

ISIXHOUSA ULWIMI LWESIBINI  
OLONGEZELELWEYO

*INkcazelو yeKharityhulam  
yeSizwe (NKS)*

*INkcazelو yePolisi  
yeKharityhulam nokuHlola*

**CAPS**

**STRUCTURED. CLEAR. PRACTICAL**  
HELPING TEACHERS UNLOCK THE POWER OF NCS



*IsiGaba esiPhakathi  
Ibanga 7-9*



**basic education**

Department:  
Basic Education  
**REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA**



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Basic Education  
**REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA**

**INKCAZELO YEPOLISI YEKHARITYHULAM NOKUHLOLA  
YEBANGA 7 - 9**

**ISIXHOSA  
ULWIMI LWESIBINI OLONGEZELELWEYO**

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E-mail: capslangcomments@dbe.gov.za or fax (012) 328 9828

**Department of Basic Education**

222 Struben Street

Private Bag X895

Pretoria 0001

South Africa

Tel: +27 12 357 3000

Fax: +27 12 323 0601

120 Plein Street Private Bag X9023

Cape Town 8000

South Africa

Tel: +27 21 465 1701

Fax: +27 21 461 8110

Website: <http://www.education.gov.za>

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## FOREWORD BY THE MINISTER



Our national curriculum is the culmination of our efforts over a period of seventeen years to transform the curriculum bequeathed to us by apartheid. From the start of democracy we have built our curriculum on the values that inspired our Constitution (Act 108 of 1996). The Preamble to the Constitution states that the aims of the Constitution are to:

- heal the divisions of the past and establish a society based on democratic values, social justice and fundamental human rights;
- improve the quality of life of all citizens and free the potential of each person;
- lay the foundations for a democratic and open society in which government is based on the will of the people and every citizen is equally protected by law; and
- build a united and democratic South Africa able to take its rightful place as a sovereign state in the family of nations.

Education and the curriculum have an important role to play in realising these aims.

In 1997 we introduced outcomes-based education to overcome the curricular divisions of the past, but the experience of implementation prompted a review in 2000. This led to the first curriculum revision: the *Revised National Curriculum Statement Grades R-9* and the *National Curriculum Statement Grades 10-12* (2002).

Ongoing implementation challenges resulted in another review in 2009 and we revised the *Revised National Curriculum Statement* (2002) and the *National Curriculum Statement Grades 10-12* to produce this document.

From 2012 the two National Curriculum Statements, for *Grades R-9* and *Grades 10-12* respectively, are combined in a single document and will simply be known as the *National Curriculum Statement Grades R-12*. The *National Curriculum Statement for Grades R-12* builds on the previous curriculum but also updates it and aims to provide clearer specification of what is to be taught and learnt on a term-by-term basis.

The *National Curriculum Statement Grades R-12* represents a policy statement for learning and teaching in South African schools and comprises of the following:

- (a) Curriculum and Assessment Policy Statements (CAPS) for all approved subjects listed in this document;
- (b) *National policy pertaining to the programme and promotion requirements of the National Curriculum Statement Grades R-12*; and
- (c) *National Protocol for Assessment Grades R-12*.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Motsepe".

**MRS ANGIE MOTSHEKGA, MP**  
**MINISTER OF BASIC EDUCATION**



# ISIQULATHO

|   |           |
|---|-----------|
| <b>ISAHLUKO SOKU- 1: INKCAZELO YEPOLISI YEKHARITYHULAM KWANOKUHLOLA .....</b>       | <b>3</b>  |
| <b>1.1 IMvelaphi .....</b>  | <b>3</b>  |
| <b>1.2 AmaGqabantshintshi .....</b>   | <b>3</b>  |
| <b>1.3 liNjongo eziPhangaleleyo zeKharityhulam yoMzantsi Afrika.....</b>            | <b>4</b>  |
| <b>1.4 UKwabiwa kweXesha.....</b>   | <b>6</b>  |
| 1.4.1IsiGaba esisisiSeko .....  | 6         |
| 1.4.2IsiGaba esiPhakathi .....  | 6         |
| 1.4.3IsiGaba esiPhezulu .....   | 7         |
| 1.4.4IBanga 10 - 12.....  | 7         |
| <b>ICANDELO 2 UKWAZISA IILWIMI .....</b>  | <b>8</b>  |
| <b>2.1 liliwimi ngokweNkcazelو yePolisi yeKharityhulam nokuHlola .....</b>          | <b>8</b>  |
| 2.1.1Imigangatho yolwimi.....   | 8         |
| 2.1.2Izakhono zolwimi .....   | 10        |
| 2.1.3lindlela zokufundiswa olwimi .....   | 10        |
| <b>2.2 Ukwabiwa kwexesha loLwimi lwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo kwikharityhulam.....</b> | <b>13</b> |
| <b>2.3 Izixhobo zokuxhasa ukufunda nokufundisa.....</b>                             | <b>14</b> |
| <b>ICANDELO 3 UMXHOLO NEZICWANGCISO ZOKUFUNDISA IZAKHONO ZOLWIMI.....</b>           | <b>15</b> |
| <b>3.1 Ukuphulaphula nokuthetha.....</b>  | <b>15</b> |
| <b>3.2 Ukufunda nokubukela.....</b>   | <b>22</b> |
| <b>3.3 Ukubhala nokunikezela: inkqubo, umxholo, iindlela kunye neetekisi .....</b>  | <b>26</b> |
| <b>3.4 Izakhi nemigaqo yolwimi - (Uluhlu lokwalathisa).....</b>                     | <b>31</b> |
| <b>3.5 Izcicwangciso zokufundisa ezicetyiswayo .....</b>                            | <b>33</b> |
| 3.5.1IBanga lesi-7 .....  | 37        |
| 3.5.2IBanga lesi-8 .....  | 47        |
| 3.5.3IBanga le-9 .....  | 58        |

|   |           |
|---|-----------|
| <b>ICANDELO LESI-4 UKUHLOLA KULWIMI LWESIBINI OLONGEZELELWEYO .....</b> | <b>69</b> |
| <b>4.1 Intshayelelo .....</b>   | <b>69</b> |
| <b>4.2 Ukuhlola okuNgekho seSikweni okanye kweMihla ngeMihla .....</b>  | <b>69</b> |
| <b>4.3 Ukuhlola okuseSikweni .....</b>                                  | <b>69</b> |
| <b>4.4 Inkqubo yokuHlola .....</b>                                      | <b>71</b> |
| 4.4.1 Amagqabantshintshi ngeemfuno zokuhlola .....                      | 71        |
| 4.4.2 Iimviwo: IBanga lesi-7 -9 .....                                   | 73        |
| <b>4.5 Ukurekhoda nokunika ingxelo ngomsebenzi .....</b>                | <b>74</b> |
| <b>4.6 Uphononongo lokuhlola.....</b>                                   | <b>74</b> |
| 4.6.1 Ukuhlola okusesikweni okweNziwa eSikolweni (SBA).....             | 75        |
| 4.6.2 Imisebenzi yokuHlola ye-orali.....                                | 75        |
| <b>4.7 Ulwazi Gabalala .....</b>  | <b>75</b> |
| <b>ULUHLU LWAMAGAMA .....</b>   | <b>76</b> |

# ISAHLUKO SOKU-1: INKCAZELO YEPOLISI YEKHARITYHULAM KWANOKUHLOLA

## 1.1 IMVELAPHI

*INkcazelو yeKharityhulam yeSizwe yeBanga R - 12 (NKS) icacisa ipolisi yekharityhulam nokuhlolola ezikolweni.*

Ukuphucula ukusetyenziswa kwayo, iNkcazelو yeKharityhulam yeSizwe ihlaziyiwe, yaye uhlaziyo luya kuqala ukusebenza ngeyoMqungu/ngoJanyuwari 2012. Isifundo ngasinye senzelwe uxwebhu olunye IwePolisi yeKharityhulam nokuHlola endaweni yala maxwebhu madala angala: INkcazelو yeKharityhulam yeSizwe, iziKhokelo zeNkqubo yokuFunda kunye neziKhokelo zokuHlola zesiFundo kwiBanga R - 12.

## 1.2 AMAGQABANTSHINTSHI

- (a) *INkcazelو yeKharityhulam yeSizwe (NKS) yeBanga R - 12 (EyoMqungu/Janyuwari 2012) imele inkcazelو yepolisi yokufunda nokufundisa kwizikolo zoMzantsi Afrika yaye iquka oku kulandelayo:*
  - (i) INkcazelو yePolisi yeSizwe yeKharityhulam nokuHlola yesifundo ngasinye kwezo zifundo zivunyiweyo zesikolo;
  - (ii) Uxwebhu Iwepolisi oluthi, *National policy pertaining to the programme and promotion requirements of the National Curriculum Statement Grades R - 12.*; kunye
  - (iii) Noxwebhu Iwepolisi oluthi, *National Protocol for Assessment Grades R - 12 (EyoMqungu/Janyuwari 2010).*
- (b) Uxwebhu oluthi, *National Curriculum Statement Grades R - 12 (eyoMqungu/Janyuwari 2012)* lungena endaweni yala maxwebhu eNkcazelو yeKharityhulam yeSizwe mabini alandelayo:
  - (i) *iRevised National Curriculum Statement Grades R - 9, Government Gazette No. 23406 of 31 May 2002,* kunye
  - (ii) *neNational Curriculum Statement Grade 10 - 12 Government Gazettes, No 25545 of 6 October 2003 and No. 27594 of 17 May 2005.*
- (c) Amaxwebhu enkcazelو yekharityhulam yesizwe ekuthethwe ngawo kwimihlathana (a) no(b) aquka la maxwebhu epolisi alandelayo, aza kuthi aye eyekiswa ngokuyekiswa, engenelewa yi*National Curriculum Statement Grades R - 12 (eyoMqungu/Janyuwari 2012)* ngo2012 - 2014:
  - (i) INkcazelو yeKharityhulam yeSizwe yezifundo ngezfundo, isiKhokelo seNkqubo yokuFundisa kunye nesiKhokelo sokuHlola sesiFundo yeBanga R - 9 neyeBanga 10 - 12;
  - (ii) Uxwebhu Iwepolisi oluthi, *National Policy on assessment and qualifications for schools in the General Education and Training Band, olubhengezwe kwiGovernment Notice No. 124 ekwiGovernment Gazette No. 29626 of 12 February 2007;*
  - (iii) Uxwebhu Iwepolisi oluthi, *the National Senior Certificate: A qualification at Level 4 on the National Qualifications Framework (NQF), olubhengezwe kwiGovernment Gazette No.27819 of 20 July 2005;*

- (iv) Uxwebhu Iwepolisi oluthi, *An addendum to the policy document, the National Senior Certificate: A qualification at Level 4 on the National Qualifications Framework (NQF), regarding learners with special needs*, olupapashwe kwiGovernment Gazette, No.29466 of 11 December 2006, lufakwe kuxwebhu Iwepolisi oluthi, *National policy pertaining to the programme and promotion requirements of the National Curriculum Statement Grades R - 12*; kunye
- (v) Uxwebhu Iwepolisi oluthi, *An addendum to the policy document, the National Senior Certificate: A qualification at Level 4 on the National Qualifications Framework (NQF), regarding the National Protocol for Assessment (Grades R - 12)*, olubhengezwe kwiGovernment Notice No.1267 in Government Gazette No. 29467 of 11 December 2006.
- (d) Uxwebhu Iwepolisi oluthi, *National policy pertaining to the programme and promotion requirements of the National Curriculum Statement Grades R - 12*; kunye namacandelo akwiPolisi yeKharityhulam nokuHlola njengoko ebonisiwe kwisahluko sesi-2, 3 nesesi-4 solu xwebhu aquelethe izithethe nemigangatho yeNkcazeloyeKharityhulam yeSizwe yeBanga R - 12. Ngoko ke, olu xwebhu luya kuthi, ngokwecandelo 6A leSouth African Schools Act (uMthetho oLawula iZikolo zaseMzantsi Afrika), ka1996 (uMthetho wama-84 ka1996, ) lwenze isiseko sokuxhobisa umPhathiswa weMfundu esisisiSeko ukuba akwazi ukubeka awona manqanaba aphantsi eziphumo nemigangatho, ngokunjalo neenkqubo nemigaqo yokuhlola inkqubela phambili yabafundi, manqanaba lawo za kusebenza kwizikolo zikaRhulumente nezabucala.

### **1.3 IINJONGO EZIPHANGALELEYO ZEKHARITYHULAM YOMZANTSXI AFRIKA**

- (a) *INkcazeloyeKharityhulam yeSizwe yeBanga R - 12* inika isikhokelo kulwazi, izakhono nezithethe ezinokufundwa ezikolweni zaseMzantsi Afrika. Le kharityhulam ijonje ukuqinisekisa ukuba abafundi bafumana ulwazi nezakhono ngeendlela ezihambelana nobomi babo bemihla ngemihla. Kungoko ke le kharityhulam ikhuthaza ulovo lokusebenzisa kakhulu iimeko zalapha, kodwa ibe ikwayise iso nemiba ebalulekileyo yehlabathi jikelele.
- (b) INkcazeloyeKharityhulam yeSizwe yeBanga R - 12 yenza oku kulandelayo:
  - Ixhobisa abafundi ngolwazi, izakhono nezithethe eziya kubanceda ukuba bakwazi ukuzimela nokuthabatha inxaxheba ekuhlaleni njengabemi belizwe elikhululekileyo; nokuba bavela kweyiphi imo yezentlalo, uhlanga, isini, bekhangeleka njani ngokomzimba okanyebekuliphi inqanaba lengqiqo;
  - Ivulela abafundi amathuba okuya kwimfundoepekamileyo;
  - Incedisa abafundi ukuba bakwazi ukuphuma kumaziko emfundobaye kumaziko omsebenzi; yaye
  - Inika abaqueshi umfanekiso ocacileyo ngobuchule nolwazi abanalo abafundi.
- (c) INkcazeloyeKharityhulam yeSizwe yeBanga R - 12 isekelwe phezu kwale mithetho-siseko ilandelayo:
  - *Ukuphuculwa kwezentlalo*: ukuqinisekisa ukuba kuyalungiswa ukungalingani kwezemfundookwabangelwa lixesha lobandlululo, nokuba bonke abemi banikwa amathuba emfundalinganayo;
  - *Ukufunda ngokubandakanyeka kusetyenziswa ingqiqo*: ukukhuthaza indlela yokufundisa efuna abafundi ukuba bathathe inxaxheba bebonakalisa ingqiqo, endaweni yokufunda ngokubethelela izimvo nokufunda nje bengaziqiqisisi iinyaniso okanye izimvo abazinikwayo;
  - *Ulwazi nezakhono ezikumgangathophakamileyo*: ukubekwa kweyona migangatho iseantsi yowlazi nezakhono ekufuneka abafundi bezibonakalise kwibanga ngalinye, kananjalo nokumiselwa imigangatho ephezulu enokufikelelwakuzozonke izifundo;

- *Ukuqhubela phambili*: umxholo wokufundwayo neemeko ekufundwa phantsi kwazo kwibanga ngalinye ubonisa ukuqhubela phambili, ukususela kokulula ukuya koko kuntsonkothileyo;
- *Amalungelo oluntu, uqukaniso, ukukhathalelwu kokusingqongileyo nobulungisa bezentlalo*: ukufakwa kwemithetho-siseko neendlela zokwenza ubulungisa kwezentlalo nokukhathalela indalo esingqongileyo kwanamalungelo oluntu, njengoko ebekiwe kuMgaqo-siseko weRiphablikhi yoMzantsi Afrika. INkcazel yeKarityhulam yeSizwe yeBanga 10 - 12 ibonakalisa uvakalelo kwimiba yeyantlukwano enjengendlala, ukungalingani, uhlanga, isini, ulwimi, ubudala, ukuba nenkubazeko neminye imiba;
- *Ukuxatyiswa kolwazi lwemveli*: ukuthathela ingqalelo ubutyebi bembali kunye nelifa lemveli leli lizwe njengeentsika zokuxhasa izithethe eziqulethwe nguMgaqo-siseko; kunye
- *Nentembeko, umgangatho ophezulu, kunye negalelo elibonakalayo*: ukunika imfundo enokuthelekiseka neyamanye amazwe ngokomgangatho, ukunatyiswa kwanokungena nzulu kwayo kwimiba efundiswayo.

(d) INkcazel yeKarityhulam yeSizwe yeBanga R - 12 ijonje ukupuhhlisa abafundi abakwaziyo:

- ukuchonga nokusombulula iingxaki bathabathe iziggibo besebenzisa ingqiqo nokucinga okubonakalisa ubugcisa;
- ukusebenza ngempumelelo bebobwa naxa bekunye nabanye njengamalungu eqela;
- ukuzicwangcisa nokuzilawula bona buqu kunye nemisebenzi yabo ngentembeko nangempumelelo;
- ukuqokelela, ukuhlalutya, ukucwangcisa nokuhlaba amadlala ulwazi;
- ukunxibelelana nabanye ngempumelelo besebenzisa ubuchule bokubonwayo, bemiqondiso kunye/okanye nezinye izakhono zolwimi ngeendlela ezahlukileyo;
- ukusebenzisa inzululwazi nobuchwepheshe ngempumelelo nangokubonakalisa ukuba noxanduva ngokunengqiqo ekukhathaleleni indalo esingqongileyo nempilo yabanye; kunye
- nokubonisa ukuliqonda ihlabathi ukuba liyiseti yezinto nezinto ezizalanayo ngokuqaphela ukuba iimeko ezisonjululwa phantsi kwazo iingxaki azizimelanga zodwa geqe.

(e) Ukuqukaniswa kwemfundo kufuneka kube ngundoqo ekulungiseleleni, ekucwangciseni nasekufundiseni kwisikolo ngasinye. Oku kunokwenzeka kuphela xa bonke ootitshala benolwazi oluphangaleleyo malunga nendlela yokuqonda nokusombulula izidingo zokufunda kunye nendlela yokucwangciselwa abafundi abangafaniyo.

Undoqo ekulawuleni ukuqukaniswa kwemfundo kukuqinisekisa ukuba izidingo ziyachongwa zize zisonjululwe ngawo onke amaqela enkxaso efanelekileyo asesikolweni, aquka ootitshala, amagosa esithili, amaQela eNkxaso amaZiko athile, abazali neZikolo zabaFundi abaneeMfuno eZizodwa njengamaZiko aXhobisa ngoLwazi. UKusombulula izidingo eklassini, ootitshala mabasebenzise iindlela ngeendlela zokujongana neyantlukwano kwikharthyulam ezifana nezo zikuxwebhu IweSebe leMfuno esisisiSeko oluthi *Guidelines for Inclusive Teaching and Learning (2010)*.

## 1.4 UKWABIWA KWEXESHA

### 1.4.1 IsiGaba esisisiSeko

- (a) Ixesha elabelwe ukufundisa kwisiGaba esisisiSeko limi ngolu hlobo:

| ISIFUNDO                        | IBANGA R (IIYURE) | IBANGA 1-2 (IIYURE) | IBANGA 3 (IIYURE) |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| ULwimi lwaseKhaya               | 10                | 7/8                 | 7/8               |
| ULwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelweyo |                   | 2/3                 | 3/4               |
| Izibalo                         | 7                 | 7                   | 7                 |
| IzaKhono zoBomi                 | 6                 | 6                   | 6                 |
| • ULwazi lokuQala               | (1)               | (1)                 | (1)               |
| • UbuGcisa beZandla             | (2)               | (2)                 | (2)               |
| • EzemiThambo                   | (2)               | (2)                 | (2)               |
| • UkuziPhatha neNtlalo          | (1)               | (1)                 | (1)               |
| <b>LILONKE</b>                  | <b>23</b>         | <b>23</b>           | <b>25</b>         |

- (b) Ixesha elabelwe ukufundisa leBanga R, 1 nelesi-2 ziiyure ezingama-23. IBanga lesi-3 ziiyure ezingama-25.
- (c) IBanga R - 2 labelwe iiyure ezilishumi, zize zibe li-11 kwiBanga lesi-3. ULwimi lwaseKhaya lwabelwe ezona lwimi zininzi ezisi-8 nezona zimbalwa ezisi-7; luze uLwmi oLongezelelweyo lwabelwe ezona zimbalwa zibe 2 zize ezona zininzi zibe 3 kwiBanga R - 2. KwiBanga lesi-3 ezona yure zininzi zisi-8, zize zibe si-7 ezona zimbalwa kuLwimi lwaseKhaya; kanti kuLwimi oloNgezelelweyo ezona zimbalwa zi-3, zize ezona zininzi zibe 4.
- (d) IMathematika yabelwe iiyure ezisi -7.
- (e) KwizaKhono zoBomi, uLwazi lokuQala lwabelwe iyure e-1 kwiBanga R - 2, zi-2 kwiBanga lesi-3, njengoko kubonisiwe kwizibiyeli kwiBanga.

### 1.4.2 IsiGaba esiPhakathi

- (a) Ixesha elabelwe ukufundisa kwisiGaba esiPhakathi limi ngolu hlobo:

| ISIFUNDO   | IIYURE       |
|--|--------------|
| ULwimi lwaseKhaya                                | 6            |
| ULwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelweyo                  | 5            |
| IMathematika                                     | 6            |
| INzululwazi nobuChwepheshe (neTeknoloji) beNdalo | 3, 5         |
| INzululwazi yezeNtlalo                           | 3            |
| IzaKhono zoBomi                                  | 4            |
| • UbuGcisa beZandla                              | (1, 5)       |
| • EzemiThambo                                    | (1)          |
| • UkuziPhatha neNtlalo                           | (1, 5)       |
| <b>ZISONKE</b>                                   | <b>27, 5</b> |

### 1.4.3 IsiGaba esiPhezulu

- (a) Ixesha elabelwe ukufundisa kwisiGaba esiPhezulu limi ngolu hlobo:

| ISIFUNDO                          | IYURE        |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|
| ULwimi lwaseKhaya                 | 5            |
| ULwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelweyo   | 4            |
| IMathematika                      | 4, 5         |
| liNzululwazi zezeNdalo            | 3            |
| INzululwazi yezeNtlalo            | 3            |
| UbuChwepheshe (iTeknoloji)        | 2            |
| INzululwazi yoLawulo IwezoQoqosho | 2            |
| IziFundo ngezoBomi                | 2            |
| UbuGcisa neNkcubeko               | 2            |
| <b>ZISONKE</b>                    | <b>27, 5</b> |

#### 1.4.4 iBanga 10 - 12

- (a) Ixesha elabelwe ukufundisa iBanga 10 - 12 limi ngolu hlobo:

| IZIFUNDO   | IYURE        |
|--|--------------|
| 1. ULwimi lwaseKhaya   | 4.5          |
| 2. ULwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelweyo   | 4.5          |
| 3. IMathematika  | 4.5          |
| 4. IziFundo ngezoBomi  | 2            |
| 5. Ubuncinane bazo naziphi izifundo ezithathu ezikhethwe <b>kwiQela B</b> <u>isilHomelo B</u> , <u>iiTheyibhile B1 – B8</u> zoxwebhu Iwepolisi oluthi, <i>National policy pertaining to the programme and promotion requirements of the National Curriculum Statement Grades R – 12</i> , ngokuxhomekeke kwimigaqo ebekwe kumhlathi wama-28 wolu xwebhu Iwepolisi. | 12 (3x4yr)   |
| <b>ZISONKE</b>   | <b>27, 5</b> |

Ixelxesha elabelwe ukufundisa ngeveki malisetyenziselwe ukufundisa izifundo ngokweemfuno zezifundo zeNkcazel yeKharityhulam yeSizwe yeBanga R - 12 (NKS) ezichatshazelwe apha ngasentla, hayi ezinye izifundo ezongezelelweyo. Ukuba umfundi ufunu ukongeza izifundo, makongezelwe elinye ixesha lezo zifundo azongezileyo.

## ICANDELO 2 UKWAZISA IILWIMI

### 2.1 IILWIMI NGOKWENKCAZELO YEPOLISI YEKHARITYHULAM NOKUHLOLA

Ulwimi sisixhobo sokucinga nonxibelelwano. Lukwayindlela yenkcubeko nobugcisa abantu abadla ngokwabelana ngayo ukuze baliqonde ngcono ilizwe abaphila kulo. Ukuropa ukusebenzisa ulwimi ngokuchanekileyo kuxhobisa abafundi ukuze bakwazi ukufumana ulwazi, ukuzivakalisa ukuba bangoobani, iimvakalelo nezimvo zabo, ukunxibelelana ngokukuko nabanye nokuzilawulela ilizwe labo. Le nto yenza abafundi babe noluulu lwemifanekiso neengcinga ezityebileyo, ezinamandla nezizinileyo eziya kubanceda ekwenzeni ilizwe labo litshintshe kwinto eliyiyo; libe ngcono; licace ngaphezu kokuba licacile. Ulwimi yindlela yokudandalazisa iinkcubeko ezahlukeneyo nobudlelwane kwezentlalo, obo budlelwane bunokuguqlwa, bandiswe, buphuculwe lulwimi.

#### 2.1.1 Imigangatho yolwimi

Ukuropa ngeelwimi kwisiGaba esiPhezulu kuquka zonke iilwimi zaseburhulumenteni zaseMzantsi Afrika, -iAfrikaans, English, isiNdebele, isiXhosa, isiZulu, Sepedi (Sesotho sa Leboa), Sesotho, Setswana, Siswati, TshiVenda neXitsonga, kuquka noLwimi loMjeku (*Sign Language*) nezinye ezingezozaseMzantsi Afrika (*Non-Official*). Ezi lwimi zingafundiswa kwimigangatho eyahlukeneyo eyile:

ULwimi IwaseKhaya lulwimi lokuqala olufundwa ngabafundi emakhayeni abo kuba kuthethwa lona, ngelixa uLwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelwyeo ilulwimi olufundwe ukongeza phezu kolwimi IwaseKhaya. ULwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelwyeo lolunye ulwimi olunokufundwa ngumfundu esenzela uknxibelelana noluntu gabalala kunye nokwazi iilwimi ezininzi. Olu lwimi lusenokuba luyasetyenziswa apha ekuhlaleni okanye kwinkcubeko yaye luya kwandisa ukwakhiwa kwesizwe kunye nokuqondana kweenkcubeko ngeenkubeko. Izikolo ezininzi eMzantsi Afrika azilufundisi uLwimi IwaseKhaya Iwabafundi abathile okanye Iwabafundi bonke abafunda kweso sikolo. Ezi zikolo zikhetha ukufundisa ulwimi olunye okanye iilwimi ezimbini ezikwinqanaba lolwimi IwaseKhaya. Ngenxa yoku amagama athi, uLwimi IwaseKhaya noLwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelwyeo lubhekiselele kwinqanaba lolwazi lolwimi olo luthi lufundiswe hayi ngokubhekiselele kulwimi lokuqalwa (uLwimi IwaseKhaya) okanye ulwimi olufundwayo (njengolwimi olongezelelwyeo). Ngokwenjongo yale polisi xa kubhekisa kuLwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelwyeo noLwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelwyeo makwazeke ukuba loo nto imele umgagatho wolwimi hayi ulwimi uqobo.

**Umgangatho wolwimi IwaseKhaya** unika abafundi izakhono ezingundoqo zokunxibelelana nabanye abantu ezifuneka kwimo yasekuhlaleni nezakhono zemfundo zokuqondwa kokusetyenziswa kolwimi ezifunekayo ngokwekharityhulam jikelele. Ugxiniso lusekufundisweni kwezi zakhono: ukuphulaphula, ukuthetha, ukufunda, ukubhala kulo mgangatho. Lo mgangatho ukwanika abafundi amathuba okufunda uncwadi nobugcisa nengqikelelo eya kubenza bakwazi ukuyila, ukuqikelela nokuxhobisa ukuqonda kwabo ilizwe abaphila kulo. Kodwa ugxiniso nomlinganiselo wokuphulaphula nokuthetha ukususela kwibanga lesi-7 ukuya phezulu ungaphantsi kwalowo wezakhono zokufunda nokubhala.

**ULwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelwyeo** lubhekiselele kulwimi olungelulo uLwimi IwaseKhaya kodwa olusetyenziselwa ukunxibelelana nabanye abantu ekuhlaleni, oko kukuthi njengolwimi lokufunda nokufundisa. Ikharityhulam inika inkxaso emandla kwabo bafundi abaya kuthi basebenzise uLwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelwyeo okokuqala njengolwimi lokufunda nokufundisa. Ekupheleni kwebanga lesi-9 aba bafundi baya kuba nako ukusebenzisa ulwimi Iwabo IwaseKhaya kunye noLwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelwyeo ngendlela efanelekileyo nangokuzithemba kwiimeko ezahlukileyo eziquka ukufunda.

EMzantsi Afrika abafundi abaninzi baqala ukusebenzisa uLwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelwyeo, isiNgesi, njengolwimi lokufunda nokufundisa. Oku kuthetha ukuba kufuneka bafikelele kwelona zinga liphezulu lobuchule ekusebenziseni isiNgesi. Kufuneka bakwazi ukufunda nokubhala kakuhle ngesiNgesi.

**Umgangatho woLwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelweyo** uthatha ngokuba abafundi basenokuba abanalwazi kwaphela ngolu lwimi xa befila esikolweni. Kwidinyaka embalwa yokuqala yasesikolweni kugxilwa kakhulu ekukhuliseni izakhono zabafundi zokuqonda nokukwazi ukuluthetha olu lwimi – izakhono ezingundoqo zokunxibelelana nabanye abantu. KwiBanga lesi-2 nelesi-3 abafundi baqala ukukhulisa ulwazi (ilitheresi) kwesi siseko sokunxibelelana ngomlomo. Bakwasebenzisa izakhono zelitheresi abasele bezifunde kuLwimi lwabo lwaseKhaya.

KwisiGaba esiPhakathi nesiPhezulu, abafundi bayaqhube nokuqinisa izakhono zabo zokuphulaphula, ukuthetha, ukufunda nokubhala. Kweli nqanaba uninzi lwabantwana bafunda ngoLwimi lwabo lokuQala oloNgezelelweyo, isiNgesi, yaye kufuneka babekwe kwiimeko apho baza kusisebenzisa nangakumbi. Ugxininiso olukhulu lokusetyenziswa koLwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelweyo lukwinjongo yokusinga nokuqqa. Le nto yenza ukuba abafundi bakhulise izakhono zabo zemfundo, abanokuzifuna ekufundeni izifundo ezifana neeNzululwazi zezeNdalo, iMathematiki, besebenzisa isiNgesi. Bakwasebenza nangakumbi ngoncwadi baqale ukukhulisa ukukwazi kwabo ukonwabela ubuhle bobugcisa nengqikelelo ngoLwimi lwabo oLongezelelweyo.

Ngethuba abafundi befila kwisiGaba esiPhezulu, kufuneka babe sele bekwazi ukulusebenzisa ngokufanelekileyo uLwimi lwabo lokuQala oloNgezelelweyo ngokubhekiselele kwizakhono zokunxibelelana nabantu kune nezokuqonda izifundo. Kodwa ke kucacile ukuba abafundi abaninzi abakakwazi ukunxibelelana kakuhle ngoLwimi lwabo lokuQala oloNgezelelweyo kweli nqanaba. Ngoko ke, umngeni wesiGaba esiPhezulu kukunika aba bafundi inkxaso kodwa bekwanikwa ikharityhulam evumela ukuba abafundi bafezekise imigangatho efunekayo kumabanga alandelayo. Le migangatho kufuneka yenze ukuba abafundi bakwazi ukusebenzisa ulwimi lwabo olongezelelweyo kwinqanaba lokuqhabalaka belungiselelwa imfundu eyongezelelekileyo okanye ephakamileyo kungenjalo ilizwe lomsebenzi. Ngoko ke, kucetyiswa ukuba apho kunokwenzeka, abafundi besiGaba esiPhezulu bafundiswe imixholo efanayo kumjikelo weeveki ezimbini kuyo yomibini le migangatho yowlimi.

**Umgangatho woLwimi lwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo** uthatha ngokuba abafundi basenokungabi nalwazi lolu lwimi xa befila esikolweni. Ugxininiso lokufundiswa koLwimi lwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo lujolise ekuphuhliseni ulwazi lwabafundi lokuqonda nokufunda olu lwimi – izakhono ezingundoqo zokunxibelelana nabanye. KwiBanga lesi-4, 5 nelesi-6 abafundi baqala ukukhulisa izakhono zabo zokuthetha ngomlomo nezelitheresi. Bakwasebenzisa izakhono zokuthetha ngomlomo nezelitheresi abasele bezifunde kuLwimi lwabo lwaseKhaya noLwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelweyo.

KwiBanga le-7 - 9, abafundi bayaqhube nokuqinisa ukuphulaphula nokuthetha kwabo ngelixa bekhulisa izakhono zabo zokufunda nokubhala.

Ngethuba abafundi bengena kwiBanga le-10, kufuneka babe bekwazi ukunxibelelana ngoLwimi lwabo lokuQala oloNgezelelweyo kwinqanaba lokuncokola nabantu nelasentlalweni. Noko kunjalo, inyaniso kukuba uninzi lwabafundi alukakwazi ukunxibelelana kakuhle ngoLwimi lwabo oloNgezelelweyo. Ngoko ke, umngeni weBanga 10 – 12 kukunika aba bafundi inkxaso kodwa bekwanikwa ikharityhulam evumela ukuba abafundi bafezekise imigangatho efunekayo kwiBanga le-12. Le migangatho kufuneka yenze ukuba abafundi bakwazi ukusebenzisa ulwimi lwabo olongezelelweyo ngokuqhabalaka belungiselelwa imfundu eyongezelelekileyo okanye ephakamileyo kungenjalo ilizwe lomsebenzi.

### **linjongo ezicacileyo zokufunda iiLwimi ezoNgezelelweyo**

Ukufunda uLwimi lwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo makwenze abafundi bakwazi:

- Ukufunda izakhono zolwimi eziyimfuneko ukuze banxibelelana ngokuchanekileyo nangokufanelekileyo bethathela ingqalelo abantu abafumana ulwazi/abaphulaphuli, injongo nomxholo.

- Ukuphulaphula, ukuthetha, ukufunda/ukubukela nokubhala/ukunikezela ngokuzithemba nangokonwaba. Ezi zakhono nezi ndlela zokucinga zisisiseko sokufunda kubomi gabalala.
- Ukubeka izimvo neemvakalelo zabo ngomlomo nangokubhaliweyo ngokuzithemba bezixhasa ukwenzela ukuba babe ngantu abacinga ngokukhululekileyo nabaqiqayo.
- Ukusebenzisa uLwimi lwabo oloNgezelelweyo nengqikelelo yabo ukuzikhangle nangakumbi nokufunda banzi ngelizwe elibangqongileyo, ngokunjalo nokuvala umsantsa wenkcubeko nolwimi nokuhuthaza ukufunda iilwimi ezininzi. Le nto iya kubenza bakwazi ukuthetha ngamava abo nezinto abazifunde ngobomi, loo nto beyenza ngomlomo nangokubhala.
- Ukusebenzisa uLwimi lwabo oloNgezelelweyo njengesixhobo sokuzingela nokusebenzisa ulwazi abalufumeneyo nakwezinye izifundo gabalala. Isakhono sokukwazi ukuqokelela nokucwangcisa ulwazi olufumeneyo sisiseko sokuphila kule mihi 'yempucuko nolwazi' sikwasisisoko sokufunda kubomi gabalala
- Ukusebenzisa ulwimi njengesixhobo sokucinga nzulu; ukwenzela ukuvakalisa izimvo zabo kwimiba ngemiba; ukufunda ngokuqqa uluhlu Iweetekisi nasekufundeni iitekisi befundela iinjongo ngeenjongo, ezifana nokuzonwabisa nokufumana ulwazi.

## 2. 1. 2 Izakhono zolwimi

Ikharityhulam yoLwimi lwaseKhaya yensiwe ngokwezi zakhono zilandelayo:

|   |   |
|---|---|
| 1 | Ukuphulaphula nokuthetha                |
| 2 | Ukufunda nokubukela                     |
| 3 | Ukubhala nokunikezela                   |
| 4 | Izakhi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa kolwimi |

## 2. 1. 3 Indlela zokufundiswa kolwimi

Indlela zokufundiswa kolwimi kula maxwebhu zezisekelwe kwiitekisi, ezifundisa ulwimi ngokulusebenzisa nezifundisa ngokwenkubo.

**Indlela yokufundisa esekelwe kwiitekisi** kunye **nendlela yokufundisa ulwimi ngokulusebenzisa** zixhomekeke kakhulu ekusetyenzisweni rhoqo nasekuvelisweni kweendidi ngeendidi zeetekisi.

**Indlela yokufundisa esekelwe kwiitekisi** ifundisa abafundi ukuba babe ngabafundi, ababhali, abaphononongi nabayili abagqwesileyo, abazithembileyo nabaqiqayo. Oku kubandakanya ukuphulaphula, ukufunda, ukubukela nokuhlaluty iitekisi ukwenzela ukuqonda indlela ezeliswe ngayo nefuthe lazo. Le nto ipuhlisa izakhono zabaufundi zokuphengulula nokuphendla iitekisi gabalala. Itekisi zoqobo ngowona mthombo ekusekelwa kuwo umxholo nemeko yokufundwa nokufundiswa kolwimi ngendlela enxibeelanayo nedibeneyo. Indlela yokufundisa esekelwe kwiitekisi ikwabandakanya ukuveliswa kweendidi ngeendidi zeetekisi ezelungiselelwe iinjongo ezithile nabaphulaphuli/abafundi abathile. Le ndlela isekelwe kwingqiqo yokwazi indlela iitekisi ezakhwiwe ngayo.

**Indlela yokufundisa ulwimi ngokulusebenzisa** icebisa ukuba xa efunda ulwimi, umfundsi makanikwe ithuba elaneleyo lokulusebenzisa olu lwimi alufundayo kunye namathuba okuziqhelanisa nalo okanye avelise ulwimi ngokuqhagamshelana ngeenjongo zemiba yasekuhlaleni neyokuziqhelanisa esebezisa lona. Ufundiso lolwimi malugxininiswe eklassi apho izakhono zokufunda/ukubukela nokubhala/ukunikezela zifundwa khona ngokufunda nokubhala rhoqo. Ufundiso lolwimi lwenzeka ngendlela enxulumeneyo, utitshala ebonisa indlela eyiyo nefanelekileyo, abafundi beziqhelia ngezakhono ezifanelekileyo emaqeleni phambi kokuzisebenzisa izakhono eyedwa umfundi.

Ukwakhiwa kwesifundo ngasinye makube koko kwenziwa yiklasi yonke ngaphambi kokuziqhelanisa emaqeleni nokusebenzisa isakhono esitsha ngabanye. Amagama asetyenziswayo ngala: ukuphulaphula nokuthetha, ukufunda nokubhala notitshala, amaqela, ukufunda nokubhala ngoncedo lukatitshala nayedwa.

**Indlela yokufundisa ngokwenkqubo** isetyenziswa xa abafundi befunda ze bavelisa iitekisi zomlomo nezibhaliweyo. Abafundi bathabatha inxaxheba kumanqanaba ahlukeneyo eenkqubo zokuphulaphula, ukuthetha, ukufunda nokubhala. Mabacinge ngababukeli/abaphulaphuli nangenjongo xa besenza ezi nkqubo. Loo nto iya kubenza bakwazi ukuqhagamshelana, ukuthetha nokuveza iimbono zabo ngobuchule. Umzekelo, ukufundiswa kokubhala akugxininis kwisiphumo kuphela, koko kugxininisa nakwinjongo nenkqubo yokubhala. Ngexesha lenkqubo yokubhala abafundi bafundiswa indlela yokuvelisa izimvo, ukucinga malunga nenjongo, nabantu abaza kufunda umsebenzi wabo, ukubhala iidrafti, ukuhlela umsebenzi wabo nokunikezela ngaloo nto bayibhalileyo bedandalazisa iingcinga zabo.

### **Indlela zokufundiswa koncwadi**

Ukufundiswa koncwadi makugxininis ekufundiseni ngenjongo yokuqonda yaye kuquka ubuchule/iindlela zenkqubo yokufunda (phambi kokufunda, ngeli xesha ufundayo, emva kokufunda). Esona sizathu sibalulekileyo sokufunda uncwadi eklasini kukukhulisa uvakalelo lwabafundi kusetyenziso lolwimi ngendlela ecolekileyo, enobuchule, enongiweyo, nemifanekiso-ngqondweni nemiqondiso nenzulileyo kunokuba befunda enye into engelulo uncwadi. Nangona ezinye iitekisi zoncwadi izezokonwabiso, ukuhlekisa, ukwandisa ulwazi, ababhali abazimiseleyo nabazinikezeleyo babhala iinovel, imidlalo, umbongo kuba beneengcinga, imibono nemiba, imithetho-siseko, imibono, neenkolelo abafuna ukwabelana ngazo nokuzivezelu abafundi beencwadi zabo. Ingqikelelo ekusetyenzisweni kolwimi yenye yeendlela ezongeziweyo zokutyhila, ukomeleza nokugxininisa iingcinga zaba babhali.

Ukufundiswa koncwadi akukho lula, kodwa kunzima ngakumbi xa zingekho iingcinga zabafundi eziya kumnceda ekufumaneni intsingiselo nokuphawula okunyanisekileyo okuvela kubafundi ngokwabo. Ngaphandle kokuba bazifundele ngokwabo ukuyazi intsingiselo engqalileyo yetekisi leyo, abayi kube bafunde okuninzi. Ootitshala mabazinxweme ekuchazeni uncwadi ngendlela abayiva ngayo incwadi, koko bavumele abafundi ukuba ibe ngabo abathabatha inxaxheba enku xa kuhlalutya. Uhlalutyo okanye ukuchazwa kwencwadi akukho malunga nokuchaneka okanye ukungachaneki kwezimvo, koko kukukhangela intsingiselo kulowo uyifundayo.

Ezona ndlela zingcono zokufundisa uncwadi zinokuquka ezinye zezi okanye zonke ezi zilandelayo:

- Zama kangangoko ukuba kufundwe itekisi eklasini ngaphandle kokuphazanyiswa ngomnye umsebenzi. Oku kunokuthatha ngaphezulu kweeveki ezimbini ezabelwe uLwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo. Kubalulekile ukuba abafundi babe nolwazi olucacileyo ngokuqhubekayo nokungundoqo wetekisi (ukuba ingantoni). Kwiiklasi ezininzi itekisi ifundwa ngaphandle kwenkxaso. Oku makukhuthazwe. Fundisa *isihobe* gabalala, *hayi imibongo*. Fundani imibongo emininzi kangangoko ninako eklasini ze uqiniseke ukuba abafundi nabo babhala eyabo imibongo.
- Ukuhlahutya koncwadi kubaluleke kakhulu kwimfundo yaseyunivesithi. Kulo mgangatho abafanelanga kufunda uhlalutyo oluntsonkothileyo. Kodwa ke wonke umsebenzi wokufundisa abafundi uncwadi kukubonisa ukuba uLwimi Iwabo IokuQala oloNgezelelweyo lungasetyenziswa mayana, ngobukrelekrele, ngokuqikelela nangokuvulekileyo. Oku kuthetha ukuqwalaselisisa ukuba itekisi yakhiwe njani, ubuchule obusetyenzisiweyo nokucwangcisa kwayo ngokutsha ukucacisa nokugxininisa loo nto iboniswayo. Lo msebenzi unokufuna uqwalaselobukho nokungabikho kwemifanekiso-ngqondweni. Nguwuphi umfanekiso-ngqondweni ophuhliswa ngumbhali? Usetyenziselwe ntoni? Ukwakhiwa kwezivakalisi nemihlathi, okanye ubume bemibongo, amagama akhethiweyo, umxholo kwitekisi jikelele, ukusetyenziswa kwemiqondiso, isandi, umbala, apho kuyimfumeko. Uninzi Iwalo msebenzi maluxhomekeke kuloo ncwadi ifundwayo.

- Itekisi eyilwayo kufuneka ihambelane ngqo nokufundiswa kwayo nayiphi na itekisi yoncwadi. Imisebenzi ebhalwayo efuna ngamandla ulwazi lwetekisi efundiweyo ifunyaniswa ukuba incedisa ngakumbi ukuseka izinga eliphakamileyo lokuzonwabiso/lokuhluza kwicala labafundi. lingxoxo zaseklasini zingaba nempumelelo xa wonke ubani enokuthabatha inxaxheba. Kodwa ezo ngxoxo zigqibela ngokuba ngumsebenzi obhaliweyo zezona zifezekisa injongo ecacileyo, yaye zincedisa kokubini, kwizakhono zokuthetha nezokubhala.
- Elokuggqibela, kubalulekile ukwazi ukuba uncwadi ayizompendulo zichanekileyo. Itekisi xa iyonke icacisa into ngokuzeleyo, hayi ngokweziqendwana zayo; ukufundisiswa kwetekisi okulungileyo kuquka yonke itekisi ekuchazweni kwentsingiselo yayo, isakhiwo, izimvo zakho, nokuphononongwa kwayo.

Ezinye iindlela zokufundisa uncwadi ezinokuqukwa xa kufundelwa ukuqonda nokwazi iimpawu eziphambili zoncwadi zezi zilandelayo:

**Ukucwangcisa ngokwamaxesha eziganeko, ngokombhali, ngokomxholo/umongo nangokohlobo loncwadi.**  
Ezi zakhono zingadityanisa.

**Kwindlela yokucwangcisa ngokwamaxesha eziganeko** abafundi bangaphanda ze badibanise ixesha eliqhubeka ngalo ibali neziganeko zezemba li zelo xesha.

**Kwindlela yokufundisa ngokombhali**, abafundi bangathabatha inxaxheba kufundo olubanzi nolunzulu ngombhali ngakumbi kwisihobe ukuze banxibeelanise isihobe sakhe nemba li ethile yelo xesha.

**Kwindlela yokufundisa ngokomxholo/ngokomongo** abafundi bajonga umongo/imixholo efana nezobulungisa, ezempumelelo, ezothando, njalo njalo, kwimibongo ngemibongo okanye kwiindidi ezahlukeneyo zoncwadi ukuze zithelekiswe neziganeko ezenzeka mihla le ebomini. Bangathabatha izigqibo/izigwebo ngezenzo zomdlali ukuze banike izimvo zabo ngomxholo.

**Malunga nendlela yokufundisa ngokohlobo loncwadi**, abafundi bangahlela, bathelekise, ze bachaze umahluko phakathi kweendidi zoncwadi, umzekelo, umahluko phakathi kwezakhiwo zenovel/i/bali elifutshane/idrama/uncwadi lwemveli.

### **Iindlela zokufundiswa kokusetyenziswa kolwimi**

Ukufundiswa kwezakhi zolwimi makugxinise kwindlela yokusetyenziswa kwazo nento enokwenziwa ngolwimi, oko kukuthi, yenziwa njani intsingiselo, uhlangabezana njani neengxaki nokuxhokonxa umdra, ubakhuthaza njani abahlobo noogxa bakho, ubenza njani ubomi obungcono. Ukufundisa ulwimi makube yindlela yokukwazi ukuqhubela phambili izinto.

Ukufundisa izakhi zolwimi makube yindlela esekelwe kwiitekisi kunye nendlela yokufundisa ulwimi ngokulusebenzisa.

Le migaoqo ilandelayo mayithathelwe ingqalelo xa kufundiswa izakhi zolwimi:

- Igrama mayifundiselwe ukwakha iitekisi kwimo yazo yokusetyenziswa – loo nto ihambelana nolwimi njengoko lunjalo.
- Ukusetyenziswa kwograma makungabi namigqaliselo yokuhlalutyu izivakalisi ngokuzimeleyo - makuchazwe indlela ezakhiwe ngayo izivakalisi kwiitekisi ezipheleleyo, umzekelo, amabali amafutshane, izincoko, iileta, iingxelo ezifundiswayo, ezifundwayo nezibhalwa ngabafundi esikolweni.

- Makukhuthazwe ukusetyenziswa kwezixhobo ezixhasayo zoqobo/zenyani ezifana nencoko yababini nodliwano-ndlebe.
- Izakhi zolwimi mazidityaniswe nemisebenzi yolwimi kwiinkalo ezahlukeneyo zasekuhlaleni, umz. Ukuveza iingcinga ngezimvo zomntu, ukwazisa abantu, ukuthetha ngezinto/ukwenza ingxelo ngento, izenso, iziganeko okanye abantu basekuhlaleni, izinto ezadlulayo okanye neziza kwenzeka: ukwenza izicelo, ukunika iingcebiso, ukudlulisa ukutya okanye izinto ezelwayo, ukwamkela nokwala ngokuphucukileyo, ukunika nokusabela kwimiylelo, ukuthelekisa nokuchasanisa izinto. Sebenzisa imisebenzi yaseklasini efana neemo zolwimi nemisebenzi yazo, umz. Ukusebenzisa ixesha eladlulayo kunye/okanye nelidlulileyo xa kubhalwa isincoko esibalisayo naxa kubhalwa ingxelo.
- Gxininisa kwimisebenzi enentsingiselo. Ukwazi imigaqo yolwimi akuthethi ukuba abafundi bayakwazi ukulusebenzisa ulwimi ngendlela ebumbeneyo/enamatheleyo nenentsingiselo. Eyona nto sinomdla kuyo sisakhi nomsebenzi waso ngaphaya komgangatho wesivakalisi, oko kukuthi, indlela abantu abalusebenzisa ngayo ulwimi oluthethwayo (intetho) okanye ulwimi olubhaliwego (itekisi) ngendlela ebumbeneyo/enamatheleyo nenentsingiselo.
- Akufunekanga abafundi bohlwayelwe umba wendlela yokubizwa kwamagama nemvakalozwi, ngaphandle kokuba ubangela ukuqhawuka konxibelewano.

## 2. 2 UKWABIWA KWEXESA LOLWIMI LWESIBINI OLONGEZELELWEYO KWIKHARITYHULAM

Kucetyiswa olu lwabiwo lutexesa lokufundisa izakhono ezahlukeneyo zolwimi ngeeveki ezimbini:

| IZAKHONO                                   | UKWABIWA KWEXESA NGEVEKI (IIYURE) | UKWABIWA KWEXESA NGEVEKI EZIMBINI (IIYURE) | I-% |
|--|-----------------------------------|--|-----|
| Ukuphulaphula nokuthetha                   | 2                                 | 1  | 25  |
| Ukufunda nokubukela: isicatshulwa noncwadi |                                   | 1  | 25  |
| Ukubhala nokunikezela                      |                                   | 1  | 25  |
| Izakhi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa kolwimi    |                                   | 1  | 25  |

Wonke umxholo wolwimi ufundiswa ngomjikelo weeveki ezimbini (iiyure ezili-10 (ezisi-8)). **Akunyanzelekanga ukuba ootitshala balandele lo mijikelo ncakasana, koko mabaqiniseke ukuba abafundi bayaqhelaniswa nezakhono zolwimi, ngakumbi ukufunda nokubhala.** Ixesha elabelwe izakhono ezahlukeneyo zolwimi kwiBanga 7 - 9 ziiveki ezingama-36 ngonyaka. Iiyure ezine zezeemviwo - iiveki ezimbini zezikajuni, ezimbini zezikadisemba.

## 2. 3 IZIXHOBO ZOKUXHASA UKUFUNDA NOKUFUNDISA

Abafundi mababe noku kulandelayo kuLwimi lwaseKhaya kwibanga lesi-7 ukuya kwele-9:

| IBANGA LESI-7 - 9                               |   |
|---|---|
| IZIXHOBO EZINGUNDOQO                            |   |
| lincwadi zolwimi ezimiselweyo                   | ✓ |
| Isichazi-magama                                 | ✓ |
| Olunye kwezi *ntlobo zoncwadi zimiselweyo       |   |
| Inovel emfutshane                               | ✓ |
| Amabali amafutshane                             | ✓ |
| Uncwadi lwemveli                                | ✓ |
| Idrama emfutshane                               | ✓ |
| Isihobe   | ✓ |
| EZOKUSASAZA IINDABA                             |   |
| Amaphephanda                                    | ✓ |
| iimagazini                                      | ✓ |
| linkqubo zikanomathotholo/iidrama               | ✓ |
| linkqubo zikamabonakude/iidrama/iidotyhumentari | ✓ |

\*Ekupheleni kwesi sigaba abafundi mababe befunde iintlobo zoncwadi ezintathu, umz. uhlobo olunye kwibanga ngalinye.

Ootitshala boLwimi lwaseKhaya mababe nezi zinto zilandelayo:

- (a) Inkcazel yepolisi yekharityhulam nokuhlol
- (b) *Language in Education Policy* (ipolisi yokufundisa iilwimi)
- (c) lincwadi ezimiselwe zolwimi ukusetyenziswa ngabafundi nezo zinguvimba ukongeza kwezo zichongiwego.
- (d) Isichazi-magama (esolwimi olunye, eselwimi ezimbini, ezininzi, ithesarasi ne-ensayiklophidiya)
- (e) lintlobo zoncwadi ezimiselweyo ezifanelekileyo
- (f) lindidi zemathiriyeli yokusasaza iindaba: amaphephanda, iimagazini, iibrowusha
- (g) Babe nethuba lokufumana izixhobo eziviwayo/ezibonwayo ukuze zisetyenziswe eklasini
- (h) Ezinye izixhobo zokusasaza (iintlobo zamaphephanda, iimagazini neebhrowutsha)

### Izixhobo zokufundisa eklasini

- a) Uluhlu lweetekisi ezibandakanya amanqanaba okufunda awohlukileyo umz. iincwadi zokufunda ezikhethiweyo zeklasi ezineekopi ezineetekisi ezaneleyo kwinqanaba ngalinye
- b) lintlobo ngeentlobo zeemathiriyeli eneetekisi ezibonwayo umz: amaphephanda, iimagazini, ibrowutsha, iiflaya, izibhengezo, iipowusta, izaziso, njalo njalo.
- c) Izixhobo eziviwayo/ezibonwayo

# ICANDELO LESI-3: UMXHOLO NEZICWANGCISO ZOKUFUNDISA IZAKHONO ZOLWIMI

Eli candelolahlula-hlulwe langamacandelo AMABINI: linamagqabantsintshi ngezakhono zolwimi, umxholo iindlela zokwenza kunye neziCwangciso zokuFundisa.

## 3.1 UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA

Ukuphulaphula nokuthetha zizakhono ezahlukeneyo kodwa ezisebenzisanayo. Zozibini zisoloko zikho eklasini xa abafundi bephulaphula naxa bexoxa ngolwazi oluthile. Ukuphulaphula nokuthetha okusesikweni kwiimo ezikhethekileyo, umzekelo, kwingxoxo-mpikiswano, kunyanelisa ukuba kubekho ukufundiswa okungqalene nomxholo lowo. Ukuphulaphula nokuthetha okusesikweni nokungekho sesikweni kuhlanganiswe nokufunda, ukubhala nokusetyenziswa kolwimi yaye ukuthetha kunokuyenza itekisi ebhaliwego ibe yeviwayo (umzekelo, ukufunda ngokuvakalayo).

### UKUPHULAPHULA

#### Inkubo yokuphulaphhula

Ukufundisa ukuphulaphula kubandakanya ukusebenza ngemiba eyinxalenye yenqubo yokuphulaphula. Lo ngumsebenzi ontlantlu-ntathu obonisa iindlela zokuphulaphula ngokuzimeleyo ukwenzela ukucazulula nokuqonda iintetho nezinye iimo eziviwayo. Akui kusoloko kusetyenziswa onke amanyathelo enkqubo yokuphulaphula ngalo lonke ixesha. Umzekelo, xa abafundi bephulaphule ingcaciso eshiclelwego, bangafunda njengomsebenzi **waphambi kokuphulaphula**, msebenzi lowo oza kubaxhobisa ngokubaphulaphulisisa ubancedise ukunxulumanisa abakwaziyo namava abo. **Imisebenzi yangexesha bephulaphule** iza kubanceda ukuba bakhumbule iinkcukacha baphonononge nomyalezo. **Emva kokuphulaphula** kuza kubandakanya abafundi ekuphenduleni imibuzzo elula ngabakuvileyo.

#### Inkubo yokuphulaphula

1. **Inkubo yaPhambi kokuphulaphula** igxininisa ekwaziseni abafundi kwimeko yokuphulaphula. Iya bavumela ukuba bavuselele ulwazi lwabo lwangaphambili ngesihloko eso, baze balungiselele ukuphulaphula.
  - Ukuvuselela ulwazi asele benalo abafundi phambi kokuphulaphula, ukuze kuvuseleleke ulwazi ngohlobo oluthile lwengxoxo.
  - Ukuqikelela ukuba itekisi iza kuthetha ngantoni na ngokujonga isihloko/ukuxoxa ngomxholo wetekisi
  - Ukujongana naso nasiphi na isigama esiphambili abangaqhelananga naso abafundi
  - Utitshala unokuseta imibuzzo yaphambi kokuphulaphula ukutsala umdla wabafundi
  - Abafundi mabazilungiselele ngokupheleleyo, umzekelo, ipensile, nencwadi yokubhalela, ukuthatha amanqaku.
2. Ngexesha **lokuphulaphula** abafundi baqwalasela iinjongo ezahlukeneyo.

(Qaphela ukuba kulungile ukuba abafundi baphulaphule amatyeli amaninzi, begxininisa kumba owahlukileyo kwixesha ngalinye.

## 2.1 **Ukuphulaphulela ukufumana ulwazi oluthile**

- Ukukhangela intsingiselo; ukhethe iingongoma eziphambili nezixhasayo.
- Ukuthi gqolo ukhangela ukuba uyawuva na umyalezo ngokunxibeelanisa, ukwenza nokuqinisekisa iingqikelelo, ukuziggibela ngento, ukuphonononga nokucamngca.
- Ukubhala amanqaku anentsingiselo; amagqabantshintshi, elungelelanisa/dwelisa izimvo, esahlula-hlula, ukushwankathela, ukubalisa ngokutsha, ukulandela imiyalelo.
- Ukuqaphela umyalezo odluliswa yintshukumo yomzimba yesithethi nezinye izikhokelo ezibonwayo.

## 2.2 **Ukuphulaphulela ukuqhagamshelana**

- Ukusebenzisa imigaqo yokunikana amathuba kwincoko okanye kumsebenzi weqela
- Ukuba imibuzo ukuqhubela phambili incoko
- Ukuphendula kulwimi, izijekulo, ukunamathelisa iliso nokusebenzisa amalungu omzimba.
- Ukubonisa umdla nengqwalasela ngokufanelekileyo ngembonakalo, ngendlela yokuma/yokuhlala, njalo njalo.
- Ukusebenzisa imigaqo efanelekileyo yokubonakalisa imbeko nokubonisa intlonipho kwabanye.

## 2.3 **Ukuphulaphulela ukuzonwabiswa/ukuqonda**

- Ukuphendula kwiimpawu zobugcisa zetekisi eviwayo, umzekelo, isingqisho, isantya, isandi
- Ukuphendula kwiimeko ngeemeko zoqhagamshelwano
- Ukusebenzisa imigaqo yokunka amathuba xa nincokola
- Ukuthethelela icala olkhethileyo
- Ukuba imibuzo ukwenzela ukuqhubela phambili incoko.
- Ukuphendula kulwimi, izijekulo, ukunamathelisa iliso nokusebenzisa amalungu omzimba.
- Ukuboninsa ukuzalana phakathi kolwimi nenkcubeko ngokubonakalisa intlonipho kwizenzo zenkcubeko.
- Ukuphendula kwimigangatho yobuhle beetekisi zomlomo, umzekelo, isingqi, isantya, ii-ifekthi zesandi, umfanekiso-  
ngqondweni

## 3. Umsebenzi **wasemva kophulaphula** ungezinto ozivileyo waziqaphela ngethuba upholaphule. Abafundi benza oku kulandelayo:

- Ukuphendla amanqaku owabhalileyo
- Ukushwankathela
- Ukuguqula ulwazi lomlomo lube kwimo ebhaliweyo, umzekelo, ukusebenzisa ingombolo yolwazi  
ukuleyibhelisha umfanekiso.
- Ukuphicotha ulwazi olutsha belusebenzisa ulwazi abasele benalo
- Ukufikelela kwiziggibo, ukuvakalisa uluvo lwakho

## Ubude beetekisi emazisetyenziselwe ukuphulaphulela ukuqonda

| IITEKISI  | AMABANGA       | UBUDE BEXESHA                     |
|---|----------------|-----------------------------------|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>litekisi ze-orali/intetho yomlomo, ezibonwayo, eziviwa-zibonwa kunye neetekisi zamajelo eendaba ezinolwazi olubekwe ngeentlobo ngeentlobo</li> <li>litekisi eziviwayo</li> <li>litekisi zobugcisa</li> <li>litekisa zokwandisa ulwazi</li> <li>Iltekisi zokuzixhobisa ngolwazi</li> <li>litekisi eziviwa-zibonwa (iifilim, iinkqubo needotyumentari zikamabonakude, imiboniso yezilayidi, okushicilelweyo (okurekhodiweyo), iinkqubo zerediyo, iifoto, iividio zomculo)</li> </ul> | iBanga lesi-7  | Ebuncinaneni imizuzwana engama-30 |
|   | iBanga lesi -8 | Ebuncinaneni imizuzwana engama-45 |
|   | iBanga lesi-9  | Ebuncinaneni umzuzu om-1          |

## UKUTHETHA

Ukuthetha ngokucacileyo, ngokuqhabalakayo, ngokuthungelelanayo, ngokuzithemba nangokufanelekileyo makube yinjongo yokufundisa ukuthetha. Umyalelo wokuthetha kufuneka uqaphele iimeko zokuthetha ngokusesikweni nangokungekho sesikweni, ukususela kwincoko nje ukuya ekwenzeni intetho ngokusesikweni.

Ukufundiswa kokuthetha makuquke ulwazi lwenkqubo neendlela zokuthetha.

### Inkqubo neendlela zokuthetha

Inkqubo yokuthetha ngokusesikweni inala manqanaba alandelayo:

- ukucwangcisa: ukuphanda nokulungelelanisa ulwazi
- ukuziqhelanisa
- nokunikezela (ukwenza intetho)

### Ukuthetha nokunikezela ngokusesikweni

Inkqubo yokuthetha iza nokuba nala manqanaba mathathu angasentla. Ilimo zokunikezela ezisesikweni ziqluka okubhaliweyo kunye neorali/okuthethwayo okunokuhlolwa ngootitshala.

### Ukucwangcisa: ukuphanda nokulungelelanisa ulwazi

Abafundi babonisa izakhono zokucwangcisa, zokuphanda nokulungelelanisa ulwazi belungiselela intetho yomlomo/iorali ngolu hlobo:

- Ukusebenzisa oovimba neemathiriyeli zokongezelela ulwazi ukufumana nokukhetha ingcombolo yolwazi.
- Ukulungelelanisa nokubhala ulwazi; ukubhala amanqaku (iinowuthsi)
- Ukusebenzisa intshayelelo nesiphelo esichanekileyo
- Ukuvelisa izimvo ngomlomo ngendlela elandeletana ngokufanelekileyo
- Ukusebenzisa izinto, izincedisi eziviwayo kunye/okanye nezibonwayo ukuphucula umdla nokuchaneka kwentetho yabo enikezelwayo.

### **Ukuziqhelanisa kune nokwenza intetho/nokunikezela**

Abafundi babonakalisa izakhono zokuziqhelanisa nokwenza intetho yomlomo ngolu hlobo:

- Ukusebenzisa iindlela ezifanelekileyo zokuthetha nabantu
- Ukubonakalisa ukubazi abaphulaphuli
- Ukubonakalisa ukuyazi imeko-bume: esesikweni okanye engekho sesikweni
- Ukuvakalisa uluvo lwakho
- Ukusebenzisa izakhi nemigaqo yowlimi yowlimi ngokuchanekileyo
- Ukusebenzisa ubugcisa obuchanekileyo bokuthetha ngomlomo nangeentshukumo zomzimba ukugxininisa intsingiselo, umzekelo: imvakalozwi, ukunyuka nokuhla kwelizwi, isantya, ukubekelala izimvo, ukunamatelisa amehlo, inkangeleko yobuso, izijekulo neentshukumo zomzimba
- Ukuthetha ngokuvakalayo, ngelizwi elicacileyo nokuphimisela (ukubiza amagama) kakuhle ngokwentsingiselo

### **Ukuthetha okungekho sesikweni kune nomsebenzi weqela (jonga “limpawu kune nemigaqo yokunxibeletana ngomlomo” apha ngasezantsi)**

- Ukuqala nokuqhuba incoko
- Ukuba za nokuphendula imibuzo usenzela ukuqhuba incoko
- Ukusebenzisa imigaqo yokunikana amathuba
- Ukucacisa intsingiselo apho kufanelekileyo
- Ukukhuthaza iinjongo zomsebenzi weqela ngobunkokeli nezinye iindima
- Ukuphendula kulwimi, izijekulo, ukunamatelisa iliso neentshukumo zomzimba
- Ukubonisa umdla nengqwalasela ngokufanelekileyo ngembonakalo, iindlela yokuma/yokuhlala nezijekulo

### **limpawu nemigaqo yeetekisi zokunxibeletana ngomlomo**

## 1. Ukuthetha okungekho sesikweni kunye nomsebenzi weqela

| IMO OYETEKISI ETHETH-WAYO/YE-ORALI  | INJONGO                        | IIMPAWU   |
|---|--------------------------------|---|
| <b>Incoko engekho sesikweni/ ingxoxo yababini/umsebenzi weqela</b><br><br><b>Jonga: lintetho ezisetyenziswa kwincoko – Uluhlu olubonisayo lulapha ngasezantsi</b> | Ukuxoxa ngezihloko ezinikiwego | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ukuqala nokuqhube incoko</li> <li>• Ukusebenzisa imigaqo yokunikana amathuba xa nthetha</li> <li>• Ukuvala izikhewu nokukhuthaza isithethi.</li> <li>• Ukuacisa intsingiselo aphi kufanelekileyo</li> <li>• Ukunika ulovo lwakho</li> <li>• Ukuba nokuphendula imibuzo usenzela ukuqhube incoko</li> <li>• Ukujongana nolwimi, izijekulo, unamatheliso lwamehlo nentshukumo yomzimba.</li> <li>• Ukubonisa umda nengqwalasel o ngokufanelekileyo ngembonakalo, indlela yokuma/yokuhla nezijekulo.</li> </ul> |
| <b>Ukufunda ngokuvakalayo okungalungiselelwanga</b>   | Ukwabelana ngetekisi           | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ukufunda ngokuhabalaka nangokuvakalayo</li> <li>• Ukubiza amagama ngendlela engatshintshi ntsingiselo</li> </ul>   |

## 2. Ukuthetha nokunikezela ngokusesikweni

**Jonga nakwiingcaciso gabalala malunga nokucwangcisa nokunikezela apha ngasentla.**

| IMO YETEKISI ETHETH-WAYO/YE-ORALI   | INJONGO                                       | IIMPAWU  |
|---|---|--|
| <b>Intetho elungiselelwego</b><br><b>Le mo ibonakalisa ubungqina bophando kunye/namalungiselelo</b> | <b>Ezahlukeneyo: zokuxhobisa/ zokwabelana</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ukuqhube uphando/ukulungiselela</li> <li>• Ukucwangcisa imathiriyeli ngokundindeneyo. Ukuchonga nokuphuhlisa iingongoma ezipambili nemizekelo exhasayo</li> <li>• Ukusebenzisa isakhiwo, isigama, ulwimi nemigaqo yowlimi</li> <li>• Ukusebenzisa imvakalozwi, ukunyuswa nokuhliswa kwelizwi, isantya, unamatheliso lwamehlo, indlela yokuma nezijekulo</li> <li>• Ukusebenzisa intshayelelo nesiphelo esidlwengul' umxhelo</li> <li>• Ukusebenzisa isimbo nerejista efanelekileyo</li> <li>• Ukubandakanya izincedisi ezibonwayo, eziviwayo kunye/ okanye nezivwa-zibonwa, umzekelo, iitshathi, iipowusta, izinto eziboniswayo, imifanekiso</li> </ul> |

|   |   |  |
|---|---|--|
| <b>Ukufunda ngokuvakalayo okulungiselelwego</b> | <b>Ukwabelana ngetekisi oyibhale ngokwakho okanye ebhalwe ngabanye, umz. ibhalelwu ukonwabisu</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ukufunda ngokuhabalaka nangokuqiqa ngokwenjongo nomsebenzi</li> <li>• Ukubiza amagama ngokungatshintshi ntsingiselo</li> <li>• Ukuphucula intsingiselo ngokwemvakalozwi, ukunyuswa nokuhliswa kwelizwi, isantya, unamatheliso lwamehlo, indlela yokuma nezijekulo.</li> </ul> |
|---|---|--|

### 3. Ukuthela iinjongo ezithile/imixholo ethile

| IMO YETEKISI ETHETH-WAYO/YE-ORALI | INJONGO   | IIMPAWU  |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| Ukwalathisa                       | Ukubonisa umntu indlela yokuya endaweni                     | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Uku<heth>benzisa imo eyalelayo</heth></li> <li>• Uku<heth>benzisa izivakalisi ezicacileyo nezivakalayo</heth></li> <li>• Uku<heth>landeelanise ingcaciso yakho</heth></li> <li>• Uku<heth>khomba kwicala elithile</heth></li> <li>• Uku<heth>nika umgama oqikelelwayo</heth></li> <li>• Uku<heth>nika ingombolo yowlazi malunga neendawo eziqaphelekayo nezaziwayo apha endleleni</heth></li> </ul> |
| Imiyalelo                         | Ukucacisa indlela yokwenza umsebenzi othile/ukupheka ukutya | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Uku<heth>cacisa indlela yokwenza into ethile</heth></li> <li>• Uku<heth>chaza iimathiriyeli ezifunekayo</heth></li> <li>• Uku<heth>niku ulandeelaniso lwemiyalelo olucacileyo, oluchanekileyo nolufanelekileyo</heth></li> <li>• Uku<heth>benzisa isigama esifanelekileyo</heth></li> </ul>   |

#### Ubude obucetywayo bexesha leetekisi zokunxibelelana ngomlomo

| IITEKISI  | IXESHA IBANGA 7-9                  |
|---|------------------------------------|
| lincoko   | Umzuzu emi-5 -10 kwiqela/iklasi    |
| lingxoxo zababini   | Umzuzu om-1 - 2 kwisibini ngasinye |
| Izalathiso nemiyalelo   | Umzuzu om-1                        |
| Ukufunda okulungiselelwego  | Umzuzu om-1                        |
| lintetho ezilungiselelwego  | Umzuzu om-1                        |
| Ukabalisa into  | Ukuya kutsho kwimizuzu emi-2       |
| Intetho yenziwa imihla ngemihla, umzekelo ukucela uncedo, ukuxolisa, njalo njalo. | Umzuzu om-1 - 2                    |

#### Lintetho ezisetyenziswayo kwincoko – Uluhlu olubonisayo

|  |  |
|--|--|
| UKUCELA IMVUME/UKWENZA IZICELO   | UKUPHAZAMISA   |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ndinga..... ?</li> <li>• Kungenzeka ukuba ndi..... ?</li> <li>• Ingaba kulungile ukuba..... ?</li> <li>• Kungakuhle ukuba..... ?</li> <li>• Ungakhathazeka ukuba ndinga..... ?</li> <li>• Ndicela undivumele ndi.....</li> <li>• Ungavuma uku..... ?</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ndicela uxolo, ndinga..... ?</li> <li>• Uxolo, ndinga..... ?</li> <li>• Uxolo, uyazi ukuba..... ?</li> <li>• Ndicela uxolo ngokukuphazamisa, ungandinceda? (esesikweni).</li> </ul>               |
| UKUNIKA UNCEDO   | UKUFUNA UNCEDO   |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ndingakunceda?</li> <li>• Kukho into oyikhangelayo?</li> <li>• Ingaba ufunu uncedo kusini na?</li> <li>• Ungathanda ukuncediswa?</li> <li>• Ndingakwenzela ntoni namhlanje?</li> </ul>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ndingancedisa nge..... ?</li> <li>• Ungandinceda ukuba ndi..... ?</li> <li>• Ndifuna uncedo.....</li> <li>• Nceda undincedise..... (esesikweni).</li> <li>• Nceda undincedise nge.....</li> </ul> |

|  |  |
|--|--|
| <b>UKUXOLISA</b>   | <b>UKUKHALAZA</b>  |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Uxolo.</li> <li>• Ndicela uxolo ngoku.....</li> <li>• Ndiyaxolisa.....</li> <li>• Ndicela undixolele ngoku.....</li> <li>• Ndiyaxolisa ngoku.....</li> <li>• Ndicela uxolo.</li> <li>• Ndixolele.</li> <li>• Ndicela undixolele.</li> </ul>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ndicela uxolo ngokuthetha oku kodwa.....</li> <li>• Ndicela uxolo ngokukuphazamisa, kodwa.....</li> <li>• Mhlawumbi ulibele uku.....</li> <li>• Ndicinga unokuba ulibele uku.....</li> <li>• Ndicela uxolo bekungafanelekanga ukuba nditsho, kodwa.....</li> <li>• Ndicinga ukuba asiqondananga ngokuba.....</li> <li>• Ungandivi kakubi, kodwa.....</li> </ul>     |
| <b>UKUNIKA INGCEBISO</b>   | <b>UKUXELA OKUTHANDAYO</b>   |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Andiqondi ukuba kufanele ukuba u.....</li> <li>• Kufanele ukuba u.....</li> <li>• Akufanelekanga ukuba u.....</li> <li>• Ukuba bendinguwe, bendinga.....</li> <li>• Ukuba bendikule ndawo ukuyo, bendinga.....</li> <li>• Ukuba bendisezihlangwini zakho, bendinga.....</li> <li>• Kungangcono ukuba u.....</li> <li>• Akufanelekanga ukuba u.....</li> <li>• Nokuba wenzani, musa uku.....</li> </ul>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ndingathanda ukuba u.....</li> <li>• Kungangcono ndi.....</li> <li>• Kutheni singa..... ?</li> <li>• Ngoko ke, ndingathanda..... Ucinga ntoni?</li> <li>• Ucinga ukuba sifanele senze ntoni?</li> <li>• Ukuba bekuya ngokwam bendinga.....</li> <li>• Ndicinga ukuba kufanele ukuba si.....</li> </ul>  |
| <b>UKUQIKELELA, UKUZIGQIBELA NGENTO</b>  | <b>UKUNIKA INGCOMBOLO YOLWAZI ENGACACANGA</b>  |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ndingathi sele eza kulungela uku.....</li> <li>• Ingafuna i.....</li> <li>• Ingangu.....</li> <li>• Ibonakala ngokungathi.....</li> <li>• Mhlawumbi ufuno.....</li> <li>• Mhlawumbi bafuna.....</li> <li>• Kunzima ukutsho, kodwa ndingathi.....</li> <li>• Andiqinisekanga nciam, kodwa ndicinga ukuba.....</li> </ul>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Zimalunga.....</li> <li>• Ziqlikeleka ukuba zimalunga.....</li> <li>• Zinini kakhulu ii..... Kuqlikeleka ukuya kutsho kwezi.....</li> <li>• Ithande ukufana ne.....</li> <li>• Ludidi lwe.....</li> <li>• Zithande ukufana.....</li> <li>• Kunzima ukutsho, kodwa ndingaqikelela ndithi.....</li> <li>• Andiqinisekanga nciam, kodwa ndicinga ukuba.....</li> </ul> |
| <b>UKUVALELISA</b>   | <b>UKUZIPHONONONGA</b>   |
| <b>lihambo ezinde, iiholide, iihambo ezimfutshane</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Uhambe kakuhle.</li> <li>• Uyonwabele iholide yakho.</li> <li>• Uzonwabele iiholide zakho.</li> <li>• Wonwabe!</li> <li>• Ube nexesha eliminandi e (indawo efana nendawo yokutyela)</li> <li>• Ube nexesha eliminandi e (igama ledolophu)</li> </ul> <b>UKUBULISA EMVA KOHAMBO</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ibinjani iholide yakho..... ?</li> <li>• Ubulonwabele ixesha lakho e (kuloo ndawo) ?</li> <li>• Belunjani uhambo lwakho?</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Oku kusebenze kakuhle kakhulu kuba.....</li> <li>• Ndikwenze kakuhle oku kuba.....</li> <li>• Bekuya kuba ngcono ukuba bendi.....</li> <li>• Oku kungaphucuka ngoku.....</li> <li>• Ikhona inkqubela phambili kuba.....</li> <li>• Oku kuyaphumelela kuba.....</li> </ul>   |

### 3.2 UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA

Ukufunda/ukubukela kudibana imiba emibini: 1) ukufunda nokusebenza iindlela zokucazulula nokuqonda itekisi 2) ukufunda nokusebenza ulwazi lweempawu zeetekisi. Yomibini le miba mayenziwe xa kufundiswa ukufunda/ukubukela kwiitekisi zoncwadi nezingezozoncwadi.

Umxholo wokufunda/wokubukela wenziwe ngolu hlobo: 1) ukufundela ukuqonda kunye 2) nokuzifundela ngokuzimeleyo okwandisiwyo.

#### Inkqubo yokufunda

Ukufundisa ngokufunda kubandakanya ukusebenza ngezinto eziyinxalenyenqubo yokufunda. Lo ngumsebenzi ontlantlu-ntathu obonisa izicwangciso zokufunda ngokuzimeleyo ukwenzela ukucazulula nokuqonda itekisi. Akuyi kusetyenziswa onke amanyathelo ale nkqubo ngalo lonke ixesa. Umzekelo, xa abafundi befunda uhlolo lwetekisi okanye loncwadi abangaluqhelanga, kufuneka benze umsebenzi **waphambi kokufunda** obaxhobisa ngeempawu ezicacileyo zolu hlobo lwetekisi, nokubanceda ukunxibeelanisa namava abo abanawo. Imisebenzi **yangeli xesha kufundwayo** iza kubanceda ukuhlalutya isakhiwo sayo neempawu zolwimi ngokunzulu. Imisebenzi **yasemva kokufunda** inokuxhobisa abafundi bakwazi ukuzibhalela ngokutsha olu hlobo loncwadi.

#### Inkqubo yokufunda

1. **Phambi kokufunda** kwazisa abafundi kwitekisi. Kuvuselelwa unxulumaniso lolwazi olutsha nolwangaphambili.
  - Urukwaqula nokubalekisa amehlo (*skimming and scanning*) kwiimpawu zetekisi: Izihloko zeencwadi, izihloko, izihlokvana, ingcaciso ngemifanekiso, izinto ezibonwayo neengcaciso ezibhaliwego, umzekelo, inkangeleko, ii-ayikhoni, imizobo, iigrafu, iitshathi, imizobo, iimephu, iimenyu zekhompyutha, ukhangelo Iwamagama angundoqo, njalo njalo
  - Ukuqikelela usebenzisa ingcombolo yolwazi olufunyenwe kukrwaqulo nobalekiso Iwamehlo kwitekisi
  - Ukujongana naso nasiphi isigama esiphambili esinokuba sitsha kubafundi
2. Okwenzeka **ngelixa ufunda** kuquka ukufumana intsingiselo ngetekisi nokuqaphela iimpawu zayo zolwimi
  - Ukuqiqisisa malunga netekisi
  - Ukukhangela intsingiselo yamagama angaqhelekanga nemifanekiso yetekisi usebenzisa izakhono zokuthelekelela intsingiselo yamamagama ngokwendlela asetyenziswe ngayo (*word attach skills*) nezikhokelo ngokusemxholweni.
  - Ukusebenzisa iindlela zokuqonda itekisi: ukwenza unxibeelaniso, ukubeka esweni ukuqonda, ukulungelelanisa isantya sokufunda nobunzima betekisi, ukufunda kwakhona xa kukho imfuneko, ukukhangela kwitekisi ulwazi oluthile olunokuba lunchedo, ukuba nokuphendula imibuzo (ukusukela kwekwizinga elisezantsi ukuya kweliphezulu), ukuzenzela umfanekiso-ngqondweni, ukuziggibela ngento, ukufundela ukukhangela iingongoma eziphambili, ukuchonga isigama esisetyenzisiwyo nezakhi zolwimi, ukuqaphela uhlolo lwetekisi ngokwesakhiwo sayo neempawu zolwimi.
  - Ukuthabatha amanqaku okanye ukushwankathela iingongoma eziphambili.

3. Okwenziwa **emva kokufunda** kuxhobisa abafundi malunga nokuqwalasela kanye nokuphendula malunga netekisi xa iyonke.
- Ukuphendula kwitekisi imibuzo ekwizinga eliphantsi ukuya kweliphezulu.
  - Ukuthelekisa nokuchasanisa; ukulungelelanisa.
  - Ukuvelisa ngokutsha olu hlobo loncwadi kwiimbhalo zabo (apho kufanelekileyo).

### **Imizekelo yeendidi zemibuzo**

|                                |  |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Imibuzo engolwazi              | <i>Ngubani ...? Intoni.....? Phi.....?</i>   |
| Imibuzo yokuvavanya ukuqonda   | <i>Ngubani uyise.....?</i>   |
| Imibuzo engokusebenzisa ulwazi | <i>Khawenze isivakalisi ngesi senzi. Khawenze isivakalisi esifana nesi singentla ngeliga ma .</i>                  |
| Imibuzo yokuhlalutya           | <i>Ngaba le ifana ne....? Ngaba le yohlukile kwi.....? Kutheni lo mlinganiswa ethanda.....? Yinyani/asiyonyani</i> |
| Imibuzo yokuphonononga         | <i>Yiyiphi kwezi oyikhethayo?</i>  |

### **Ukukhetha uhlobo Iwetekisi**

Ootitshala mabaqinisekise ukuba abafundi bafunda uluhlu lweetekisi neentlobo zoncwadi apha enyakeni. Kufanele ukuba kubekho ulungelelwano phakathi kweetekisi zokufundela ukuqonda, ukunxibelelana kanye nokuzonwabiso.

### **UKUFUNDA NGOKUNZULU**

- 1.1 Ukufunda ngokunzulu iitekisi ezimfutshane ezibhaliweyo usenzela UKUQONDA kwinqanaba legama Abafundi basebenzisa iindidi ngeendidi zeendalela zokucazulula iitekisi. Bakha isigama ngokusebenzisa isakhono sokuthelekelela intsingiselo ymagama ngokwendlela asetyenziswe ngayo kanye nokuwasebenzisa.**

- Ukusebenzisa izichazi-magama, iithesarasi neminye imithombo yokwandisa ulwazi ukuqaphela intsingiselo, upelo nokuphinyiselwa kwamagama nezigaba zentetho zamagama angaqhelekanga
- Ukuchonga intsingiselo yezimaphambili nezimamva
- Ukuqaphela intsingiselo yamagama neempawu eziwafaka kumaqela athile amagama usebenzisa ulwazi lweengcambu, izimamva nezimaphambili eziqhelekileyo
- Ukusebenzisa umxholo wetekisi (umzekelo, iintsingiselo zezivakalisi), iimpawu zokubhala (umzekelo, iziphumlisi, iimpawu zocaphulo) iimpawu zokubhala ezibhalwe ekhompyutheni (umzekelo, ukubhala ngqindilili) ukukhangela intsingiselo yamagama angaqhelekanga
- Ukusebenzisa izaci namaqhalo aqhelekileyo (*ikati ilele eziko*).
- Ukuchonga imvelaphi yamagama nokusetyenziswa kwamagama amatsha umz. iziyelane, isitsotsi, amagama emboleko
- Ukwahlula phakathi kwamagama ekulula ukuwabhidanisa: Oomabizwahluke, oomabizwafane, izithethantonye
- Ukuqaphela izishunqulelo ezithile
- Ukusebenzisa ulwazi Iwograma ukucazulula intsingiselo.

**1.2 Ukufunda ngokunzulu iitekisi ezimfutshane usenzela UKUQONDA kwinqanaba lesivakalisi nelomhlathi**

**Abafundi basebenzisa ulwazi abanalo lweograma ukuqonda isakhiwo sesivakalisi nokucwangciswa kweetekisi.**  
**Ukufunda itekisi kweli zinga kunika ithuba lokufundisa izakhi zolwimi ngokuhlangeneyo.**

- Ukuchonga, ukucacisa nokuhlalutya intsingiselo nemisebenzi yezakhi nemigaqo yowlimi kwiitekisi.

**1.3 Ukufunda ngokunzulu iitekisi ezimfutshane ezibhaliwego usenzela UKUQONDA kwinqanaba letekisi epheleleyo**

**Abafundi basebenzisa ulwazi abanalo ngeentlobo zoncwadi nakufundo lwetekisi esesikweni ukwenzela ukuqonda intsingiselo, injongo nefuthe lwetekisi yonke.**

- Ukuzalanisa itekisi namava abo.

- Ukufikelela esigqibeni; ukuveza nokuxhasa ulovo lwakho.

**1.4 Ukufunda ngokunzulu iitekisi ezimfutshane usenzela UKUSHWANKATHELA NOKUTHABATHA AMANQAKU**

**Abafundi basebenzisa ulwazi abanalo ngeempawu zetekisi ukushwankathela itekisi. Jonga ezi ndlela zokufunda zingasentla.**

- Ukukrwaqula nokubalekisa amehlo kwiingongoma eziphambili nomxholo.

- Ukudwelisa iingongoma eziiphambili

**1.5 Ukufunda ngokunzulu IITEKISI EZINEEMO EZAHLUKENEYO KUNYE NEETEKISI EZIBONWAYO (itekisi ezineemo ezahlukeneyo zisebenzisa imathiriyeli ebonwayo nebhaliwego kwitekisi enye, umz. izibhengezo, iikhathuni. Oku kungadityanisa nolwimi oluthethwayo nezijekulo).**

**Abafundi basebenzisa ulwazi abanalo ngemifanekiso nezinto ezibonwayo ukuqonda indlela ezo zinto ezincedisa ngayo ekubhaleni iitekisi ezineemo ezahlukeneyo.**

- Ukuchonga nokuxoxa ngenjongo nomyalezo weetekisi ezibonwayo eziyilelw ukonwabis, umz. ifilim, iikhathuni, iividio zomculo, izicwaili ezihlekisayo.

### **UKUFUNDA IINTLOBO ZONCWADI/ZEETEKISI**

**Abafundi bafunda bonwabele iitekisi zoncwadi baphendule imibuzo ebonakalisa ukuqonda. Baqonda iimpawu eziphambili zeendidi zeetekisi, umz. umbongo uneempawu ezahlukileyo kwezebal elifutshane.**

### **UKUFUNDA/UKUBUKELA NGOKUZIMELEYO OKONGEZELELWEYO**

**Abafundi baziqhelanisa neendlela ebebeziboniswe ngexeshabefunda ngokunzulu ngenjongo yokuzonwabis. Kubalulekile kakhulu ukuba utitshala abancedise abafundi ukuba bafumane ulwazi olukwizinga labo ngezi ndlela zikulandelayo:**

- Ukufikelela kwilayibrari nokwazi ngemigaqo yokugcina iincwadi
- Ukufunda/ukubukela uluhlu olubanzi lweetekisi ezipheleleyo, umzekelo, iincwadi, iimagazini, amaphephandaba, iwebhusayithi, ifilim loo nto beyenza ukuphuma kwesikolo.

**IITEKISI EZISETYENZISIWEYO KUHLANGANISO LOKUFUNDISA IZAKHONO ZOLWIMI KWISIGABA ESPHEZULU**

Ukongeza kwiitekisi zoncwadi ezifundwayo ngokusesikweni, iitekisi eziza kwenziwa kwiBanga lesi-7 - 9 ziukua iitekisi ezibhaliwego, ezibonwayo nezemalthimidiya ezineenjongo ezalhukeneyo. Ezinye iitekisi ziza kufundwa ngokweempawu zobugcisa; ezinye iitekisi ziza kufundwa njengemizekelo neemodeli ezinokusetyenzisa ekubhaleni.

|  |   |   |
|--|---|---|
| <b>litekisi zoncwadi ezifundwayo.</b><br>Ululu oluza kufundwa kwisiGaba<br>esiPhezulu  | <b>litekisi ezibhaliwego<br/>ezinengcombolo yolwazi</b><br>Izichazi-magama<br>I-ensayiklophidiya<br>lishedyuli<br>lidayrektri zefowni<br>lincwadi zegrama<br>lithesarasi<br>lithayimtheyibhile<br>Izikhokelo zikamabonakude | <b>Imalthimidiya/iitekisi ezibonwayo<br/>ezinengcombolo yolwazi</b><br>litshathi, iimephu<br>ligrafu, iitheyibhile, iiphayi-tshathi<br>Isazobe sokucinga/ubungqina boyilo,<br>imizobo<br>lipowusta<br>liflaya, iphamflethi, iibrowutsha<br>Izalathisi neesimboli<br>lidotyumentari zikamabonakude<br>liwebhupheyiji,<br>iisayithi ze-intanethi,<br>iiblogu<br>ifacebook nezinye iinetwekhi<br>zokudibana kwi-intanethi<br>Ukusebenzisa idatha projektha<br>litransparensi |
| <b>lntloblo zoNcwadi<br/>ezinokusetyenziswa</b><br><br>Ezi ntloblo zoncwadi zilandelayo<br>zinokusetyenziswa ezifakwe<br>kwiKhathalogu yeSizwe yoNcwadi:                                       | <b>ltekisi ezibhaliwego zemidiya</b><br>Amanqaku emagazini<br>Amanqaku amaphepha-ndaba<br>lileta eziya kumhleli<br>Izibhengezo  | <b>Imalthimidiya/iitekisi ezibonwayo<br/>zeenjongo zobugcisa</b><br>lifilim<br>lifoto<br>Imifanekiso  |
| <b>INovel emfutshane</b><br><br>Amabali amafutshane/uncwadi<br>lwemveli<br><br>(IBanga 7 – li-1 ibali)<br>(IBanga 8 – li-1 ibali)<br>(IBanga 9 – ma-2 amabali)                                 | <b>limo ezibhalwayo zeetekisi eziviwayo</b><br>Incoko yababini<br>lintetho<br>lingoma   | <b>Imalthimidiya/iitekisi ezibonwayo<br/>zokuzonwabis nokuziyolisa</b><br>lifilim<br>linkqubo zikamabonakude<br>lividiyo zomculo<br>likhathuni,<br>Izihlekiso Igrafithi   |
| <b>Idrama emfutshane</b><br><br><b>Isihobe</b><br><br>(IBanga 7 – mi-2 imibongo)<br>(IBanga 8 – mi-2 imibongo )<br>(IBanga 9 – mi-3 imibongo)  | <b>litekisi ezibhaliwego zokunxibelelana<br/>neziyimihlathi</b><br>lileta<br>lidayari<br>Izimemo<br>I-imeyile<br>li-sms<br>I-twitter<br>Amanqaku<br>lingxelo  |   |
| <b>Ukwandisa ulwazi</b><br><br>lifilim<br><br>Ibalu eliqhubekayo/iidotyumentari<br>zikamabonakude<br><br>Idrama yerediyo<br><br>Izincoko<br><br>Inovel engobomi bomntu othile<br>(Ibhayografi) | <b>litekisi zonxibelelwanlo loshishino<br/>ezibhalwayo</b><br>lileta ezisesikweni   | <b>litekisi eziviwayo/ukuvakal<br/>nokungavakali kakuhle kwezandi</b><br>linkqubo zerediyo<br>Ukufundwa kwedrama<br>Ukufundwa kweenovel okanye amabali<br>amafutshane<br>lintetho ezishicilelweyo<br><b>Izibhengezo kwirediyo,<br/>kumabonakude, amaphephanda<br/>neemagazini</b>   |
| Inovel ebhalwe ngumbhali ngobomi<br>bakhe (iothobhayografi).<br><br>Amabali emveli (kuquka iindidi<br>zeentsomi , amabali angembali<br>nangamaqhawe  |   |   |

**Ubude beetekisi ezibhaliweyo eziza kufundwa xa kufundwayo/isicatshulwa nesishwankathelo**

|                                  | <b>AMABANGA</b> | <b>INANI LAMAGAMA</b>   |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|
| litekisi zokufunda ngokuvakalayo | 7               | Amagama angama-40 – 70  |
|                                  | 8               | Amagama angama-70 – 90  |
|                                  | 9               | Amagama angama-90 – 110 |
| Isicatshulwa                     | 7               | Amagama angama-40 – 70  |
|                                  | 8               | Amagama angama-70 – 90  |
|                                  | 9               | Amagama angama-90 – 110 |
| Isishwankathelo                  | 7               | Amagama angama-80       |
|                                  | 8               | Amagama ali-100         |
|                                  | 9               | Amagama ali-120         |

**3.3 UKUBHALA NOKUNIKEZELA: INKQUBO, UMXHOLO, IINDLELA KUNYE NEETEKISI**

Ukubhala nokunikezela kuquka imiba emithathu: 1) ukusebenzisa inkubo yokubhala 2) ukufunda nokusebenzisa ulwazi ngesakhiwo neempawu zeentlobo zeetekisi ezahlukenyero 3) ukufunda nokusebenzisa ulwazi ngesakhiwo somhlathi nesesivakalisi kunye neempawu zokubhala.

**Inkubo yokubhala**

Ukufundisa ukubhala kudla ngokuquka ukusebenza ngokwenkubo yokubhala. Nangona kunjalo, akunyanzelekanga ukuba asetyenziswe onke amanyathelo ale nkubo ngamaxesha onke. Umzekelo, xa abafundi bebhala uhlobo lwetekisi oluqhelekileyo, kuza kufuneka bahlalutye isakhiwo salo kunye neempawu zolwimi ngokunabileyo. Kungakho amaxesha apho kunokufuneka ukuba ootitshala bagxininise kwisakhiwo sesivakalisi okanye ekubhalweni komhlathi, okanye abafundi babbale iitekisi ezingenadrafti xa belungiselela uviwo.

**Ukukhetha uhlobo lwetekisi**

Ootitshala mabaqinisekise ukuba abafundi babbale uluhlu lweetekisi ngonyaka. Makubekho ulungelewano phakathi kweetekisi ezimfutshane nezinde kwaye kubhalelwie iinjongo ezahlukenyero: ingqiqo, ubugcisa, umsebenzi ongomntu/ wokunxibelelana nabantu. Ootitshala mabakhethe uhlobo lwetekisi kunye nesihloko esichanekileyo ekuza kubhalwa ngaso, umzekelo, umhlathi oxoxayo/ochazayo, onokuthi mhlawumbi, ‘Ukuya endikuthandayo.’

**Amanyathelo enkqubo yokubhala****Phambi kokubhala**

- Ukufundisa abafundi isigama esifanelekileyo kunye nohlobo olufanayo lwetekisi
- Ukuqokelela izimvo ngesihloko

**Ukucwangcisa**

- Ukwenza isicwangciso setekisi usebenzisa isakhiwo nezimvo ekuxoxwe ngazo kwisigaba samalungiselelo okubhala
- Ukuchonga izimvo eziphambili nezixhasayo, usebenzisa isazobe sokucinga
- Ukulandeelanisa izimvo ngokwesicwangciso ukwenzela ukuba zivakale.

### **Ukwenza iidrafti**

- Ukubhala idrafti yokuqala uthathela ingqalelo injongo, abafundi bayo, isihloko nohlobo lwetekisi
- Ukukhetha amagama afanelekileyo
- Ukucwangcisa izimvo ngokulandelelana okuvakalayo ukwenzela ukuba ibali livakale
- Ukucwangcisa izimvo kunye/okanye nemifanekiso
- Ukufundisisa iidrafti ufundele notitshala noogxa bakho basesikolweni baze bakunike ingxelo

### **Ukuhlaziya, ukuhlela, ukulungisa iziphene nokunikezela**

- Ukuphonononga izinto azibhalileyo nezibhalwe ngabanye elungiselela ukuziphucula esebezisa imilinganiselo emiselweyo (iikhrayitheriya).
- Ukuphucula isigama, isakhiwo sesivakalisi nomhlathi.
- Ukulandeelanisa nokunxibelelanisa imihlathi.
- Ukusebenzisa igrاما, upelo neempawu zokubhala ngokuchanekileyo.
- Ukulungisa idrafti yokugqibela kuquka inkangeleko, umzekelo, izihloko neefonti.
- Ukunikezela ngetekisi.

### **Abafundi basebenzisa ulwazi abanalo ngezakhi nemigaqo yowlimi ukubhala iitekisi**

#### **Ukuchonga isigama**

- Ukwazi nokusebenzisa uluhlu lwasigama.
- Ukwazi ngesigaba sentetho segama nendlela yokusetyenziswa kwaso kwisivakalisi.
- Ukwazi ukuba igama lisesikweni, alikho sesikweni okanye liyaxhokonkxa (okanye alithandeki kulowo libhekisa kuye) nokulisebenzisa ngokufanelekileyo (okanye ukungalisebenzisi kwaphela).
- Ukupela amagama ngokuchanekileyo.
- Ukusebenzisa izichazi-magama neethesarasi ukwandisa isigama.
- Ukugcina isichazi-magama okanye incwadi yesigama usenzela ukwandisa isigama.

#### **Ukwakhiwa kwesivakalisi**

- Ukubhala izivakalisi ezilula nezimbaxa.
- Ukusebenzisa izibandakanyi ukudibanisa amagatya kwizivakalisi ezimbaxa, umzekelo, *yaye, kodwa, ngoko ke, emva koko*.

**Impawu zokubhala**

- Ukwazi uze usebenzise ezi impawu zokubhala zilandelayo ngokufanelekileyo nangokuchanekileyo: Isingxi, isiphumlisi, ikholoni, isemi-kholoni, iqhagamshela, isimeli-nobumba, uphawu lombuzo, uphawu Iwesikhuzzo, izibiyeli, iimpawu zocaphulo.

**Ukubhala umhlathi**

- Ukubhala imihlathi elandelelana ngendlela efanelekileyo.

**Irejista (uhlobo lolwimi olusetyenziswa kwimeko ethile)**

- Ukusebenzisa irejista efanelekileyo.

**Intlobo zeetekisi – isakhiwo neempawu zolwimi**

Ezi theyibhile zingasezantsi zichaza uluhlu lweentlobo zeetekisi ekufuneka abafundi bafundiswe ukuba bazibhale kumaBanga 7 -9; kusenokubandakanywa nezinye *iitekisi* xa kufanelekile.

**Iitekisi zobugcisa**

| UHLOBO LWETEKISI | INJONGO                           | ISAKHIWO SETEKISI                             | IIMPAWU ZOLWIMI   |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| Ebalisayo        | Ukonwabisa                        | <i>Ukwakheka komhlathi ngokuthungelanayo.</i> | Ibhalwa ngokomntu wokuqala okanye wesithathu.<br>Kusetyenziswa ixesha langoku okanye eladlulayo.<br>Iziganeko zichazwa ngokulandelelana kwazo.<br>Izidibanisi ezibonisa ixesha.<br>ukusetyenziswa intetho yababini. |
| Echazayo         | Ukuchaza into ngendlela evakalayo | Inkcazole: umz. Chaza okwenzeka emfanekisweni | Inokubhalwa ngokwexesha langoku.<br>Kusetyenziswa amagama ukudala umfanekiso<br>Kusetyenziswa izichazi, izihlomelo.   |

**Iitekisi zemihlathi/iitekisi zonxibelelwano ezinde nezimfutshane**

| <b>UHLOBO LWETEKISI</b>                | <b>INJONGO</b>   | <b>ISAKHIWO SETEKISI</b>   | <b>IIMPAWU ZOLWIMI</b>   |
|--|--|--|--|
| <b>Idayari</b>                         | Ukubhala nokubonisa amva akho buqu/ ukucwangcisela okuza kwensiwa                              | Idla ngokubhalwa kwincwadi ekhethekileyo (idayari okanye ijenali)<br>Izingeniso zedayari ezibhalwa rhoqo (umzekelo, ezeveki okanye ezemihla ngemihla).<br>Izingeniso ezibhalwe umhla.  | Kudla ngokubhalwa kusetyenziswa ixesha langoku/elizayo/eladlulayo<br>Ibhalwa ngokungekho sesikweni kodwa hayi ngendlela exhokonxayo Umbhali uyazbhalela. |
| <b>Ileta yobuhlolo</b>                 | Ukuggithisa ulwazi nokugcina ubudlelwane.  | Idilesi, umhla nesibuliso.<br>Isakhiwo somyalezo sohluka ngokwenjongo. (umz. ukuchaza usapho/indlu yakho).<br>Amazwi ombuliso, utykityo.   | Idla ngokuba yengekho sesikweni ngokwesimbo<br>Iimpawu zolwimi ziyahluka ngokwenjongo yomyalezo  |
| <b>Ingxoxo yababini</b>                | Ukunxibelelana   | Intshayebolelo nesiphelo<br>Iimpawu ezithile zengxoxo yababini   | Iimpawu zokubhala<br>Intetho ngqo<br>Ixesha langoku okanye elizayo   |
| <b>Isimemo (nempendulo)</b>            | Ukumemela umntu kumnyhadala okanye kwinto ethile eyenziwayo (nokusamkela okanye ukusilandula). | Sinokuba yimo yeleta eya emntwini okanye kusetyenziswe ikhadi lesimemo. Siquka:<br>Uhlobo lomnyhadala<br>Indawo oza kuqhubeka kuyo<br>Umhla nexesha<br>Sinokuquka nendlela yokunxiba<br>Igama lommemi<br>Sinokuquka noRSVP othetha umntu omawuphendule kuye<br>Sinokuba nemilo ebonakalyo yoyilo | Sinokuba sesikweni okanye singabikho sesikweni ngesimbo.<br>Sidla ngokucaca gca – sibe sifutshane kwaye sithi ngqo.                                      |
| <b>Iposikhadi/ Umyalezo/ i-imeyile</b> | Ukwazisa nokunxibelelana   | Isibuliso, idilesi okanye isakhiwo   | <i>Kusetyenziswa ixesha langoku/ elizayo/eladlulayo</i>  |

**litekisi zokwandisa ulwazi**

| UHLOBO LWETEKISI                                | INJONGO   | ISAKHIWO SETEKISI  | IIMPAWU ZOLWIMI   |
|---|---|--|---|
| <b>Eyokwandisa ulwazi:</b><br>Ukuza Lisa iifomu | lifomu ezahlukeneyo, umzekelo, ukufaka isicelo sekhadi lethalu leencwadi  | Ziza kwahluka ngokwenjongo yefomu leyo umzekelo, Igama, Idilesi, Ubudala, Isikolo, njalo njalo.  | Umntu ozalisa ifomu kufuneka icace, ichaneke, ibe yesesikweni, icocoke (okubhaliwego kufundeke).  |
| Ifplaya   | Ukutsala nokulukuhla umntu ukuba athenge into okanye inkonzo ethile   | Isayizi encinane, umzekelo iphepha elingu-A5<br><br>Isihloko esitsala umdla, isilogani okanye ilogo<br><br>Inkcazelu emfutshane ngemveliso Dwelisa amaqithiqithi ehamba nawo linkcukacha zoqhagamshelwano, umzekelo, iwebhusayithi.<br><br>Inokuba nemilo ebonakalyo yoyilo. | Ithetha kanye nomfundu lowo umz. isebezisa izihlomelo, izichazi, izafobe njengemfanzandi, isikweko. Isebezisa iimpawu zokubhala   |
| Isibhengezo                                     | Ukutsala nokulukuhla umntu ukuba athenge imveliso okanye inkonzo ethile.  | Sinokuba ziimo ezahlukeneyo Sebenzisa ubungcaphephe bokwenza izibhengezo.<br><br>Sebenzisa uyilo ukwenza isibhengezo esitsala iliso nesingalibalekiyo engqondweni.   | Ifuthe kumfundu umz. izihlomelo, izichazi<br><br>Ukusebezisa iimpawu zokubhala  |
| Ukunika imiyalelo, izalathiso nemiqathango      | Ukuchaza okanye ukuyalela ngendlela ekufanele yensiwe ngayo into kulandelwa uthotho lwamanyathelo alandelelanisiwe kakuhle. | Amanyathelo alandelelanisiwe kakuhle ukufezekisa injongo ethile.   | Kubhalwa ikwisiyaleli, umz. Jika kwicala lasekunene kwevenkile Kunokubekwa ngokokulandelelana kwazo , umz. qala ... emva koko .... Kusetyenziswa amanani neembumbulwana ezizingongoma ukubonisa ucwangco. |

**Ubude beetekisi eziveliswayo**

|  | IBANGA | INANI LAMAGAMA                           |
|--|--------|--|
| <b>Imihlathi: obalisayo nochazayo</b>  | 7      | Amagama angama-30 -50                    |
|  | 8      | Amagama angama-50 -70                    |
|  | 9      | Amagama angama-70 -90                    |
| <b>litekisi zonxibelewano ezinde/imihlathi emide:<br/>lileta zobuhlobo/ingxoxo yababini</b>  | 7 - 9  | Amagama angama-50-70 (umxholo kuphela)   |
| <b>Imihlathi emifutshane/iitekisi zonxibelewano ezimfutshane: Izibhengezo/izingeniso zedayari/<br/>iiposikhadi/amakhadi ezimemo/ukuzalisa iifomu/izalathiso/imiyaletlo/iifplaya/iipowusta/ii-imeyile</b> | 7 - 9  | Amagama angama-30 – 40 (umxholo kuphela) |

### **3.4 IZAKHI NEMIGAQO YOLWIMI - (ULUHLU LOKWALATHISA)**

Ezi zakhi zolwimi zilandelayo zifundisa ngokusemxholweni ukufunda nokubhala, yaye ziinxalenye yenqubo yegrama elandelelaniswe ngokufanelekileyo. Ezinye izakhi ziya kuba bezifundiswe kwakumabanga aphantsi kodwa zibe zifuna ukuhlaziya:

| IZAKHI ZOLWIMI         | IINDIDI NEZAKHI  |
|------------------------|--|
| <b>Izakhi zamagama</b> | Izimaphambili, iingcambu nezimamva   |
| <b>Izibizo</b>         | Izibizo ezakhiwe kwizenzi<br>Izibizo ezakhiwe kwezinye izibizo<br>Izibizo ezakhiwe kwizichazi<br>Izibizo ezakhiwe kwizifanekisozwi<br>Izibizo ezakhiwe kwizikhuzo<br>Izibizo ezimbaxa<br>Intloko nenjongosenzi<br>Isini<br>Isininzi<br>Izinciphiso<br>Isandiso<br>Izibizo ezakhiwe kwezinye izigaba zentetho |
| <b>Isimelabizo</b>     | Isimelabizo soqobo<br>Isimelabizo soqobo sokugxininisa<br>Isimelabizo sokukhomba<br>Isimelabizo soquko<br>Isimelabizo sochazo<br>Isimelabizo sokukumbi<br>Isimelabizo sokunye  |
| <b>Izenzi</b>          | Izenzi namaxesha azo<br>Irixando zezenzi<br>Irltlobo zezenzi   |
| <b>Izichazi</b>        | Isiphawuli<br>Isibaluli<br>Isimnini<br>Esoquko<br>Esokukumbi/esobalo   |
| <b>Izihlomelo</b>      | Iindidi zezihlomelo  |
| <b>limo</b>            | Imo evumayo<br>Imo elandulayo  |
| <b>Izalathandawo</b>   | Iindidi zezalathandawo   |

| IZAKHI ZOLWIMI  | IINDIDI NEZAKHI  |
|---|--|
| <b>Amagatya nezivakalisi</b>                            | <p>igatya elimbaxa nelongezelelweyo<br/>     igatya elimbaxa, elihamba nelibalulayo<br/>     intetho-ngqo nengxelo-ntetho<br/>     igatya elibalulayo<br/>     igatya eliyintloko<br/>     isivakalisi esilula<br/>     isivakalisi esimbaxa<br/>     ucwangciso Iwamagama ngokukuko<br/>     uvumelwano/isivumelanisi<br/>     isilanduli</p>   |
| <b>Imihlathi (usebenzisa izihlanganisi)</b>             | <p>Ukulandelelana kweziganeko: okokuqala, okwesibini, okwesithathu, phambi, emva, nini, de, ekugqibeleni, ngaphambili, okulandelayo, emva koko, kutshanje.</p> <p>Ingcaciso/unobangela nefuthe: ngoko ke, ngenxa yesi sizathu, emva koko, ukusukela, ngenxa, kungenxa, ngoko ke, kulandela, ukuba kuthe... kuya kuthi....</p> <p>Umgaqo olandelwayo: okokuqala, okwesibini, okwesithathu.</p> <p>Ukuthelekisa/ukuchasanisa: iyafana, yahlukile, incinci kune, inkulu kune, nangona, kodwa</p> <p>Ngokokubaluleka: rhoqo, ekugqibeleni.</p> <p>Ucwangciso ngokobume bendawo: ngaphezulu, ngaphantsi, ngasekhohlo, ngasekunene, njalo njalo.</p> <p>Ukubhala ngokuthe gabalala: gabalala, ukuggiba.</p> <p>Umhlathi okhethekileyo: ngokoluvo Iwam, inkolo, uluvo, ingqiqo, ndicinga ukuba, ndithathela ingqalelo, ndikholelwa ukuba, ndithanda, ndithemba.</p> <p>Ukuhlela imihlathi: inokwahlulwa, inxulumane, ihambelane, izalane, iyinxalenye.</p> <p>Umhlathi ochazayo: ngasentla, ngasezantsi, ecaleni, kufuphi, emntla/empuma/emazantsi/entshona, isayizi, ibala, isakhelo, injongo, ubude, ububanzi, ubunzima/umthamo, isantya, ifana.</p> <p>Umhlathi wokuphonononga: entle/emb, echanekileyo/engachanekanga, evumelekileyo/engavumelekanga, ebalulekileyo/engabalulekanga, ukucebisa/ukundulula, ukubonisa, ukuxoxa.</p> <p>Umhlathi ocacisayo: inokucaciswa, ludidi oluthile.</p> <p>Umhlathi wokuvala: ukuququmbela, ukushwankathela, ushwankathelo, ngokufutshane, njengoko ubona.</p> |
| <b>Izifanekisozwi</b>                                   | Umz. dyumpu, ngqu, pam   |
| <b>Izikhuzo</b>   | Umz. Kwekh! Kowu! Awu! Yhooo!  |
| <b>Ukupuhuliswa kwesigama nezigaba zentetho zolwimi</b> | <p>Izifanokuthi/izithethantonye<br/>     Izichasi<br/>     Amagama angcambu-nye<br/>     Oomabizwahluke<br/>     Oomabizwafane<br/>     Igama elinye endaweni yebinanza</p> <p>Izigaba zentetho (isifaniso, isihlonipho, isimntwiso, oksimoroni, isinxulumaniso, isifanodumo, ubaxo/ubabazo/ugqithiso, uchasaniso, isigqebelo, isihlekiso, ukuphela kovuthondaba, isimboli, isihlonipho, uvumephika, iparadoksi, ukudlala ngamagama antsingiselo imbaxa, intetho engenabuzaza, igama elimele elinye.)</p> <p>Izaci namaqhalo, amagama emboleko, amagama amatsha nemvelaphi yamagama.</p>   |

| IZAKHI ZOLWIMI           | IINDIDI NEZAKHI   |
|--------------------------|---|
| <b>limpawu zokubhala</b> | lqhagamshela (-)<br>liikhloni (: )<br>Isimeli-nobumba ('')<br>limpawu zocaphulo ("...")<br>Izibiyeli ()<br>Uphawu loshiyelelo Iwamagama okanye amabinzana kwisivakalisi (...) |
| <b>Upelo Iwamagama</b>   | lindlela zokupela amagama<br>Imigaqo nemiqathango yopelo Iwamagama<br>Ufinyezo Iwamagama<br>Ushunqulo Iwamagama   |

### 3.5. IZICWANGCISO ZOKUFUNDISA EZICETYISWAYO

Olu xwembu lucebisa ukuba umjikelo ngamnye uza kuquka iyunithi enye nangaphezulu ugxininisa kwezi zakhono: ukuphulaphula, ukuthetha, ukufunda, ukubukela, ukubhala, ukunikezela nolwimi. Umjikelo ngamnye uza kunika imisebenzi yabafundi ukuze bafunde okanye babukele/baqwalasele uluhlu Iweetekisi zeoral, zokubhala kune nezibonwayo. Kumjikelo ngamnye imisebenzi iza kutsala umdla wabafundi ekulungiseni ulwimi neendidi zoncwadi. Ngonyaka, malunga ne-18 lale mijikelo liza kuqulatha yonke imibandela yekharityhulam kwiveki ezingama-36. Ukongeza, umgangatho wobunzima kwiinkalo zonke uza kukhula ukusuka kwikota ukuya kwenye ikota nokusuka kunyaka kuye komnye kwisiGaba esiPhezelu. Ukuqhubela phambili kukwayinxalanye yokulungisa iinkqubo zokufunda. Esi sakhiwo sinika abafundi nootitshala ithuba lokwakha imeko/umxholo, ukuqinisa isigama, ukuze babe nakho ukuziqhelanisa nezakhi zolwimi ngeeveki ezimbini phambi kokuba badlulele kwezinye izakhono. Kwangaxeshanye sinika intloblo ngeentloblo zazo kwaye singatshintshwa ukulungiselela iimfuno zeqela elithile. Umzekelo "limpahla" ngumxholo oqhelekileyo wokufundisa, kodwa ungalandelwa ngumjikelo omalunga nomxholo othi "Imozulu".

#### Ukufundiswa kolwimi ngokunxulumanisa: umjikelo wokufundisa

Xa ufundisa, unxulumaniso lucebisa intloblo ngentloblo: intloblo ngentloblo zeemilo, imisebenzi, iitekisi nemixholo (jonga imixholo ecetyisiweyo – khangelu kolu luhlu lungenzantsi). Xa uyila umjikelo unxulunyanisiweyo weeveki ezimbini, utitshala angadibana imisebenzi emalunga nesihloko esithile umz. ezemidlalo. Ukuyondelelana kwizifundo ngomjikelo weeveki ezimbini kungalandelelana nangaluphi na uhlobo, umz. umjikelo ungaqala ngokufunda, udlulele kumdlalo wokulinganisa (ukuthetha) kulandelelana ngokubhala. Kungasetyenziswa naluphi na udidi Iwetekisi kule misesbenzi idweliswe ngezantsi.

Utitshala makakhetha uncwadi xa kusenziwa itekisi yofundo loncwadi. Isenokuba sishobe okanye amabali amafutshane okanye idrama emfutshane. (jonga "iitekisi ezisetyenzisiweyo kufundiso Iwezakhono zolwimi ngokunxulumanisa"). Utitshala angazilandelelana nanjani na iitekisi xa efundisa. Ukuba utitshala ukhetha itekisi ende eqhubekayo enjengenoveli emfutshane okanye idrama emfutshane kucetyiswa ukuba ayifundise ngokuqhubekayo ukuze abafundi bangalahlekwa ziinkcukacha zomyalezo. Ukuba kukhethwe inoveli emfutshane okanye umdlalo omfutshane, utitshala kuya kufuneka ayahlulahlule itekisi ibe ziziqwentshu ngokwexesha elabiweyo. Amacandelo awongezelelwego alo msebenzi angafundwa njengomsebenzi wasekhaya okanye inxalenye yomsebenzi wokufunda owongezelelwego.

Le kharityhulam ibonisa ugxininiso olucacileyo lolwimi. Xa ufundisa ulwimi luya kuthabatha malunga neyure kumjikelo ngamnye weeveki ezimbini, yaye malufundiswe ngokusemholweni nesakhono sokubhala nokufunda luze luhinde lufundiswe luzimele poqo. Ukongeza kufundiso lolwimi olucangcwisiweyo kuya kubakho nokufundisa okulungisa iimpazamo okanye uhlaziyo lolwimi oluvela kwiimpazama ezivela kokubhalwe ngabafundi.

| IMIXHOLO ECETYISWAYO – ULUHLU OLUBONISAYO   |   |
|---|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Usapho</li> <li>• Umzimba</li> <li>• Impahla</li> <li>• Imozulu namaxesha onyaka</li> <li>• Ezothutho</li> <li>• Indlu</li> <li>• Ukutya</li> <li>• Ezemidlalo</li> <li>• Umculo</li> <li>• Isikolo</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Izinto ozithandayo</li> <li>• Izilwanyana</li> <li>• Imibala</li> <li>• Iindawo</li> <li>• Ixesha</li> <li>• Iintsuku neeNyanga</li> <li>• Indalo/okusingqongileyo</li> <li>• Imbuliso</li> <li>• Izinto ozithandayo nongazithandiyo</li> <li>• Iimvakalelo</li> </ul> |

### Ukuyila imisebenzi yokufunda nokufundisa usebenzisa isiCwangciso sokuFundisa

Umzekelo osekelwe kwiSICWANGCISO SOKUFUNDISA seBanga lesi-7, iKota yoku-1, iVeki yoku-1 neyesi-2 (izifundo zemizuzu engama-40 x 6 = ukufundisa kweeyure ezi-4

| GRADE 7 |   |  |  |  |
|---------|---|--|--|--|
| liveki  | Ukuphulaphula nokuthetha<br>Iyure e-1   | Ukufunda nokubukela<br>Iyure e -1  | Ukubhala nokunikezela<br>Iyure e-1   | Izakhi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa kolwimi (ifundiswa ngokunxulunyanisa nezakhono nangokuzimeleyo)<br>Iyure e-1 |
| 1 2     | <b>Ukuphulaphulela ukufumana ulwazi oluthile:</b><br>Ukufundisa iimpawu zokuphulaphulela ukufumana ulwazi oluthile<br>Abafundi baphulaphula umz. Ingxoxo yentlanganiso nemibuliso eshicilelweyo<br><b>Ukuthetha okungekho sesikweni:</b><br>Umfundsi nomlingane bayaziqhelanisa nendlela yokubulisana | <b>Ukufundela ukuqiqa nokuqonda kwinqanaba</b><br><b>legama nezinga lesivakalisi:</b><br>Umz. Incoko yababini abaqala ukudibana bebuza amagama nempilo | <b>Itekisi eyilwayo:</b><br>Umhlathi ochazayo<br>Umz. Ukubhala umhlathi ochazayo<br>Ukwazisa amanqanaba enkqubo yokubhala:<br><ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ukucwangcisa</li> <li>• Ukubhala iidrafti</li> <li>• Ukulungisa iziphene</li> <li>• Ukuhlela nokubhala ngokutsha</li> <li>• UKunikezela</li> </ul> Ukubhala umz. Izivakalisi uziqhelanisa nendlela yokwazisa nokuchaza umntu kwabanye – bhala umhlathi ochazayo usebenzisa ezi zivakalisi uzilandelelanise kakuhle. | Izichazi ezimbala ezilula<br>Ukusebenzisa ixesha langoku<br>Isigama ngokusemxholweni                         |

### Umxholo womjikelo: Ukudibana nokubulisana

#### Isifundo 1: (Ubukhulu becalo kuyaphulaphulwa kuthethwe)

- Intshayebole: Bulisa iklasi uzazise. Fundisa abafundi ngendlela yokuzazisa.
- Isigama esihambelana nomxholo.
- Ukufundisa iimpawu zokuphulaphulela ulwazi

**Isifundo 2: (Ubukhulu becalo kuyaphulaphulwa kuthethwe)**

- Phulaphula amaxesha amaninzi abantu ababini bebulisana.
- Abafundi baziqhelanisa bengababini nokudibana babulisane.

**Isifundo 3: (Ubukhulu becalo kuyafundwa)**

- Babukela imifanekiso, izihloko nezihlokwana zeencoko.
- Abafundi bafunda ngokuthe cwaka, emva koko utitshala uphinda ukufunda ngokuvakalayo, abafundi bona bazama ukuqonda ingxoxo yababini.
- Utitshala ucacisa igrاما nesigama.
- Umsebenzi wasekhaya: Abafundi bafunda kwakho ingxoxo yababini baphendule imibuzo, umz. yinyani/bubuxoki.

**Isifundo 4: (Sixubile)**

- Ezinye iimpawu zolwimi zifunyanwa kwitekisi.
- Cacisa inkqubo yokubhala.
- Abafundi bafunda imizekelo yemihlathi echazayo
- Umsebenzi wasekhaya: Abafundi baziqhelanisa nokubhala izivakalisi ezlula besazisa bechaza umntu, basebenzisa igrاما ngendlela ebicaciswe ngayo.

**Isifundo 5: (Ubukhulu becalo kuyabalwa)**

- Abafundi babbala umhlathi ochazayo

**Isifundo 6: (Ukubhala)**

- Abafundi bahlela babhale ngokutsha idrafti yokuqala yomhlathi abawubhalileyo

Kumaphepha alandeleyo kufumaneka isiCwangciso sokuFundisa sebanga lesi-7, 8 nele-9. Nceda qaphela ukuba liyiMIZEKELO yendlela onokucwangcisa ngayo izifundo kuLwimi lwesiBini olongezelelweyo ngonyaka.

**Itheyibhile yokunatyiswa kwetekisi**

| IIVEKI              | IBANGA LESI-7  | IBANGA LESI-8   | IBANGA LE-9  |
|---------------------|--|---|--|
| <b>IKOTA YOKU-1</b> |  |   |  |
| 1-2                 | Itekisi yowlazi Ingxoxo yababini   | Itekisi yowlazi umz. Ingxoxo yababini                             | Ingxoxo yababini   |
| 3-4                 | Ingoma okanye umbongo  | Isicengcelezo, ingoma, umbongo                                    | Isicengcelezo, umbongo/ingoma                                    |
| 5-6                 | Itekisi enika ulwazi enokubonwayo: umz ikhalenda                           | Itekisi enika ulwazi umz. imifanekiso                             | Itekisi enika ulwazi – ukugcwala ifomu                           |
| 7-8                 | Itekisi enika ulwazi Ingxoxo yababini                                      | Itekisi ebonwayo, umz. imifanekiso, iikhathuni                    | Itekisi ebonwayo - imifanekiso                                   |
| 9-10                | Itekisi efundwayo  | Itekisi enika ulwazi  | Itekisi enika ulwazi – ingxoxo yababini/intetho                  |
| <b>IKOTA YESI-2</b> |  |   |  |
| 1-2                 | Itekisi enika ulwazi Ingxoxo yababini                                      | Itekisi enika ulwazi umz. imifanekiso Ibalu elifutshane/intsumi   | Imiyalelo, umz ukunika izalathisi                                |
| 3-4                 | Itekisi enika ulwazi, umz. imephu  | Itekisi enika ulwazi umz. ishedyuli/ idayari/isicwangciso sexesha | Itekisi enika ulwazi, umz.ukunika izalathisi                     |
| 5-6                 | Itekekisi enika ulwazi Imifanekiso   | Itekisi enika ulwazi Imifanekiso                                  | Itekisi enika ulwazi– ingxelo yemozulu, imephu, Imibongo, ingoma |
| 7-8                 | Umbongo okanye Ingoma  | Itekisi enika ulwazi Imidalo nengxoxo yababini                    | Itekisi enika ulwazi – Ingxelo yemozulu, imephu, umbongo, ingoma |
| 9-10                | <b>Uviwo Iwaphakathi enyakeni</b>  |   |  |
| <b>IKOTA YESI-3</b> |  |   |  |
| 1-2                 | Itekisi yonxibelewano umz ileta  | Itekisi yesigama  | Itekisi yokufundela ukuqonda                                     |
| 3-4                 | Itekisi ebonwayo, umz. umfanekiso  | Itekisi enika imiyalelo, umz.iresipi Ingxoxo yababini             | Itekisi ebonwayo   |
| 5-6                 | Itekisi enika ulwazi, Ingxoxo yababini                                     | Itekisi enika ulwazi umz. Inkqubo kanomathotholo/ kamabonakude    | Itekisi ebonwayo   |
| 7-8                 | Itekisi enika ulwazi umz. Imephu, umbongo, ibalana, inovelu okanye umdlalo | Itekisi enika ulwazi Ingxoxo yababini                             | Itekisi enika ulwazi, ingxoxo yababini, imifanekiso              |
| 9-10                | Ibalu, imibongo, iingoma, iikhathuni, umdlalo nenovelu                     | Ibalana/imibongo/iingoma/umdlalo omfutshane/inovelu emfutshane    | Ibalana/ingoma/umdlalo/inovelu/umbongo                           |
| <b>IKOTA YESI-4</b> |  |   |  |
| 1-2                 | Itekisi ebonwayo   | Itekisi yesigama  | Itekisi ebonwayo   |
| 3-4                 | Itekisi enika ulwazi   | Umbongo/ingoma/ibali  | Itekisi enika ulwazi Ingxoxo yababini                            |
| 5-6                 | Itekisi enika ulwazi   | Itekisi ebonwayo, umbongo   | Itekisi yesigama   |
| 7-8                 | Ingoma, umbongo  | Itekisi eziyilwayo neetekisi zonxibelewano                        | Ingoma , umbongo   |
| 9-10                | <b>UVIWO LOKUPHELA KONYAKA</b>   |   |  |

## 3.5.1 Banga lesi-7

| IBANGA LESI-7 IKOTA YOKU-1 |   |   |  |
|----------------------------|---|---|--|
| liveki                     | Ukuphulaphula nokuthetha<br>lyure e-1   | Ukfufunda nokubukela<br>lyure e -1  | Ukubhala nokunikezela<br>lyure e-1   |
| 1                          | <b>Ukuphulaphulela ulwazi oluthile:</b><br>Ukfufundisa iimpawu zokuphulaphulela ulwazi.<br>Iklesi iphulaphula umz. Ingxoxo erekhodiweyo yaababini bedibana baze babulisane. | <b>Ukfundela ukuqonda kwinganaba legama nesivakalisi:</b><br>Umz. Ingxoxo phakathi kwabantu bebulisana okokuqala, bebuza amagama abo kwanempilo . | <b>Itekisi eyilwayo:</b><br>Umhlahthi ochazayo<br>Ukulandela amanqanaba okubhala: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Ukcucwangcisa</li><li>• Ukyuila/ukudrafta</li><li>• Ukvavanya ushiclelo lokuqala</li><li>• Ukuhlela nokubhala kwakhona</li><li>• Ukuunikezela</li></ul> Ukubhala umhlahthi ochazzayo   |
| 2                          | <b>Ukuthetha okungekho seSikweni:</b><br>Iklesi iziqhelanisa nendela yokudibana kuze kubuliswane ngababini.   |   | Ukubhala umz. Izivakalisi ukuziqhelanisa nendela yokwazisa baze bachaze omnye kwabanye – emva koko kwensiwe umhlahthi ochazayo kusetyenziswa ezi zivakalisi ngokulandelelana kwazo.  |
| 3                          | <b>Ukuphulaphula umz.ingoma/ umbongo olula</b><br>Sebenzisa oku ukupela amagama athile abangawarekhoda njengokuphulaphulela ukuqonda.                                       | <b>Itekisi yoncwadi yoku-1:</b><br>Ukfufunda umbongo/ingoma umz. Le ibisetyenzisewe ukuphulaphulela ukuqonda nokuzonwabiswa.                      | <b>Itekisi yomhlahthi omde:</b><br>Ukulandela amanqanaba okubhala ngobugcisa: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Ukcucwangcisa</li><li>• Ukyuila/ukudrafta</li><li>• Ukvavanya ushiclelo lokuqala</li><li>• Ukuhlela nokubhala kwakhona</li><li>• Ukuunikezela</li></ul> Umpawu zokubhala<br>Ukulandela izenzi ezitsha<br>Umsebenzi wokulungisa iimpazzamo zegrama kumsebenzi wabafundi Isigama ngokusemholweni |
| 4                          | <b>Ukuthetha okuseSikweni:</b><br>Umz. Ukuldinganisa okwenzay xo udibana nomntu nize nibulisane.  |   | Umpawu zokubhala<br>Ukulandela izenzi ezitsha<br>Umsebenzi wokulungisa iimpazzamo zegrama kumsebenzi wabafundi Isigama ngokusemholweni   |

|        |   |  |  |  |
|--------|---|--|--|--|
| liveki | <b>Ukuphulaphula nokuthetha<br/>lyure e-1</b>   | <b>Ukfufunda nokubukela<br/>lyure e-1</b>  | <b>Ukubhala nokunikezela<br/>lyure e-1</b>   | Izakhi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa kolwimi<br>(ifundiswa ngokunxulunyaniswa nezakhono nangokuzimeleyo)<br>lyure e-1 |
| 5 - 6  | <b>Ukuphulaphulela ulwazi<br/>nokuqonda:</b><br>Umz. Iintsuku zeveki, iinyanga zonyaka namanan. Ulwazi olubhalwa kwifomu umz. Ikhalenda, iintsuku zeveki, iinyanga zonyaka<br><b>Ukuthetha okungekho seSikweni nomsebenzi weqela:</b><br>Amaqela ayabuzzana imibuzzo neempendulo esebeenzisa umz. Itekisi ebonwayo njengekhalaenda. | <b>Ukfundela ukuqonda<br/>nelesivakalisti:</b><br>Ukulandela iimpawu zetekisi ebonwayo<br>Ukuqwalasela uze uxoxe ngeetekisi ezahlukeneyo eziponwayo umz. Umfanekiso, ifoto.<br>Umz. Ukuqwalasela isicwangciso sexesha sesikolo. kune<br>Umz. Nokufunda itekisi engomxholo "Isikolo". | <b>Iteki yobuGcisa bokubhala:</b><br>Umz. Ukwenza esakho isicwangciso sexesha soLwimi/ ukigcwalisu ifomu ngokomsebenzi wokuphulaphula. | Izibizo<br>Izenzi<br>Ukuxela ixesha<br>Isigama ngokusemxholweni  |
| 7 - 8  | <b>Ukuphulaphulela ukuqonda</b><br>Umz. Ukuphulaphula ingxoxo yabafundi bexela ukuba ziziphi izifundo abazithandayo nabangazithandijo.<br><b>Ukuthetha nokunikezela<br/>okuseSikweni:</b><br>Umz. Abafundi bayazazisa baxele nezfundo abazithandayo.  | <b>Ukfundela ukuqonda:</b><br>Umz. Ukufunda itekisi yabafundi bexela izifundo abazithandayo.<br>kune<br>Umz. Ukuphendula imibuzzo yokuqonda ngetekeksi.  | <b>Itekisi eyilwayo:</b><br>Umz. Ukubhala izivakalisi usebenzisa isigama ngokusemxholweni. Bhala izifundo abazikhethayo.               | Izenzi<br>Izichazi<br>Umsebenzi wokullungisa iimpazamo zegrama kumsebenzi wabafundi<br>Isigama ngokusemxholweni. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| liveki   | <b>Ukuphulaphula nokuthetha/ ulwazi oluthile.</b><br>Umz. Ukuphulaphulela ukuqonda umxholo okhethiweyo.<br><b>9 - 10</b> | <b>Ukfundela ukuqonda:</b><br>Umz. Ukfundala itekisi ngomxholo okhethiweyo.<br><b>Umsebenzi weqela:</b><br>Umz. Ukuwela ukuba kutheni bethanda izifundo ezithile.<br>okanye<br>Ukfundala ngokuvakalayo kwetekisi okulungiselelweyo umz. Umxholo okhethiweyo. | <b>Ukubhala nokunikezela</b><br>lyure e-1  | <b>Izakhi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa kolwimi (ifundiswa ngokunkulunyaniswa nezakhono nangokuzimeleyo) lyure e-1</b>  |
|  |  |  | <b>Itekisi eyilwayo/Itekisi yomhlathi omfutshane</b><br>Umz. Ukubhala kwesivakalisi/ukuleyibhela imifanekiso kumxholo okhethiweyo. | Izihlanganisi ezilula<br>Ukugxininiswa kwegrama efundwe kwikota yoku-1.<br>Umsebenzi wokulungisa iimpazamo zegrama kumsebenzi wabafundi lgrama elungisa iziphene kokubhalwe ngabafundi.<br>Isigama ngokusemxholweni. |
| <b>IMISEBENZI YOKUHLOLA OKUSESIKWENI KWIKOTA YOKU-1</b>  |  |  |  | <b>Umsebenzi wesi-3</b>  |
| <b>Umsebenzi woku-1</b>  |  |  |  | <b>Umsebenzi wesi-2</b>  |
| <b>I-Orali:</b> Ukuphulaphulela ukuqonda/intetho elungiselelweyo/Ukfunda ngokuvakalayo okulungiselelweyo |  |  |  | <b>Ukubhala:</b> Itekisi eyilwayo (Ebalisayo/echazayo) Imihlathi/itekisi zonxibelelwano (ezimfutshane okanye ezinde)   |

## IBANGA LESI-7 IKOTA YESI- 2

|       |   |  |  |   |
|-------|---|--|--|---|
|       | <b>liveki</b><br><b>lyure e-1</b>   | <b>Ukufundula nokuthetha<br/>lyure e-1</b>   | <b>Ukubhala nokunikezela<br/>lyure e-1</b>   | Izakhi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa kolwimi (ifundiswa ngokunkulunyaniswa nezakhono nangokuzimeleyo) lyure e-1  |
| 1 - 2 | <b>Ukuphulaphulela ulwazi oluthile</b><br>Umz. Ukuphulaphula ingxoxo yabafundi bexela aphi bavela khona.<br><b>Ukuthethela iinjongo ezithile/Ukuthetha nokunikezela okusesikweni (Ukufunda ngokuvakalayo okulungiselelweyo)</b><br>Umz. Ukufunda ngokuvakalayo okulungiselelweyo umxholo okhethiweyo. | <b>Ukufundela ukuqonda kwinqanaba lesivakalisi</b><br>Umz. Ukufunda iingxoxo yababin yabantu abaphnuma kwiindawo/ amazwe awohlukeneleyo. | <b>Imihlathi emifutshane/itekisi zonxibetelwano ezimfutshane</b><br>Ukulandela amanqanaba okuBhala ngobugcisa: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Ukcwangcisa</li><li>• Ukyyla/ukudrafta</li><li>• Ukuvavanya ushiclelo lokuqala</li><li>• Ukhlela nokubhala kwakhona</li><li>• Ukunikezela</li></ul> Umz. Ukubhala umhlathi obalisayo, bexela aphi bavela khona.         | Izalathandawo<br>Impawu zokubhala<br>Izihlanganisi ezisisseko/eziqhetelekleyo<br>Izilandui<br>Isigama ngokusemxholweni  |
| 3 - 4 | <b>Ukuphulaphulela ulwazi oluthile</b><br>Umz. Ukusebeniza itekisi ebonwayo enjengemephu ukuphulaphula, ukububa uze uphendule imibizo.<br><b>Ukuthetha nokunikezela okuseSikweni.</b><br>Ukuxoxa ngeempawu zentetho elungiselelweyo.  | <b>Ukufundela ukuqonda kwinqanaba legama nesivakalisi.</b><br>Umz. Ukufunda itekisi aphi ubuzwe babantu abohlukeneyo bubonakalayo.       | <b>Itekisi zemihlathi emifutshane:</b><br>Umz. Ukubhalela injongo ethile.<br>Inqubo yokubhala intetho elungiselelweyo.<br>Amanqanaba okuBhala ngobugcisa: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Ukcwangcisa</li><li>• Ukyyla/ukudrafta</li><li>• Ukuvavanya ushiclelo lokuqala</li><li>• Ukhlela nokubhala kwakhona</li><li>• Ukunikezela</li></ul> Intetho elungiselelweyo. | Umsebenzi wokulungisa iimpazzamo zegrama kumsebenzi wabafundi Izichazi<br>Impawu zokubhala<br>Izihlanganisi ezisisseko/eziqhetelekleyo<br>Izilandui<br>Isigama ngokusemxholweni |
| 5 - 6 | <b>Ukuphulaphulela ulwazi oluthile:</b><br>Ukuphulaphulela ukuqonda.<br><b>Ukuthetha okungekho seSikweni.</b><br>Ukuthetha okungekho seSikweni:<br>Umz. Ingxoxo yaseklasini malunga nokuacisa imfanekiso  | <b>Ukufunda ngamandla iitekisi ezibonwayo:</b><br>Ukubukela uze ucacise iimpawu umz. Umfanekiso wekla.                                   | <b>Itekisi eyilwayo:</b><br>Umz. Ukyila umhlathi ochazayo betandela inkqubo yokubhala - umsebenzi weqela   | Isiyaleli<br>Ixesta langoku<br>Izenzi ezitsha<br>Umsebenzi wokulungisa iimpazzamo zegrama kumsebenzi wabafundi Isigama ngokusemxholweni   |

|        |  |  |   |  |
|--------|--|--|---|--|
| liveki | <b>Ukuphulaphula nokuthetha<br/>lyure e-1</b>  | <b>Ukfufunda nokubukela<br/>lyure e-1</b>  | <b>Ukubhala nokunikezela<br/>lyure e-1</b>  | Izakhi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa kolwimi<br>(ifundisawa ngokunxulunyaniswa nezakhono nangokuzimeleyo)<br>lyure e-1  |
|        | <b>Ukuphulaphulela ukuzonwabiswa:</b><br>Umz. Ukuphulaphula umbongo/<br>ingoma umz. ecuelwa usapho<br><b>Ukuthetha okungekho seSikweni<br/>nomsebenzi weqela.</b><br>Umz. Ukwenza ingxoxo ngosapho<br>lwakho.<br>7 - 8 | <b>Ukfufunda ukuqonda:</b><br>Ukfufunda itekisi umz. ngosapho.<br><b>Ukuphulaphulela ukuzonwabiswa:</b><br>Umz. Ukuphulaphula umbongo/<br>ingoma umz. ecuelwa usapho<br><b>Ukuthetha okungekho seSikweni<br/>nomsebenzi weqela.</b><br>Umz. Ukwenza ingxoxo ngosapho<br>lwakho.<br>7 - 8 | <b>Itekisi emhlathi umfutshane:</b><br>Umz. Ukubhala umhlathi ochazayo rigosapho lwabo.<br>Amanqanaba okuBhala ngobugcisa:<br><ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ukcwangcisa</li> <li>• Ukyyla/ukudrafta</li> <li>• Ukuvavanya ushicilelo lokuqala</li> <li>• Ukuhlela nokubhala kwakhona</li> <li>• Ukukezela</li> </ul> | Izakhi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa kolwimi<br>izimaphambili<br>izinini<br>izifinyezo<br>izimnini<br>Ukuchonga uze ugxininise izakhi ezahlukileyo nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa kolwimi.<br>Umsebenzi wokulungisa iimpazzamo zegrama kumsebenzi wabafundi<br>Isigama ngokusemholweni. |
| 9 - 10 | <b>Imviwo zaphakathi enyakeni (Juni)</b>   |  |   |  |
|        | <b>UMSEBENZI WESI-4</b>  | <b>Umsebenzi wesi-5</b>  | <b>UMSEBENZI WESI-6</b>   | <b>IMISEBENZI YOKUHLOLA OKUSESIKVENI KWIKOTA YESI-2</b>  |
|        | <b>I-Orali:</b> Ukuphulaphulela ukuqonda/lntetho elungiselelweyo/Ukfufunda ngokuvakalayo   | <b>Ukubhala:</b> Itekisi eylwayo (Ebalisayo/echazayo), imihlathi/<br>itekisi yomhlathi omfutshane okanye omde  |   | <b>Imviwo zapphakathi konyaka (Juni):</b> Isicatshulwa,<br>ukusetyenziswa kolwimi, uncwadi nokubhala   |

## IBANGA LESI-7 IKOTA YESI -3

|  |   |  |   |  |
|--|---|--|---|--|
|  | <b>liveki</b><br><b>lyure e-1</b>   | <b>Ukufundula nokuthetha<br/>lyure e-1</b>   | <b>Ukubhala nokunikezela<br/>lyure e-1</b>  | Izakhi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa kolwimi (ifundiswa ngokunkulunyaniswa nezakhono nangokuzimeleyo) lyure e-1                                 |
|  | <b>Ukuphulaphulela ukuzonwabisa:</b><br>Umz. Ukuphulaphula izandi ngokomxholo othile umz. ezothutto<br><b>Ukuthetha nokunikezela okuseSikweni:</b><br>Ukufunda ngokuwakalayo okulungiiselweyo kugqaliswe kuyibiliko, ukubizwa kwamagama nethoni umz. Itekisi engomxholo 1 - 2     | <b>Ukufunda ngokunzulu itekisi ufundela ukuqonda kwinqanaba lomhlathi:</b><br>Umz. Ukufunda itekisi ngomxholo othile uze uphendule imibuzzo yemfuna-lwazi nomzekelo weleta yobuhlobo okanye umhlathi | <b>Umhlahli omde/itekisi yonxibelwano ende:</b><br>Ukulandela uze luxoxe ngeempawu zokubhala ileta yobuhlobo/inowuthi/i-imeyile/umhlathi obalisayo/ ochazayo<br>Ukubhala ileta yobuhlobo/inowuthi/i-imeyile/umhlathi obalisayo/ochazayo nge-umz. Apho ndiya khona namhlanje<br>Ukugxininisa kwinkqubo yokubhala: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Ukcwangcisa</li><li>• Ukyila/ukudrafta</li><li>• Ukvavanya ushiclelo lokuqala</li><li>• Ukuhlela nokubhala kwakhona</li><li>• Ukukezelza</li></ul> | Ulandelelaniso lwamagama.<br>Izalathandawo<br>Ixesha langoku<br>Isibuliso kwileta yobuhlobo/inowuthi/i-imeyile<br>Isigama ngokusemxholweni |
|  | <b>Ukuphulaphulela ukuqhagamselana:</b><br>Umz. Ukuphulaphula itekisi/imibuzzo esekelwe kumxholo othile, nokuphendula imibuzzo.<br><b>Ukuthetha okungekho seeSikweni nomsebenzi weqela:</b><br>Umz. Ukpahendula imibuzzo ye-orali esekelwe kwitekisi ebonwayo (Iphi injia?) 3 - 4 | <b>Ukufundela ukuqonda:</b><br>Umz. Ukbukelela ukuqonda itekisi ebonwayo esekelwe kumxholo othile, nokuphendula imibuzzo.  | <b>Itekisi yomhlathi omde (iyaqhubeka)</b><br>Ukfundisa nokuxoxa ngeempawu zokubhala ileta yobuhlobo/inowuthi/i-imeyile/umhlathi obalisayo/ ochazayo<br>Ukubhala ileta yobuhlobo/inowuthi/i-imeyile/umhlathi obalisayo/ochazayo umz. Apho ndiya khona namhlanje<br>Ukugxininisa kwinkqubo yokubhala: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Ukcwangcisa</li><li>• Ukyila/ukudrafta</li><li>• Ukvavanya ushiclelo lokuqala</li><li>• Ukuhlela nokubhala kwakhona</li><li>• Ukukezelza</li></ul>             | Izimnini<br>Ulandelelaniso lwamagama.<br>Ixesha langoku<br>Isibuliso kwileta yobuhlobo/inowuthi/i-imeyile<br>Isigama ngokusemxholweni      |

|        |   |  |   |  |
|--------|---|--|---|--|
| liveki | <b>Ukuphulaphula nokuthetha<br/>lyure e-1</b>   | <b>Ukfufunda nokubukela<br/>liyure e-1</b>   | <b>Ukubhala nokunikezela<br/>lyure e-1</b>  | Izakhi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa kolwimi<br>(ifundiswa ngokuxulunyaniswa nezakhono nangokuzimeleyo)<br>lyure e-1  |
|        | <b>Ukuphulaphulela ukuqonda:</b><br>Umz. Ukuphulaphula isandi<br>Kunye<br>Nokuphulaphula ingxoxo yababini<br>ngomxholo omitsha umz. Apho<br>ndihlala khona.<br><b>Ukuthetha okungekho sesikweni<br/>nomsebenzi wegela:</b><br>Umz. Ukusebenza isigama<br>somxholo omitsha, ukuthetha<br>ngesandi nokuziqhelanisa ngokuthi<br>utsho oko ukuvileyo usebenzia<br>ngezivakalisi | <b>Ukfufunda nzulu iitekisi<br/>ezibonwayo:</b><br>Ukubukela umifanekiso<br>kumxholo okhethiweyo - umz.<br>Idolophu enkulu<br><b>Ukuthetha okungekho sesikweni<br/>nomsebenzi wegela:</b><br>Umz. Ukusebenza isigama<br>somxholo omitsha, ukuthetha<br>ngesandi nokuziqhelanisa ngokuthi<br>utsho oko ukuvileyo usebenzia<br>ngezivakalisi | <b>Itekisi eyilwayo:</b><br>Ukwakha izivakalisi ngesigama esitsha<br>Kunye<br>Nokubhala umhlathi ochazayo umz. Umfanekiso<br>osekelwe kumxholo<br>Ukguxinisa kwinkqubo yokubhala: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Ukcwangcisa</li><li>• Ukyila/ukudrafta</li><li>• Ukvavanya ushiclelo lokuqala</li><li>• Ukhlela nokubhala kwakhona</li><li>• Uknikezela</li></ul> | Izichazi<br>Izenzi nezibizo ezitsha<br>Upelo<br>Umsebenzi wokulungisa iimpazamo<br>zegrama kumsebenzi wabafundi<br>Isigma ngokusemxholweni                             |
| 6      | <b>Ukuphulaphulela ulwazi:</b><br>Umz. Ukuphulaphulela ukuchongha<br>amazwe ahlukeneyo omhlaba/<br>amaphondo oMzantsi Afrika.<br><b>Ukuthetha okungekho seSikweni</b><br>Ukulinganisa ngokomxholo umz.<br>Amazwe ahlukeneyo omhlaba/<br>amaphondo oMzantsi Afrika   | <b>Ukfundela ukuqonda<br/>kwinqanaba lomhlathi:</b><br>Umz. Ukfufunda nabalingane<br>imhlathi echarzayo ebibhalwe<br>kumjikeloo odulileyo<br>(ukuzonwabiswa)<br>okanye<br><b>Itekisi yoNcwadi</b><br>Umz. Ukfundela ukuzonwabiswa<br>umz. Umbongo/ibali emfutishane/<br>idrama emfutishane/invولي<br>emfutishane                           | <b>Itekisi eyilwayo:</b><br>Ukuleyibheliha imephu kuze kubhalwe izivakalisi<br>kusetyenziswa isigama esitsha<br>Ukuchaza indawo anomda kuyo kwimephu<br>nokuba angafikelela njani kuyo. umz. isithuthi<br>esinokusetyenziswa, iindawo ezinokusetyenziswa<br>njengezikhokelo, iindawo ezinomtsalane  | Izenzi nezibizo ezitsha<br>Amanani<br>Upelo<br>Isininzi<br>Izalathandawo<br>Umsebenzi wokulungisa iimpazamo<br>zegrama kumsebenzi wabafundi<br>Isigma ngokusemxholweni |
| 7      |   |  |   |  |

|   |   |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| liveki<br>9 - 10  | <b>Ukuphulaphula nokuthetha<br/>lyure e-1</b>   | <b>Ukufunda nokubukela<br/>liyure e-1</b>   | <b>Ukubhala nokunikezela<br/>lyure e-1</b>  | Izakhi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa kolwimi (ifundiswa ngokunxullunyaniswa nezakhono nangokuzimeleyo) lyure e-1 |
|   | <b>Ukuphulaphulela ukuzonwabisisa:</b><br>Umz. Ukuphulaphula indawana kwibali elipeheleyo/imbongo/ ingoma/ikhathuni/drama emfutshane/novel emfutshane<br><b>Ukufunda ngokuvakalayo</b><br>Ukusebenza umz ukubizwa kwamagama, imvakalozi, ukuthetha ngokughabalaka nentshukumo yomzimba. | <b>Itekisi yoncwadi</b><br>Umz. Ukufunda amabal/ imibongo/ingoma/ikhathuni/ drama emfutshane/novel emfutshane baze baphendule imibuzzo ekhangela ukuqonda | <b>Itekisi eyilwayo:</b><br>Umz. Ukubhala izihloko zebali lemfanekiso ezingomxholo kune nolwimi olusele iwenziwe ukwenzela ukubethelela igrاما ese e ifundwe ebudenibekota. | Ukubethelela yonke igrاما eyenziwiyo kule kofa.<br>Isigama ngokusemxholweni                                 |
| <b>IMISEBENZI YOKUHLOLA OKUSESIKVENI KWIKOTA YESI-3</b>   |   |   |   |   |
|   |   | <b>Umsebenzi wesi-7</b>   | <b>Umsebenzi wesi-8</b>   | <b>Umsebenzi we-9</b>   |
| <b>I.Orali:</b> Ukuphulaphulela ukuqonda/intetho elungiselelweyo/Ukufunda ngokuvakalayo okulungiselweyo |   | <b>Ukuhala:</b> Ukuylla um(im)hathhi (obalisayo/ochazzayo)/Itekisi yonxibelwano emfutshane/ende   | <b>Uvavanyo Iwesi-2:</b> Isicatshulwa nokusetyenziswa kolwimi OKANYE<br>Uncwadi: Imibuzzo engomxholo  |   |

| IBANGA LESI – 7 IKOTA YESI -4 |   |   |   |
|-------------------------------|---|---|---|
| liveki                        | Ukuphulaphula nokuthetha lyure e-1  | Ukufunda nokubukela lyure e-1   | Ukubhala nokunikezela lyure e-1   |
| 1 - 2                         | <p><b>Ukuphulaphulela ukuqonda</b><br/>Ukuphulaphula ingxoxo yababini umz. ngesihloko esitsha-Umzimba wam</p> <p><b>Ukuthetha okungekho seSikweni</b><br/>Ukuphendula imibuzo emva kokubukela nokufunda iekisi ebonwayo</p> | <p><b>Ukufunda ngamandi lietkisi ezibonwayo:</b><br/>Ukubukela nokufunda imifanekiso kumxholo umz. Amalungu ahlukeneyo omzimba</p> <p><b>Ukuphulaphulela ukuqonda</b><br/>Umkhuluza ukuqonda ukucunda ngezihloko ezikhethwe kumjikelo odlulileyo</p> <p><b>Ukuthetha nokunikezela okuseSikweni:</b><br/>Umkhuluza ukuqonda ukucunda ngezihloko ezikhethwe kumjikelo odlulileyo.</p> | <p><b>Itekisi eyilwayo:</b><br/>Ukuqiqhelanisa nemibuzo kuniye neempendulo ngezivakalisi kwimixholo ekhetiwayo.<br/>Ukuleyibhelisha imifanekiso esetyenziswayo.</p> <p><b>Itekisi yonxibelelwano ende/umhlathi omde:</b><br/>Ukubhalela umhlobo wakho ileta malunga nesifundo obusifundile, umz. ukukhathalela umzimba wam</p> <p>Ukugxininisa kwinkqubo yokubhala:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ukuwangcisa</li> <li>• Ukyila/ukudrafta</li> <li>• Ukuvavanya ushiclelo lokuqala</li> <li>• Ukuhlela nokubhala kwakhona</li> <li>• Ukukezelza</li> </ul> |
| 3 - 4                         |   | <p><b>Ukufundela ukuqonda:</b><br/>Umz. Ukufunda izicatshulwa ezibhaliveyo zabafundi.</p> <p><b>Ukuthetha nokunikezela okuseSikweni:</b><br/>Umz. Intetho elungiselelweyo ebhalwe kulo mijikelo nakodulileyo.</p>   | <p><b>Itekisi yomhlathi omfutshane:</b><br/>Ukubhala umz. Intetho elungiselelweyo esihloko sithi “Umzimba wam”</p> <p>Umz. Itekisi ekhetiwayo ngokomxholo</p>   |
|                               |   |   | <p>Izakhi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa koLwimi lyure e-1(ifundiswa ng-kunxulumana nangokuzimela poqo)</p> <p>Isilanduli Izichazi Zihlomelo Izimnini Upelo Isinanzi Isigama ngokusemxholweni</p> <p>Umsebenzi wokulungisa iimpazamo zegrama kumsebenzi wabafundi Isilanduli Izihlanganisi Izimapambili Izichazi Zihlomelo Izimnini Upelo Isinanzi Isigama ngokusemxholweni</p>   |

|        |   |   |   |  |
|--------|---|---|---|--|
| liveki | <b>Ukuphulaphula nokuthetha<br/>lyure e-1</b>   | <b>Ukfufunda nokubukela<br/>lyure e-1</b>   | <b>Ukubhala nokunikezela<br/>lyure e-1</b>  | Izakhi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa kolwimi<br>(ifundiswa ngokunkxunyaniswa nezakhono nangokuzimeloye) lyure e-1   |
| 5 - 6  | <b>Ukuphulaphulela ulwazi oluthile:</b><br>Umz. Abafundi baphulaphulela isigama esitsha ngokusebenzisa itekisi ebonyayo - Ukufundisa isihloko esitsha umz. Imibala.<br><b>Ukuthetha okungekho seSikweni.</b><br>Ukuziqhelanisa nokubuza kunye nokuphendula umz. Unjani umbala wencwadi? | <b>Ukfufunda ngamandla iitekisi ezibonwayo:</b><br>Abafundibabukela baze bafunde itekisi umz. Umfanekiso wenibala eyahlukeneyo kwanengxoxo yababini ngesi sihloko snye. | <b>Itekisi eylilwayo:</b><br>Umz. Abafundi bazoba eyabo imfanekiso ngemibala eyahlukileyo, bayleyibheiske, baze emva koko baziqhelanise rezivakalisi ezichaza imfanekiso Kunye noku:<br>Umz. bhala umhlathi ochazayo ukuchaza into emibalabala.<br>Ukguxinisa kwinkqubo yokubhala: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Ukcwangcisa</li><li>• Ukyyla/ukudrafta</li><li>• Ukuvavanya ushiclelo lokuqala</li><li>• Ukuhlela nokubhala kwakhona</li><li>• Ukurikezela</li></ul> | Izichazi<br>Upelo<br>Isinini<br>Ixesha langoku<br>Isilanduli<br>Izikhombisi<br>Izmnnini<br>Isigama ngokusemxholweni<br>Umsebenzi wokulungjisa liimpazzamo zegrama kumsebenzi wabafundi |
| 7 - 8  | <b>Ukuphulaphulela ukuzonwabisa:</b><br>Umz. Ukuphulaphula ingoma/umbonggo/imihlathi echazayo ebhawe ngabafundi kumjikelo odulileyo.<br><b>Ukuthetha okungekho seSikweni</b><br>Umz. Ukguxinisa kwimibizo nezivakalisi ezenziwe ngomlomo kumjikelo ongaphambili                         | <b>Ukfufundela ukuqonda</b><br>Umz. Itekisi ekhetihiweyo ngokomxholo onemibizo yokuqonda ema iphenduluwe.   | <b>Amalungiselelo oviwo:</b><br>Ukguxinisa kwinkqubo yokubhala kweentlobo ezahlukeneyo zeetekisi njengengxoxo yababini, imihlathi echazayo/ebalisayo.<br>Umsebenzi wokulungjisa liimpazzamo zegrama kumsebenzi wabafundi<br>Isigama ngokusemxholweni  | Ukuhlaziya ulwakhiwo lwezivakalisi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa kolwimi efundiweyo.<br>Umsebenzi wokulungjisa liimpazzamo zegrama kumsebenzi wabafundi                                     |
| 9 - 10 |   |   | <b>Imiviwo zokuphela konyaka</b>  | <b>IMISEBENZI YOKUHLOLA OKUSESIKVENI KWIKOTA YESI-4</b><br><b>UMSEBENZI WE-10</b>  |

**Imiviwo zokuphela konyaka:**

IPhepha loku-1: ULwimi ngokusemxholweni noNcwadi, Ukubhala

IPhepha lesi-2: \* I-Orali

\*Amanqaku onyaka e-Orali athathelwe kwimisebenzi yokuthetha, ukuphulaphula nokufunda eyenziweyo apha phakathi enyakeni. Amanqaku okugqibela makaquke ubuncinane umsebenzi omnye wokuthetha olungiselweyo, omnye wokuphulaphula kunye nomnye wokufunda ngokuvakalayo okulungiselelweyo.

## 3.5.2 Ibanga lesi -8

| IBANGA LESI-8 IKOTA YOKU-1 |  |   |  |   |
|----------------------------|--|---|--|---|
| liveki                     | Ukuphulaphula nokuthetha<br>lyure e-1  | Ukfufunda nokubukela<br>lyure e-1   | Ukubhala nokunikezela<br>lyure e-1   |   |
| 1 - 2                      | <b>Ukuphulaphula ukuqhagamsheiana kanye nengxoxo yababini</b><br>Umz. Ukuphulaphula ingxoxo yababini<br><b>Ukuthetha okungalungiselelwanga nomsebenzi weqela</b><br>Abafundi bachonga imibuzzo neempendulo kwincoko yababini baze baziqhelise nayo ngababini.  | <b>Ukfundela kuqonda:</b><br>Ulwazi<br>Umz. ukufunda ingxoxo yababini nokuphendula imibuzzo esisiseko yokuqonda<br><b>Ukusebenzisa isichazi-magama ukukhangela amagama amatsha</b><br>Abafundi ngokuhala iimvakaleta  | <b>Itekisi yonxibelelwano emfutshane/umhlathi omfutshane:</b><br>Ukfufunda iindela zokugcwalisia ifomu Umz. Ukugcwalisia ifomu ngolwazi oluvela kumsebenzi wokuphulaphula<br>Ukonjeza kwizichazi magama ngokubhala izibizo kune nezenzi ezitsa.<br>Upelo<br>Iimpawu zokubhala<br>Isinye/sinanzi<br>Izibizo nezenzi   | <b>Izakhi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa kolwimi (ifundiswa ngokunkxunyaniswa nezakhono nangokuzimeleyo) lyure e-1</b><br>Ukwakhwa kwezivakalisi (intloko-isivisa- injongosenzi), amabinzana entetho eqhelekileyo.<br>Ukubonisa iimvakaleta<br>Isigama esivela kwiitkisi.<br>Isimelabizo soqobo<br>Imo evumayo/elandulayo<br>Upelo<br>Iimpawu zokubhala<br>Isinye/sinanzi<br>Izibizo nezenzi<br>Ukusetyenziswa kwsichazi magama |
| 3 - 4                      | <b>Ukuphulaphula ukuzonwabisa:</b><br>Ukuphulaphula isicengcelezo/ ingoma/umbongo<br><b>Ukuthetha okungekho sesikweni kanye nomsebenzi wegela:</b><br>Umz.ukufunda ngentloko isicengcelezo/ingoma ize yenziwe ngamaqela okanye ngababini<br>Abafundi basebenza ngophimiselo lwamaga, ithoni, isinqisho, nil. | <b>Itekisi yoNcwadi yoku-1:</b><br>Umz. Ukufunda isicengcelezo/ isicengcelezo, umbongo/ imibongo, ingoma/ lingoma ufundela ukugonda nokuzonwabisa<br>Ukuphendula imibuzzo esisiseko kwiitkisi ezingasentla.<br><b>Ukusebenzisa isichazi-magama esilwimi-mbini ukukhangela amagama amatsha</b><br>Abafundi ngentloko isicengcelezo/ingoma ize yenziwe ngamaqela okanye ngababini<br>Abafundi basebenza ngophimiselo lwamaga, ithoni, isinqisho, nil. | <b>Itekisi yonxibelelwano ende/umhlathi onde:</b><br>Ukuhlaziya iimpawu zengxoxo yabalini/umhlathi ochazayo/obalisayo<br>Ukonjohala ingxoxo yabalini/umhlathi ochazayoi/ obalisayo ngolwazi olunikiweyo.Umz. linkcukacha zabantu ababini<br>Ukfufunda amanqanaba enkqubo yokubhala<br>• Ukuwangcisa<br>• Ukyila/ukudrafta<br>• Ukuavanya ushicilelo lokuqala<br>• Ukuhlela nokubhala kwakhona<br>• Ukurikezela<br>ukongeza kwizichazi magama izibizo ezitsa kunye nezenzi ezintska | Ukwakhwa kwezivakalisi (intloko-isivisa – injongosenzi), amabinzana entetho eqhelekileyo<br>Ukonjohala iimvakaleta<br>Ukonjeza kwizichazi magama ngokubhala izibizo kune ngaso<br>Isimelabizo soqobo<br>Imo evumayo/Imo elandulayo<br>Izivumelanisi<br>Upelo<br>Iimpawu zokubhala<br>Umsebenzi wokulungisa iimpazzamo zegrama kumsebenzi wabafundi/ kugcwaliso lweeforu<br>Abafundi basebenzisa isichazi -magama          |

|        |   |   |   |   |
|--------|---|---|---|---|
| liveki | <b>Ukuphulaphula nokuthetha<br/>lyure e-1</b>   | <b>Ukfufunda nokubukela<br/>lyure e-1</b>   | <b>Ukubhala nokunikezela<br/>lyure e-1</b>  | <b>Izakhi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa<br/>kolwimi<br/>(ifundiswa ngokunxulunyaniswa<br/>nezakhono nangokuzimeleyo)<br/>lyure e-1</b>   |
|        | <b>Ukuphulaphulela ulwazi<br/>nokuqhagamshehana:</b><br><br>Umz. Abafundi baphulaphula<br>itekisi eziviwayo okanye utishala<br>uchazza iimvakakalelo zabantu<br>abonluikleyo. Abafundi baphulaphula,<br>balinge baze batshatise inkazo<br>nengqokelela yernifanekiso ebonisa<br>iimvakakalelo ezahlukeneyo (lusizi,<br>chwayitleyo, xakekileyo)<br>(umsebenzi unghahlowa) | <b>Ukfundela ukuqonda<br/>kwingqanaba legama<br/>nelesivakalisi.</b><br><br>Umz. Ukfufunda izivakalisi<br>ezinxulunene novakalelo<br><br>Ukusebenzia isichazi-magama<br>esilwimi-imbini ukukhangela<br>amagama amatsha.<br><br><b>9</b><br><b>Ukuthetha okungekho sesikweni<br/>kunye nomsebenzi weqela:</b><br><br>Abafundi basebenzia imifanekiso<br>ukubuzana ngendlela abavakalewa<br>ngayo.<br><br>Abafundi basebenzia isigama<br>esitsha xa bephendula<br>ukuziqhetanisa nokubonakalisa<br>uvakalelo. | <b>Itekisi yonxibelelwano emfutshane/umhlathi<br/>omfutshane/itekisi eyilwayo</b><br><br>Umz. Abafundi bagqibezelia ingxoxo yababini<br>ngokuvala izikhewu. Ukguxinisa ekusetyenzisweni<br>kolwimi nesigama esitsha esifundiweyo ukubonakalisa<br>uvakalelo<br><br>Ukguxinisa kwimppawu zengxoxo yababini<br><br>Ukongeza isigama esitsha kwisichazi magama<br><br><b>9</b><br><b>Ukuthetha okungekho sesikweni<br/>kunye nomsebenzi weqela:</b><br><br>Abafundi basebenzia imifanekiso<br>ukubuzana ngendlela abavakalewa<br>ngayo.<br><br>Abafundi basebenzia isigama<br>esitsha xa bephendula<br>ukuziqhetanisa nokubonakalisa<br>uvakalelo. | <b>Izakhi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa<br/>kolwimi<br/>(ifundiswa ngokunxulunyaniswa<br/>nezakhono nangokuzimeleyo)<br/>lyure e-1</b><br><br>Ukwaziswa kwasigama esitsha: umz.<br>iimvakalelo<br><br>Ukusetyenziswa kwezimelabizo zoqobo<br>Ixesha langoku<br>imo evumayo<br>imo elandulayo<br><br>Upelo<br><br>Impawu zokubhala<br><br>Igrama elungisa iziphene kubhalo<br>lwabafundi/ingxoxo yababini/umhlathi<br>ochazayo okanye obalisayo |

|        |   |  |  |  |
|--------|---|--|--|--|
| liveki | <b>Ukuphulaphula nokuthetha<br/>lyure e-1</b>   | <b>Ukfufunda nokubukela<br/>lyure e-1</b>  | <b>Ukubhala nokunikezela<br/>lyure e-1</b>   | <b>Izakhi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa<br/>kolwimi<br/>(ifundisawa ngokunxulunyaniswa<br/>nezakhono nangokuzimeleyo)<br/>lyure e-1</b>   |
|        | <b>Ukuphulaphulela ukuzonwabiswa:</b><br>Abafundi baphulaphula ingoma/<br>umbongo okanye isicengcelezo<br>esisekwe kumxholo omitsha.<br>Ukfundisa isigama esitsha.<br><b>Ukuthetha okungekho sesikweni:</b><br>Abafundi bafunda ngokuvakalayo<br>amagama amatsha base<br>baziqhelanisa nawo kune<br>nabaligane babo<br><b>Ukuphulaphulela ulwazi oluthile:</b><br>Abafundi baphulaphula isicatshulwa<br>bephulaphulela ulwazi oluthile. Umz.<br>baphulaphula amagama abonakalisa<br>indawo ethile.<br><b>Ukuthetha okungekho sesikweni:</b><br>Abafundi baphendula imibuzzo<br>efuna "baxele indawo" esekelwe<br>ekuphulaphulen isicatshulwa. | <b>Ukfufunda ngokunzulu iitekisi<br/>ezibonwayo:</b><br>Ukfundisa iimpawu zetekisi<br>ebonwayo<br>Umz. Umpfanekiso/ikhathuni<br>ehamba netekisi ebhaliweyo.<br>Ukuphendula imibuzzo yokuqonda<br>ngekhathuni/umfanekiso.<br>(umsebenzi unghalilwa)<br>Ukusebenzisa isichazi -magama<br>esilwimi-mbini ukukhangela<br>amagama amatsha.<br><b>Ukuphulaphulela ukuzonwabiswa:</b><br>Abafundi baphulaphula ingoma/<br>umbongo okanye isicengcelezo<br>esisekwe kumxholo omitsha.<br>Ukfundisa isigama esitsha.<br><b>Ukuthetha okungekho sesikweni:</b><br>Abafundi baphendula imibuzzo<br>efuna "baxele indawo" esekelwe<br>ekuphulaphulen isicatshulwa. | <b>Itekisi eyilwayo:</b><br>Ukfundisa iimpawu zomhlathi ochazayo okanye<br>obalisayo<br>Umz. Abafundi babhala umsekhlathi osekkelwe kwitekisi<br>ebonwayo.<br>Amanqanaba enkqubo yokubhala<br>• Ukucwangcisa<br>• Ukuyila/ukudrafta<br>• Ukuvavanya ushiclelo lokuqala<br>• Ukhlela nokubhala kwakhona<br>• Uknikezela<br>Ukubhala amagama amatsha kwizivakalisi/ukutshatisa<br>izivakalisi nesiuseleli esibonwayo/ukubhala izihloko/<br>ukuleyibheliha imifanekiso/iphazili yamagama/<br>ukubhala isigama esitsha kwisichazi-magama<br>(umsebenzi unghalilwa) | <b>Itekisi eyilwayo:</b><br>Ukfundisa iimpawu zomhlathi ochazayo okanye<br>obalisayo<br>Umz. Abafundi babhala umsekhlathi osekkelwe kwitekisi<br>ebonwayo.<br>Amanqanaba enkqubo yokubhala<br>• Ukucwangcisa<br>• Ukuyila/ukudrafta<br>• Ukuvavanya ushiclelo lokuqala<br>• Ukhlela nokubhala kwakhona<br>• Uknikezela<br>Ukubhala amagama amatsha kwizivakalisi/ukutshatisa<br>izivakalisi nesiuseleli esibonwayo/ukubhala izihloko/<br>ukuleyibheliha imifanekiso/iphazili yamagama/<br>ukubhala isigama esitsha kwisichazi-magama<br>(umsebenzi unghalilwa) |
| 8 - 7  | <b>Ukuphulaphulela ukuzonwabiswa:</b><br>Abafundi baphulaphula ingoma/<br>umbongo okanye isicengcelezo<br>esisekwe kumxholo omitsha.<br>Ukfundisa isigama esitsha.<br><b>Ukuthetha okungekho sesikweni:</b><br>Abafundi baphendula imibuzzo<br>efuna "baxele indawo" esekelwe<br>ekuphulaphulen isicatshulwa.   | <b>Ukuphulaphulela ukuzonwabiswa/<br/>ulwazi oluthile:</b><br>Umz. Ukpuphulaphula ngababini<br>kwakunye neklasi yonke imihlathi<br>eyiliweyo.<br><b>Ukuthetha nokunikezela<br/>okulungiiselelweyo:</b><br>Umz. Abafundi bafunda<br>ngokuvakalayo eyabo imihlathi<br>(umsebenzi unghalilwa)   | <b>Ukfufunda ngokunzulu<br/>kufundelwa ukuqonda<br/>kwinqanaba lomhlathi:</b><br>Umz. Abafundi bafunda imihlathi<br>ebhaliwe ngabanye/itekisi<br>eyongezelweyo esekelwe<br>kumxholo okhethiweyo.   | <b>Itekisi yonxibelwelwano/umhlathi:</b><br>Umz. Umsebenzi obhalwayo osekkelwe kumxholo<br>owenzeweyo ofuna abafundi basebenzise isigama<br>kunye negrama efundisiweyo ekoteni.<br>Ukongeza isigama esitsha kwisichazi magama  |
| 9 - 10 |   |  |  | <b>UKUHLOLA OKUSESIKWENI KWIKOTA YOKU-1</b>  |
|        | <b>UMSEBENZI WOKU-1</b>   |  | <b>UMSEBENZI WESI-2</b>  | <b>UMSEBENZI WESI-3</b>  |
|        | <b>I-Orali:</b> Ukuphulaphulela ukuqondalingxoxo<br>yababini/intetho elungisiselelweyo/ingoko/<br>ukufunda ngokuvakalayo okulungiiselelweyo.  | <b>Ukubhala:</b> U(im)mhlahi oyilwayo (obalisayo/ochazzayo)/itekisi<br>yonxibelwelwano ende/emfutshane.  | <b>Uvavanyo loku-1:</b> Isicatshulwa nokusetyenziswa kolwimi   |  |

## IBANGA LESI-8 IKOTA YESI-2

| liveki  | Ukuphulaphula nokuthetha<br>lyure e-1  | Ukufunda nokubukela<br>lyure e-1  | Ukubhala nokunikezela<br>lyure e-1   | Izakhi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa<br>kolwimi<br>(ifundiswa ngokunkulunyaniswa<br>nezakhono nangokuzimeleyo)<br>lyure e-1                    |
|---|--|---|--|---|
| Umz. Ukuphulaphula amabali alula/<br>iintsumi<br><b>Ukuthetha okungekho sesikweni<br/>kunye nomsebenzi weqela:</b><br>Abafundi banika iimpendulo<br>zomlomo kumabali emfanekiso/<br>imibuzzu enxulumene<br>nokuphulaphulweyo.<br>Abafundi bangazighelanisa<br>nokufunda ngokuvakalayo.  | <b>Itekisi yoncwadi</b><br>Ukufunda amabali amafutshane<br>alula/iintsumi<br>Ukfundisa liimpawu ezsisiseko<br>zamabali amafutshane/iintsumi.<br>• Phambi kokufunda<br>• Ukufunda<br>• Emva kokufunda<br>Ukuphendula imibuzzu ngebal<br>(umsebenzi ungahlolwa)<br>Ukufunda okongezelweyo<br>(abafundi bazifunde<br>ngokuzimeleyo elinye ibali<br>elifutshane) | <b>Itekisi yomhlathi omfutshane:</b><br>Ukubhalela injongo ethile<br>Umz. Ukuphinda ubalise kwakhona ibali usebenzisa<br>imfanekiso njengesivuseleli.<br>Amanqanaba enkqubo yokubhala<br>• Ukuwangcisa<br>• Ukyilila/ukudrafta<br>• Ukuvavanya ushicilelo lokuqala<br>• Ukuhlela nokubhala kwakhona<br>• Ukukezel<br>(umsebenzi ungahlolwa)<br>Ukongeza isigama esitsha kwisichazzi magama<br>(umsebenzi unokuhlolwa) | <b>Izayaleli</b><br>Izihlanganisi ezisisiseko/eziqhetelekileyo<br>izalathandawo<br>Ixesha langoku<br>Imo evumayo nelandulayo<br>Isigama ngokusemxholweni<br>Upelo<br>Izivumelanisi | Impawu zokubhala  |
| 1 - 2<br><b>Ukuphulaphulela ukuzonwabiswa</b><br>Abafundi banika iimpendulo<br>zomlomo kumabali amabali alula/<br>iintsumi<br><b>Ukuthetha okungekho sesikweni<br/>kunye nomsebenzi weqela:</b><br>Abafundi banika iimpendulo<br>zomlomo kumabali amabali alula/<br>iintsumi<br>nokuphulaphulweyo.<br>Abafundi bangazighelanisa<br>nokufunda ngokuvakalayo.                               | <b>Itekisi yomhlathi omfutshane:</b><br>Abafundi bafunda iitekisi<br>ezibonwayo umz. Isicwangciso<br>sexesa.<br>Baze baphendule imibuzzo<br>(umsebenzi ungahlolwa)   | <b>Itekisi yomhlathi omfutshane:</b><br>Abafundi bafunda iitekisi<br>ezibonwayo umz. Isicwangciso<br>sexesa.<br>Baze baphendule imibuzzo<br>(umsebenzi ungahlolwa)  | <b>Izayaleli</b><br>Umsebenzi wokulungisa liimpazamo<br>zegrama kumshebenzi wabafundi/<br>nokubalisa kwakhona<br>Impawu zokubhala<br>Isigama ngokusemxholweni                      | Umsebenzi wokulungisa liimpazamo<br>zegrama kumshebenzi wabafundi/<br>nokubalisa kwakhona<br>Impawu zokubhala<br>Isigama ngokusemxholweni |
| 3 - 4<br><b>Ukuphulaphulela ulwazi othile:</b><br>Ukuphulaphula isigama esitsha<br>nokuphulaphula itekisi uphulaphulela<br>injongo ethile<br>Umz. Ishediyili yeveki/idayari<br>yomntu othile – umxholo<br>ongesiskolo<br><b>Ukuthetha okungekho sesikweni.</b><br>Abafundi banika iimpendulo<br>zomlomo ezisekelwe kwisicatshuluwa<br>esiphulaphulwayo kunye nemibuzzu<br>enxulumene nabo |  |   |  |   |

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| liveki | <b>Ukuphulaphula nokuthetha<br/>lyure e-1</b>  | <b>Ukfufunda nokubukela<br/>lyure e-1</b>   | <b>Ukubhala nokunikezela<br/>lyure e-1</b>  | Izakhi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa kolwimi<br>(ifundisawa ngokunxulunyaniswa nezakhono nangokuzimeleyo)<br>lyure e-1  |
| 5 - 6  | <b>Ukuphulaphulela ulwazi olulodwa:</b><br>Isicatsnluwa esiphulaphulawayo<br>(umsebenzi ungaholwa)<br><b>Ukuthetha nokunikezela<br/>okusesikweni:</b><br>Intetho elungiselelweyo. Abafundi baxoxa ngezinto abaza kuzenza kwiveki ezayo.  | <b>Ukfundela ukuqonda<br/>kwinganaba lezivakalisi kunge<br/>nemihlathi:</b><br>Ukusetyenziswa kwetekisi ebonwayo/<br>umhlathi injengomsebenzi wokuziqhelanisa notfunda umxholo omitsa. Ukiphendula imibuzzo esekelwe kumhlathi.<br>(umsebenzi ungaholwa)                    | <b>Itekisi yonxibelwelano/umhlathi:</b><br>Umz. Umseberizi obhalwayo osekelwe kumxholo ofundwayo ofuna abafundi basebenzise isigama esitsha kunge negrama efundisiweyo<br>(Igrama ebandsakanywe nokubhala)<br>(umsebenzi ungaholwa)<br>Ukongeza isigama esitsha kwisichazi -magama nokubuza ixesha<br>Imibuzzo<br>Isigama ngokusemxholweni  | Ukuxela izinto azithanddayo nangazithandiyo ngokunxulumene nomxholo omitsa<br>Umsebenzi wokuhala iimpazzamo zegrama kubhalo iuluhlu oluyidayar/uluhlu Ixesha langoku/elizayo Amagama amatsha anxulumene nokubuza ixesha<br>Imibuzzo<br>Amabinzana abonisa/olathia indawo afana nala – phakathi, ngaphakathi, ekhohlo, ekunene, emva kwe-nji.<br>Izinanzi<br>Imibuzzo<br>Iimpawu zokubhala Isigama ngokusemxholweni |
| 7 - 8  | <b>Ukuphulaphulela<br/>ukuzonwabisala/ulwazi oluthile/<br/>ukuqhagamshelana:</b><br>Umz. Abafundi baphulaphula ingoma efundisa ngesigama esitsha/badlala umdlalo ngokuphulaphula iniyalelo nokwenza ngokwemiyalelo equka amabinzana abonisa/olathia indawo.<br><b>Ukuthetha okungekho sesikweni<br/>kunge nomsebenzi weqela:</b><br>Abafundi banika iimpendulo zomlomo ezinxulumene netekisi ebonwayo.Umsebenzi wababini kunge nowekiasi yonke kusetyenziswa isbandawo | <b>Ukfundela ukuqonda:</b><br>Umz. Ukfufunda ingoxo yababini ngokusekelwe kumxholo ofundwayo kunge nengqiqo yegrama entsha. Ukiphendula imibuzzo esekelwe kwisicatshulwa (umsebenzi ungaholwa)<br>Ukusebenzisa isichazi -magama esilwini-mbini ukukhangela amagama amatsha. | <b>Itekisi eyilwayo:</b><br>Abafundu babbala umhlathi ochazayo osekelwe kwitkisi ebonwayo. Umz. Ifoto/umfanekiso. Amanqanaba enkqubo yokubhala<br>• Ukcucwangcisa<br>• Ukyuilaukudrafta<br>• Ukuvavanya ushicilelo lokuqala<br>• Ukhlela nokubhala kwakhona<br>• Ukonikezela<br>(umsebenzi ungaholwa)<br>Uhlaziyo – ukubhala kwezivakalisi eziquka isigama esitsha kunge negrama.<br>(Igrama ebandsakanywe nokubhala) | Amabinzana abonisa/olathia indawo afana nala – phakathi, ngaphakathi, ekhohlo, ekunene, emva kwe-nji.<br>Izinanzi<br>Imibuzzo<br>Iimpawu zokubhala Isigama ngokusemxholweni  |
| 9 - 10 |  |   | <b>Imiviwo zaphakathi enyakeni(Juni)</b>  |  |
|        |  |   | <b>IMISEBENZI YOKUHLOLA OKUSESIKVENI KWIKOTA YESI-2</b>   | <b>UMSEBENZI WESI-6</b>  |
|        | <b>UMSEBENZI WESI-4</b>  | <b>UMSEBENZI WESI-5</b>   |   | <b>UMSEBENZI WESI-5</b>  |
|        | I-Orali: intetho elungiselelweyo esesikweni/ ingoxo yababini/ukufunda ngokuvakalayo okusesikweni.  | Uncwadi: Imibuzzo ngokusemxholweni  |   | Imiviwo zaphakathi konyaka: Ulwimi ngokusemxholweni, ukufundela ukuqonda, uncwadi nokubhala  |

## IBANGA LESI-8 IKOTA YESI -3

| liveki | Ukuphulaphula nokuthetha<br>lyure e-1  | Ukufunda nokubukela<br>lyure e-1  | Ukubhala nokunikezela<br>lyure e-1  | Izakhi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa<br>kolwimi<br>(fundiswa ngokunkulunyaniswa<br>nezakhono nangokuzimeleyo)<br>lyure e-1   |
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| 2      | <b>Ukuphulaphulela ukuzonwabiswa:</b><br>Ukuphulaphula amagama amatsha<br>kunye nezandi ezinxulumene<br>nesihloko esitsha umz. ukurya<br><b>Ukuthetha okungekho sesikweni<br/>emaceleni:</b><br>Ukuziqhelanisa namagama amatsha<br>kunye nokuseberzisa izivakalisi<br>ezilula ukuchaza imifanekiso<br>enxulumene nomxholo omisha.<br>Ukugxininisa kubizo lwamagama<br>kunye nethoni. | <b>Ukufunda ngokunzulu<br/>kufundelwa ukuqonda<br/>kwinqanaba lomhlathi</b><br>Umz. Ukufunda itekisi ngomxholo<br>othile kunye nokuphleenda<br>imibuzzo ekhangela ukuqonda.<br>(umsebenzi ungahlolwa)<br>Ukusetyenziswa kwestichazi-<br>magama esilwimi-mbini | <b>Itekisi yonxibelelwano ende/umhlathi onde:</b><br>Ukuoxxa ngeempawu zengxoxo yababini<br>Abafundi babbhala ingxoxo yababini besebenzia<br>isigama esitsha kunye negrama.<br>Ukugxininisa kumanqanaba enkqubo yokubhala <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ukuwangcisa</li> <li>• Ukyuila/ukudrafta</li> <li>• Ukuvavanya ushiclelo lokuqala</li> <li>• Ukuhlela nokubhala kwakhona</li> <li>• Ukukezelza</li> </ul> (umsebenzi ungahlolwa)   | Izikhankanyi<br>Impawu zokubhala<br>Ukuxela izinto ezithandayo<br>nezingathandwayo<br>Upelo<br>Amagama athanda ukubhidaniswa<br>(oomabizwafane)<br>Isigama ngokusemxholweni   |
| 3 - 4  | <b>Ukuphulaphulela ukuzonwabiswa:</b><br>Umz. Ukuphulaphula iingxoxo<br>zababini ezifundwa ngabalingane/<br>ngezibini<br><b>Ukuthetha nokunikezela<br/>okusesikweni</b><br>Umz. Abafundi bafunda<br>ngokuyvakalayo iingxoxo zababini.<br>(umsebenzi ungahlolwa)  | <b>Ukufunda ngokunzulu<br/>kufundelwa ukuqonda<br/>kwinqanaba lesivakalisi kunye<br/>nomhlathi:</b><br>Ukufunda imiyalelo eyodwa<br>enxulumene nesihloko esitsha<br>umz. Indiela yokwenza ukutya<br>okuthandayo okanye isiselio.                              | <b>Itekisi yonxibelelwano emfutshane/umhlathi<br/>omfutshane:</b><br>Ukfufundisa kunye nokuxxa ngeempawu zokubhala<br>itekisi yonxibelelwano emfutshane/umhlathi<br>omfutshane genjiongo ethile.<br>Ukubhala imiyalelo umz. ukwenza okwakho ukutya<br>okuthandayo okanye isiselio osithandayo<br>Ukugxininisa kumanqanaba enkqubo yokubhala <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ukuwangcisa</li> <li>• Ukyuila/ukudrafta</li> <li>• Ukuvavanya ushiclelo lokuqala</li> <li>• Ukuhlela nokubhala kwakhona</li> <li>• Ukukezelza</li> </ul> (umsebenzi ungahlolwa) | Umsebenzi wokulungisa iimpazamo<br>zegrama kubhalo lwabafundi lwengxoxo<br>yababini<br>Amagama abonisa ulandelelwano<br>lwezinto, afana nala: Okokuqala,<br>okwesibini, elokugqibel, emva koko,<br>Isiyaleli<br>Imiyalelo elandelelanayo<br>Uhlolo lokukhanya<br>Impawu zokubhala<br>Upelo<br>Amagama adla ngokubhidaniswa<br>(oomabizw/a afane)<br>Ukusetyenziswa kwezivumelanisi<br>ngokuchamekleyo<br>Isigama ngokusemxholweni |

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| liveki | <b>Ukuphulaphula nokuthetha lyure e-1</b>   | <b>Ukfufunda nokubukela lyure e-1</b>   | <b>Ukubhala nokunikezela lyure e-1</b>   |
|        | <p><b>Ukuphulaphula ukuzonwabiso:</b><br/>Abafundi baphulaphula kubalingane xa benikezelia ngolwazi. Umz. indlela yokwenza ukuty ukuhandwayo</p> <p><b>Ukuthetha nokunikezela okusesekweni:</b><br/>Abafundi benza intetho elungiselelweyo. Umz.ukunkika imiyalelo ukugqibezela umsebenzi owoedwa (umsebenzi ungaahlola)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">6 - 6</p> | <p><b>Ukfufunda ngokunzulu iitekisi ezibonwayo:</b><br/>Ukubukela iitekisi eziviza zibonwa ezisekelwe kumxholo osematheni. Umz. Inkqubo yokupheka ekumabonakude kokubukela</p> <p>Ukuphendula imibuzzo emva kokubukela</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ukucwangcisa</li> <li>• Ukuyla/ukudrafta</li> <li>• Ukuvavanya ushiclelo lokuqala</li> <li>• Ukuhlela nokubhala kwakhona</li> <li>• Ukurikezela</li> </ul> <p>Ukongeza isigama esitsha kwisichazi magama</p> <p style="text-align: center;">7 - 8</p> | <p><b>Itekisi yonxibelelwano emfutshane/umhlathi omfutshane:</b><br/>Ukuleyibhelisha umfanekiso wendawo yokuphekela. Ukubhala uluhlu lokuthenga izithako zokupheka Ukgugxinisa kumanqanaba enkqubo yokubhala</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ukuwangcisa</li> <li>• Ukuyla/ukudrafta</li> <li>• Ukuvavanya ushiclelo lokuqala</li> <li>• Ukuhlela nokubhala kwakhona</li> <li>• Ukurikezela</li> </ul> <p>Ukongeza isigama esitsha kwisichazi magama</p> <p style="text-align: center;">7 - 8</p> |
|        | <p><b>Ukuphulaphula ulwazi/nokuzonwabiso</b><br/>Ukuphulaphula ingxoxo yabbabin. Umz. Umthengi nomthengisi</p> <p><b>Ukuthetha okungekho sesikweni kunye nomsenbenzi weqela.</b><br/>Ukuphendula imibuzzo enxulumene nokuphulaphula</p> <p style="text-align: center;">7 - 8</p>  | <p><b>Ukfufunda ukuqonda kwinganaba lomhlathi</b><br/>Umz. Ukfufunda umhlathi ochazayo ngomxholo ofundwayo kunye nokuphendula imibuzzo (kungahlolwa ukufundela ngokuqonda)</p>  | <p><b>Itekisi yonxibelelwano emfutshane/umhlathi omfutshane:</b><br/>Ukuvala izikhewu okusekelwe ekuphulaphuleningxoxo. Umz. Izinto ezithengwe ngumthengi kunyenamaxabiso.</p> <p>Ukubhala izivakalisi/izihloko zomfanekiso osekelwe kumxholo kunye nolwimi olufundisiweyo.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">7 - 8</p>   |

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|---------------|--|--|---|--|
| liveki        | <b>Ukuphulaphula nokuthetha<br/>lyure e-1</b>  | <b>Ukfufunda nokubukela<br/>lyure e-1</b>  | <b>Ukubhala nokunikezela<br/>lyure e-1</b>  | Izakhi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa kolwimi<br>(ifundisawa ngokunxulunyaniswa nezakhono nangokuzimeleyo)<br>lyure e-1                            |
|               | <b>Ukuphulaphulela ukuzonwabiswa</b><br>Umz. Ukuphulaphula inxene yebali/ibali lonke/umbongo/ingoma/idrama emfutshane/novel emfutshane<br><b>Ukuthetha okungekho sesikweni kune nomsebenzi weqela</b><br>Umz. Ukuphendula ngomlomo/ukwenza uqikelelo usebenzia isihloko/imfanekiso.<br><b>nokuthetha nokunikezela okusesikweni</b><br>Ukfufunda ngokuvakalayo okulungiselelweyo. Umz. Ibalii/umbongo, ingoma njii. | <b>Itekisi yoNcwadi</b><br>Umz. Ukfufunda ibali/imibongo/lingoma/idrama emfutshane/inovel emfutshane kune nokuphendula imibizo ekhangela ukuqonda.<br>(Umsebenzi ungahlolwa) | <b>Itekisi eyilwayo:</b><br>Umz. Ukubhala izihloko zebali lemfanekiso ezisekelwe kumxholo kunye nolwimi olufundisiveyo ukugxininisa kulwimi olufundiweyo yonke (Umsebenzi ungahlolwa) | Umsebenzi wokulungisa liimpazamo zegrama kumsebenzi wabafundi. Ukugxininisa kuyo yonke igrama eseile ifundisiwe.<br>Isigama ngokusemxholweni |
| <b>9 - 10</b> |  |  |   |  |
|               |  |  | <b>IMISEBENZI YOKUHLOLA OKUSESIKVENI KWIKOTA YESI-3</b>   | <b>UMSEBENZI WESI-9</b>  |
|               | <b>UMSEBENZI WESI-7</b>  |  | <b>UMSEBENZI WESI-8</b>   | <b>UMSEBENZI WESI-9</b>  |
|               | <b>I-Orai:</b> Ukfufunda okulungiselelweyo/ingxoxo yababini/isicatshulwa/intetho elungisselelweyo  | <b>Ukubhala:</b> Um(i)hlathi oyilwayo (obalisayo/ochazayo)/itekisi yonxibelelwano (emfutshane okanye ende)   | <b>Uvavanyo Iwesi-2:</b> sicatshulwa nokusetyenziswa kolwimi OKANYE<br>Uncwadi: Imibuzzo ngokusemxholweni   |  |

## IBANGA LESI-8 IKOTA YESI-4

|        |   |  |   |   |
|--------|---|--|---|---|
| liveki | <b>Ukuphulaphula nokuthetha</b><br>lyure e-1  | <b>Ukufunda nokubukela</b><br>lyure e-1  | <b>Ukubhala nokunikezela</b><br>lyure e-1   | Izakhi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa kolwimi<br>(fundiswa ngokunkulunyaniswa nezakhono nangokuzimeleyo)<br>lyure e-1   |
|        | <b>Ukuphulaphulela ukuqonda:</b><br>Ukwazisa isigama esitsha ngokusemxholweni ngokuphulaphula izandi ezensiwa ziintlobo zeithuthi<br><b>Ukuthetha okungekho sesikweni</b><br>Ukuphendula imibuzzo emva kokuphulaphula izandi. Umz. zeentlobo zeithuthi ezahlukeneyo | <b>Ukufunda ngokunzulu iitekisi</b><br>ezikwinqanaba legama:<br>Ukubukela kunye nokufunda amagama amatsha ngokusemxholweni.<br>Kunye   | <b>Itekisi yomhlathi omfutshane</b><br>Ukuziqhelanisa nokubhala amagama amatsha kwizichazi magama/ukwenza uqashi-qashi wephazili/ukuleybhelisha imifanekiso/ukubhala izihoko zemifanekiso.  | lindlela zokuthetha<br>Izicelo<br>Isiyaleli<br>Izihlanganisi<br>Upelo<br>Izinhizi<br>Izifinyezo<br>Izichazi kunye nezihomelo<br>Ixesha langoku<br>Ixesha elizayo<br>Amaxesha kunye neentsuku zeviki<br>Isigama ngokusemxholweni |
| 1 - 2  |   | <b>Ukufunda ngokunzulu iitekisi</b><br>ezikwinqanaba lesivakalisi<br>kunye nomhlathi:<br>Ukufunda ingxoxo yababini kumxholo okhethiweyo.<br>Umz. Umtu ofuna ukuya kwenye indawo esuka kwenye esebeenzisa uhlollo oluthile lvesithuthi.<br>Ukuphendula imibuzzo yesishwankathelo kwingxoxo yababini   | <b>Itekisi yomhlathi omfutshane</b><br>Ukufunda ngokunzulu iitekisi<br>ezikwinqanaba lesivakalisi<br>kunye nomhlathi:<br>Ukufunda ingxoxo yababini kumxholo okhethiweyo.<br>Umz. Umtu ofuna ukuya kwenye indawo esuka kwenye esebeenzisa uhlollo oluthile lvesithuthi.<br>Ukuphendula imibuzzo yesishwankathelo kwingxoxo yababini  | Iziphumisi<br>Upelo<br>Izalathandawo<br>Ixesha langoku nelizayo<br>Imo evumayo nelandulayo<br>izibandawo<br>Izichazi kunye nezihomelo<br>Isigama ngokusemxholweni   |
| 3 - 4  | <b>Ukuphulaphulela ukuzonwabiswa:</b><br>Ukuphulaphula umbongo/ibali elisekelwe kumxholo<br><b>Ukuthetha okungekho sesikweni</b><br><b>kunye nomsebenzi wegela</b><br>Abafundi bafunda baphinde bacule iculo okanye benzze umbongo                                  | <b>Ukufundela ukuqonda:</b><br><b>Itekisi yoncwadi</b><br>Abafundu babhala itekisi yobugcisa bokubhala esekelwe kwisivuseleli estbonwayo. Umz. Indawo ethile edolophini<br><b>Ukugxinisa kumanganaba enkqubo yokubhala</b><br>Ukuphendula imibuzzo yokuvavanya ukuyiqondanda itekisi<br>Ukukhangela isigama esitsha kwisichazi-magama esilwimbi. | <b>Itekisi yobugcisa bokubhala:</b><br>Abafundu babhala itekisi yobugcisa bokubhala esekelwe kwisivuseleli estbonwayo. Umz. Indawo ethile edolophini<br><b>Ukugxinisa kumanganaba enkqubo yokubhala</b><br>• Ukucwangcisa<br>• Ukuyila/ukudrafta<br>• Ukvavanya ushiclelo Iokuqala<br>• Ukhlela nokubhala kwakhona<br>• Ukurikezelu | Iziphumisi<br>Upelo<br>Izalathandawo<br>Ixesha langoku nelizayo<br>Imo evumayo nelandulayo<br>izibandawo<br>Izichazi kunye nezihomelo<br>Isigama ngokusemxholweni   |

|        |   |  |  |   |
|--------|---|--|--|---|
| liveki | <b>Ukuphulaphula nokuthetha<br/>lyure e-1</b>   | <b>Ukufunda nokubukela<br/>lyure e-1</b>   | <b>Ukubhala nokunikezela<br/>lyure e-1</b>   | <b>Izakhi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa<br/>kolwimi<br/>(ifundisawa ngokunxulunyaniswa<br/>nezakhono nangokuzimeleyo)<br/>lyure e-1</b>  |
|        | <b>Ukuphulaphulela ukuzonwabiswa</b><br>Abaundi baphulaphula<br>imisetenzana eyiliweyo efundwa<br>ngabalingane<br><b>Ukuthetha nokunikezeli<br/>okuseikweni</b><br>Umfundi ufunda itekisi<br>elungiselelweyo eyiliweyo okanye<br>umbongo. | <b>Ukufunda ngokunzulu iitekisi<br/>ezibonwayo:</b><br>Abaundi bangabukela iitekisi<br>ezibonwayo baze batshatise<br>izivakalisi neetekisi ezibonwayo<br><br><b>Ukuthetha nokunikezela<br/>okunikezelani</b><br>Umfundi ufunda itekisi<br>elungiselelweyo eyiliweyo okanye<br>umbongo. | <b>Itekisi yobugcisa bokubhala</b><br>Abaundi babbala izihloko zebali lemifanekiso<br>Ukguxininsa kumanqanaba enkqubo yokubhala<br><ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ukuwangcisa</li> <li>• Ukyyla/ukudrafta</li> <li>• Ukuvavanya ushicilelo lokuqala</li> <li>• Ukuhlela nokubhala kwakhona</li> <li>• Ukurikezela</li> </ul>                                       | <p>Umsebenzi wokulungisa iimpazamo<br/>zegrama kumsebenzi wobugcisa<br/>bokubhala</p> <p>Ukwenza imisebenzi kiwimiba yowlimi<br/>efundiswiweyo.</p> <p>Izichazi<br/>Imibala<br/>Izicelo<br/>Upelo<br/>Izinanzi<br/>Ixesha langoku<br/>Isilanduli<br/>Izalathandawo<br/>izimnini<br/>Isigama ngokusemxholweni</p> <p>Uhlaziyo iwezakhi nemigaqo<br/>yokusetyenziswa kolwimi kune<br/>nesigama</p> <p>Umsebenzi wokulungisa iimpazamo<br/>zegarama kumsebenzi wabafundi<br/>Izihloko zebali lemifanekiso.</p> |
|        | <b>5 - 6</b>  |  | <b>Ukufundela ukuqonda</b><br>Itekisi ezikhethiweyo zokuhlazya<br>ubuchule bokufundela ukuqonda<br>Uhlaziyo lweetekisi zoncwadi<br><br><b>Ukuphulaphulela ulwazi/<br/>ukuqhagamselana</b><br>Uhlaziyo kusetyenziswa ingxoxo<br>yezhilko ezfundiswiweyo enyakeni.<br><b>Ukuthetha okungekho sesikweni</b><br>Abaundi baphendula imibuzzo<br>esekelwe kumsebenzi ofundiswiweyo | <b>Itekisi eziyiliweyo neetekisi zonxibelwano/<br/>imihlathi</b><br>Ukuhlaizya nokugxininsa inkqubo yokubhala iinttobo<br>ezahlukeneyo zeetekisi ezifana nezi-iingxoxo za ababini/<br>umhlahthi obalisayo kune neetekisi zemihlathi<br>emifutshane  |
|        | <b>9 - 10</b>   |  |  | <b>Imiviwo zokuphela konyaka</b>  |

|  |                                       |                                   |                                    |   |
|--|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| liveki   | Ukuphulaphula nokuthetha<br>lyure e-1 | Ukfufunda nokubukela<br>lyure e-1 | Ukubhala nokunikezela<br>lyure e-1 | Izakhi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa<br>kolwimi<br>(ifundiswa ngokunkullunyaniswa<br>nezakhono nangokuzimeleyo)<br>lyure e-1 |
| <b>IMISEBENZI YOKUHLOLA OKUSESIKWENI YEKOTA YESI-4</b> |                                       |                                   |                                    |   |
| <b>UMSEBBENZI WE-10</b>                                |                                       |                                   |                                    |   |

**Uviwo lokuphela konyaka:**

Iphepha loku-1: \*I-Orali

Iphepha lesi-2: Ulwimi ngokusemxholweni, uncvadi nokubhala

\*Amanqaku onyaka **le-orali** athathelwa kwimisebenzi yokuthetha, ukuphulaphula nokufunda eyenziwe apha phakathi enyakeni. Amanqaku okugqibela makaquke ubuncinane umsebenzi ornye wokuthetha okulungijisetelweyo, omnye wokuphulaphula kunye nomnye wokufunda ngokulgiselelweyo.

## 3.5.3 IBanga le-9

| IBANGA LE-9 IKOTA YOKU-1 |   |   |   |
|--------------------------|---|---|---|
| liveki                   | Ukuphulaphula nokuthetha lyure e-1  | Ukfundada nokuBukela lyure e-1  | Ukubhala nokunikezela lyure e-1   |
| 1                        | <b>Ukuphulaphulela ukunxibetelana nabanye kune nengxoxo yababini:</b><br>Ngababini kune neklasi yonke:<br>Ukwazisa umlingane usebenzisa ulwazi olunkiweyo: umz.<br>Ubuzwe<br>Igama<br>Iminyaka<br>Ibanga<br>Imvelaphi<br><b>Ukuthetha nokunikezela okuseSikweni:</b><br>Ukfundada ngokuvakalayo okulungiselleweyo | <b>Ukfundada ukuqonda:</b><br>Ulwazi<br>Umz. Inkcazo ngomntu othile/ umfanekiso womntu othile<br>Amanqanaba enkqubo yokubhala:<br><ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ukucwangcisa</li> <li>• Ukyuila/ukudrafta</li> <li>• Ukuvavanya ushicilelo lokuqala</li> <li>• Ukhlela nokubhala kwakhona</li> <li>• Ukukezelza</li> </ul> | <b>Itekisi ezyliliweyo/Itekisi yonxibelelwano ende/ umhlathi omde:</b><br>Umhlathi/Ingxoxo yababini<br>Umz. Ukubhala umhlathi ochazayo/ingxoxo yababini<br>Ukunika ulwazi ngendlela olulandeliana ngayo<br>Amanqanaba enkqubo yokubhala:<br><ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ukucwangcisa</li> <li>• Ukyuila/ukudrafta</li> <li>• Ukuvavanya ushicilelo lokuqala</li> <li>• Ukhlela nokubhala kwakhona</li> <li>• Ukukezelza</li> </ul> |
| 2                        | <b>Ukuphulaphulela ukunxibetelana nabanye kune nengxoxo yababini:</b><br>Ngababini kune neklasi yonke:<br>Ukwazisa umlingane usebenzisa ulwazi olunkiweyo: umz.<br>Ubuzwe<br>Igama<br>Iminyaka<br>Ibanga<br>Imvelaphi<br><b>Ukuthetha nokunikezela okuseSikweni:</b><br>Ukfundada ngokuvakalayo okulungiselleweyo | <b>Itekisi yonNcwadi yoku-1:</b><br>Umz. Ukufundela ukugonda nokonwabelia izicengcelezo/ imibongo/imibongo/ingoma<br>Ukuxoxa ngetekisi  | <b>Itekisi yobuGcisa bokubhala:</b><br>Ukubhala umhlathi obalisayo<br>Ukulandela amanqanaba enkqubo yokubhala:<br><ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ukucwangcisa</li> <li>• Ukyuila/ukudrafta</li> <li>• Ukuvavanya ushicilelo lokuqala</li> <li>• Ukhlela nokubhala kwakhona</li> <li>• Ukukezelza</li> </ul>   |
| 3 - 4                    | <b>Ukuphulaphulela ukuzonwabiswa:</b><br><b>Ukuthetha okungekho seSikweni kune nomsebenzi weqela:</b><br>Umz. Ukufundada ngentoko isicengcelezo/ingoma baze bayenze ngamaqela   |   | <b>Ukfundisa izenzi ezitsha</b><br>Umsebenzi wokulungisa iimpazzamo zegrama kumsebenzi wabafundi<br>Isigama ngokusemekholweni   |

|        |  |  |   |  |
|--------|--|--|---|--|
| liveki | <b>ukuphulaphula nokuthetha lyure e-1</b>  | <b>Ukufunda nokubukela lyure e-1</b>   | <b>Ukubhala nokunikezela lyure e-1</b>  | <b>Izakhi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa kolwimi (ifundiswa ngokunkxunyaniiswa nezakhono nangokuzimeleyo) lyure e-1</b>                            |
| 5 - 6  | <b>Ukuphulaphulela ulwazi nokuqonda:</b><br><b>Ukuthetha okungekho seSikweni kune nomsebenzi weqeja:</b><br>Ukufundisa iimpawu zokuphulaphulela ulwazi<br>Umz. Ulwazi olugcwaiswa kwifomu:<br>Inani lamagumbi okulala.<br>Igadi<br>Ikhithsi<br>Igumbi lokuhlambela | <b>Ukufundela ukuqonda kwinganaba legama nesivakalisi:</b><br>Umz. Ukuqala ishihloko esitsha:<br>Ukufunda itekisi "Ikhaya lam"<br>Amanqanaba enkqubo yokubhala: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Ukuwangcisa</li><li>• Ukuyla/ukudrafta</li><li>• Ukuvavanya ushiclelo lokuqala</li><li>• Ukuhlela nokubhala kwakhona</li><li>• Ukukezela</li></ul> | <b>Itekisi yonxibelelwano emfutshane/umhlathi omfutshane/itekisi eyiliweyo:</b><br>Umz. Ukugcwaisa ifomu ngokomsebenzi ophulaphuliweyo.<br>Umz. Ukubhala umhlathi ngekhaya lakhe umfundsi.<br>Amanqanaba enkqubo yokubhala: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Ukuyla/ukudrafta</li><li>• Ukuvavanya ushiclelo lokuqala</li><li>• Ukuhlela nokubhala kwakhona</li><li>• Ukukezela</li></ul>                    | Izibizo<br>Izenzi<br>Isigama ngokusemxholweni  |
| 7      | <b>Ukuphulaphulela ukuqhagamselana nolwazi:</b><br><b>UkuThethela injongo eyodwa/</b><br><b>Ukuthetha okungekho seSikweni:</b><br>Umz. Umfanekiso wekhaya obuseyenziswe ngexesha lokufunda:<br>Ukuba imibuzo ngomfanekiso kuze kiphendulwe                         | <b>Ukufunda nzulu itekisi eazonwayo:</b><br>Ukulandela iimpawu zetekisi ebonwayo.<br>Umz. Umfanekiso wekhaya ohamba netekisi   | <b>Itekisi yonxibelelwano emfutshane/umhlathi omfutshane:</b><br>Umz. Ukufundisa iimpawu zengxoxo yababini/intetho elungiselelwayo<br>Ukubhala ingxoxo yababini/intetho elungiselelwayo<br>Amanqanaba enkqubo yokubhala: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Ukuwangcisa</li><li>• Ukuyla/ukudrafta</li><li>• Ukuvavanya ushiclelo lokuqala</li><li>• Ukuhlela nokubhala kwakhona</li><li>• Ukukezela</li></ul> | Impawu zokubhala<br>Izalathandawo<br>Intetho-ngaqo<br>Umsebenzi wokullungisa iimpazamo zegrama kumsebenzi wabafundi Isigama ngokusemxholweni |

|   |  |   |  |
|---|--|---|--|
| liveki  | <b>ukuphulaphula nokuthetha/<br/>ulwazi oluthile:</b><br><br>Umz. Ukuphulaphulela ukujonda<br><b>Ukuthetha nokunikezela/<br/>okulungiselelweyo.</b><br><br>Umz. Ingxoxo yababini okanye<br>Intetho elungiselelweyo<br><br>9 - 10 | <b>Ukufunda nokubukela/<br/>lyure e-1</b>   | <b>Ukubhala nokunikezela/<br/>lyure e-1</b>  |
|   |  | <b>Ukufundela ukuqonda:</b><br>Umz. Ukufunda umnlathi<br>Ukubukela nokuxoxa ngeetekisi<br>ezibonwayo ezahlukeneyo umz.<br>Umfanekiso, ifoto | <b>Itekisi eyilwayo/Itekisi yonxibelelwano/umhlathi:</b><br>Umz. Ukubhawa kwezivakalisi//Ukuleyibheliha<br>imifanekiso |
| <b>IMISEBENZI YOKUHLOLA OKUSESIKWENI KWIKOTA YOKU-1</b> |  |   | <b>Umsebenzi wesi-3</b>  |
|   | <b>Umsebenzi woku-1</b>  | <b>Umsebenzi wesi-2</b>   | <b>Umsebenzi wesi-3</b>  |

**I-Orali:** Ukuphulaphulela ukuqonda/ingxoxo yabbabini/  
Intetho elungiselelweyo/Inoko/Ukufunda ngokuvakalayo  
okulungiselelweyo

**Ukubhala:** Um(im)hlathi oyilwayo (obalisayo/ochazayo)/  
Itekisi yonxibelelwano (emfitshane okanye ende)

**Uvavanyo loku-1:** Isicatshulwa nokusetyenziswa kolwimi

| IBANGA LE-9 IKOTA YESI -2 |  |  |  |
|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| liveki                    | Ukuphulaphula nokuthetha<br>lyure e-1  | Ukfundula nokubukela<br>lyure e-1  | Ukubhala nokunikezela<br>lyure e-1   |
|                           | <b>Ukuphulaphulela ulwazi oluthile:</b><br>Umz. Ukuphulaphula imiyalelo/<br>izalathiso ezinikiweyo<br><b>Ukuthethela injongo ethile/</b><br><b>Ukuthetha nokunikezela</b><br><b>okuseSikweni</b><br><b>(Ukfundula ngokuvakalayo</b><br><b>okulungiselelweyo)</b><br>Umz. Ukunika imiyalelo okanye<br>izalathisi(ukusuka kwindawo ethile<br>usiya kwenye)<br>okanye<br>Ukfundula ngokuvakalayo<br>okulungiselelweyo-imizekelo<br>yemiyalelo nezaithisi. | <b>Ukfundula ukuqonda</b><br><b>kwinqanaba lesivakalisi:</b><br>Ukfundula imizekelo yemiyalelo<br>okanye izalathiso<br><b>Ukuphulaphulela ulwazi oluthile:</b><br>Umz. Ukuphulaphula imiyalelo/<br>izalathiso ezinikiweyo<br><b>Ukuthethela injongo ethile/</b><br><b>Ukuthetha nokunikezela</b><br><b>okuseSikweni:</b><br>Umz. Ugeempawu zentetho<br>elungiselelweyo<br>Intetho elungiselelweyo Umz.<br>Ukunika izalathiso/ukwenza into<br>(imiyalelo) | <b>Itekisi yonxibelelwano emfutshane/umhlathi</b><br><b>omfutshane:</b><br>Amanqanaba enkqubo yokubhala:<br><ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ukcwangcisa</li> <li>• Ukyilia/ukudrafta</li> <li>• Ukuvavanya ushiclelo lokuqala</li> <li>• Ukhlela nokubhala kwakhona</li> <li>• Ukukezel</li> </ul> Umz. Ukubhala amacala okanye imiyalelo<br><br><b>Itekisi yonxibelelwano emfutshane/umhlathi</b><br><b>omfutshane:</b><br>Amanqanaba enkqubo yokubhala:<br><ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ukyilia/ukudrafta</li> <li>• Ukuvavanya ushiclelo lokuqala</li> <li>• Ukhlela nokubhala kwakhona</li> <li>• Ukukezel</li> </ul> Intetho elungiselelweyo (ukutyebisa ulwazi) |
| 1 - 2                     |  |  |  |
| 3 - 4                     |  |  |  |

|                     |   |  |  |  |
|---------------------|---|--|--|--|
| liveki<br><br>5 - 6 | <b>Ukuphulaphula nokuthetha<br/>lyure e-1</b>   | <b>Ukfufunda nokubukela<br/>lyure e-1</b>  | <b>Ukubhala nokunikezela<br/>lyure e-1</b>   | Izakhi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa kolwimi (ifundisawa ngokunxulunyaniswa nezakhono nangokuzimeleyo) lyure e-1  |
|                     | <b>Ukuphulaphulela ulwazi oluthile:</b><br>Ukuphulaphulela ukuponda<br><b>Ukuthetha okungekho sesikweni</b><br>Ukuthetha okungekho seSikweni:<br>Umz. imozulu | <b>Ukfundela ukuqonda kwingqanaba lesivakalisi nomhlathi:</b><br>Ukfunda nokucacisa iimpawu umz. likathuni, imephu yemozulu/ingxelo yemozulu/umbongo/ingoma                        | <b>Itekisi yonxibelelwano emfutshane/umhlathi omfutshane:</b><br>Umz. Ukleylebihelisha ingxelo yemozulu/ii simboli zemozulu/imifanekiso  | Izakhi nemigaqo yokwakhiwa kwezivakalisi kunye namabinzana.<br>Ixesa langoku/elizayo<br>Izeni ezitsha<br>Izaci<br>Umsebenzi wokulungisa iimpazzamo zegrama kumsebenzi wabafundi Isigama ngokusemxholweni |
|                     | <b>Ukuthetha nokunikezela<br/>okuseSikweni:</b><br>Umz.<br>Ukulunganisa/ingxelo yemozulu  | <b>Ukfundela ukuqonda:</b><br>Ukfunda iingxelo zemozulu nabalingane/ingxoxo zababini<br><b>Ukuphulaphulela ukuzonwabiswa:</b><br>Umz. Ukuphulaphula ingxelo yemozulu/ukulinganisa. | <b>Itekisi yonxibelelwano emfutshane/umhlathi omfutshane:</b><br>Umz. Ukubhala ingxelo yemozulu/ingxoxo yababini Amanqanaba enkubo yokubhala: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Ukcwangcisa</li><li>• Ukyila/ukudrafta</li><li>• Ukvavanya ushicilelo lokuqala</li><li>• Ukhlela nokubhala kwakhona</li><li>• Ukukezelza</li></ul> | Ukuchonga uze ugxininise izakhi ezahlukileyo zolwimi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa kwalo Izinini<br>Izifinyezo<br>Umsebenzi wokulungisa iimpazzamo zegrama kumsebenzi wabafundi Isigama ngokusemxholweni      |
|                     |   |  |  | <b>Imviwo zaphakathi enyakeni (Juni)</b>   |
|                     |   |  |  | <b>IMISEBENZI YOKUHLOLA OKUSESIKWENI KWIKOTA YESI-2</b>  |
|                     | <b>Umsebenzi wesi-4</b>   | <b>Umsebenzi wesi-5</b>  | <b>Umsebenzi wesi-6</b>  |  |
|                     | <b>I-Orali:</b> Intetho elungiselelweyo ngokuskesikweni/imozulu/ingxoxo yababini/ Ukfunda ngokuvakalayo okulungjiselweyo                                      | Uncwadi: Imibuzo ngokomxholo   | Imviwo zaphakathi konyaka (Juni): Isicatshulwa, ulwimi, uncwadi nokubhala  |  |
| 9 - 10              |   |  |  |  |

| IBANGA 9 IKOTA YESI-3 |   |  |   |
|-----------------------|---|--|---|
| Iveki                 | Ukuphulaphula nokuthetha<br>lyure e-1   | Ukufunda nokubukela<br>lyure e-1   | Ukubhala nokunikezela<br>lyure e-1  |
| 1                     | <b>Ukuphulaphulela ukuncoma</b><br>Umz. Ukuphulaphula izandi ezibhekiselle kumxholo othile umz. efama<br><b>Intetho elungiselelweyo nonikezelo</b><br>Ukufunda ngokuvalayo okulungiselelweyo kugxininiiswa kutybiliko, indlela yokubiza amagama nethoni<br>Umz. itekisi engomxholo othile | <b>Ufundo-nzulu ufundela ukuqonda imihlathi:</b><br>Umf. Ukufunda itekisi engomxholo othile uphendule imibuzi yokugonda  | <b>Itekisi yonxibelelwano ende/umhlathi omde:</b><br>Ukfundisa uxoxe ngeempawu zokubhala kweleta yobuhlobo/umhlathi obalisayo/ochazayo<br>Ukubhala ileta yobuhlobo/umhlathi obalisayo/ ochazayo umz. Ukuyetela efama<br>Ukugxininiisa kwinkqubo yokubhala: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Ukuwangcisa</li><li>• Ukuhala idrafti</li><li>• Ukuhlela</li><li>• Ukulungisa iziphene nokubhala ngokutsha</li><li>• Ukukezela</li></ul>   |
| 2                     |   |  | <b>Itekisi yonxibelelwano ende/umhlathi omde:</b><br>(uyaqhubeke)<br>Ukfundisa uxoxe ngeempawu zokubhala kweleta yobuhlobo/umhlathi obalisayo/ochazayo<br>Ukubhala ileta yobuhlobo/umhlathi obalisayo/ ochazayo umz. Ukuyetela efama<br>Ukugxininiisa kwinkqubo yokubhala: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Ukuwangcisa</li><li>• Ukuhala idrafti</li><li>• Ukuhlela</li><li>• Ukulungisa iziphene nokubhala ngokutsha</li><li>• Ukukezela</li></ul>   |
| 3 - 4                 |   | <b>Ukuphulaphulela ukusebenziana:</b><br>Umz. Phulaphula imibuzo ebhekisele kwinto ebonwayo (umfanekiso wefama)<br><b>Intetho engalungiselelwanga nomsebenzi wegela</b><br>Umf. Ukuphendula imibuzo ngomlomo ebhekisele kwinto abayibonayo | <b>Ukufundela ukuqonda:</b><br>Ukfunda itekisi yoncwadi ufundela ulwazi nokuqonda Okanye Umzekelo weleta yobuhlobo okanye umhlathi<br><b>Itekisi yonxibelelwano ende/umhlathi omde:</b><br>(uyaqhubeke)<br>Ukfundisa uxoxe ngeempawu zokubhala kweleta yobuhlobo/umhlathi obalisayo/ochazayo<br>Ukubhala ileta yobuhlobo/umhlathi obalisayo/ ochazayo umz. Ukuyetela efama<br>Ukugxininiisa kwinkqubo yokubhala: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Ukuwangcisa</li><li>• Ukuhala idrafti</li><li>• Ukuhlela</li><li>• Ukulungisa iziphene nokubhala ngokutsha</li><li>• Ukukezela</li></ul> |

|       |  |  |   |  |
|-------|--|--|---|--|
|       | <b>Ukuphulaphula nokuthetha<br/>lyure e-1</b>  | <b>Ukfufunda nokubukela<br/>lyure e-1</b>  | <b>Ukubhala nokunikezela<br/>lyure e-1</b>  | <b>Izakhi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa<br/>kolwimi<br/>(ifundisawa ngokunxulunyaniswa<br/>nezakhono nangokuzimeleyo)<br/>lyure e-1</b>   |
| lveki | <p><b>Ukuphulaphulela ukuqonda</b><br/>Umz. Ukuphulaphula isandi<br/>Kunye<br/>Nokuphulaphula incoko yababini engomxholo omitsha umz. Evenkileni okanye egaraji</p> <p><b>Intetho engalungiselelwanga nomsebenzi weqela:</b><br/>Umz. Ukuzebenzisa isigama somxholo omitsha, ukuthetha ngezinto azivayo aziqhelanise nokubiza izivakalisi</p> <p style="text-align: center;">9 - 6</p> | <p><b>Ukfundwa ngokunzulu iteksi ebonwayo.</b><br/>Ukubukela imifanekiso ebhekisele kumxholo okhethiweyo – umz. igaraji</p> <p><b>Inteksi yonxibelelwano/Umhlati:</b><br/>Ukfakela ulwazi olushiyiweyo olubhekisele kwincoko yababini ebiphulaphulwe<br/>Ukubhala umhlathi ochazayo umz. ngomfanekiso obhekisele kumxholo</p> <p>Ukugxininisa kwinkqubo yokubhala:<br/> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ukuwangcisa</li> <li>• Ukubhala idrafti</li> <li>• Ukuhlela</li> <li>• Ukulungisa iziphene nokubhala ngokutsha</li> <li>• Ukukezelza</li> </ul> </p> <p style="text-align: center;">9</p> | <p><b>Iteksi eyilwayo:</b><br/>Ukuleyibhelisha umfanekiso umz. owegaraji<br/>Okanye</p> <p><b>Iteksi yonxibelelwano/Umhlati:</b><br/>Ukfakela ulwazi olushiyiweyo olubhekisele kwincoko yababini ebiphulaphulwe<br/>Ukubhala umhlathi ochazayo umz. ngomfanekiso obhekisele kumxholo</p> <p>Ukugxininisa kwinkqubo yokubhala:<br/> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ukuwangcisa</li> <li>• Ukubhala idrafti</li> <li>• Ukuhlela</li> <li>• Ukulungisa iziphene nokubhala ngokutsha</li> <li>• Ukukezelza</li> </ul> </p> <p style="text-align: center;">9</p> | <p>Umsebenzi wokulungisa liimpazamo zegrama kumsebenzi wabafundi Izihlomelo<br/>Ukwenza isicelo<br/>Kuhlaziya isiyaleli<br/>Izenzi nezibizo ezitsha<br/>Inttoboo zezenzi<br/>Upelo<br/>Isigama ngokusemxholweni</p>  |
|       |  | <p><b>Ukuphulaphulela ukuqonda</b><br/>Ukuphulaphula abanye abafundi besenza umdialo wokulinganisa</p> <p><b>Intetho elungiselelwayo nokunikezela</b><br/>Umdialo wokulinganisa umz. Egaraji</p> <p style="text-align: center;">9 - 7</p>  | <p><b>Ukfundela ukuqonda</b><br/>umhlathi<br/>Umz. Umlingane ufunda umhlathi ochazayo obubhalwe kwiveki engaphambili (ufundela ukuzonwabiswa) okanye</p> <p><b>Inteksi yoncwadi</b><br/>Umz. Ukfundela ukuzonwabiswa umz. umbongo/ibali elifutshane/ umdialo omfutshane/inovel emfutshane</p>   | <p>Umsebenzi wokulungisa liimpazamo zegrama kumsebenzi wabafundi Izihlomelo<br/>Ukwenza isicelo<br/>Ukuhlaizya isiyaleli<br/>Izihlomelo<br/>Izenzi nezibizo ezitsha<br/>Amanani<br/>Inttoboo zezenzi<br/>Izifinyezo<br/>Upelo<br/>Isinini<br/>Isigama ngokusemxholweni</p> |

|   |  |  |   |  |
|---|--|--|---|--|
| Iveki   | <b>Ukuphulaphula nokuthetha<br/>lyure e-1</b>  | <b>Ukfufunda nokubukela<br/>lyure e-1</b>  | <b>Ukubhala nokunikezela<br/>lyure e-1</b>  | Izakhi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa kolwimi (ifundiswa ngokunxunyaniswa nezakhono nangokuzimeleyo) lyure e-1 |
| 9 - 10  | <b>Ukuphulaphulela ukuncoma</b><br>Umz. Ukuphulaphula iindawana kwibali elipeheleyo/kwimibongo/ kwiingoma/kumdalio omfutshane/ kwinovel emfutshane<br><b>Incoko nomsebenzi weqela</b><br>Umz. Ukuphendula ngomlomo/ ukwenza uqikelelo ngesihloko/ umfanekiso<br><b>Ukfufunda ngokuvakalayo</b><br>Ukuqwalasela umz. indlela yokubiza amagama nakutybiliiko | <b>Itekisi yoncwadi</b><br>Umz. Ukufufunda ibali/imibongo/ iingoma/imidalio emfutshane/ inovel emfutshane uphendule imibuzzo yokuqonda | <b>Itekisi eyilwayo:</b><br>Umz. Ukubhala izihloko kwibali lemifanekiso ebhekisele kumxholo othile nolwimi olufundiweyo ukubetheliea igrاما efundwe kule kota | Isigama ngokusemxholweni<br>Isigama ngokusemxholweni   |
| <b>IMISEBENZI YOHLOLO OLUSESIKWENI LWEKOTA YESI-3</b> |  |  |   |  |
| Umsebenzi wesi-7                                      |  | Umsebenzi wesi-8   | Umsebenzi we-9  | <b>Uvavanyo Iwesi-2:</b> Isicatshulwa nolwimi OKANYE<br>Uncwadi: Imibuzzo ngokomxholo                    |

| IBANGA 9 IKota yesi-4   |  |   |   |
|---|--|---|---|
| Iveki   | Ukuphulaphula nokuthetha<br>lyure e-1  | Ukufunda nokubukela<br>lyure e-1  | Ukubhala nokunikezela<br>lyure e-1  |
| <b>Ukuphulaphulela ukuqonda<br/>ebonwayo</b><br>Ukuphulaphula incoko yababini umz. ngomxholo omitska – umntu u-odola ukuya kwivenkile yokutya<br><b>Intetho elungiselelweyo</b><br>Ukuphendula imibuzo emva kokubukela nokufunda itekisi ebonwayo | <b>Ufundo-nzulu IweTekisi<br/>ebonwayo</b><br>Ukubukela ufunde imifanekiso/ imenuy ehambelana nomxholo umz. lindidi ezahlukileyo zokutya<br><b>Umhlathi:</b><br>Ukufunda incoko yababini engomxholo okhethiweyo umz. Imeko yasevenkileni ethengisa ukuya okanye ukuthenga ukuya Phendula imibuzo yokuqonda ebhekisele. | <b>Itekisi eyilwayo:</b><br>Ukuziqhelanisa nemibuzo ebhekisele kumxholo othile uphendule ngezivakalisi.<br>Ukuleyibhelisha imifanekiso esetyenzisiweyo.<br><b>Umhlathi:</b><br>Ukubhala incoko yababini umz. Ukulinganisa ukuthenga ukuya evenkileni yokutya Ukugxininisa kwinkqubo yokubhala: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Ukucwangcisa</li><li>• Ukubhala idrafti</li><li>• Ukuhlela</li><li>• Ukulungjisa iziphene nokubhala ngokutsha</li><li>• Ukuunikezela</li></ul> | <b>Izakhi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa kolwimi<br/>(ifundiswa ngokunxulunyaniswa nezakhono nangokuzimeleyo)<br/>lyure e-1</b><br>Isanduli<br>Ukwenza izicelo<br>Izinto azithandayo nangazithandiyi Izihlanganisi<br>lindidi zeedilesi<br>Amanqaku<br>Inttobo zezenzi<br>Izichazi nezihlomelo<br>Isimnini<br>Isimelabizo sokwalatha<br>Upelo<br>Isinanzi<br>Izifinyezo<br>Isigama ngokusemxholweni |

|       |   |  |   |
|-------|---|--|---|
| Iveki | Ukuphulaphula nokuthetha<br>lyure e-1   | Ukfufunda ukuqonda<br>lyure e-1  | Ukubhala nokunikezela<br>lyure e-1  |
|       | Ukuphulaphulela ulwazi oluthile<br>Umz. Ukuphulaphulela ukuqonda<br>umxholo obukhetheve kwiveki<br>ezingaphambili.<br><br><b>Intetho elungiselelwego<br/>nokunikezela:</b><br>Umz. Incoko yababini/umdlalo<br>wokulinganisa njengoko ibhalive<br>kwiveki engentia | Ukfundela ukuqonda<br>Umz. Ukfufunda iincoko<br>zabafundi ezibhaiweyo<br><br>Okanye<br><br>Umz. Itekisi ngomxholo<br>okhethiweyo | Itekisi eyilwayo/umhlathi:<br>Ukubhala umz. ingxoxo yabathathu besevenkileni<br>yokutya – iweytara nabathengi ababini<br><br>Ukwenza izicelo<br>Izinto azithandayo nangazithandiy/o<br>Izhihangansi<br>Iindlela zokuthetha (umz. Manenekazi<br>rani manene)<br>Intlobo zezenzi<br>Ukubonisa umlinganiselo<br>Irichazi nezihomelo<br>Isimnini<br>Isimelabizo sokwalatha<br>Upelo<br>Isinanzi<br>Izifinyezo<br>Isigama ngokusemxholweni |
|       |   |  | 3 - 4   |

|       |  |   |  |  |
|-------|--|---|--|--|
|       | <b>Ukuphulaphula nokuthetha<br/>lyure e-1</b>  | <b>Ukfufunda nokubukela<br/>lyure e-1</b>   | <b>Ukubhala nokunikezela<br/>lyure e-1</b>   | <b>Izakhi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa<br/>kolwimi<br/>(ifundisawa ngokunxulunyanisawa<br/>nezakhono nangokuzimeleyo)<br/>lyure e-1</b>  |
| lveki | <b>Ukuphulaphulela ulwazi oluthile<br/>Umf. Abafundi baphulaphula<br/>isigama esitsha besenzisa itekisi<br/>ebonwayo – Ukufundisa umxholo<br/>omtscha<br/><b>Intetho engalungiselelwanga</b><br/>Ukuziqhelanisa nokufunda imibuzzo<br/>uze uyphendule umz. <i>Unxibe ntoni?</i><br/><i>Yimalini le ilokwe?</i></b><br><br><b>5 - 6</b> | <b>Ufundo-nzulu IweTekisi<br/>ebonwayo:</b><br>Abafundi babukela bafunde<br>itekisi umz. Umfanekiso wabantu<br>abohluyleyo benxibe impahla<br>engafaniyo. Umz. Bangatsatisa<br>itekisi nomfanekiso. | <b>Itekisi eyilwayo:</b><br>Umf. Ukuleyibhelleha imifanekiso;<br>Ukuziqhelanisa nokubhala izivakalisi ezichazayo<br>Ukuziqhelanise nokubhala imibuzzo neempendulo<br>Umz. <i>Unxibe ntoni? Yimalini laa ilokwe?</i><br>Umf. Ukubhala umhlathi ochazayo uchaze into<br>enxiyye okanye ethengwe ngomnye<br>Ukugxininisa kwinkqubo yokubhala:<br><ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ukuwangcisa</li> <li>• Ukubhala idrafti</li> <li>• Ukuhlela</li> <li>• Ukulungisa iziphene nokubhala ngokutisha</li> <li>• Ukurikezela</li> </ul> | <b>Izchazi</b><br>Isiphawuli<br>Imibala<br>Ukwenza izicelo<br>Upelo<br>Isinanzi<br>Ixesha langoku<br>Isilanduli<br>Isimelabizo sokwalatha<br>Isimnini<br>Isigama ngokusemxholweni    |
|       | <b>Ukuphulaphulela ukuncoma<br/>Umf. Ukuphulaphula ingoma/<br/>umbongo/umhlathi ochazayo<br/>obhalwe ngabafundi kwiveki<br/>engentila<br/><b>Intetho elungiselelweyo</b><br/>Umf.Ukubethelela kwemibuzzo<br/>nezivakalisi ezenzive ngomlomo<br/>kule kota.</b><br><br><b>7 - 8</b>   | <b>Ukfufunda ukuqonda</b><br>Umf. Itekisi ekhethe we kumxholo<br>othile kuze kuhendulwe imibuzzo<br>yokuqonda   | <b>Amalungiselelo ovilo</b><br>Ukubethelela inkqubo yokubhala iindidi ezahlukeneyo<br>zeetekisi ezinjengencoko yababini, umhlathi ochazayo/<br>obalisayo   | <b>Ukuhlaizya ukwakhwa kwezivakalisi<br/>nemigaqo yolwimi olufundiweyo<br/>Umsebenzi wokulungisa iimpazamo<br/>zegrama kumshebenzi wabafundi<br/><b>Isigama ngokusemxholweni</b></b> |
|       | <br><br><b>9 - 10</b>  |   | <b>Uviwo lokuphela konyaka</b>   | <b>UMSEBENZI WOHLOLO OLUSELIKWENI LWEKOTA YESI-4</b><br><br><b>Umsebenzi 10</b>  |

Uviwo lokuphela konyaka:

Iphepha loku-1: \*1-orali

Iphepha lesi-2: Ulwimi ngokusemxholweni, uncwadi, ukubhala

\*Amanqaku onyaka **le-orali** athathelwa kwimisebenzi yokuthetha, ukuphulaphula nokufunda eyenziwe apha phakathi enyakeni. Amanqaku okugqibela makaquke ubuncinane umsebenzi omnye wokutheleha okulungiselelweyo, omnye wokuphulaphula kunye nomnye wokufunda ngokuvakalayo okulungiselelweyo.

**ICANDELO      LESI-4:      UKUHLOLA      KULWIMI      LWESIBINI  
OLONGEZELELWEYO**

#### **4.1 INTSHAYELELO**

UkuHlola yinkqubo eqhubekayo ecwangcisiweyo yokuchonga, ukuqokelela nokucacisa ulwazi malunga nendlela abaqhuba ngayo abafundi. Oku kubandakanya amanyathelo amane: ukuqokelela ubungqina bokuphumelela komfundu; ukuphonononga obu bungqina; ukurekhoda okufunyanisiweyo kubo nokusebenzisa olo lwazi ukuqondisisa nokuncedisa uphuhliso lwabafundi ukuphucula inkqubo yokufunda nokufundisa.

UkuHlola kufuneka kube ngokungekho sesikweni (UkuHlola kokufunda) nokusesikweni (UkuHlola kokufunda). Kwiimeko zombini kunikwa ingxelo rhoqo ekufuneka abafundi bayazi ukuze baphucule ukufunda kwabo.

UkuHlolwa kwezakhono zoLwimi makuhlanganiswe. UkuHlolwa kwesicatshulwa makunxulumaniswe nokusetyenziswa koLwimi. UkuHlolwa kokubhala makusebenzise izinto ezenzeka kubomi bemihla ngemihla.

#### **4.2 UKUHLOLA OKUNGEKHO SESIKWENI OKANYE KWEMIHLA NGEMIHLA**

UkuHlola ulungiselela ukufunda kunenjongo yokuthi gqolo ukuqokelela ulwazi malunga nokuphumelela komfundu ukwenzela ukuba akwazi ukuphucula umsebenzi wakhe wokufunda uthi xhaxhe kunoko enzile.

UkuHlola okungekho seSikweni kusekelwe ekubekeni esweni inkqubela yabafundi yemihla ngemihla. Oku kwenziwa ngokubonisa, ngokuxoxa, ngokwenza imisebenzi eboniswayo(yeprakthikali), ngeenkomfa zabafundi nootitshala, ukufundisa eklasini, njalo-njalo. UkuHlola okungekho seSikweni kungathetha ukumana unqumamisa isifundo ukuqwalasela indlela abaqhuba ngayo abafundi okanye ukuxoxa nabafundi malunga nendlela ukufunda okuqhubeka ngayo. UkuHlola okungekho seSikweni kufuneka kusetyenziselwe ukunika ingxelo kubafundi nokuxhobisa kucwangciselo lokufundisa, kodwa akukho mfuneko yokuba oku kubhalwe phantsi. Makungabonwa oku njengokwahlukileyo koko kwaseklasini. Le misebenzi yokuHlola inokumakishwa ngabafundi okanye ootitshala.

UkuHlola nokuHlola umlingane wakho kubandakanya abafundi. Oku kabaluleke kakhulu kuba kuvumela abafundi bakwazi ukufunda nokuqaphela indlela abasebenza ngayo. Iziphumo zemisebenzi yemihla ngemihla yokuHlola ngokungekho seSikweni azirekhodishwa ngokuseSikweni, ngaphandle kokuba utitshala ufunu ukwenza njalo. Iziphumo zemisebenzi yemihla ngemihla yokuHlola azithathelwa ngqalelo ekupasisweni nasekukhutshelweni isatifikethi.

#### **4.3 UKUHLOLA OKUSESIKWENI**

Yonke imisebenzi yokuHlola eyenza inkqubo yokuHlola okuseSikweni yonyaka, ithathwa njengokuHlola okuseSikweni. Imisebenzi yokuHlola okuseSikweni iyamakishwa ize *irekhodwe ngokuseSikweni* ngutitshala elungiselela ukudluliselwa phambili komfundu nokukhutshwa kwestifikethi. Yonke imisebenzi yokuHlola okuseSikweni ifumana uqwalaseliso (kwimodareyshini) olujoliswe ekuqinisekiseni ngomgangatho Kunye nokuqinisekisa ngokumiselwa kwemigangatho efanelekileyo.

UkuHlola okuseSikweni kunika ootitshala indlela eyondeleleneyo yokuphonononga inkqubela phambili yabafundi kwiBanga, ngakumbi kwisifundo esithile. Imizekelo yokuHlola ngokuseSikweni iquka uvavanyo, iimviwo, imisebenzi yeprekthikhali, iiprojekthi, imisebenzi ye-oralii/yentetho yomlomo, imiboniso njalo-njalo. Imisebenzi yokuHlola okuseSikweni iyinxalenye yeNkqubo yokuHlola yonyaka eseSikweni kwiBanga ngalinye nakwisifundo ngasinye.

## Itheyibhile 1: IBanga lesi-7 - 9

| UKUHLOLA OKUSESIKWENI   |   |  |
|---|---|--|
| ENYAKENI  | UVIWO LOKUPHELA KONYAKA   |  |
| 40%   | 60%   |  |
| <b>UkuHlola okwenziva esikolweni (SBA)</b>                                | <b>Amaphepha oviwo lokuphela konyaka</b>  |  |
| 40%   | 35%   | 25%  |
| limvavanyo ezi-2<br>Imisebenzi emi-6<br>Uviwo lwaphakathi enyakeni (Juni) | <b>limviwo ezibhalwayo</b><br>Iphepha lesi-2: ULwimi ngokusemxholweni, ukubhala kanye noncwadi (Iyure e-1½) | <b>Imisebenzi yokuHlola ye-orali:</b><br><b>Iphepha loku-1</b><br>UkuPhulaphula<br>UkuThetha okulungiselelweyo<br>UkuFunda okulungiselelweyo<br>Imisebenzi ye-orali eyenziwe enyakeni iyinxalenyi yokuHlola kwangaphakathi kwasekupheleni konyaka. |

lindidi zokuHlola ezisetyenziswayo mazihambelane nobudala kwanizinga lophuhliseko lwabafundi. Uyilo Iwalo msebenzi kufuneka lubandakanye umxholo wesifundo kanye neendidi zemisebenzi ezenzelwe ukufezekisa iinjongo zesifundo.

Imisebenzi yokuHlola okuseSikweni mayilungiselele uludwe lwamazinga okuqonda njengokuba kubonisiwe ngasezantsi.

## ITheyibhile yesi-3

| AMAZINGA OKUQONDA  | UMSEBENZI  | IPESENTI YOMSEBENZI                         |
|--|--|---|
| <b>Izinga lokuqonda usebenzisa intsingiseloyentsusa/ engqalileyo/ elisisiseko (izinga loku-1)</b><br><b>Ukucwangcisa ngokutsha (Izinga lesi-2)</b> | <p>Imibuzo ejoliswe kwingombolo yowlazi ecaciswe gca kwitekisi.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Nika amagama ezinto/abantu/eendawo</li> <li>Chonga abantu</li> <li>Dwelisa imiba/amagama</li> <li>Chaza indawo/umntu</li> <li>Yayingubani lo mntu....?</li> <li>Lo mntu wa.....?</li> <li>Kwakutheni lo mntu .....</li> <li>Yenzeka nini.....?</li> <li>Yenzeka phi.....?</li> </ul> <p>Imibuzo efuna ulungelewaniso lolwazi olucaciswe gca kwitekisi.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Dwelisa amanqaku amabini/izimvo ezimbini ezingundoqo.</li> <li>Chonga umntu/abantu.....</li> <li>Cacisa okwenzekayo.....</li> <li>Chaza imeko/okusingqongileyo/abantu.....</li> </ul> | <b>Izinga loku-1 nelesi-2</b><br><b>80%</b> |

| AMAZINGA OKUQONDA  | UMSEBENZI   | IPESENTI YOMSEBENZI       |
|--|---|---------------------------|
| <b>Ukuthabatha izigqibo usebenzisa ubungqina</b><br><b>(Izinga lesi-3)</b> | <p>Le mibuzo ibonisa uluvo/intelekelelo malunga nokuzonwabiswa. Oku kuquka uluvo malunga nobunyani, ukukholisa, imiba eyinyani nemibono, ukunyaniseka, ubuchule bokujiqisa, nemicimbi enjengokunqweneleka nokwamkeleka kwezigqibo nezenzo ngokwemeko yokuziphatha kakuhle.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ngaba uyavumelana na nendlela umlinganiswa aziphetha ngayo/athetha ngayo?</li> <li>• Ingaba uluvo/ukuziphatha/ukwenza komlinganiswa kwamkelekile kuwe? Nika isizathu sempendulo yakho.</li> <li>• Gxeka uncome ukuziphatha komlinganiswa.</li> <li>• Khetha amagama amchaza ngokwanelisayo umlinganiswa.</li> </ul> | <b>Izinga lesi-3: 20%</b> |

## 4.4 INKQUBO YOKUHLOLA

Inkqubo yokuHlola iyilwe ngenjongo yokunabisa imisebenzi yokuHlola okuseSikweni kuzo zonke izifundo esikolweni kwiKota nganye.

### 4.4.1 Amagqabantshintshi ngeemfuno zokuhlola

Le theyibhile ilandelayo inika iimfuno zokuHlola okuseSikweni zoLwimi lwesibini oLongezelelweyo:

#### ITheyibhile 4.1: IBanga lesi-7 - 9

| INKQUBO YOKUHLOLA   |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| IBANGA  | UKUHLOLA OKWENZIWA ESIKOLWENI(SBA) NGEKOTA                     |  |  | IIMVIWO ZOKUPHELA KONYAKA  |
| 7 - 9   | <b>IKota yoku-1</b><br>Uvavanyo olubhalwayo + iMisebenzi emi-2 | <b>IKota yesi-2</b><br>IMsebenzi emi-2 + uviwo lwaPhakathi konyaka(Juni)                         | <b>IKota yesi-3</b><br>Uvavanyo olubhalwayo + iMisebenzi emi-2 | <b>IKota yesi-4</b><br>Uviwo lokuphela konyaka Iwangaphakathi (olusetwa esikolweni)  |
| IBanga  | <b>Ifomathi yamaphepha oViwo</b>                               |  |  |  |
| 7 - 9   |  | Iphepha eli-1<br>IPhepha loku-1: ULwimi ngokusemxholweni-Isicatshulwa, uLwimi, uNcwadi nokuBhala |  | Uviwo lokuphela konyaka Iwangaphakathi oluquelethe amaPhepha ama-2:<br>IPhepha loku-1: i-Orali<br>IPhepha lesi-2: ULwimi ngokusemxholweni-Isicatshulwa, uLwimi, uNcwadi nokuBhala. |
| AmaBanga ele-7-9  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>INqaku leKota (Ikota yoku-1-3):</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ikota nganye, dibanisa amanqaku neetotali uze uziguqulele kwipesenti endaweni yenqaku lekota.</li> </ul> <b>INqaku lokuPhumelela:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Dibanisa amanqaku ngobunjalo bawo kunye neetotali zemisebenzi yasesikolweni (SBA) ukusukela kwikota yoku-1 ukuya kwikota yesi-3 uze uwaguqulele kuma-40%.</li> <li>Guqla inqaku le-Orali (IPhepha loku-1) libe ngama-25%.</li> <li>Guqla IPhepha lesi-2 libe ngama-35%.</li> </ul> |  |  |  |  |

## ITheyibile 4.2: IBanga lesi-7-9

| INKQUBO YOKUHLOLA  |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| IMISEBENZI YOKUHLOLA OKUSESIKWENI KWIKOTA YOKU-1   |  |  |
| UMSEBENZI WOKU-1   | UMSEBENZI WESI-2   | UMSEBENZI WESI-3   |
| <b>I-Orali:</b> UkuPhulaphulela ukuqonda/ Intetho elungiselelweyo/UkuFunda ngokuvakalayo okulungiselelweyo                                     | <b>UkuBhala:</b> Um(imihlathi oyilwayo (obalisayo/ochazayo)/Itekisi yonxibelelwano emfutshane okanye ende. | <b>Uvavanyo loku-1:</b> Isicatshulwa kunye nokusetyenziswa kolwimi                                   |
| IMISEBENZI YOKUHLOLA OKUSESIKWENI KWIKOTA YESI-2   |  |  |
| UMSEBENZI WESI-4   | UMSEBENZI WESI-5:  | UMSEBENZI WESI 6   |
| <b>I-Orali:</b> UkuPhulaphulela ukuqonda/ INtetho elungiselelweyo/UkuFunda ngokuvakalayo okulungiselelweyo                                     | <b>Uncwadi:</b> Imibuzo ngokomxholo  | <b>Imviwo zaphakathi enyakeni:</b> ULwimi ngokusemxholweni – isicatshulwa, ulwimi, uncwadi nokubhala |
| IMISEBENZI YOKUHLOLA OKUSESIKWENI KWIKOTA YESI-3   |  |  |
| UMSEBENZI WESI-7   | UMSEBENZI WESI-8   | UMSEBENZI WE-9   |
| <b>I-Orali:</b> UkuPhulaphulela ukuqonda/ INtetho elungiselelweyo/UkuFunda ngokuvakalayo okulungiselelweyo                                     | <b>UkuBhala:</b> Um(imihlathi oyilwayo (obalisayo/ochazayo)/Itekisi yonxibelelwano emfutshane okanye ende. | <b>Uvavanyo Iwesi-2:</b> Isicatshulwa nokusetyenziswa kolwimi OKANYE<br>Uncwadi: Imibuzo ngokomxholo |
| IMISEBENZI YOKUHLOLA OKUSESIKWENI KWIKOTA YESI-4   |  |  |
| <b>Imviwo zokuPhela konyaka</b><br>IPhepha loku-1: *liOrali<br>IPhepha lesi-2: ULwimi ngokusemxholweni-isicatshulwa, ULwimi, uNcwadi nokuBhala |  |  |

**\*liOrali:** Abafundi mabenze umsebenzi omnye wokuthetha okulungiselelweyo, umsebenzi omnye wokufunda ngokuvakalayo apha phakathi enyakeni.

**Qaphela:**

Uvavanyo IweNkqubo yokuHlola malube lunye, hayi uthotho Iweemvavanyo ezininzi ezimfutshane. Uvavanyo ngalunye kufanele luuke isixa esikhulu somxholo kwaye luthabathe imizuzu engama-30 – 60, lubonise amazinga ohlukaneyo engqiqo kanye okwamaphepha eemviwo.

#### 4.4.2 limviwo: IBanga lesi-7 -9

##### IFomathi yePhepha loViwo: Iphepha lesi-2

| IPHEPHA  | ICANDELO  | IXESHA                                |
|--|---|---------------------------------------|
| <b>ULwmi ngokusemxholweni, uNcwadi nokuBhala</b> | A: isiCatshulwa<br>(Uladwe lweetekisi lunokusetyenziswa kuquka iitekisi ezibonwayo okanye ezizotyiweyo)   | AmaBanga<br>elesi-7 – 9<br>lyure e-1½ |
|  | B: ULwimi<br>Izakhi nokusetyenziswa kolwimi (amagama nezivakalisi) maziHlolwe ngokusemxholweni kusetyenziswa iitekisi eziziintloblo ngeentloblo.<br>Ulwazi olunzulu ngoLwimi. |                                       |
|  | C: UNcwadi<br>Naluphi kwezi zilandelayo:<br>Isihobe/amabali amafutshane/inoveli emfutshane/idrama emfutshane (imibuzo ngokusemxholweni)                                       |                                       |
|  | D: UkuBhala<br>Um(im)hlathi oyilwayo (obalisayo/ochazayo)/Itekisi yonxibelewano (emfutshane okanye ende)  |                                       |

##### UMxholo omawufundiswe

UkuHlolwa kujoliswe kanye kowona mxholo ufundiswayo ofumaneka kolu xwebhu. Ngenxa yokuthungelana komxholo kumaBanga elesi-7 – 9 jikelele, lo umxholo nezakhono uza kuHlolwa ngokupheleleyo kumaphepha okuphela konyaka ngamnye.

##### Imisebenzi yokuHlolwa ye-orali:

##### IPhepha loku-1 kwiBanga lesi-7 – 9

Imisebenzi yokuHlolwa ye-orali eyenziwe enyakeni iyinxalenye yokuHlolwa kwangaphakathi ekupheleni konyaka. linkcukacha ngemisebenzi ye-orali, eyenziwa enyakeni zimi ngolu hlobo lulandelayo:

| IPhepha lolu-1 | IINKCUKACHA   |
|----------------|---|
| li-orali       | <p>*Yonke imisebenzi ye-orali isetwa, iHlolwe esikolweni ize iphononongwe(imodareyithwe) ngaphandle.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>UkuFunda</b><br/><b>UkuFunda okuLungiselelweyo</b><br/><b>UkuHlol:</b> <i>UkuQonda itekisi, ukunika intsingiselo, ukusetyenziswa kwelizwi, ukubiza amagama ngokufanelekileyo.</i></li> <li><b>UkuThetha</b><br/><b>Intetho eLungiselelweyo</b><br/><b>UkuHlol:</b> <i>Ukucwangcisa nokulungisa umxholo, ithoni, ukuthetha nezakhono zokunikezela, izincedisi eziviwa-zibonwa, ulwimi olufanelekileyo.</i></li> <li><b>UkuPhulaphula</b><br/><b>IsiCatshulwa esiPhulaphulwayo</b><br/><b>UkuHlol:</b> <i>Ukupulaphulela ukuqonda nolwazi</i></li> </ul> |

\*Amanqaku onyaka eeorali athathwa kwimisebenzi yokuthetha, ukupulaphula nokufunda eyenziwe apha phakathi enyakeni. Amanqaku okugqibela makaquke ubuncinane umsebenzi wokuthetha okulungiselelweyo, umsebenzi wokupulaphula kune nomsebenzi wokufunda ngokuvakalayo okulungiselelweyo.

Imisebenzi eyenzelwe ukuHlolwa okuseSikweni iyarekhodwa ukubonisa ukuba umfundi angaqhubeka okanye aphumelele ukuya kwiBanga elilandelayo.

Utitshala makacwangcise aze anikezele inkqubo yokuHlola okuseSikweni kwiQumrhu elilawula isikolo(SMT) phambi kokuba uqale unyaka wokufunda. Oku kuza kunceda ukwenza inkqubo yokuHlola yesikolo kwiBanga ngalinye. Isicwangciso sokuHlola sesikolo masinikwe abafundi nabazali kwiveki yokuqala yekota yokuqala.

#### **4.5 UKUREKHODA NOKUNIKA INGXELO NGOMSEBENZI**

Ukurekhoda yinkqubo apho utitshala abhala phantsi izinga lokusebenza lomfundu ngamnye kumsebenzi othile ohlolwayo. Oku kubonisa inkqubela-phambili yomfundu ekuzixhobiseni ngolwazi oluxeliweyo *ngokweeNkcazeloz ePolisi yeKharityhulam nokuHlola*. lirekhodi zomsebenzi womfundu kufanele zinike ubungqina ngenkqubela-phambili yomfundu ngokweBanga kunye nokulungela kwakhe ukuqhubela phambili xa epasile ukuya kwiBanga elilandelayo. lirekhodi zomsebenzi womfundu mazisetyenziswe ukungqinisia inkqubela-phambili eyenziwe ngoottishala nabafundi kwinkqubo yokufundisa nokufunda.

Ukukhupha iripoti okanye ingxelo yinkqubo yokwazisa abafundi, abazali babo, isikolo nabanye abathathi-nxaxheba malunga nendlela asebenza ngayo umfundu ezifundweni zakhe gabalala. Zininzi iindlela ezisetyenziswayo ukunika ingxelo ngomsebenzi womfundu. Ziquka amakhadi eripoti okanye engxelo, ukubiza iintlanganiso nabazali, iintsuku zokutyelela esikolweni, iinkomfa zabazali nootitshala, ukufownela abazali, ukuthumela iileta kubazali, ukuthumela iphetshana leendaba lasesikolweni, njalo-njalo. Ootitshala kumabanga onke banika ingxelo ngokweepesenti ngesifundo ngasinye. Amazinga ohlukaneyo okuphumelela kunye neepesenti ahambelana nazo adweliswe kule Theyibhile ingasezantsi.

#### **IIKHOWUDI NEEPESENTI ZOKUREKHODA NOKUNIKA INGXELO NGOMSEBENZI**

| IKHOWUDI | INKCAZELO NGENDLELA AQHUBE NGAYO KUMSEBENZI WAKHE UMFUNDI | IPESENTI |
|----------|---|----------|
| 7        | Uphumelele emaggabini                                     | 80 – 100 |
| 6        | Uphumelele ngokugqwesileyo                                | 70 – 79  |
| 5        | Uphumelele ngokuqaqambileyo                               | 60 – 69  |
| 4        | Uphumelele ngokwanelisayo                                 | 50 – 59  |
| 3        | Uphumelele ngokufanelekileyo                              | 40 – 49  |
| 2        | Uphumelele ngokuyinxalenye                                | 30 – 39  |
| 1        | Akaphumelelanga   | 0 -29    |

Ootitshala besiXhosa mabarekhode amanqaku achanekileyo kumsebenzi ngamnye ohlolwayo besebebzisa iphepha lokurekhoda elisemthethweni; banike iripoti ngokweepesenti kwisiXhosa kwiripoti yomfundu.

#### **4.6 UPHONONONGO LOKUHLOLA**

Uphononongo okanye imodareyshini yinkqubo yokuqinisekisa ukuba imisebenzi ehlolwayo ichanekile, yamkelekile kwaye isemgangathweni ochanekileyo. Uphononongo lwenziwa esikolweni, esithilini, kwiphondo nakwandlunkulu. Zonke iinkqubo ezichanekileyo neziqingqiweyo zokuphonononga okanye zokumodareytha kufuneka zimiliselwe ukungqinisia yonke imisebenzi yesiXhosa ehlolwayo.

##### **4.6.1 UkuHlola okuseSikweni**

limvavanyo noviwo lweBanga lesi-7 nelesi-8 ziphononongwa okanye zimodareythwe ngaphakathi. Umcebisi wesithili/iphondo unoxanduva olusemthethweni lokuphonononga/ukumodareytha isampuli yemisebenzi ehlolwayo ye-orali

Kanye xa endwendwele okanye etyelele esikolweni ukungqinisia umgangatho owamkelekileyo wemisebenzi ye-orali kanye nophononongo/imodareyshini eyenziwe ngaphakathi.

Iimvavanyo kanye neemviwo zeBanga le-9 kufuneka ziphononongwe okanye zimodareythwe kwinqanaba lesithili nelephondo. Le nkqubo isingathwa lisebe lemfundo kwiphondo.

Abacebisi besiXhosa kufuneka baphonononge okanye bamodareythe iisampuli zeemvavanyo namaphepha eemviwo phambi kokuba abhalwe ngabafundi ukungqinisia imigangatho nokunka ootitshala besiXhosa isikhokelo sokuseta ngokusemgangathweni le misebenzi yokuhlolwa imiselwego.

#### **4.6.2 Imisebenzi yokuHlola ye-orali**

**IBanga lesi-7-9:** Umsebenzi ngamnye we-orali oyinxalenye yeNkqubo yokuHlola kufuneka ungeniswe ngutitshala kwintloko yeSebe okanye intloko yesifundo ukuze iwuphonononge (iwumodareythe) phambi kokuba wenziwe ngabafundi. Ngumsebenzi katitshala ukuhlola imisebenzi ehlolwayo ye-orali.

Umcebisi wesithili okanye wephondo unoxanduva olusemthethweni lokuphonononga/ukumodareytha isampuli yemisebenzi ehlolwayo ye-orali kanye xa endwendwele okanye etyelele esikolweni ukungqinisia umgangatho owamkelekileyo wemisebenzi ye-orali kanye nophononongo/imodareyshini yangaphakathi.

Imodareytha egunyaziswe lisebenze lemfundo esisiseko(DBE) kufuneka iphonononge/imodareythe isampuli yemisebenzi yokuhlolwa ye-orali kwiBanga le-9.

### **4.7 ULWAZI GABALALA**

Olu xwebhu malusetyenziswe nala alandelayo:

4.7.1 *National Protocol for Assessment Grades R -12*

4.7.2 Izikhokelo zoviwo zesifundo eziqulethwe kuxwebhu lwepolisi esayilwayo oluthi: *National policy pertaining to the programme and promotion requirements of the National Curriculum Statement, Grades R – 12.*

## ULUHLU LWAMAGAMA

**abantu abafumana ulwazi (abaphulaphuli, ababukeli)** - aba ngabantu ekujoliswe kubo xa benikwa ulwazi oluthile; xa beza kuphulaphula okuthethwayo, babuke oku kwisicatshulwa ke ngoko, ababhali kufuneka basoloko becinga ngenjongo kwanabantu abamkela ulwazi abazakufunda, babuke ezo zinxibelelanisi.

**amagama ahamba kunye:** ngamagama asoloko ehamba kunye esetyenziswa kunye umz intlaka nexolo, amathe nolwimi.

**amagama antsingiselo zichaseneyo** - apha kudla ngokudibanisa amagama antsingiselo zichaseneyongabom, kusenzelwa isiphumo esithile. Xa kusensiwa le nto kusetyenziswa isichazi sihambelane nesibizo esichasene naso.

**amagama asetyenziswa ngempazamo** - kuxa ubani esebezisa amagama antsonkothileyo ngelizama ukubonisa abantu ukuba uyalwazi yena ulwimi olo; nangona la magama enokubonakala ngathi afanelekile, kodwa ngendlela asetyenziswe ngayo aye abangeleukuhlekisa.

**enableyelo** - xa into ibhalwe ngendlela enableyelo, kuxa kunikwe iinkcukacha.

**exhalabisayo** - apha eli gama lisetyenziselwe ukubonakalisa indlela ekuthi xa umfundu esenza iziphene ezininzi xa ebhala, lowo ufunda into ayibhalileyo atsho anxube, angonwabi, ngenxa yezo ziphene.; kutsho ke kufuneke xa kunjalo utitshala oza kuba neliso kuloo mfundi, amncede

**ezibhidanisiweyo** - kubhekiselwe kwizimvo ezingabhalekanga kakuhle kwaphela, de athi ubani ofunda loo nto ibhalwe ngolo hlobo angayiva.

**ezizezabo (izicatshulwa)** - Xa umfundu eyila isicatshulwa kubalulekile ukuba aze nezakhe izimvo, angazinyibi ndawo, zivele kuye buqu.

**fanelekileyo** - kuxa kusetyenziswe ulwimi olufanelekileyo ngokwemo leyo, umz: xa uthetha nomntu omdala okanye umntu ohloniphekileyo kwimeko yomsebenzi, uchonga ulwimi olufanele loo meko.

**iakhronim** - igama elakhiwe ngoonobumba bokuqala egameni xa lifinyeziwe, umz: iNkcazeloyeKharityhulam kaZwelonke (NKS).

**iindidi zoncwadi** - apha kubhekiswa kwindlela uncwadi oluhielwa ngayo (umz: inoveli, amabalana amafutshane, izincoko/amavo, izibongo, idrama okanye ifilim).

**ilizwi likaNobalisa/lombalisi** - eli ilizwi lomntu obalisa ibali;ungahlula phakathi kombalisi osebezisa umntu wokuqala(umz: Ndi- usoloko engumlinganiswa ebalini, owenza izinto ngokwakhe - lifumaneka kakhulu kwizincoko/ kumavo) okanye umntu wesithathu, aphi umbalisi abhekisa kubalinganiswa ngokuthi uThemba u ....okanye ooThemba ba.....

**imbali - emfutshane enoburharha-** le yimbali yeziganeko ezincinane ezibaliswa ngenjongo yokonwabiswa, yokuchwayitisa, kwanokuveza ubunjani bomlinganiswa othile.

**imbali** - kubhekiswa kwibali elibaliswa ngomlomo okanye elibhaliwego, elinezimvo ezilandelelana kakuhle ngokwendlela iziganeko ezenzeke ngayo.

**imbeko** - apha kuthethwa ngolwimi olusetyenziswa ngembeko; oku kubonisa ubuchule bokukhetha amagama afanelekileyo, umz: - ulwimi olusebenzisa xa uthetha nabantu abahloniphekileyo, nabadala alufani nolusetyenziswa ngoontanga bakho

**imeko (yetekisi)** – itekisi isoloko isetyenziswa, yakhiwe ikwimo; imo ke ibandakanya iimeko ezifana nokusebenzisa izicatshulwa ezingqamene nezentlalo, ezenkcubeko nezopolitiki, umz; xa utitshala efundisa igrana, kufuneka angafundisi amagama ezimele koko ekwitekisi

**imfanzandi**- kukusetyenziswa kwezandi ezifanayo. Esi sangotshe sibaluleke kakhulu ekutyebiseni ulwimi nakuvuselelo-mizwa. Siwuzoba ngokupheleleyo umfanekiso waloo nto kuthethwa ngayo.

**imibhalo yoqhagamshelwano** - ezi ziitekisi ezifana neeleta, imizuzu yentlanganiso, ingxelo, iifeksi

**imizobo** – kubheksa kwimveliso yezokubonwa ngeliso lenyama, nezobugcisa ezizotye ngesandla okanye ngekhompyutha, eziyiliwego, njalo njalo

**imo yokunxibeelanisa** - zininzi iindlela zokunxibeelanisa, umz: ngokubhala, ngokuthetha okanye incoko yomlomo, ngokwenza imifanekiso ebonwa ngeliso lenyama (ibandakanya imizobo enjengeetshati); Iwazi ke lungaguquguqulwa lususwe kwenye imo, luye kwenye (njengokusuka ekusebenziseni igrifu uye ekubhaleni umhlathi, usebenzise ulwazi ulususa kwi-orali/kwintetho yomlomo uye kumfanekiso ophawuliwego)

**imo yomphefumlo** - apha kuthethwa ngendlela umbhali woncwadi aziva ngayo xa ebhala incwadi, nokuba libali okanye isibongo; le mo ke idla ngokudizwa ngamagama asetyenziswayo (umz: 'Yayiziinyembezi zodwa ecaleni kwaloo bhasi yayiqungquluzile' la magama mabini anomgca ngaphantsi abonisa ukuba akonwatywanga apha

**impazamo yokusebenzisa amagama amade ngendlela engafanelekanga** - abanye abantu bayathanda nje ukusebenzisa amagama amade nantsonkothileyo, bezama nje ukutsala amehlo, de loo magama bawasebenzise ngendlela engafanelekanga, nedala intsini kophulaphuleyo

**impixano** – yimeko apho abalinganisa baphikisana ngezimvo; lungquzulwano Iwezimvo olubakho phakathi komlinganisa nakubalinganisa ababini nangaphezulu, umlinganisa nendalo okanye abantu nje; ungquzulwano olu lungenzeka ngenxa yeemfuno zabo okanye into abayixabisileyo (isenokuba yeyangaphakathi/yeyangaphandle).

**impoxo** – kusetyenziswa esi sagwelo kuthi kubekho ukuncoma okuphoxayo/yintetho eveza into echasene nale nto ubani ayithethayo; apha kuphoxiswa ngomntu umz: - xa usithi kumntu ofike mva kunani: 'Ndiva kakubi ukuba sifike phambi kwakho', ube wena umphoxela le nto efike emva kwexesha; sukube apha uphoxisa ngomntu. (umz: Xa usithi kumntu ofike mva kunani: 'Ndiva kakubi ukuba sifike phambi kwakho'. – ube wena umphoxela le nto efike emva kwexesha

**inkcaso-vuthondaba** - Kuxa bekulindeleke ukuba kufikelelwe kwinqanaba eliphezulu ebalini, sele kulindelwe ukuhla kwasiganeko esibalulekileyo okanye esonwabisayo, suke kungade kufikelelwe kuso; okusuke kwenzeke kukuba kwisakhwi sebali kuvela iziyolisi, kungenjalo isiganekwana nje esingabalulekanga kuyaphi, okanye kuphambukwe kwisiganeko ebesiphethwe, kuvezwe esitsha.

**inkqubo yolongezelelo Iweelwimi ezininzi** - xa umntu efunda ulwimi (iilwimi) ukongeza kulwimi lwakhe lwasekhaya; oku akuthethi ukuba olu lwimi luthatha indawo yowlimi lwasekhaya, koko lufundwa kunye nalo

**intetho edidekisayo** – kuxa kusetyenziswe ulwimi oludidekisayo ngabom ukwenzela ukufihla izinto eziyinyaniso ezenzekileyo, zifihelwa umfundsi okanye umphulaphuli

**intetho eqhelekileyo enokufaka amagama angekho sesikweni** – olu lulwimi olusetyenziswa xa kuncokolwa nje ngabantu, lube lona lungekho sesikweni

**intetho esebezisa amagama angenasongo** – kukusebenzisa amagama athile okanye uluvo oluthile, de kuphele nesongo sawo kuba esetyenziswa njalo; kude kulahleke nentsingiselo yawo

**intetho esetyenziswa ngabantu bomsebenzi othile (ijagoni)** - kukho amagama asetyenziswa ngabantu baloo msebenzi, wena mntu ungasebenzi apho ongenakuyilandela intsingiselo yawo, ngaphandle kokuba ude ucaciselwe umz: - ulwimi olusetyenziswa ngootithala, oonesi, ooggirha njalo njalo

**intsingiselo eziwe ngecalo** - intsingiselo eziwe nje ngecalo kwitekisi, engavezwanga ngendlela ethe ngqo

**intsingiselo yentsusa/eqhelekileyo** - yile ntsingiselo icacileyo yegama kuloo meko likuyo. umz: - Eli bhastile lam lihle. uthetha ngebhastile eli lihle liligungqu lokudlala, kanti xa intsingiselo ibifihlakele ngesithetha ngobuhle mhlawumbi bomfazi.

**intsingiselo-mbini** - indlela amagama asetyenziswa ngayo, ndlela leyo enokwenza athi ofundayo angaziqondi ncam ukuba elo gama lisetyenziswe kuyiphi kanye kanye imeko; le ndlela ke ingayijika intsingiselo

**ntsusa** - kubhekiswa kuloo nto esukela kuyo intshukumo okanye imeko

**irejista** – amagama asetyenziswa kwimiba neemeko ezahlukeneyo. Umz. amagama asetyenziswa ngumfundu xa ethetha nomnye umfundu ongumhlobo wakhe ahlukile kumagama awasebenzisa xa ethetha notitshala amhloniphileyo.

**isafobe** – eli ligama okanye ibinzana elisetyenziswe ngendlela ezekelisayo, ukuphumeza loo ntsingiselo; imizekelo yezafobe zizifaniso, isimntwiso, isikweko njl.

**isakhiwana sebali** - yintshukumo encedisayo, ehamba calanye nesakhiwo esiphambili kwinoveli okanye umdlalo

**isakhiwo sebali** - esi sisicwangciso somsebenzi woncwadi ngakumbi kwiidrama neenoveli; isakhiwo sebali sibandakanya indlela le ilula yokulandelelana kweziganeko, ebonisa uzalwano phakathi kweziganeko, kubonakale futhi ukuba le into yenzeka ngenxa yaleya

**isichasaniso**- kusetyenziswa amagama achaseneyo ukucacisa imeko ethile

**isichasi** - ligama elibonisa into echaseneyo nelinye igama kwakolu lwimi lunye, umz: - ubhityile>utybile

**isifaniso** - kuxa ufanisa into ethile nenye; apha kusetyenziswa amagama afana noo “njenge-”, “nqwa ne-”, “oku kwe-”, umz: - Uhambisa oku kukanina

**isihlanganisi** - ligama elimsebenzi walo ikukwenza ukuba izivakalisi mazinxibelelane kakuhle zenze imihlathi elandelelanayo, mihlathi leyo enokuphela isakha izicatshulwa; umz. xa, kodwa.

**isihloko esigqamileyo** - isihloko senqaku elithile, somfanekiso, ifoto njalo njalo, esidla ngokunceda ukutsala umdla ngendlela esikhethwe ngayo - ukubonisa inqaku elo ukuba lingantoni na

**isihlonipho** – yintetho emnandi esetyenziselwa ukuquma isenzo esibi, esilinyala okanye esililhazo emehlwani abantu/kuxa intetho ekhangeleka ngathi ibiza into ngqo, icezelwa ngokusebenzisa intetho evakala kamnandi umz: - uqhuba amatakane, endaweni yokuthi unxilile

**isikweko** – sisafobe apho kuthi kusetyenziswa enye into xa kuchazwa enye into, oko kusenziwa kuba ezo zinto

zineempawu ezifanayo, umz: - UThemba lo yinyoka (kuba enobungozi njengenyoka)

**isimntwiso** –sisafobe esithi sifanise into engemntu siyifanisa nomntu; kuxa kuthathwe iimpawu zomntu zanikwa izinto ezingengobantu, umz: - Tywala ungumlahlekisi (utywala apha benziwe baneempawu zobuntu kwathiwa buyalahlekisa)

**isingqisho** - kukubizeka kwamagama, izandi, okanye amabinzana kwivesi ngendlela evakala kamnandi; le nto idla ngokufumaneka kwizibongo

**isinxibeletanisi** - kubhekiswa kuzo zonke iitekisi zonxibeletana, ezizezi: ezomlomo, ezibhalwayo, ezibonwayo, eziviwa-zibonwa

**isiphumo** - kuthethwa isiphumo sentshukumo/sesenzo okanye imeko

**isiqalelo** - eli gama lisetyenziswe apha kwimo yokubonisa uhlobo lwetekisi eyakhiwe ngumfundu, tekisi leyo ebonisa umgangatho osezantsi wokuyila; umfundu ololu hlobo usafuna ukuncediswa aqeinqeshwe

**isiquulatho** - eli ligama eliseteyenziselwa ukubonisa izinto ezibandakanyiwego kwizinto ezifana amaxwebhu njl. njl.

**isithetha-ntonye/isifanokuthi** - ngamagama athetha into enye umz: - ukurhala/ukubawa, umtshakazi/umakoti

**isixhobo esibonakalisa ubuciko** - esi sisixhobo esifana naxa isithethi sinqumama, sisebenzisa uphindaphindo xa sithetha, sisenzela ukucenga okanye ukuqinisekisa lowo upholaphuleyo

**isizathu** - yinto engunobangela wento eqhubekayo, okanye imeko ekhoyo

**itekisi efundeka ngeendlela ngeendlela** - apha kubandakanya icatshulwa, izixhobo ezibonwa ngeliso lenyama, eziviwa ngeendlebe, umz. iividiyo, njl. ; xa umfundu enika intetho elungiselelweyo angasebenzisa izilayidi, imifanekiso, iividiyo njl.

**itekisi enobunyani** – luhlobo lwetekisi olusetyenziselwa ukuba ubani awubone umfanekiso wento ekuthethwa ngayo; ayivel i kuncwadi yona (umz: -isenokuyivela kwimagazini nakwimanqaku elvela kwiphephandaba, okushicilelw kuvela koonomathotholo kunye noomabonakude, izibhengezo/intengiso, iileyibhelishe zezinto ezithengiswayo, iibrowutsha ezinika iinkcukacha ezimalunga nomakwaziwe ngabatyeleli, amaphepha avela kurhulumente ekufuneka ezalisiwe, kwakunye nemizekelo yeeleta eziinyani)

**ithoni/imvakalo-zwi** - apha kunokubhekiswa kuqala kwindlela ubani abiza ngayo igama; eli gama “ithoni” xa lisetyenziswe nzulu likwabhekisa kwindlela igama elithile eliseteyenziswe nzulu ngayo kwisivakalisi; kwisicatshulwa ithoni yegama ibhekisa kwindlela igama eliseteyenziswe ngayo kuloo mo, nentsingiselo eliyizisayo; kwifilim ithoni ingaphunyeza ngohlobo lomculo odlalwayo, kungenjalo imo-ntlalo

**izandi ezahlukeneyo** - kuthethwa izandi ezahlukeneyo ezifana neqabane I elahlukileyo kwiqabane

**imfanzandi** – ipateni yesandi equka ukuphinda-phindwa kvezandi ezingamaqabane. Olu phinda-phindo lungafumaneka ekuqaleni okanye phakathi kumagama alandeelanayo

**indlela ngeendlela zokusebenzisa ulwimi** - ezi ndlela ngeendlela zibakho xa kukho ukulungelelaniswa okukhoyo kwisigama, kwiimo zezivakalisi namagama kunye nendlela igama elibizwa ngayo; oku ke kuyahluka kwiningqi nengingqi

**ithoni/imvakalo-zwi** - apha kunokubhekiswa kuqala kwindlela ubani abiza ngayo igama; eli gama "ithoni" xa lisetyenziswe nzulu likwabhekisa kwindlela igama elithile elisetyenziswe nzulu ngayo kwisivakalisi; kwisicatshulwa ithoni yegama ibhekisa kwindlela igama elisetyenziswe ngayo kuloo mo, nentsingiselo eliyizisayo; kwifilim ithoni ingaphunyezwa ngohlobo lomculo odlalwayo, kungenjalo imo-ntlalo

**okuqukwayo** - kule mfundo yale mihla kufuneka imfundu ifikeleleke kuye wonke ubani; bubakho ubuncinane bokufuneka kuphunyelelwe, obucaciswayo, bubhekisa kubo bonke abafundi, khon'ukuze abo bafundi baneemfuno ezizodwa ngokwasemzimbeni nasengqondweni babe nabo bayabandakanyeka; yaye kule mfundo kugxininiswa ekubeni bangacalucalulwa bafundiswe bodwa

- ubuhle** – 1. ukukwazi ukububona ubuncwane bolwimi ngokwenjenjalo unika ingqwalasela usonwabela ixabiso elinzulu leetekisi
2. ingcali yobuhle bobugcisa ngumntu okwaziyo ukuqaphela ubuhle bobugcisa. "Ubuhle" buthetha ubuhle obufumaneka kumsebenzi wobugcisa. Ubani angaxoxa ngobuhle bomsebenzi, okanye enze isiggibo malunga nobuhle bobugcisa

**ukungacaci kwentetho** – untsingiselo-mbini obangelwa yindlela asetyenziswe ngayo amagama

**ukuphulaphula ngenyameko** – xa umntu ezama ukuzibeka ezihiangwini zesithethi aze aphulaphule loo nto siyithethayo kangangoko.

**ukusetyenziswa kweelwimi ezininzi okongezelela kolwasekhaya** – xa umntu efunda ulwimi (okanye iilwimi esongezelela kulwimi lwakhe lwasekhaya. Olu lwimi aluthathi ndawo yowlwimi lwasekhaya koko lufundwa kunye nalo. Kwinkqubo esebezisa iilwimi ezininzi ezongezelela kolwasekhaya ulwimi lwasekhaya luyomelezwa luqiniswe ngelixa naluphi olunye ulwimi olufundwayo lusongezelela phezu kwalo (umz. Zonke iilwimi ezoNgezelweyo, kuquka uLwimi lokuFundisa, zifundwa zihamba kunye nolwimi lwasekhaya kodwa zingangeni endaweni yalo)

**ubabazo/ugqithiso/ubaxo** – sisafobe esibonisa ukubaxa xa umntu ethetha ngento ethile, umz: - 'Wandiphakela intaba yokutya', apha kuthethwa ukutya okuninzi

**ubabazo/ugqithiso/ubaxo** – sisafobe esibonisa ukubaxa xa umntu ethetha ngento ethile, umz: - 'Wandiphakela intaba yokutya', apha kuthethwa ukutya okuninzi

**ubuchule bokuiqisisa** - kuxa umfundi esebezise izimvo zakhe xa, mhlawumbi ebhala okanye esenza intetho, ngendlela apha ebonisa ukuba unobuchule bokuyicingisisa into phambi kokuba ayithethe okanye ayibhale phantsi; loo nto ke itsho ngento evakala okanye efundeka kamnandi

**ubuchule bokusebenzisa amagama ngendlela yokuhlasela** - obu bubuchule obusetyenziswayo xa umfundi efunda igama angalaziyo; uye aliqhawu-qhawule libe ngamalungu okanye ajonge intsingiselo eziswa zizimaphambil, kungenjalo izimamva, esenzela ukude ayive kakuhle intsingiselo yalo

**ubumbo zivakalisi (isinteksi)** - yindlela amagama alungelelaniswa ngayo ukwakha izakhiwo zegrama, umz: - amabinzana, amagatya, izivakalisi njl. njl; apha kujongwa nemithetho elawula ubumbo-zivakalisi

**ubungakanani boonobumba** - apha kujongwe koonobumba abasetyenziswa xa kuchwethezwa ngekhompyutha, le nto kuthiwa yifonti,

**ubunono/ubuchule** - eli gama lisetyenziselwe ukubonisa ukuba xa usebezisa ulwimi ngobunono kuxa uchula ukunyathela ekukhetheni amagama, ukhethe igama elifanele loo meko

**uchasaniso - ngamagama achaseneyo kwisivakalisi/umqolo umz: Bangena bephuma**

**ukuba neliso kwindlela amagama asetyenziswa ngayo** - apha kuthethwa ngokwazi ukucazulula indlela intsingiselo evezwe ngayo, ukwazi ukuggala amandla ulwimi olunavo; xa umfundu eyiqaphela indlela amagama asetyenziswa ngayo, nentsingiselo ayinikwayo kuloo mo, umfundu uya kukwazi ukumelana neendlela zokuqhathwa ezinokuvezwu lulwimi olo, akwazi kananjalo ukusebenzisa ulwimi ngononophelo

**ukucazulula** - xa ufunda, mhlawumbi itekisi, uze uchaze ukuba igama elithile libonakalisa ntoni, lisetyenziswe njani, kuba kutheni, liza nafuthe lini - sithi uyalucazulula ulwimi okanye uyawacazulula amagama

**ukuchaza into ngamanye amazwi** - kuxa ulovo okanye okuqulethwe kwisicatshulwa kuphinda kubhalwa ngamazwi alowo ubhala eso sicatshulwa kwakhona, oko kukuthi, usebenzise awakho amagama endaweni yalawo ebekwisicatshulwa.

**ukucikoza** - kubonakalisa ubuchule bokuthi ubani xa ethetha okanye ebhala asebenzise ulwimi olunezimvo ezilandelelanayo, nezinamateleneyo, ngale ndlela ke ulwimi luye luvakale kamnandi, kananjalo luchazeke kakuhle

**ukucinga ngendlela eyilayo** - le yinkqubo yokusinga ngezimvo okanye iimeko ngeendlela zokuziqambela, okanye ngendlela engaqhelekanga, nto leyo ebonisa ubuchule balowo uringayo

**ukudlala ngamagama**- ukusetyenziswa kobumbolo-mbini begama.

**ukufumana inxaleny** -kubhekisa kumfundu ongaphumelelanga ncum, ofumene ezinye iziphumo, ingezizo zonke

**ukufunda ngokukhawuleza ungacoseleli** - kukufunda isinxibeletanisi ukhawulezisa, usenzela nje ukufumana ukuba singantoni na umz: - ukufunda izihloko kwiphepha-ndaba ukhangela ukuba zithini iindaba eziphambili

**ukugqibelela** - eli gama lisetyenziswe kwimo yokubonisa umntu ocingayo phambi kokuba asebenzise ulwimi, alusebenzise ngokufezekileyo

**ukuhlekisa ngokusebenzisa ulinganiso** - xa kuhlekisa ngomntu othile ngendlela yokusebenzisaindlela ebhanxayo; kunokusetyenziswa umfanekiso obonisa iimpawu zakhe eziphuhlileyo, ngendlela ebaxayo, kuba kufunwa ukuhlekisa okanye ukubhanxa ngaye

**ukuhlela** - kukulungisa iziphene zegrama, zosetyenziso lolwimi, ukulungisa iziphene kupelo njalo njalo, kusenzelwa ukuba okubhaliweyo kufundeke kakuhle; xa kuhlela ke, umhleli kufuneka ajonge nolandelewano lwezimvo, nesimo sezivakalisi, kunye nemihlathi

**ukuhlolola** - yinkqubo yokuqokelela ulwazi oluthile malunga nesakhono somfundu kumsebenzi awenzayo; oku kungenziwa rhoqo, kusetyenziswa iindlela ngeendlela ezahlukaneyo zokuhlolola

**ukuhlolola kwezidingo** - olu hlobo lokuhlolola lwenzelwa ukujonga ukuba ziintoni na iingxaki ezsendleleni yokuphumelela komfundu; akube ke utitshala ezifumene ezi ngxaki, uyakwazi ukuza namacebo afanelekileyo

**ukuhlolola okushwankathelayo** - olu ke lona uhlobo lokuhlolola lunika ingxelo eshwankathelweyo, nebonisa ubuchule obugqibeleleyo asele enabo umfundu, kumsebenzi aseleununiwe, emva kwekota, isiqingatha sonyaka okanye ekupheleni konyaka; okubalulekileyo kukuba akufuneki kunkwe uhlobo olunye lwendlela yokuhlolola, aze ke abe selegwetywa ngalo umfundu

**ukuhlolola okusisiseko** - kubalulekile ukuba phambi kokuba abafundiswe khe kuhlolwe ukuba yintoni na asele beyazi, beyazi kangakanani na loo nto; utitshala ke emva koku uyakwazi ukuqhube nezfundo zakhe

**ukuhlola okwakhayo** - xa kumane kusenziwa olu hlobo lokuhlola ngutitshala, sukube ejonge ekufumaneni inkqubela phambili yomfund; akulindwa de ube mnni zi umsebenzi, ze kunikwe uvavanyo emva koko; kuye kunikwe nengxelo ngohlobo olwakhayo, nolungamtyhafisiyo umfund;

**ukukrwaqula ukhawulezisa** - kuxa ubani ebalekisa amehlo xa efunda nokuba sisinxibeletanisi mhlawumbi, esenzela nje ukufumana ulwazi oluthile, umz: - ukubalekisa nje amehlo ujonga igama elithile nenombolo yemfonomfono yomntu, okanye ukufumana ixesha emka ngalo ibhasi okanye uloliwe, xa ukrwaqula isicwangcisi-maxesha senkampani yeebhasi

**ukulandelelana nonxibeletwano olusetyenziswe ngobuchule** - kubhekisa kwindlela enokuthiimihlathi ilandeletlane ngobuchule bokuqiqisisa; obo buchule bunento yokwenza nokulandelelana kwezimvo, nto leyo yenza intsingiselo evakala kamnandi kofundayo, nophulaphuleyo; imihlathi enjalo ibonisa ulandelelwano lwezimvo, apha izivakalisi zilandeletlane ngobuchule obukhulu

**ukulawula ulwimi** - kuxa umfundu esebeenzisa ubuchule bokwazi ukuba makasebenzise liphina igama, nini, njani, kuba kutheni

**ukulungelelanisa (intetho)** - kukumisa kakuhle intetho yakho ngokulandelelanisa izimvo

**ukunamatelana/ukuyondelelana**- kukho izixhobo ezisetyenziswayo ukupuhlisa uyondelelwano phakathi kwezivakalisi, xa kusakhiwa imihlathi okanye iziqwenga; ezi zizixhobo ezifana nezimelabizo okanye amagama anokuphindaphinda into ethethwayo ngeendlela ngeendlela, umz: - Umntwana wesikolo uwenze kakuhle umsebenzi wakhe. Lo mntwana kucacile ukuba uzimisele.u-'lo mntwana' usabhekisa kwisibizo esisekuqaleni u umntwana, encedisa ukwenza olu nxibelelwano ngesiya sikhombisi u-'lo'

**ukunkqenkqezisa phambili ngabom** - xa sijonge umdlalo kamabonakude, siye sibone kukho abantu kuloo mboniso abavezwe mfiliba, ze kubekho aba bagqamileyo; aba bacacileyo ke ngabo umbhali abankqenkqezisa (ababalekisa) phambili ngabom kuba kufuneka amehlo ethu abone bona, kuba iziganeko sukube zingqamene (zijonge) nabo

**ukuphaphamisa into engaphefumliyo** - kuxa kusenziwa abantu kune nezilwanyana ezisemfanekisweni zibe ngathi ziashukuma

**ukuqalisa-** -kuxa ubani inguye oqala into, njengencoko, baze abanye babhekise phambili

**ukuqonda okunzulu** - yindlela athi ubani acazulule ngayo indlela intsingiselo yegama eyakhiwe ngayo; apha kufuneka umfundu aqonde indlela ulwimi olusetyenziswe ngayo, kwakunye namandla alo; obu bunzulu bolwimi bumenza ukuba umfundu amelane nokuqhathwa, ingakumbi kwizinto ezifana nezibhengezo/intengiso; ude ke umfundu ajonge indlela ulwimi olusetyenziswe ngononophelo ngayo

**ukuthelekelela** - kukufunda into, uze uzakhele olwakho uluvo usebeenzisa intelekelelo

**ukuthelekisa** - kuxa uthelekisa izinto ezimbini ngeenjongo zokufumana umahluko

**ukuthetha ngezandla/ngentloko** - luhlobo lokuthetha/lokujhakamshelana nomntu othile ngokusebenzisa izandla okanye unqwale nje intloko xa ubonisa ukuba uyavuma

**ukuyimela (into)** - kuxa ubonakalisa ukungajiki xa uxoxa ngento ethile, futhi uzixhase

**uluvo Iwakho** - yindlela ubani azithatha/azibona ngayo izinto

**ulwimi Iwasekhaya** (jonga nakulwimi olongezelelweyo) - olu lulwimi abantwana abalufunda ekhaya besakhula, belufunda ngokulinganisa; olu lulwimi abafunda ngalo ukucinga; ulwimi Iwasekhaya lomfundu ongumXhosa sisiXhosa

**ulwimi Iwesizwana** - olu luhlobo lolwimi olulungiselelwa isizwana esithile; olu Iwimi Iwahlukile kwezinye iimo zolo Iwimi lusukela kulo, malunga namagama asetyenziswayo, ukwakhiwa kunye nendlela abizwa ngayo

**ulwimi olongezelelweyo** - kuthethwa ngolwimi olunokufundwa ngumfundu esongeza kolo Iwakhe Iwasekhaya, umz: - umfundu olwimi Iwakhe lusisiXhosa afunde isiNgesi esongeza kwisiXhosa.

**ulwimi oluchukumisayo** - lulwimi olusetyenziswe ngendlela apha ebanga usizi deubani athi azive enosizi efuna ukulila, abe novakalelo

**ulwimi oluqhathayo** - kuxa ubani esebebenzisa ulwimi oluthile ngendlela yokuqhatha umntu, ezama mhlawumbi ukumphembelela ukuba makawele kweli lakhe icala; umzekelo uya fumaneka kwizibhengezo/iintengiso, apho kusetyenziswa ulwimi olunobuqhetseba ngamanye amaxesha; umz: - Thenga nazi izisulu, zikho namhlanje kuphela.

**ulwimi olusetyenziselwa ukuthetha ngolunye ulwimi** - kukho isigama esisetyenziswayo xa sithetha ngolwimi; oku Kubandakanya isigama esifana nala magama asetyenziswa ngabantu abafundisa ulwimi: "imeko", "isimbo sombhali", "isakhiwo sebali", "incoko yababini" nesinye isigama.

**ulwimi oluthethwa ngabantu abathile** - la ngamagama, okanye isimbo, igrana okanye indlela ubani alinyusa ngayo ilizwi; la magama asetyenziswa ngabantu abathile, okanye ababhali abathile kwiimo okanye iimeko ezahlukeneyo, umz: - xa kubhalwa iletu yobuhlobo okanye yasebuRhulumenteni, ulwimi olusetyenziswayo alufani; kanti naxa uthetha nomntu omdala kunawe, awusebenzisi Iwimi lunye njengaxa uthetha nontanga wakho

**umabizwafane** - ligama elibizwa, lipelwe ngokufana nelinye, kodwa libe lahlukile ngentsingiselo umz: - idolo, eli siguqa ngalo; idolo eliligobe kwindlela yemoto

**umatshini wokubonisa umboniso bhanya-bhanya** - izixhobo ezisetyenziswa xa kusenziwa umboniso bhanya-bhanya, njengokukhanya okanye uhlolo lokufota oluthile

**umbuzo-buciko** - luhlobo lombuzo olungalindeli mpendulo xa lubuzwa; kwenzelwa nje ukugxinisa. umz: - Nithi ndihlalele ni ndingafi nje?

**umfanekiso-ntelekelelo** - kuxa kusetyenziswa amagama adala imifanekiso ezingqondweni zethu njengokusebenzisa izifaniso, izikweko, izimntwisi namanye amagama adala umfanekiso engqondweni yomntu.

**umgqalisela** - xa kusithiwa unomgqalisela wentu kuthethwa ukuba uyijonge ngemehlo elibukhali neliqaphelayo, umz: - umfundu kufuneka xa efunda abe nomgqalisela wezinto ezithile ukuze akulandele akufundayo, aze athi naxa ehlolwa akukhumbule abekufundile nabekubonile; makaqwalasele, aqaphele ke lilonke

**umlinganiselo** - esi sisikali esibonisa ukuba umfundu uphumelele kangakanani na ngokwemilinganiselo ebekiweyo, nevuniweyo, milinganiselo leyo echazwe kakuhle, ngaphantsi kwesahluko sesine kwinqanaba ngalinye

**umongo** - **kukujonga ukuba incwadi leyo uyifundayo, isicatshulwa okanye umbongo ungantoni .**

**umqobo** - yinto ethintela ukuba ubani akwazi ukwenza into, umz: - ulwimi lungangumqobo osendleleni yomntu xa abantu bolo Iwimi bethetha wena ungeva, okanye umfundu ongalulandeliyo ulwimi lokufunda nokufundisa angazibona engaqhubi kakuhle kwizifundo zakhe, ngaloo ndlela lungumqobo endleni yakhe eya kwimpumeleloU

**umqondiso/isimboli** - yinto esetyenziswa imele into ethile, umz: - ihobe ngumqondiso woxolo

**umtsalane** - yinto eyenza umdla kulowo ubukeleyo, iyakutsala ke ngamanye amazwi

**umtsalane othambekele ecaleni** - le yindlela athi ubani abonakalise ukuba nomkhetho wento ethile, yingcingane, kungenjalo uluwo oluthile, nto leyo enokukwenza ubunzima ukuveza isiggibo esifanelekileyo nesanelisayo ngento ethile

**umxholo** – yeyona mbono ingundoqo kubhalo loncwadi; isicatshulwa singanemixholwana emininzi, eminye kuyo ingacaci gca ibe selubala

**unxibelewano ngeendlela ngeendlela** - zezi zinxibelelanisi ziymizobo ziqulethe imiyalezo, ezifana neefilim, imifanekiso, iikhathuni, imizobo, njalo njalo

**uphindaphindo Iwezandi ezifanayo** - kwizibongo kunokuphindaphindwa izandi ezifanayo, nokuba ngamaqabane okanye izikhamiso, umz: - lqaqa liziqikaqika kuqaqaqa.

**usetyenziso Iwamagama amaninzi angeyomfuneko** -kuxa kusetyenziswa amagama, iziqwengana okanye izivakalisi ebezinokushiywa, ukuze ke naxa sezide zashiywa, kuye kungabikho nto ivakalayo

**uvumephika** - kukusetyenziswa kwezimvo ezimbini ezichaseneyo

**uvuthondaba** - kuxa kufikelelwe kwelona nqanaba liphezulu ebalini, nqanaba elo lonwabisayo, liphuhlisayo, nelibalulekileyo; apha sukube kungekho kubuya ngamva ebalini.





