

Curriculum and Assessment Policy Statement:

Grades 8 and 9

Services Subjects

Consumer Studies

Food Production,
Needlework Production:

- Clothing & Soft Furnishing Production
 - Patchwork & Quilting Production
 - Knitting & Crocheting Production

Contents

SECTIO	N 1
1.1	Background1
1.2	Overview1
1.2	General aims of the South African Curriculum
1.3	Time Allocation
1.4.1	Foundation Phase4
1.4.2	Intermediate Phase5
1.4.3	Senior Phase5
1.4.4	Grades 10-126
SECTIO	N 2
2.2	Specific aims of Consumer Studies
2.3	Time Allocation for Consumer Studies8
2.4	Resources: Infrastructure, furniture, equipment and finances required to offer Grades 8 and 9 Consumer Studies
2.4.1	Food Production
2.4.2	Needlework production
2.5	Financial Resources required to offer Consumer Studies in Grades 8 and 9
2.6	Books and Magazines
2.7	Create awareness of Career opportunities
SECTIO	N 316
3.1 Co	ontent overview16

	3.2	Practical work: Practical Lessons and Practical Assessment Task (PAT)17	7
	3.3	Annual Teaching Plans (ATP) for Grades 8 &9 Consumer Studies	7
	3.4	Content outline per term	0
	3.4.1	Food Production	0
	3.4.2	Clothing / Soft Furnishing Production	4
	3.4.3	Patchwork and Quilting Production	8
	3.4.3	Knitting and Crocheting Production6	1
9	SECTIO	N 46	1
	4.1	Introduction	3
	4.2	Informal or Daily Assessment73	3
	4.3	Formal Assessment74	4
	4.4	Types of Formal Assessment Tasks83	3
	4.5	Recording and Reporting86	6
	4.6	Moderation of Assessment87	7
	4.7	General88	8

SECTION 1

Introduction to the Curriculum and Assessment Policy Statement: Vocational Grade 8 and 9 Consumer Studies

1.1 Background

The National Curriculum Statement Grades R-12 (NCS) stipulates policy on curriculum and assessment in the schooling sector.

To improve implementation, the National Curriculum Statement was amended, with the amendments coming into effect in January 2012. A single comprehensive Curriculum and Assessment Policy document was developed for each subject to replace Subject statements, Learning Programme Guidelines and Subject Assessment Guidelines in Grades R-12.

1.2 Overview

- (a) The National Curriculum Statement Grades R 12 (January 2012) represents a policy statement for learning and teaching in South African schools and comprises the following:
 - (i) National Curriculum and Assessment Policy Statements for each approved school subject.
 - (ii) The policy document, National policy pertaining to the programme and promotion requirements of the National Curriculum Statement Grades R-12; and
 - (iii) The policy document, National Protocol for Assessment Grades R 12 (January 2012).
- (b) The *National Curriculum Statement Grades R 12 (January 2012)* replaces the two current national curricula statements, namely the
 - (i) Revised National Curriculum Statement Grades R 9, Government Gazette No. 23406 of 31 May 2002, and
 - (ii) National Curriculum Statement Grades 10 12 Government Gazettes, No. 25545 of 6 October 2003 and No. 27594 of 17 May 2005.
- (c) The national curriculum statements contemplated in subparagraphs (a) and (b) comprise the following policy documents which will be incrementally repealed by the *National Curriculum Statement Grades R 12 (January 2012)* during the period 2012-2014:

- (i) The Learning Area/Subject Statements, Learning Programme Guidelines and Subject Assessment Guidelines for Grades R 9 and Grades 10 12;
- (ii) The policy document, National Policy on assessment and qualifications for schools in the General Education and Training Band d, promulgated in Government Notice No. 124 in Government Gazette No. 29626 of 12 February 2007;
- (iii) The policy document, the *National Senior Certificate: A qualification at Level 4 on the National Qualifications Framework (NQF)*, promulgated in *Government Gazette No.27819* of 20 July 2005;
- (iv) The policy document, an addendum to the policy document, the National Senior Certificate: A qualification at Level 4 on the National Qualifications Framework (NQF), regarding learners with special needs, published in Government Gazette, No.29466 of 11 December 2006, is incorporated in the policy document, National policy pertaining to the programme and promotion requirements of the National Curriculum Statement Grades R 12; and
- (v) The policy document, an addendum to the policy document, the National Senior Certificate: A qualification at Level 4 on the National Qualifications Framework (NQF), regarding the National Protocol for Assessment (Grades R 12), promulgated in Government Notice No.1267 in Government Gazette No. 29467 of 11 December 2006.
- (d) The policy document, *National policy pertaining to the programme and promotion requirements of the National Curriculum Statement Grades* R-12, and the sections on the Curriculum and Assessment Policy as contemplated in Chapters 2, 3 and 4 of this document constitute the norms and standards of the *National Curriculum Statement Grades* R-12. It will therefore, in terms of *section 6A* of the *South African Schools Act, 1996 (Act No. 84 of 1996,)* form the basis for the Minister of Basic Education to determine minimum outcomes and standards, as well as the processes and procedures for the assessment of learner achievement to be applicable to public and independent schools.

1.2 General aims of the South African Curriculum

(a) The *National Curriculum Statement Grades R - 12* gives expression to the knowledge, skills and values worth learning in South African schools. This curriculum aims to ensure that children acquire and apply knowledge and skills in ways that are meaningful to their own lives. In this regard, the curriculum promotes knowledge in local contexts, while being sensitive to global imperatives.

(b) The National Curriculum Statement Grades R - 12 serves the purposes of:

 equipping learners, irrespective of their socio-economic background, race, gender, physical ability or intellectual ability, with the knowledge, skills and values necessary for self-fulfilment, and meaningful participation in society as citizens of a free country;

- providing access to higher education.
- facilitating the transition of learners from education institutions to the workplace; and
- providing employers with a sufficient profile of a learner's competences.

(c) The National Curriculum Statement Grades R - 12 is based on the following principles:

- Social transformation: ensuring that the educational imbalances of the past are redressed, and that equal educational opportunities are provided for all sections of the population.
- Active and critical learning: encouraging an active and critical approach to learning, rather than rote and uncritical learning of given truths,
 - High knowledge and high skills: the minimum standards of knowledge and skills to be achieved at each grade are specified and set high, achievable standards in all subjects;
- Progression: content and context of each grade shows progression from simple to complex;
- Human rights, inclusivity, environmental and social justice: infusing the principles and practices of social and environmental justice and human rights as defined in the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa. The National Curriculum Statement Grades R 12 is sensitive to issues of diversity such as poverty, inequality, race, gender, language, age, disability and other factors;
- Valuing indigenous knowledge systems: acknowledging the rich history and heritage
 of this country as important contributors to nurturing the values contained in the
 Constitution; and
- Credibility, quality and efficiency: providing an education that is comparable in quality, breadth and depth to those of other countries.

(d) The National Curriculum Statement Grades R - 12 aims to produce learners that are able to:

- identify and solve problems and make decisions using critical and creative thinking;
- work effectively as individuals and with others as members of a team;
- organise and manage themselves and their activities responsibly and effectively;
- collect, analyse, organise and critically evaluate information;

- communicate effectively using visual, symbolic and/or language skills in various modes;
- use science and technology effectively and critically showing responsibility towards the environment and the health of others; and
- demonstrate an understanding of the world as a set of related systems by recognising that problem solving contexts do not exist in isolation.
- (e) **Inclusivity** should become a central part of the organisation, planning and teaching at each school. This can only happen if all teachers have a sound understanding of how to recognise and address barriers to learning, and how to plan for diversity.

The key to managing inclusivity is ensuring that barriers are identified and addressed by all the relevant support structures within the school community, including teachers, District-Based Support Teams, Institutional-Level Support Teams, parents and Special Schools as Resource Centres. To address barriers in the classroom, teachers should use various curriculum differentiation strategies such as those included in the Department of Basic Education's *Guidelines for Inclusive Teaching and Learning* (2010).

1.3 Time Allocation

1.4.1 Foundation Phase

(a) The instructional time in the Foundation Phase is as follows:

Subject	Grade R (Hours)	Grades 1-2 (Hours)	Grade 3 (Hours)
Home Language	10	7/8	7/8
First Additional Language		2/3	3/4
Mathematics	7	7	7
Life Skills	6	6	7
Beginning Knowledge	(1)	(1)	(2)
Creative Arts	(2)	(2)	(2)
Physical Education	(2)	(2)	(2)
Personal and Social Well-being	(1)	(1)	(1)
Total	23	23	25

- (b) Instructional time for Grades R, 1 and 2 is 23 hours and for Grade 3 is 25 hours.
- (c) Ten hours are allocated for languages in Grades R-2 and 11 hours in Grade 3. A maximum of 8 hours and a minimum of 7 hours are allocated for Home Language and a minimum of 2 hours and a maximum of 3 hours for Additional Language in Grades R 2. In Grade 3 a maximum of

8 hours and a minimum of 7 hours are allocated for Home Language and a minimum of 3 hours and a maximum of 4 hours for First Additional Language.

(d) In Life Skills Beginning Knowledge is allocated 1 hour in Grades R – 2 and 2 hours as indicated by the hours in brackets for Grade 3.

1.4.2 Intermediate Phase

The instructional time in the Intermediate Phase is as follows:

Subject	Hours		
Home Language	6		
First Additional Language	5		
Mathematics	6		
Natural Science and Technology	3,5		
Social Sciences	3		
Life Skills	4		
Creative Arts	(1,5)		
Physical Education	(1)		
Personal and Social Well-being	(1,5)		
Total	27,5		

1.4.3 Senior Phase

(a) The instructional time in the Senior Phase is as follows:

Subject	Hours			
Home Language	5			
First Additional Language	4			
Mathematics	4,5			
Natural Science	3			
Social Sciences	3			
Technology	2			
Economic Management Sciences	2			
Life Orientation	2			
Arts and Culture	2			
A maximum of two subjects can be selected from the list of thirteen Elective Vocational subjects to replace any two of the following: Technology, Creative Arts and/or Economic and Management Sciences. The instructional time for these subjects is 2 hours each.				
Total	27,5			

Elective Vocational Subjects (Not more than 2)

Agricultural Studies	Time Allocation per week:
2. Art and Design	2 hours each
3. Digital Technology	
Early Childhood Development	
5. Mechanical Technology	
6. Electrical Technology	
7. Civil Technology	
8. Personal Care: Hairdressing, Nail and Beauty Technology	
Services: Hospitality Studies	
10. Services: Maintenance and Upholstery	
11. Services: Consumer Studies:	
Food Production OR Needlework Production	
12. Wholesale and Retail Studies	

1.4.4 Grades 10-12

(a) The instructional time in Grades 10-12 is as follows:

Subject	Time allocation per week (hours)
I. Home Language	4.5
II. First Additional Language	4.5
III. Mathematics	4.5
IV. Life Orientation	2
V. A minimum of any three subjects selected from Group B <u>Annexure B, Tables B1-B8</u> of the policy document, <u>National policy pertaining to the</u> programme and promotion requirements of the National Curriculum Statement Grades R – 12, subject to the provisos stipulated in paragraph 28 of the said policy document.	12 (3x4h)

The allocated time per week may be utilised only for the minimum required NCS subjects as specified above, and may not be used for any additional subjects added to the list of minimum subjects. Should a learner wish to offer additional subjects, additional time must be allocated for the offering of these subjects.

SECTION 2

INTRODUCTION TO CONSUMER STUDIES

2.1 The subject Consumer Studies

Consumer Studies focuses on the development of knowledge and skills to become responsible and informed consumers of food, clothing. Consumer Studies aims to teach learners to make informed decisions, make optimal use of resources to improve human well-being. It also includes entrepreneurship and the production and marketing of quality products for selling to encourage self-employment. The subject is underpinned by Hygiene, Health & Safety applications.

Topics to be studied in Consumer Studies

Theory

- 1. The Consumer
- 2. Food and Nutrition
- 3. Clothing
- 4. Entrepreneurship

Practical tasks

A school chooses ONE of the following options for small scale production for either Food or Needlework production as illustrated below.

Food Production	Needlework Production			
Food	Clothing	Soft Furnishing	Patch Work & Quilting	Knitting and Crocheting

2.2 Specific aims of Consumer Studies

In Grades 8 and 9 Consumer Studies the learner will study:

- Consumer rights and responsibilities
- Responsible buying behaviour
- Responsible use of resources such as water and electricity
- Nutrition and the impact of food choices on health
- Read and interpret labels on food & needlework products to make informed consumer decisions.
- Entrepreneurship qualities of a good entrepreneur, choosing items for small scale production, marketing strategies, costing, contribution of the entrepreneur to the economy of SA

Small scale production and marketing of quality marketable products

2.3 Time Allocation for Consumer Studies

- The compulsory teaching time is **two hours** per week.
- 90 Minutes of this allocated time must be a continuous period for practical work.
- The remaining 30 minutes must be used to teach theoretical content.

2.4 Resources: Human; Infrastructure, furniture, equipment and finances required to offer Grades 8 and 9 Consumer Studies

The school must ensure that the educator offering the subject is qualified and trained. It is the responsibility of the school to ensure that prescribed infra-structure, equipment, consumables and financial resources are available to implement quality teaching and learning in the subject. For the Food Option, learners must wear aprons and mop caps during practical lessons and examinations.

It is compulsory for a school registered to offer Consumer Studies to have access to:

- The prescribed infra-structure and equipment to offer the subject.
- A first aid kit for emergencies.
- Safety rules and signs in the training kitchen/needlework room.

It is highly recommended that schools have access to the following:

- a laptop and data projector to expose learners to current trends and to access teaching and learning resources.
- a trolley with lockdown wheels for display and demonstration of teaching resources and equipment for practical lessons.

Notes to consider for the selection of the practical option for the school.

- The choice of the practical option must be informed by the infrastructure and available finances of the school.
- Schools should not offer food production to more than 32 learners per class, as it becomes a hygiene and safety risk when doing practical lessons.
- The number of stoves/ sewing machines must be in proportion to the number of learners. It is highly recommended that 2 learners be allocated per stove/sewing machine. For overlockers, 4 learners may be allocated to one machine.
- Schools with more learners offering Consumer Studies must select another practical option or consider appointing a second teacher to accommodate the number of learners.

2.4.1 Food Production

A. The Training Kitchen

The context of the school will determine the number and type of equipment to procure. The subject requires the planning, preparation and production of food items for selling.

Appliances and equipment for the Training Kitchen

All appliances and equipment must be available for 12-16 learners to work simultaneously.

- Eight stoves to accommodate 16 learners (two learners per stove)
- Double wash sinks or 2 wash basins (plastic or metal) per workstation
- Hot and cold-water to be supplied to the sinks or wash basins
- An urn for boiling water in case hot water is not available
- Cupboards with shelves or open shelf storage space
- Electricity and or gas supply
- Wall plugs at each workstation for electrical equipment:
 - o Kettle/Urn
 - Electrical hand beater/mixers
 - Deep fryers, Air fryers, Blenders
- Microwave ovens are highly recommended
- Electricity supply must be sufficient for all stoves and electrical equipment to operate simultaneously
- The kitchen must be equipped with easy to clean work surfaces for each workstation
- A storeroom large enough to store dry ingredients and equipment should be available
- Storerooms must have a safety door and burglar proof windows as well as a burglar proof ceiling, and an alarm system should be installed
- Appliances such as a fridge or freezer/fridge and/or chest freezer must be available
- Trolleys to push ingredients and equipment out of the storeroom for practical lessons is advisable
- All the necessary kitchen equipment and kitchen smalls for preparing food items.
- Different types and size pots and pans, cake tins, tart and pie plates;
- Electrical equipment such as mixers, deep fryers; air fryers.

- Small kitchen equipment such as egg lifters, large spoons, chef's knives, peeling knives, cutting boards, tin openers, mixing bowls, measuring equipment, kitchen scales, cups, saucers, dish plates, different spoons, knives and forks. etc.
- Colour-coded bins for an effective waste management system is highly recommended.

B Theory Classroom

- A classroom with desks and chairs is required to teach the theory for Consumer
 Studies. The training kitchen may not be used as a classroom for teaching of theory,
 to comply with principles for health, hygiene and critical cross point contamination.
- Teaching and learning takes place in an environmentally friendly space where sustainable practices can be taught and implemented effectively.

2.4.2 Needlework production

A The Needlework Room

The context of the school will determine the number and type of equipment to procure. The subject requires the planning, preparation and production of needlework items for selling.

(i) Needlework Room for Clothing & Soft Furnishing

Appliances and equipment for the Sewing Room

All appliances and equipment must be available for 12-16 learners to work simultaneously.

- A large, well-ventilated classroom with a storeroom, cupboards and electricity supply is required
- Large tables for cutting and sewing are essential
- Chairs for all learners are needed
- Electrical zig-zag sewing machines must be available; (two learners share a machine)
- Over lockers are required; (four learners share an over locker.)
- Consumables should be made available such as machine needles and machine bobbins etc.

- Electricity supply at each workstation is required and enough wall plugs, and extension cords must be provided. (Electricity supply must be sufficient for all machines and electrical equipment to operate simultaneously)
- · At least 4 steam irons and two ironing boards
- Small sewing equipment such as scissors, needles, pins, cotton are needed
- Burglar bars on all windows and doors of the classroom and storeroom must be installed.
- · An alarm system is recommended
- · Wash basins/sinks must be available for the washing of hands
- The workstations must be equipped with **easy to clean** work surfaces
- A storeroom large enough to store material and/ or equipment should be available.
- · Cupboards with shelves or open shelf storage space must be available
- Storerooms must have a **safety door** and **burglar proof windows** as well as a **burglar proof ceiling**, and an alarm system should be installed.
- Trolleys to push material and equipment out of the storeroom for practical lessons is highly recommended.
- Colour-coded bins for an effective waste management system is highly recommended.

(ii) Needlework Room for Knitting and Crocheting Production

- A special classroom is needed, with strong cupboards that can be locked.
- The following must be available;
 - Knitting needles and crocheting hooks;
 - Wool / yarn for knitting /crocheting needs to be provided by the school
 - Patterns for knitting and crocheting to be provided by the school
 - Colour-coded bins for an effective waste management system.

(iii) Needlework Room for Patchwork and / or Quilting (by machine or hand production)

- A special classroom is needed, with strong cupboards that can be locked.
- Large tables for cutting and sewing are essential
- Equipment for patchwork, such as cutting boards, scissors, rotary cutters, quilter's rulers, large table for cutting, iron and ironing boards must be supplied
- Equipment for sewing and embroidery by hand is needed;
- Patterns, fabric and thread must be available;
- Colour-coded bins for an effective waste management system is highly recommended.

B Theory Classroom

- A classroom with desks and chairs are required.
- The practical class can also be used for the teaching of theoretical content.
- Teaching and learning takes place in an environmentally friendly space where sustainable practices can be taught and implemented effectively.

2.5 Financial Resources required to offer Consumer Studies in Grades 8 and 9 Financial resources must be available to:

- complete the Practical lessons for SBA and Practical Examination for PAT as prescribed in the NCS CAPS Policy Statement for Consumer Studies.
- regularly maintain and service equipment as required.
- regularly replace equipment as required.
- give learners access to additional subject related reading material in class.
- access current global trends in the industry.
- display and access current 21st Century teaching resources.
- ensure that learners develop and strengthen 21st Century skills to bridge the gap into the workplace more effectively.

Example of a budget for Practical Lessons and the Practical Assessment Task

The budget for the following academic year should be prepared annually and be ready for submission to the financial school management team (F-SMT) end of August or at the beginning of September for approval. All evidence of the submission and feedback /approval from the F-SMT must be stamped, dated and signed. It should also be kept safely.

The following evidence must be available:

- Approved budget for the relevant academic year.
- A bookkeeping journal that reflects evidence of all income and expenditures. This is to be updated regularly to inform planning and responsible spending per quarter.
- A clear breakdown of funding should be made per grade for the following:
 - (a) ingredients / material required for the practical lessons and PAT
 - (b) maintenance of equipment
 - (c) replacement of equipment
 - (d) recipes/patterns
- All invoices and receipts of purchases.
- All receipts of additional funds that were raised/sponsored and paid into the Consumer Studies fund for practical work.

A budget must be allocated for the subject. The amount will be determined by the number of learners taking the subject in Grades 8 and 9, as well as the items to be produced in each of the respective years. The budget needs to be revised annually and must consider all resources required per year. The funding must make provision for maintenance of equipment and the replacement over the years.

The budget must allow for at least 4 practical / enabling lessons per term in Grades 8 & 9.

Grade	Number of practical lessons	Cost per practical lesson	Cost per practical exam (individual work)				
Gr 8 12		R30 per lesson	R30 per learner				
	(Provide for an increase of 10% p.a. to accommodate for yearly inflation) - *Starting 2023						
Gr 9	12	R40 per lesson	R40 per learner				
	(Provide for an increase of 10% p.a. to accommodate for yearly inflation) - *Starting 2023						

• The cost per practical lesson/practical examination must be adjusted annually, by the educator, according to inflation.

Grade	Number of learners	Number of lessons	Total cost for practical lessons	Cost for two practical examinations	Total	
Gr 8						
Gr 9						
Total for practical work to be done by learners						
Maintenar	Maintenance and/or upgrading of machines /equipment					
Purchasin	Purchasing new equipment, replacing broken articles:					
Teaching	Teaching resources					
Total inclu	Total including maintenance and new equipment					

2.6 Books and Magazines

- · Every learner must have an approved textbook.
- The teacher should have several textbooks, dictionaries and other reading material relevant to the option selected by the school.
- A number of good South African recipe /fashion/interior books should be available in the classroom.
- The school may subscribe to food/ fashion/ housing magazines to stay up to date with new trends, and to find examples that reflect these trends.

2.7 Create awareness of Career opportunities

Create an awareness of new career and occupational opportunities for learners with a foundation in Consumer Studies. Upon completion of this grade, learners will be able to become assistants with the following:

- fashion stylist
- · qualified seamstress
- · fashion consultant
- · working at a haberdashery store
- caterer
- chef
- pastry cook (for example biscuit maker and cake decorator)
- confectioner (for example chocolate and sweet maker)
- confectionary baker (for example dough, bread or cake maker)
- cook at hostel, old age home, take-away, etc.

Learners may also become entrepreneurs making and selling products from a home-based business/small scale business.

SECTION 3

OVERVIEW OF TOPICS PER TERM AND ANNUAL TEACHING PLANS

3.1 Content overview

Topic	Grade 8	Grade 9	
Introduction to Consumer Studies	Understanding the scope of Consumer Studies	Understanding the scope of Consumer Studies	
The Consumer	Definition of a consumer Consumer behaviour Consumer rights and responsibilities Consumer needs and wants. Sustainable use of water and electricity	Decision making Types of decisions Consumer rational decision-making process Sustainable consumption Sustainable consumption for electricity and water Factors influencing consumer buying behaviour	
Food and Nutrition	Composition of Food The six food groups In the SA Food Guide Pyramid South Africa's Food-Based Dietary Guidelines Functions and food sources of the main nutrients Food labelling Waste Management Functions And Food Sources Main Nutrients (Continued) Meal / menu planning & disher The Planning Of Meals Food Labelling Waste Management		
Clothing	Clothing Styles Reasons why we wear clothes Communication value of clothing Choice of clothing Figure types Wardrobe planning	Define fashion Fashion decorations and accessories Changes in fashion Clothing labels Care symbols / labels Professional appearance	
Entrepreneurship	Define entrepreneur Reasons for becoming an entrepreneur Qualities of a good entrepreneur Reasons why some entrepreneurs fail Factors to consider when choosing items / products for small scale production Career opportunities in waste management	Marketing strategies Core principles of marketing Application of marketing to products e.g., advertisements Costing Contribution of an entrepreneur towards the economy of South Africa	
Hygiene, Health & Safety	Apply good hygiene practices. Personal hygiene General Hygiene	Safety aspects of the premises Basic Safety behaviour Causes of accidents Avoiding accidents Safety signs	

3.2 Practical Tasks: Practical Lessons and Practical Assessment Task (PAT)

- The teacher demonstrates the practical lesson/skill and then learners practice the task /skill to prepare for the implementation of the task.
- Practical lessons and PAT's are performed in the training kitchen/needlework room. Offering
 the subject without the necessary infrastructure, equipment and financial resources for
 practical lessons and PAT's is not allowed.
- Omitting some of the practical lessons means that learners are deprived of the full curriculum.
- · Practical lessons form part of formal SBA assessment. See Section 4.
- A minimum of NINE (9) Practical lessons and THREE (3) Skills Tests per year for grades 8 and 9 are required.
- Exemplar Practical Lessons are indicated in the teaching plans for Grades 8 and 9.
 Suggested examples may be replaced with other examples if better suited to the context of the school.

3.3 Annual Teaching Plans (ATP) for Grades 8 & 9 Consumer Studies

Each week / five-day cycle has compulsory contact time for Grades 8 and 9
 Consumer Studies.

This includes:

- **Theory:** 30 minutes to teach the theoretical content.
- Practical Lessons: 90 minutes to teach the theory for practical and practical lessons.
- Teaching plans should be completed over a quarterly ten-week period. It is the teacher's responsibility to design and develop a work schedule.
 - The work schedule accommodates the number of weeks in each term according to the school calendar.
 - The work schedule reflects the teaching plan for the theoretical component of 30 minutes per week or 5-days per cycle, to include informal and formal assessment activities.
 - The teaching plan for the practical lessons and the PAT is also reflected on the work schedule.
- It is not compulsory to follow the sequence of content, as per ATP, within a term.
 The teacher may re-arrange to cover the content in a sequence better suited to the
 context of the school. It is compulsory that all the content in each term must be
 completed within that term.

- The infusion of the following topics throughout the teaching plans is compulsory:
 - Awareness of career opportunities / job creation
 - Awareness of service excellence
 - Awareness of self-employment/entrepreneurship
 - Awareness of implementation of sustainable and eco-friendly business practices towards controlling the effects of global warming



Curriculum and Assessment Policy Statement: Vocational

Grades 8 and 9

Consumer Studies

Food Production

3.4 Content outline per term

3.4.1 Food Production

Grade 8: Term 1

Two (2) hours per week
(Theory: 30 minutes + Practical lessons: 90 minutes)
Informal assessment such as written activities, role play, identification tests and class tests.
Formal assessment: March Control Test and 3 x Practical lessons, 1 x Skills
Test (keep marks for term 4)

SBA: Formal assessment
March Control Test 40%
Practical lessons 60%

Week	Week Topic Content		Practical work
			(3x Practical Lessons to be completed)
		-	Exemplar Practical Lessons
1	Introduction	Define Consumer	Orientation
		Studies	Training Kitchen
		 Scope of the 	Training Riconcil
		subject	 Rules and Safety procedures
		Career	Introduction to procedures to follow during
		Opportunities	practical lessons.
2	Hygiene,	Hygiene, Health &	Applying:
	Health &	Safety	· Safety Rules
	Safety	Apply good hygiene	· Basic First Aid
		practices.	Hygienic practices
		Personal hygiene	Safety precautions with electricity
		General Hygiene	Handwashing procedures
		Contoral Hygiene	_ ·
			Using a fire extinguisher and blanket
			Activity (- Group Work)
3-4	The	· Explain what a	Practical Lesson 1:
	Consumer	consumer is.	Hygiene, Health & Safety (Hand washing)
		Discuss consumer	(i i i j giorio, i i caimi di cai ci j (i i ai i a i i aci i i i gi
		behaviour.	
		Name and describe	Activity:
		the rights and	Basic kitchen equipment and utensils
		responsibilities of	
		the consumer.	Activity:
		Distinguish	Measuring equipment
		between wants and	Modeaning equipment
		needs.	
		T	Activity: (Demonstration)
			· Measuring
		consumer in the	Moderning
		South African	
		economy	

5-7	Food and Nutrition	 Understand the composition of food Understand the SIX food groups of the South African Food Guide Pyramid. Name the SA foodbased dietary guidelines 	Practical Lesson 2: Identification test Practical Lesson 3: Measuring Activity: Preparation techniques Activity: Recipe terminology (interpretation)	
8- 10	Formal Assessme			Formal Assessment.
	March Control Te	St	Skills Test 1:	
			Identification test/ Measuring and Interpret a recipe Skills Test 1: Identification test/ Measuring and Interpret a recipe	
		SBA		PAT Task 1
Formal Assessment		3x Practical lessons (60))	Skills Test 1 (20)
		March Control Test (40)		(Marks carried over to Term 4)

(Theory: Informal identifica	assessment tion tests and cla	ractical lessons: 90 minutes) such as written activities, role play,	SBA: Formal assessment June Examination: 25% Practical lessons: 75%
Week	Topic	Content	Practical lessons (Three practical lessons per term) (Exemplar Practical lessons)
1	Food and Nutrition	Name the most important functions and food examples of the following nutrients: Proteins	Activity: Batters, Dough and Mixing Techniques
		. reteme	Activity: Cooking Methods
2	Food and Nutrition	Name the most important functions and food examples of the following nutrients:	Activity: Decoration, Garnishing and Packaging
		· Carbohydrates	
3	Food and Nutrition	Name the most important functions and food examples of the following nutrients:	Practical Lesson 4: Crumpets
		Fats and oils (lipids)	
4	Food and Nutrition	Food labelling: Read and interpret food labels	Practical Lesson 5: Rock Cakes
5	Entrepre- neurship	 Define an entrepreneur Give reasons for becoming an entrepreneur. Name the qualities and characteristics of a good entrepreneur. 	
6	Entrepre- neurship	 Mention reasons why some entrepreneurs fail. List factors to consider when choosing items/products for small scale production 	Practical Lesson 6: Muffins Activity: Labelling and Packaging
7		Waste management Discuss the different career opportunities for entrepreneurship in waste management	

8-10	Formal Assessment June Control test			Formal Assessment:	
				Practical Skills Compare muffin	
				outlets and evalu	
Formal A	ssessment	SBA		PAT Task 1	
		3x Practical lessons	(60)	Skills Test 2	(20)
		June Control test (40)		(Marks carried ove	er to Term 4)

(Theory: 3 Informal a identification Formal as	assessment such in tests and class tes	al lessons: 90 minutes) as written activities, role play, ts. er Control Test and 3 x Practical Content	SBA: Formal assessment September Control Test: 40% Practical lessons: 60% Practical lessons (Three practical lessons per term) (Exemplar Practical lessons)
1	The Consumer	Discuss the sustainable use of water	Activity: Decoration, Garnishing and Packaging
2	The Consumer	Discuss the sustainable use of electricity	Practical Lesson 7: Pancakes
3-7	Clothing	 Identify the different clothing styles Give reasons for wearing clothes Identify and explain the communication values of clothing Choice of clothing: Physical appearance Personality Lifestyle Available finances Figure Types Wardrobe planning 	Activity: Variations of Pancakes Practical Lesson 8: Fritters Practical Lesson 9: Vetkoek Activity: Advertisement
8-10	Formal Assessme September Control		Formal Assessment Skills Test 3: Design an advertisement for your product
Formal As	sessment	SBA 3x Practical lessons (60) September Control Test (40)	PAT Task 1 Skills Test 3 (20) (Marks carried over to Term 4)

Grade 8: Term 4

(Theory 3	2 hours per week (Theory 30 minutes + Practical lessons 1.5 hours per week) Informal assessment: Such as written activities, role play, case studies, identification tests, class tests. Review and reinforcement activities					
Week	Topic		tent	Practical lessons (Three practical lessons per term) (Exemplar Practical lessons)		
1-3	•	Learning Task d selling a product.)			
	Plan a 'Pop up	Stall' to serve and so	ell dough or batter pr	oducts.		
	Consider the f	ollowing:				
	 Location of 	the stall.				
	· Lay-out of the stall					
	· Hygiene an	d safety				
	· Permitted h	eating medium for th	ne area. (E.g. Gas gr	id or flat top or electrical frying pan		
	or charcoal	/ wood.				
	· Products will be available for learners & educators to buy					
4-7	Revision					
8-10	Formal Asses November Exa		Formal Assessme PAT Task 2 Project based Lea (Marketing and sell	rning Task		

	Term 4: Promotion mark for Grade 8					
School b	pased Assessment (SBA)	Practical Assessment Task (PAT)	End-of-Year Examination			
	60%	20%	20%			
Term 1:	100	PAT Task 1	November Examination			
Term 2:	100	Skills Test 1+2+3 (60) (20+20+20)	80 marks ÷ 4 = 20			
Term 3:	100	PAT Task 2 Project based Learning (20)				
Convert to 60		Convert to 20	Convert to 20			

	hours per week	inal laccana: 00 minutes)	SBA: Formal assessment
(Theory: 30 minutes + Practical lessons: 90 minutes) Informal assessment such as written activities, role play, identification tests and class tests. Formal assessment: March Control Test and 3 x Practical			March Control Test: 40% Practical lessons: 60%
FUIIIIai	lessons	II Control Test and 3 x Fractical	Practical lessons: 60%
Week	Topic	Content	Practical lessons (Three practical lessons per term) (Exemplar Practical lessons)
1	Introduction	Introduction to Consumer Studies Define Consumer Studies Career pathways	Orientation Career pathways Guest Speaker Introduce new careers
2	Hygiene, Health & Safety	Hygiene, Health & Safety in the workplace:	Orientate the learners in the training kitchen
		Basic Safety behaviour Causes of accidents Avoiding accidents Safety Signs .	Activity: Safety rules and precautions Practical Lesson 1 Hygiene, Health & Safety
3-4	The Consumer	BASELINE ASSESSMENT:	Activity:
		Sustainable consumption	· Kitchen Equipment and utensils
		Decision Making	Activity (demonstration) Measuring
		 Define the term 'decision-making'. Name the different types of decisions. Rational decision-making process 	Practical Lesson 2 · Kitchen equipment and measuring Activity: · Gingerbread men
		Sustainable consumption Decisions for sustainable consumption Good buying habits for sustainable consumption	

5-8	Food & Nutrition	Name the functions and food	Activity:	
		sources of the following	Preparation Techniques	
		micronutrients: VITAMINS Water soluble vitamins Fat soluble vitamins MINERALS Iron	Activity: Terminology Practical Lesson 3: Recipe Interpretation	
		o Phosphorus		
		○ Calcium		
_		· WATER		
9	Revision			
10	Formal Assess	ment	Formal Assessment	
	March Control	est	Skills Test 1: Hygiene and Safety	
SB		SBA	PAT Task 1	
Formal	Assessment	3x Practical lessons (60)	Skills Test 1 (20)	
Ma		March Control Test (40)	(Marks carried over to Term 4)	

T (0)	h		CDA: Farmal accessment
	hours per week 30 minutes + Praction	SBA: Formal assessment	
	assessment suc	June Examination: 40%	
	tion tests and class to	Practical lessons: 60%	
Formal a	assessment: June Co		
			Practical lessons
Week	Topic	Content	(Three practical lessons per term)
			(Exemplar Practical lessons)
1	Hygiene, Health	Discuss the management of waste	Dough
	& Safety	 Management of waste 	
		· Re-using waste	· Classification
		Natural resources	
		· Reduction of waste	Cooking methods
		Entrepreneurial opportunities in	
			Activity:
		waste management	Decoration, Garnishing and
			Packing
2-7	Entrepre-	Baseline Assessment	
- '	neurship	Introduction to	Learners will be able to:
	•	Entrepreneurship	Observe a demonstration given
			by the teacher on biscuits.
		Mention factors to consider	Analyse the given recipe.
		when choosing items / products	Complete the preparation
		for small scale production	sheet, for biscuits
		Tot striail scale production	Do costing on recipe of biscuits
		List the same principles of	· Do costing on recipe of biscuits
		List the core principles of	Practical Lesson 4:
		marketing	1 radiidai Ecssoii 4.
		Distinguish between THREE	
		different marketing strategies:	Produce quality marketable
		 Target marketing 	Biscuits
		 Mass marketing 	
		 Market segmentation 	Lagrage will be able to
			Learners will be able to:
		 Name the costs that make up 	
		the selling price of a	Observe a demonstration given
		product/item etc.	by the teacher on jam squares
			Analyse the given recipe
		Discuss the entrepreneur 's	Complete the preparation
		contribution towards the	sheet. for jam squares, pizza
		economy of South Africa.	Do costing on recipe of jam
		Coording of Count Amea.	squares
			,
			Practical Lesson 5:
			i idoliodi Ecocoli o.

				Produce quality marketable Jam Squares/ Pizza
				Practical Lesson 6 · Roly-Poly
8	Revision			
9-10	Formal Asses	sment		Formal Assessment
	June Control	test		Formal Assessment Skills Test 2: Waste management
Formal Assessment		SBA 3x Practical lessons June Examination	(60) (40)	PAT Task 1 Skills Test 2 (20) (Marks carried over to Term 4)

Two (2) hours per week (Theory: 30 minutes + Practical lessons: 90 minutes) Informal assessment such as written activities, role play, identification tests and class tests. Formal assessment: September Control Test and 3 x Practical lessons			SBA: Formal assessment September Control Test: 40% Practical lessons: 60%
Week	Topic	Content	Practical lessons (Three practical lessons per term) (Exemplar Practical lessons)
1	Entrepre- neurship	Marketing Apply marketing to a product e.g. advertisement	Classify flour mixtures as dough Classify doughs with examples (soft and stiff dough) Mixing methods and techniques Activity: Design a label for a food product.
2	Entrepre- neurship	Marketing Apply marketing to a product e.g. advertisement Design an advertisement for your business	Practical Lesson 7 Jam Squares Learners will be able to: Observe a demonstration given by the teacher on Koeksisters. Analyse the given recipe. Complete the preparation sheet. for Koeksisters Do costing on recipe for Koeksisters
3-7	Clothing	 Terminology What is fashion? Define the fashion styles: fashion, fad, and classic fashion styles. Distinguish between fashion decorations and accessories. Name the factors that influence fashion change List professional appearance for the world of work 	Practical Lesson 8 Produce quality marketable Koeksisters/ Biscuits Learners will be able to: Observe a demonstration given by the teacher on Pancakes Analyse the given recipe Complete the preparation sheet for Pancakes Do costing on recipe for Pancakes Practical Lesson 9 Produce quality marketable Pancakes

					Learners will be able to: Observe a Vetkoek demonstration given by the teacher Analyse the given recipe. Complete the preparation sheet. for Vetkoek Do costing on recipe for Vetkoek (Dishes may be replaced with similar examples) Practical Lesson Produce quality marketable Vetkoek
8	Revision				
9-10	Formal Asses September Cor				Formal Assessment Skills Test 3: Costing of a product
Formal Assessment		SBA 3x Practical lessons September Control Test	(60) (40)	Ski	T Task 1 ills Test 3 (20) arks carried over to Term 4)

2 hours per week

(Theory 30 minutes + Practical lessons 1.5 hours per week)
Informal assessment: Such as written activities, role play, case studies, identification tests, class tests.

Review and reinforcement activities					
Week	Topic	Content	Practical lessons (Three practical lessons per term) (Exemplar Practical lessons)		
1-3	Project based Learning Task (Marketing and selling a product) Plan a 'Pop up Stall' on the school premises to serve and sell dough or batter products.				
	Consider the following:				
	 Renting a Stall from the school Location of the stall. Lay-out of the stall Hygiene and safety Permitted heating medium for the area. (e g. Gas grid or flat top or electrical frying pan or charcoal / wood. Products will be available for learners, teachers and community to buy 				
4-7	Revision				
8-10	Formal Assess November Exa	sment Imination (External)	Formal Assessment PAT Task 2 Project based Learning Task (Marketing and selling a product)		

Term 4: Promotion mark for Grade 9				
School based Assessment (SBA)	Practical Assessment Task (PAT) External Task	End-of-Year Examination External Task		
60%	20%	20%		
Term 1 : 100	PAT Task 1	November Examination		
Term 2 : 100	Skills Test 1+2+3 (60) (20+20+20)	80 marks ÷ 4 = 20		
Term 3 : 100	PAT Task 2			
Total = 300 ÷ 3	Project based learning (20)			
Convert to 60	Convert to 20	Convert to 20		



Curriculum and Assessment Policy Statement: Vocational

Grades 8 & 9

CONSUMER STUDIES

Needlework Production for Clothing or Soft Furnishing Production

3.4.2 Clothing / Soft Furnishing Production

(Theory: 30 Informal as tests and cl	urs per week) minutes + Practical lessessment such as wrass tests. sessment: March Contr	SBA: Formal assessment March Control Test 40% Practical lessons 60%	
Week	Topic	Content	Practical work (3x Practical Lessons to be completed) Exemplar Practical Lessons
1	Introduction	Define Consumer Studies Scope of the subjectCareer Opportunities	Orientation to a Sewing room: Orientate and introduce the learners in the workplace
2	Hygiene, Health & Safety	 Hygiene, Health & Safety Apply good hygiene practices. Personal hygiene General Hygiene 	Hygiene, Health & Safety · Sewing room hygiene Practical Lesson 1: · Personal Hygiene, health and safety
3-4	The Consumer	 Explain what a consumer is. Discuss consumer behaviour. Name and describe the rights and responsibilities of the consumer. Distinguish between wants and needs. The role of the consumer in the South African economy 	Activity: Safety in the sewing room (Group work) Activity: Basic sewing equipment Practical Lesson 2: Identification of Needlework equipment and tools Activity: Using measuring equipment

Week	Topic	Conte	ent	Practical lessons (Three practical lessons per term) (Exemplar Practical lessons)
5-7	Food and Nutrition	 Understand the of food Understand the groups of the S Food Guide Py Name the SA for dietary guideling 	e SIX food South African ramid. ood-based	Practical Lesson 3: Measuring equipment and tools Explain and demonstrate: Basic Hand stitches for sewing and embroidery Activity:
				Activity: Application of basic hand stitches for sewing and embroidery on an article
8	Revision			
9-10	Formal Assessme March Control Test		Formal Assessment Skills Test 1 — Basic hand stitches for sewing and embroidery on swatches	
		SBA		PAT Task 1
Formal Assessment			(40)	Skills Test 1 (20) (Marks carried over to Term 4)

	hours per week		SBA: Formal assessment
Informal identifica	l assessment ation tests and cl	ractical lessons: 90 minutes) such as written activities, role play, ass tests. ne Control Test and 3 x Practical lessons	June Control test: 40% Practical lessons: 60%
Week	Topic	Content	Practical lessons (Three practical lessons per term) (Exemplar Practical lessons)
1	Food and Nutrition	Name the most important functions and food examples of the following nutrients: Proteins	Activity: The sewing machine, functions, parts, threading
2	Food and Nutrition	Name the most important functions and food examples of the following nutrients: Carbohydrates	Practical Lesson 4 The Sewing Machine: parts, functions, thread, winding bobbin.
3	Food and Nutrition	Name the most important functions and food examples of the following nutrients: • Fats and oils (lipids)	Activity Learn how to sew with a Sewing Machine
4	Food and Nutrition	Food labelling: Read and interpret food labels	Practical lesson 5: The sewing licences Activity: How to use the commercial patterns: pattern envelope, instruction sheet, pattern markings and laying out of pattern on fabric.
5	Entre- preneur	 Define an entrepreneur Give reasons for becoming an entrepreneur. Name the qualities and characteristics of a good entrepreneur. 	Seams: open single seam closed single seam Apply: Sew different seams on an article

6	Entrepre- neurship	Mention reasons why some entrepreneurs fail. List factors to consider when choosing items/products for small scale production	Practical lesson 5: The sewing licences Activity: How to use the commercial patterns: pattern envelope, instruction sheet, pattern markings and laying out of pattern on fabric.
7	Entrepre- neurship	Waste management Discuss the different career opportunities for entrepreneurship in waste management	Seams: open single seam closed single seam Apply: Sew different seams on an article
	Revision		
0.40	Formal Asses	sment	Formal Assessment:
9-10 June Control		est	Skills Test 2: Evaluate a label for a product
Formal A	Assessment	SBA	PAT Task 1
		3x Practical lessons (60) June Examination (40)	Skills Test 2 (20) (Marks carried over to Term 4)

Two (2) hours per week (Theory: 30 minutes + Practical lessons: 90 minutes) Informal assessment such as written activities, role play, identification tests and class tests. Formal assessment: September Control Test and 3 x Practical lessons			SBA: Formal assessment September Control Test: 40% Practical lessons: 60% Practical lessons
Week	Topic	Content	(Three practical lessons per term) (Exemplar Practical lessons)
1	The Consumer	Discuss the sustainable use of water	Seams: - enclosed single seam - the shaped facing
2	The Consumer	Discuss the sustainable use of electricity	Practical lesson 7: Seams: The enclosed single seam on a sampler
3-7	Clothing	 Identify the different clothing styles Give reasons for wearing clothes Identify and explain the communication values of clothing Choice of clothing: Physical appearance Personality Lifestyle Available finances Figure Types Wardrobe planning 	Activity Activity Hems: sampler Practical lesson 8: Hems on article / garment Activity Labels and care labels Practical lesson 9 Clothing labels, care symbols and packaging
8	Revision		
9-10	Formal Assessmen September Control		Formal Assessment: Skills Test 3 Make an enclosed single seam on an article / garment
Formal Assessment SBA 3x Practical lessons (60) September Control Test (40)		3x Practical lessons (60) September Control Test	PAT Task 1 Skills Test 3 (20) (Marks carried over to Term 4)

(Theory 3	2 hours per week (Theory 30 minutes + Practical lessons 1.5 hours per week) Informal assessment: Such as written activities, role play, case studies, identification tests, class tests. Review and reinforcement activities					
Week	Topic		tent	Practical lessons (Three practical lessons per term) (Exemplar Practical lessons)		
1-3	•	Learning Task d selling a product)			
	Plan a 'Pop up	Stall' to serve and s	ell a relevant product	i.		
	Consider the t	following:				
	· Location of	the stall.				
	· Lay-out of t	the stall				
	· Hygiene and safety					
	Permitted heating medium for the area. (E.g. Gas grid or flat top or electrical frying pan					
	or charcoal	/ wood.				
	· Products w	ill be available for le	arners & educators to	o buy		
4-7	Revision					
8-10	Formal Assess November Exa		Formal Assessmen PAT Task 2 Project based Learn (Marketing and sell	ning Task		

Term 4: Promotion mark for Grade 8				
School based Assessment (SBA)	Practical Assessment Task (PAT)	End-of-Year Examination		
60%	20%	20%		
Term 1 : 100	PAT Task 1	November Examination		
Term 2 : 100	Skills Test 1+2+3 (60) (20+20+20)	80 marks ÷ 4 = 20		
Term 3: 100	PAT Task 2 Project based Learning (20) 80 marks ÷ 4 = 20			
Convert to 60	Convert to 20	Convert to 20		

Teaching plans Grade 9 Grade 9 Term 1

(Theory		ctical lessons: 90 minutes)	SBA: Formal assessment
identifica	ation tests and class	s tests. rch Control Test and 3 x Practical	
Week	Topic	Content	Practical lessons (Three practical lessons per term) (Exemplar Practical lessons)
1	The Consumer	Introduction to Consumer Studies Define Consumer Studies Career pathways	OrientationCareer PathwaysGuest SpeakerIntroduce new careers
2	Hygiene, Health & Safety	Hygiene, Health & Safety in the workplace:	Orientate the learners in the training kitchen
		Basic Safety behaviourCauses of accidentsAvoiding accidentsSafety Signs	Activity: Safety rules and precautions Practical Lesson 1 Hygiene, Health & Safety – Hand washing
3-4	The Consumer	Baseline Assessment: Sustainable consumption Decision Making	Baseline assessment Parts of a sewing machine Select a suitable presser foot
		 Define the term 'decision-making'. Name the different types of decisions. Rational decision-making process 	 Name the different presser feet Use of different presser feet Practical use of the sewing machine Threading the machine General maintenance and caring of the sewing machine
		Sustainable consumption Decisions for sustainable consumption Good buying habits for sustainable consumption	Introduction to the overlocker · Function, parts, care Practical Lesson 2 · Sewing licence using an overlocker

Week	Topic	Content	Practical lessons (Three practical lessons per term) (Exemplar Practical lessons)
5-8	Food & Nutrition	Name the functions and food sources of the following micronutrients: VITAMINS Water soluble vitamins Fat soluble vitamins MINERALS Iron Phosphorus Calcium WATER	Demonstration Using a commercial pattern Read and interpret a basic pattern Understand the meaning of basic pattern terminology Laying out the pattern Transfer of pattern markings Cutting out Interfacing Practical Lesson 3 Transferring markings. Inter-facing Demonstration Seams Function, enclosed and plain, edge finishing Needlework construction processes Pressing, ironing, reducing bulk, (top stitching optional)
9	Revision		
10	Formal Assessment March Control Test		Formal Assessment Skills Test 1: Hygiene and Safety
Formal	Assessment	SBA 3x Practical lessons (60) March Control Test (40)	PAT Task 1 Skills Test 1 (20) (Marks carried over to Term 4)

T (2)	Two (2) hours per week SBA: Formal assessment				
	nours per week : 30 minutes + Praction	SBA: Formal assessment			
		h as written activities, role play,	June Examination: 40%		
	tion tests and class te	Practical lessons: 60%			
Formal a	assessment: June Co	ontrol test and 3 x Practical lessons			
			Practical lessons		
Week	Topic	Content	(Three practical lessons per term)		
			(Exemplar Practical lessons)		
1	Hygiene, Health	Discuss the management of	Demonstration		
		waste	· Disposal of fullness		
	& Safety	· Management of waste	· Types, Function		
		· Re-using waste	· Gathering by hand and by		
		· Natural resources	machine, tucks		
		· Reduction of waste	(Any other optional)		
		· Entrepreneurial opportunities in			
		waste management	Practical lesson 4		
		J	· Measuring, gathering, pressing a		
			sample		
		Baseline Assessment	Introduce soft furnishings		
2-7	Entrepreneursh	Introduction to Entrepreneurship	· Articles, processes		
	ip Introduction to Entrepreneursing	р	Suitable fabrics for patchwork.		
		· Mention factors to consider	· Basic rules for selecting a colour		
		when choosing items / products	scheme for patchwork.		
		for small scale production	· Preparation of fabric for		
		μ. ο σ.	•		
		· List the core principles of	patchwork article.		
		marketing	Demonstration		
		Distinguish between THREE	Demonstration		
		different marketing strategies:	Quilting the patchwork		
		Target marketing			
		Mass marketing	Practical lesson 5		
		· ·	· Proceed to apply strip patchwork		
		 Market segmentation 	to produce a small marketable		
		Nows the costs that make up	article.		
		Name the costs that make up			
		the selling price of a	Practical lesson 6		
		product/item etc.	· Apply the seams and edge		
			finishes to an article or item.		
		Discuss the entrepreneur 's	 		
		contribution towards the	Demonstration		
		economy of South Africa.	Using decorative stitches on the		
			patchwork		
L	I		L		

				Introduce edge finishes Functions, methods Neckline - facings, binding or collars Hems Work on article Apply bias binding/ facing to the article /sample
8	Revision			
9-10	Formal Assessment June Control test			Formal Assessment Skills Test 2: Waste management
Formal Assessment 3x F		SBA 3x Practical lessons June Examination	(60) (40)	PAT Task 1 Skills Test 2 (20) (Marks carried over to Term 4)

(Theory: 30 Informal	urs per week) minutes + Practic assessment such	SBA: Formal assessment September Control Test:	
Formal as	n tests and class te sessment: Septen sons	40% Practical lessons: 60%	
Week	Topic	Content	Practical lessons (Three practical lessons per term) (Exemplar Practical lessons)
1	Entrepre- neurship	Marketing Apply marketing to a product e.g. advertisement	Continue with joining and edge finishes Demonstration Work on article Apply bias binding/ facing to the article
2	Entrepre- neurship	Apply marketing to a product e.g. advertisement Design an advertisement for your business	Armhole finishes Sleeves, facings, binding Types of sleeves Practical Lesson 7 Clothing Select and work suitable armhole finishing for the article Practical Lesson 7 Soft Furnishings Working Binding/ facing on item
3-6	Clothing	 Terminology What is fashion? Define the fashion styles: fashion, fad, and classic fashion styles. Distinguish between fashion decorations and accessories. Name the factors that influence fashion change List professional appearance for the world of work 	Hem edge finishes Function, types Practical Lesson 8 Select and work suitable hem finish for the article Demonstration Marking position, Machine made buttonhole, hand-made buttonhole Types of buttons Marking and attaching buttons, press studs, hooks and eyes, zips Marking and making buttonholes on samples/article Select an appropriate fastener for the article / item. Decorate the article / item

				Determine the price of the article or item.	ne
				Practical Lessons 9 Work a suitable fastening to complete a quality marketable article)
7-8	Revision				
9-10	Formal Asse	essment		Formal Assessment	
3-10	September C	Control test		Skills Test 3: Costing of a produc	rt
		SBA		PAT Task 1	
Formal Ass	sessment	3x Practical lessons	(60)	Skills Test 3 (20)	
		September Control Test	(40)	(Marks carried over to Term 4)	

2 hours per week

(Theory 30 minutes + Practical lessons 1.5 hours per week)
Informal assessment: Such as written activities, role play, case studies, identification tests, class tests.

Review and reinforcement activities

110 VIOW ai	14 1011110100111011	LACTIFICO		
Week	Topic	Content	Practical lessons (Three practical lessons per term) (Exemplar Practical lessons)	
1-3	Project based Learning Task (Marketing and selling a product			
	Consider the f Renting a S Location of Lay-out of t Hygiene an Permitted h	stall from the school the stall. he stall		
4-7	Revision			
8-10	Formal Assess November Exa	sment Imination (External)	Formal Assessment PAT Task 2 Project based Learning Task (Marketing and selling a product	

Term 4: Promotion mark for Grade 9			
School based Assessment (SBA)	Practical Assessment Task (PAT) External Task	End-of-Year Examination External Task	
60%	20%	20%	
Term 1 : 100	PAT Task 1	November Examination	
Term 2 : 100	Skills Test 1+2+3 (60) (20+20+20)	80 marks ÷ 4 = 20	
Term 3: 100	PAT Task 2 Project based Learning (20) 80 marks ÷ 4 = 20		
Convert to 60	Convert to 20	Convert to 20	



Curriculum and Assessment Policy Statement: Vocational

Grades 8 & 9

CONSUMER STUDIES

Needlework Production for Patchwork and Quilting Production

3.4.3 Patchwork and Quilting Production

(Theory: 30 Informal as tests and class	essment: March Contr	SBA: Formal assessment March Control Test 40% Practical lessons 60%	
Week	Topic	Content	Practical work (3x Practical Lessons to be completed) Exemplar Practical Lessons
1	Introduction	Define Consumer Studies Scope of the subject Career Opportunities	Orientation Needlework Room Introduction to procedures to follow during practical lessons.
2	Hygiene, Health & Safety	 Hygiene, Health & Safety Apply good hygiene practices. Personal hygiene General Hygiene 	 Hygiene, Health & Safety Rules and Safety procedures. Practical Lesson 1: Personal Hygiene, Health, and Safety
3-4	The Consumer	 Explain what a consumer is. Discuss consumer behaviour. Name and describe the rights and responsibilities of the consumer. Distinguish between wants and needs. The role of the consumer in the South African economy 	 Equipment, tools & notions: How to measure using the equipment How to cut using the rotary cutter. Planning a design. Practical Lesson 2: Identification of equipment, uses and care
5-7	Food and Nutrition	 Understand the composition of food Understand the SIX food groups of the South African Food Guide Pyramid. Name the SA food-based dietary guidelines 	Practical Lesson 3 Measuring tools Basic Hand stitches

8-10	Revision Formal Assessment March Control Test		Formal Assessm Skills Test 1 – Basic hand stitche embroidery on sw	es for sewing and	
Formal Assessment		SBA 3x Practical lessons March Control Test	(60) (40)	PAT Task 1 Skills Test 1 (Marks carried over	(20) er to Term 4)

Two (2) hours per week			SBA: Formal assessment
(Theory: 30 minutes + Practical lessons: 90 minutes) Informal assessment such as written activities, role play, identification tests and class tests. Formal assessment: June Control test and 3 x Practical lessons			June Examination: 40% Practical lessons 60%
Week	Topic	Content	Practical lessons (Three practical lessons per term) (Exemplar Practical lessons)
1	Food and Nutrition	Name the most important functions and food examples of the following nutrients: Proteins	Checklist for good embroidery Embroidery tools & equipment How to hold the fabric and needle Basic embroidery stitches
2	Food and Nutrition	Name the most important functions and food examples of the following nutrients: · Carbohydrates	Basic Embroidery stitches (cont.) Checklist for good embroidery Embroidery tools & equipment How to hold the fabric and needle Basic embroidery stitches Application of stitches
3	Food and Nutrition	Name the most important functions and food examples of the following nutrients: Fats and oils (lipids)	 Measuring tools, new stitches Different measuring tools Explain how to measure by using different tools Practical Lesson 4 Embroidery tools & equipment and stitches
4	Food and Nutrition	Food labelling: Read and interpret food labels	 Identify the parts of the sewing machine and their uses. (Spool pin, bobbin, bobbin case, thread guides, take up lever, presser foot, presser foot lever, feed dog, feed plate, bobbin winder, hand wheel, stitch length regulator, hand wheel screw.) Practical use of the sewing machine Pulling the bobbin thread through the feed plate. Threading a sewing machine

			Practical Lesson 5 Parts of the sewing machine, decorative stitches
5	Entreprene urship	 Define an entrepreneur Give reasons for becoming an entrepreneur. Name the qualities and characteristics of a good entrepreneur. 	Planning and preparation for the article Define Patchwork Basic stitches Select suitable fabrics for the patchwork article.
6	Entreprene urship	 Mention reasons why some entrepreneurs fail. List factors to consider when choosing items/products for small scale production 	 Select a suitable colour combination for the article /item. Layout and cutting of strips. Sew the strips together for an article. Use hand stitches to decorate
7	Entrepre- neurship	Discuss the different career opportunities for entrepreneurship in waste management	 Use hand stitches to decorate the article. Complete and finish off the article. Basic sewing equipment and tools for Patchwork and Quilting Practical lesson 6 Joining hand stitches and decorative stitches Sewing machine and decorative stitches used when doing Patchwork and Quilting Practical Skills Test 2
8-10	Revision		Formal Assessment:
	Formal Assessment June Control test		Skills Test 2
Formal Assessment		SBA	PAT Task 1
		3x Practical lessons (60) June Control test (40)	Skills Test 2 (20) (Marks carried over to Term 4)

Two (2) hours per week (Theory: 30 minutes + Practical lessons: 90 minutes) Informal assessment such as written activities, role play, identification tests and class tests. Formal assessment: September Control Test and 3 x Practical lessons			SBA: Formal assessment September Control Test: 40% Practical lessons: 60%	
Week	Topic	Content	Practical lessons (Three practical lessons per term) (Exemplar Practical lessons)	
1	The Consumer	Discuss the sustainable use of water	Practical lesson 7	
2	The Consumer	Discuss the sustainable use of electricity	Measure & cut chosen article	
3-7			 Assemble as per pattern instructions Sew/Hand stitch article Decorate with embroidery stitches Complete the article PRACTICAL SKILLS TEST 3 	
8	8 Revision			
9-10 Formal Assessment September Control Test			Formal Assessment Skills Test 3: Design a poster to advertise/market your product for the market day	
Formal Assessment		SBA 3x Practical lessons (60) September Control Test (40)	PAT Task 1 Skills Test 3 (20) (Marks carried over to Term 4)	

2 hours per week

4-7

8-10

Formal Assessment November Examination

(Theory 30 minutes + Practical lessons 1.5 hours per week)
Informal assessment: Such as written activities, role play, case studies, identification tests, class tests.

Review and reinforcement activities

Week

Topic

Content

1-3

Project based Learning Task
(Marketing and selling a product.)

Plan a sell patchwork & quilting products.

Consider the following:

Than a son paternon a quitting productor
Consider the following:
· Suitable trade name.
· Suitable logan/slogan
· Sustainable packaging
· Labelling
· Advertisement
Revision

Formal Assessment

Project based Learning Task (Marketing and selling a product.)

PAT Task 2

Term 4: Promotion mark for Grade 8			
School based Assessment (SBA)	Practical Assessment Task (PAT)	End-of-Year Examination	
60%	20%	20%	
Term 1 : 100	PAT Task 1	November Examination	
Term 2 : 100	Skills Test 1+2+3 (60) (20+20+20)	80 marks ÷ 4 = 20	
Term 3 : 100	PAT Task 2 Project based Learning (20) 80 marks ÷ 4 = 20		
Convert to 60	Convert to 20	Convert to 20	

Two (2) hours per week (Theory: 30 minutes + Practical lessons: 90 minutes)			SBA: Formal assessment	
Informal assessment such as written activities, role play,			March Control Test: 40%	
	ation tests and class assessment: Mai lessons	s tests. rch Control Test and 3 x Practical	Practical lessons: 60%	
Week	Topic	Content	Practical lessons (Three practical lessons per term) (Exemplar Practical lessons)	
1	Introduction	Introduction to Consumer Studies Define Consumer Studies Career pathways	Orientate the learners in the sewing room Career Pathways Guest Speaker	
	Hygiene,	Hygiene, Health & Safety in	(Three practical lessons per term) (Exemplar Practical lessons) Orientate the learners in the sewing room Career Pathways Guest Speaker Introduce new careers Practical lesson 1 Safety rules and precautions	
2	Health & Safety	the workplace:		
		Basic Safety behaviourCauses of accidentsAvoiding accidentsSafety Signs		
3-4	The Consumer	BASELINE ASSESSMENT: Sustainable consumption	, , ,	
		 Decision Making Define the term 'decision-making'. Name the different types of decisions. Rational decision-making process 	Demonstration: How to measure using the equipment How to cut using the rotary cutter. Planning a design.	
		Sustainable consumption Decisions for sustainable consumption Good buying habits for sustainable consumption		

Week	Topic	Content	Practical lessons (Three practical lessons per term) (Exemplar Practical lessons)
5-8	Food Nutrition	Name the functions and food sources of the following micronutrients: VITAMINS Water soluble vitamins Fat soluble vitamins MINERALS Iron Phosphorus Calcium WATER	Practical Lessons Demonstration: How to measure using the equipment How to cut using the rotary cutter. Planning a design.
9	Revision		
10	10 Formal Assessment March Control Test		Formal Assessment Skills Test 1: Hygiene and Safety
Formal Assessment		SBA 3x Practical lessons (60) March Control Test (40)	PAT Task 1 Skills Test 1 (20) (Marks carried over to Term 4)

Two (2)	hours per week	SBA: Formal assessment	
(Theory:	: 30 minutes + Practi	cal lessons: 90 minutes) ch as written activities, role play,	June Control test: 40%
identifica	tion tests and class t	ests.	Practical lessons: 60%
Formai	assessment: June C	ontrol test and 3 x Practical lessons	Practical lessons
Week	Topic	Content	(Three practical lessons per term) (Exemplar Practical lessons)
1	Hygiene, Health & Safety	 Discuss the management of waste Management of waste Re-using waste Natural resources Reduction of waste Entrepreneurial opportunities in 	Plan how to make the Tissue Holder Assessment criteria: Choosing suitable fabric Colour combination Shrinkage of fabrics
		waste management	Fabrics are neatly ironed – without wrinkles Practical Lesson 4 Plan how to make the Tissue Holder
2.7	Entropro	Paceline Assessment	
2-7	Entrepre- neurship	Baseline Assessment Introduction to Entrepreneurship	Demonstrations
		Mention factors to consider when choosing items / products for small scale production	Suitable fabrics for patchwork.Basic rules for selecting a colour scheme for patchwork.
			Practical lesson 5
		 List the core principles of marketing 	Layout for an article
		Distinguish between THREE different marketing strategies:	Demonstrations
		 Target marketing Mass marketing Market segmentation Name the costs that make up the selling price of a product/item etc. 	 Different hand stitches to use for patchwork Plan the colour combination Proceed to apply strip patchwork to produce a small marketable article
		Discuss the entrepreneur 's contribution towards the economy of South Africa.	Practical lesson 6 Prepare and assemble
8	Revision		
9-10	Formal Assessme	nt	Formal Assessment
	June Control test SB	A	Skills Test 2: Waste management PAT Task 1
Formal A	Assessment 3x Jur	Skills Test 2 (20) (Marks carried over to Term 4)	

(Theory: 30 Informal as tests and c	ours per week 0 minutes + Praction seessment such as lass tests. seessment: Septem	SBA: Formal assessment September Control Test: 40% Practical lessons: 60%		
Week	Topic	Content	Practical lessons (Three practical lessons per term) (Exemplar Practical lessons)	
1	Entrepre- neurship	Marketing Apply marketing to a product e.g. advertisement	Activity Demonstrate different hand stitches to use for patchwork. Preparation of fabric for patchwork article.	
2	Entrepre- neurship	Marketing Apply marketing to a product e.g. advertisement Design an advertisement for your business	Activity Quilting the patchwork Decorating the patchwork	
3-7	Clothing	 Terminology What is fashion? Define the fashion styles: fashion, fad, and classic fashion styles. Distinguish between fashion decorations and accessories. Name the factors that influence fashion change List professional appearance for the world of work 	Activity Demonstrate different hand stitches to use for patchwork Plan the colour combination Proceed to apply strip patchwork to produce a small marketable article Preparation of fabric for patchwork article. Quilting the patchwork Decorating the patchwork Practical lesson 7 to 9 Assembling and complete the Tissue Holder	

8	Revision				
9-10	Formal Assessment			Formal Assessment	
0.10	September Control test				Skills Test 3: Costing of a product
Formal Assessment		SBA 3x Practical lessons	(60)		Task 1 s Test 3 (20)
		September Control Test	(40)	(Mar	ks carried over to Term 4)

2 hours per week

(Theory 30 minutes + Practical lessons 1.5 hours per week)
Informal assessment: Such as written activities, role play, case studies, identification tests, class tests.

Review a	nd reinforcemen	t activities		
Week	Topic	Content	Practical lessons (Three practical lessons per term) (Exemplar Practical lessons)	
1-3	•	d Learning Task d selling a product.)		
	Plan a 'Pop u	Stall' on the school premis	es to serve and relevant products.	
	Consider the	following:		
	 Renting a Stall from the school Location of the stall. Lay-out of the stall Hygiene and safety 			
Products will be available for learners, teachers, and community to be				
4-7	Revision			
8-10	Formal Assess November Exa	sment mination (External)	Formal Assessment PAT Task 2 Project based Learning Task (Marketing and selling a product	

Term 4: Promotion mark for Grade 9					
School based Assessment (SBA)	Practical Assessment Task (PAT)	End-of-Year Examination			
	External Task	External Task			
60%	20%	20%			
Term 1 : 100	PAT Task 1	November Examination			
Term 2: 100	Skills Test 1+2+3 (60)	80 marks ÷ 4 = 20			
	(20+20+20)				
Term 3: 100	PAT Task 2				
	Project based Learning (20)				
	80 marks ÷ 4 = 20				
Convert to 60	Convert to 20	Convert to 20			



Curriculum and Assessment Policy Statement: Vocational

Grades 8 & 9

CONSUMER STUDIES

Needlework Production for Knitting and Crocheting Production

3.4.3 Knitting and Crocheting Production

(Theory: 30 Informal as tests and cla Formal asse		SBA: Formal assessment March Control Test 40% Practical lessons 60%	
Week	Topic	Content	Practical work (3x Practical Lessons to be completed) Exemplar Practical Lessons
1	The Consumer	Define Consumer Studies Scope of the subject Career Opportunities	Orientation to the practical classroom: Health and Safety Basic First Aid
2	Hygiene, Health & Safety	Hygiene, Health & Safety · Apply good hygiene practices. · Personal hygiene · General Hygiene	Hygiene, Health & Safety Activity: safety sign Practical Lesson 1: Personal Hygiene, Health & Safety
3-4	The Consumer	 Explain what a consumer is. Discuss consumer behaviour. Name and describe the rights and responsibilities of the consumer. Distinguish between wants and needs. The role of the consumer in the South African economy 	 Knitting Advantages of practical skills Advantages of knitting Knitting equipment and tools Importance of correct needle sizes corresponding with yarn types Different types of yarn and yarn weight Practical lesson 2 Identification of Knitting equipment and tools Knitting Reading Yarn labels Care symbols

5-7	Food and Nutrition	 Understand the composition of food Understand the SIX food groups of the South African Food Guide Pyramid. Name the SA food-based dietary guidelines 			Practical lesson 3 Reading yarn labels Explain and demonstrate: Basic Hand knitting technique Finger knitting Activity: Group work poster
9-10	Formal Assessment March Control Test				Formal Assessment. Skills Test 1: Identification test/ Measuring and Interpret a recipe
Formal Assessment		SBA 3x Practical lessons March Control Test	(60) (40)	Skills	Task 1 Test 1 (20) ks carried over to Term 4)

	hours per week	ractical lessons: 90 minutes)	SBA: Formal assessment
Informal identifica	I assessment ation tests and cl	such as written activities, role play,	June Control test: 40% Practical lessons: 60%
Week	Topic	Content	Practical lessons (Three practical lessons per term) (Exemplar Practical lessons)
1	Food and Nutrition	Name the most important functions and food examples of the following nutrients: Proteins	 Knitting Abbreviations for the reading & interpretation of patterns Pattern reading and abbreviations Activity: (Group work)
2	Food and Nutrition	Name the most important functions and food examples of the following nutrients: · Carbohydrates	Practical lesson 4 Pattern reading and abbreviations
3	Food and Nutrition	Name the most important functions and food examples of the following nutrients: • Fats and oils (lipids)	 Knitting techniques How to handle yarn & equipment Knitting stitches Slip knot Cast on/off Knit stitch (garter/plain)
4	Food and Nutrition	Food labelling: Read and interpret food labels	Activity: Casting on
5	Entrepre- neurship	 Define an entrepreneur Give reasons for becoming an entrepreneur. Name the qualities and characteristics of a good entrepreneur. 	Activity Needle sizes Practical lesson 5 Cast on/off and Garter stitch Knitting Tension Fixing mistakes Frogging Tinkering Weaving in loose ends

Week	Topic	Content	Practical lessons (Three practical lessons per term) (Exemplar Practical lessons)
6	Entrepre- neurship	Mention reasons why some entrepreneurs fail.	Practical lesson 6 Pattern reading and Fixing mistakes
		List factors to consider when choosing items/products for small scale production	
7		Waste management Discuss the different career	
		opportunities for entrepreneurship in waste management	
8	Revision	III Wadto Managomont	
9-10	Formal Assess		Formal Assessment:
	June Control te	,	Skills Test 2: Evaluate a label for a product
Formal Assessment		SBA	PAT Task 1
		3x Practical lessons (60) June Control test (40)	Skills Test 2 (20) (Marks carried over to Term 4)

Two (2) hours per week (Theory: 30 minutes + Practical lessons: 90 minutes) Informal assessment such as written activities, role play, identification tests and class tests. Formal assessment: September Control Test and 3 x Practical lessons			SBA: Formal assessment September Control Test: 40% Practical lessons: 60%
Week	Topic	Content	Practical lessons (Three practical lessons per term) (Exemplar Practical lessons)
1	The Consumer	Discuss the sustainable use of water	Baseline Assessment: Term 1-2 Knitting skills Knitting Purl stitch Stocking/Stockinette stitch
2	The Consumer	Discuss the sustainable use of electricity	Counting rows Practical lesson 7 Stocking stitch and counting rows Knitting techniques Rib stitch Ribbing 1 x 1 Ribbing 2 x 2 Join knitting pieces Packaging Reason for packaging Factors important when choosing package Labelling Main functions Important factors as marketing tool
3-7	Clothing	 Identify the different clothing styles Give reasons for wearing clothes Identify and explain the communication values of clothing Choice of clothing: Physical appearance Personality Lifestyle Available finances Figure Types Wardrobe planning 	Activity Ribbing Practical lesson 8 Ribbing, joining sides and entrepreneurial skills Practical lesson 9 Packaging and labelling

Week	Topic	Content	Practical lessons (Three practical lessons per term) (Exemplar Practical lessons)
8	Revision		
9-10	Formal Assessmer September Control		Formal Assessment Skills Test 3: Design a poster to advertise/market your product for the
Formal As	sessment	SBA 3x Practical lessons (60) September Control Test (40)	market day PAT Task 1 Skills Test 3 (20) (Marks carried over to Term 4)

(Theory 3	2 hours per week (Theory 30 minutes + Practical lessons 1.5 hours per week) Informal assessment: Such as written activities, role play, case studies, identification tests, class tests. Review and reinforcement activities					
Week	Topic Content (Three practical lessons per term) (Exemplar Practical lessons)					
1-3	Project based Learning Task (Marketing and selling a product.) Plan to market your products to your target group. Consider the following: Creative trade name. Suitable logo/slogan Packaging Advertisement					
4-7	Revision					
8-10	Formal Assessi November Exa					

Term 4: Promotion mark for Grade 8						
School based Assessment (SBA)		Practical Assessment Task (PAT)	End-of-Year Examination			
60%		20%	20%			
Term 1:	100	PAT Task 1	November Examination			
Term 2:	100	Skills Test 1+2+3 (60) (20+20+20)	80 marks ÷ 4=20			
Term 3:	100	PAT Task 2 Project based Learning (20)				
Convert to 60		Convert to 20	Convert to 20			

Teaching plans Grade 9 Grade 9 Term 1

Two (2) hours per week			SBA: Formal assessment
(Theory: 30 minutes + Practical lessons: 90 minutes) Informal assessment such as written activities, role play, identification tests and class tests.			March Control Test: 40%
Formal assessment: March Control Test and 3 x Practical lessons			
Week	Topic	Content	Practical lessons (Three practical lessons per term) (Exemplar Practical lessons)
1	Introduction	Introduction to Consumer Studies	Orientation
		Define Consumer StudiesCareer pathways	Career pathwaysGuest SpeakerIntroduce new careers
2	Hygiene, Health & Safety	Hygiene, Health & Safety in the workplace:	Baseline Assessment: Advantages of practical skills
		Basic Safety behaviour Causes of accidents Avoiding accidents Safety Signs	Practical lesson 1 Hygiene, Health and Safety Safety rules and precautions
3-4	The Consumer	BASELINE ASSESSMENT: Sustainable consumption Decision Making	Baseline Assessment: different types of yarn and yarn weight reading of labels
			· gauge
		 Define the term 'decision-making'. Name the different types of decisions. Rational decision-making process 	Practical lesson 2 Equipment reading labels, crocheting skill
		Sustainable consumption Decisions for sustainable consumption Good buying habits for sustainable consumption	

Week	Topic	Content		Practical lessons (Three practical lessons per term) (Exemplar Practical lessons)
5-8	Food And Nutrition	Name the functions and food sources of the following micronutrients: · VITAMINS o Water soluble vitamins o Fat soluble vitamins · MINERALS o Iron o Phosphorus o Calcium · WATER		Handling crochet equipment and yarn Crochet terminology Crochet skills Chain stitch Practical lesson 3 Pattern reading and abbreviations, chain stitches Finger crocheting
9	Revision			
10	Formal Assessment March Control Test			Formal Assessment Skills Test 1: Hygiene and Safety
		SBA 3x Practical lessons 60 March Control Test (4	,	PAT Task 1 Skills Test 1 (20) (Marks carried over to Term 4)

Grade 9 Term 2

(Theory:		ractical lessons: 90 minutes)	SBA: Formal assessment		
identificat	ion tests and cla	such as written activities, role play, ass tests. ne Control test and 3 x Practical lessons	June Examination: 40% Practical lessons: 60%		
Week	Topic	Content	Practical lessons (Three practical lessons per term) (Exemplar Practical lessons)		
1	Hygiene, Health & Safety	 Discuss the management of waste Management of waste Re-using waste Natural resources Reduction of waste Entrepreneurial opportunities in waste management 	Baseline Assessment: Abbreviations Crochet skills Counting chain stitches Single crochet		
2-7	Entrepreneurship	Baseline Assessment Introduction to Entrepreneurship Mention factors to consider when choosing items / products for small scale production List the core principles of marketing Distinguish between THREE different marketing strategies: Target marketing Mass marketing Market segmentation Name the costs that make up the selling price of a product/item etc. Discuss the entrepreneur 's contribution towards the economy of South Africa.	Baseline Assessment: · Weaving in ends · Joining two pieces Crochet skills · Half double crochet · Slip stitch Keep edges straight Practical lesson 4 Practical skills – single crochet Practical skills – half double crochet Practical lesson 6 Practical skills -double crochet		
8	Revision				
9-10 Formal Assessment Formal Assessment Skills Test 2: Waste manage					
Formal A	ssessment	SBA 3x Practical lessons (60 June Control test (40)	PAT Task 1 Skills Test 2 (20v) (Marks carried over to Term 4)		

Grade 9 Term 3

(Theory: 30 minutes + Practical lessons: 90 minutes)				SBA: Formal assessment		
tests and cla	Informal assessment such as written activities, role play, identification tests and class tests. Formal assessment: September Control Test and 3 x Practical lessons			September Control Test: 40% Practical lessons: 60%		
	7				Practical lessons	
Week	Topic		Content		(Three practical lessons per term) (Exemplar Practical lessons)	
1	Entreprene	urship	Marketing		Crochet skills	
			 Apply marketing to a preeduce e.g. advertisement 	oduct	· Filet crochet	
2	Entreprene	urship	Marketing		Crochet skills	
_	· Appl e.g. · Desi		 Apply marketing to a pree.g. advertisement Design an advertiseme your business 		· Filet crochet	
3-7	Clothing		Terminology		Crochet skills	
			· What is fashion?		· Small shell edging	
			 Define the fashion styles: fashion, fad, and classic fashion styles. Distinguish between fashion decorations and accessories. Name the factors that influence fashion change List professional appearance for the world of work 		Practical lesson 7 · Filet crochet and edge/scallops Practical lesson 8 · Pattern reading and crocheting skill (Flower) Practical lesson 9 · Be an inventor of patterns	
8	Revision					
9-10 September Control test		essment			Formal Assessment	
		st		Skills Test 3: Costing of a product		
		SBA		PAT T	Task 1	
Formal Assessment 3x Prac		3x Prac	actical lessons (60) Skills Test 3 (20)		Test 3 (20)	
			ber Control Test (40)		s carried over to Term 4)	

Grade 9 Term 4

2 hours per week

(Theory 30 minutes + Practical lessons 1.5 hours per week)
Informal assessment: Such as written activities, role play, case studies, identification tests, class tests.
Review and reinforcement activities

Review and reinforcement activities				
Week	Topic	Content	Practical lessons (Three practical lessons per term) (Exemplar Practical lessons)	
1-3	Project based Learning Task (Marketing and selling a product) Plan a 'Pop up Stall' on the school premises to serve and sell a suitable products.			
	Consider the	•	o don ve ana den a danable producte.	
	Renting a Stall from the school Location of the stall.			
	 Lay-out of the stall Hygiene and safety 			
4-7	Revision			
8-10	Formal Assess November Exa	sment Imination (External)	Formal Assessment PAT Task 2 Project based Learning Task (Marketing and selling a product	

Term 4: Promotion mark for Grade 9				
School based Assessment (SBA)	Practical Assessment Task (PAT) External Task	End-of-Year Examination External Task		
	External rask	External rask		
60%	20%	20%		
Term 1 : 100	PAT Task 1	November Examination		
Term 2 : 100	Skills Test 1+2+3 (60)	80 marks ÷ 4 = 20		
	(20+20+20)			
Term 3: 100	PAT Task 2			
	Project based Learning (20)			
	80 marks ÷ 4 = 20			
Convert to 60	Convert to 20	Convert to 20		

SECTION 4

4.1 Introduction

Assessment is a continuous, planned process of identifying, gathering and interpreting information about the performance of learners, using various forms of assessment. It involves four steps: generating and collecting evidence of achievement; evaluating this evidence; recording the findings and using this information to understand and thereby assist the learner's development to improve the process of learning and teaching.

Assessment should be both informal (Assessment for Learning) and formal (Assessment of Learning). In both cases, regular feedback should be provided to learners to enhance the learning experience.

Assessment in Consumer Studies Grades 8 & 9

4.2 Informal or Daily Assessment

Assessment for learning has the purpose of continuously collecting information about learner performance that can be used to improve learning.

Informal assessment is a daily monitoring of learner progress. This is done through observation, discussions; practical demonstrations, learner-teacher discussions, informal classroom interactions, etc. Informal assessment may be as simple as stopping during the lesson to observe learners or to discuss with learners how learning is progressing. Informal assessment should be used to provide feedback to learners and to inform planning for teaching but need not be recorded. It should not be seen as separate from the learning activities taking place in the classroom.

Self-assessment and peer assessment actively allows the learner to assess themselves. This is important as it allows learners to learn from and reflect on their own performance.

The results of the informal / daily assessment tasks are not formally recorded unless the teacher wishes to do so. The results of daily assessment tasks are not taken into account for promotion purposes. The main purpose of informal assessment is to inform and strengthen the learning process.

4.3 Formal Assessment

Formal assessment tasks are marked and formally recorded by the teacher for progression and certification purposes. All Formal Assessment tasks are subject to **moderation** for the purpose of quality assurance and to ensure that appropriate standards are maintained.

Formal assessment provides teachers with a systematic way of evaluating how well learners are progressing in a Year and in a particular subject. Examples of formal assessments include tests, examinations, practical tasks, projects, oral presentations, demonstrations, performances, etc. Formal assessment tasks forms part of a year-long formal Programme of Assessment in each grade and subject, is school-based and is weighted as indicated in the tables that follow for the Grades 8 & 9.

Grades	Formal school-based assessments	End-of-year examinations
R -3	100%	
4 - 6	75%	25%
7 – 9		External examination
Academic stream	40%	60%
Vocational stream	25%	75%
10 and 11	25% including a mid-year examination	External examination: 75%
12	25% including mid-year and trial examinations	External examination: 75%

4.3.1 Formal Programme of Assessment for Grades 8 – 9

Table 1 a Formal School-Based Assessment Grade 8			Final End-of-Year Promotion Mark		
	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	
SBA	Task 1: Practical Lessons 60% Task 2: March Control Test	Task 3: Practical Lessons 60% Task 4: June Examination	Task 5: Practical Lessons 60% Task 6: September Control Test	SBA: Term 1-3 100 + 100 + 100 = 300 ÷3 = 100 =100 ÷2,5=40	
SBA	40% 100%	40% 100%	40% 100%	60%	
PAT Task 1	Skills Test 1 20%	Skills Test 2 20%	Skills Test 3 20%	PAT: PAT Task 1: Skills Tests 1-3 20+20+20 = 60 PAT Task 1: Project based	
PAT Task 1	20%	20%	20%	20%	
	1			November Examination 80 ÷ 4	
				20%	

Table 1 b Formal School-Based Assessment Grade 9				Final End-of-Year Promotion Mark
	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4
SBA	Task 1: Practical Lessons 60% Task 2: March Control Test 40%	Task 3: Practical Lessons 60% Task 4: June Examination 40%	Task 5: Practical Lessons 60% Task 6: September Control Test 40%	SBA: Term 1-3 100 + 100 + 100 = 300 ÷3 = 100 = 100 ÷2,5=40
SBA	100%	100%	100%	40%
PAT Task 1	Skills Test 1 20%	Skills Test 2 20%	Skills Test 3 20%	External PAT: PAT Task 1: Skills Tests 1-3 20+20+20 = 60 PAT Task 1: Project based Learning=20 Term 4 Task = 80÷4=20
PAT Task 1	20%	20%	20%	20%

External November Examination 80÷4=20
20%

Clarification and breakdown of the Programme of Assessment in Grades 8 & 9 for the theory and practical components.

Grade 8

Term	Programme of Assessment: Theory	Weighting
Term 1	Theoretical assessment for SBA to consist of Term 1 content only. March Control Test - Term 1 content = (Total = 40 marks)	40%
Term 2	Theoretical assessment for SBA to consist of work done in Terms 1 and 2. June Examination – Terms 1 and 2 content = (Total = 80 marks) (Term 1 work=30% (Was already assessed in Term 1) and Term 2 new work =70%)	40%
Term 3	Theoretical assessment for SBA to consist of Term 3 content only: September Control Test – Term 3 content = (Total = 40 marks)	40%
Term 4	Final promotion mark November Examination – Term 1-4 content (80 marks)	40%

The mark allocation and suggested weighting of topics according to time spent per topic for tests is indicated in the tables that follow:

TERM 1:

TASK 1: MARCH CONTROL TEST – GRADE 8			
	CONTENT	TEACHING TIME PER TOPIC	MARKS
Section A			
Question 1	Short Questions (all topics) Compulsory: include a variety of question types		5
Section B		<u> </u>	
Question 2	The Consumer	2 weeks	10
Question 3	Hygiene, Health & Safety	2 weeks	5
Question 4	Food & Nutrition	5 weeks	20
		TOTAL	40 marks
		TIME	45-60
			minutes

TERM 2:

TASK 2: JUNE CONTROL TEST – GRADE 8			
	CONTENT	TEACHING TIME PER TOPIC	MARKS
Section A			
Question 1	Short Questions (all topics) Compulsory: include a variety of question types		10
Section B			
Question 2	Food & Nutrition – Term 1	3 weeks	10
Question 3	Food & Nutrition – Term 2	4 weeks	20
Question 4	Hygiene, Health & Safety	1 week	20
Question 5	Entrepreneurship	2 weeks	20
		TOTAL	80 marks
		TIME	90 minutes

TERM 3:

	TASK 3: SEPTEMBER CONTROL TEST – GRADE 8			
	CONTENT	TEACHING TIME PER TOPIC	MARKS	
Section A				
Question 1	Short Questions (all topics) Compulsory: include a variety of question types		10	
Section B				
Question 2	The Consumer	2 weeks	10	
Question 3	Clothing	3 weeks	20	
		TOTAL	40 marks	
		TIME	45-60	
			minutes	

TERM 4:

TASK 4: NOVEMBER EXAM – GRADE 8			
CONTENT TEACHING MAR TIME PER TOPIC		MARKS	
Section A		•	
Question 1	Short Questions (all topics) Compulsory: include a variety of question types	ALL	10
Section B			
Question 2	The Consumer	4 weeks	20
Question 3	Food & Nutrition	6 weeks	15

Question 4	Clothing	4 weeks	15
Question 5	Entrepreneurship	6 weeks	20
тот		TOTAL	80 marks
		TIME	90 minutes

Grade 9

Term	Programme of Assessment: Theory	Weighting
Term 1	Theoretical assessment for SBA to consist of Term 1 content only. March Control Test - Term 1 content = (Total = 40 marks)	40%
Term 2	Theoretical assessment for SBA to consist of work done in Terms 1 and 2. June Examination – Terms 1 and 2 content = (Total = 80 marks) (Term 1 work = 30% (Was already assessed in Term 1) and (Term 2 new work = 70%)	40%
Term 3	Theoretical assessment for SBA to consist of Terms 1, 2 and 3 content: Internal Preparatory Examination – Term 1,2 and-3 content Total: 40 marks Set according to the demarcation in the Examination Guidelines from the Examination and Assessment Directorate.	40%
Term 4	Final promotion mark Set according to the demarcation in the Examination Guidelines from the Examination and Assessment Directorate. External GEC examination – Maximum total of 80 marks	40%

The mark allocation and suggested weighting of topics according to time spent per topic for tests is indicated in the tables that follow:

TERM 1:

TASK 1: MARCH CONTROL TEST – GRADE 9			
	CONTENT	TEACHING TIME PER TOPIC	MARKS
Section A			
Question 1	Short Questions (all topics) Compulsory: include a variety of question types		5
Section B			
Question 2	The Consumer	2 weeks	10
Question 3	Hygiene, Health & Safety	1 weeks	5
Question 4	Food & Nutrition	4 weeks	20
TOTAL		40 marks	
		TIME	45-60
			minutes

TERM 2:

TASK 2: JUNE CONTROL TEST- GRADE 9			
	CONTENT	TEACHING TIME PER TOPIC	MARKS
Section A			
Question 1	Short Questions (all topics) Compulsory: include a variety of question types		10
Section B			
Question 2	The Consumer	Term 1	10
Question 3	Food & Nutrition	Term 1	20
Question 4	Hygiene, Health & Safety	2 weeks	20
Question 5	Entrepreneurship	5 weeks	30
	TOTAL		
		TIME	90 minutes

TERM 3:

TASK 3: SEPTEMBER CONTROL TEST – GRADE 9			
	CONTENT	TEACHING TIME PER TOPIC	MARKS
Section A			
Question 1	Short Questions (all topics) Compulsory: include a variety of question types		10
Section B			
Question 2	The Consumer	2 weeks	10
Question 3	Hygiene, Health & Safety	3 weeks	10
Question 4	Food & Nutrition	4 weeks	20
Question 5	Clothing	4 weeks	15
Question 6	Entrepreneurship	3 weeks	15
		TOTAL	80 marks
		TIME	90 minutes

TASK 4: NOVEMBER EXAM – GRADE 9				
	CONTENT	TEACHING TIME PER TOPIC	MARKS	
Section A	Section A			
Question 1	Short Questions (all topics) Compulsory: include a variety of question types	ALL	10	
Section B				

TIME		90 minutes	
TOTAL			80 marks
Question 6	Entrepreneurship	6 weeks	20
Question 5	Hygiene, Health & Safety		10
Question 4	Clothing	4 weeks	10
Question 3	Food & Nutrition	6 weeks	15
Question 2	The Consumer	4 weeks	15

Grades 8 & 9

	Programme of Assessment: Practical Lessons /Skills PAT/	Weighting
SBA Term 1-3	Practical Lessons Three practical lessons are completed per Term. Ensure that a variety of skills are built into and developed per lesson.	60%
PAT Task 1 Term 1-3	Skills Test The Skills Test is an objective measure of the ability to perform a specific task. A Skills Test is implemented at the end of Terms 1-3. The skills applied in the three practical lessons in the term are assessed in a Skills Test. The mark for the Skills Test is carried over to Term 4 to consolidate the weighting for PAT Task 1.	60%
PAT 2 Term 4	Project Based Learning A Task is included in Term 4 that reflects knowledge and skills applied to a scenario for: • Entrepreneurship • Career development / World of Work	20%

The cognitive demand in assessment should be **appropriate for the age and developmental level** of a learners in the grade. Assessment in Consumer Studies must cater for a range of cognitive levels and learner abilities. The assessment tasks should be designed carefully to cover the content in the subject as well as the range of skills and cognitive levels, identified in the specific aims in Section 1 of this CAPS Policy Document.

The design of assessments should therefore ensure that a full range of content and skills are assessed in each grade. The specific aims, topics, content and range of skills in the subject should be used to inform the planning and development of assessment tasks.

Formal assessment must cater for a range of cognitive levels and abilities of learners, as shown below.

SUGGESTED WEIGHTING FOR COGNITIVE LEVELS PROGRAMME OF ASSESSMENT: SBA TASKS		
Cognitive level Grade 8 Grade 9		
Lower order: Remembering	60%	50%
Middle order: Understanding Applying	30%	40%
Higher order: Analysing / Evaluating and Creating		

SUGGESTED WEIGHTING FOR COGNITIVE LEVELS: PRACTICAL LESSONS AND PAT		
Cognitive level	Grade 8	Grade 9
Lower order: Isolated single steps	60%	50%
Middle order: Multiple limited steps	30%	40%
Higher order: Several operations required, Creative production / design.	10%	10%

Examiners and moderators **in all subjects** are encouraged to think about the difficulty level of every question / skill that is implemented for assessment.

In judging the level of difficulty of each question skill, both the demands that each question makes on the cognitive ability of an average Grade 8 & 9 learner and the intrinsic difficulty of the question or task is considered. In making this judgement, the difficulty or ease of a particular question is identified. A four-category framework for thinking about question or item difficulty adapted from Leong (2006) has been used in this identification process.

This framework comprises the following four general sources of difficulty:

- **Content difficulty**: this indexes the difficulty of the subject matter, topic or conceptual knowledge; some content is inherently more difficult than other content.
- **Stimulus difficulty**: this relates to the linguistic features of the question and the challenge that candidates face in reading, interpreting, and understanding the question.
- Task difficulty: this refers to the difficulty that candidates face when trying to formulate or produce an answer.
- Expected response difficulty: this refers to difficulties because of the mark scheme or memorandum, in other words how marks are allocated.

4.4 Types of Formal Assessment Tasks

4.4.1 Tests

- A test for formal assessment may NOT comprise of a series of smaller tests. This
 creates an overload of assessment by adding the additional layers of assessment.
- A substantial amount of content must be included for assessment and the duration should be 45 to 60 minutes.
- It is compulsory to include scenario / case study-based questions that require:
 - Longer reflective responses in a paragraph format.
 - Higher order thinking skills that require substantiating evidence/motivations /arguments.
- Each test must cater for a balanced range of cognitive levels as well as align to the prescribed range for levels of difficulty.

4.4.2 Examinations

- **Grade 8**: In Consumer Studies an **80 -mark** examination paper is written in June and November. 1.5 hours are allocated to write the paper that comprises 25% of learner's total mark for promotion.
- Grade 9: In Consumer Studies an 80 -mark examination paper is written in June and November. A preparatory examination paper is also written in September. 1.5 hours (90 minutes) are allocated to write the paper that comprises 25% of learner's total mark for promotion.
- Each question paper must cater for a balanced range of cognitive levels as well as align to the prescribed range for levels of difficulty.

Guidelines for setting of Tests and Question papers in Consumer Studies in Grades 8 & 9

- Adhere to the criteria for the weighting of content, allocation of marks and time as indicated in the table per task.
- The cover page to include the name of the school, the date, name of the subject, time allocation, mark total, name of the examiner and moderator.
- Page two of the paper should include instructions and a breakdown of time per question.

- All question/test papers must be neatly typed, using the grid for setting and layout of question papers.
- Numbering per question and sub-question must be accurate and reflect the correct format used.
- All graphics/illustrations/sketches must be print clear and placed in a frame.
- No spelling, language or translation errors are allowed.
- The format of the question paper should adhere to the latest Examination Guidelines for Consumer Studies.
- Question papers must be divided into Section A for short questions, and Section B for longer questions.

Section A: Short Questions (Question 1)

- Caution learners to:
 - Write clearly printed letters in Question 1.
 - Not write one letter over the other.
 - Cross out a letter neatly to cancel it.
- Include different question types for short questions in class tests as well as
 Formal Assessment Tasks to prepare candidates for exam readiness.
- Ensure that learners are exposed to answering short questions based on illustrations; graphs; data and short case studies/scenarios where understanding, interpretation and application of knowledge is required.
- Use the same format and layout as reflected in Examination Guidelines.

Section B: Long Questions (Question 2 and questions that follow)

It is compulsory to include:

- Questions that require a longer response.
- Question that requires a response in paragraph format (minimum 3 marks)
- Source based questions such as: Case studies; scenarios; extracts; pictures/flow charts /tables/graphs/cartoons/advertisements/menus for interpretation.
- An action verb to open the question. This gives a clear instruction for the question and expected response.

Marking Guidelines

- Cover page: Must contain name of the school, date, subject, marks, name of the examiner and moderator on the first page.
- All marking guidelines must be neatly typed.
- No spelling, language or translation errors are allowed.
- Numbering must correlate accurately with the question paper.
- The mark allocation for each fact must be indicated by a tick (✓)
- Reflect all alternative responses that are considered and marked as correct answers.
- During marking, the marking guidelines must be extended by the educator. Other
 possible correct answers must be added on the marking guidelines, in red ink.
 Relevant evidence, e.g., textbook page numbers, must support the addition.

4.4.3 Practical Lessons; Skills Tests and Practical Assessment Tasks

(a) Practical lessons

- (3) assessed practical lessons per term in Term 1-3.
- It is important to prioritise and include a variety of skills in the different lessons.
- Examples for the assessed practical lessons are reflected in the Teaching plans per term.

(b) Practical Assessment Task (PAT)

(i) PAT Task 1: (Skills Test)

A Skills Test:

- Provides an objective measure of a candidate's ability to perform a specific task.
- Measure's skills or knowledge accurately.
- Assists to determine the level of achievement.
- Prescribes specific criteria for efficient performance of a skill.
- Includes the benefit of having learner feedback to encourage personal growth and development.
 - · Assesses soft skills to encourage personal growth and development.

Examples of soft skills that are important for promotion: Communication, listening, observation, manipulation, planning, interpretation, analysing, creative design, self-discipline, and time-management. These skills are addressed in the Practical Lessons.

(ii) PAT Task 1: Project based Learning

The teacher sets the task to assess the skills that were developed in the theory for practical and practical lessons.

The skills include:

- i. Subject specific practical skills according to the Annual Teaching Plan
- ii. Soft skills
- iii. Entrepreneurial skills

iv.Create a small micro-enterprise

- v. Career focusses
 - It is recommended that PAT Task 1 is taken up in the school's timetable.
 - The school has the responsibility to provide resources for the Practical Assessment Task (PAT).

4.5 Recording and Reporting

Recording is a process in which the teacher documents the level of a learner's performance in a specific assessment task. It indicates learner progress towards the achievement of the knowledge as prescribed in the Curriculum and Assessment Policy Statements. Records of learner performance should provide evidence of the learner's conceptual progression within a Year and her/his readiness to progress or promote to the subsequent Year. Records of learner performance should also be used to verify the progress made by teachers and learners in the teaching and learning process.

Reporting is a process of communicating learner performance to learners, parents, schools, and other stakeholders. Learner performance can be reported in several ways. These include report cards, parents' meetings, school visitation days, parent-teacher conferences, phone calls, letters, class or school newsletters, etc. Teachers in all grades report in percentages against the subject. Seven levels of competence have been described for each subject listed for Grades R - 12. The

various achievement levels and their corresponding percentage bands are as shown in the Table below.

Codes and Percentages for Recording and Reporting

Rating code	Description of	Percentage
	competence	
7	Outstanding achievement	80 - 100
6	Meritorious achievement	70 - 79
5	Substantial achievement	60 - 69
4	Adequate achievement	50 - 59
3	Moderate achievement	40 - 49
2	Elementary achievement	30 - 39
1	Not achieved	0 - 29

Note: The seven-point scale should have clear descriptors that give detailed information for each level. Teachers will record actual marks against the task by using a record sheet, and report percentages against the subject on the learners' report cards.

4.6 Moderation of Assessment

Moderation refers to the process that ensures that the assessment tasks are fair, valid and reliable. Moderation should be implemented at school, district, provincial and national levels. Comprehensive and appropriate moderation practices must be in place for the quality assurance of all subject assessments for SBA and PAT.

4.6.1 Formal assessment (SBA)

Moderation at the school will be carried out at least once each school term by the Head of Department responsible for the subject. This moderation needs to take place before cluster, district, regional or provincial moderation. Teachers'portfolios and evidence of learner performance must be moderated to ensure that a variety of assessment tasks have been used to address various topics and that assessment covered a range of cognitive levels. It further needs to verify the accuracy of correlation and alignment of Teacher and Learner evidence

4.6.2 Practical Assessment Task (PAT)

The PAT is internally set and marked in Grade 8 and externally set and internally marked in Grade 9. Teacher and learner portfolios of evidence must be moderated to ensure that the correct number of lessons in preparation of the Skills Test and PAT are implemented and that the tasks are implemented at the correct standard.

Moderation further serves to ensure that:

- Teacher evidence reflects the required planning and preparation for the implementation of the Practical Lessons, Skills Tests and PATs'.
- Evidence in Learner and Teacher portfolios align and correlate.
- Learner evidence includes a consolidation sheet that aligns with Teacher and SASAMS recorded marks.

4.7 General

This document should be read in conjunction with:

- 4.7.1 National policy pertaining to the programme and promotion requirements of the National Curriculum Statement Grades R-12; and
- 4.7.2 National Protocol for Assessment Grades R-12;
- 4.7.3 White Paper 6 on Special Needs Education: Building an Inclusive Education and Training System (2001);
- 4.7.4 Guidelines for Responding to Diversity in the Classroom through the Curriculum and Assessment Policy Statements (2011);
- 4.7.5 Guidelines to Ensure Quality Education and Support in Special Schools and Special School Resource Centres (2013);
- 4.7.6 Policy on Screening, Identification, Assessment and Support (2014);
- 4.7.7 Guidelines for Full-service/Inclusive Schools (2010); and
- 4.7.8 Standard Operating Procedures for Assessment of Learners who Experience Barriers