

ISIXHOSA SECOND ADDITIONAL LANGUAGE

National Curriculum Statement (NCS)

*Curriculum and Assessment
Policy Statement*

CAPS

STRUCTURED. CLEAR. PRACTICAL
HELPING TEACHERS UNLOCK THE POWER OF NCS

**FOUNDATION PHASE
GRADES 1 – 3**



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ICANDELO LOKU-1: INTSHAYELELO YENKCAZELO YEPOLISI YEKHARITYHULAM NOKUHLOLA

1.1 IMVELAPHI

INkcazelو yePolisi yeKharityhulam nokuHlola yeBanga R-12 (NCS) icacisa ipolisi yekharityhulam nokuhlola ezikolweni.

Ukuphucula ukusetyenziswa kwayo, INkcazelو yeKharityhulam yeSizwe ihlaziyiwe, yaye olu hlaziyo luya kuqala ukusebenza ngeyoMqungu/ngoJanyuwari 2012. Isifundo ngasinye senzelwe uxwebhu olunye IwePolisi yeKharityhulam nokuHlola endaweni yala maxwebhu madala angala: INkcazelو yeKharityhulam yeSizwe, isiKhokelo seNkqubo yokuFunda kunye nesiKhokelo sokuHlola sesiFundo kwiBanga R-12.

1.2 AMAGQABANTSHINTSHI

- (a) *INkcazelو yePolisi yeKharityhulam nokuHlola yeBanga R-12 (eyoMqungu/Janyuwari 2012)* imele inkcazelو yepolisi yokufunda nokufundisa kwizikolo zoMzantsi Afrika yaye iquka oku kulandelayo:
 - (i) INkcazelو yePolisi yeKharityhulam nokuHlola yesifundo ngasinye kwezo zifundo zivuniweyo zesikolo;
 - (ii) Uxwebhu Iwepolisi oluthi, *National policy pertaining to the programme and promotion requirements of the National Curriculum Statement Grades R-12.*; kunye
 - (iii) Noxwebhu Iwepolisi oluthi, *National Protocol for Assessment Grades R-12 (eyoMqungu/Janyuwari 2012).*
- (b) Uxwebhu oluthi, *INkcazelو yePolisi yeKharityhulam nokuHlola yeBanga R-12 eyoMqungu/Janyuwari 2012* lungena endaweni yala maxwebhu eNkcazelو yeKharityhulam yeSizwe mabini alandelayo:
 - (i) *iRevised National Curriculum Statement Grades R-9, Government Gazette No. 23406 of 31 May 2002,* kunye
 - (ii) *neNational Curriculum Statement Grade 10-12 Government Gazettes, No 25545 of 6 October 2003 and No. 27594 of 17 May 2005.*
- (c) Amaxwebhu eNkcazelو yeKharityhulam yeSizwe ekuthethwe ngawo kumhlathi b(i) no(ii), aquka la maxwebhu epolisi alandelayo, aza kuthi aye eyekiswa ngokuyekiswa, engenelewa yiINkcazelو yePolisi yeKharityhulam nokuHlola yeBanga R-12 (eyoMqungu/Janyuwari 2012) ngo2012 - 2014:
 - (i) INkcazelو yeKharityhulam yeSizwe yezifundo ngezifundo, isiKhokelo seNkqubo yokuFundisa kunye nesiKhokelo sokuHlola sesiFundo seBanga R-9 neseBanga 10-12;
 - (ii) Uxwebhu Iwepolisi oluthi, *National Policy on assessment and qualifications for schools in the General Education and Training Band, olubhengezwe kwiGovernment Notice No. 124 ekwiGovernment Gazette No. 29626 of 12 February 2007;*
 - (iii) Uxwebhu Iwepolisi oluthi, *the National Senior Certificate: A qualification at Level 4 on the National Qualifications Framework (NQF), olubhengezwe kwiGovernment Gazette No.27819 of 20 July 2005;*
 - (iv) Uxwebhu Iwepolisi oluthi, *An addendum to the policy document, the National Senior Certificate: A qualification at Level 4 on the National Qualifications Framework (NQF), regarding learners with special needs, olupapashwe kwiGovernment Gazette, No.29466 of 11 December 2006, lufakwe kuxwebhu Iwepolisi oluthi, National policy pertaining to the programme and promotion requirements of the National Curriculum Statement Grades R-12;* kunye

- (v) Noxwebhu Iwepolisi oluthi, *An addendum to the policy document, the National Senior Certificate: A qualification at Level 4 on the National Qualifications Framework (NQF), regarding the National Protocol for Assessment (Grades R-12)*, olubhengezwe kwiGovernment Notice No. 1267 kwiGovernment Gazette No. 29467 of 11 December 2006.
- (d) Uxwebhu Iwepolisi oluthi, *National policy pertaining to the programme and promotion requirements of the National Curriculum Statement Grades R-12*; kune namacandelo akwiPolisi yeKharityhulam nokuHlola njengoko ebonisiwe kwisahluko sesi-2, 3 nesesi-4 solu xwebhu aquelethe izithethe nemigangatho yeNkcazeloyeKharityhulam yeSizwe yeBanga R-12. Ngoko ke, olu xwebhu luya kuthi, ngokwecandelo 6A leSouth African Schools Act (uMthetho oLawula iZikolo zaseMzantsi Afrika), ka1996 (uMthetho wama-84 ka1996,) lwenze isiseko sokuxhobisa umPhathiswa wezeMfundu esisisiSeko ukuba akwazi ukubeka awona manqanaba aphantsi eziphumo nemigangatho, ngokunjalo neenkubo nemigaqo yokuhlola impumelelo yabafundi, manqanaba lawo aza kusebenza kwizikolo zikarhulumente nezabucala.

1.3 IINJONGO EZIPHANGALELEYO ZEKHARTYHULAM YOMZANTSXI AFRIKA

- (a) INkcazeloyePolisi yeKharityhulam nokuHlola yeBanga R-12 inika isikhokelo kulwazi, izakhono nezithethe (izinto ezixabisekileyo) ezinokufundwa ezikolweni zaseMzantsi Afrika. Le kharityhulam ijonge ukuqinisekisa ukuba abafundi bafumana ulwazi bekwasebenzisa nezakhono ngeendlela ezihambelana nobomi babo bemihla ngemihla. Kungoko ke le kharityhulam ikhuthaza ulovo lokusebenzisa kakhlui iimeko zalapha, kodwa ibe ikwayise iso nemiba ebalulekileyo yehlabathi jikelele.
- (c) INkcazeloyePolisi yeKharityhulam nokuHlola yeBanga R-12 yenza oku kulandelayo:
- Ixhobisa abafundi ngolwazi, izakhono nezithethe eziya kubanceda ukuba bakwazi ukuzimela nokuthabatha inxaxheba ekuhlaleni njengabemi belizwe elikhululekileyo; nokuba bavela kweyiphi imo yezentlalo, uhlanya, isini, bekhangeleka njani ngokomzimba okanyebekuliphi inqanaba lengqiqo;
 - Ivulela abafundi amathuba okuya kwimfundoe phakamileyo;
 - Incedisabafundi ukuba bakwazi ukuphuma kumaziko emfundabayekumaziko omsebenzi; yaye
 - Inika abaqueshi umfanekiso ocacileyo ngobuchule nolwazi abanalo abafundi.
- (c) INkcazeloyePolisi yeKharityhulam nokuHlola yeBanga R-12 isekelwe phezu kwale mithetho-siseko ilandelayo:
- *Ukuphuculwa kwezentlalo*: ukuqinisekisa ukuba kuyalungiswa ukungalingani kwezemfundookwabangelwa lixesha lobandlululo, nokuba bonke abemi banikwa amathuba emfundalinganayo;
 - *Ukufunda ngokubandakanyeka kusetyenziswa ingqiqo*: ukukhuthaza indlela yokufundisa efuna abafundi ukuba bathathe inxaxheba bebonakalisa ingqiqo, endaweni yokufunda ngokubethelela izimvo nokufunda nje bengaziqiqisisi iinyaniso okanye izimvo abazinikwayo;
 - *Ulwazi nezakhono ezikumgangathophakamileyo*: ukubekwa kweyona migangatho iseantsiyolwazi nezakhono ekufuneka abafundi bezibonakalise kwibanga ngalinye, kananjalo nokumiselwa kwemigangatho ephezulu enokufikelewa kuzo zonke izifundo;
 - *Ukuqhubela phambili*: umxholo wokufundwayo neemeckoekufundwa phantsi kwazo kwibanga ngalinye ubonisa ukuqhubela phambili, ukususela kokulula ukuya koko kuntonkothileyo;
 - *Amalungelo oluntu, uqukaniso, ukukhathalelwa kokusingqongileyonobulungisa bezentlalo*: ukufakwa kwemithetho-siseko neendlela zokwenza ubulungisa kwezentlalo nokukhathalela indalo esingqongileyo kwanamalungelo oluntu, njengoko ebekiwe kuMgaqo-siseko weRiphablikhi yoMzantsi Afrika. INkcazeloyePolisi yeKharityhulam nokuHlola yeBanga 10-12 ibonakalisa uvakalelo kwimiba yeyantlukwano enjengendlala, ukungalingani, uhlanya, isini, ulwimi, ubudala, ukuba nenkubazeko neminye imiba;

- *Ukuxatyiswa kolwazi lwemveli:* ukuthathela ingqalelo ubutyebi bembali kunye nelifa lemveli leli lizwe njengeentsika zokuxhasa izithethe eziqulethwe nguMgaqo-siseko; kunye
- *Nentembeko, umgangatho ophezulu, kunye negalelo elibonakalayo:* ukunika imfundo enokuthelekiseka neyamanye amazwe ngokomgangatho, ukunatyiswa kwanokungena nzulu kwayo kwimiba efundiswayo.

(d) INKcazeloye Polisi yeKharityhulam nokuHlola yeBanga R-12 ijonje ukupuhhlisa abafundi abakwaziyo:

- ukuchonga nokusombulula iingxaki bathabathe iziggibo besebenzisa ingqiqo nokucinga okubonakalisa ubugcisa;
- ukusebenza ngempumelelo bebobwa naxa bekunye nabanye njengamalungu eqela;
- ukuzicwangcisa nokuzilawula bona buqu kunye nemisebenzi yabo, loo nto beyenza ngentembeko nangempumelelo;
- ukuqokelela, ukuhlalutya, ukucwangcisa nokuhlabamadlala ulwazi;
- ukunxibelelana nabanye ngempumelelo besebenzisa ubuchule bokubonwayo, bemiqondiso kunye/ okanye nezinye izakhono zolwimi ngeendlela ezahlukeneyo;
- ukusebenzisa inzululwazi nobuchwepheshe ngempumelelo nangokubonisa ukuba noxanduva ngokunengqiqo ekukhathaleleni indalo esinqongileyo nempilo yabanye; kunye
- nokubonisa ukuliqonda ihlabathi ukuba liyiseti yezinto ngezinto ezizalanayo ngokuqaphela ukuba iimeko ezisonjululwa phantsi kwazo iingxaki azizimelanga zodwa geqe.

(e) Ukuqukaniswa kwemfundo kufuneka kube ngundoqo ekulungiseleleni, ekucwangciseni nasekufundiseni kwisikolo ngasinye. Oku kunokwenzeka kuphela xa bonke ootitshala benolwazi oluphangaleleyo malunga nendlela yokuqonda nokusombulula izidingo zokufunda kunye nendlela yokucwangciselabafundi abangafaniyo.

Undoqo ekulawuleni ukuqukaniswa kwemfundo kukuqinisekisa ukuba izidingo ziyachongwa zize zisonjululwe ngawo onke amaqela enkxaso efanelekileyo asesikolweni, aquka ootitshala, amagosa esithili, amaQela eNkxaso amaZiko athile, abazali neZikolo zabaFundi abaneeMfuno eZizodwa njengamaZiko aXhobisa ngoLwazi. UKusombulula izidingo eklasini, ootitshala mabasebenzise iindlela ngeendlela zokujongana neyantlukwano kwikharthyhulam, ndlela ezo zifana nezo zikuxwebhu IweSebe leMfundoesisisiSeko oluthi *Guidelines for Inclusive Teaching and Learning (2010)*.

1.4 UKWABIWA KWEXESHA

1.4.1 IsiGaba esisisiSeko

- (a) Ixesha elabelwe ukufundisa kwisiGaba esisisiSeko limi ngolu hlobo:

ISIFUNDO	IBANGA R (IIYURE)	IBANGA 1 (IIYURE)	IBANGA 2 (IIYURE)	IBANGA 3 (IIYURE)
ULwimi IwaseKhaya	10	8/7	8/7	8/7
ULwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelweyo	N/A	3/2	3/2	3/4
ULwimi Lwesibili oloNgezelelweyo	N/A	1	1	1
IMathematika	7	7	7	7
IzaKhono zoBomi	6	6	6	7
• ULwazi olusisiSeko	(1)	(1)	(1)	(2)
• EzobuGcisa	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
• EzemiThambo	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
• UkuziPhatha neNtlalo	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
IIYURE ZIZONKE	23	24	24	26

- (b) Ixesha elabelwe ukufundisa iBanga R ziyure ezingama-23. Ixesha elabelwe ukufundisa amaBanga 1-2 ziyure ezingama-24, eleBanga 3 ziyure ezingama-26.
- (c) ULwimi IwaseKhaya iBanga R lwabelwe iyure ezili-10. Ixesha elininzi liziyure ezisi- 8 lize elimbalwa libe ziyure ezisi- 7 ezabelwe uLwimi IwaseKhaya kumaBanga 1-3. KuLwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelweyo amaBanga 1-2 abelwe iyure ezi-3 kwixesha elininzi kwelimalwa zabelwa iyure ezi-2; kwaze kwiBanga lesi-3 ezona yure zinini zi-4, zize ezimalwa zibe-3. KuLwimi IweSibini oloNgezelelweyo amaBanga 1-3 abelwe iuyre e-1.
- (d) Mathematika kumaBanga R-3 yabelwe iiyure ezisi-7. KwizaKhono zoBomi, uLwazi lokuQala amaBanga R-2 abelwa iyure ezi-6, iBanga lesi-3 labelwa iyure ezisi-7.

1.4.2 IsiGaba esiPhakathi

- (a) Ixesha elabelwe ukufundisa kwisiGaba esiPhakathi limi ngolu hlobo:

ISIFUNDO	IIYURE
ULwimi IwaseKhaya	6
ULwimi IokuQala oloNgezelelweyo	5
ULwimi Lwesibili oloNgezelelweyo	2
IMathematika	6
INzululwazi nobuChwepheShe (neTeknoloji) beNdalo	3.5
INzululwazi yezeNtlalo	3
IzaKhono zoBomi	4
• EzobuGcisa	(1.5)
• EzemiThambo	(1)
• UkuziPhatha neNtlalo	(1.5)
LILONKE	29.5

1.4.3 IsiGaba esiPhezulu

- a) Ixesha elabelwe ukufundisa kwisiGaba esiPhezulu limi ngolu hlobo:

ISIFUNDO	IIYURE
ULwimi IwaseKhaya	5
ULwimi IokuQala oloNgezelelweyo	4
ULwimi Lwesibili oloNgezelelweyo	2
IMathematika	4.5
INzululwazi yezeNdalo	3
UbuChwepheShe (iTeknoloji)	2
INzululwazi yoLawulo lwezoQoqosho	2
IsiFundo ngezoBomi	2
EzobuGcisa	2
LILONKE	29.5

1.4.4 iBanga 10-12

- (a) Ixesha elabelwe ukufundisa iBanga 10-12 limi ngolu hlobo:

ISIFUNDO	IIYURE
ULwimi IwaseKhaya	4.5
ULwimi IokuQala oloNgezelelweyo	4.5
ULwimi Lwesibili oloNgezelelweyo	2
IMathematika	4.5
IsiFundo ngezoBomi	2

Ubuncinane bazo naziphi izifundo ezithathu ezikhethwe kwi <u>Qela B isiHlomelo B, iiTheyibhile B1 - B8</u> zoxwebhu lwepolisi oluthi, <i>National policy pertaining to the programme and promotion requirements of the National Curriculum Statement Grades R-12</i> , ngokuxhomekeke kwimigaqo ebekwe kumhlathi wama-28 wolu xwebhu lwepolisi.	12 (3x4 iiyure -4)
LILONKE	29.5

Ixesha elabelwe ukufundisa ngeveki malisetyenziselwe ukufundisa izifundo ngokweemfuno zezifundo zeNkcazeloyePolisi yeKharityhulam nokuHlolayebanga R-12 (NKS) ezichatshazelwe apha ngasentla, hayi ezinye izifundo ezongezelelweyo. Ukuba umfundi ufunaukongeza izifundo, makongezelwe elinye ixesha lezo zifundo azongezileyo.

ICANDELO LESI-2: UKAZISA IILWIMI LWESIBINI OLONGEZELELWEYO KWISIGABA ESISISISEKO

2.1 IILWIMI KWINKCAZELO YEPOLISI YEKHARITYHULAM NOKUHLOLA

Ulwimi sisixhobo sokusinga nokunxibelelana. Lukwayindlela yenkcubeko nothando lobuhle abathi abantu babelane ngayo ukuze bakwazi ukuliqonda ilizwe abaphila kulo. Ukufunda ukusebenzisa ulwimi ngendlela eyiyo kubangela ukuba abafundi bafumane ulwazi, bakwazi ukuzazi, ukwazisa iimvakalelo neengcinga zabo, ukunxibelelana nabanye nokukwazi ukulawula ilizwe abaphila kulo. Lukwanika abafundi imifanekiso etyebileyo nemandla kune neengcinga ezinokusetyenziswa kwilizwe labo ngokungcono nangokucacileyo kunokuba kunjalo. Kusetyenziswa ulwimi ukuvakalisa nokwakha iinkcubeko ezizintlobo ngeentlobo nobuhlobo kwaye kukwangokusebenzisa ulwimi aphi olu lwakhiwo lunokuthi lutshintsha tshintshwe, lwindiswe okanye lphuculwe.

2.1.1 Imigangatho yolwimi

Ukufundwa kolwimi kwiBanga lesi-4 ukuya kwelesi-6 kuquka zonke iilwimi zaseburhulumenteni zaseMzantsi Afrika, izize: iAfrikaans, iEnglish, isiNdebele, isiXhosa, isiZulu, iSepedi (Sesotho sa Leboa), iSesotho, iSetswana, iSiswati, iTshivenda, iXitsonga nezi zingezizo ezaseMzantsi Afrika, ezizezi, Arabic, French, German, Gujarati, Hebrew, Hindu, Italian, Latin, Morden Greek, Portuguese, Spanish, Tamil, Telugu, Urdu. Zonke iilwimi zaseburhulumenteni zinokufundiswa njengoLwimi lwaseKhaya, olukuQala oloNgezelewyo okanye olwesiBini oloNgezelewyo. Zonke iilwimi ezingezizo ezaseMzantsi Afrika zinokufundwa ubuncinane kwinqanaba loLwimi lwesiBini oloNgezelewyo.

Ukufunda ulwimi kumabanga 4-9 kuquka zonke iilwimi zaseburhulumenteni eMzantsi Afrika. Zonke ezilwimi zisemthethweni. Zonke iilwimi ezisemthethweni zingafundiswa kumgangatho woLwimi lwaseKhaya uLwimi Lokuqala okanye kumgangatho woLwimi Lwesibini Olongezelewyo. Zonke iilwimi ezingezizo ezaseburhulumenteni zifundiswa kumgangatho woLwimi Lwesibini Olongezelewyo aphi ezi lwimi ziphuhliswe khona.

ULwimi lwaseKhaya lulwimi lokuqala oluthi lufundwe ngabafundi ngelixa ulwimi Lokuqala Olongezelewyo lufundwa njengolwimi olongezelewko kulwimi Lwasekhaya. ULwimi Lwesibini olongezelewyo lolunye ulwimi olunokufundwa ngumfundsi, ulwimi oluthi luvumele unxibelelwano olubanzi nelwimi ezininzi njengoko oku kubhaliwe kuMthetho Sisekelo neLanguage in Education Policy. Ulwimi lungasetyenziswa kwindawo ethile kwaye lwangeze ekwakheni isizwe nokuqondana phakathi kwekcubeko. Izikolo ezininzi eMzantsi Afrika azilufundisi ulwimi lwaseKhaya lwabafundi abathile okanye lwabafundi bonke abafunda kweso sikolo. Ezi zikolo zikhetha ukufundisa ulwimi olunye okanye iilwimi ezimbini ezikwinqanaba lolwimi lwaseKhaya. Ngenxa yoku ileybheli uLwimi lwaseKhaya nolwimi Lokuqala Olongezelewyo lubhekiselele kwinqanaba lolwazi lololwimi olo luthi lufundiswe hayi ngokubhekiselele kulwimi lokuzalwa (ulwimi lwaseKhaya) okanye ulwimi olufundwayo(njengolwimi olongezelewyo). Ngokweenjongo zale polisi konke okubhekiselele kuLwimi lwaseKhaya makuqondwe njengokubhekiselele kumgangatho hayi ulwimi.

Umgangatho woLwimi lwaseKhaya unika ulwazi lolwimi olubonisa izakhono zonxibelelwano olusisisiko nabanye abantu, unxibelelwano olo lufunekayo kwiimeko zentlalo kune nezakhono zokuqiqha zemfundo ezibalulekileyo ekufundeni ikharityhulam. Ugxininiso kulo mgangatho wolwimi lusekufundiseni izakhono zokuphulaphula, ukufunda nokubhala. Lo mgangatho ukwanika abafundi ulwazi loncwadi, ukubonisa uthando lobuhle nokukwazi ukuzakhela umfanekiso ngqondweni. Oku kunika abafundi ithuba lokuyila ngokutsha, ukuyila engqondweni ilizwe abaphila kulo. Nangona kunjalo ugxininiso nexesha elabelwe ukuphula phula nokuthetha kwibanga lesi-7 ukuya phambili liba ngaphantsi kwelo lokufunda nokubhala kuba kugxininiswa kakhulu ekukhuliseni izinga lokufunda nokubhala kuba abafundi balungiselelwya imfundzo ephakamileyo naxa beqalisa ukusebenza.

Umgangatho woLwimi LokuQala eloNgezelelweyo uthatha ukuba abafundi abanalo ulwazi lolu lwimi xa befika esikolweni. Kwiminyaka embalwa yokuqala ugqaliso lusekukhuliseni ulwazi lokuqonda nokuthetha ulwimi – izakhono zokunxibelelana ezisisiseko. Kwibanga lesi-2 nelesi-3 abafundi baqalisa ukukhulisa ukukwazi ukufunda nokubhala kwesi siseko sokuthetha. Bathi basebenzise izakhono zokufunda nokubhala abazifunde kuLwimi lwaseKhaya. KwisiGaba esiPhakathi nesiGaba esiPhezulu abafundi baqhubeke beginisa izakhono zabo zokuphulaphula, ukuthetha, ukufunda nokubhala. Kweli nqanaba abantwana abaninzi bafunda ngokusebenzisa uLwimi lokuQala eloNgezelelweyo, oko kukuthi isiNgesi, kwaye kufuneka bafundiswe olu lwimi ngakumbi. Ugqaliso olumandla ngoko ke malube sekusebenziseni uLwimi LokuQala eloNgezelelweyo ngenjongo zokusinga nokuqiqa. Oku kubangela ukuba abafundi bakhulise izakhono zabo zokuqiqa, izakhono ezo abaza kuzifuna ukufunda ezinye izifundo ezifana neNzululwazi ngesiNgesi. Basebenza ngakumbi ngeetekisi zoncwadi kwaye baqalisa ukukhulisa izakhono zokuthanda ubuhle nokukwazi ukuyila engqondweni kulwimi lwabo olongezelelweyo.

Ngexesha abafundi befika kwisiBanga lesi 7 kufuneka babe bafikelele kwiqondo elamkelekileyo lokukwazi ukusebenzisa ulwimi lwabo olongezelelweyo ngokubhekiselele kwizakhono zokunxibelelana nabanye abantu nezokuqiqa abazisebenzisa ekufundeni. Nakuba kunjalo liiyinyani lelokuba kweli nqanaba abafundi abakakwazi kakuhle ukunxibelelana ngolwimi lokuqala elongezelelweyo. Ngoko ke umceli mnjeni kwisiGaba esiPhakathi (amabanga 4-6) kukunika inkaso abafundi ngaxesha linye banikwe ikharityhulam ezakwenza ukuba abafundi bafikelele kwimigangatho efunekayo kumabanga alandelayo. Kufuneka le migangatho ibe kwimo yokuba abafundi bakwazi ukusebenzisa uLwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelweyo kwinqanaba eliphezulu ukubalungiselela imfundo ePhakamileyo okanye umsebenzi.

Umgangatho woLwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo uthatha ukuba abafundi abanalo ulwazi lolu lwimi xa befika esikolweni. Ugininiso kutyhilelo kuLwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo lusekuphuliseni ukukwazi kwabafundi ukuqonda nokuthetha ulwimi-izakhono ezisisiko zokunxibelelana nabanye abantu. KwiBanga lesi-4 – 6 abafundi baqala ukwakha izakhono zabo zokuthetha, zokufunda nokubhala. Bakwasebenzisa izakhono zabo zokuthetha nezokufunda nokubhala abasele bezifunde kuLwimi lwaseKhaya noLwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelweyo.

KwiBanga lesi-4 – 6 abafundi bayaqhuba nokomeleza ukuPhulaphula nokuThetha kwabo ngelixa bekwaphuhlisa izakhono zabo zokuFunda nokuBhala. Ngethuba abafundi befika kwiBanga lesi-4, kufuneka bazame ukunxibelelana ngolwimi lwabo IwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo kunxibelelwano lwabo kwakunye nabanye abantu ekuhlaleni. Nakuba kunjalo liiyinyani elokuba abafundi abaninzi baya kuba ngeli xesha bengakwazi kakuhle ukunxibelelana ngolwimi lwabo olongezelelweyo. Ngoko ke, umceli mnjeni kwiBanga 1 – 3 kukunika aba bafundi inkaso ngaxesha linye bekwanikwa ikharityhulam ezakwenza ukuba abafundi bafikelele kwimigangatho efunekayo kumabanga alandelayo. Kufuneka le migangatho ibe kwimo yokuba abafundi bakwazi ukusebenzisa iilwimi zabo ezongezelelweyo kwinqanaba eliphezulu ukubalungiselela imfundo ePhakamileyo okanye umsebenzi.

2.1.2 Injongo zokufunda uLwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo

2.1.2.1 Injongo (eziphangaleleyo)

Ukukhuthaza iilwimi ezongezelelweyo

Indlela yokufundisa ebandakanya iilwimi zonke sisxobo esibalulekileyo sokudibanisa uluntu, kunye nokukhula komntu ngamnye noluntu lumphela. UMzantsi Afrika lilizwe elibandakanya zonke iilwimi ezisemthethweni ezilishumi elinanye. Kubalulekile ke ngoko, ukuba abantwana bafunde iilwimi ezongezelelweyo kwamsinya kangangoko. Zikwakho ke iinzuso ngokwengqiqo eziboniswa lumphando, kupuhlisa ukutshintsha engqondweni. Iilwimi ezongezelelweyo zifundeka ngcono kakhulu xa abantwana benesiseko esomeleleyo kuLwimi lwabo lwaseKhaya (HL). ULwimi lwaseKhaya luba sisiseko sokufunda iilwimi ezongezelelweyo kwimeko ebandakanya iilwimi zonke.

Xa abantwana beqalisa ukufunda ulwimi olongezelelweyo kwiBanga 1, nokuba kukumanqanaba oLwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelweyo (FAL) okanye olwesibini (SAL), kufuneka bakhe isiseko esomeleleyo sokuthetha ngomlomo, kananjalo nokuboniswa kokubhaliwego kwezi lwimi. Kufuneka beve kakhulu ulwimi olulula, oluthethwayo abanako ukuluqonda kwimeko leyo. Ukuphulaphula utitshala **ebalisa aze afunde amabali** kwincwadi ezinemizobo emikhulu (liNcwadi eziNkulu) yindlela elungileyo yokwenza oku. Inika imeko enentsingiselo evakalayo ukuphuhlisa isigama, kwaye ixhasa uphuhliso lwamagama abantwana abawabona rhoqo. Njengoko ukuqonda kwabantwana kukhula, bayawafuna amathuba amaninzi okuluphulaphula baze baluthethe ulwimi ngeendlela ezilula. Bayawafuna amathuba okusebenzisana ngeenjongo ezizizo, umzekelo, kumabakala okuqala ingaba ngathi kukuphendula imiyalelo ngolwimi ekujoliswe kulo.

Kubalulekile ukugcina engqondweni ukuba xa abantwana benokufunda kwaye babbale ngoLwimi lwabo lwaseKhaya (HL), bangadlulisela olu lwazi lolwimi kunye nezakhono ekufundeni nasekubhaleni uLwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelweyo (FAL) kunye nolwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo (SAL):

- Ingqiqo ngokusetyenziswa kwezandi-mazwi – Ukuba nako ukwahlula nokubiza amalungu amagama kunye nezandi.
- Ingqiqo ngobhalo-magama – Ukuqonda imibhalo ephepheni imele izandi.
- Ingqiqo nge-alfabhethi – Ukuqonda ukuba oonobumba bamele izandi nokuba oonobumba bayadibana ukwenza amagama nezivakalisi.
- Ukuqonda ukuba okubhaliwego kunentsingiselo evakalayo, nokuba ukufunda kukufumana intsingiselo kokubhaliwego.
- Ezinye iingqiqo zokubhaliwego, umz. ukuba sifunda ukusuka ekhohlo ukuya ekunene.

Imikhwa nezimvo ngokufunda kwanokubhala – ukuba abafundi ngabafundi nababhali abazithembileyo kuLwimi lwabo lwaseKhaya (HL) abaqalisa ukuphuhlisa ubuchule, banganako ukudlulisela oku ekufundeni nasekubhaleni uLwimi lwabo lokuQala oloNgezelelweyo (FAL) ndawonye nolwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo (SAL).

- Ulwazi lomthamo wokufundiwego – Umthamo wokufundiwego ngokuggibeleyo kulwimi olunye udluliseka kolunye ulwimi, ngoko ke, ukuba isihloko senziwe kuLwimi lwaseKhaya, (HL) lunika isiseko sokuphuhlisa ulwimi kuLwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelweyo ndawonye nolwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo.

Kumba woLwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelweyo (**FAL**), abantwana mababe nako ukufunda nokubhala ngokuzithemba kulwimi ekujoliswe kulo xa begqiba iBanga 3, ngakumbi xa beza kulusebenzisa njengolwimi lwabo lokufunda nokufundisa kwiBanga 4. Kumba woLwimi lwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo apha ixesha elinikiwego lilincinci, ugqaliso olungundoqo luya kuba lunxibelwelwano ngomlomo.

Ngokufunda iincwadi ezilula ngoLwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelweyo (FAL) ndawonye nolwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo (SAL), abantwana baya kufumana ukutyhileka kulwimi ekujoliswe kulo kwaye bandise nesigama sabo. Kwakhona bangasebenzisa izakhono zabo zokubhala ezitsha abazifumeneyo ukuxhasa uphuhliso lolwimi lomlomo (umz. ukubhala phantsi amagama kwincwadi yesigama, bubuchule obugqibeleyo bokuphuhlisa isigama).

Ukuphila nabantu bonke

Intusa yokwazisa ulwimi lwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo kukukhulisa ukuphila nabantu bonke nokwamkela iyantlukwano nokubandakanya (ulwimi, inkcubelelo nohlanga) eklassini nasesikolweni. Ukufunda iilwimi kuphuhlisa ulwazi nokuxabisa iinkcubelelo ezahlukneneyo. Ukufunda ulwimi olutsha makuquke izinto ezithi zenziwe zenkcubeko, amasiko kunye nemikhwa, umzekelo, “ukuthoba amehlo xa uthetha nomntu omdala, ukukhongozela ngezandla zozibini ukubonisa umbulelo (enkosi) njalo njalo.

Izikolo maziqinisekise ukuba ulwimi olufundiswa kwinqanaba IoLwimi IwesiBini i oloNgezelelweyo lolunye lweelwimi zesiNtu ezesemthethweni ezisi- 9, nokuchongwa kolwimi kwensiwa ngokucebisana nabala wuli besikolo (SGB). Injongo ephambili yekharityhulam yowlimi IwesiBini olongezelelweyo kukukhulisa ukusetyenziswa kweelwimi zesiNtu zemveli nokuxhasa abangathethi olu Iwimi, ekufundeni ulwimi IwesiNtu kwinqanaba IoLwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo ubuncinane kwisiGaba esisisiSeko ukuqala kwiBanga 1. Iziphumo zophando zibonisile ezikolweni apho uLwimi lokuFunda nokuFundisa (LoLT) noLwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelweyo lusisiNgesi okanye isiBhulu, abafundi beelwimi zesiNtu abaninzi abasebenzisani nabalingane babo kunye nootitshala kwezi Iwimi zongamileyo. ULwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo (SAL) luza kubonisa ukuvuleka kwamathuba kubafundi bonke ukubeka intetho ngezinye iilwimi ngaphaya kwesiNgesi nesiBhulu. Ootitshala bayakhuthazeka ekukhuliseni iilwimi ngaphaya kwesiNgesi nesiBhulu ukunceda iyantlukwano kunye nendlela yokufundisa equka iilwimi zonke.

2.1.2.2 linjongo ngqo

Ukufunda uLwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo makwenze abafundi bakwazi:

- Ukufunda izakhono zolwimi eziyimfuneko ukuze banxibelelane ngokuchanekileyo nangoku fanelekileyo ngolo Iwimi balufundayo, kwinqanaba elisisiseko;
- Ukuphulaphula, ukuthetha, ukufunda/ukubukela nokubhala/ukunikezela ngokuzithembra nangokonwaba okukhulayo. Ezi zakhono nezi ndlela zokucinga zisisiseko sokufunda kubomi gabalala;
- Ukubeka izimvo, iimbono neemvakalelo zabo ngomlomo nangokubhaliweyo ukwenzela ukuba babe ngabantu abacinga ngokukhululekileyo ngolu Iwimi;
- Ukusebenzisa uLwimi oloNgezelelweyo Iwabo nengqikelelo yabo ukuzikhanga nanga kumbi nokufunda banzi ngelizwe elibangqongileyo. Le nto iya kubenza bakwazi ukuthetha ngama va abo nezinto abazifunde ngobomi, loo nto beyenza ngomlomo nangokubhala;
- Ukusebenzisa olu Iwimi ukufikelela nokulawula unxibelelwano Iwabo kwezinye iimeko. Isak hono sokukwazi ukuqokelela nokucwangcisa ulwazi olufumeneyo sisiseko sokuphila kule miha 'yempucuko nolwazi' sikwasisisoko sokufunda kubomi gabalala;
- Ukusebenzisa olu Iwimi njengendlela yokudlulisa ulwazi malunga nezihloko abaziqhelileyo; ukuncokola ngoluhlu abaluqheliyeo Iweetekisi; nokufunda iitekisi bezifundela ukuzonwabiswa, ulwazi olu sisiseko nonxibelelwano.

2.1.3 Ukufundiswa koLwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo

Ukuze ukwazi ukulufunda ngempumelelo uLwimi oloNgezelelweyo kufuneka uziqhelanise nalo kangangoko ukwenzela ukwakha ulwazi lokusebenzisa ulwimi kunye nolwazi olusisisoko kweetekisi ngeetekisi. Ootitshala kufuneka baqiniseke ukuba abafundi baphulaphula ze bafunde ulwimi olongezelelwayo befundela iinjongo ngeenjongo ngexesha elabiweyo. Abafundi bafuna amathuba okuphulaphula uLwimi oloNgezelelweyo bephulaphulela ulwazi nokuqonda (umz. Ingxoxo yababini), ukuzonwabiswa (umz. ibali okanye ingoma). Ngaphezulu kwako konke, bafuna amathuba okufunda nokubukela ulwimi olongezelelweyo besenzela ukufumana ulwazi (umz. ingcaciso ngomfanekiso okhaphayo), ulonwabo (umz. imagazini) uncwadi oluncomayo (umz. umbongo). Uphando luveza ukuba eyona ndlela ibalulekileyo yokwakha isigama kukufunda ngamandla iitekisi ezifanelekileyo. Kubalulekile ukuba iitekisi zomlomo/zeorali, ezibhalwayo nezibonwayo zibe kumgangatho olungele bafundi. Ukuba iitekisi zinzima kakhulu, abafundi abayi kukhuthazeka kwaye abayi kufunda nto; kanti naxa zilula kakhulu aziyi kubacela mnjeni kwaye kuya kuba kuncinci okufundwayo. Indima ebalulekileyo katitshala wolwimi kukulungelelanisa umgangatho wetekisi nomgangatho womfundwa. KwisiGaba esiPhakathi siphela, abafundi mabaphulaphule ze bafunde iitekisi ezinobunzima obuya bukhula ngokukhula, ezihambelana nokukhulisa izakhono zolwimi zabo.

Kufuneka abafundi baziqonde ukuba bathethela ntoni. KwisiGaba esiPhakathi siphela, abafundi mabanikwe imisetyenzana yomlomo ehambelana nokukhulisa izakhono zabo zolwimi. Kuyimfuneko ukuba abafundi bafumane ingxelo rhoqo malunga nokubhala kwabo ukuze bazi ukuba kufuneka belungise phi, kanjani. Eyona nto ibalulekileyo kutitshala wolwimi kukunika eyona ngxelo ikumgangatho ophezulu esuka kokona kuhlola lusulungekileyo.

KwiBanga lesi-1 - 3, kubalulekile ukuba:

- Kubekho ugxininiso ekuphulaphulen i nasekuthetheni;
- Kubekho inkxaso eqhubekayekwakheni isigama, ukwakhiwa kwezivakali nemihlathi kunye negrama esemxholweni;
- Abafundi basebenze ngeedidi zeetekisi ezahlukene, eziquka iitekisi ezibonwayo. Ezi tekisi ziya zisiba nzima ngokuba nzima ngokuya kunyuka amabanga.

2.1.4 Izakhono zolwimi zeLwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo

ULwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo (SAL) luza kusetyenzisa kumaBanga-1 ukuya kwelesi-3 kuzo zonke iilwimi ezili-11 ezesemthethwena. Ugqaliso IweKharityhulam yoLwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo lusekuphuhliseni kwezakhono zokunxibelelana ngomlomo. Ikharityhulam yoLwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo (SAL) iza kuquka ezi zakhono ziphambili zizezi:

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UkuPhulaphula nokuThetha: Unxibelelwano ngomlomo nezakhono zokuphuhlisa ulwimi 	UkuCinga nokuQiqa nezakhono zokwakhiwa nokusetyenzisa kolwimi ziya kubandakanywa ekuphulaphulen i nasekuthetheni nakwizakhono zolwimi olukhulayo
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ULwimi Olukhulayo (Ukuqonda ngezandi / ukuqwalasela izandi, ukufunda nokubhala okukhulayo) 	

Ugqaliso IoLwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo (SAL) lukufundiso **Iolwimi ngokunxibelelana nophuhliso Iwezakhono ezisisiseko zokunxibelelana nabantu (BICS)**. Ugqaliso ikakhulu luya kuba kwimisebenzi yokuPhulaphula nokuThetha equka ukufunda ukubulisa, ukuphendula imiyalelo, ukwenza izicelo, esebezisa ulwimi olubonisa imbeko, ethatha inxaxheba kwiingxoxo ezilula zababini esebezisa amabinzana olwimi.

Xa uitshala esazisa uLwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo (SAL) kwiBanga 1, ufunu indlela elula yokufumana ulwazi **ngo ‘Iwimi olongezelelweyo’** elusa kubafundi bakhe abancinane. Indlela elunglelo yokwenza oku kukusebenzia iphaphethi, enokunikwa igama ngoLwimi oloNgezelelweyo, umzekelo, Iphaphethi uPule. Kwisifundo sokuqala, uitshala wazisa iphaphethi aze axelete abafundi ukuba uPule akakwazi ukuthetha ulwimi Iwabo Iwasekhaya; angathetha kuphela umz. iSetswana, ngoko ke baza kuthetha iSetswana noPule. UPule ngoko uza kusetyenzisa rhoqo kwiklasi yoLwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo (SAL). Utitshala unokwazisa iphaphethi yesibini (umz. uPalesa iphaphethi) ukubonisa intsebenziswano kwiklasi yoLwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo (SAL) (umz. imibuliso).

Xa iilwimi zifundwa ngomlomo, kufuneka uphinda-phindo oluninzi ukuxhasa ukufunda ngentloko. lingoma zentshukumo nemibongo, ukubalisa amabali ngokuphindiweyo nokufunda notitshala makube ngoko yeyona misebenzi ingundoqo yekharityhulam yoLwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo (SAL). Abantwana basenako nokufundiswa ulwimi olubonisa imbeko, umzekelo, imibuliso. Enye indlela esebezena kakuhle kukuphendula **kuKwenza imiYalelo ngokuPheleleyo (TPR)**, oku yenye indlela yonxibelelwano **kungathethwa ngomlomo**, umz. abantwana baphendula imiyalelo ngendlela eyonwabisayo kusetyenzisa imidlalo njengo ‘Ndifik’ingalo yam ndiphinde ndiyikhuphe’. lingoma zentshukumo kunye nemibongo zezinye zeendlela ze TPR. Uphinda-phindo Iwevesi eziphambili zesigama kunye namabinzana olwimi afundiweyo kumabali (abaliswayo nafundiweyo), iingoma nemibongo yimisebenzi emayenziwe rhoqo.

Isigama esiphambili namabinzana kumabali, iingoma kune nezicengcelezo zinokusetyenziswa kwimo yaseklasini ukuze zifakwe kwinkqubo yemihla ngemihla, nokuba zandise amathuba okufundwa zize zisetyenziswe ngabantwana. Amagama eludongeni anokwenziwa ukukhumbuza ootishala nabafundi ngesigama esifundisiweyo. Xa abantwana benako ukubhala uLwimi lwabo lwaseKhaya (HL), la magama bangawabhalo kwizichazi-magama zabo.

Xaabntwana bekwazi ukufunda nokubhala ngoLwimi lwaseKhaya (HL) (ekupheleni kweBanga 1), banokukusebenzisa oku njengesixhobo sokufunda uLwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo (SAL). Umzekelo, banokufunda iiNcwadi eziNkulu ezinemizobo emininzi netekisi elula notitshala wabo. Banokufunda okubhaliweyo eklasini ngoLwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo (SAL) (umz.iileyibhuli, amagama edongeni, iipowusta), baze bafunde iincwadi ezilula kakhulu ngoLwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo (SAL) xa zikhona kwikona yokufunda. Basenokubhala amagama amatsha kwisichazi-magama (incwadi yesigama) baze bawafunde. Oku kuya kwenza abantwana batyhilekelwe luLwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo (SAL) kuze kubenze babe nesigama esikhulayo.

Ikharityhulam yoLwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo (SAL) ilungiselelwe ngale ndlela ilandelayo:

- umxholo, iingqiqo nezakhono ema zifundiswe ngekota
- imigaqo yokwabiwa kwexesha
- iingcebiso ngohlolo olungekho sesikweni
- uluhlu loovimba abacetylwayo kwibanga ngalinye

2.1.5 Iintlobo zelitheresi

Izifundo zoLwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo (SAL) ziukua ezomlomo, ezibonwayo, ezamanani kune nokufunda ngeetekisi. Ootishala bayakhuthazwa ukuba basebenzise uLwimi lwaseKhaya (HL) ukuxhasa ukufundiswa koLwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo (SAL) aphi kufanelekileyo yaye kulungile. I-alfabhethi nendlela yokubhala ngesandla ezisetyenziswa kwiilwimi zesiNtu ziyafana nezesiNgesi nesiBhulu. Umzekelo, abafundi boLwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo (SAL) baya kukwazi ukubala nokunakana iisimboli zamanani kodwa beza kufunda amagama amanani ngolu lwimi lutsha. Ukusebenzisa iingoma zokubala nemibongo kuyakhuthazwa xa kufundiswa amagama amanani, iintsuku zeveki, iinyanga zonyaka, njl njl. Indlela yokufundisa ingqiqo ngezandi iya kuxhomekeka kulwimi olo lufundiswayo.

Ukubalisa amabali kuxhaswa ngezinto ezibonwayo neziviwayo, kuyakhuthazwa ukwazisa ukufundisa iitekisi kulwimi. IiNcwadi eziNkulu kwaneepowusta ezibonisa ingxoxo, ezinokubonwayo kuphela ziyacetylwayo kwiBanga 1. KwiBanga 2 iitekisi ezinamagama aphambil namabinzana olwimi mazisetyenziswe. KwiBanga 3 iitekisi ezinamagama alula aphindaphindwayo, amabinzana olwimi nezivakalisi mazisetyenziswe ukukhulisa ufundo lolwimi abalubona rhoqo.

UkuPhulaphula nokuThetha

Ukufunda ulwimi olongezelelweyo kufana nokufunda uLwimi lwaseKhaya, ngaphandle nje kokuba olongezelelweyo lufundwa kade kubomi bomntwana. Kunyaka wokuqala kubomi babo, abantwana beva ulwimi oluninzi olulula kwimo ekukuyo, into ke leyo ebenza baye befumana igma nesigama solwimi lwabo lwaseKhaya. Emva konyaka nangaphezulu, abantwana baqalisa ukuthetha uLwimi lwaseKhaya kodwa bengasebenzisi zivakalisi zizeleyo. Baqalisa ngokubiza igama elinye namabini, abawasebenzisa ukuxela iintsingiselo ezininzi neenjongo. Baba nako ukuqonda ulwimi oluninzi nolunzima ngaphezu kokuluthetha.

Kubalulekile kootitshala ukukugcina oku ezingqondweni xa abantwana befunda ulwimi olongezelelweyo. KwiBanga 1, abafundi kufuneka batyhilelwu kulwimi lomlomo oluninzi ngendlela yamabali nemiyalelo yaseklasini.Ukuphulaphula amabali ebaliswa yeyona ndlela ibaluleke kakhulu kubantwana ekufundeni ulwimi lwabo olongezelelyo. Utitshala kufuneka a:

- khethi ibali elilula elinempinda ngokwesakhiwo salo, elivumela abafundi basebenze ngetekisi ngokuphindaphinda ngaxeshanye (amabinzana olwimi)
- agcine ulwimi lwakhe lulula kakhulu, athethe ngokucothayo kodwa ngelizwi lakhe
- asebenzise izijekulo, imifanekiso nezinto zenyani ukwazisa isigama esitsha nokuxhasa ukuliqonda ibali
- alibalise ibali amaxesha amaninzi, aye ebafaka abantwana ngakumbi nangakumbi, umzekelo ngokungenelela kwiindawo ezinempinda
- abhale isigama esiphambili kumakhadi aze awabeke kudonga lwamagama.

Enye indlela yokutyhilela abantwana ulwimi olongezelelweyo kukuphulaphula amabali (okanye iitekisi ezingenyaniso) afundwa ngutitshala.

Utitshala ufunda kwiNcwadi eNkulu, incwadi enimizobo emikhulu namagama amakhulu anako ukubonwa ngabafundi bonke ngelixa afundayo. Oku kubizwa ngokuba '**kukuFunda noTitshala**'. Olunye uncedo lokufunda notitshala kukuba iba ngowona msebenzi ubalulekileyo wokuphulaphula, ize iphuhlise kubafundi **ukufunda okukhulayo**. Abantwana bafunda, umzekelo, iingqiqo zokubhaliwego (umz.ukuba siqala ukufunda kwiqweqwwe lwencwadi size siphele ekugqibeleni kwayo, nokuba sifunda ukusuka ekhohlo ukuya ekunene nokusuka phezulu ukuya ezantsi ephepheni), baze baqalise ukunakana amagama ambalwa abhaliwego ngolwimi olongezelelweyo (umz. inkwenkwe, intombazana). Abafundi mababe baqhelene nomsebenzi wokufunda notitshala ngenxa yokuba beza kwenza njalo kwizifundo zoLwimi lwaseKhaya (HL) noLwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelweyo (FAL). Iza kuxhasa ufundo lolwimi ukuba eli bali linye libaliswa ngoLwimi lwaseKhaya (HL), ngoLwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelweyo (FAL) noLwimi lwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo (SAL) xa kunokwenzeka.

Enye indlela ebalulekileyo yokutyhilela abantwana kulwimi olongezelelweyo kukubanika imiyalelo elula bayiphendule ngokwenza, umzekelo, utitshala uthi, '**Yiza apha, Thabo**', ebonisa ngezijekulo, aze aphendule ngokwenza. Le ndlela yaziwa ngokuba **kuKwenza imiYalelo ngokuPheleleyo (TPR)**, inceda kakhulu kuba utitshala ubona ngokukhawuleza ukuba uThabo uyaqonda na okanye akaqondi aze abonise ngokuphendula naye - okanye 'Wenze kakuhle, Thabo,' okanye awuphinde umyalelo ngokucothayo ngakumbi ngezijekulo ezicace kakhulu ngakumbi. Ulwimi lwaseklasini (umz. Yiza ngaphambili eklasini uze kuhlala emethini) lunika amathuba amaninzi okwazisa ngeendlela zendalo zokuphendula usebenzisa amalungu omzimba. Lingoma ezibonisa intshukumo kanye nemibongo nayo, ziindlela ezibaluleke kakhulu ukuhlanganisa ulwimi nokusebenzisa amalungu omzimba ngendlela exhasa ukuqonda nokufunda ngentloko ulwimi.

Uncedo Iwezi ndlela zintathu zichazwe apha ngasentla (ukuphulaphula amabali, ukufunda notitshala kanye nokuphendula ngokusebenzisa amalungu omzimba) kukuba ugqaliso lwazo zonke lusekufundeni ulwimi ngokuphulaphula nokuqonda. Oku kukhulula abafundi abancinane ekuthetheni ngokunyanzeleka, kuphungula ixhala kubavumele bagqalise ekuqondeni ulwimi. Kodwa, ukuze babe ngabasebenzisi bolwimi abaphumeleleyo, abafundi kufuneka baziqheliise ukuthetha.

Ekuqaleni, ulwimi oluthethwa ngabafundi lolubonisa imbeko efundiweyo – iingoma ezifundwe ngentloko kunye nemibongo ebonisa intshukumo iyinxalenyenye **yolwimi olubonisa imbeko** efundwe **njengamabinzana olwimi**, umzekelo, ‘**Mholo, kunjani?**’ ‘**Ndiphilile, unjani wena?**’ Kodwa ngokuhamba kwexesha, xa abantwana beqalisa ukuluqonda ulwimi olongezelelweyo, bafanele baqalise ukuthetha, ekuqaleni intetho enegama elinye namabini. Umzekelo, xa bephendula umbuzo katitshala, ‘Nilithandile ibali?’, umfundu uyaphendula ‘Ewe’ okanye ‘Hayi.’ **Imidlalo** yindlela ebalulekileyo yokuqinisa ulwimi nokwenza abantwana bathathe inxaxheba ekufundeni. Umzekelo, utitshala angasebenzisa isangqa ukufundisa ulwimi olubonisa imbeko efundwayo. Umntwana omnye uqala ngokubuza ‘**Ungubani igama lakho?**’ Olandelayo umntwana aphendule (umz. Zuki) aze abuze olandelayo umntwana ‘**Ungubani igama lakho?**’ kuqhubeleke kude kuthethe wonke umntwana.

Ekuqaleni, ulwimi lomfundu aluthethayo eluva rhoqo lufuna ukusekelwa (nje ngokuboniswa kunye nokuxhaswa). Umzekelo, abafundi bangaqala ngokucengceleza/bacule iingoma ezinentshukumo kunye nemibongo, bephinda-phinda amabinzana olwimi, kuphinda-phindwa ngaxeshanye isigama baze emva koko bathathe inxaxheba kwimidlalo yokulinganisa, benze nengxoxo ngababini, njl njl. Ngoncedo lukatitshala, abantwana bangabalisa iindawo ezithile zebali besebenzisa impahla yeqonga (umz. iimaski, iiphaphethi, njl njl.). Utitshala kufuneka aqinisekise ukuba bonke abantwana bayawafumana amathuba okuthetha ngolu lwimi lutsha longezelelweyo kwimeko ekhuselekileyo nenika inkxaso. Kuba abantwana beza kuqhubeke ngesantya esingafaniyo, utitshala kufuneka avelise amathuba aquka ukuba bakhombe baze baxele amagama ezinto ezisemifanekisweni naseklasini, njl njl. Njengoko abantwana bedlula kumabanga ngamabanga, utitshala makalindele ukuba baza kuthetha ngakumbi yaye neentetho ziza kuba ndana.

Imisebenzi yokuPhulaphula nokuThetha iqulunqwe ngokwezihloko. Kuyacetyisa ukuba utitshala akhethe izihloko ezibini ngekota kwiBanga 1 nakwiBanga 2 aze akhethe zibe zithathu kwiBanga 3. Utitshala kufuneka akhethe izihloko ezinxulumene nokufundisa ulwimi olongezelelweyo. Izihloko mazibe zeziqhelekileyo kakhulu kubafundi, okungcono ebezike zasetyenziswa kuLwimi lwaseKhaya (HL) nakuLwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelweyo.

Isizathu sokusebenzisa izihloko kukwenza lula ukusetyenziswa kwsigama esinye rhoqo nokwakhiwa kolwimi kwiimo ezinentsingiselo ecacileyo. Umzekelo, amagama anxulumene nomzimba (ubuso, amehlo, iindlebe, impumlo, umlomo, iingalo, imilenze, iinyawo) kunye neendawo ezakhiwe kuzo (Kha ukhombe ----. / Le yi/ngu/zii----- yam/wam/zam. /Ezi zii----- zam / Le yi----- yam / La nga----- am); kufuneka bezive rhoqo kwimo yazo, abafundi ke mabafumane amathuba okuzisebenzisa. Kuphela xa isigama nokwakhiwa kolwimi zisetyenziswa rhoqo, apho abafundi baya kukwazi ukuzikhumbula bazisebenzise.

Ukufunda Okukhulayo

KuLwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo (SAL), ugqaliso lukupuhliso kufundo lolwimi abantwana abalubona rhoqo, njengolwimi lomlomo kwimisebenzi yokuphulaphula nokuthetha (iingoma, imibongo, amabinzana olwimi, imiyalelo, ukubalisa amabali), ingqiqo ngokusetyenziswa kwezandi-mazwi (ingqiqo ngezandi ezibizwayo nendlela ezi zandi ezibizwa kunye ngayo ukwenza amagama), ingqiqo ngokubhaliweyo, ulwazi ngezandi (uzalwano phakathi koonobumba nezandi , uqhekezo lwamagama, ubizo, ukwahlulahlula amagama) nezakhono zokubhala okukhulayo.

Izakhono zokubhala okukhulayo (umz. ukukhomba izinto, ukufunda imifanekiso, ulandelelwaniso lwemifanekiso, njl. njl.) zaziswa ngokubalisa amabali, Ukufunda notitshala, nokufunda ngokuvakalayo okuboniswa ngutitshala. Ekupheleni, kwiBanga 3 imisebenzi yokubhala ekhulayo inokudityaniswa nemisebenzi yokufunda ekhulayo.

Ukuqonda nokuqwalasela izandi

Isigaba sokuqala sokufunda ukwahlula-hlula ulwimi olubhaliwego, sesomlomo usebenzisa ingqiqo ngokusetyenziswa kwezandi-mazwi kwakunye nezakhono zengqiqo ngezandi. Zombini ziingxelo kwangaphambili ezibalulekileyo nezithembekileyo zokuba nako ukufunda komntwana kwixesha elizayo. lingcinga ngokufundisa izakhono **zokuqonda noqwalasela izandi** ziquka:

- Ukuva izandi eziphinda-phindwayo (ukudlala ngegama) kwiingoma nemibongo
- Ukuqhwaba amagama kwizivakalisi ezibizwayo
- Ukuqhwaba amalungu kumagama abizwayo
- Ukwahlula-hlula amagama abizwayo abe ngamalungu aze aphinde abizwe kwakhona ehlangene.
- Ukuchonga izandi ekuqaleni kumagama abizwayo
- Ukuqhwaba izandi ngazinye kumagama abizwayo
- Ukwahlula-hlula amagama abizwayo ngezandi aze aphinde abizwe kwakhona ehlangene.
- Ukuxela uzalwano loonobumba nezandi

Ingxoxo ezenzekelayo (incidental discussion) nokufundisa uzalwano loonobumba nezandi kulwimi olutsha mazenzeke kwiBanga 3. Ngeli xesha izandi kuLwimi lwaseKhaya (HL) noLwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelweyo (FAL) ziya kuba sezsaziwa. lingxoxo ziya kuba kwimfano neyantlukwano kwizandi zoonobumba be-alfabheti kuLwimi wesiBini oloNgezelelweyo (SAL) umz. unobumba “**a**” ant (kwisiNgesi); “**a**” appel (kwisiBhulu) no “**a**” abantwana (isiXhosa).

UkuFunda noTitshala

UkuFunda noTitshala yindlela eveleleyo yokufunda eza kusetyenziswa ukupuhlisa izakhono zokufunda kuLwimi lwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo ukusuka kwiBanga 1 ukuya phambili. Ukufunda notitshala luggaliso olubalulekileyo ekupuhliseni ulwimi nokulufunda. Isizathu sokufunda notitshala kumaBanga 1 nele 3 kukutyhilela abafundi kulwimi lwabo lwesibini ngemeko enentsingiselo ecacileyo nenika inkxaso. Ikwaphuhlisa ukufunda ulwimi abalubona rhoqo ngolwimi lwabo olongezelelweyo. **Kwibakala leBanga 1**, utitshala maka:

- khethi iitekisi ezibonwayo, zinkulu, zilula kakhu (umz. INcwadi eNkulu, iipowusta ezibonisa ingxoxo) zinemizobo emininzi ecacileyo.
- fake abafundi kwimisebenzi ‘yokuthetha bephethe imifanekiso’.
- balise ibali elimalunga nemifanekiso leyo.
- khuthaze abantwana baphindaphinde iindawo ebalini elibalisiwyo.

KumaBanga 2 nele 3, iitekisi zokuFunda noTitshala (liNcwadi eziNkulu) mazique **amagama, amabinzana olwimi kunye nezivakalisi ezifutshane**. Utitshala maka:

- thethe ngemifanekiso nabafundi ukuze basiqonde isigama.
- funde itekisi amaxesha amaninzi esebezisa umnwe wakhe okanye ‘into yokukhomba’ ukunceda abafundi bamlandele utitshala njengoko eqhubeka netekisi.
- buze imibuzo ngebali.
- thi chu ukubafaka abafundi ‘ekufundeni’ ibali.
- bhale amagama aphambili (amakhadi amagama) ngomfanekiso aze awabeke eludongeni (angasetyenziswa nasekuqiheliseni, ukuphengulula nemidlalo).

Ukuqonda

KuLwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo ugqaliso kakhulu lusekuqondeni ngokuphulaphula nokubona. Oku kupuhhliswa ngokwakha isigama nokubuza imibuzo enceda abafundi basebenze ngetekisi. Utitshala makaqale ngokubuza imibuzo enxulumene netekisi ebonwayo, umz. axele amagama aze akhombe izinto kwanemibuzo elula (Ngubani? Yintoni? Phi?).

2.1.6 Ukwakhiwa nokusetyenziswa kolwimi

KumaBanga 1 -3, ukwakhiwa nokusetyenziswa kolwimi zifundwa ngoku ngenanjongo (incidental learning) ngokubatyhilela ngentsingiselo ecacileyo ulwimi lomlomo. Ukufunda ngoku ngenanjongo kuya kwenzekwa ngokuphulaphula amabali, ukufunda notitshala, iingoma nemibongo, ngoKwenza imiYalelo ngokuPheleleyo (TPR), amabinzana olwimi kunye nolwimi olubonisa imbeko.

Umzekelo, xa utitshala equalisa ibali elitsha, uza kufundisa isigama esebezisa imifanekiso kunye ne/okanye izinto zenyani. Uza kubhala amagama emakhadini aze awabeke kudonga lwamagama. Uza kuwasebezisa ekuziqheliseni nasekuphengululenzi aze awafake kwimisebenzi nasemidlalweni.

2.1.7 Izihloko nemixholo

Izihloko nemixholo mazichongwe ngocoselelo ukuze ulwimi nesigama ziphinda-phindwe rhoqo, ngolo hlobo zibe ziyafundwa. Umzekelo izihloko ezinjengo- Mna zinokulandelwa luSapho lwam, Isikolo sam njl. njl. Ezi zihloko zinye zise nokuphindaphindwa zize zandiselwe amaBanga 2 no 3. Izihloko mazicwangciswe ngendlela eyenza uphuhliso olwimi olusetyenziswa ekuhlanganeni koluntu esikolweni nangaphaya kwaso.

Izihloko ezicetyiswayo:

IBanga 1	IBanga 2	IBanga 3
Mna nomzimba wam	Mna nomzimba wam	Mna nomzimba wam
Abahlobo	Abahlobo	Abahlobo
Ikhaya lam	Ikhaya lam	Ikhaya lam
Usapho lwasekhaya	Usapho lwasekhaya	Usapho lwasekhaya
limpahla	Ukuya kuthenga	Ukuya kuthenga
Esikolweni	Esikolweni	Esikolweni
Imozulu	Imozulu	Imozulu
Izilwanyana	Izilwanyana	Izilwanyana
abantu abasindedayo	abantu abasindedayo	abantu abasindedayo
Ukutya	Ukutya	Ukutya
Ezemidlalo	Ezemidlalo	Ezemidlalo
		Amaxesha onyaka
		Ezothutho
		Ifama
		Ezemidlalo
Imigcobo (iimini zokuzalwa, amatheko, njl. njl.)	Imigcobo (iimini zokuzalwa, amatheko, njl. njl.)	Imigcobo (iimini zokuzalwa, amatheko, njl. njl.)

2.1.8 Ukufundisa nendlela yokufundisa

Ukufundisa makukhuthaze ukufunda kune ngokuncedisana nangokusebenzisana nokufundisa ukusebenza ngababini, imisebenzi ngamaqela amancinci, nabafundi mabanikwe amathuba amaninzi okuzithethela ngolwimi olutsha besebenzisa amabinzana olwimi (baphendule imibuliso, bazifake kwiingxoxo zababini, badlale imidlalo yowlimi, iingoma ezibonisa intshukumo njl. njl). Indlela esebeenzisa izimvo ezahluka-hlukaneyo iyakhuthazwa. Olu lwimi lutsha malufundiswe ngendlela eyonwabisayo ngokuphinda-phinda iikhораси, uKwenza imiYalelo ngokuPheleleyo (TPR), ukulinganisa ngomdlalo, ukucula iingoma ezinentshukumo kune nemibongo exhaswa yimisebenzi yokubonwayo, okuvivayyo nesebenzisa amalungu omzimba. Ootitshala mabafunele abafundi amathuba okusebenzisa baze babonise izakhono zolwimi olutsha abalufumeyo (imibuliso ngeelwimi zontathu, bacule iingoma zokuzalwa, izinto zeekonsathi zesikolo, iimini zolonwabo, njl. njl).

2.1.9 Ulawulo eklasini kune nezixhobo zokufunda nokufundisa

Iklasi zaseMzantsi Afrika ziziintloblo-ntloblo yaye zinobandakanyo. Kuqhelekile ukufumana abafundi abathetha ngaphezulu koLwimi lwaseKhaya olunye olusenokungabi luLwimi lokuFunda nokuFundasa (LoLT) Iwesikolo. Kwezinye iimeko ulwimi olufundiswa njengelwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo (SAL) Iusenokuba luLwimi lwaseKhaya lwabanye abafundi. Kwiimko ezinjalo utitshala wolwimi IwesiBini olongezelweyo kuya kufuneka acwangcise imisebenzi ukuhlangubezana nabathetha uLwimi lwaseKhaya (HL) nabathetha olwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo (SAL). Ootitshala mabasebenzise abathetha ulwimi lwasekhaya njengomzekelo aze abaxhase ukuba bakhokele ngamaxeshya okufundisana bebobwa apho banokuxhasa abafundi boLwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo (SAL) (abangaluthethiyo).

Ukusetyenzisa koLwimi lwaseKhaya makusetyenziswe okokuqala ukuxhasa ukufundiswa koLwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo (SAL). Amagama eludongeni anokwenziwa ukukhumbuza utitshala nabafundi isigama esifundisiweyo kwilwimi zontathu ezahlukenevo ezifundisiweyo. Ootitshala bayakhuthazwa ukusebenzisa imibala ukwahlula phakathi kwsigama esiphambili soLwimi lwaseKhaya, uLwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelweyo kune nolwesiBini i oloNgezelelweyo. Imidlalo yowlimi enjengo (Ndifak'ingalo yam, ndiphinde ndiyikhuphe....; Intloko, amagxa, sifuba nengalo, sifuba nengalo....) ma isetyenziswe ukufundisa amabinzana olwimi nesigama esiphambili. Izixhobo zokufunda nokufundisa ezinjenje (izinxibo, iiphowusta zengxoxo, iNcwadi eziNkulu, iNgqokelela yamabali, iingoma nemibongo, iimaski, iiphaphethi kuquka iiNcwadi eziNkulu ezenziwe ngutitshala nabafundi, iincwadi ezigosogoso (zig-zag) mazisetyenziswe.

2.2 UHLOLO KULWIMI LWESIBINI OLONGEZELELWEYO

Imisebenzi yohlolo kuLwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo ma yingabikho sesikweni, yaye ibe yeqhubekayo (baphendule imibuliso, imiyalelo, besakha imiyalelo, bacengceleze iingoma nemibongo enentshukumo, bangene kwiingxoxo ngababini, bathathe inxaxheba ekulinganiseni, baphendule amabali, baxele izinto, njl. njl.). Uhlolo oluninzi malwenzeke ngokulolonga, iimpendulo ngomlomo kune nokubonisa. Utitshala ubhala iziphumo zohlol ngokusebenzisa itshekhillisti. **ULwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo (SAL) alusayi kuba sisizathu sokupasiswa nokutshoniswa kumaBanga 1– 3.**

2.3 UKWABIWA KWEXESA NETHEYIBHULI YAMAXESA

Ixesha lokufundisa elicetyiswayo kuLwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo kwisiGaba esisisiSeko yiyure e-1 ngeveki. Izikolo kengoko ziyakhuthazwa ukuba ziyisebenzise le yure i-1 ngobulumko ukufundisa u-SAL kumaBanga 1-3. Le theyibhuli yexesha ingezantsi yingcebiso nje:

- **liphiriyodi ezi-4 x 15 imizuzu ka-SAL ngeveki (Mvulo ukuya ngolweSine)**
- **liphiriyodi ezi-3 x 20 imizuzu ka-SAL ngeveki (umz. Mvulo ukuya kulweSithathu)**
- **liphiriyodi ezi- 2 x 30 imizuzu ka-SAL ngeveki (umz. ngoMvulo ukuya kulweSine)**

Itheyibhuli yamaxesha ka-SAL mayinikwe umkhomba-ndlela yindela ababiwe ngayo otitshala.

2.4 UKUNYUSELWA NOKUPASISWA KWABAFUNDI KUMABANGA 1-3

Ukunyuselwa nokupasiswa kwabafundi kumaBanga 1 to 3 aluzo kutshintshwa ekufundwerni koLwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo (SAL). ULwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo aluzukuthathwa nje ngelo kupasiswa nokunyuselwa abafundi.

2.5 UKUREKHODA NOKURIPOTA: AMABANGA 1-3

Inkqubela yoLwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo lifuna ukulandelwa ngokugcina ubungqina obukwi tshekiliyi yoLwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelwey, nencwadi yokuhlola, njl. Izikolo (ootitshala) ziyakhuthazwa ukuba ziripote kwindlela abantwana abaqhube ngayo kuLwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo kwiiripoti zabafundi zekota.

2.6 IZIXHOBO ZOKUFUNDA NOKUFUNDISA

Utitshala kufuneka abe noku kulandelayo:

- (a) INKcazel yePolisi yeKharityhulam nokuHlola
- (b) *ILanguage in Education Policy (LiEP)*
- (c) Isichazi-magama nezinye incwadi (i- thesaurus; i- encyclopaedia, nezinye incwadi ezinikuncedisa ukufundisa ulwimi, njl.)
- (d) Izixhobo (LTSM) zesiGaba esisisiSeko zoLwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo:
 - Isincwangciso sokufundisa
 - INCwadi eziNkulu
 - lipowusta zokuxoxa ezinezihloko zika-SAL
 - I-antholoji yamabali, yemobingo neengoma
- (e) Ifayili/ incwadi katitshala yezixhobo. Le inokuba yifayile eyenziwe ngutitshala okanye incwadi katitshala ethengiweyo.
- (f) Ukfikelela kwizixhobo zokufunda eklasini, izikolo kunye /okanye namathala encwadi ukuncedisa abafundi ekufundeni.
- (g) DVDs nee CDs

ICANDELO LESI-3: AMAGQABANTSINTSHI NGEZAKHONO ZOLWINI EMAZIFUNDISWE KULWIMI LWESIBINI OLONGEZELELWEYO (SAL) AMABANGA 1-3

IBANGA 1	IBANGA 2	IBANGA 3
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uphendula imbuliso elula esebeenzisa amabinzana olwimi (umz. 'Mhlo.) Uyaphendula xa ebuliswa naxa kusithiwa 'ndlela ntle'. Ucula iingoma ezilula enze nezilinganiso encediswa (ngutitshala, ngababini nangamaqela) (ingoma ezihambelana neshihoko). Wenza izicengcelezo ezilula kune nezilinganiso encediswa ngutitshala, ngababini nangamaqela (, ezihambelana nezihoko ezikhethiweyo). Uyaphendula kwimiyalelo (umz. Phakama/sukuma, hla phantsi.) Ulandela imiyalelo elula eklasini (umz. qhwaba izandla zakhō)kunye notitshala nangababini. Ukhomba izinto nemifanekiso ekasini (umz. 'ndibonise istulo. Khomba e...'). Udlala imidhalo yowlimi elula (umz.imidhalo efundisa ngamalungu omzimba notitshala ngamaqela nangababini. Usebeenzisa ulwimi olubonisa imbeko (umz. 'ndiyacela', 'enkosī'). Badlala imidhalo yokubulisa (ubuncinane izivakalisi ezibini) ngababini nangamaqela (e.g. 'Mhlo Thabo, kunjāni?' , 'Mhlo Thabo, ndiyaphila'). Uqala ukupuhulisa okuthethwa ngomlomo (ukuphulaphula nokuthetha) isigama kuseyenziswe izihoko. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Upfendula aze alinganise imbuliso elula naxa kusithiwa 'ndlela ntle', esebeenzisa amabinzana olwimi, (umz. 'mholo.' 'kunjāni? ', 'ndiyaphila') ngababini nangamaqela. Ucula iingoma ezilula enze nezilinganiso encediswa ngutitshala, ngababini nangamaqela. Wenza izicengcelezo ezintshukumo ezilula kune nezilinganiso encediswa ngutitshala, ngababini nangamaqela. Udlala imidhalo elula yencoko yababini encediswa ngutitshala elinganisa imbuliso naxa kusithiwa ndlela ntle, ngababini nangamaqela (umz. 'Mhlo, igama lam ndingu _____. Uqubani wena igama lakho? Yintoni oyithardayo?'). Ukulhomba izinto nemifanekiso eklasini okanye emfanekisweni ngokomyalelo katishala, (umz. 'ndibonise intombazana enxibe ilokhwe ebomvu'). Kuqala ukupuhulisa isigama somlomo esebeenzisa izihoko. Udlala imidhalo yowlimi elula (umz.imidhalo efundisa ngamalungu omzimba notitshala ngamaqela nangababini. Akwazi ukwenza izicelo ezilula, (umz. 'Ndicela ukuya kwindlu yangasse, Ungandboleka ipensile yakho?') Usebeenzisa ulwimi olubonisa imbeko (umz. ndiyacela, enkosī, uxolo, ndiyaxolisa) Ulandela imiyalelo elula ngokwasemzimbeni enkwa ngutitshala eyedwa, ngababini nangamaqela amancinci (umz. 'Yma emgenci.') Aphendule imibuzo elula ebuzuwa ngutitshala,ngabalinge abadlala indima katishala (umz. 'Ungubani igama latho? Uhlaa phi?') 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uyaphendula xa ebuliswa naxa kusithiwa 'ndlela ntle' ngokuzithembra. Akhumbule gentloko aze enze izicengcelezo ezilula neengoma ngababini, ngamaqela ngokuzithembra nangokuzondelela. Usaqhuba nokupuhulisa isigama somlomo esebeenzisa izihoko. Uchonga umtuu, islwanyana okanye into ecaciswe ngokulula ngomlomo, basebenze ngababini nangamaqela amancinci. Ndiyakwazi ukubhabha. Ndiyintony? Uchonga amagama ezinto eziziso kulwimi olutsa (umz. incwadi, ipensile, isihangu, ihempa etc.) Uthatha inxaxheba kwimidalo yelinganiso elula kune nakwingxoxo yababini (enze izivakalisi ezibini ukuya kwezithathu) encediswa ngutitshala elinganisa imbuliso, xa kusithiwa ndlela ntle/intetho emfutshane basebenze ngababini nangamaqela amancinci. Akwazi ukwenza izicelo ezilula. Usebeenzisa ulwimi olubonisa imbeko (umz. 'uxolo; ndiyaxolisa', Namhlanje, Ngomso, Izolo)) Uthatha inxaxheba kwimidalo yelinganiso, kwintetho emfutshane esebeenzisa ulwimi olubonisa imbeko erze izivakalisi ezibini ukuya kwezine encediswa ngutitshala (umz.intlanganiso kune rembuliso) basebenze ngababini nangamaqela. Uthetha ngezinto azibona emfanekisweni elandela umyalelo katitshala (Umz. 'Ubora ntoni emfanekisweni?') Udala imidhalo yowlimi ngaphakathi nangaphande kweklasi kune naobalingane namaqela amancinci phantsi kweliso likatitshala. Uphendula asebeenzise amalungu onzimba kwimiyalelo elula enkwa ngutitshala, ngabanye, nangababini. Aqonde aze aphendule imibuzo elula ebuzuwa ngutitshala nabafundi abathatha indima katitshala (umz. 'Yintoni, Ngubani, phi, njani) Wenza izicelo ezilula enze ingelo kulwimi olutsa encediswa ngutitshala (umz. 'Ndicela amanzi, 'Ndingaphuma ndiye kudlala phandle?')
UKUPHULA PHULA NOKUTHETHA		
Kubaliswa ibali		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uphulaphula amabali amafutshane abalisa ngutitshala. Uphulaphula amabali amafutshane abaliswa ngutitshala aze aphinde amabinzana olwimi ngexesha elfanelekleyo. Ukhomba aze abize izinto ezsifanekisweni. 		

ICANDELO LESI-3: AMAGQQABANTSINTSHI NGEZAKKHONO ZOLWINI EMAZFUNDISWE KULWIMI LWESIBINI OLONGEZELELWEYO (SAL) AMABANGA 1-3

IBANGA 1	IBANGA 2	IBANGA 3
<p><i>Uphuhliso lwasigama ,umxholo, nendlela yokusetyenziswa kolwimi</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uphendula imbuliso nemiyalelo. • Uphinda amabinzana olwimi ngokuzithemba. • Uqala ukuphuhlisa isigama somlomo. 	<p><i>Kubaliswa ibali</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uphulaphula amabali amafutshane alula abalisiwayo okanye afundwayo ngolomwabo aze angenelele kwikhorasaphindaphinde amabinzana olwimi ngamakesha afanelekileyo, ngababini nangamaqela amancinci. • Uphulaphula amabali amafutshane alula anomda angenelele kwimpinda yengoma ngexesha ellifanelekiyo aphinde amabinzana olwimi xa kufanelile, ngababini nangamaqela amancinci. • Ubiza ezinye vezinto ezifumaneka emfanekisweni ephendula imibuzzo ebuzzwa ngutitshala (umz. yintoni? ngubani?) • Uphendula imibuzzo njengoko injalo malunga nebal encediswa yimfanekiso (umz. yintoni, ngubani, phi) • Ulinganisa iindawo ezithile zebali ethetha ngezandla okanye ngentikoko enxibe impahla yeqonga (imaskhi, iphaphehi nj) <p><i>Uphuhliso lwasigama ,umxholo,nendlela yokusetyenziswa kolwimi</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Banikana amathuba okwenza imiyalelo elula besenza imiddalo yolwimi kune nabahlobo. • Akwazi ukulandelelanisa imiyalelo emifutshane ukusuka kwembini ukuya kweimitathu enikwa ngutitshala, (umz. 'yiza nomhobo wakho nime ngaphambili ekasini') • Uphulaphula ibali ellula ngakwenzileyo utitshala (izivakalisi ezibini). • Uncediswa ngutitshala ukubalisa kwakhona ibali ellula (isivakalisi esinye ukuya kwezibini), umz. abarfundi babalisa ngemo yezulu. <p><i>Kubaliswa ibali</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uphulaphula amabali amafutshane, abaliswayo nafundwayo ngomdia, angenelele kwisingqi sempinda yengoma ngexesha elifanelekileyo, aphinda- phinde amabinzana olwimi ngababini nangamaqela amancincane xa kufanelile. • Uphendula imibuzzo elula malunga nebal ngobunjallo bayo ngeempendulo ezimfutshane (Ngubani,yintoni,phi) • Ubonisa ukuqonda kwitekisi ezbonwayo • Uphulaphula aze aphendule imibuzzo kwibali ellifuthane ellula ellfundwe ngokukhwaza ngutitshala. • Ulinganisa iindawo ezithile kwibali esebeenzisa izandla okanye intoko aze anxibe iimpahla zegonga (imaskhi, iphaphehi etc) • Ubalisa iindawo ezithile zebali encediswa ngutitshala. <p><i>Uphuhlisa umxholo, isigama nokusetyenziswa kolwimi.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Usebenzisa amabinzana olwimi ngokuzithemba. • Uphendula izicelo ezzilula nemiyalelo. • Usebenzisa ulwimi olubonisa imbeko. • Uqala ukuphuhlisa ukuqonda nokwazi ukusebenzisa ulwimi oluthethwayo olulula umz. izimelabizo (bona, yena, thina nj) • Uphendula iindidi zemibuzzo. • Uqonda aze asebenzise izenzi kwincoko elula. • Uphendula imiyalelo ngokufanelileyo. • Uphendula izicelo ezzilula nemiyalelo.

AMAGQABANTSINTSHI NGEZAKHONO ZOLWINI EMAZIFUNDISWE KULWIMI LWESIBINI OLONGEZELELWEYO (SAL) AMABANGA 1-3

IBANGA 1	IBANGA 2	IBANGA 3
<p><i>Ulwazi iwezandi</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ughwaba abize amagama esebeenzisa iingoma ezingcelezo, izivakalisi ezifutshane zentetho. (Ndyabulela, njl.) Ughwaba abize ilungu ngalinye legama. (Mho-lo), enze ingoma, isicengcelezo okanye ibali. Ughwaba izandia/enze isandi ngeminwe / enze tsibel/angqishe kwilungu ngainye legama, iingoma,izicengcelezo namabali, (si-ya-bu-le-ta) Uphulaphula izandi eziphindha phindwayo (kumddalo wamagama) Uchonga izandi zokuqala emagameni (intoko, impurnlo; njl.) Wahlula amagama ngokuhwaba kwilungu ngalinye legama (umz. amagama afumaneka kwibali) <p><i>Ukfufunda no Titshala</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ubalisa amabali alua ahambelana nomxholo esebeenzisa iINcwadi eziNkulu ,imifanekiso,iphaphethi njl Uthetha ngemizobo kwinCwadi eNkulu okanye iphowusta enemizobo encediswa rigutishala. Uthetha rhoqo ngemizobo nemifanekiso aze aphinda-phinde isigama esingundoqo. Uphinda- phinda ebaliswa ibali namabinzana olwimi. Uphulaphula ibali, elibaliswa ngutishala ejonge imifanekiso. Uchonga izinto emfanekisweni (umz. ‘khomba ...’) Uthetha ngemifanekiso ebalin esebeenzisa ulwimi lweSibini olNgezelweyo olwimi lweSibini olNgezelweyo kufundo notishala. Ufunda aphinda- phinde amabinzana olwimi, ngababini nangamaqela amancinci. Uphendula imibizo elula njengoko injalo malunga nebali. Uqalisa ukupaphela amagama abhalilweyo ngolwimi lweSibini olNgezelweyo eklasini. Ufunda isigama somlomo ebalmi. Uqaphela aze afunde amaraye amagama aqhelekleyo ngolwimi lweSibini olNgezelweyo (SAL) umz imifanekiso exhonyiyewe eklasini. Ulinganisa iindawo ezithile zebali esebeenzisa izanda nentiko namabinzana alula olwimi aze asebeenzise imphala zeqonga, imaski ngababini nangamaqela amancinci . Ufunda notishala,aqonde aze aphendule imibuzzo njengoko injalo (Ngubani, Yintoni, phi, njani) Ulinganisa iindawo ezithile zebali esebeenzisa izanda nentiko namabinzana alula olwimi aze asebeenzise imphala zeqonga, imaski ngababini nangamaqela amancinci . Ngababini babalisa ibali kwakhona, ngoncedo lukatishala. 	<p><i>Ulwazi iwezandi</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ughwaba izandia/ enze isandi ngeminwe / atsiba tsibel/ angqishe kwilungu ngalinye legama, kumagama nakwizivakalisi eziqhelekleyo. Wahlula amagama ngelungu legama ngalinye aphinde awadibanise awadibanise kwakhona (umz. u-ma-ma, umama) Wahlula izandi kwisigama somlomo umz. u-ta-ta, utata. Uchonga izandi zokuqala emagameni. Uchonga izandi ekupheleni kwegama umz. baleka Uchonga izandi zokuqala emagameni nasekugqibeleni kwegama Wahlula izivakalisi zomlomo ngokuhwaba negama ngalinye Uphulaphula ibali elfundwa ngutishala ejonge imifanekiso kwiNcwadi eNkulu okanye ipowsta enemizobo Ufunda itekisi ngokukhwaza notishala. Iklasi yonke ifunda ibali/okanye ibali eliyinyani notishala Uthetha ngemifanekiso ebalin esebeenzisa ulwimi lweSibini olNgezelweyo olwimi lweSibaya xa kukho imfuneko. Uchonga izinto emfanekisweni aze azibze (umz. ‘Ndibonise injia,’ khomba ibhola.) Uphendula imibuzzo elula encediswa yimifanekiso (umz. ‘Ngubani? Yintoni? Phi? ’) Ufunda aphinda- phinde, angenelele kwimpinda yesinqqi sengoma aze aphinda- phinde amabinzana olwimi, ngababini nangamaqela amancinci. Uphendula imibuzzo elula njengoko injalo malunga nebali. Uqalisa ukupaphela amagama abhalilweyo ngolwimi lweSibini olNgezelweyo kufundo notishala. Ufunda isigama somlomo ebalmi. Uqaphela aze afunde amaraye amagama aqhelekleyo ngolwimi lweSibini olNgezelweyo (SAL) umz imifanekiso exhonyiyewe eklasini. Ulinganisa iindawo ezithile zebali esebeenzisa izanda nentiko namabinzana alula olwimi aze asebeenzise imphala zeqonga, imaski ngababini nangamaqela amancinci . Ufunda notishala,aqonde aze aphendule imibuzzo njengoko injalo (Ngubani, Yintoni, phi, njani) Ulinganisa iindawo ezithile zebali esebeenzisa izanda nentiko namabinzana alula olwimi aze asebeenzise imphala zeqonga, imaski ngababini nangamaqela amancinci . Ngababini babalisa ibali kwakhona, ngoncedo lukatishala. 	<p><i>Ulwazi nokunakana izandi</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Wahlula amagama ngelungu legama ngalinye aphinde awadibanise kwakhona. Usebenzisa ikhad iokwahluu nokwakha amagama. Uchonga izandi zokuqala emagameni nasekugqibeleni kwegama. Uchonga inani lezandi kumalungu amagama aqhelekleleyo legama ngalinye. Uchonga oonobumba ababizwa ngokufanayo kulwimi lweSibini olNgezelweyo (umz. d, f, g, h, i, m, n, s, njl.).Wenza ubuncinane isandi sibe siny neveki. Fundisa ezinye izandi ezahlikleyo. Bayaqhwaba bachonge izandi emagameni Bafunda izandi ezinmahluko kulwimi lweSibini olNgezelweyo kwezo zifindwa kulwimi lweSibaya <p><i>Ukfufunda no Titshala</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uphulaphula amabali amafutshane, aphinde abalise kwakhona itekisi ezinyanyi okanye atfunde kwiNcwadi eNkulu okanye ipowusta enemizobo angenelele kwisingqi sengoma ngexesa elfanalekleleyo. Ufunda itekisi ngokukhwaza notishala. Iklasi yonke ifunda ibali elingeleyonyani okanye ibali elingeleyonyani Ulandela itekisi efundwa ngutishala. Utunda itekisi notishala nabalingane efundwa ngotyibiliko nangesantery esifanelekleleyo ebonisa imvakelo. Upwendula imibuzzo elula njengoko injalo anike impendulo ezimfutshane ngebal (phi,yintoni,ngubani, njani) Ubiza izinto ezifumaneka emfanekisweni, aphendule imibuzzo nabalingane (umz. ‘Yintoni le? Yintanzi’) Uqaphela aze afunde amanye amagama aqhelekleyo ngolwimi lweSibini olNgezelweyo (SAL) umz imifanekiso exhonyiyewe eklasini. Ufunda notishala ngotyibiliko nangesantery esifanelekleleyo umsebenzi welota 1 & 2 nangamaqela amancinci. Ufunda notishala,aqonde aze aphendule imibuzzo njengoko injalo (Ngubani, Yintoni, phi, njani) Ulinganisa iindawo ezithile zebali, ngamaqela amancinci. Ulinganisa iindawo ezithile zebali esebeenzisa izanda nentiko namabinzana alula olwimi aze asebeenzise imphala zeqonga, imaski ngababini nangamaqela amancinci . Ngababini babalisa ibali kwakhona, ngoncedo lukatishala.

ULWIMI OLKUHULLAYO

IBANGA 1 ULWIMI LWESIBINI OLONGEZELELWEYO
IIMFUNO ZEKOTA NGANYE
IXESHA ELICETYISWAYO LOKUFUNDA NGEVEKI: IYURE E-1
IBANGA 1 IKOTA 1
UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA
UMXHOLO/ IINGQIQO /IZAKHONO
<i>Abafundi kufuneka batyhilelwababoniswe ulwimi oluninzi olulula noluthethwayo abangaluqonda kwimeko leyo. Isigama kufuneka simana sihlaziya rhoqo ukwenzela ukuba abafundi bangalibali. Ukufunda uLwimi IweSibini oloNgezelelweyo kufuneka kube kokukhululekileyo nokonwabisayo.</i>
<i>Kwisifundo sokuqala, iphaphethi ingasetyenziswa ukwazisa uLwimi IweSibini oloNgezelelweyo. Iphaphethi inganikwa igama ngoLwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo umz. uPule, iphaphethi. Utitshala makayazise iphaphethi athi uPule akanakuluthetha uLwimi IwaseKhaya, angathetha kuphela uLwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo, ngoko ke abafundi kuya kufuneka bathethe olo Iwimi kunye naye. UPule ke uya kuba yinxalenye rhoqo yeklasi yoLwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo.</i>
<i>Qaphela ukuba izihloko ezicetyiswayo ziingcebiso nje kuphela. Kufuneka kuqinisekwe ukuba banazo iiNcwadi eziNkulu eziyimfuneko / iiphowusta/ imibongo, iingoma, imidlalwana nezinto ezizizo zesihloko abasikhethileyo.</i>
Imisebenzi yeveki:
Ubuncinane makwenziwe ibe mibini ngeveki kule misetyenzana ilandelayo:-
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukuphendula kwimbuliswana usebenzisa oku kulandelayo (umzekelo ‘Mholo’) • Ukucula iingoma ezillula enze nentshukumo ekhokelwa (umz. intloko namagxalaba) • Ukucengceleza imibongo elula aphinde enze nentshukumo ekhokelwa (umz. ndiphatha intloko yam, ndiphatha iinzwane zam, ndiphatha amadolo am, ndiphatha impumlo yam. Intloko, iinzwane, amadolo, impumlo!) • Ukudlala imidlalo yowlimi (umz okulula njengo USimoni uthi phatha intloko yakho njalo-njalo.)
Ukuphuhliswa kokucingwayo, ulwazi ngamagama kunye nobume bolwimi
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ngokuthatha inxaxheba kule misetyenzana ingasentla: Ukuphendula kwimbuliso nakwimiialelo.
UKUHLOLA
lingcebiso ngokuhlola Okungekho seSikweni.
Ezomlomo ne/zenziwayo/ Okuphononongwayo
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukuphendula kwimbuliso elula. • Ukuthatha inxaxheba ekuculeni iingoma zentshukumo ezilula.

IBANGA 1 IKOTA 1**UKUFUNDA OKUKHULAYO**

Ukuqonda ngezandi / ukuqwalasela izandi (Phonological awareness) nokuFunda noTitshala zidityanisiwe nokuPhulaphula nokuThetha.

UMXHOLO/IINGQIQO/IZAKHONO

Ukuqonda ngezandi / ukuqwalasela izandi (Phonological Awareness)

- *Qhwaba njengoko ubiza amagama kwiingoma nemibongo yentshukumo.*
- *Qhwaba izandla/ ngxolisa iminwe// x huma/ ngqisha ngeenyawo ngokwamalungu egama umz.Si- ya-bon-ga*

Ukufunda noTitshala

Imisebenzi yenziwa kanye ngeveki kusetyenziswa iiNcwadi eziNkulu nemizobo emininzi okanye ezinye iindlela zombhalo owenziwe mkhulu waza wanemizobo. Kwale ncwadi inye ingafundwa amaxesha amaninzi iphinde kwakhona yaziswe phambili phaya. Utitshala wazisa amagama amatsha aphinde alinganise indlela yokufunda.

- Ujongana noko kubonwayo kwiNcwadi eNkulu/ iiphowusta ezinengxoxo notitshala.
- Emva kokujongana nokubowayo okuphinda-phindeneyo, uphinda-phinda awona magama matsha angundoqo (jonga, yiva, yithi kwaye wenze).
- Ukubalisa ibali (amabali alula adityaniswe nomxholo a pho kungenzeka khona) nezixhobo ezinje ngeNcwadi eNkulu, okubonwayo, iiphaphethi, njalonjalo.
- Emva kokubalisa ibali okuphindaphindeneyo, bayangenelela kuphindaphindo a pho kukho ukuphindaphindwa kolwimi okukuko.

UKUHLOLA

Iingcebiso ngokuhlola Okungekho sesikweni:

Ezomlomo ne/zenziwayo/ Okuphononongwayo

- *Qhwaba ubiza amagama kwiingoma nemibongo yentshukumo.*
- *Qhwaba izandla ngokwamalungu egama usebenzisa amagama ebalini elibaliswe emva kokubalisa okuphinda-phindiwego.*
- Ujongana nokubonwayo ngokukhomba izinto emfanekisweni ephendula imiyalelo esuka kutitshala (umz. khomba i.....)

IBANGA 1 IKOTA 2**UMXHOLO/IINGQIQO/IZAKHONO**

Qaphela ukuba izihloko ezicetyisiwego ziingcebiso nje. Kufuneka baqinisekise ukuba banazo iiNcwadi eziNkulu eziyimfuneko/ iiphowusta, imibongo, imidlalo kwakunye nezinto ezizizo eziyinyani zeshloko abasikhethileyo.

Imisebenzi yeveki.

Ubuncinane makwenziwe ibe mibini le misetyenzana ilandelayo esifundweni evekini.

- Uqalisa ukupuhlisa amagama amatsha athethwa ngomlomo esebeanza izihloko ezikhethiweyo zale kota
- Uphendula kwimiya alelo elula (umz. ‘Mholo ... Unjani?’) notitshala nangababini.
- Ucula iingoma ezilula enze nentshukumo encediswa, notitshala nangababini.
- Uphendula kwimiya alelo (umz. phakama, hlala phantsi.)
- Udlala imidlalo yolwimi (umz. uSimoni uthi) *kunye notitshala nangababini.*

Amabali abaliswayo angalinganiswa kusetyenziswa izijekulo kunye nezixhaso okanye izisekelo ukuzama ukuxhasa intsingiselo. Amabali abaliswayo kufuneka athathwe kwiNcwadi eNkulu, kwingqokelela yezicengcelezo okanye kwiphowusta enemifanekiso ukuzama apha abantwana banokubona imifanekiso. Ibalixhaswa ngezinto ezibonwayo ezicacileyo, izinto, izinto zokudlala kunye neephaphethi.

- Uphulaphula amabali amafutshane alula abaliswa ngomdla angenelele kwikhorasi okanye ulwimi oluziipateni (ukuphinda-phindwa kwamabinzana olwimi) ngexesha elifanelekileyo.

Ukupuhlisa kweengqiqo, amagama amatsha kunye nokwakhiwa kolwimi.

Ngukuthatha inxaxheba kule misetyenzana ingasentla:

- Uqalisa ukupuhlisa inxalenye yamagama amatsha athethwa ngomlomo.
- Uphendula abuye aphinde inxalenye yamagama ahamba onke umz. Unjani?
- Uphendula kwimiya alelo.

UKUHLOLA**lingcebiso ngokuhlolola Okungekho seSikweni:****Ezomlomo ne/zenziwayo/ Okuphononongwayo**

- Uphendula kwimiya alelo elula (umz. ‘Mholo ... Unjani?’)
- Uphendula ngokufanelekileyo kwimiya alelo elula (umz. uSimoni uthi.....)
- Ucula iingoma ezilula enze nentshukumo.

IBANGA 1 IKOTA 2**UKUFUNDA OKUKHULAYO**

Ingqiqo ngokusetyenziswa kwezandi-mazwi kunye nokwabelana ngokufunda kudityaniswe kunye nokuphulaphula nokuthetha.

Ingqiqo ngokusetyenziswa kwezandi-mazwi

- Ukuva izandi eziphinda-phindiwego (kumdlalo wamagama).
- Uqhwaba ebiza amalungu egama efaka amagama kwingoma, kwisicengcelezo, kwibali.
- Uqhwaba ebiza amalungu egama ngamazwi athethwayo (Mho-lo; njalonjalo.)

UkuFunda noTitshala

Imisebenzi eyenziwe ubuncinane kanye ngeveki kusetyenziswa iiNcwadi eziNkulu ezinemizobo emininzi okanye ezinye iindlela zombhalo owenziwe mkhulu wanemizobo. Kwale ncwadi inye isngasetyenziswa amaxesha amaninzi kanti isenokuphinda yaziswe kwakhona phambili phaya. Utitshala wazisa amagama amatsha aphinde alinganise inkqubo yokufunda.

- Ujongana noko kubonwayo kwiNcwadi eNkulu/ iipowusta ezinengxoxo notitshala.
- Emva kokujongana nokubowayo okuphindaphindeneyo, uphindaphinda awona magama matsha angundoqo (jonga, yiva, yithi kwaye wenze).
- Ukubalisa ibali (amabali alula adityaniswe nomxholo apha kungenzeka khona) nezixhobo ezinje ngeNcwadi eNkulu, okubonwayo, iiphaphethi, njalo-njalo.
- Emva kokubalisa ibali okuphinda-phindeneyo, uphinda-phinda awona magama amatsha kunye notitshala.

UKUHLOLA

Iingcebiso ngokuhlolola Okungekho seSikweni.

Ezomlomo ne/zenziwayo/ Okuphononongwayo

- Uthatha inxaxheba kumdlalo wamagama ngokuqhhaba ebiza amalungu amagama abiziwego.
- Ujongana noko kubonwayo kwiNcwadi eNkulu/ iiphowusta ezinengxoxo notitshala, abuye aphindaphinde awona magama amatsha (jonga, yiva, yithi kunye no yenza).

IBANGA 1 IKOTA 3**UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA****UMXHOLO / IINGQIQO / IZAKHONO**

Qaphela ukuba izihloko ezicetyiswayo ziingcebiso nje. Ootitshala mabaqinisekise ukuba baneeNcwadi eziNkulu/iiphowusta, imibongo, iingoma, imidlalo, eziyimfuneko kunye nezinto zenyani ngesihloko abasichongileyo.

Imisebenzi yeveki

Imisebenzi emibini ubuncinane kule misebenzi ilandelayo mayenziwe kwisifundo ngasinye:

- Uqalisa ukupuhlisa isigama somlomo (ukuphulaphula nokuthetha) esebeenzisa izihloko ezikhethiweyo kule kota.
- Ukuphendula imibuliso elula ngokuzithemba ngababini.
- Ukukomba izinto eziseklasini okanye emfanekisweni (umz. ‘Ndibonise isitulo’. ‘Khomba i’)
- Ukcengceleza imibongo elula enze intshukumo notitshala nangababini.
- Ukulandela imiyalelo yeklasi elula (umz. ‘Qhwaba izandla’) notitshala nangababini.
- Ukuphendula imiyalelo esebeenzisa imidlalo yolwimi (Ingoma: Kukh’umlilo kweziya ntaba; Amahotyazana/ Intloko, amagxa.....).
- Ukcucula iingoma ezelula enze nentshukumo ngababini nangamaqela amancinci (umz. iingoma ezimalunga nezihloko ezikhethiweyo).
- Ukcengceleza imibongo elula enze intshukumo encediswa, ngamaqela amancinci (umz. imibongo elula emalunga nezihloko ezikhethiweyo).

Amabali abaliswayo anokudlalwa kusetyenziswa izijekulo nezinxibo zeqonga ukuxhasa intsingiselo.

Amabali abaliswayo makathatyathwe kwiNcwadi eNkulu okanye kwiphowusta enemizobo aphi abantwana baza kubona imifanekiso.

- Ukuphulaphula amabali amafutshane abaliswa ngolonwabo aze angenelele kwiikhorasi ngexesha elifanelekileyo (umz. KungoMvulo, kungoMvulo uThandi uya esikolweni, esikolweni, esikolweni!)
- Uxela ezinye zezinto ezsifanekisweni (umz. “Yintoni le?” - ekhomba kwinto esemfanekisweni.)

Ukuphuhliswa kweengqiqo, isigama nokwakhiwa kolwimi

Ngokuthatha inxaxheba kule misebenzi ingasentla kuqalisa ukuphuhla kwesigama esithile somlomo.

- Uphindaphinda aze aphendule amabinzana olwimi.
- Ucengceleza imibongo aze acule iingoma.
- Ulandela imiyalelo.

UKUHLOLA***lingcebiso ngokuhlola Okungekho seSikweni:******Ezomlomo ne/zenziwayo/ Okuphononongwayo***

- Ukuphendula imibuliso elula ngokuzithemba ngababini.
- Ukukomba izinto eziseklasini okanye emfanekisweni (umz. ‘Ndibonise isitulo’. ‘Khomba i’)
- Ukcengceleza imiyalelo esebeenzisa imidlalo yolwimi (Ingoma: Kukh’umlilo kweziya ntaba; Amahotyazana/ Intloko, amagxa.....)

IBANGA 1 IKOTA 3
UKUFUNDA OKUKHULAYO
Ukuqonda nokuqwalasela ulwimi nokuFunda noTitshala zidityaniswe nokuPhulaphula nokuThetha
UMXHOLO / IINGQIQO / IZAKHONO
Ukuqonda nokuqwalasela ulwimi zidityaniswe nemisebenzi yokuphulaphula nokuthetha
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukuva izandi eziphindiwego (kwimidlalo yamagama) • Uqhwaba izandla / ngxolisa iminwe/atsibe/ungqisha ngeenyawo kumalungu amagama (ingoma, umbongo, ibali) • Uqhwaba amagama kwizivakalisi ezibizwayo ezifutshane (ndiyabulela; ndiyavuya; enkosi; ndikhaba ibhola; njl.njl.) • Uchonga izandi ezisekuqaleni kumagama abizwayo.
UkuFunda notitshala
<i>Imisebenzi eyenziwa kanye ngeveki kusetyenziswa iiNcwadi eziNkulu ezinemizobo emininzi okanye ezinye iintlobo zeetekisi ezinemizobo emikhulu. Le ncwadi inye inokufundwa amaxesha amaninzi yaye isenokuphinda yaziswe nakwixa elizayo.</i>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uphulaphula ibali elibaliswayo ngelixa elandela utitshala yaye ejonge emifanekisweni. • Ufundu isigama somlomo kwitekisi ebonwayo (iNcwadi eNkulu, ipowusta njl.njl.) • Uchonga izinto emifanekisweni (umz. ‘Ndibonise utitshala kaThandi.’) • Uthetha ngemifanekiso esebeenzisa ulwimi lwasekhaya aphi kukhona imfuneko. • Uthatha inxaxheba kwizifundo zebali ngokuphindaphinda isigama esiphambili nokusebenza ngezinto ezibonwayo ngababini nangamaqela amancinci.
UKUHLOLA
lingcebiso ngokuhlola:
Okungekho seSikweni
Ezomlomo ne/zenziwayo/ Okuphononongwayo
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukuchonga izandi ekuqaleni kumagama abizwayo. • Ukuthetha ngemifanekiso esebeenzisa ulwimi lwasekhaya aphi kukhona imfuneko. • Ukuchonga izinto kwimifanekiso (umz. ‘Ndibonise utitshala kaThandi.’)

IBANGA 1 IKOTA 4**UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA****UMXHOLO / IINGQIQO / IZAKHONO**

Qaphela ukuba izihloko ezicetyiswayo ziingcebiso nje. Ootitshala mabaqinisekise ukuba baneeNcwadi eziNkulu/iiphowusta, imibongo, iingoma, imidlalo, eziyimfuneko kunye nezinto zenyani ngesihloko abasichongileyo.

Imisebenzi yeveki

Imisebenzi elandelayo emibini okanye nangaphezulu ubuncinane mayenziwe kwisifundo ngasinye:

- Uqalisa ukuphuhlisa isigama somlomo (ukuphulaphula nokuthetha) esebevisa izihloko kuLwimi lwaseKhaya (HL) nolokuQala oloNgezelelweyo (FAL).
- Uphendula imibuliso elula noondlela-ntle (umz. “Ndlela-ntle” ‘Hamba kakuhle’ ‘Mholo’).
- Ukhomba aze axele izinto eziseklasini okanye emfanekisweni (umz. Ndibonise i.....kwiphowusta. Khomba i)
- Ulandela imiyalelo elula (umz. Abonise u”Hamba kakuhle”).
- Usebevisa ulwimi olubonisa imbeko (umz. ‘ndicela’, ‘enkosi’).
- Uvuma iingoma ezilula aze enze intshukumo ngesikhokelo ngababini nangamaqela amancinci.
- Ucengceleza imibongo elula aze enze intshukumo ngokuncediswa, ngababini nangamaqela amancinci.
- Wenza izilinganiso ngemibuliso (izivakalisi ezi 2) *ngababini nangamaqela amancinci* (umz. Mholo Thando, Unjani? : Mholo Thando, Ndiphilile.)

Amabali abaliswayo asenokudlalwa kusetyenziswa izijkeku nempahla yeqonga ukuxhasa intsingiselo.

Amabali abaliswayo makathatyathwe kwiNcwadi eNkulu okanye iphowusta enemizobo aphi bonke abantwana banako ukuyibona imifanekiso.

- Uphulaphula amabali amafutshane ngolonwabo aze angenelele kwiikhorasi ngexesha elifanelekileyo (umz. amabali amalunga nezhloko)
- Uxela ezinte ezisemfanekisweni (umz. “Ngubani lo? – ekhomba kwinto/isilwanyana esisemfanekisweni)

Uphuhliso lweengqiqo, isigama kunye nokwakhiwa kolwimi

- Ngokuthatha inxaxheba kule misebenzi ingasentla uqalisa uphuhliso lwsigama somlomo esithile.
- Uphinda-phinda aze aphendule amabinzana olwimi.
- Uphendula imiyalelo.
- Usebevisa ulwimi oluthile olubonisa imbeko.

UKUHLOLA

lingcebiso zomsebenzi wokuhlola okungekho sesikweni:

Ezomlomo ne/zenziwayo/ Okuphonorongwayo

- Ucula iingoma ezinentshukumo kunye nemibongo ngokuzithembu.
- Ulandela imiyalelo elula (umz. Phatha intloko yakho. Phatha iinzwane zakho.)
- Ulingenisa imibuliso (izivakalisi ezi 2) ngababini nangamaqela amancinci (umz. Mholo Thando, Unjani? Mholo Thando, Ndiyaphila.)

IBANGA 1 IKOTA 4**UKUFUNDA OKUKHULAYO**

Ingqiqo ngokusetyenziswa kwezandi-mazwi nokuFunda notitshala zidityaniswe nokuphulaphula nokuthetha.

UMXHOLO / IINGQIQU / IZAKHONO

Ingqiqo ngokusetyenziswa kwezandi-mazwi

Le misebenzi ma idityaniswe nemisebenzi yokuphulaphula nokuthetha kunye nokuFunda notitshala

- Uqhwaba izandla / ngxolisa iminwe/atsibe/ungqisha ngeenyawo kumalungu amagama kwizivakalisi ezibizwayo.
- Uchonga izandi ekuqaleni kwamagama abizwayo (intloko; phatha; cula njl.njl.)
- Uhlula amagama abizwayo ngokuqhwaba kwilungu ngalinye (umz. amagama ebalini)

UkuFunda noTitshala

Imisebenzi eyenziwa kanye ngeveki kusetyenziswa iiNcwadi eziNkulu ezinemizobo emininzi okanye ezinye iintlobo zeetekisi ezinemizobo emikhulu. Le ncwadi inye inokufundwa amaxesha amaninzi yaye isenokuphinda yaziswe nakwixa elizayo.

- Uphulaphula ibali okanye iitekisi ezingezinto zenyaniso ngelixa elandela uitshala ejonge nasemifanekisweni.
- Uthetha ngemifanekiso ekwibali esebeanza ulwimi IwesiBini olongezelelweyo (SAL) kakhulu kodwa **nolwimi Iwasekhaya** xa kukho imfuneko.
- Uchonga izinto ezssemifanekisweni (umz. ‘Ndibonise i ...’ ‘Khomba i ...’)
- Ufunda isigama somlomo esimalunga nezihloko ezinyuliwego.
- Emva kokufunda ngokuphindaphinda, uyangenelela kwiikhorasi aze aphinde amabinzana olwimi apho kufanelekileyo ngababini nangamaqela amancinci.

Uthatha inxaxheba kwizifundo zebali ngokuphendula imibuzo elula ngomlomo.

UKUHLOLA

lingcebiso zomsebenzi wokuhlola okungekho sesikweni:

Ezomlomo ne/ezensiwayo/ Okuphononongwayo

- Uhlula amagama abizwayo ngokuqhwaba kwilungu ngalinye
- Unakana aze axele ezinye izinto emifanekisweni.
- Emva kokufunda ngokuphindaphinda, uyangenelela kwiikhorasi aze aphinde amabinzana olwimi apho kufanelekileyo ngababini nangamaqela amancinci.

OOVIMBA ABACETYISWAYO BONYAKA

- Ilipowusta nemifanekiso ukuxhasa ukufundiswa kwamabali nesigama
- Umbala neetshati zamanani
- lingoma nemibongo enentshukumo
- Izinto zenyani ezimalunga nezihloko.
- Izinxibo zeqonga ukudlala amabali, umzekelo, iimaski, iiphaphethi njl.njl.
- CDs, DVDs kunye neenkqubo zeTV
- iINcwadi eziNkulu (nezinto ezibonwayo)
- Ingqokelela yamabali, imibongo kunye neengoma
- iINcwadi eziNkulu ezenziwe ngootitshala/abafundi, iincwadi ezigoso-goso (zig-zag), iiphaphethi, iimaski, amakhadi amagama njl.njl

IBANGA 2 ULWIMI LWESIBINI OLONGEZELELWEYO**IIMFUNO ZEKOTA NGANYE****IXESHA ELICETYISWAYO LOKUFUNDA NGEVEKI: IYURE E-1****IBANGA 2 IKOTA 1****UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA (EZOMLOMO)****UMXHOLO / IINGQIQO / IZAKHONO**

Ootitshala mabakhethet izihloko ezibini eziyakubanceda ukwazisa nokubeka isigama esiyakubane sisetyenziswa nokuquka imisebenzi edweliswe ngezantsi.

Qaphela ukuba izihloko ezicetyiswayo ziingcebiso nje.

Ootitshala mabazame ukwenza yonke imisebenzi, bayiphinda-phinde ngaphezu kwesinye kangangako banako. Mabahlole umsebenzi wabafundi besebenzisa iMisebenzi yokuHlola oKungekho Sesikweni. Izihloko mazimvumele utitshala aphinde asebenzise ukusetyenziswa kolwimi / izakhi zolwimi ezilula naxa ethetha nabafundi ngoLwimi IweSibini oloNgezelelweyo.

Imisebenzi yeveki

Makwenziwe omnye nangaphezulu umsebenzi kule ingezantsi yonke imihla:

- Ukuqalisa ukuvelisa isigama somlomo (ukuphulaphula nokuthetha) esebebenzisa izihloko.
- Uphendula kwimbuliso elula nokuthi ndlelantle, esebebenzisa amabinzana, *umz. ‘Mholo’ ‘Unjani?’ “Ndiphilile enkosī”* ngababini nangaqela amancinci.
- Wenza imidlalo yembuliso (izivakalisi ezi-2) ngababini nangamaqela amancinci (*umz. Mholo Thando, Unjani? Mholo Nikiwe, ndiphilile enkosī*)
- Ukukhomba izinto eziseklasini okanye emfanekisweni xa enikwa umyalelo ngutitshala, umzekelo, *‘Ndibonise intombazana enxibe ilokhwe ebomvu.’*
- Usebezisa ulwimi olosulungekileyo (*umz. Ndiyacela no- enkosī*)
- Ucula iingoma ezilula enze nezilinganiso ngokuncedisa kwiklasi yonke, umzekelo, ‘Le yindlela endinxiba ngayo ihempe, endinxiba ngayo ihempe, endinxiba ngayo ihempe’.
- Ukuthatha inxaxheba kwizicengcelezo neengoma esenza izilinganiso, umzekelo, *“Iphin’inja yam encinane, Iphin’inja yam iphi?* Udlala imidlalo yowlimi, umzekelo, “uSimoni uthi”, ngababini ngamaqela amancinci.

Kanye ngeveki, utitshala ufunda okanye ubalisa ibali. Amabali afundiweyo angalinganiswa kusetyenziswe izijekulo ukubonisa inkcazel. Amabali afundiswayo mawabe kwiiNcwadi eziNkulukwipowusta aphi bangabona khona imifanekiso.

- Uphulaphula amabali amafutshane abalisiwego okanye afundiweyo ngomdla angenelele kwiikhorsi ngexesa elifanelekileyo aze aphinde ulwimi oluhonjisiwego (amagama amafutshane) aphi kufanelekileyo ngeklasi yonke.
- Ubiza ezinye zezinto ezise mfanekisweni ukuphendula imibuzo evela kutitshala, Yintoni, Ngubani?

Ukuvelisa imixholo, isigama, nesakhiwo solwimi.

Ngokuthatha inxaxheba kule misebenzi ingentla:

- Ukuqhubeleka ngokwakha isigama somlomo
- Ukuphinda- phinda ezinye izakhiwo zolwimi ngokuzithembra
- Ukwenza imiyalelo
- Ukusebenzisa izakhiwo zolwimi

UKUHLOLA

Ingcebiso zokuhlola: *Okungekho seSikweni*

Ezomlomo kanye/okanye ezenziwayo/Ezijongwayo

- Ucula iingoma ezinemilinganiso nemibongo ngokuzithemba
- Ulandela imiyalelo (*imiz. Bamba intloko yakho. Bamba inzwane zakho.*)
- Wenza imidlalo yemibuliso (izivakalisi ezi-2) ngababini nangamaqela amancinci (umz. Mholo Thando, unjani? Nikiwe, ndiphilile enkosi)

IBANGA 2 IKOTA 2
UKUFUNDA OKUKHULAYO (EMERGENT LITERACY)
Ukuqonda ngezandi / ukuqwalasela izandi (Phonological awareness) yokuFunda noTitshala zidityanisiwe nokuPhulaphula nokuThetha.
UMXHOLO / IINGQIJO / IZAKHONO
Ukuqonda ngezandi / ukuqwalasela izandi (Phonological Awareness)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Qhwaba izandla/ ngxolisa iminwe/ tsiba/ ngqisha ngenyawo kumagama ohluliwego nakwizivakalisi ezithethwayo Yahlula amagama athethwayo Yahlula izivakalisi ezithethwayo zibe ngamagama ngokuqhawaba igama ngalinye, umzekelo, izivakalisi eziphuma kwibali. Ubona izandi ezisekuqaleni kwamagama athethwayo
UkuFunda noTitshala (ubuncinane bemizuzu engama-15 kanye ngeveki)
Utitshala ufunda isicatshulwa, ekhomba kumagama exoxa ngemifanekiso nomxholo webali. Uphinda asifunde isicatshulwa evekini, ekhuthaza abafundi ukuba bangenelele. Isicatshulwa sisetyenziswa ukufundisa isigama esitsha.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Umamela ibali elifundisiwego ngutitshala ajonge nemifanekiso Uthetha ngemifanekiso ekwibali esebeanza u-SAL kangangoko anako kodwa asebeanza noLwimi IwaseKhaya aphi kuyimfuneko khona Ujonga izinto ezise mifanekisweni, umzekelo, 'Nidibonise indoda endala/ egugileyo.' 'Khomba injja.' Uphendula imibuzo elula yomlomo ngoncedo Iwemifanekiso, umzekelo, 'Ngubani, Yintoni, Phi?' Uqala ukubona amanye wamagama ku-SAL kwimisebenzi yokuFunda noTitshala Ufundu isigama somlomo esiphuma kwibali Emva kokuphinda-phinda ukufunda, ungenelela kwikhorasi aze aphinda-phinde amabinzana (language chunks) aphi anakho, ngababini nangaqela amancinci
UKUHLOLA
lingcebiso zokuhlolola imisebenzi engekho sesikweni:
Ukuqonda izandi/kuquwalasela izandi (Phonological Awareness)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Qhwaba amagama kwizivakalisi zomlomo/ezithethwayo Yahlula- hlula amagama omlomo/athethwayo
UkuFunda noTitshala: (ngomlomo kunye/okanye ngokwenza)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ujonga abanye babantu, izilwanyana kunye nezinto ezisemifanekisweni ekwiNcwadi eNkulu (okanye kwezinye izicatshulwa ezinkulu) Uphendula imibuzo elula yomlomo/ethethwayo ngebalu Uqalisa ukubona amagama abhaliwego ngo-SAL kwimisebenzi yokuFunda noTitshala.

IBANGA 2 IKOTA 2**UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA (EZOMLOMO)****UMXHOLO / IINGQIQO / IZAKHONO**

Ootitshala mabakhetha izihloko ezibini eziyakubanceda ukwazisa nokubeka isigama esiyakubane sisetyenziswa nokuquka imisebenzi edweliswe ngezantsi.

Qaphela ukuba izihloko ezicetyiswayo ziingcebiso nje.

Ootitshala mabazame ukwenza yonke imisebenzi, bayiphinda-phinde ngaphezu kwesinye kangangoko banako. Mabahlole umsebenzi wabafundi besebenzisa iMisebenzi yokuHlola oKungekho Sesikweni. Izihloko mazimvumele utitshala aphinde asebenzise ukusetyenziswa kolwimi / izakhi zolwimi ezilula naxa ethetha nabafundi ngoLwimi oloNgezelelweyo IweSibini.

Imisebenzi yeveki

Makwenziwe emibini nangaphezulu imisebenzi kule ingezantsi ngeveki:

- Ukuqalisa ukuvelisa isigama somlomo (ukuphulaphula nokuthetha) esebeenzisa izihloko.
- Uphendula kwimbuliso elula nokuthi ndlelantle, esebeenzisa amabinzana, *umz. ‘Mholo’ ‘Unjani?’ “Ndiphilile enkosi”*.
- Wenza imidlalo yengxoxo emifutshane umzekelo, “Mholo, igama lam ngu _____. Ngubani igam lakho? Uthanda ntoni?
- Wenza izicelo ezilula, umzekelo, ‘Ndicela ukuya kwindlu yangasese’.
- Usebeenzisa ulwakhiwo lolwimi (formulaic language) (*umz. ndicela no enkosi*)
- Ukukhomba izinto eziseklasini okanye emfanekisweni xa enikwa umyalelo ngutitshala.
- Uphendula ngokwenza imiyalelo elula yomlomo ngababini nongamaqela amancinci, *umzekelo ‘Yima emgceni.’*
- Ucula iingoma aze angenelele kwimibongo enemilinganiso/enentshukumo ngababini nangamaqela amancinci
- Udlala imidlalo yolwimi ngokweklasi

Kanye ngeveki, utitshala ufunda okanye ubalisa ibali. Amabali afundiweyo angalinganiswa kusetyenziswe izijekoulukubonisa inkcazel. Amabali afundiswayo mawabe kwiiNcwadi eziNkulu nakwipowusta apho bangabona khona imifanekiso.

- Uphulaphula amabali amafutshane abalisiwego okanye afundiweyo ngomda angenelele kwikhorasi ngexesa elifanelekileyo aze aphinde ulwimi oluhonjiswego (amagama amafutshane) apho kufanelekileyo ngababini nangaqela amancinci. Ubiza ezinye zezinto ezise mfanekisweni ukuphendula imibuzo evela kutitshala.

Ukuvelisa imixholo, isigama, nesakhiwo solwimi.

Ngokuthatha inxaxheba kule misebenzi ingentla:

- Ukuqhubeleka ngokwakha isigama somlomo
- Ukuphinda- phinda ezinye izakhiwo zolwimi ngokuzithembu
- Ukwenza imidlalo yengxoxo emifutshane umz. “Molo, igama lam ngu _____. Ngubani igama lakho? Uthanda ntoni?
- Wenza izicelo ezilula, umzekelo, ‘Ndicela ukuya ezimfanelweni’

UKUHLOLA

lingcebiso zokuhlola imisebenzi Engekho seSikweni:

UkuPhulaphula nokuThetha: (ngomlomo nango/ okanye ngokwenza)

- Ukuphendula nokwenza imidlalo kwimibuliso elula nokuvalelisa, usebenzisa ulwimi olwakhewo, nagababini nangaqela amancinci, umzekelo, *Molo Pule. Unjani? Ndiphilile Palesa unjani wena?*
- Ubonisa ukuqonda isigama esilula ngokukhomba izinto eziseklasini/ umfanekiso esenza umyalelo ovela kutitshala.
- Ucula iingoma ezinemilinganiso nemibongo ngokuzithemba nangodlamko, ngababini nangamaqela amancinci

IBANGA 2 IKOTA 2**UKUFUNDA OKUKHULAYO (EMERGENT LITERACY)**

Ukuqonda ngezandi / ukuqwalasela izandi (Phonological awareness) nokuFunda noTitshala zidityanisiwe nokuPhulaphula nokuThetha.

UMXHOLO / IINGQIQO / IZAKHONO***Ukuqonda ngezandi / ukuqwalasela izandi (Phonological Awareness)***

- Qhwaba izandla/ ngxolisa iminwe/ ngqisha ngeyawo wahlule amagama aqhelekileyo
- Yahlula udibanise amagama omlomo, umz. u-ma-ma, umama
- Yahlula udibanise izandi kumagama omlomo, umz. i-ya-ba-ba, iyababa.

UkuFunda noTitshala (ubuncinane bemizuzu engama-15 kanye ngeveki)

Utitshala ufunda isicatshulwa, ekhomba kumagama exoxa ngemifanekiso nomxholo webali. Uphinda asifunde isicatshulwa evekini, ekhuthaza abafundi ukuba bangenelele. Isicatshulwa sisetyenziswa ukufundisa isigama esitsha.

- Umamela ibali okanye isicatshulwa esiyinyani logama elandela utitshala ejonge imifanekiso
- Uthetha ngemifanekiso ekwibali esebebenzisa u-SAL kangangoko anako kodwa asebebenzise **noLwimi IwaseKhaya** apho kuyimfuneko khona
- Ujonga izinto ezise mifanekisweni
- Uphendula imibuzo elula yomlomo ngoncedo Iwemifanekiso, 'Yintoni, Ngubani, Phi?'
- Ufunda isigama somlomo
- Emva kokuphinda-phinda ukufunda, ungenelela kwikhorasi aze aphinda-phinde amabinzana (language chunks) apho anakho, ngababini nangamaqela amancinci
- Ulinganisa indawana zebali esebebenzisa iintshukumo namagama amafutshane ngababini nangamaqela amancinci esebebenzisa izinto eziphathwayo, iimaski neephaphethi.

UKUHLOLA**lingcebiso zokuhlolola imisebenzi engekho sesikweni:*****Ukuqonda izandi/kuquwalasela izandi (Phonological Awareness)***

- Qhwaba izandla/ ngxolisa iminwe/ tsiba/ ngqisha ngenyawo kwisilabhuli kumagama aqhelekileyo zithethwayo
- Yahlula- hlula udibanise isilabhuli kumagama omlomo, umz. u-ma-ma, umama
- Yahlula- hlula udibanise izandi kumagama omlomo, umz. u-ba-ba, ubaba

UkuFunda noTitshala: (ngomlomo kanye/okanye ngokwenza)

- Uthetha ngemifanekiso kwiNcwadi eNkulu/ kwipowusta
- Uphendula imibuzo elula yomlomo/ethethwayo ngebali okanye ngetekisi eyinyani
- Emva kokuphinda-phinda ukufunda, ungenelela kwikhorasi aze aphinda-phinde amabinzana apho kufanelekileyo ngababini nangamaqela amancinci

IBANGA 2 IKOTA 3

UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA (EZOMLOMO)

UMXHOLO / IINGQIQO / IZAKHONO

Ootitshala mabakhetha izihloko ezibini eziyakubanceda ukwazisa nokubeka isigama esiyakubane sisetyenziswa nokuquka imisebenzi edweliswe ngezantsi.

Qaphela ukuba izihloko ezicetyiswayo ziingcebiso nje. Ootitshala mabakhetha ezabo izihloko ngokuxhomekeke kwingingqi zabo nezixhobo abanazo. Kufuneka baqinisekise ukuba banazo iiNcwadi eziNkulu/iipowusta/ imibongo, iingoma, imidlalo nezinto eziphathetekayo zezihloko abazikhethileyo.

Ootitshala mabazame ukwenza yonke imisebenzi bayiphinda-phinde ngaphezu kwasinye kangangoko banako. Mabahlole imisebenzi yabafundi besebenzisa iMisebenzi yokuHlola oKungekho Sesikweni. Izihloko mazimvumele utitsala aphinde asebenzise ukusetyenziswa kolwimi / izakhi zolwimi ezilula naxa ethetha nabafundi ngoLwimi oloNgezelelweyo IwesiBini.

Imisebenzi yeveki

Makwenziwe emibini nangaphezulu imisebenzi kule ingezantsi ngeveki:

- Uyaqhube ka ukuvelisa isigama somlomo (ukuphulaphula nokuthetha) esebeenzisa izihloko.
- Uphendula aze alinganise kwimibuliso elula nokuthi ndlelantle, esebeenzisa amabinzana, ngababini nangamaqela amancinci, umz. *Mholo unjani? Ndiphilile enkosi*.
- Wenza imidlalo yengxoxo elula encediswa ngutitshala, elinganisa imibuliso nokuthi ndlelantle ngababini nangamaqela amancinci.
- Wenza izicelo ezilula, umzekelo, 'Ndicela ukuboleka ipensile'.
- Usebeenzisa ulwakhiwo lolwimi (formulaic language) (umz. ndicela no enkosi)
- Ukukhomba izinto eziseklasini okanye emfanekisweni xa enikwa umyalelo ngutitshala.
- Uphendula ngokwenza imiyalelo elula yomlomo ayinika ngutitshala eyedwa nangababini.
- Uphendula imibuzo elula ebuzwa ngutitshala nangabafundi abalinganisa utitsala, umzekelo, 'Ngubani igama lakho? Uhlala phi?
- Ucula iingoma aze angenelele kwimibongo ngokuzithemba ngababini nangamaqela amancinci.
- Udlala imidlalo yolwimi ngokweklasi

Kanye ngeveki, utitsala ufunda okanye ubalisa ibali. Amabali afundiweyo angalinganiswa kusetyenziswe izijekuloukubonisa inkcazel. Amabali afundiswayo mawabe kwiiNcwadi eziNkulu nakwipowusta aphi bangabona khona imifanekiso.

- Uphulaphula amabali amafutshane abalisiweyo okanye afundiweyo ngomdla angenelele kwiikhorsi ngexesa elifanelekileyo aze aphinde ulwimi oluhonjiseweyo (amabinzana) aphi kufanelekileyo ngababini nangamaqela amancinci.
- Uphendula imibuzo elula ngebali ngeempendulo ezimfutshane (*Ngubani, Yintoni, Phi?*)
- Ubiza ezinye zezinto ezise mfanekisweni ukuphendula imibuzo evela kutitshala, ngababini.

Ukuvelisa imixholo, isigama, nesakhiwo solwimi.

Ngokuthatha inxaxheba kule misebenzi ingentla:

- Ukuqhube ka ngokwakha isigama somlomo
- Ukuphendula izicelo ezilula nemiyalelo
- Ukuphendula imibuzo elula ephuma kwibali
- Ukuthatha inxaxheba kwiingxoxo ezilula ngoncedo lukatitshala
- Uqala ukubonisa ukuqonda ukusebenzisa **ukwakhiwa kolwimi olulula** kulwimi olunengqiqo oluthethwayo, umz. Izimelabizo (mna, wena, thina njl.)

UKUHLOLA

lingcebiso zokuhlola imisebenzi engekho sesikweni:

UkuPhulaphula nokuThetha: (ngomlomo nango/ okanye ngokwenza)

- Uphendula ngokwenza imiyalelo elula yomlomo ebuzwa ngititshala, eyedwa nangababini.
- Uthatha inxaxheba kwimidlalo yengxoxo elula encediswa ngutitshala, elinganisa imibuliso nokuthi ndlelantle ngababini nangaqela amancinci.
- Ubiza ezinye zezinto eziphuma kwimifanekiso ekwisihloko okanye eseklasini.
- Udlala imidlalo yowlimi ngababini nangaqela amancinci.

IBANGA 2 IKOTA 3**UKUFUNDA OKUKHULAYO (EMERGENT LITERACY)**

Ukuqonda ngezandi / ukuqwalasela izandi (Phonological awareness) nokuFunda noTitshala zidityanisiwe nokuPhulaphula nokuThetha.

UMXHOLO / IINGQIQO / IZAKHONO

Ukuqonda ngezandi / ukuqwalasela izandi (Phonological Awareness)

Le misebenzi mayidityaniswe nemisebenzi yokuPhulaphula nokuThetha neyokuFunda noTitshala.

- Uhlula izivakalisi zomlomo zibe ngamagama ngokuhwaba igama ngalinye, umzekelo, izivakalisi eziphuma kwibali
- Uqhwaba ahlule amagama aqhelekileyo
- Ubona izandi ekuqaleni kwamagama abizwayo/athethwayo
- Ubona izandi ekupheleni kwamagama abizwayo/athethwayo, umz. baleka
- Uqhwaba izandi kumagama, umz. i-li-so, aphinde awadibanise, umz. iliso

UkuFunda noTitshala (ubuncinane bemizuzu engama-15 kanye ngeveki)

Utitshala ufunda isicatshulwa, ekhomba kumagama exoxa ngemifanekiso nomxholo webali. Uphinda asifunde isicatshulwa evekini, ekhuthaza abafundi ukuba bangenelele. Isicatshulwa sisetyenziswa ukufundisa isigama esitsha.

- Umamelia ibali okanye isicatshulwa esiyinyani logama elandela utitshala ejonge imifanekiso
- Uthetha ngemifanekiso ekwibali esebeenzisa u-SAL
- Ubona aze abize amagama ezinto ezesemfanekisweni esebeenzisa u-SAL
- Ufunda isicatshulwa ngokukhwaza notitshala. Iklasi yonke ifunda ibali elifanayo okanye eliyinyani notitshala
- Uphendula imibuzo elula yomlomo ngoncedo lwemifanekiso, umzekelo, ‘Yintoni, Ngubani, Phi?’
- Uphendula imibuzo elula ephuma kwibali
- Ufunda isigama somlomo
- Emva kokuphinda-phinda ukufunda, ungenelela kwikhorasi aze aphinda-phinde amabinzana (language chunks) apha anakho, ngababini nangamaqela amancinci
- Ulinganisa indawana zebali esebeenzisa iintshukumo kunye neengxoxo ezelula esebeenzisa izinto ezipathwayo, iimaski neephaphethi, ngababini nangamaqela amancinci.

UKUHLOLA

lingcebiso zokuhlola imisebenzi engekho sesikweni:

Ukuqonda izandi/kuquwalasela izandi (Phonological Awareness)

- Qhwaba izandi kumagama aqhelekileyo
- Jonga izandi ekuqaleni kwamagama abizwayo/athethwayo
- Yahluza izivakalisi ngokwamagama ahlukaneyo ngokuhwaba igama ngalinye, umzekelo, izivakalisi eziphuma kwibali

UkuFunda noTitshala: (ngomlomo nango/ okanye ngokwenza)

- Ubona abize amagama ezinto ezise mfanekisweni esebeenzisa u-SAL
- Uphendula imibuzo elula yomlomo ngebali okanye isicatshulwa esiyinyani
- Emva kokuphinda-phinda ukufunda, ungenelela kwikhorasi aze aphinda-phinde amabinzana (language chunks) apha anakho, ngababini nangamaqela amancinci
- Ulinganisa indawana zebali esebeenzisa iintshukumo namagama amafutshane ngababini nangamaqela amancinci

IBANGA 2 IKOTA 4**UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA (EZOMLOMO)****UMXHOLO / IINGQIQO / IZAKHONO**

Ootitshala mabakhetha izihloko ezibini eziyakubanceda ukwazisa nokubeka isigama esiyakubane sisetyenziswa nokuquka imisebenzi edweliswe ngezantsi.

Qaphela ukuba izihloko ezicetyiswayo ziingcebiso nje. Ootitshala mabakhetha ezabo izihloko ngokuxhomekeke kwinginqi zabo nezixhobo abanazo. Kufuneka baqinisekise ukuba banazo iINcwadi eziNkulu/iipowusta/ imibongo, iingoma, imidlalo nezinto eziphathetekayo zezihloko abazikhethileyo.

Ootitshala mabazame ukwenza yonke imisebenzi bayiphinda-phinde ngaphezu kwesinye kangangako banako. Mabahlole imisebenzi yabafundi besebenzisa iMisebenzi yokuHlola oKungekho Sesikweni. Izihloko mazimvumele utitshala aphinde asebenzise ukusetyenziswa kolwimi / izakhi zolwimi ezilula naxa ethetha nabafundi ngoLwimi oloNgezelelweyo IwesiBini.

Imisebenzi yeveki

Makwenziwe emibini nangaphezulu imisebenzi kule ingezantsi ngeveki:

- Uyaqhubeka ukuvelisa isigama somlomo (ukuphulaphula nokuthetha) esebeznisa izihloko.
- Ucula iingoma ezilula enze nemilinganiso ngokuzithemba ngababini nangamaqela amancinci.
- Ucengceleza imibongo enze nemilinganiso ngokuzithemba ngababini nangaqela amancinci
- Uphendula aze alinganise kwimibuliso elula nokuthi ndlelantle, esebeznisa amabinzana, umz. *Usale kakukhle. 'Ndizakubona malanga.'*
- Uthatha inxaxheba kwimidlalo yengxoxo elula encediswa ngutitshala, elinganisa imibuliso nokuthi ndlelantle ngababini nangamaqela amancinci.
- Wenza izicelo ezilula, umzekelo, '*Ndicela ukuya kwindlu yangasese*'.
- Usebeznisa amabinzana (formulaic language) (umz. ndicela uxolo)
- Ukukhomba izinto eziseklasini okanye emfanekisweni xa enikwa umyalelo ngutitshala.
- Udlala imidlalo yolwimi ngokweklasi
- Uphendula imiyalelo elula ayinikwa ngutitshala ngokwenza eyedwa nangababini
- Uphendula imibozo elula katitshala neyabafundi abalinganisa utitshala, umzekelo, '*Yintoni, Ngubani, Phi?*'

Kanye ngeveki, utitshala ufunda okanye ubalisa ibali. Amabali afundiweyo angalinganiswa kusetyenziswe intshukumo ukubonisa inkazelo. Amabali afundiswayo mawabe kwiiNcwadi eziNkulu nakwipowusta aphi bangabona khona imifanekiso.

- Uphulaphula amabali amafutshane abalisiweyo okanye afundiweyo ngomdla angenelele kwiikhораси ngexesha elifanelekileyo aze aphinde ulwimi oluhonjisiweyo (amagama amafutshane) aphi kufanelekileyo ngababini nangaqela amancinci.
- Ubiza ezinye zezinto ezise mfanekisweni ukuphendula imibozo evela kutitshala ngababini.

Ukuvelisa imixholo, isigama, nesakhiwo solwimi.

Ngokuthatha inxaxheba kule misebenzi ingentla:

- **Ukuphendula imibozo elula (umz. 'Ngubani igama lakho?')**
- Uyaqhubeka ukwakha nokulinganisa isigama asifundileyo namabinzana akwimidlalo yengxoxo elula
- Ubonisa ngentshukumo ukuphendula imiyalelo katitshala, imizekelo, tsiba/ngcileza/tsiba-tsiba/bamba inzwane zakho, njl. *Hamba ngokukhawuleza//ngokucotha njl*
- Ukwenza izicelo ezilula, umzekelo, '*Ndicela ukuya kwindlu yangasese*'
- Uqala ukubonisa ukuqonda ukusebenzisa **ukwakhiwa kolwimi olulula** kulwimi olunengqiqo oluthethwayo, umz. Izimelabizo (*mna, wena, thina njl.*)

UKUHLOLA

lingcebiso zokuhlola imisebenzi engekho sesikweni:

UkuPhulaphula nokuThetha: (ngomlomo nango/ okanye ngokwenza)

- Ukuphendula imibuzo elula ('umz. Ngubani igama lakho?')
- Uthatha inxaxheba kwimidlalo yengxoxo elula encediswa ngititshala, elinganisa imibuliso nokuthi ndlelantle ngababini nangamaqela amancinci.
- Wenza izicelo ezelula, umzekelo, '*Ndicela ukuya kwindlu yangasese*'.
- Wenza ngentshukumo ukuphendula imiyalelo katitshala, imizekelo, *tsiba/ngcileza/tsiba-tsiba/bamba inzwane* zakho, njl. *Hamba ngokukhawuleza//ngokucotha njl*

IBANGA 2 IKOTA 4**UKUFUNDA OKUKHULAYO (EMERGENT LITERACY)**

Ukuqonda ngezandi / ukuqwalasela izandi (Phonological awareness) nokuFunda noTitshala zidityanisiwe nokuPhulaphula nokuThetha.

UMXHOLO / IINGQIQO / IZAKHONO***Ukuqonda ngezandi / ukuqwalasela izandi (Phonological Awareness)***

- Qhwaba izandla kwizandi ezikumagama aqhelekileyo
- Yahlula amagama omlomo abe kwizandi uphinde uwadibani
- Ubona izandi ekuqaleni nasekupheleni kwamagama omlomo/abizwayo/athethwayo
- Yahlula izivakalisi zomlomo/ezibizwayo/ezithethwayo zibe ngamagama ahlukeneyo ngokuqhawa kwigama ngalinye.

UkuFunda noTitshala (ubuncinane bemizuzu engama-15 kanye ngeveki)

Utitshala ufunda isicatshulwa, ekhomba kumagama exoxa ngemifanekiso nomxholo webali. Uphinda asifunde isicatshulwa evekini, ekhuthaza abafundi ukuba bangenelele/. Ibalu okanye isicatshulwa esiyinyani sisetyenziswa ukufundisa isigama esitsha.

- Umamela ibali aze aphendule ibali okanye isicatshulwa esiyinyani logama elandela utitshala ejonge imifanekiso
- Uthetha ngemifanekiso ekwibali esebebenzisa u-SAL
- Ubona achaze izinto ezise mifanekisweni esebebenzisa u-SAL
- Ufundu isicatshulwa ngokukhwaza notitshala. Iklasi yonke ifunda ibali elifanayo okanye eliyinyani notitshala
- Uphendula imibuzo elula ngoncedo Iwemifanekiso, Ngibani, Yintoni, Phi?
- Ufundu isigama somlomo
- Emva kokuphinda-phinda ukufunda, ungenelela kwikhorsi aze aphinda-phinde amabinzana (language chunks) aphi anakho, ngababini nangamaqela amancinci
- Ubona aze afunde amagama aqhelekileyo aku-SAL aseklasini, umz. Amagama aseludongweni.
- Ulinganisa indawana zebali esebebenzisa iintshukumo namagama amafutshane esebebenzisa izinto eziphathwayo, iimaski neephaphethi, ngababini nangamaqela amncinci.

UKUHLOLA**lingcebiso zokuhlola imisebenzi engekho sesikweni:*****Ukuqonda izandi/kuquwalasela izandi (Phonological Awareness)***

- Qhwaba izandi ezukumagama aqhelekileyo
- Yahlula amagama omlomo/abizwayo/athethwayo abe kwizandi uphinde uwadibani kwakhona
- Bonisa izandi ezisekuqaleni nezisekugqibeleni kumagama omlomo/abizwayo/athethwayo
- Yahlula izivakalisi zomlomo/ezibizwayo/ezithethwayo zibe ngamagama ngokuqhawa igama ngalinye

UkuFunda: (ngomlomo kunye/okanye nokwenza)***Ujonga aze abize izinto ezikwimifanekiso ekwiNcwadi eNkulu/ ekwipowusta***

- Uphendula imibuzo elula ngebali esebebenzisa iimpendulo ezimfutshane
- Emva kokuphinda-phinda ukufunda, ungenelela kwikhorsi aze aphinda-phinde amabinzana (language chunks) aphi anakho, ngababini nangamaqela amancinci ngokuzithembra
- Ulinganisa indawana zebali esebebenzisa iintshukumo nengxoxo ezilula ngababini nangamaqela ngokuzithembra nangodlamko.

IZIXHOBO ZOKUFUNDISA EZICETYISWAYO ZONYAKA WONKE

- liNcwadi eziNkulu (ezingeyonyani) neziyinyani
- Ingqokelela yamabali,imibongo neengoma
- liposta nemifanekiso ukuncedisa ukufundiswa kwamabali nesigama
- litshati zemibala nezamanani
- Izinto eziphathekayo ezinxulumene nezihloko nemixholo
- Izinto eziphathekayo/ ezizizo (props) ukulinganisa amabali, imizekelo,iimaski, iiphaphethi, njl.
- iiCDs,iiDVDs neeprogramu zomabona kude
- Oonotsheluza beleyibhuli zezinto eziseklasini neziboniswayo
- Izinto zokukhomba xa kufundwa izicatshulwa ezinkulu,amabali asemadongweni, izinto eziboniswayo
- liNcwadi eziNkulu ezenziwe ngoositshala/ngabafundi, iincwadi ezingo zig-zag, iiphaphethi, iimaski, onotsheluza, njl.

**IBANGA 3 ULWIMI LWESIBINI OLONGEZELELWEYO
IIMFUNO ZEKOTA NGANYE
IXESHA ELICETYISWAYO LOKUFUNDA NGEVEKI: IYURE E-1**

IBANGA 3 IKOTA 1

UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA (EZOMLOMO)

UMXHOLO/IINGQIQO/IZAKHONO

Ootitshala mabakhethet izihloko ezithathu eziyakubanceda ukwazisa nokubeka isigama esiyakubane sisetyenziswa nokuquka imisebenzi edweliswe ngezantsi.

Qaphela ukuba izihloko ezicetyiswayo ziingcebiso nje. Ootitshala mabakhethet ezabo izihloko ngokuxhomekeke kwingingqi zabo nezixhobo abanazo. Kufuneka baqinisekise ukuba banazo iiNcwadi eziNkulu/ ipowusta/ imibongo, iingoma, imidlalo nezinto eziphathetekayo zezihloko abazikhethileyo.

Ootitshala mabazame ukwenza yonke imisebenzi, bayiphinda-phinde ngaphezu kwesinye kangangako banako. Mabahlole umsebenzi wabafundi besebenzisa iMisebenzi yokuHlola oKungekho Sesikweni. Izihloko mazimvumele utitshala aphinde asebenzise ukusetyenziswa kolwimi / izakhi zolwimi ezilula naxa ethetha nabafundi ngoLwimi oloNgezelelweyo IwesiBini

Imisebenzi yeveki

Makwenziwe emibini nangaphezulu imisebenzi kule ingezantsi yonke imihla:

- Aqhube aphuhlise isigama somlomo (ukuphulaphula nokuthetha) esebeenzisa imixholo okanye izihloko
- Achonge umntu, isilwanyana okanye into ephulaphule inkcazeloyomlomo enezikhokhelo ezibini ngababini okanye amaqela amancinci umz: ‘Ndinemilenze emibini. Ndiyakwazi ukubhabha. Ndungubani?’
- Acengceleze, enze imibongo neengoma ezimfutshane esebeenzisa iintshukumo ngababini nangamaqela amancinci
- Athabathe inxaxheba kwimidlalo elula nentetho nqo enezivakalisi ezibini- ukuya kwezintathu ngoncedo luka titshala emfundisa imibuliso namatheko okuthi ndlela-ntle, njl-njl ngababini nangamaqela amancinci. Aphendule enze izicelo ezilula, umzekelo, ‘Ndicela amanzi’Asebenzise amabinzana (formulaic language) (umzekelo: ‘Ndicela uxolo; ’)
- Athethe ngezinto ezsifanekisweni elandela imiyalelo katitshala
- Adlale imidlalo yolwimi
- Alandele imiyalelo emifutshane yomlomo ayinikwa ngutitshala eyedwa okanye ngababini esebeenzisa amalungu omzimba.
- Aphendule imibuzo emifutshane ebuzwa ngutitshala, nabafundi bazenze ootitshala bebuza imibuzo, Umzekelo, Ngubani, ‘Intoni, Nini, Phi, Njani.

Utitshala ubalisa okanye afunde ibali kanye evekini. Amabali abaliswayo anokudlalwa kusetyenziswa izijekulo nezixhobo ukuxhasa nokuphuhlisa intsingiselo. Amabali afundwayo mawathathwe kwiNcwadi eNkulu okanye ipowusta enemifanekiso apho abantwana banokuyibona yonke imifanekiso.

- Aphulaphule amabali amafutshane ewonwabela angenelele ngexesha elfanekileyo abonise nophinda-phindo lolwimi apho kufanelekileyo ngababini okanye ngamaqela amancinci
- Aphendule imibuzo emifutshane emayela nebali ngeempendulo ezimfutshane (Ngubani, Yintoni, Phi)

Ukuvelisa imixholo, isigama, nesakhiwo solwimi.

Ngokuthabatha inxaxheba kule misebenzi ingentla:

- Aqhube esakha, ebonisa indlela eyiyo yokusebenzisa isigama neengxoxo
- Ulwakhiwo lolwimi (formulaic language) (Umz: Uxolo, ndicela uxolo)
- Aphendule imibuzo emifutshane ebuzwa ngutitshala nabafundi abathabatha indima katitshala, umzekelo, Yintoni, Ngubani, Nini,Phi,Njani
- Aqondisise, aqalise ukusebenzisa isakhiwo solwimi olufanelekileyo, Umz: ‘ndinga’: Ndinga tsiba / xuma / baleka njl-njl. Ndingazibamba iinzwane zam.

UKUHLOLA

lingcebiso ngemisebenzi yokuHlola okungekho seSikweni :

UkuPhulaphula nokuThetha: (ezomlomo kunye/okanye ezenziwayo)

- Abonakalise ukusiqonda isigama somlomo ngokuthi akhombe izinto ezisemfanekisweni
- Acengceleze, adlale imibongo neengoma ezimfutshane
- Athabathe inxaxheba kwimidlalo nakwi ngxoxo enezivakalisi ezibini ukuya kwezintathu ngenxaso katitshala ebonisa imibuliso nokuthi ndlela-ntle njl-njl. Ngababini nangamaqela amancinci
- Aphendule imibuzo emifutshane (umzekelo. ‘Uhlala phi?’)

IBANGA 3 IKOTA 1**UKUFUNDA OKUKHULAYO (EMERGENT LITERACY)**

Ukuqonda ngezandi / ukuqwalasela izandi (Phonological awareness) nokuFunda noTitshala zidityanisiwe nokuPhulaphula nokuThetha.

UMXHOLO/INGQIQO/IZAKHONO***Ukuqonda ngezandi / ukuqwalasela izandi (Phonological Awareness)***

- Wahlula adibanise amagama omlomo Umz: u-ma-ma umama
- Uqonda izandi ezisekuqaleni nasekupheleni kwegama
- Uqonda ubudlelwane phakathi konobumba nezandi zononye ababizwa ngokufanayo ku Lwimi lwaseKhaya naku Lwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo (umzekelo. d, f, g, h, l, m, n, s, etc.). Yenza isandi sibe sinye ngeveki.
- Usebenzisa oonotsheluza ukwakha amagama (jonga, thetha, yenza)

UkuFunda noTitshala (ubuncinane bemizuzu engama-15 kabini ngeveki)

Utitshala ubalisa okanye afunde ibali kanye evekini. Amabali abaliswayo anokudlalwa kusetyenziswa izijekulo nezixhobo ukuxhasa nokupuhhlisa intsingiselo. Amabali afundwayo mawathathwe kwiNcwadi eNkulu okanye ipowusta enemifanekiso apha abantwana banokuyibona yonke imifanekiso.

. Utitshala ubhala amagama avela rhoqo ebeleni awabeke edongeni.

- Ukuphulaphula amabali amafutshane, aphulaphule itekisi eyinyani okanye engeyonyani okanye afunde eNcwadinie eNkulu okanye ipowusta enemifanekiso
- Ufundu itekisi ngokukhwaza notitshala. Iklasi yonke ifunda ibali elifanayo okanye itekisi eyi nyani notitshala
- Ulandela itekisi efundwe ngutitshala. Lonto ikhuthaza abafundi bafunde ngokuzithemba nangakumbi.
- Uphendula imibuzzo elula ngebali enika neempendulo ezimfutshane, (Phi, Yintoni, Ubani, Njani, Nini)
- Ubiza ezinye izinto ezsifanekisweni xa ephendula imibuzzo esuka kutitshala nakwabanye abafundi, Umz: 'Yintoni le?' 'Yintlanzi.' Udlala iindawana ezithile zebali, esebebenzisa iingxoxo ngababini okanye ngamaqela amancinci Uqwaliasela, afunde amagama aqhelekileyo kuLwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo (SAL) apha eklassini, umz: oonotsheluza.

UKUHLOLA**lingcebiso ngemiSebenzi yokuHlola okungekho seSikweni:****Ulwazi ngeezandi: (ezomlomo kunye/okanye ezenziwayo)**

- Wahlula udibanise amagama omlomo, umz: u-ma-ma umama
- Uqonda izandi ezisekuqaleni nasekupheleni kwegama
- Uqonda ubudlelwane bezikhamsi nononye kumagama aqhelekileyo kuLwimi IwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo naku Lwimi lwaseKhaya

UkuFunda noTitshala: (ezomlomo kunye/okanye ezenziwayo)

- Ufundu ngokukhwaza notitshala
- Uphendula imibuzzo ngebali enika iimpendulo ezimfutshane
- Ubonakalisa ukuqonda isigama esisetyenzisiweyo ebalini ngokuchaza amagama ezinto ezsifanekisweni kwimpendulo yemiyalelo katitshala
- Emva kokuphinda- phinda ukufunda, ungenelela kwikhorasi ze aphinde izijekulo zolwimi apha kufanelekileyo ngababini nangamaqela amancinci
- Udlala iindawo ezithile zebali esebebenzisa intshukumo nengxoxo ezelula ngababini namaqela amancinci

IBANGA 3 IKOTA 2
UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA (EZOMLOMO)
UMXHOLO/INGQIQO/IZAKHONO
Ootitshala mabakhetha izihloko ezibini eziyakubanceda ukwazisa nokubeka isigama esiyakubane sisetyenziswa nokuquka imisebenzi edweliswe ngezantsi.
Qaphela ukuba izihloko ezicetyiswayo ziingcebiso nje. Ootitshala mabakhetha ezabo izihloko ngokuxhomekeke kwinginqi zabo nezixhobo abanazo. Kufuneka baqinisekise ukuba banazo iINcwadi eziNkulu/iipowusta/ imibongo, iingoma, imidlalo nezinto eziphathetekayo zezihloko abazikhethileyo.
Ootitshala mabazame ukwenza yonke imisebenzi, bayiphinda-phinde ngaphezu kwesinye kangangoko banako. Mabahlole umsebenzi wabafundi besebenzisa iMisebenzi yokuHlola oKungekho Sesikweni. Izihloko mazimvumele utitshala aphinde asebenzise ukusetyenziswa kolwimi / izakhi zolwimi ezelula naxa ethetha nabafundi ngoLwimi oloNgezelelweyo IwesiBini.
Imisebenzi yeveki
Makwenziwe emibini nangaphezulu imisebenzi kule ingezantsi ngeveki:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uqhuba ephuhlisa isigama somlomo (ukuphulaphula nokuthetha) esebebenzisa imixholo okanye izihloko • Uzikhumbuza enze imibongo emifutshane neengoma ezinentshukumo ngababini nangamaqela amancinci. • Usebebenzisa ulwakhiwo lolwimi (Umz: ‘Ndicela; Uxolo’) athabathe inxaxheba kwingxoxo ezimfutshane esebebenzisa izakhiwo solwimi izivakalisi ezibini ukuya kwezintathu ngenxaso katitshala, umzekelo intlanganiso nemibuliso ngababini nangamaqela amancinci. • Enze izicelo ezifutshane, umzekelo, ‘Ndingayithatha le ncwadi?’ • Uthetha ngezinto ezsifanekisweni ukulandela imiyalelo katitshala, Umz; ‘Ubona ntoni emfanekisweni?’ ‘Ndixelete ubona ntoni emfanekisweni.’ • Uqonda umntu, isilwanyana okanye into ayiboniswa ngmlomo, ngezikhokhelo ezibini ngezibini nangamaqela amancinci ‘Ndinemilenze emibini. Ndiyakwazi ukubhabha. Ndiyintoni?’ • Udlala imidlalo yolwimi ngababini namaqela amancinci • Uphendula ngokubonisa intshukumo kwimiyalelo yomlomo katitshala eyedwa nangababini • Uphendula imibozo ebuzwa ngutitshala nabafundi abathatha indawo katitshala, Umz: ‘Intoni, Ngubani, Phi, Njani
Kanye ngeveki, Utitshala ufunda okanye abalise ibali. Amabali anokudlalwa kusetyenziswa intshukumo yomziba nezikhokhelo ukuxhasa / ukupuhhlisa intsingiselo. Makusetyenziswe amabali aphuma kwiNcwadi eNkulu okanye ipowusta enemifanekiso ezobonwa ngabafundi.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bamamela amabali amafutshane besemdleni bangenelele ngexesha elifanelekileyo bephinda-phinda ngababini okanye amaqela amancinci • Baphendula imibozo emayela nebali ngempendulo ezimfutshane • Banxulumanise imifanekiso nokubhaliweyo
Ukuvelisa imixholo, isigama, nesakhiwo solwimi
Ngokuthatha inxaxheba kule misebenzi ingentla:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uqhubekeka nokukhulisa isigama • Udlala imidlalo emifutshane athabathe inxaxheba kwiingxoxo esebebenzisa isakhiwo solwimi (2-3 yezivakalisi) ngnocedo luka titshala. • Kukhula ukuqonda nendlela yokusebenzisa ulwakhiwo lolwimi ngentetho evakalayo,umz:, uqala ukusebenzisa u-ndiyakwazii ; Ndiyakwazi ukubaleka/ Igama eliphikisayo/ Andikwazi ukubaleka

UKUHLOLO**Ingcebiso zohlolo olungekho seSikweni:****UkuPhulaphula nokuThetha: (ezomlomo)**

- Ubonakalisa ukuqonda ukusetyenziswa kolwimi olulula ngokuthi achaze amagama ezinto
- Ucengceleza enze imibongo nengoma ezinentshukumo ngokuzithemba
- Uphendula ngentshukumo yomzimba elandela imiyalelo ayinikwe ngutitshala eyedwa nangamaqela amancinci
- Udlala imidlalo athabathe nenxaxheba kwiingxoxo ezimfutshane esebezisa isakhiwo solwimi (2-3 izivakalisi) nnoncedo luka titshala, umz; intlanganiso nokubulisa ngababini nangamaqela amancinci
- Uphendula imibuzzo elula ebuzwa ngutitshala nangabanye abafundi

IBANGA 3 IKOTA 2**UKUFUNDA OKUKHULAYOPHUHLISIWEYO (EMERGENT LITERACY)**

Ukuqonda ngezandi / ukuqwalasela izandi (Phonological awareness) nokuFunda noTitshala zidityanisiwe nokuPhulaphula nokuThetha

UMXHOLO/INGQIQU/IZAKHONO***Ukuqonda ngezandi / ukuqwalasela izandi (Phonological Awareness)***

- Uqhwaba izandi (phonemes) ngamazwi
- Uqonda isandi esisekuqaleni nasekupheleni kwegama
- Uqonda ubudlelwane phakathi konobumba nezandi zononye ezingomabizwa-fane kuLwimi lwaseKhaya nakuLwimi lweSibini oloNgezelelweyo (e.g. d, f, g, h, l, m, n, s, etc.). Yenza isandi sibesinye ngeveki
- Ufundisa izandi ezohlukileyo, umz: Izikhamiso
- Usebenzisa amakhadi oonobumba (jonga, yitsho and yenza)

UkuFunda noTitshala (ubuncinane bemizuzu engama-15 kabini ngeveki)

Utitshala ubalisa okanye afunde ibali thathu evekini. Amabali abaliswayo anokudalwa kusetyenziswa izijekulo nezixhobo ukuxhasa nokupuhlisa intsingiselo. Amabali afundwayo mawathathwe kwiNcwadi eNkulu okanye ipowusta enemifanekiso aphi abantwana banokuyibona yonke imifanekiso.

Utitshala ubhala amagama avela rhoqo ebeleni awabeke edongeni.

Imisebenzi yeveki

Utitshala angenza omnye omde okanye emibini ukuya kwemithathu emifutshane ngeveki.

- Umamela amabali amafutshane, ubalisa amabali etekisi okanye afunde itekisi esuka kwiNcwadi eNkulu okanye imifanekiso ebonisayo, ngothakazelelo angenelele kwikhorasi ngethuba elifanelekileyo
- Ufundu itekisi ngokukhwaza. Iklasi yonke ifunda ibali elinye eliyinyani notitshala
- Ulandela itekisi efundwe ngutitshala aqaphelle amagama asetyenziswa rhoqo awafunde ngokuzithembu
- Uphendula imibuzo elula ngebali enika iimpendulo ezimfutshane. (Phi Yintoni Ngubani, Njani)
- Uchaza ezinye zezinto ezsifanekisweni ukuphendula imibuzo, umz: 'Yintoni le?' 'Yintlanzi.'
- Udlala ibali esebebenzisa ingxoxo ngababini nangamaqela amancinci
- Ngoncedo lukatitshala, uchaza ezinye iindawo ngebali ngababini.
- Uqonda afunde amanye amagama asetyenziwa rhoqo kwizinto ezilapha eklasini ngo- SAL, umz: idisplayi

UKUHLOLA**Ingcebiso zohlololo olungekho sesikweni:*****Ulwazi ngeezandi: (ezomlomo kunye/okanye ezenziwayo)***

- Yohlula udibanise amagama omlomo, umz: u-ma-ma umama
- Uqonda izandi ezisekuqaleni nasekupheleni kwegama
- Uqonda ubudlelwane bezikhamsi nononye kumagama aqhelekileyo kuLwimi lweSibini oloNgezelelweyo naku Lwimi lwaseKhaya

UkuFunda noTitshala: (ezomlomo kunye/okanye ezenziwayo)

- Ufundu ngokukhwaza notitshala
- Uphendula imibuzo elula ngebali
- Ubonakalisa ukusiqonda isigama esisetyenziswe ebalini ngokuthi anike amagama ezinto ezisebalini ephendula imibuzo katitshala.
- Emva koku phinda-phinda ukufunda, uyangenelela kwikhorasi asebenzise amabinzana (language chunks) aphi kufaneleke khona ngababini nangamaqela amancinci
- Udlala indawo ezithile ebalini esenza intshukumo yomzimba esenza nengxoxo elula ngababini nangamaqela amancinci

IBANGA 3 IKOTA 3**UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA (EZOMLOMO)****UMXHOLO/ INGQIQO/ IZAKHONO**

Ootitshala mabakhetha izihloko ezithathu eziyakubanceda ukwazisa nokubeka isigama esiyakubane sisetyenziswa nokuquka imisebenzi edweliswe ngezantsi.

Qaphela ukuba izihloko ezicetyiswayo ziingcebiso nje. Ootitshala mabakhetha ezabo izihloko ngokuxhomekeke kwinginqi zabo nezixhobo abanazo. Kufuneka baqinisekise ukuba banazo iiNcwadi eziNkulu/iipowusta/ imibongo, iingoma, imidlalo nezinto eziphathetkayo zezihloko abazikhethileyo.

Ootitshala mabaqinisekise ukuba banazo iincwadi ezinkulu ezifanelekileyo/ipowusta, imibongo, iingoma, imidlalo nezinto ezibonakalayo zomxholo okhethiweyo. Ootitshala mabazame ukwenza yonke imisebenzi, bayiphinda-phinde ngaphezu kwesinye kangangoko banako. Mabahole umsebenzi wabafundi besebenzisa iMisebenzi yokuHlola oKungekho Sesikweni. Izihloko mazimvumele utitshala aphinde asebenzise ukusetyenziswa kolwimi / izakhi zolwimi ezilula naxa ethetha nabafundi ngoLwimi oloNgezelweyo IwesiBini.

Imisebenzi yeveki

Utitshala angenza omnye omde okanye emibini ukuya kwemithathu emifutshanengeki

- Uphuhlisa isigama somlomo (ukuphulaphula nokuthetha) esebebenzia imixholo nezihloko
- Uthabatha inxaxheba kwimidlalo elula nengxoxo ezine zivakalisi ezi- 3 ukuya kwi-4 ngoncedo lukatitshala ebonisa ingxoxo emfutshane ngababini okanye ngamaqela amancinci
- Ulandela imiyalelo emfutshane enezivakalisi eziyi 2-3 ezibonakalisa ulandelewano
- Uqondisisa, aphendule imibuzo emfutshane, umz: Ngubani, Yintoni, Phi, Yekabani?
- Wenza izicelo nentetho emfutshane ngolwimi olutsha ngenxaso katitshala, umz; 'Ndingaya phandle ndiyo dlala?
- Usebebenzia ulwakhiwo lolwimi (Umz: Namhlanje, Ngomso, Izolo) Umamela kwizicengcelezo ezilula ezinezivakalisi ezi- 2 azinikwe ngutitshala
- Unqaya aze enze imilinganiso yemobongo elula neengoma ngababini nangamaqela amancinci ngokuzithemba nangodlamko
- Udlala imidlalo yolwimi ngaphandle kwe klasi nabahlobo nangamaqela amancinci phantsi kweliso likatitshala

Kanye ngeveki, utitshala ufunda okanye abalise ibali. Amabali anokudlalwa kusetyenziswa intshukumo yomzimba nezikkhokhelo ukuxhosa / ukuphuhlisa intsingiselo. Makusetyenziswe amabali aphuma kwiNcwadi eNkulu okanye ipowusta enemifanekiso ezobonwa ngabafundi

- Umamela amabali amafutshane ngomda angenelele kwikhorasi ngexesha elifanelekileyo ngababini nangamaqela amancinci
- Umamela aphendule imibuzo ekwibali elifutshane efundwe ngokukhwaza ngutitshala

Ukuvelisa imixholo, isigama, nesakhiwo solwimi

Ngokuthatha inxaxheba kule misebenzi ingentla:

- Uqhubekeka nokukhulisa isigama esebebenzia izijekulo
- Usebebenzia isakhiwo solwimi (Umz: Namhlanje, Ngomso, Izolo)
- Uqondisisa aphendule imibuzo elula umz: Ngubani, Yintoni, Phi, Yekabani?
- Uqalisa ukuvelisa ulwazi nendlela yokusebebenzia isakhiwo solwimi ebonisa intsingiselo yolwimi oluthethwayo, amagama asetyenziswa rhoqo, imibuzo, izimelabizo, izenzi, imiyalelo, njl.

Ingcebiso zohlololo olungekho sesikweni: Ukuphulaphula nokuthetha: (ezomlomo)

- Uthabatha inxaxheba kwimidlalo elula nakwingxoxo enezivakalisi ezi-3 ukuya kwi-4 ebonisa incoko emfutshane/imibuliso ngababini nangamaqela amancinci
- Ulandela imiyalelo emifutshane emi-2 ukuya kwe- 3 ayinikwa ngutitshala
- Unika iimpendulo kwimiayalelo elula ayinikwa ngutitshala nabafundi, umz: Bamba ibhola
- Usebenzisa isakhiwo solwimi (Umz; Namhlanje, Ngomso, Izolo)
- Uqondisisa aphendule imibuzo elula umz: Ngubani, Yintoni, Phi, Yekabani?
- Wenza izicelo ezilula esebeenzisa ulwimi olutsha ngoncedo lukatitshala, umz. 'Ndingaya phandle ndiyo kudlala?

IBANGA 3 IKOTA 3**UKUFUNDA OKUKHULAYO (EMERGENT LITERACY)**

Ukuqonda ngezandi / ukuqwalasela izandi (Phonological awareness) nokuFunda noTitshala zidityanisiwe nokuPhulaphula nokuThetha.

UMXHOLO/INGQIQO/IZAKHONO***Ukuqonda ngezandi / ukuqwalasela izandi (Phonological Awareness)***

- Uqonda izandi ezisekuqaleni nasekupheleni kwe gama
- Uqonda inani lezandi kwi silabhuli nganye kumagama aqhelekileyo
- Wahlula adibanise amagama omlomo, umz: u-ma-ma umama
- Uqonda ubudlelwane bezikhamiso nononye kumagama aqhelekileyo kuLwimi IweSibini oloNgezelelweyo naku Lwimi IwaseKhaya
- Uqonda izandi ezingafaniyo, umz: izikhamiso
Uqonda izandi ezinomahluko kuLwimi IwaseKhaya noLwimi IweSibini oloNgezelelweyo
- Usebenzisa onotsheluza ukwakha amagama (jonga, thetha, yenza)

UkuFunda noTitshala (ubuncinane bemizuzu engama-15 kabini ngeveki)

Kabini ngeveki, ngokuxhomekeka kwixesha elifumanekayo, utitshala makabalise okanye afunde ibali (amabali abalisiweyo angalinganiswa kusetyenziswe i intshukumo nezixhobo ukupuhhlisa intsingiselo. Amabali afundwayo mawathathwe kwiNcwadi eNkulu okanye ipowusta enemifanekiso apho abantwana banokuyibona yonke imifanekiso. Utitshala ubhala amagama avela rhoqo ebaleni awabeke edongeni.

Imisebenzi yeveki

- Umamela amabali amafutshane, ubalisa amabali ayinyani okanye itekisi engeyonyani ebalisiweyo okanye efundwe kwiNcwadi eNkulu okanye ipowusta enemifanekiso ngomdla angenelele kwikhorasi ngexesha elifanelekileyo
- Ufundu itekisi ngokukhwaza notitshala. Iklasi yonke ifunda ibali elifanayo okanye itekisi eyinyani notitshala Ulandela itekisi efundwe ngutitshala nabafundi enika ingqwalasela kumagama aqhelekileyo efunda ngokuzithemba esebeznisa namalungu omzimba.
- Ufundu ngokuzithemba iitekisi ebezifundwe notitshala kwikota yokuqala neyesibini
- Uphuhlisa intsingiselo aphendule imibuzo elula ebhekisele ebalini (Ngubani, Phi, Njani, Yintoni)
- Uchaza ezinye izinto ezisemifanekisweni ngokuphendula imibuzo ebuzwa ngutitshala nabafundi
- Udlala indawo encinci ebalini ngamaqela amancinci
- Uqondisisa afunde amanye amagama asetyenziswa rhoqo kwigumbi lokufundela ngo- SAL , umz; idisplayi

UKUHLOLA**Ingcebiso zoHlolo Olungekho seSikweni :****Ukuqonda nokuqwalasela izandi: (ezomlomo)**

- Uqonda izandi ezisekuqaleni nasekupheleni kwe gama
- Uqonda inani lezandi kwisilabhuli nganye kumagama aqhelekileyo
- Uqonda izandi ezingafaniyo umz: izikhamiso (umz. d, f, g, h, l, m, n, s, njl.)
- Ukubona izandi ezinokwahluka kuLwimi IwaseKhaya naku-SAL
- Usebenzisa onotsheluza besilabhuli ukwakha amagama (jonga, thetha, yenza)

UkuFunda noTitshala (ezomlomo)

- Ufundu itekisi ngokukhwaza notitshala ngokutyibilika.
- Ufundu ngokutyibilika, iitekisi ebezifundwe notitshala kwiKota 1 no 2.
- Uphendula imibuzo elula ebhekisele ebalini ngeempendulo ezimfutshane.
- Ubonisa ukuqonda isigama esisebalini ngokubiza amagama asebalilni.
- Udlala indawana ezisebalini esebeznisa iintshukumo nengxoxo ezelula ngababini nangamaqela amancinci.

IBANGA 3 IKOTA 4**UKUPHULAPHULA NOKUTHETHA (EZOMLOMO)****UMXHOLO/INGQIQO/IZAKHONO**

Ootitshala mabakhetho izihloko ezithathu eziyakubanceda ukwazisa nokubeka isigama esiyakubane sisetyenziswa nokuquka imisebenzi edweliswe ngezantsi.

Qaphela ukuba izihloko ezicetyiswayo ziingcebiso nje Ootitshala mabakhetho ezabo izihloko ngokuxhomekeke kwinginqi zabo nezixhobo abanazo. Kufuneka baqinisekise ukuba banazo iINcwadi eziNkulu/iipowusta/ imibongo, iingoma, imidlalo nezinto eziphathetkayo zezihloko abazikhethileyo.

Ootitshala mabazame ukwenza yonke imisebenzi bayiphinda-phinde ngaphezu kwesinye kangangako banako. Mabahlole imisebenzi yabafundi besebenzisa iMisebenzi yokuHlola oKungekho Sesikweni. . Izihloko mazimvumele utitshala aphinde asebenzise ukusetyenziswa kolwimi / izakhi zolwimi ezilula naxa ethetha nabafundi ngoLwimi lweSibini oloNgezelelweyo.

Imisebenzi yeveki

Utitshala unokwenza umsebenzi omnye omde okanye emibini okanye emithathu emifutshane kanye ngeveki ngeveki

- Uphuhlisa isigama somlomo (ukuphulaphula nokuthetha) esebeenzisa imixholo nezihloko
- Ulandela imiyalelo emifutshane enezivakalisi ezi- 2 ukuya kwi-3 ezibonakalisa ulandelewano
- Uthabatha inxaxheba kwimidlalo elula nengxoxo ezinezivakalisi ezi- 3 ukuya kwi-4 ngoncedo lukatitshala ebonisa ingxoxo emfutshane ngababini nangamaqela amancinci
- Banikana amaxesha ukunikana imiyalelo elula ngexesha lemidlalo yolwimi nabahlobo
- Uqondisisa, aphendule imibuzo elula, umz: Ngubani igama lakho, Miingaphi iminyaka yakho?
- Wenza aphendule izicelo ezilula ezenziwa ngutitshala nabahlobo
- Ubonisa abize amagama ezinto zokwenyani ngolwimi olutsha (incwadi, ipensile, isihlangu, isheti, njl.)
- Uthetha ngezinto azibona emfanekisweni elandela imiyalelo katitshala (Ubona ntoni emfanekisweni? Ndixelete yintoni onokuyibona emfanekisweni.)
- Umamela amabali alula ezine zivakalisi ezi- 2-3, azinikwe ngutitshala echaza akwenzileyo
- Ngoncedo lukatitshala. Unika izivakalisi ezilula (izivakalisi ezi-2-3), umzekelo, abafundi baxeleta utitshala ngemo-yezulu
- Unqaya aze enze imilinganiso yemobongo elula neengoma ngababini nangamaqela amancinci ngokuzithemba nangodlamko

Kanye ngeveki, utitshala ufunda okanye abalise ibali. Amabali anokudalwa kusetyenziswa intshukumo yomzimba nezikkhokhelo ukuxhasa / ukuphuhlisa intsingiselo. Makusetyenziswe amabali aphuma kwiINcwadi eNkulu okanye ipowusta enemifanekiso ezobonwa ngabafundi.

- Umamela amabali amafutshane ngomda angenelele kwikhori ngexesha elifanelekileyo ngababini nangamaqela amancinci
- Umamela aphendule imibuzo ekwibali elifutshane efundwe ngokukhwazangutitshala
- Uphendula imibuzo elula ephuma ebalini ngependulo ezimfutshane (Ngubani, Yintoni, Phi?)

Ukuvelisa imixholo, isigama, nesakhiwo solwimi

Ngokuthatha inxaxheba kule misebenzi ingentla:

- Uqhube ka nokukhulisa isigama asifumeneyo namabinzana akwingxoxo ezilula
- Uqala ukubonisa ulwazi lokusebenzisa izakhiwo zolwimi esebeenzisa umlomo, amagama aqhelekileyo, imibuzo, izenzi, izininzi ,izibizo, njl.
- Usebeenzisa ulwakhiwo lolwimi (umz: Namhlanje, Ngomso, Izolo)
- Uqonda aze aphendule imibuzo elula enje ngo- Ngubani, Yintoni, Phi, Yekabani?

UKUHLOLA**Ingcebiso zohlolo Olungekho seSikweni**

- Uthabatha inxaxheba kwimidlalo elula nakwingxoxo enezivakalisi ezi-3 ukuya kwi- 4 ebonisa incoko emfutshane/imbuliso ngababini nangamaqela amancinci
- Usebenzisa isakhiwo solwimi, (umz; Namhlanje, Ngomso, Izolo)
- Ulandela imiyalelo emifutshane emi-2 ukuya kwi- 3 ayinikwa ngutitshala
- Unika iimpendulo kwimiyalelo elula ayinikwa ngutitshala nabafundi, umz: Bamba ibhola
- Uqondisisa aphendule imibuzo elula umz: Ngubani, Yintoni, Phi, Yekabani?
- Wenza izicelo ezilula esebeenzisa ulwimi olutsha ngoncedo lukatitshala, umz. ‘Ndingaya phandle ndiyodlala?’

IBANGA 3 IKOTA 4**UKUFUNDA OKUKHULAYO (EMERGENT LITERACY)**

Ukuqonda ngezandi / ukuqwalasela izandi (*Phonological awareness*) nokuFunda noTitshala zidityanisiwe nokuPhulaphula nokuThetha

UMXHOLO/INGQIQO/IZAKHONO***Ukuqonda ngezandi / ukuqwalasela izandi (Phonological Awareness)***

- Uqonda izandi ezisekuqaleni nasekupheleni kwe gama
- Uqonda inani lezandi kwi silabhuli nganye kumagama aqhelekileyo
- Wahlula adibanise amagama omlomo, umz: u-ma-ma umama
- Uqonda ubudlelwane bezikhamiso nononye abizwa ngokufanayo kuLwimi lwaseKhaya nakuLwimi lweSibini oloNgezelelweyo (umz. . d, f, g, h, l, m, n, s, njl.). Yenza ubuncinane isandi esinye ngeveki.
- Fundisa izandi ezino kuba nomahluko, umz. izikhamiso
- Fundisa ezinye izandi ezonomahluko kuLwimi lwaseKhaya naku Lwimi lweSibini oloNgezelelweyo
- Sebenzisa onotsheluza besilabhuli ukwakha amagama (jonga, thetha, yenza)

UkuFunda noTitshala (ubuncinane bemizuzu engama-15 kabini ngeveki)

Utitshala ubalisa okanye afunde ibali kabini evekini. Amabali abaliswayo anokudlalwa kusetyenziswa izijekulo nezixhobo ukuxhasa nokupuhhlisa intsingiselo. Amabali afundwayo mawathathwe kwiNcwadi eNkulu okanye ipowusta enemifanekiso apho abantwana banokuyibona yonke imifanekiso. Utitshala ubhala amagama avela rhoqo ebaleni awabeke edongeni

Imisebenzi yeveki

- Umamela amabali amafutshane, ubalisa amabaliayinyani okanye itekisi engeyonyani ebalisiwego okanye efundwe kwincwadi enkulu okanye ipowusta enemifanekiso ngomdla angenelele kwikhorasi ngexesha elifanelekileyo
- Ufundu itekisi ngokukhwaza notitshala. Iklasi yonke ifunda ibali elifanayo okanye itekisi eyinyani notitshala
- Ulandela itekisi efundwe ngutitshala nabafundi enika ingqwalasela kumagama aqhelekileyo efunda ngokuzithemba esebezisa namalungu omzimba.
- Ufundu ngokutyibilika, iitekisi ebezifundwe notitshala kwiKota 1 ukuya ku 3
- Uphuhlisa intsingiselo aphendule imibuzo elula ebhekisele ebalini (Ngubani, Phi, Njani, Yintoni)
- Uchaza ezinye izinto ezsifanekisweni ngokuphendula imibuzo ebuzwa ngutitshala nabafundi
- Udlala indawo encinci ebalini ngamaqela amancinci
- Ngoncedo lukatitshala, baphinda babalise ibali ngababini
- Ubona afunde amagama aqhelekileyo aeklasini abhalwe ngolwimi u-SALumz. idisplayi eseludongweni
- Ufundu abhale amagama aqhelekileyo ngo- SAL

UKUHLOLA

Ingcebiso zohlololo olungekho sesikweni :

Ukuqonda ngezandi / ukuqwalasela izandi: (ezomlomo)

- Uqonda izandi ezisekuqaleni nasekupheleni kwe gama
- Uqonda ubudlelwane bezikhhamiso nononye abizwa ngokufanayo kuLwimi lwaseKhaya nakuLwimi lweSibini oloNgezelelweyo (umz. d, f, g, h, l, m, n, s, njl.). Yenza ubuncinane isandi esinye ngeveki.
- Uqonda izandi ezino kuba nomahluko, umz. izikhhamiso
- Uqonda ezinye izandi ezonomahluko kuLwimi lwaseKhaya naku Lwimi lweSibini oloNgezelelweyo Sebenzisa onotsheluza besilabhuli ukwakha amagama (jonga, thetha, yenza)

UkuFunda noTitshala

- Ufundu ngokutyibilika, iitekisi ebezifundwe notitshala kwiKota 1 ukuya ku 3
- Uphendula imibuzo elula ebhekisele ebalini ngempendulo ezimfutshane
- Ubonisa ulwazxi lwakhe lwesigama sebali ngokufunda amagama
- Udlala indawo encinci ebalini esebeenzisa intshukumo nengxoxo ezelula ngababini nangaqela amancinci

IMIZEKELO YETEKISI NEZIXHOBO EZINOKUSETYENZISWA NGONYAKA

- Imifanekiso neepowusta
- liNcwadi eziNkulu zamabali aqwetyiwego nayinyani
- Ezinye iitekisi ezandisiwego (imibongo, iingomal, njl-njl.)
- Izinto ezinxulumene nezihloko nemixholo ethile, iiphaphethi, iimaskhi, njalo-njalo.
- Imifanekiso ezakulandelelanisa
- Imibongo,iingoma nezicengcelezo
- Imidlalo yolwimi (ngomlomo)
- lincwadi ezinemifanekiso eenengcaciso (caption books)
- Oonotsheluza(Flash card labels) bezinto eziseklasini, izinto ezibonisiwego nomabonwa rhoqo
- litshati ze-alfabhethi
- Izinto zokukhomba eziza kusetyenziswa xa kufundwa iitekisi ezandisiwego, amabali odonga(aseludongen)
- limaski, Utitshala/lincwadi ezinkulu ezenziwe ngabafundi, Zig-zag books , iipapethi, oonotsheluza
- likhostyum ezenziwego ukulungiselela ukulinganisa nokwenza amabali
- liteyipu ezimanyelwayo ezinamabali afundwayo okanye abhaliwego, isidlali seeCD iiCD okanye iteyipu ezimanyelwayo, imibongo, izicengcelezo neengoma , isidlali seeCD okanye isishicileli seteyipu , umabonakude neeteyipu zevidiyo/DVDs

ULUHLU LWAMAGAMA

ukuhlola (assessment) - inkqubo ecwangcisiweyo neqhubekeyo yokuqokelela ulwazi malunga nokusebenza komfundu, nokuba yenziwa ngokusesikweni okanye ngokungekho sesikweni.

ukuhlola okusisiseko (baseline assessment) - ukuhlola kokuqala okwenzelwa ukufumana ukuba sele esazi ntoni umfundu. UkuHlola koNyaka kukaZwelonke (*i-Annual National Assessment - ANA*) kuya kwensiwa ekuqaleni kwekota yokuqala kuwo onke amabanga yaye iya kuba kukuhlola okusisiseko.

ukuhlola okuqhubekayo (continuous assessment) - ukuhlola okuyinxalenye yokufundisa nokukhulisa kwabafundi ngokusoloko benikwa ingxelo ngomsebenzi wabo.

ukubhala ngokudibanisa (cursive writing) - indlela yokubhala ngesandla eyenziwa ngokubhala amagama ungakhange uluphakamise usiba (pen) okanye ipensile. Kuya kuphuma itekisi edibeneoyo enoonobumba abenzeke kuloo ndawo luhakanyiswe kuyo usiba okanye ipensile.

ilitheresi ekhulayo (emergent literacy) - luthetha ulwazi lwabafundi olukhulayo malunga namagama. Abafundi babona amagama abhaliweyo baze bawaqonde ukuba athetha ukuthini. Bafunda ngeencwadi namabali befundelwa ngabantu abadala okanye abafundi abadala kunabo. Basenokuqala ukuzama ukubhala amagama abo besebenzisa iindlela abacinga ukuba apelwa ngazo (upelo oluyiliweyo okanye upelo olukhulayo) yaye basenokuqala ukulinganisa ukufunda iincwadi. Zonke ezi zenzo zibonisa ukukhula kolwazi lwabo lwelitheresi - ilitheresi ekhulayo.

itekisi ezotyiweyo (graphic text) - itekisi apho ulwazi lungohlobo olubonwayo umz. imizobo, iigrafu, njalo-njalo.

ukufunda okuncediswayo (guided reading) - lithuba lokufunda kweqela apho abafundi bakwinqanaba elinye lokufundiswa aze utitshala abalonise indlela yokufunda ukwenzela ukuba bona baye bengenelela befunda ngokwabo.

ukubhala okuncediswayo (guided writing) - kulapho umfundu ngamnye okanye amaqela amancinci abafundi abhala uluhlu lweentlobo zeetekisi emva kokuba utitshala ebanike isikhokelwana malunga nokubhala umz. ifomathi, ukuphawulwa kwentetho (ngeekhoma, izingxi, njalo-njalo), iukusetyenziswa kolwimi okanye upelo.

ukuprinta okudityaniswayo (joint script) - luhlobo lokudibanisa olusekelwe kuhlobo oluthile lwendlela yokubhala (script) engadibanisiyo, olwenzeka ngokuba amagama amaninzi adityaniswe ngenjongo yokukhawulezisa ukubhala.

isandi (phoneme) - izandi ezizimeleyo zolwimi (umz. 't', 'th', 'ty', 'dy') Igama u-'apha' lineefonimi ezintathu ezizezi: 'a' 'ph' 'a'.

ulwazi lwezandi (phonemic awareness) - ukukwazi ukwahlula izandi ezahlukenyero zolwimi.

izandi zopelo (phonics) - ubudlelwane phakathi kwezandi nendlela ezipelwa ngayo. Izandi zopelo ziiseteyenziswa ekufundeni nasekubhaleni.

ulwazi lwezandi (phonological awareness) - ukukwazi ukuqwelasela izandi zolwimi uzahlula kwintsingiselo yazo.

isingqi (rhyme) - amagama okanye imiqolo yombongo ephela ngesandi esinye (umz. hlamba, hamba, thamba).

ukufunda notitshala (shared reading) - umsebenzi apho abafundi bafunda kune notitshala kwitekisi eyandisiweyo yaba nkulu. Esi sisifundo sekiasi yonke. Le tekisi isetyenziswayo ijoliswe kwelona qela liqhuba kakuhle apha eklasini. Abanye abafundi baya kuphulaphula, abanye baqale kancinci ukufunda ngelixa abaninzi beya kube befunda ngokupheleleyo. Le tekisi inye isetyenziswa iintsuku ezininzi. Utitshala ujonga indawo ekuza kugxilwa kuyo ngosuku ngalunye. Itekisi le isetyenziselwa ukwazisa ngokusemxholweni iimpawu zetekisi, izandi, iukusetyenziswa kolwimi nezakhono zokufunda.

amagama abonakala lula (sight words) - ngamagama umntu ofundayo awaqonda ngokuzenzekelayo (xa ewabona). Akukho mfuneko yokuba ade acazululwe. Xa esafundiswa ukufunda umfundu amagama aqondeka lula adla ngokuxhaphaka okanye amagama 'asetyenziswa kakhulu' afana nala: 'umama' 'usisi'.

