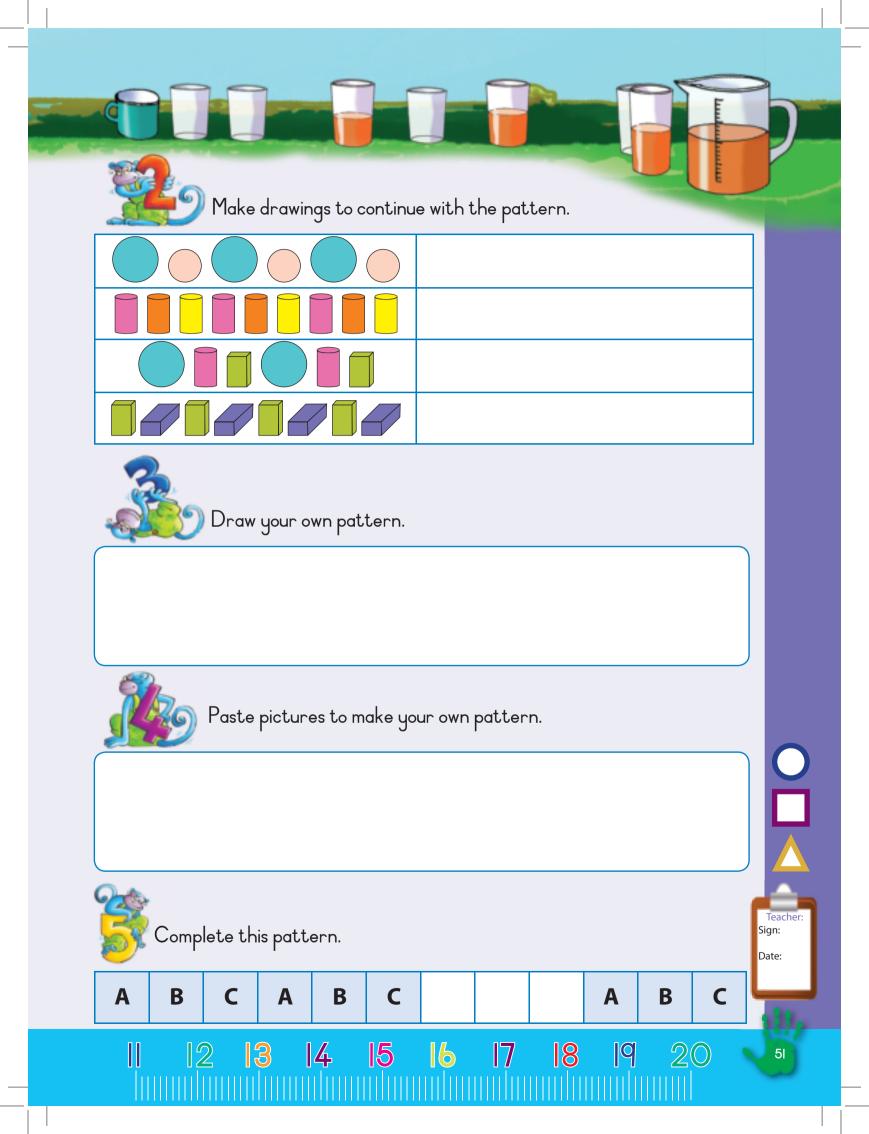
Sort the objects according to size by drawing them.

Small balls	Small boxes	0
Big balls	Big boxes	Teacher: Sign: Date:
4 15 16 17	18 19 20	49

Geometric patterns

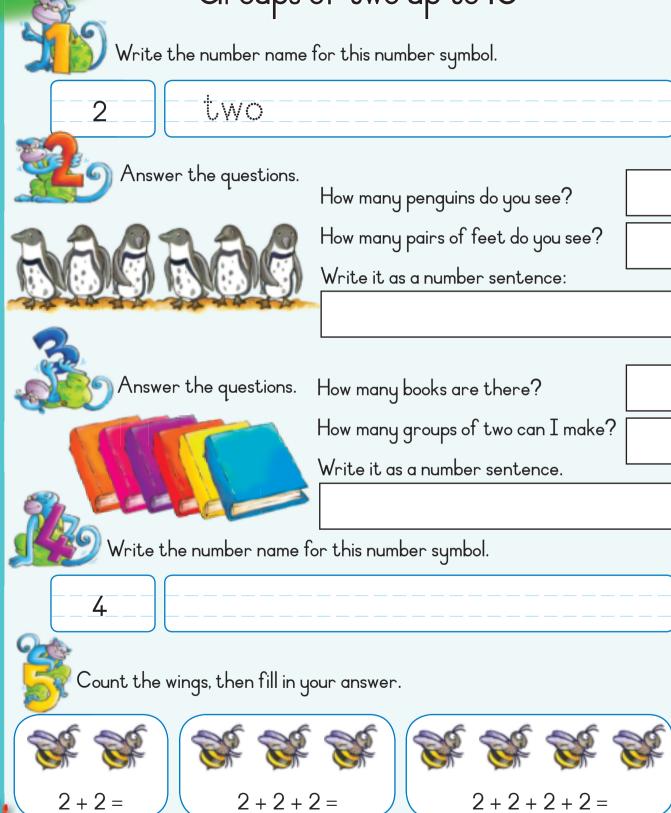
Date:



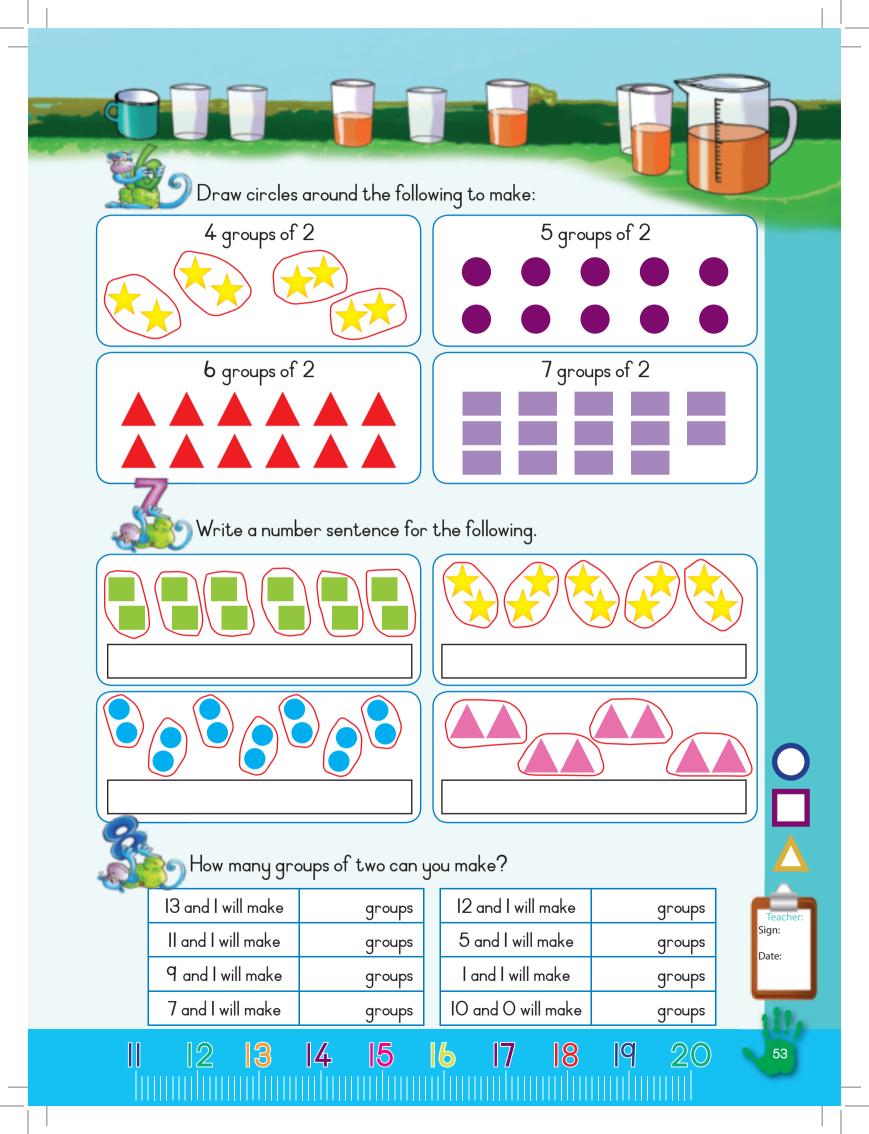


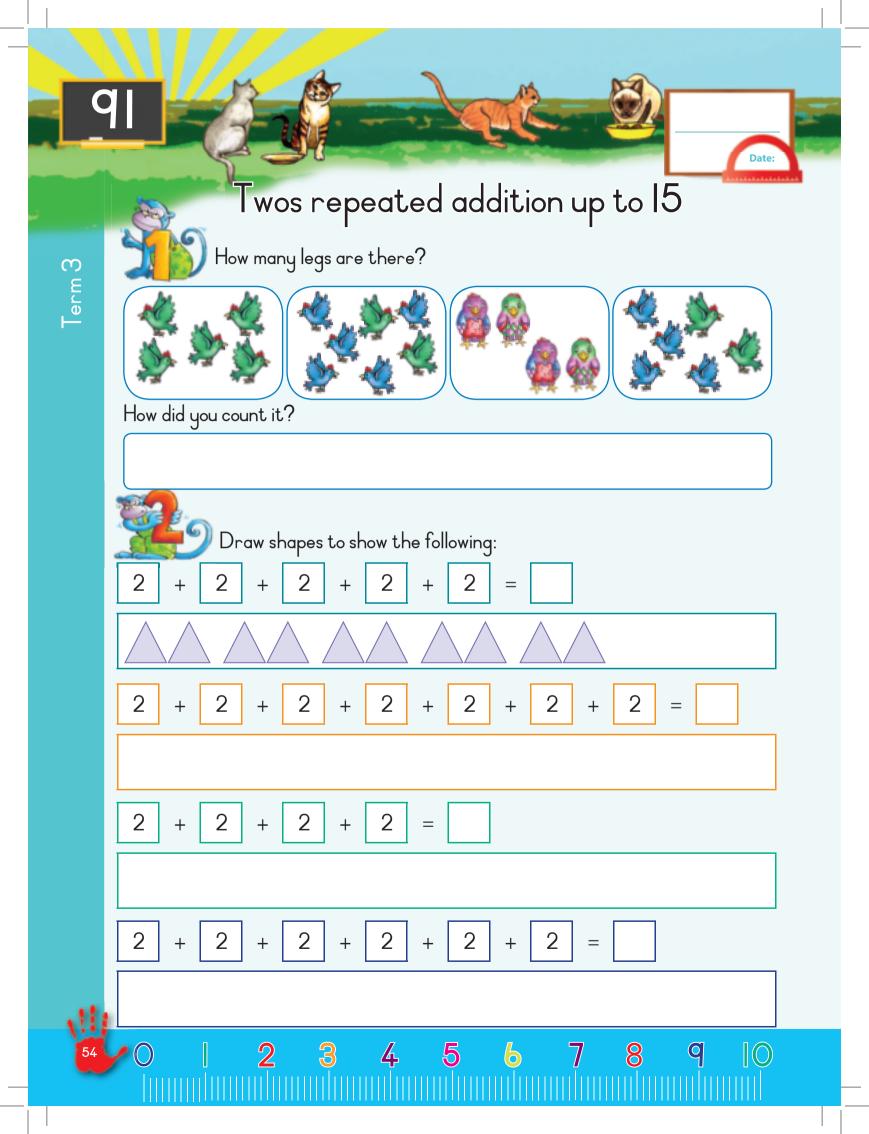
Groups of two up to 15

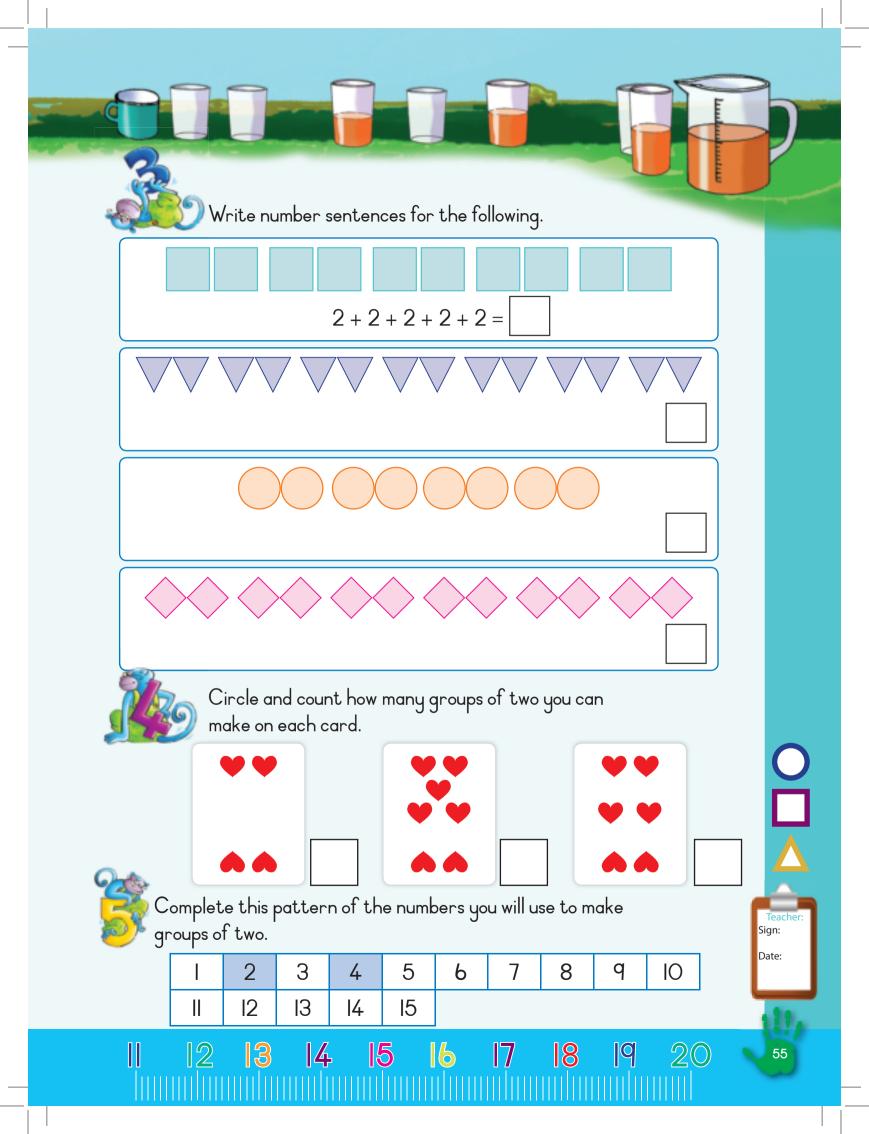


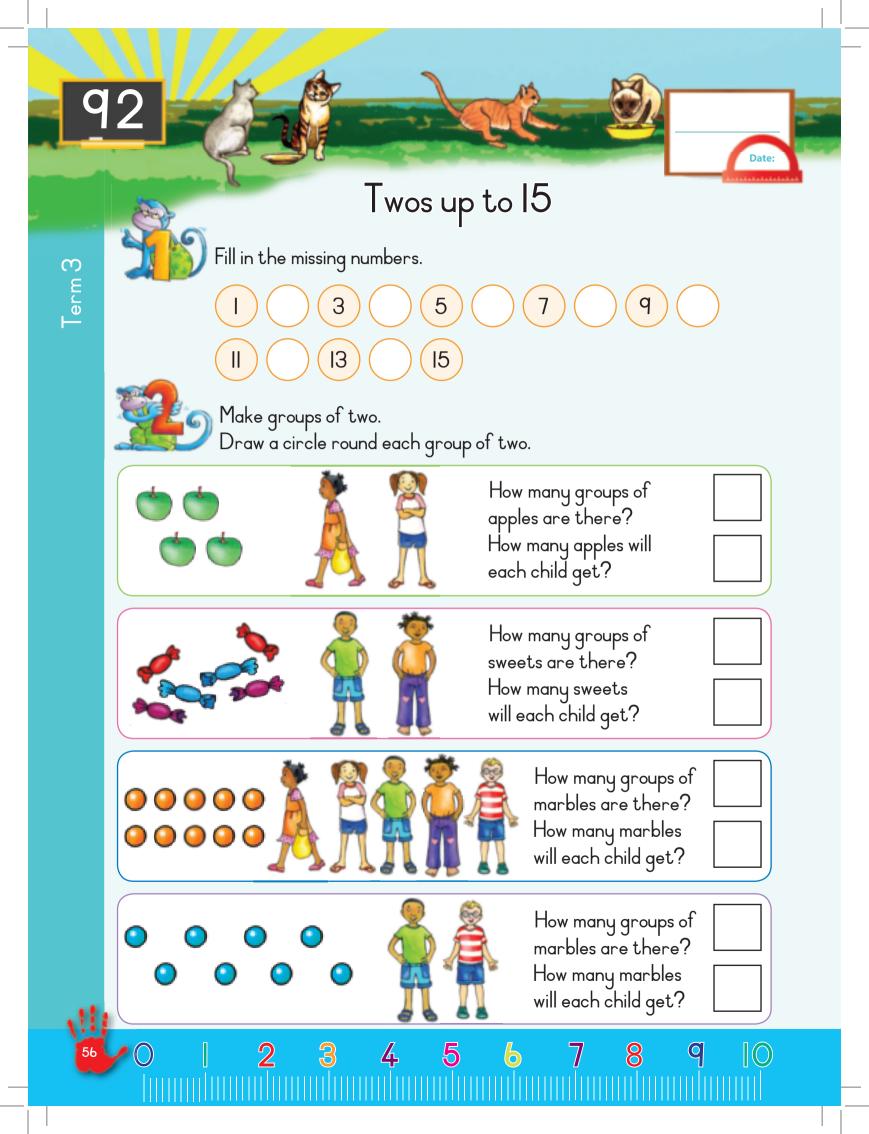


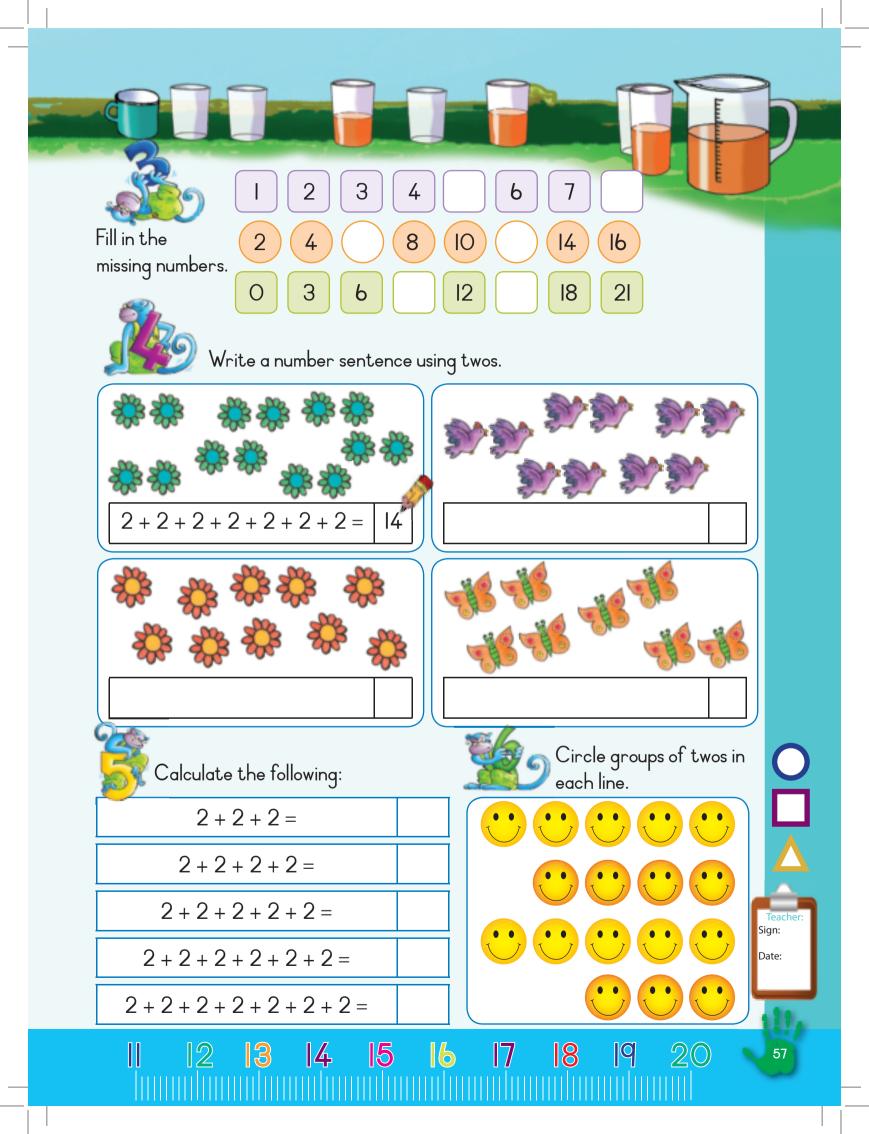
Q









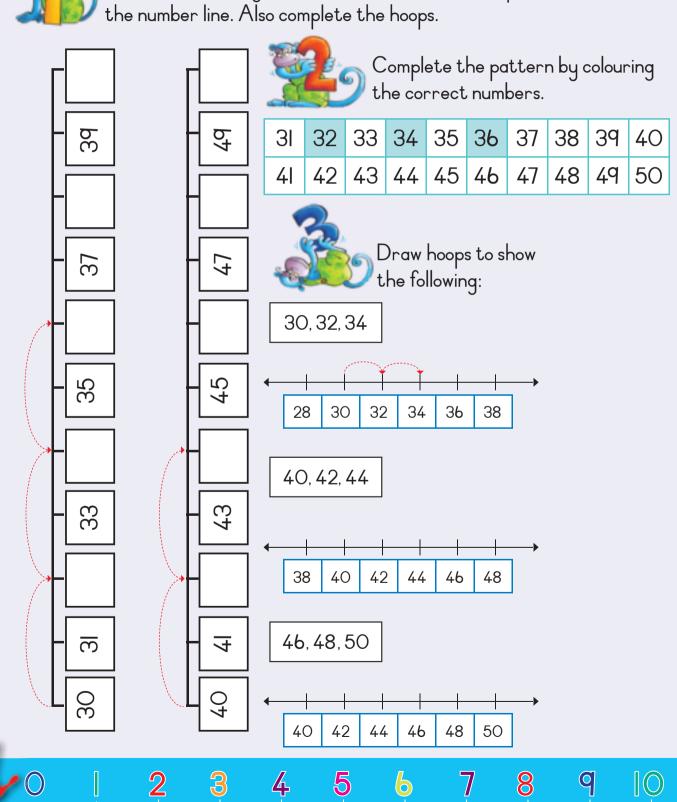


93

Number patterns 2 to 50

Cut out the missing numbers from Cut-out 2 and paste them on

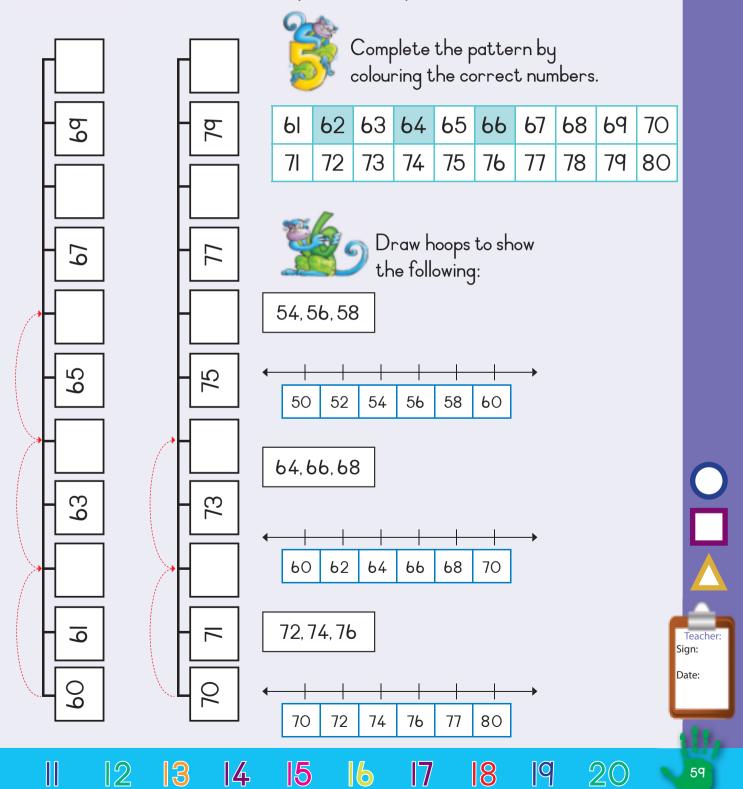
Term 3

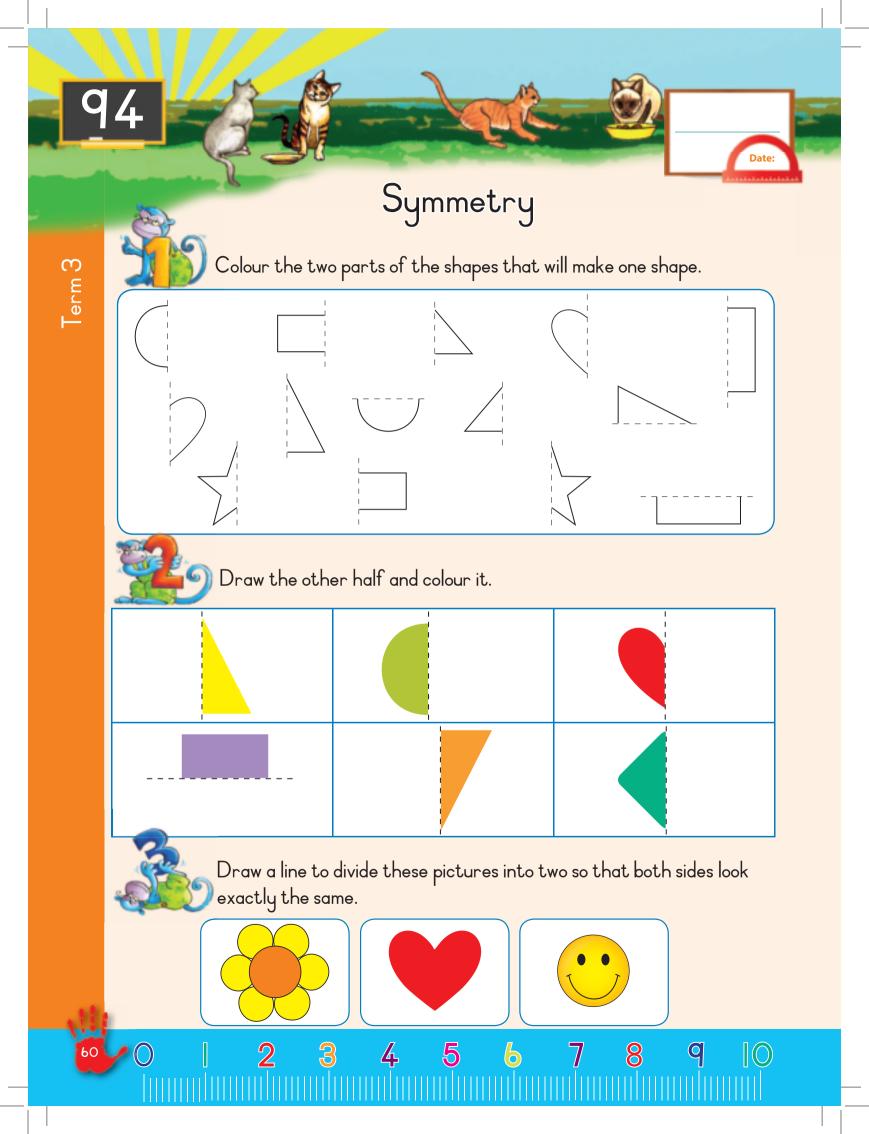


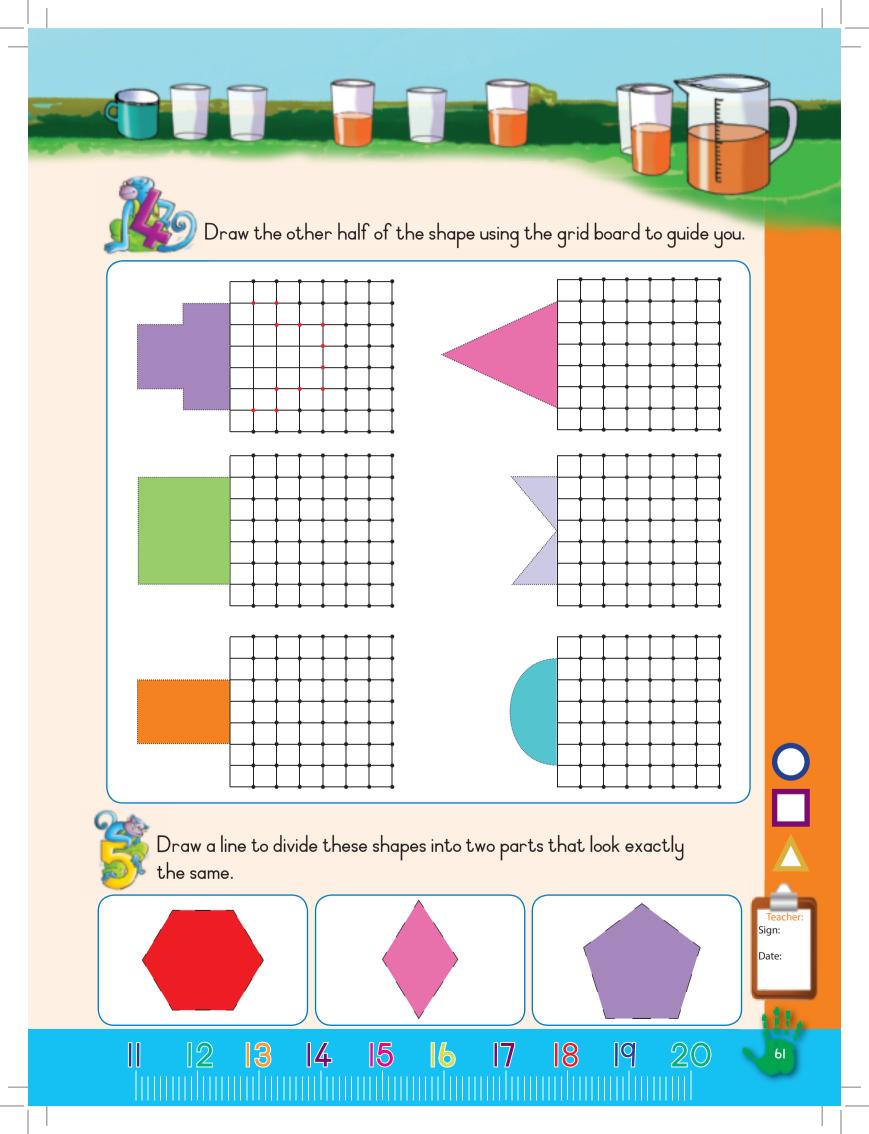


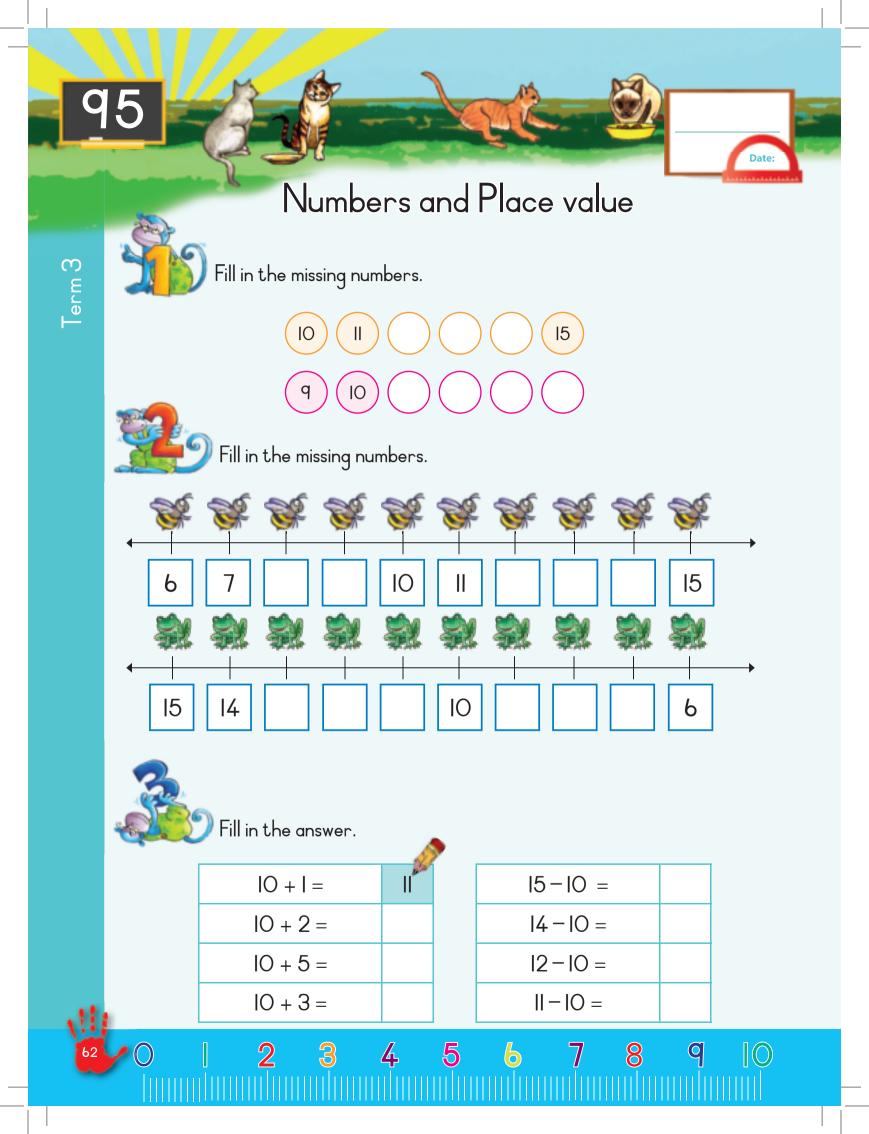


Cut the numbers from Cut-out 2 and place them on the number line. Complete the hoops.



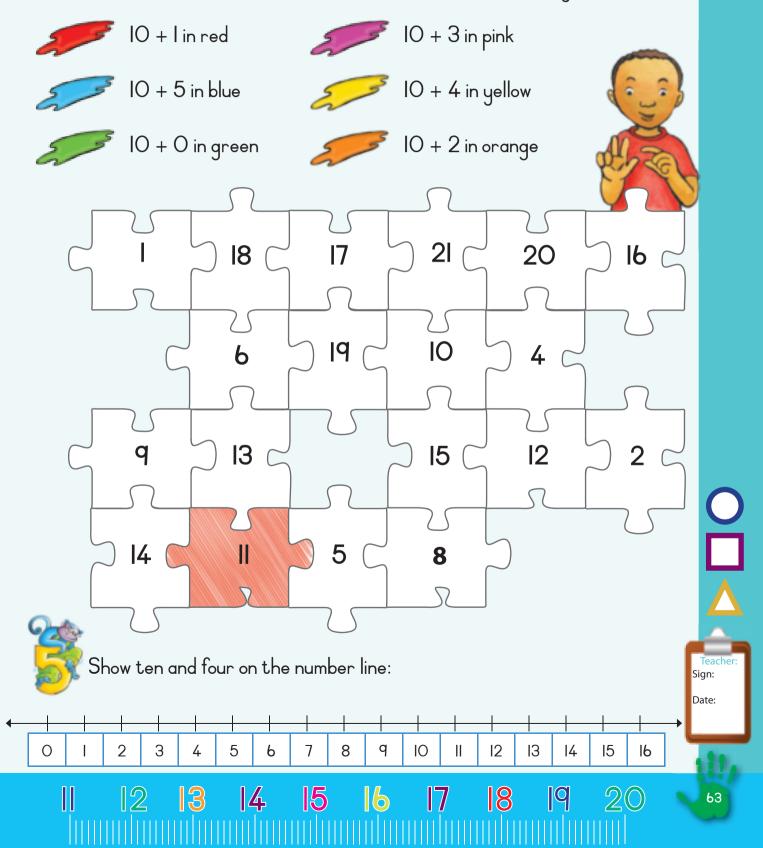








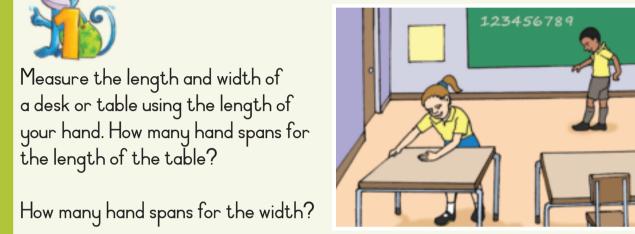
Calculate each colour sum and then colour in the correct puzzle piece that has the right number. Use the same colour. We have done the first one for you.





Term 3





The length is _____ hand spans.

How many foot spans on the side?





hand spans.

Date



Fill in the answer.

2

3



5

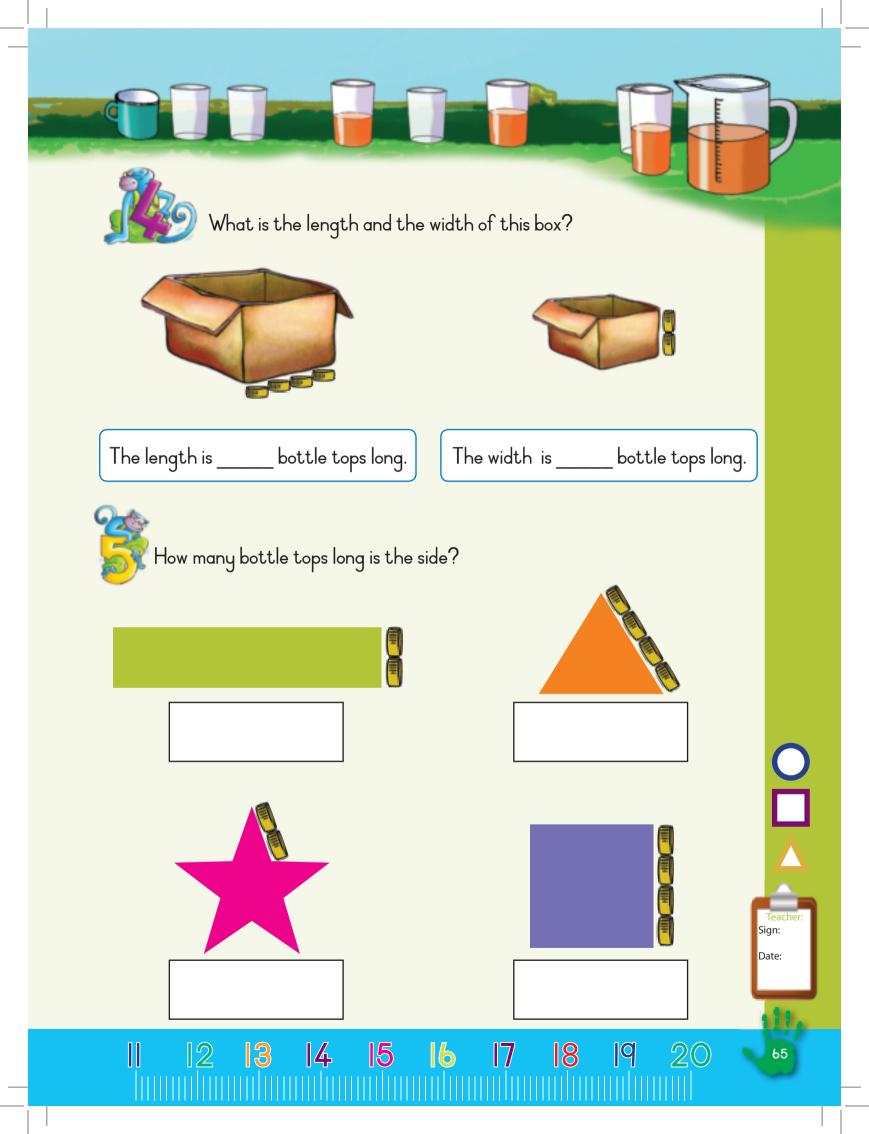
4

The width is _____

The length is _____ hand spans.

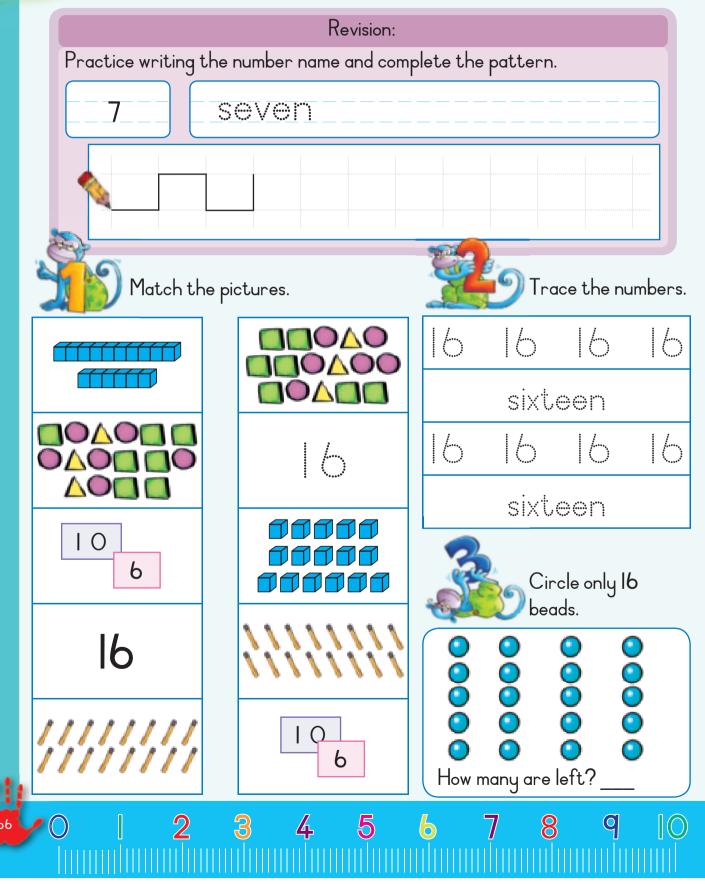
6

q

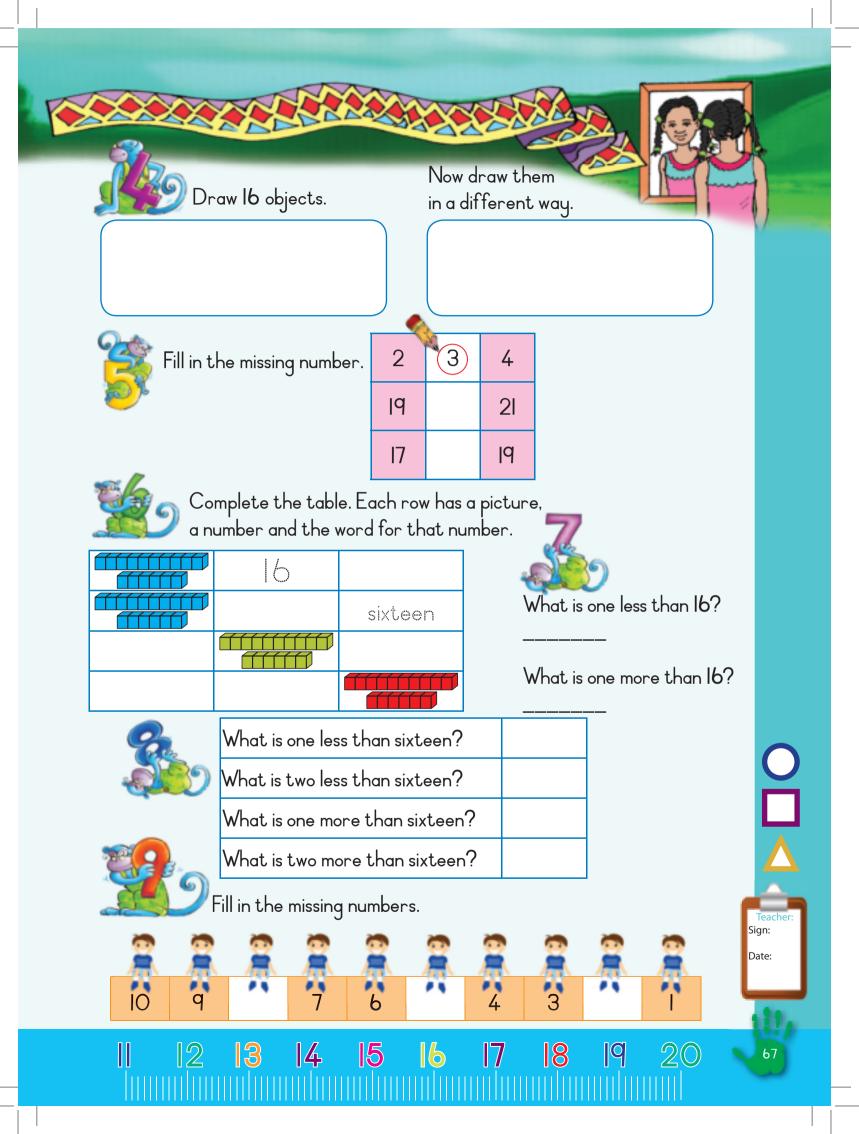


Number 16

Date:

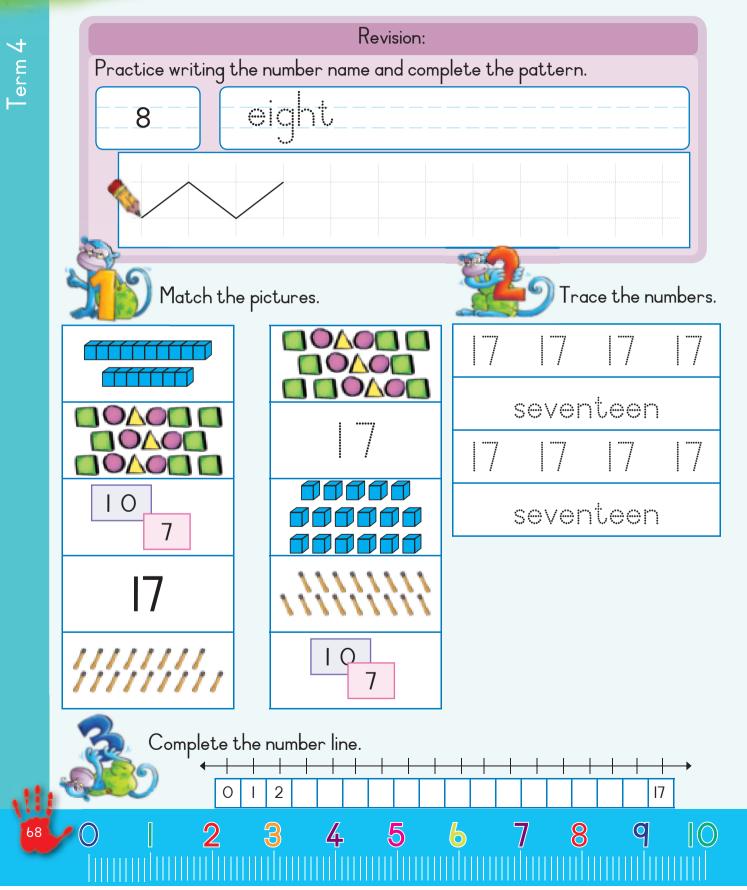


Term 4



Number 17

Date:



Draw 17 objects.

Now draw them in a different way.

17

25

18

16

24

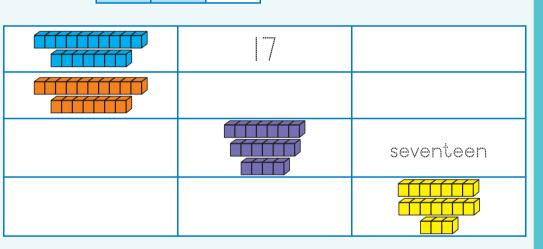
17

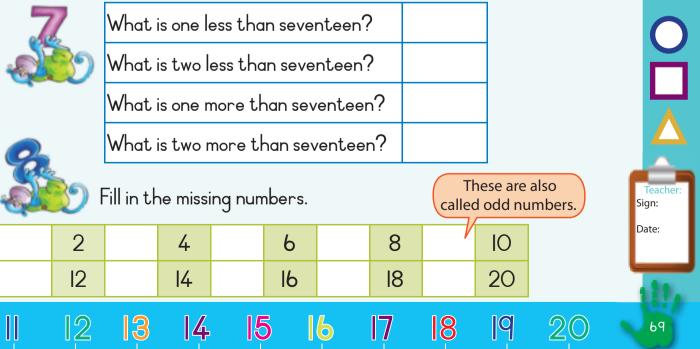
3

Which number comes after?



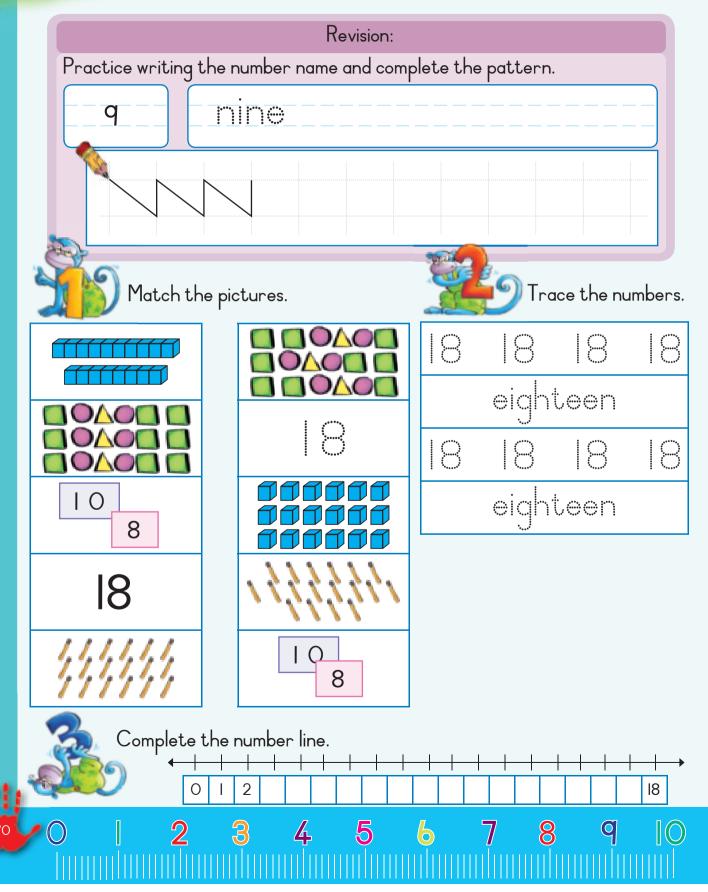
Complete the table. Each row has a picture, a number and the word for that number.





Number 18

Date:



Term 4

Now draw them Draw 18 objects. in a different way.

Which number comes after?



Complete the table. Each row has a picture, a number and the word for that

number.

18	
	eighteen

Teache Sign: Date:

71



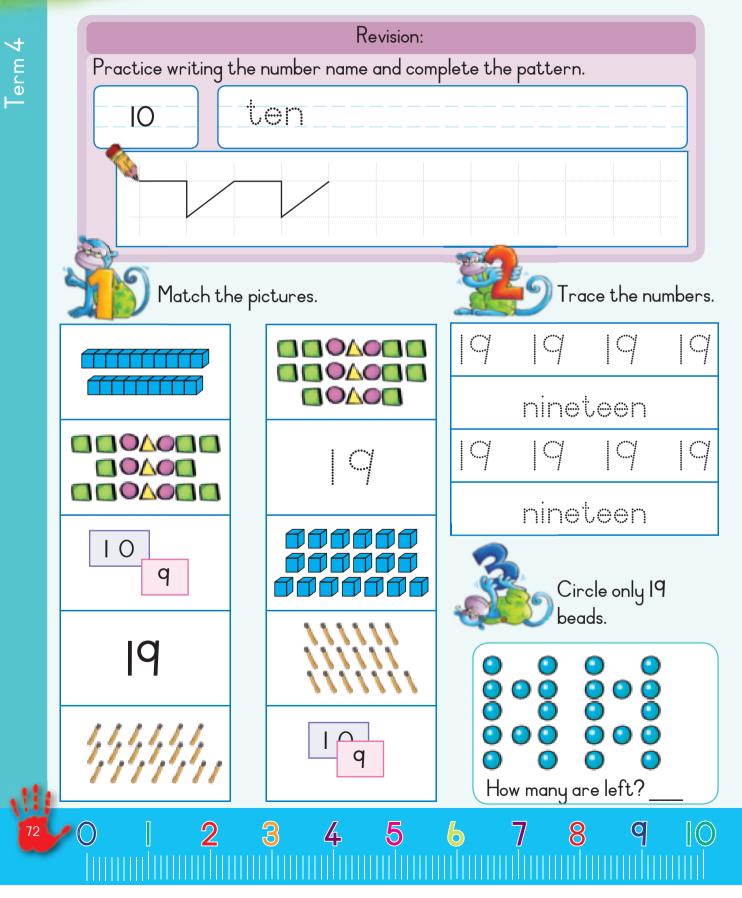
I

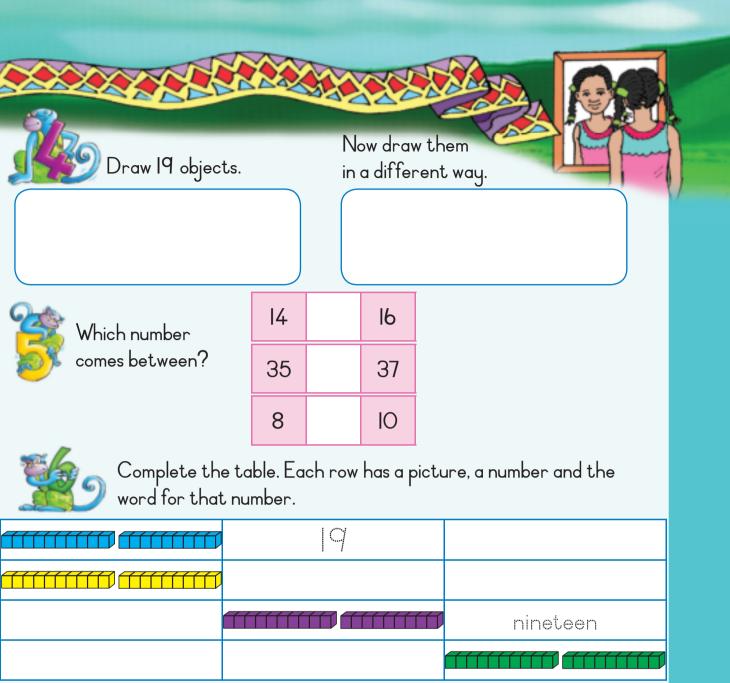
II

7	What is	s one le	ess thai	n 18?						
39	What is	s two le	ess tha	n 18?						
	What is one more than 18?									
	What is two more than 18?									
3	Fill in th	ne missi	ng nun	nbers.				-		ſ
2		4	5	6	7		q	IO		
	13	4	15		17	18		20		
12	13	4	Į	5	6	17	8	19	20	-

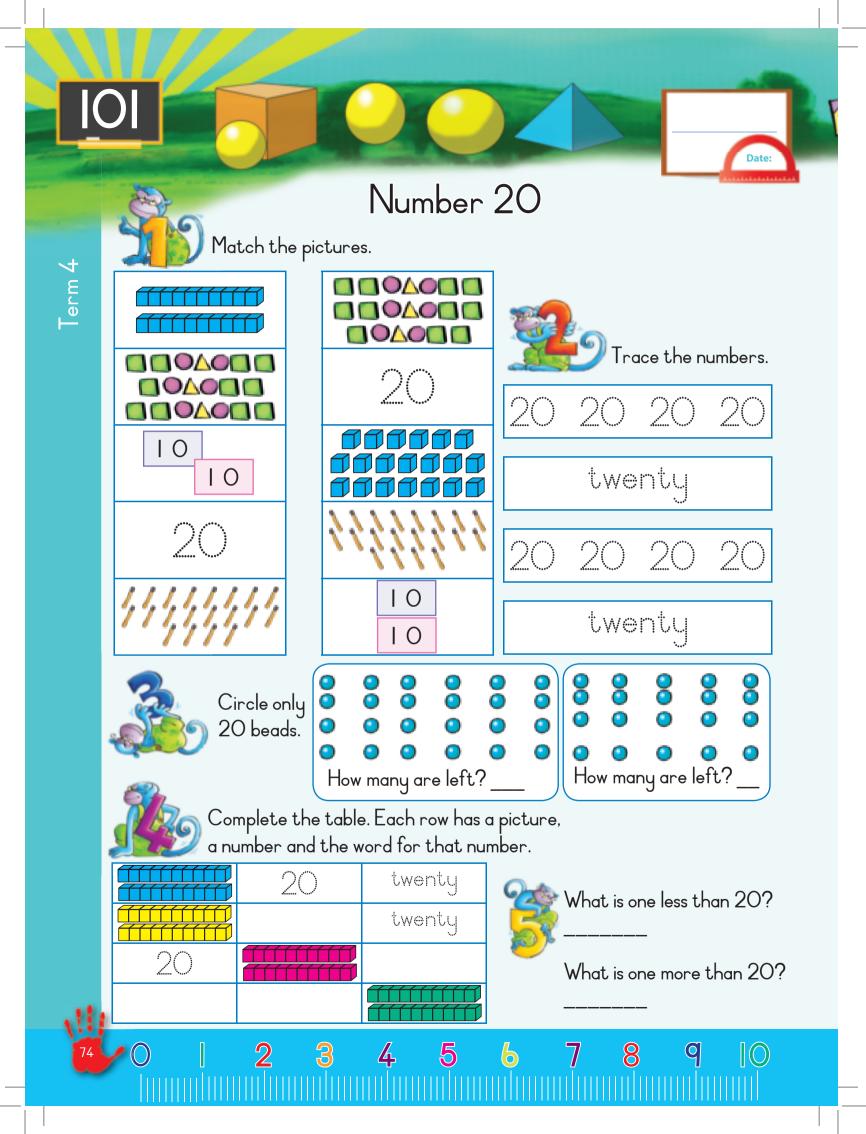
Number 19

Date:

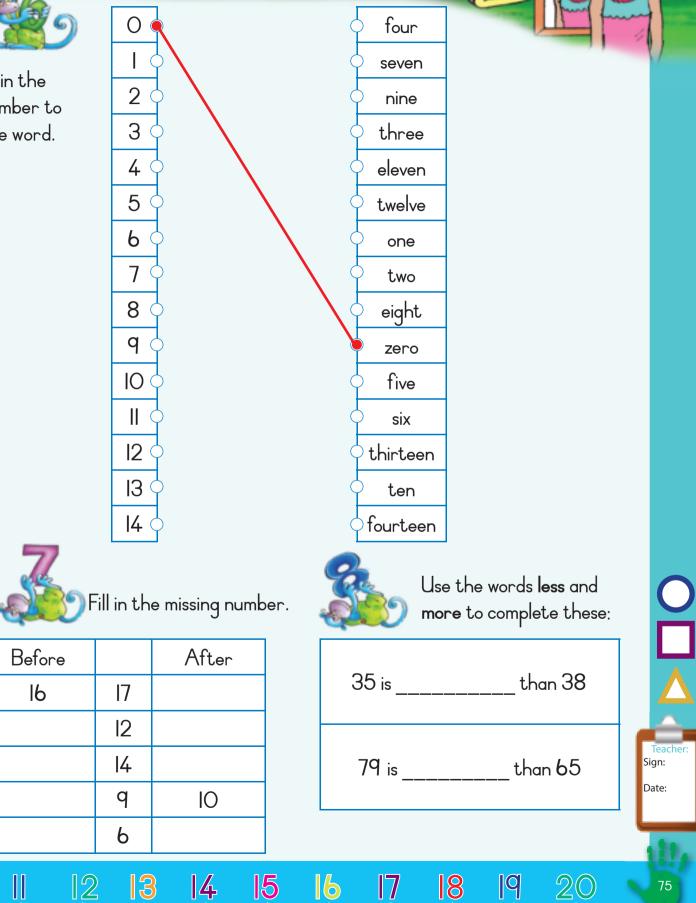




7	What is one less than 19?										
- S	39	What is two less than 19?									H
		What	is one r	nore th	nan 19'	?					_ L
		What	is two r	nore t	han 19'	?					
Ş)	Fill in th	ne missi	ng nun	nbers.					e also called numbers.	Teacher: Sign:
I		3		5		7		q			Date:
Ш		13		15		17		Ιq			127.
	12	13	4	I.	5	6	17	18	19	20	73



Join the number to the word.



102

Addition



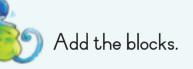
Circle the bigger number in each block.

3	5	15	II	20	8
8	7	12	6	17	18

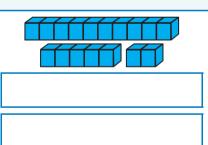


Add the following. Start by putting the biggest number first.

I + I + 5 =	5 + + =
6 + 2 + IO =	
3 + 4 + 2 =	
2 + 6 + 3 =	
I + IO + 2 =	

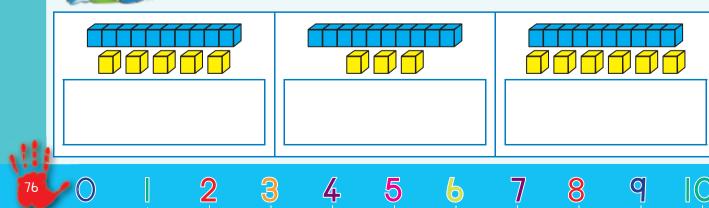


IO + 2 + 3 = I5	
IO + 5 = I5	

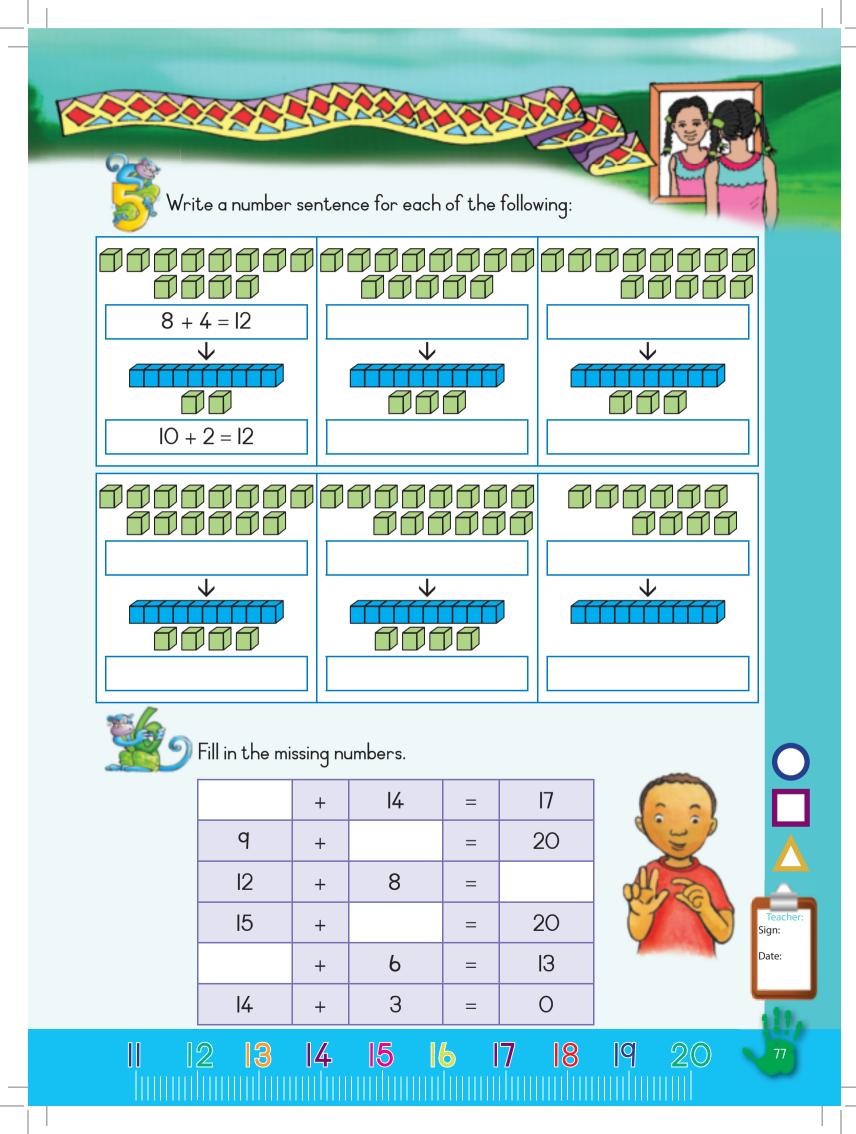


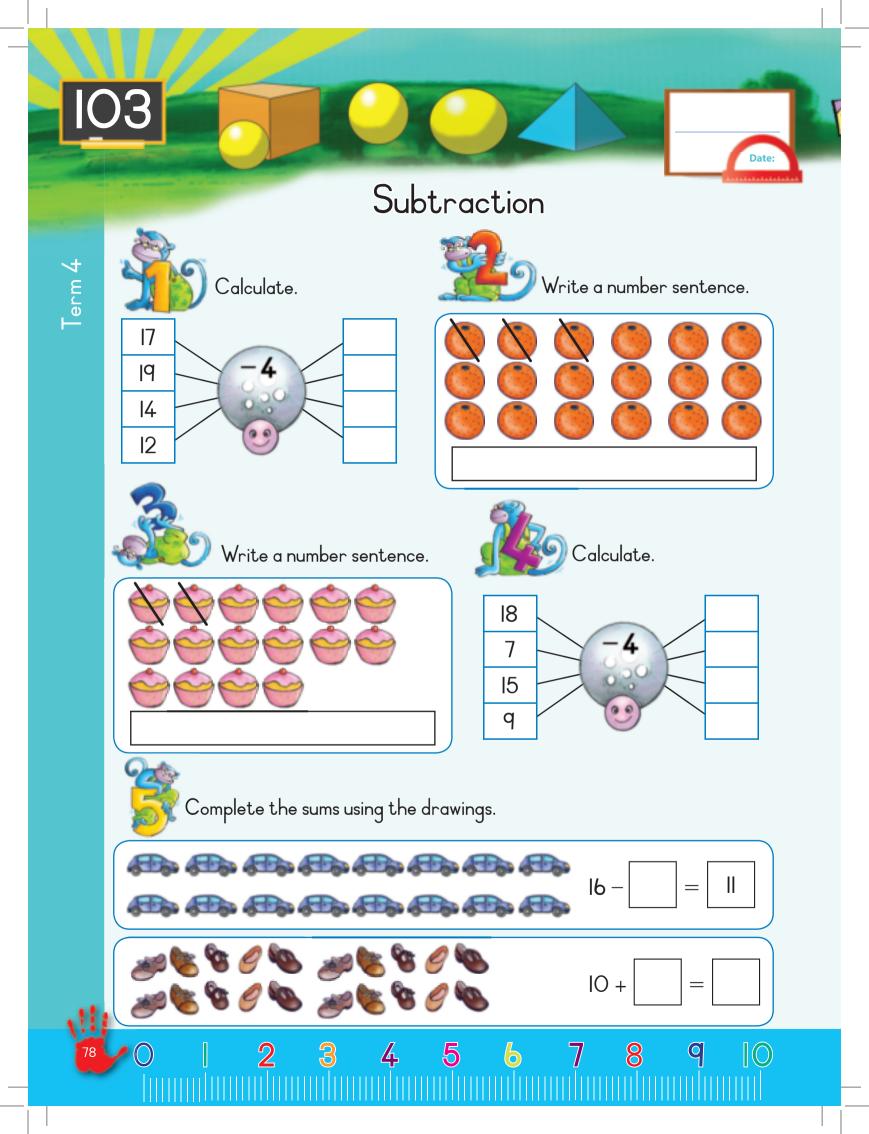
Date:

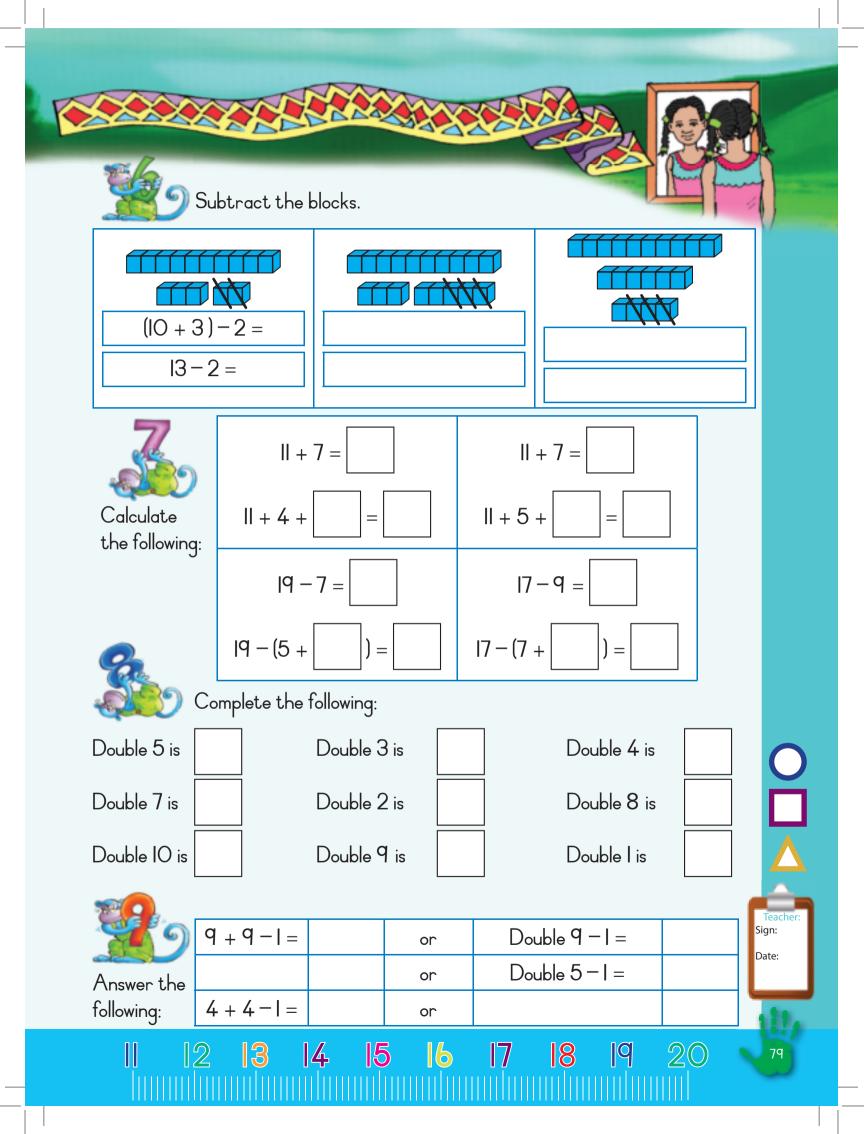
Write a number sentence for the following:



Term 4







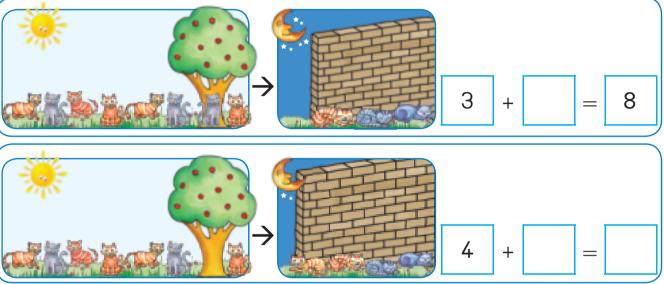
<u>104</u>

Term 4

Addition and subtraction



Count how many cats there are sitting in the sun. At night, some of them go to sleep behind the wall. Work out how many are behind the wall and write it down.





Solve the following. You can make a drawing to help you.



Lerato had 4 oranges. Peter gave her 13 oranges. How many oranges does she have now?

5

Mandla has 5 pencil crayons. Anne has 8 pencil crayons. Who has fewer pencil crayons?

4

2

2



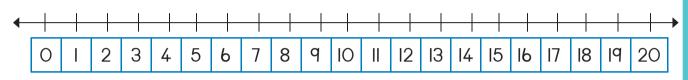
 $\left\| \left(\right) \right\|$

Q



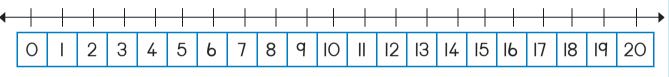
Use a number line to solve the following:

Thandi has 6 green and 9 blue marbles. How many marbles does she have?



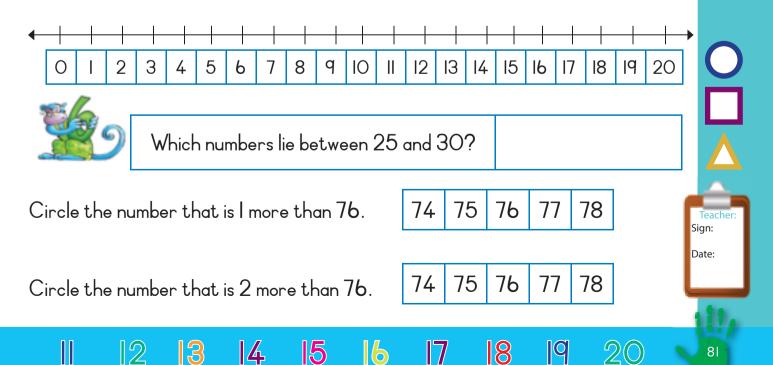


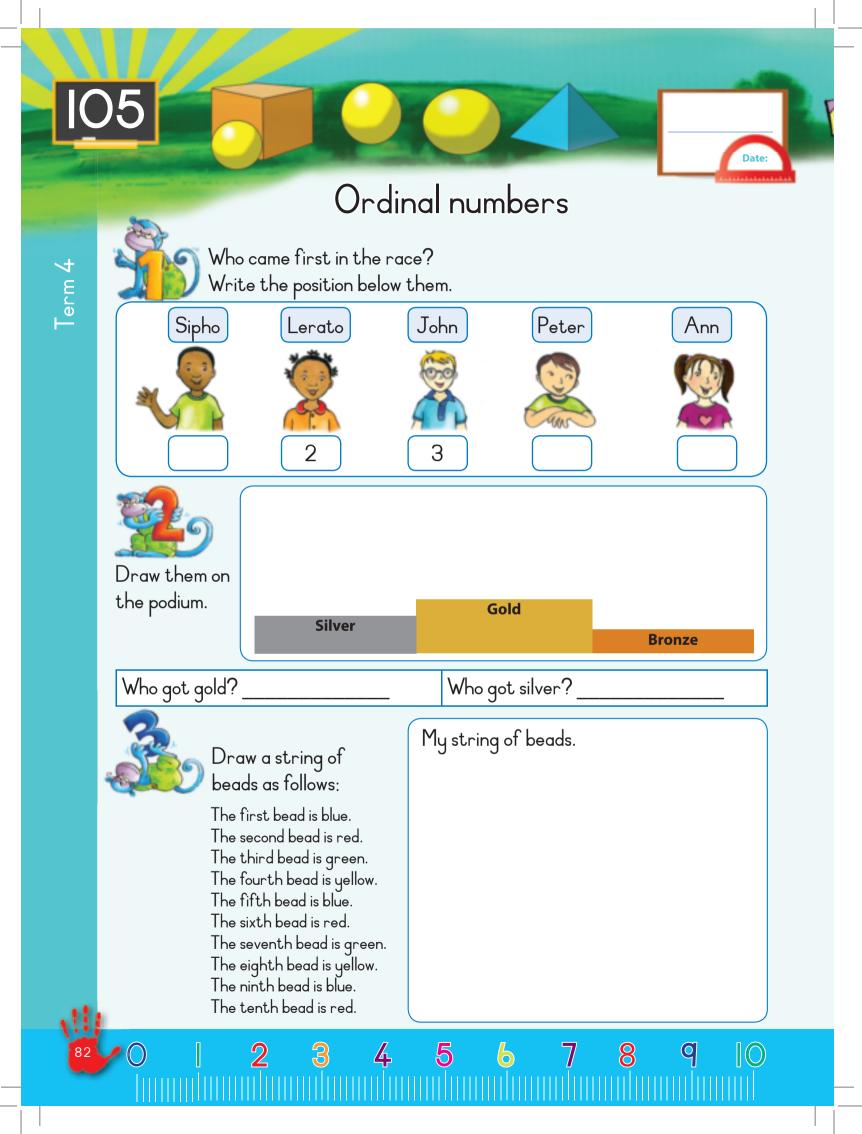
Lerato has 16 marbles. Eight are green and the rest are blue. How many blue marbles does Lerato have?





Thandi has 19 bananas. Themba has 10 bananas. How many more bananas does Thandi have than Themba?





Look at the order of the shapes. Copy the shapes in the correct places in the table. We have done the first one for you.



Which shape is:							
Fourth		Seventh					
Fifth		Ninth					
Second		Last					
Third		Sixth					



Do the following:



Sign: Date:

83



Colour the first circle red.



Colour the fifth circle yellow.



Colour the eighth circle blue.

|4



12

13

Draw a 10 to 20 number line. Circle the third and the eighth numbers.

15

6

8

17

9

Objects and shapes

Revision:

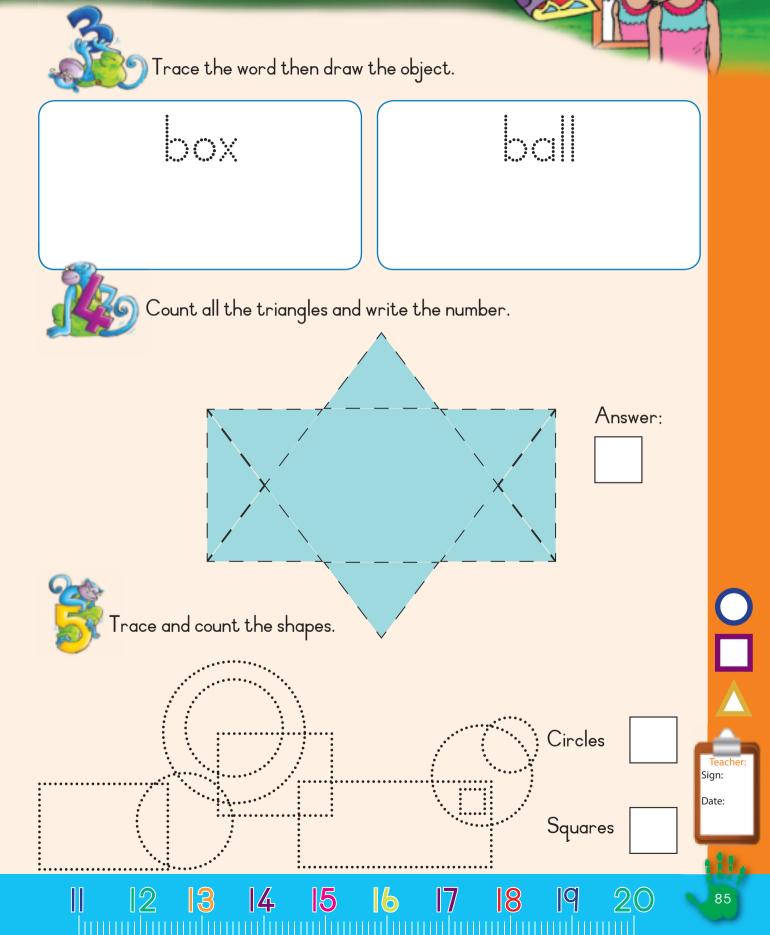
Date

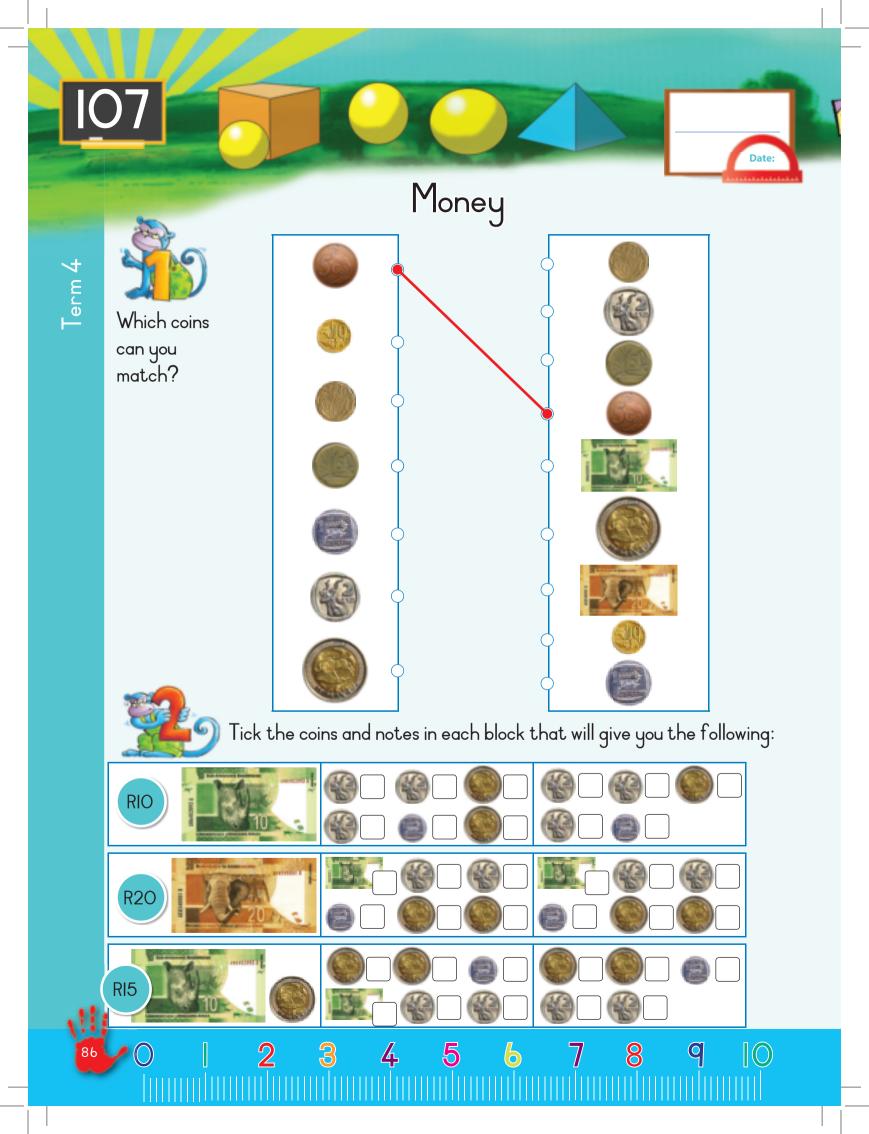
Revision: Complete the pattern.

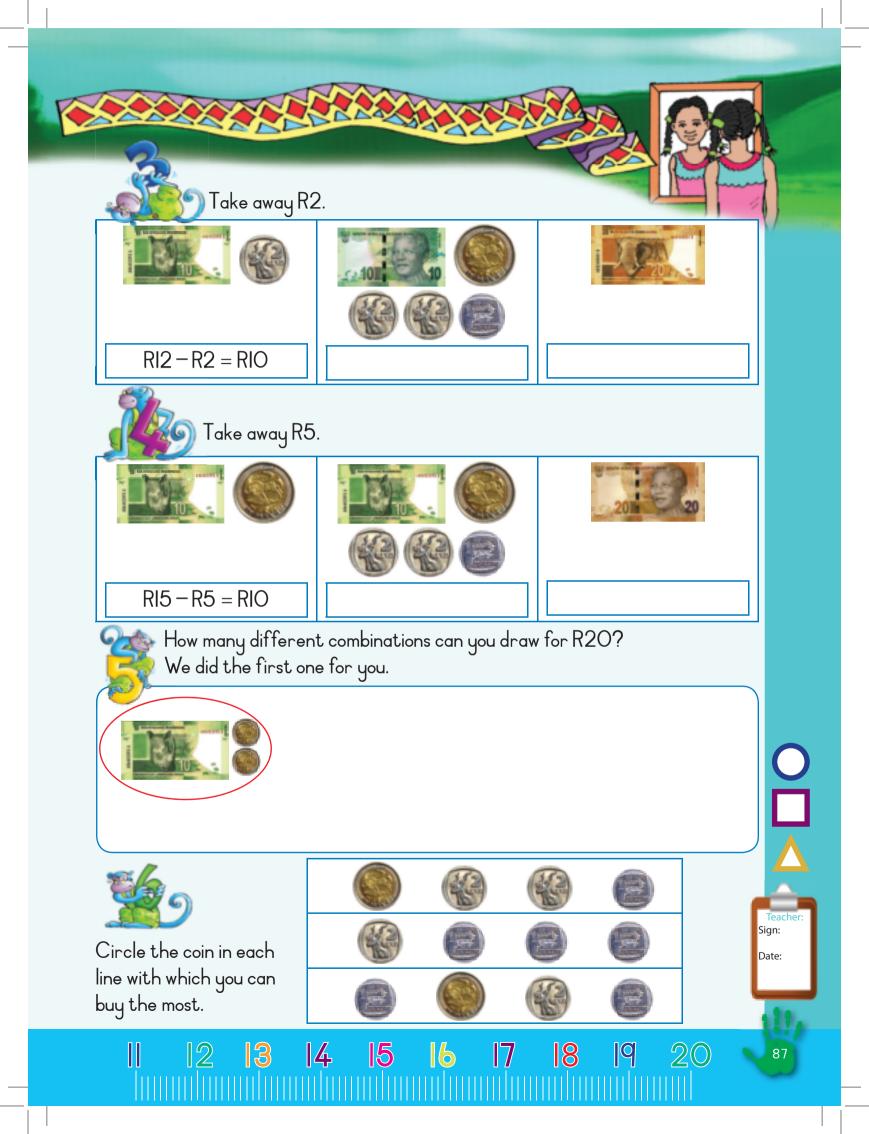
S Find two pictures of a ball and two pictures of a box in a newspaper or magazine and paste them below.

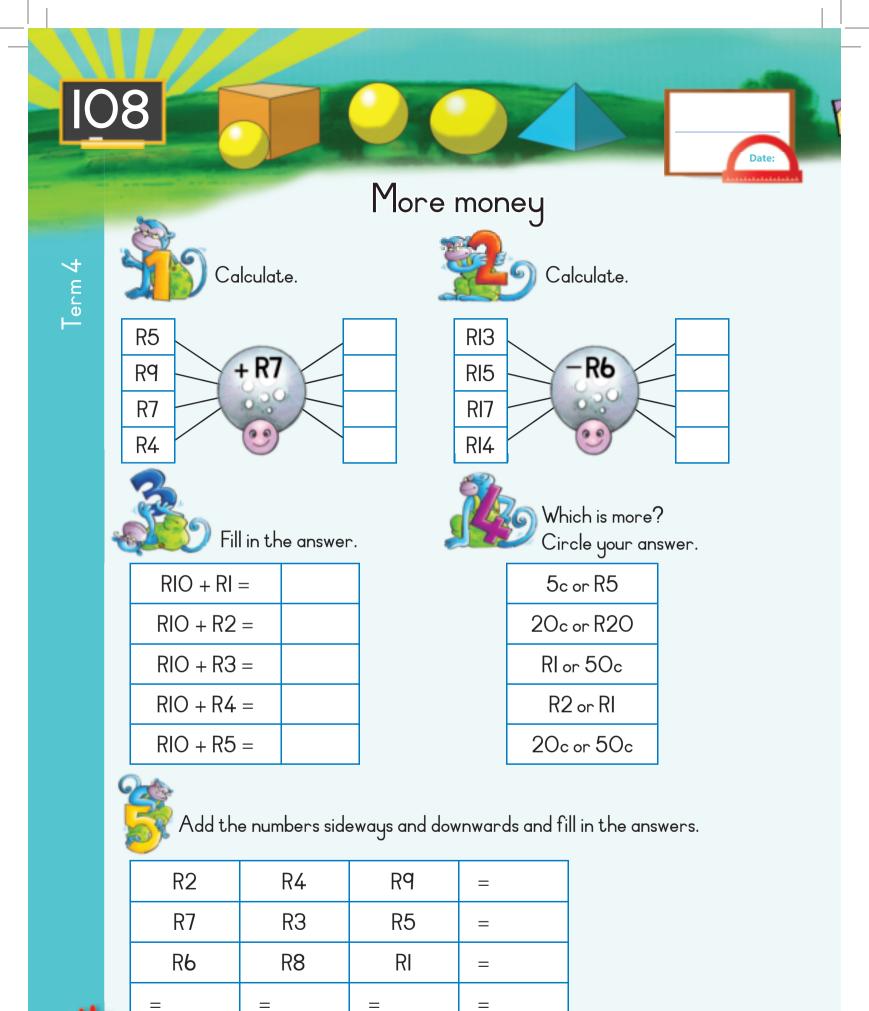
Draw a blue circle around all the objects that can slide. Draw a red square around all the objects that can roll.











q

Look at the example and complete the rest.

RI7 RIO R7 += **RI6** = +**RI5** = +RI4 +=RI3 = +RI2= +



James bought bread for R8. He paid for it with a RIO note. How much change did he get?

What is the question?

Write down the numbers.

Write down the sum and calculate it.



Busi's mother bought a hat for RI7. She paid with two RIO notes. How much change did she get?

What is the question?



6

15

Judy's birthday was on Sunday. She received R5 from her sister, R2 from her brother and RIO from her cousin. How much money did she get altogether?

What is the question?

Write down the numbers.

|2|

Write down the numbers.

Write down the sum and calculate it.

3

4

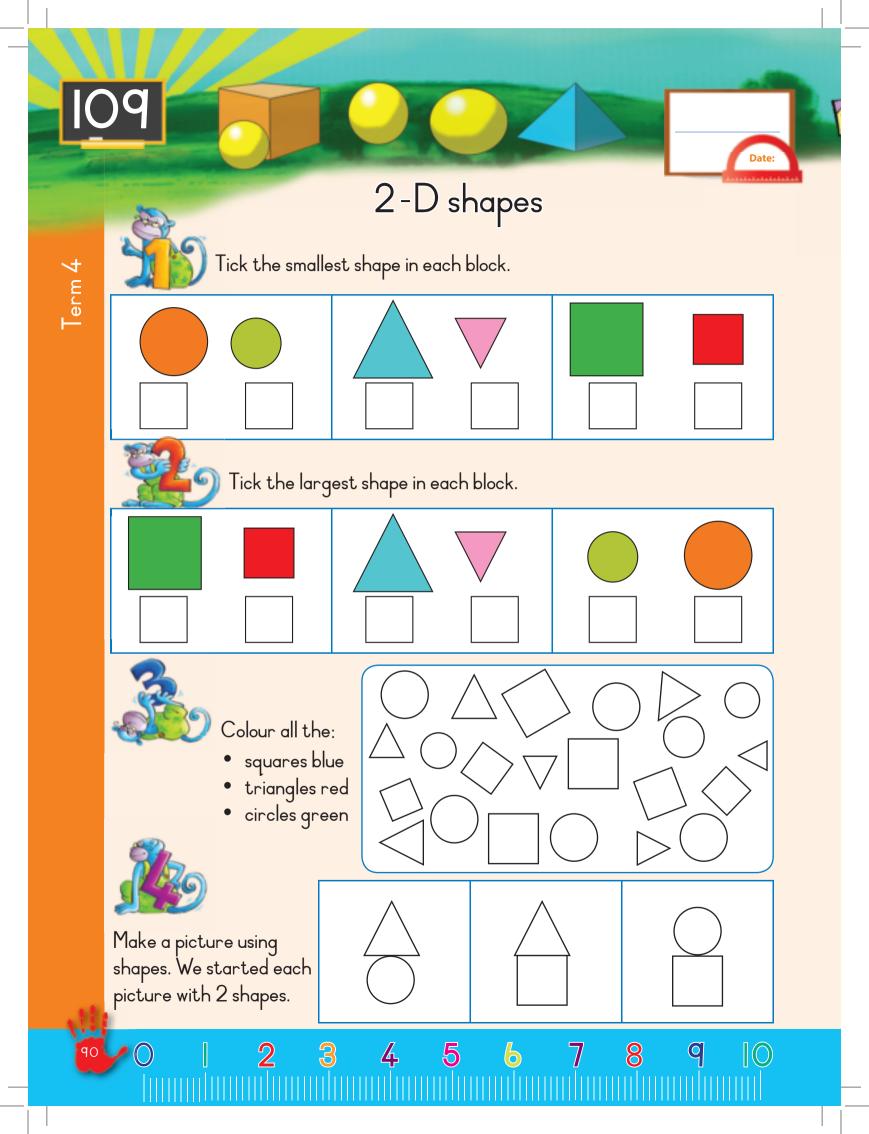
Write down the sum and calculate it.

Q

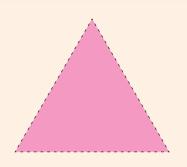
20

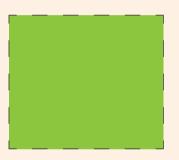
8

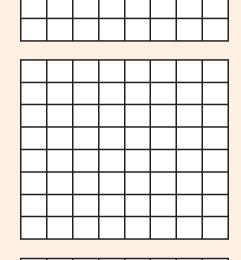


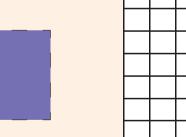


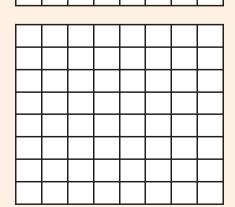
Draw the shapes in the grid. Use the small squares to help you.







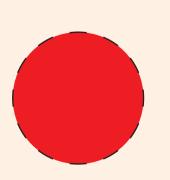




17

8

19 20



3

12

ļļ

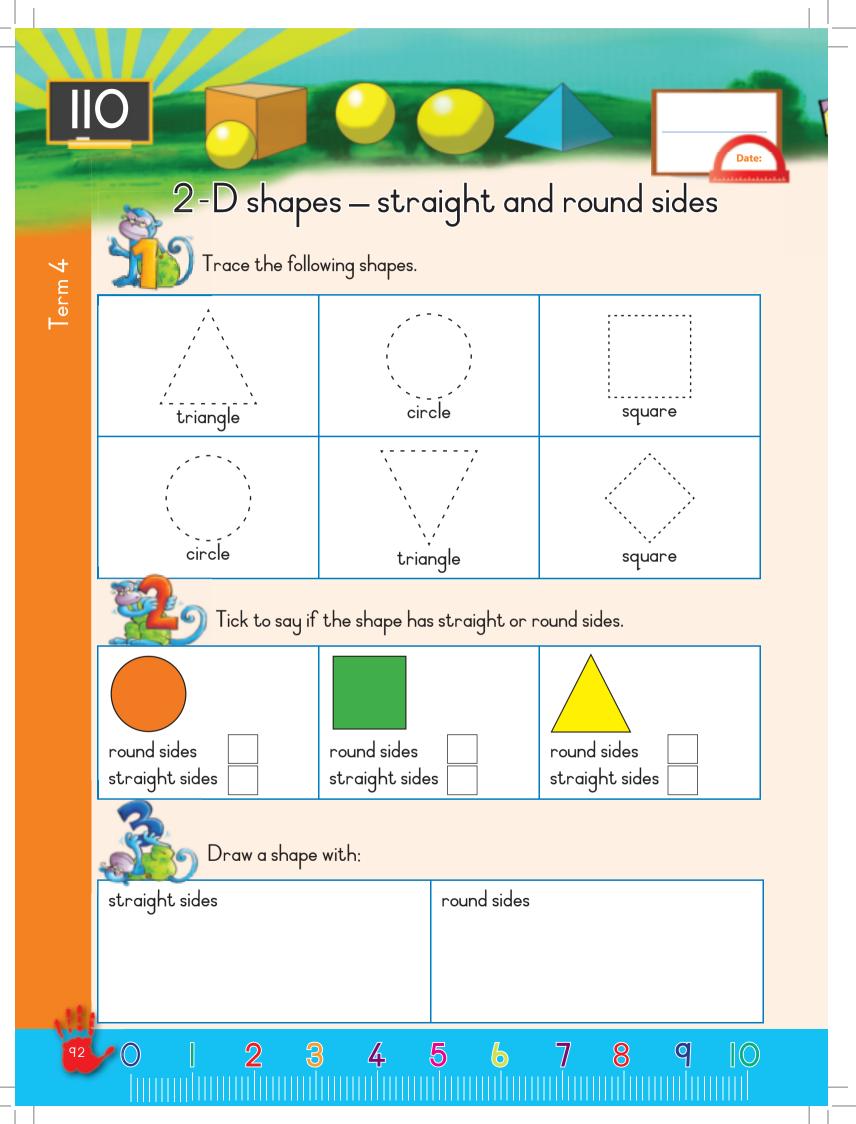
|4

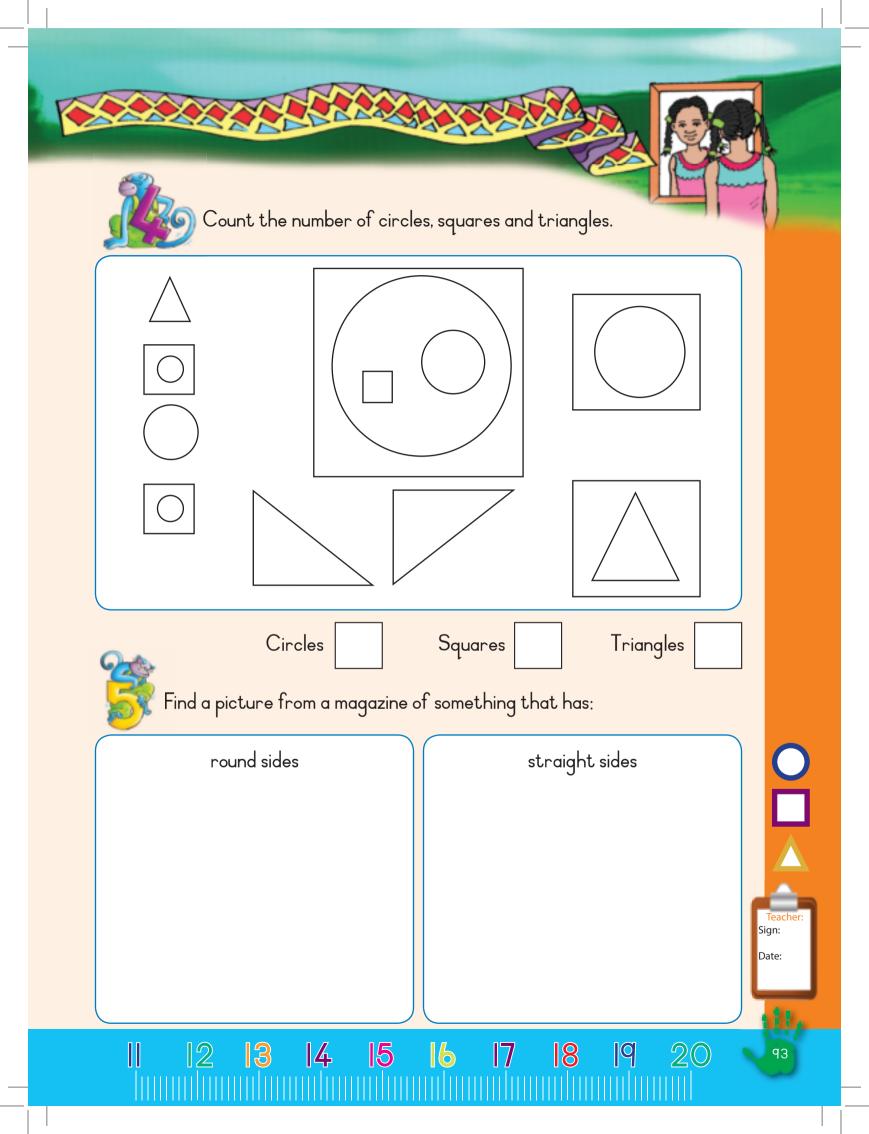
15

6

111

Teachei Sign: Date:





M 2-Dak

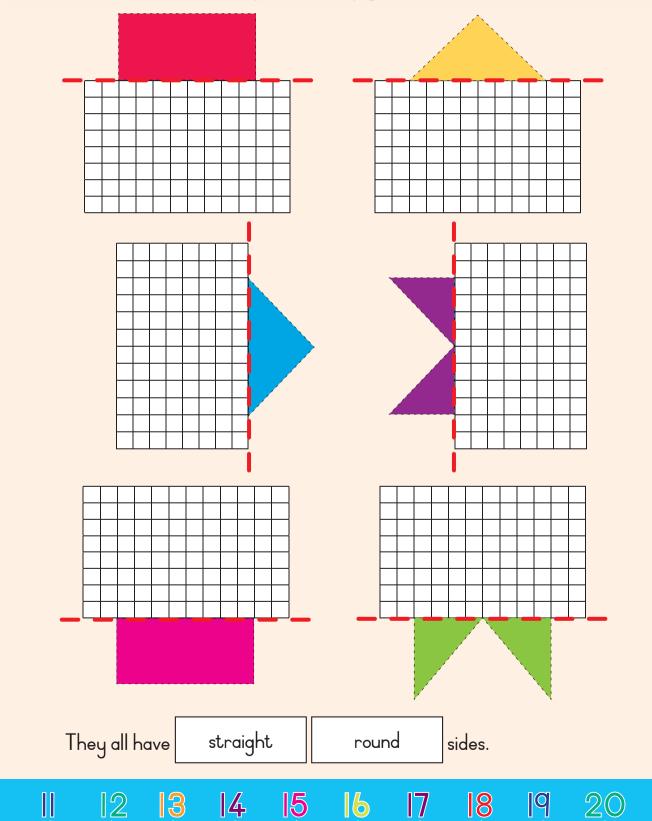
Date:

T_{erm} 4

Π

	More 2-D shap	es
Name the follo	owing shapes:	
Draw your o	wn picture using circles, tria	ngles and squares only.
0 2 3	3 4 5 6	7 8 9 [O

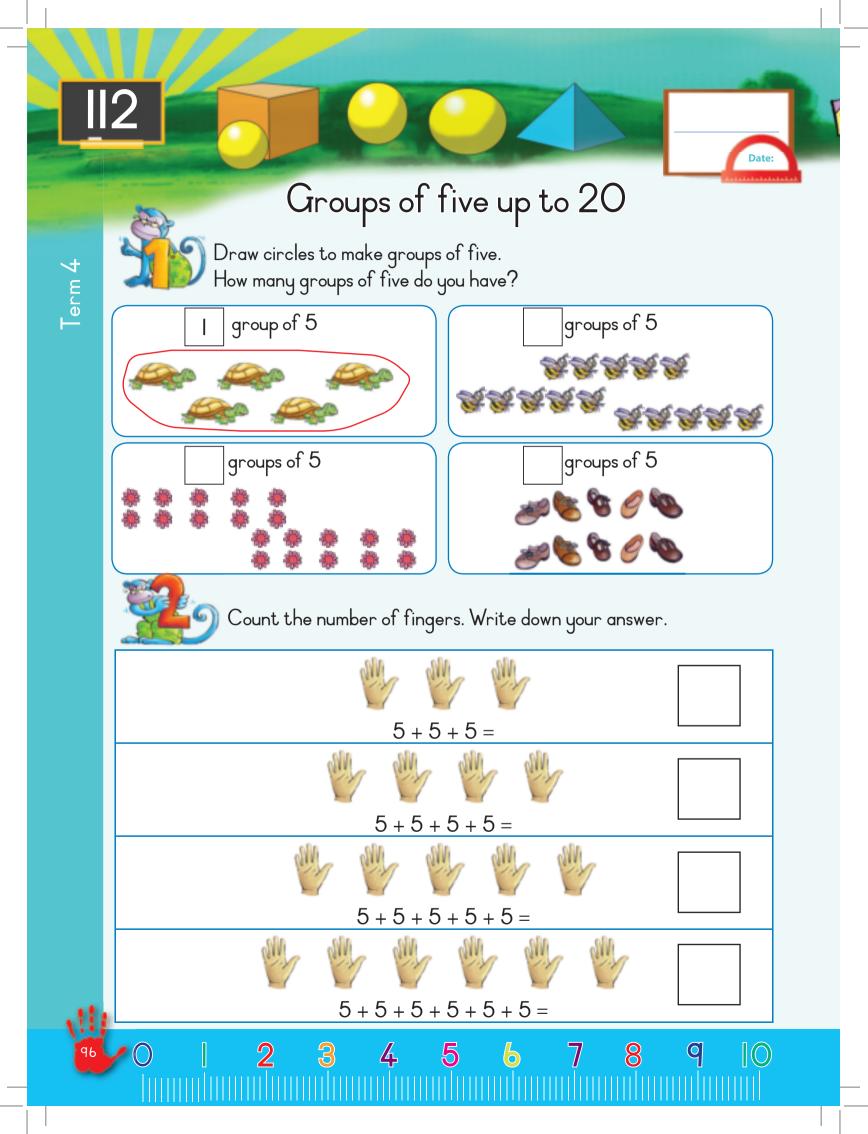
Draw the other half of each shape. Use the small squares to help you.

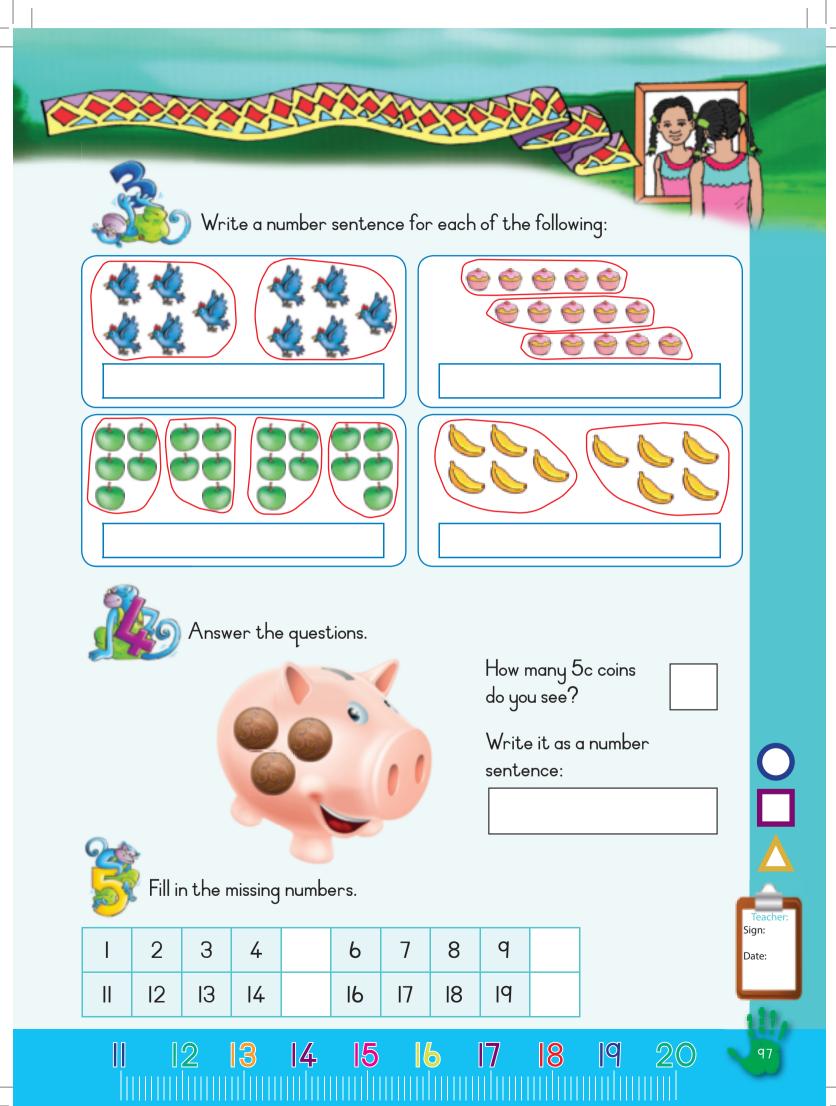


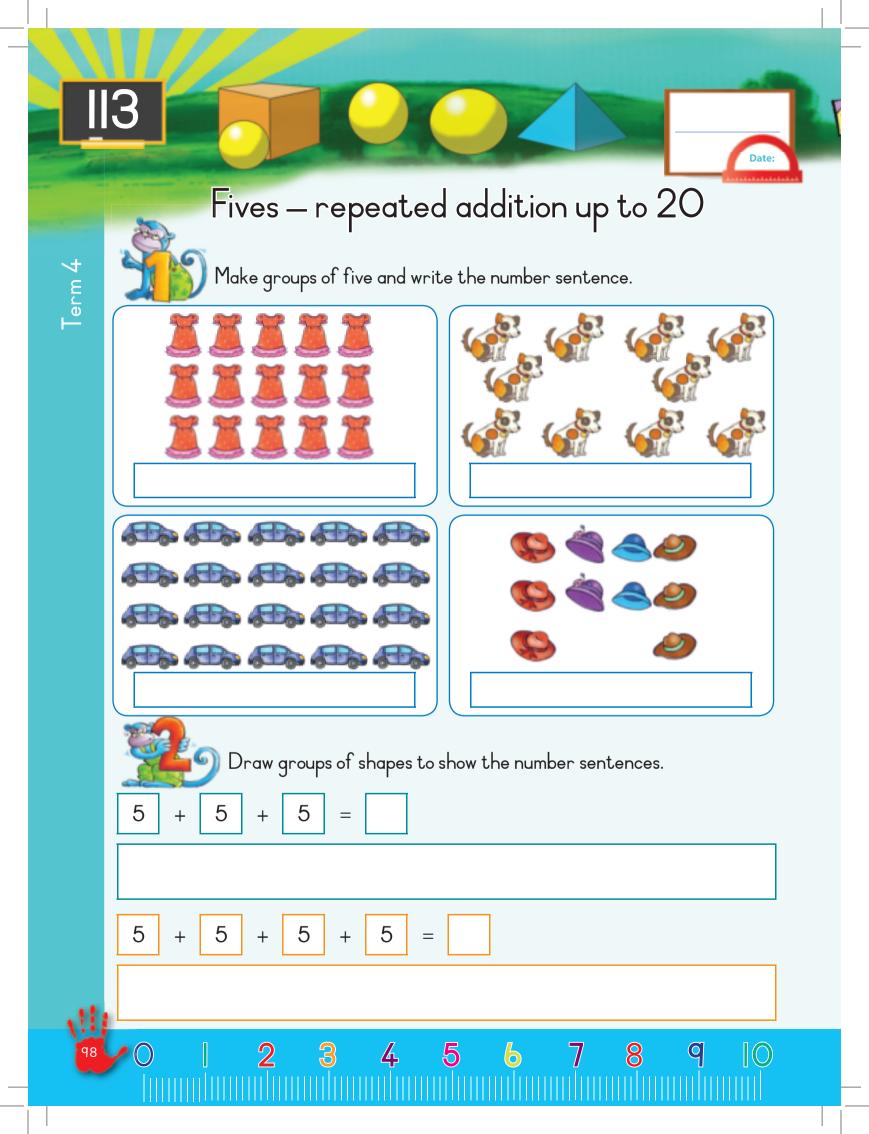
95

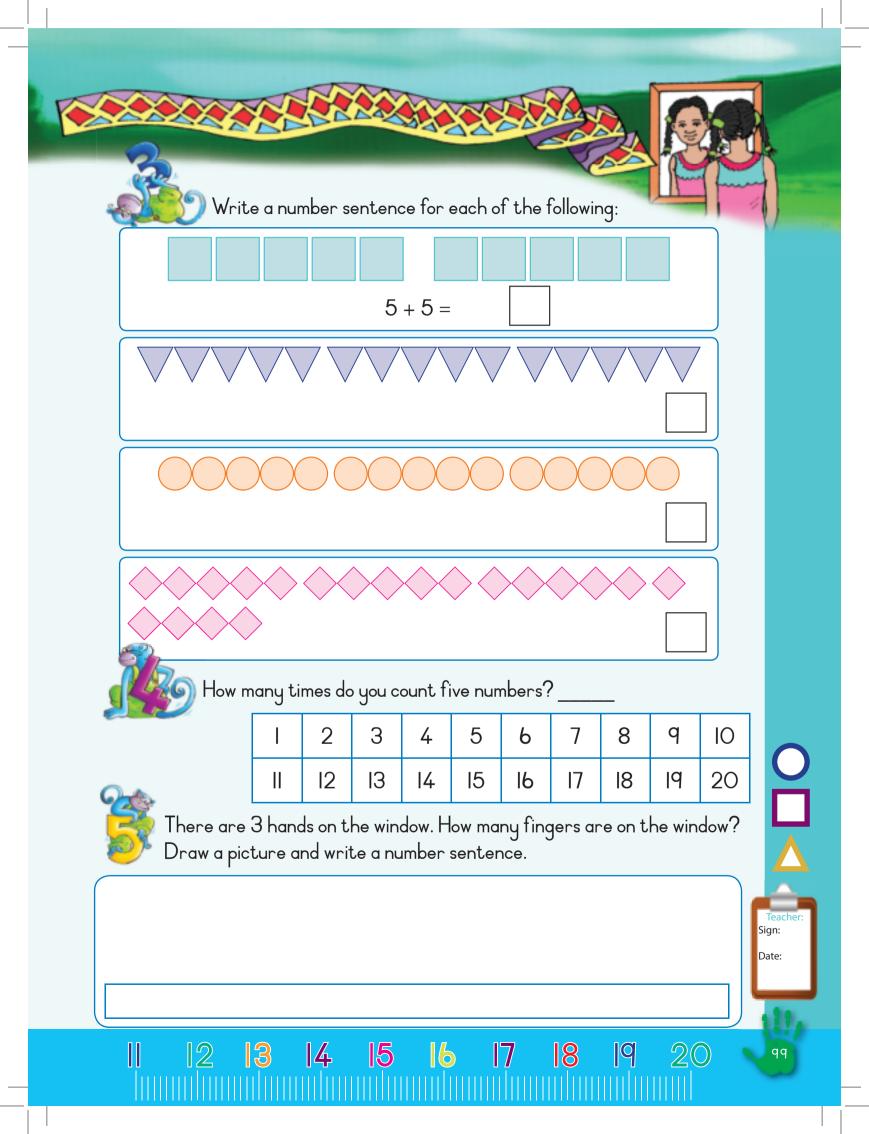
19

Teache Sign: Date:











Make a drawing to show the following. Are there any counters left?

Share 10 counters between five children.	Share 6 counters between five children.	
There are counters left.	There are counters left.	
Share II counters between five children.	Share 16 counters between five children.	
There are counters left.	There are counters left.	
Write a number sentence for ea	ch of the following:	
9 9 9 9 9 9 9 5 +	5 =	
		C
		Teacher: ign:
<u> ඉදුළ ඉද</u>		oate:
II I2 I3 I4 I5	16 17 18 19 20	ΙΟΙ

115

Term 4

Number patterns – fives to 100

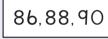


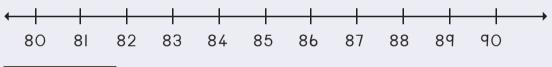
Complete the pattern by colouring the multiples of five.

71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
qI	92	d 3	94	95	96	97	98	qq	100

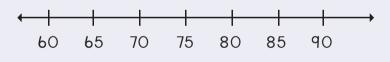


Draw hoops to show the following:

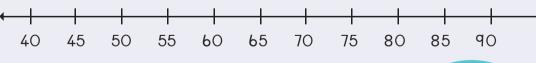








55, 60, 65, 70



4

5

6

Use the clock to show counting the minutes in fives.

3

2

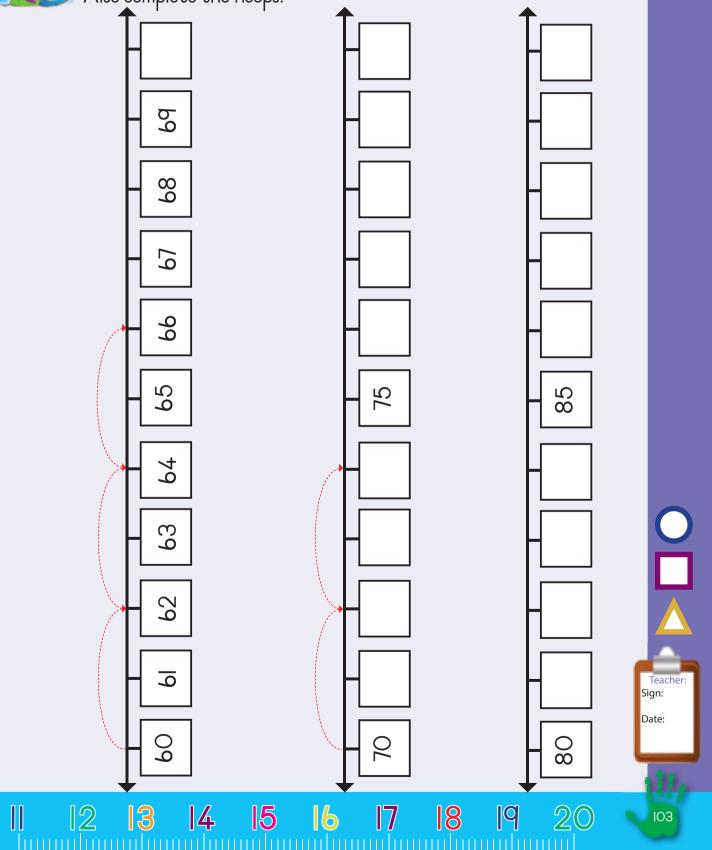


8

9

Date:

Place numbers from Cut-out 2 on the places where numbers are missing on these number lines. Also complete the hoops.



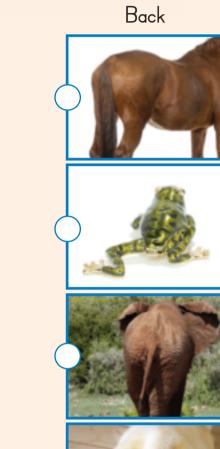


Position and view



N

Match the front and the back of each animal. Front

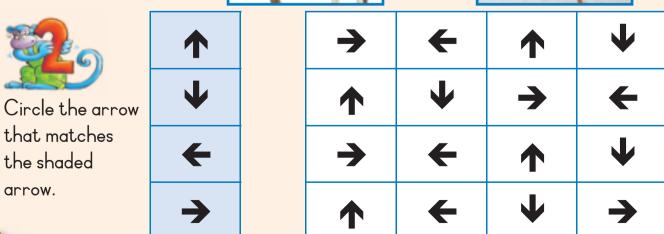




8

7

q



5

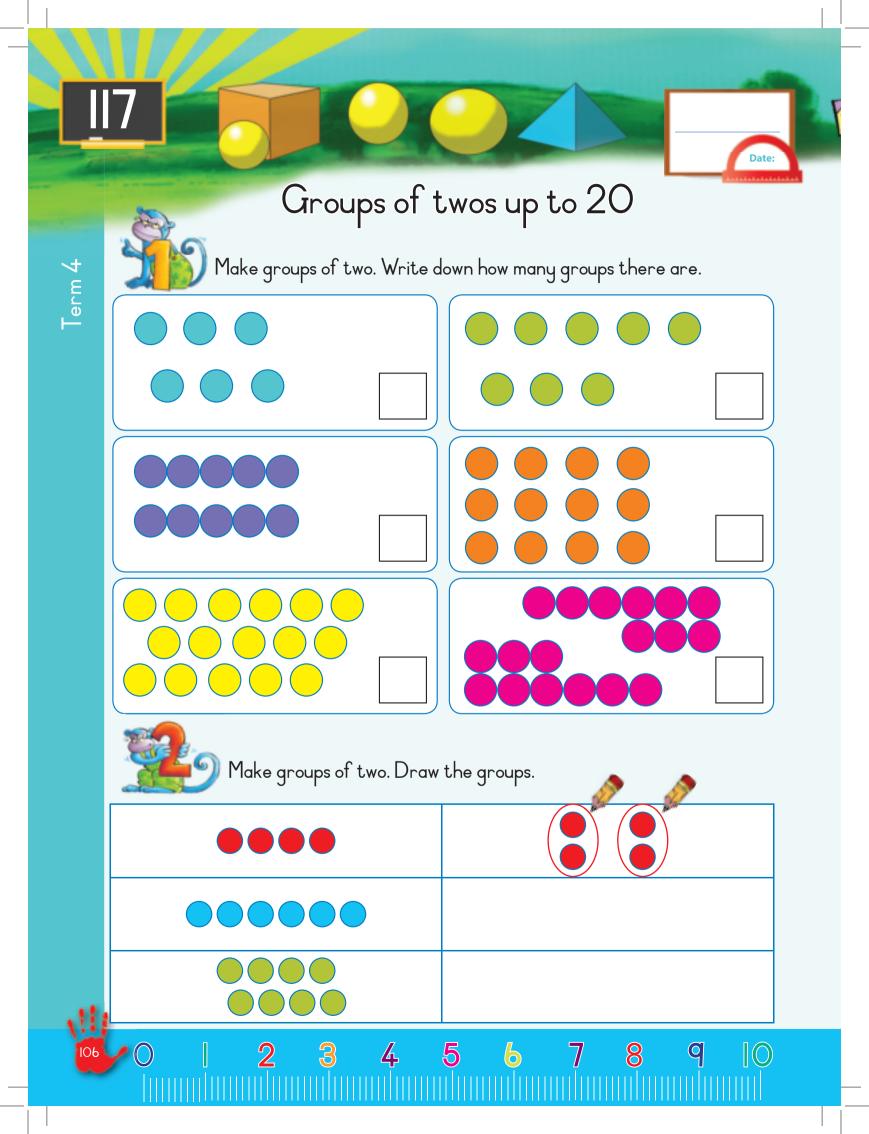
6

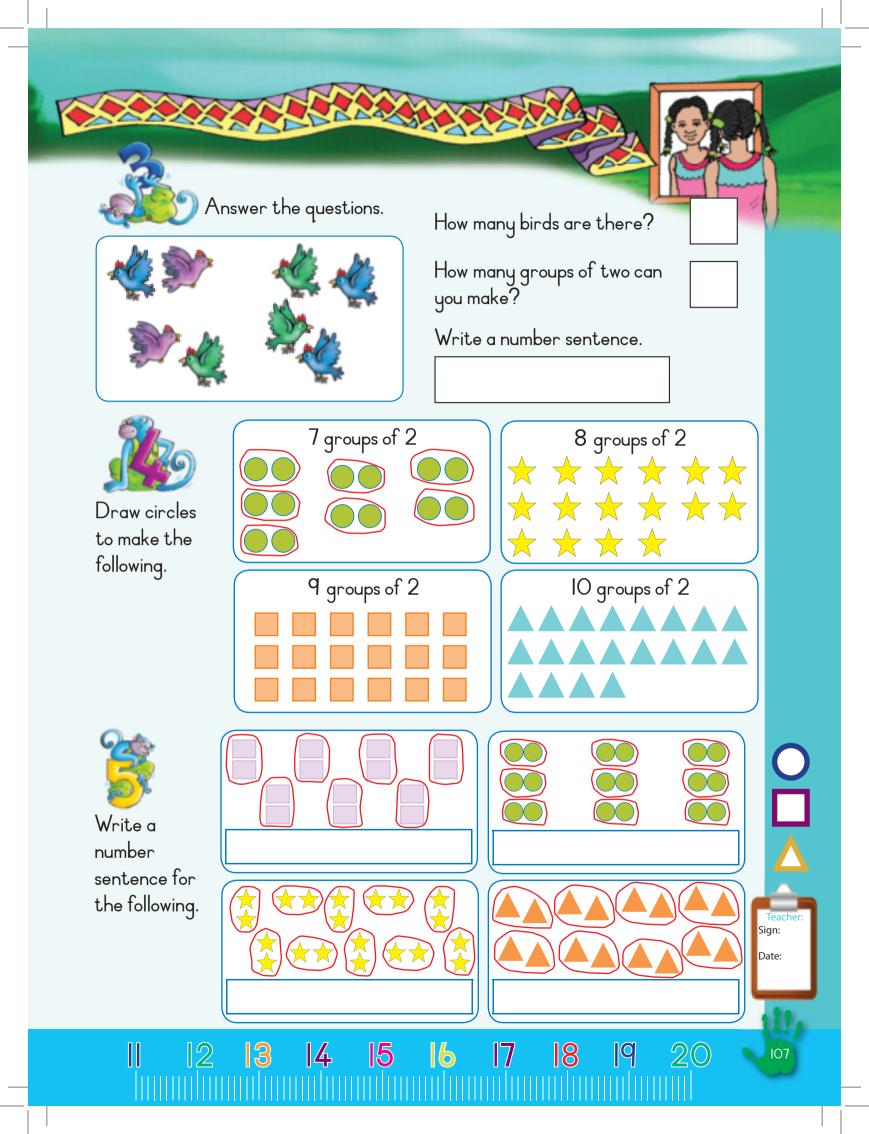
4

104

2







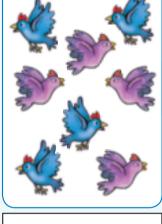
Twos – repeated addition up to 20



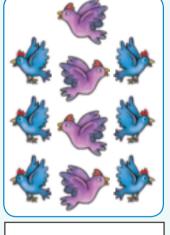
Write a number sentence for each.



2







14

8

q

Date:

Draw shapes for the following:

2

3

2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 =

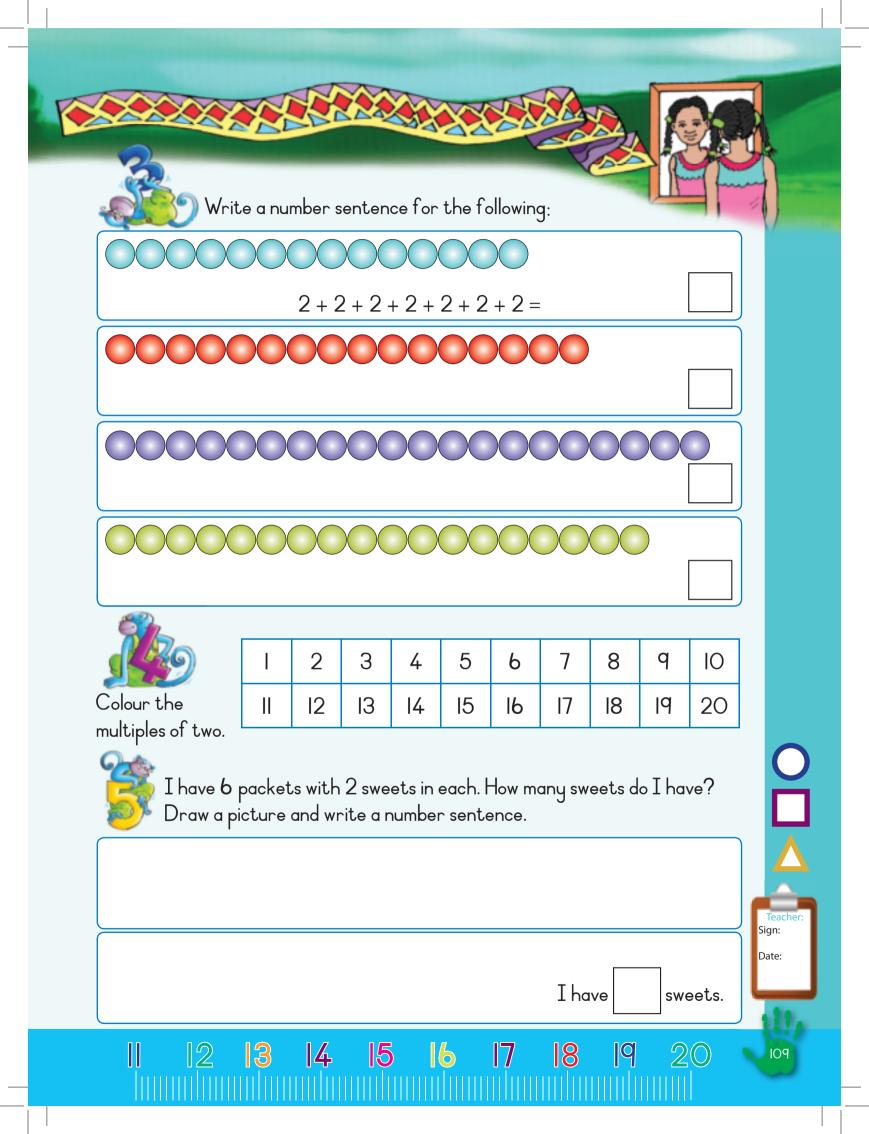
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ++ ++++ + =

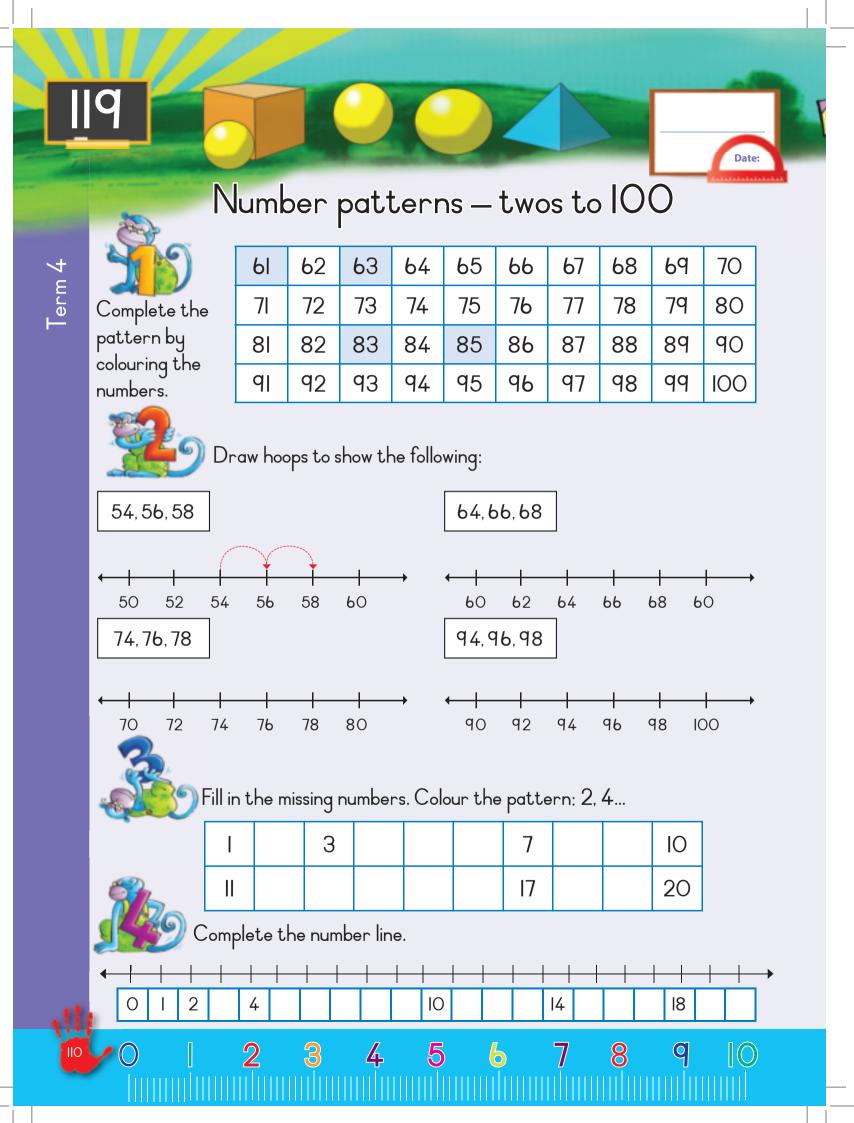
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ++++++++=

2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 +++++++ ++=

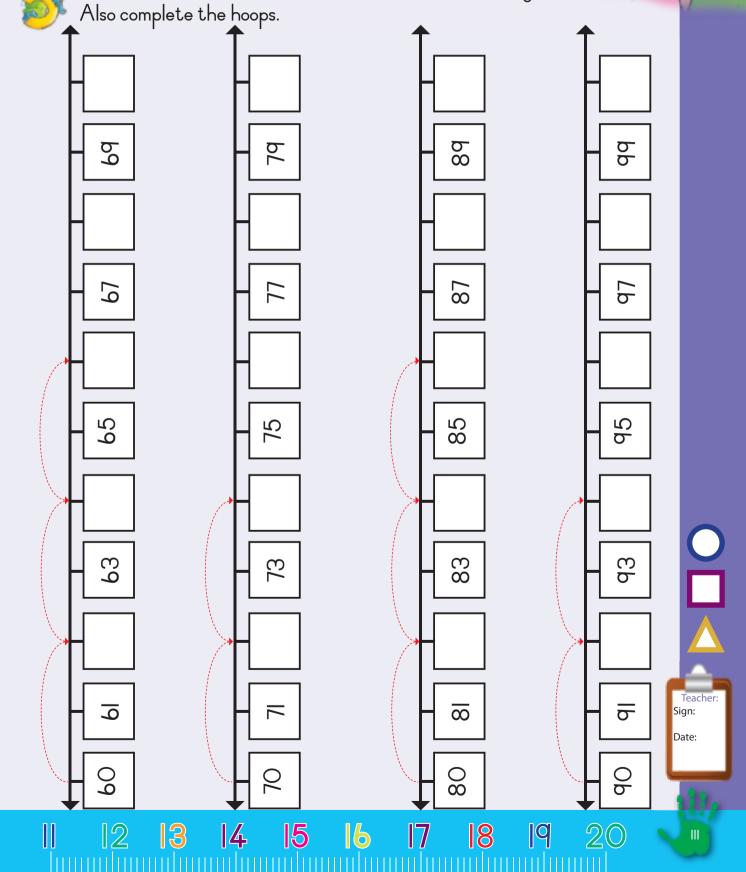
5

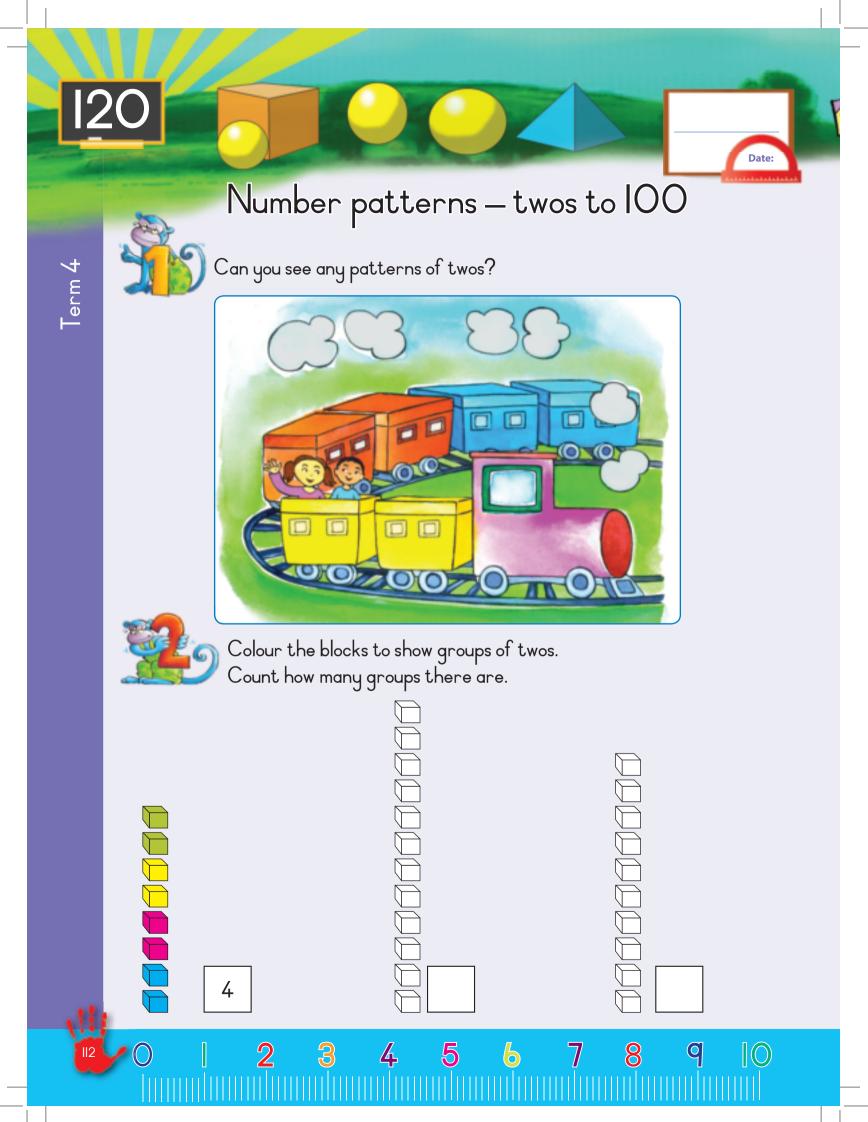
6



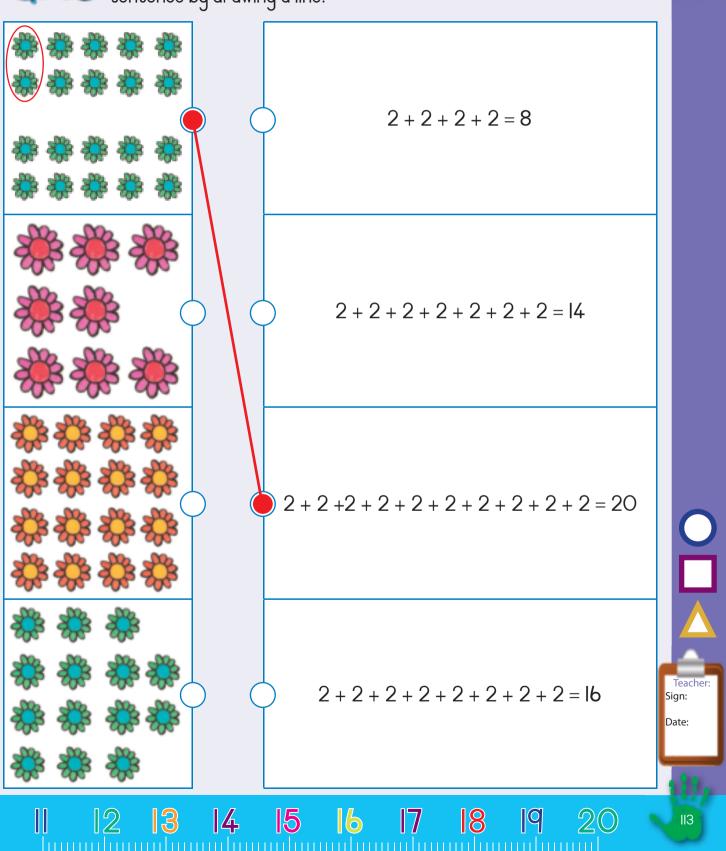


Cut out the numbers from Cut-out 2 and place them on the number lines where the numbers are missing. Also complete the boops



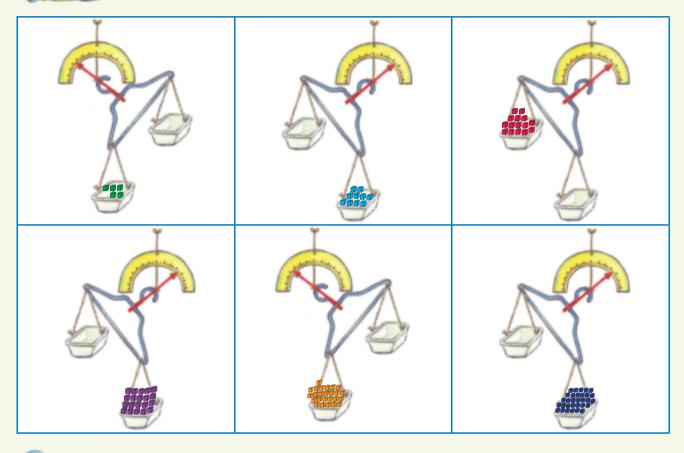


Match the groups of twos with the number sentence by drawing a line.





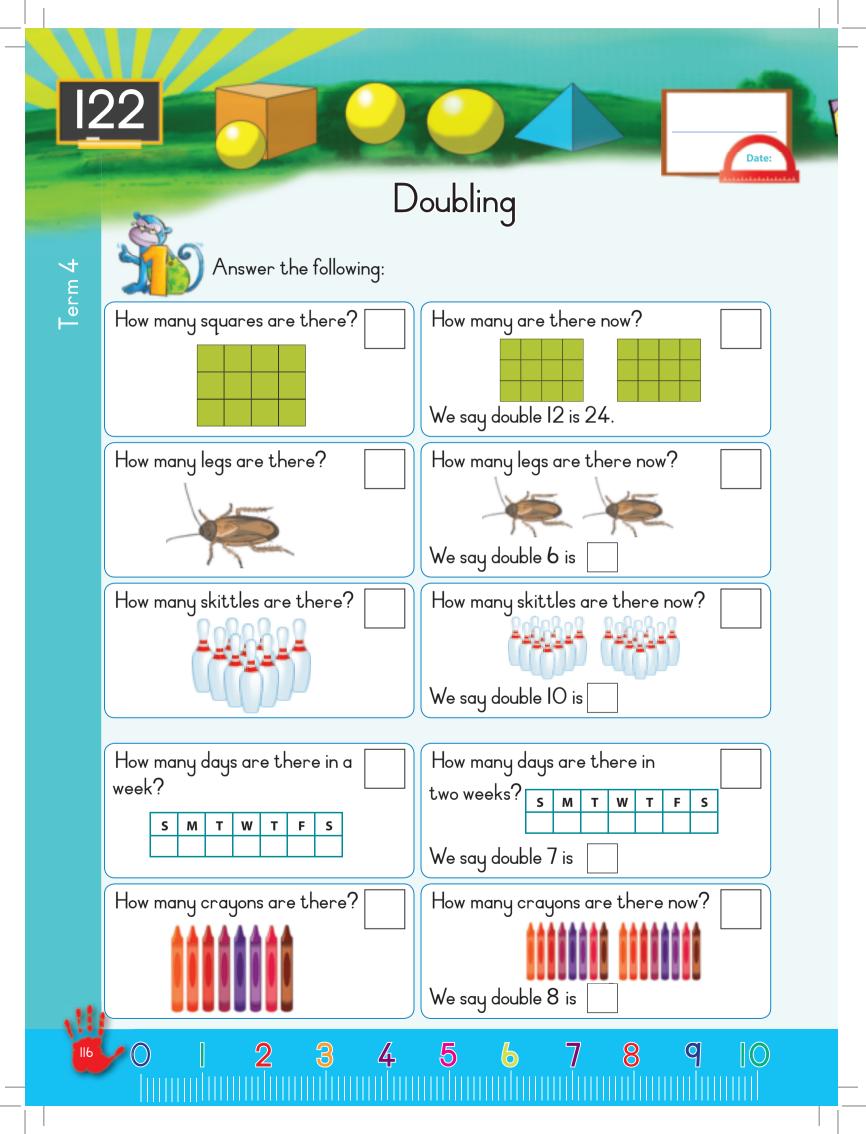
Draw an object that is heavier or lighter than the blocks.



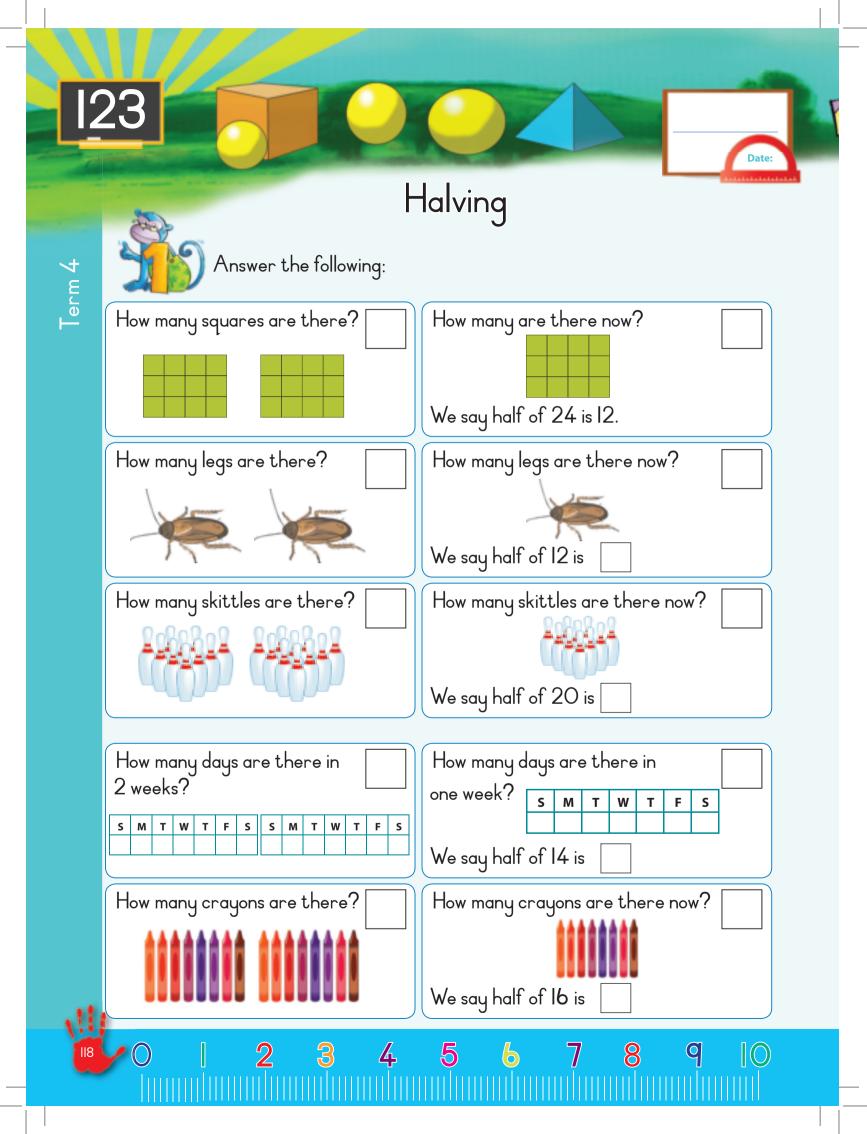
Use 5 objects on your desk. First estimate how much it weighs and then weigh it on a scale or balance to check if your estimation was correct.

weigh it on a scale or balance to check if your estimation was correct.							
Draw the object	Guess	Mass	Difference				
	blocks	blocks	=				
				Teacher: Sign:			
				Date:			
				<u> </u>			

|4



2							-
M		ole of 4	=	8**		,	
Fill in the	Douk	le of IO	=				
answer.	Dou	ole of II	=				
	Doul	ole of 2	=				
	Doul	ole of b	=				
F	ill in the an	swer.					
Double t	wo is		fou	Indiana			
Double <mark>t</mark> h	nree is						
Double <mark>f</mark> o	our is						
Double f	ive is						
Double :	six is						
Double se	even is						
state of the second sec	Complete tl	ne table.			_		
q ₊ q ₊ =	=	or	Double ^c	9 + 1 =			
		or	Double 8	3 + I =			
IO + IO + I	=	or					5
7 + 7 + I =	-	or	Double 7	7 + I =			



2

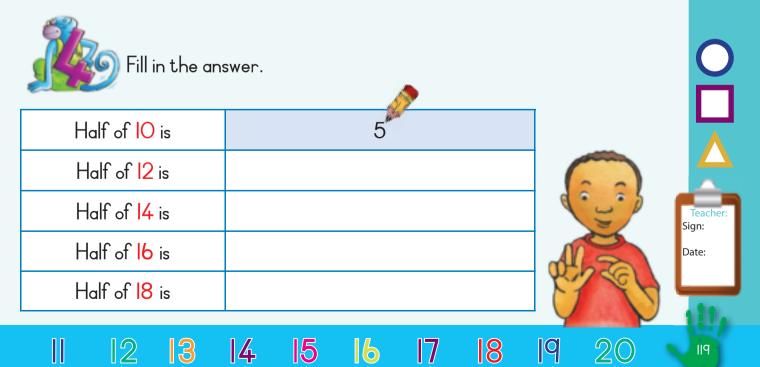
Fill in the answer.

		as an
Half of 8	=	4
Half of IO	=	
Half of 6	=	
Half of 12	=	
Half of 14	=	



) Fill in the answer.

Half of <mark>four</mark> is	two
Half of <mark>six</mark> is	
Half of <mark>two</mark> is	
Half of eight is	
Half of <mark>ten</mark> is	

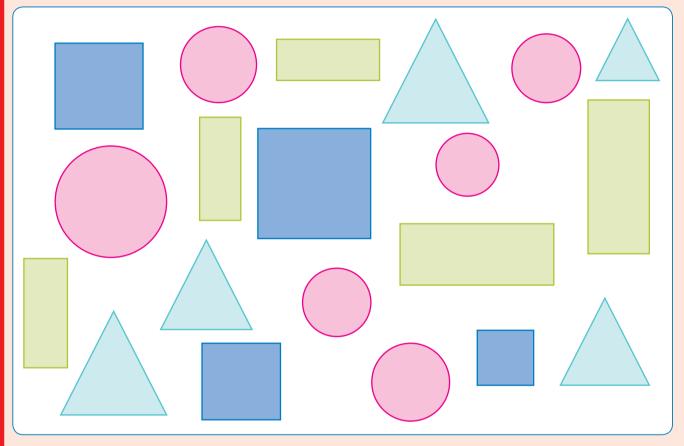


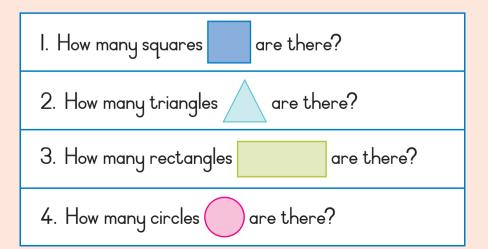
Data

Date:



Count how many different shapes there are, and then answer the questions.





T_{erm} 4

These fruit were chosen by 20 of your friends. Sort the fruit and make a drawing on the pictograph of the fruit that you sorted and then answer the questions below.

Our favourite fruit?

Key =



1	Strawberry	Apple	Pear		Banar	na	Orange	÷
How man	y children like st							
How man	y children like aj							
How many children like pears?								
How many children like bananas?								
How many children like oranges?								Teacher: Sign:
Which fruit do the children like the most?						Date:		
Which fr	uit do the childr	t?						
II	12 13	14 15	16	17	18	9	20	121

More data

Date:

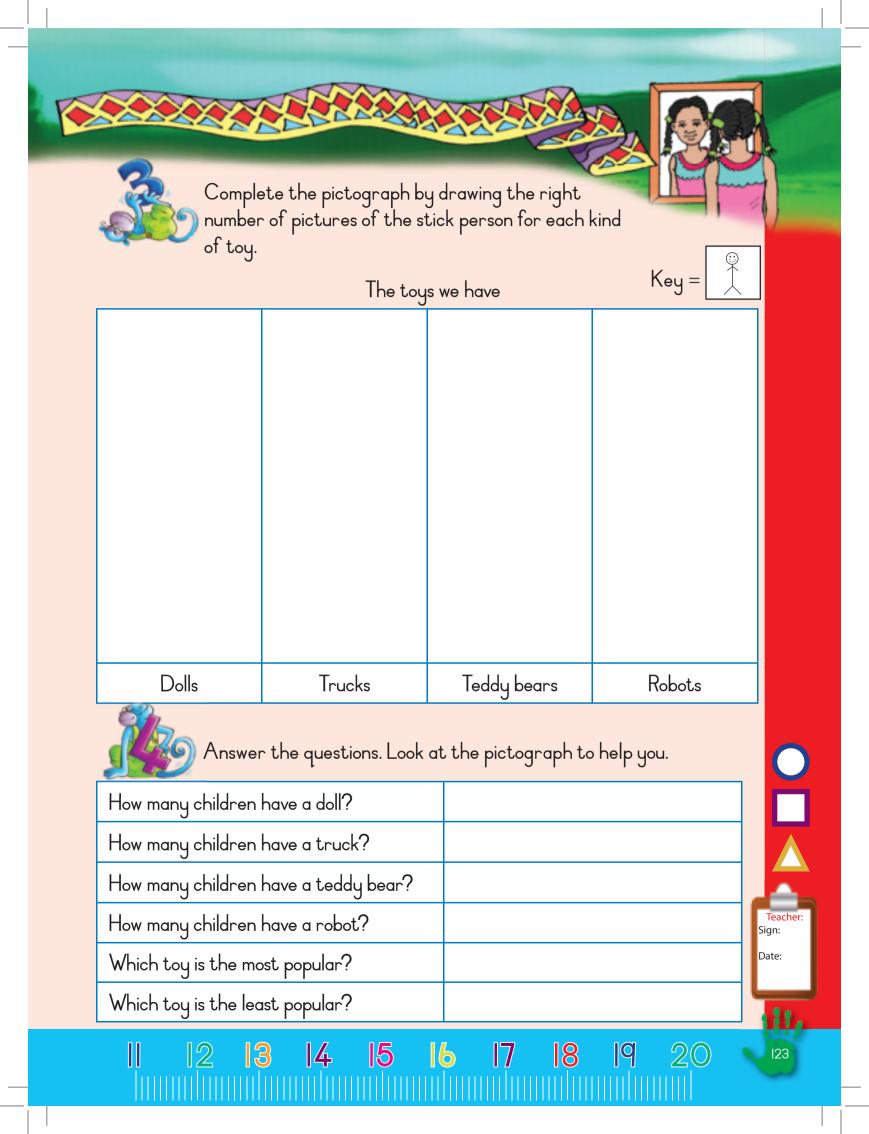


Children in a class have the following toys. How many of each kind do they have?



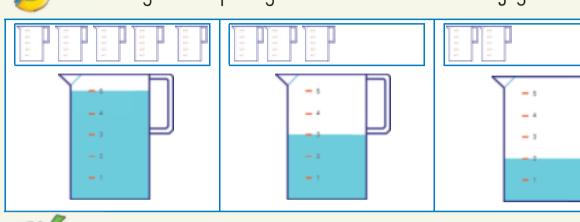


T_{erm} 4





You need five cups to fill one jug. How many more cups do you need to fill the other two jugs? Draw it.



Solour in the right amount of liquid.

- 1

- 2

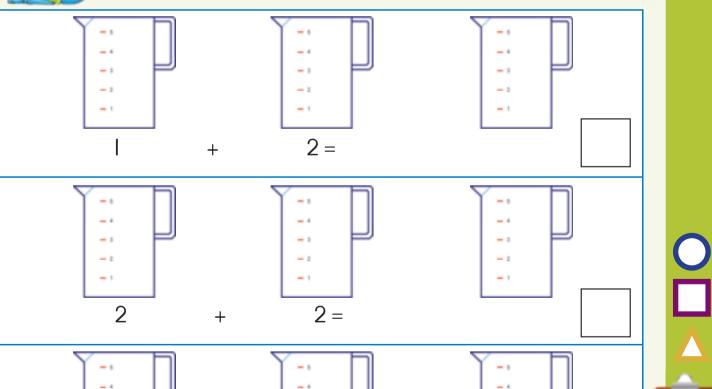
12

2

13

+

|4



3 =

6

17

8

9

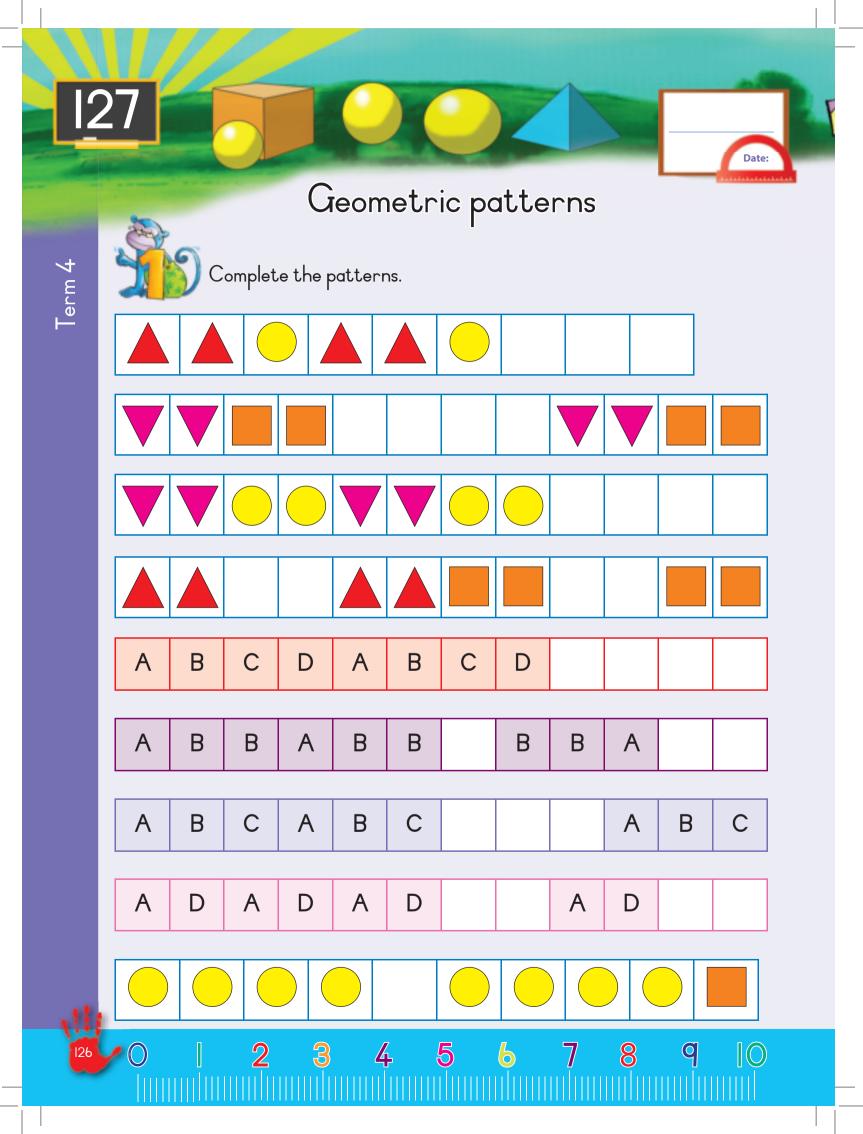
20

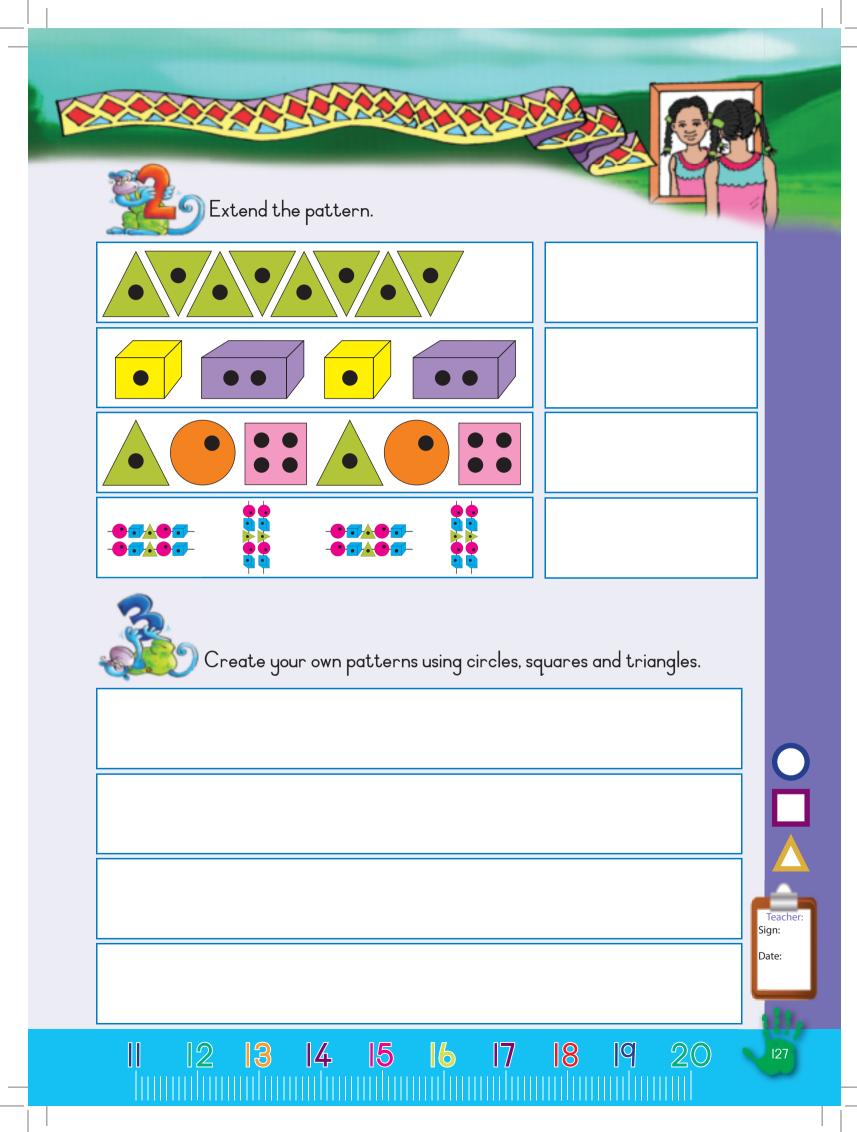
15

Sign: Date:

39

Teache







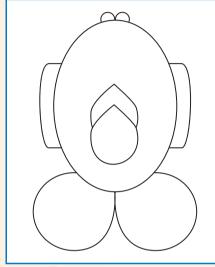
Term 4

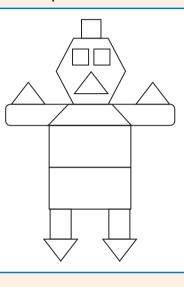


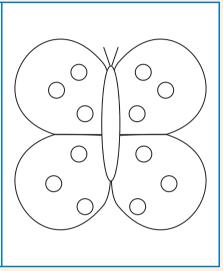
Symmetry



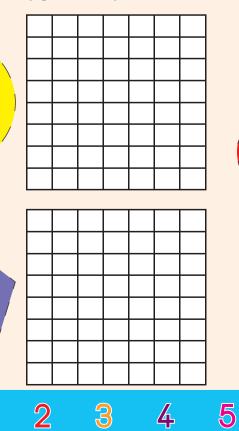
Draw a line of symmetry that divides the picture into two equal halves. Colour one half of each picture.

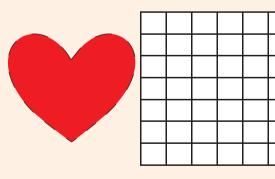






Copy the shapes, then draw a line of symmetry.



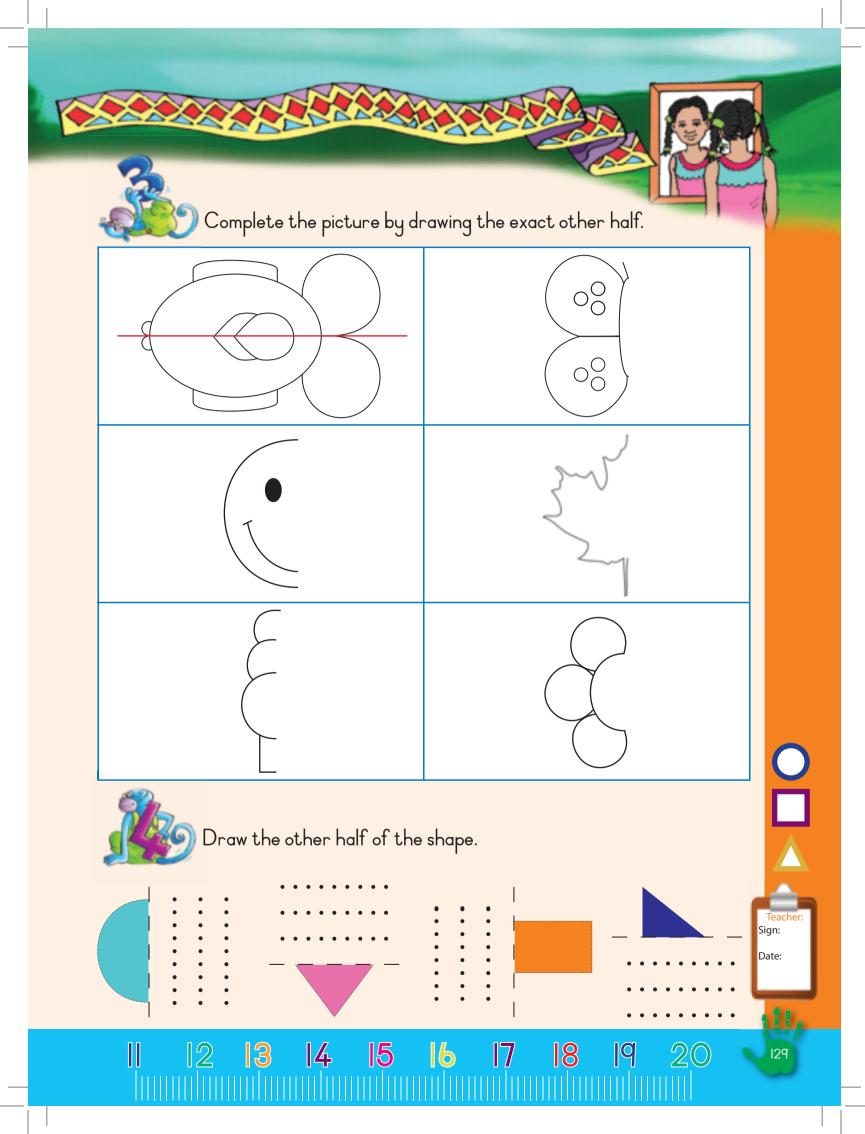


8

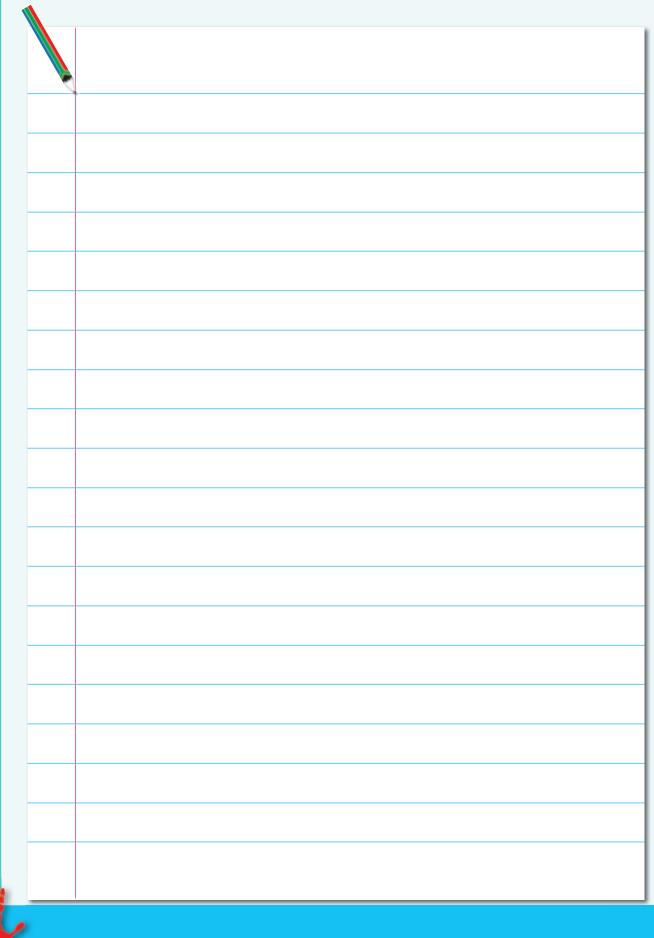
7

6

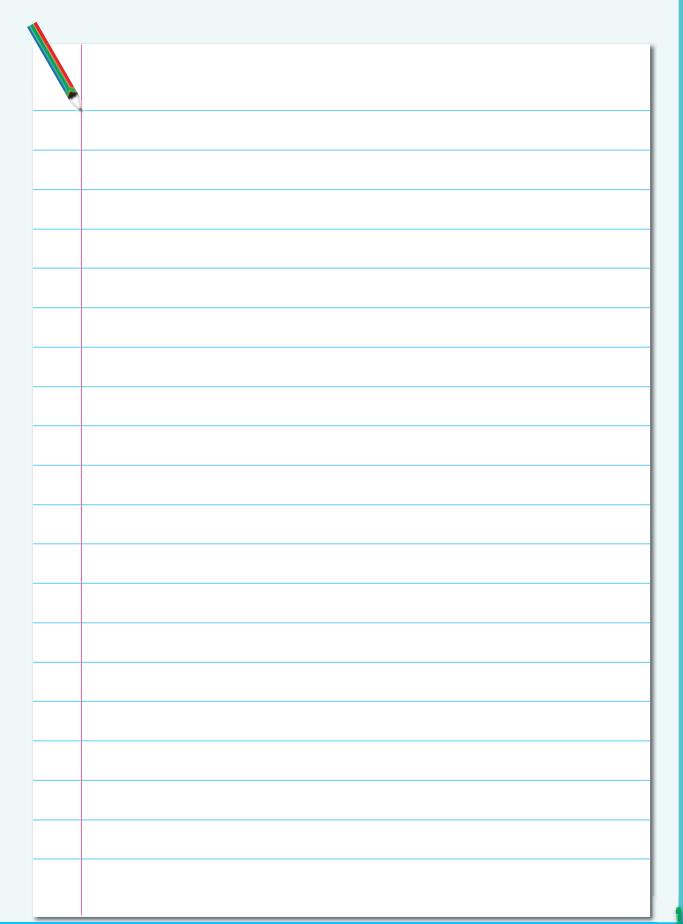
9



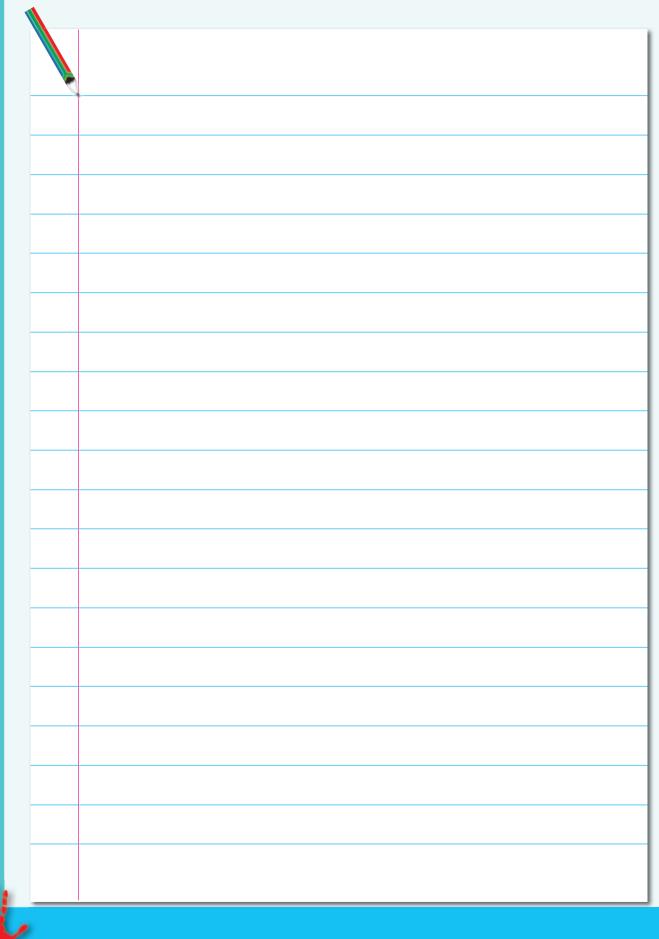
Notes



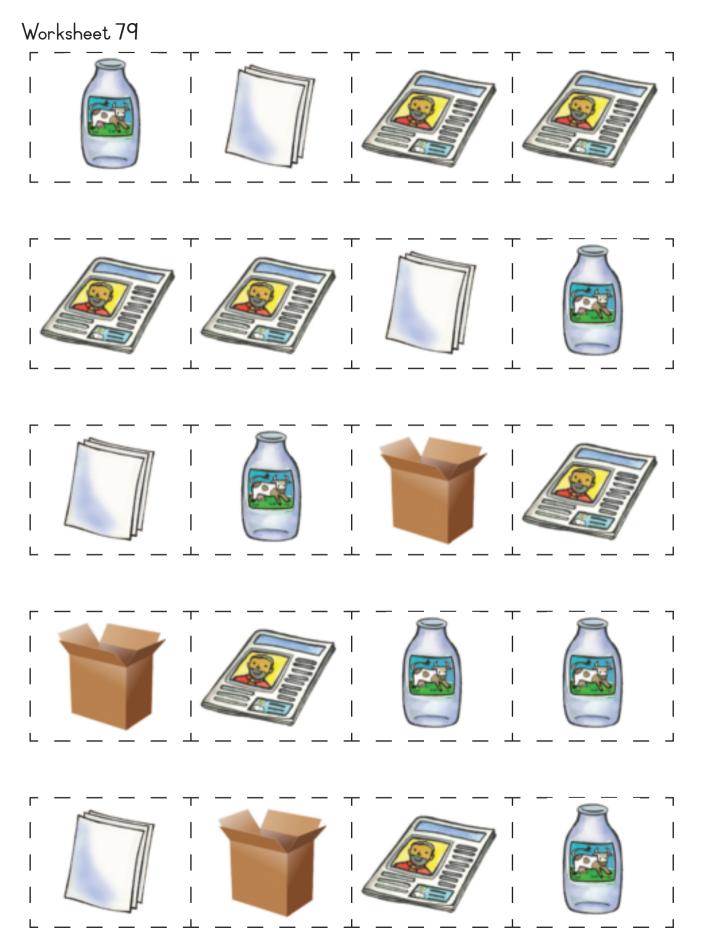
Notes



Notes



Cut-out 1



Cut out cards 2

Worksheet 83 г — ¬ г — г — ¬ г — г — г — ¬ 14511501 40 | 40 | 30 | 35 | L __ J L __ J L __ J ∟ _ 」 ∟ _ 」 L __ J Worksheet 84 г — г — г — г — п г — г — ¬ I 75 I 17011651 180 | 170 | 1**6**0 | L __ J L __ J L __ J L __ J ∟ _ 」 L __ J Worksheet 93 г — г — г — г — г — п г — г — ¬ I 34 I I 46 I I 40 I 144 | 36 | 50 | 32 | L _ J F - J L _ _ _ L __ J г — ¬ I 42 I I 38 I I 48 I L __ J F __ 7 L ____ L __ J r __ 7 ___ г — г — г — г — г — г — г — п 162 | 174 | 1 **68** 1 164 I I 76 I 1 **8**0 1 I 72 I 1**66** I I 78 I с __ ј L __ J L __ J L __ J ∟ _ 」 L __ J L __ J ц __ ј L _ J Worksheet II5 г — г — ¬ г — ¬ 82 | 84 | 86 | 74 | 80 | I 78 I 172 | ∟ _ 」 L _ J - 7 L __ J L __ J ∟ _ 」 I 76 I I 88 I 1 **9**0 1 L __ J L __ J L __ J Worksheet 119 г — г — г — г — п г — г — г — г — ¬ - -I 72 I ı 74 ı 1641 1861 I 78 I 1 **8**0 1 1**66** I 1 62 T 1 <u>68</u> 1 L __ J L __ J L __ J ∟ _ 」 ∟ _ 」 L __ J ∟ _ 」 ∟ _ 」 L __ J г — п г — г — г — г — п г — г — п 1 **96** 1 I 82 I 1941 1 **86** 1 1 **9**0 1 I 84 I 1001 L __ J L __ J с __ ј L __ J с __ ј с __ ј L __ J г — г — г — ¬ 1921 I 98 I I 88 I L __ J L _ J L __ J
