

COMMEMORATING 120 YEARS OF NKOSI SIKELEL' IAFRICA

In 1897 Enoch Sontonga of the Mpinga clan of the amaXhosa was inspired to write a hymn for Africa. At the time he was 24 years old, a teacher, a choirmaster, a lay minister in the Methodist church and a photographer. At the time Mr Sontonga lived in Nancefield near Johannesburg.

In 1899, this beautiful hymn, Nkosi Sikelel' iAfrika, was sung in public for the first time, at the ordination of Reverend Bowen, a Methodist priest. It had a powerful effect on everyone who heard it, and became so well loved that it was added to, translated, and sung all over the African continent.

A further seven verses were added to the hymn by poet SEK Mqhayi, and on 16 October 1923, Nkosi Sikelel' iAfrika was recorded by Solomon T Plaatje, accompanied by Sylvia Colenso on the piano. It was sung in churches and at political gatherings and in 1925, it became the official anthem of the African National Congress (ANC).

Although his hymn was very well known, Sontonga was not famous in his lifetime. For many years, historians searched for information about this humble man's life and death.

Enoch Sontonga died on 18 April 1905, at the age of 33. His grave was discovered many years later in a cemetery in Braamfontein in Johannesburg, after a long search by the National Monuments Council. In 1996, on Heritage Day, 24 September, President Mandela declared Sontonga's grave a national monument, and a memorial was later erected at the gravesite.

For a while, in 1994 and 1995, South Africa had two official national anthems: Nkosi Sikelel' iAfrika and Die Stem, the apartheid era anthem. Both anthems were sung in full, but it took such a long time to sing them that the government held open meetings to ask South Africans what they wanted for their National Anthem. In the end, the government decided on a compromise, which included the shortening of both anthems and the creation of a harmonious musical bridge to join the two songs together into a single anthem. Our national anthem, which is sung in five different languages – isiXhosa, isiZulu, Sesotho, Afrikaans and English – is unique and demonstrates the ability of South Africans to compromise in the interest of national unity and progress.

Nkosi Sikelel' iAfrika became the first stanza of our new National Anthem.

Nkosi Sikelel' iAfrika

Nkosi, sikelel' iAfrika,
Malupnakanyisw' udumo lwayo;
Yizwa imithandazo yethu
Nkosi sikelela,
Thina lusapho lwayo
Nkosi, sikelel' iAfrika,
Malupnakanyisw' udumo lwayo;
Yizwa imithandazo yethu
Nkosi sikelela,
Thina lusapho lwayo

Woza Moya (woza, woza),
Woza Moya (woza, woza),
Woza Moya, Ojingcwele.
Usisikelele, Thina lusapho lwayo.

Morena boloka sechaba sa heso
O fedise dintwa le matshwenyeho
Morena boloka sechaba sa heso,
O fedise dintwa le matshwenyeho.

O se boloke, o se boloke,
O se boloke, o se boloke.
Sechaba sa heso, Sechaba sa heso.
O se boloke morena se boloke,
O se boloke sechaba, se boloke.
Sechaba sa heso, sechaba sa Afrika.

Ma kube njalo! Ma kube njalo!
Kude kube ngunaphakade.
Kude kube ngunaphakade!



National Archives and Records Services of South Africa

E. Sontonga, arr. M. Khumalo (Nkosi) Afrikaans words: C.J. Langenhoven English words: J.Z. Rudolph
M.L. de Villiers, arr. D. de Villiers (Die Stem) Re-arrangement, music typesetting-Jeanne Z. Rudolph as per Anthem Committee

MATHEMATICS IN ENGLISH – Grade 4 Book 1

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Revised and CAPS aligned

Grade 4

Name:

Class:



basic education

Department: Basic Education
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

Book 1
Terms 1 & 2



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MATHEMATICS IN ENGLISH
GRADE 4 – BOOK 1 • TERMS 1 & 2
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THIS BOOK MAY NOT BE SOLD.
9th Edition

Contents

No.	Title	Pg.	No.	Title	Pg.
R1a	Base Ten Counting	ii	23a	Multiplication: 1-digit by 2-digit and 2-digit by 2-digit	68
R1b	Base Ten Counting (continued)	iv	23b	Multiplication: 1-digit by 2-digit and 2-digit by 2 (continued)	70
R2	Numbers 0 to 1 000	vi	24a	Grouping problems	72
R3	Addition and Subtraction to 999	viii	24b	Grouping problems (continued)	74
R4	More Addition and Subtraction to 999	x	25	Numbers 0 to 2 000	76
R5	Multiplication	xii	26	More numbers 0 to 2 000	78
R6	More Multiplication	xiv	27	More rounding off to the nearest 10	80
R7	Number patterns	xvi	28	More rounding off to the nearest 100	82
R8	Fractions	xviii	29	More number sentences	84
R9	More Fractions	xx	30a	Addition up to 4-digit numbers	86
R10	Money	xxii	30b	Addition up to 4-digit numbers (continued)	88
R11	Length	xxiv	31	Adding by filling in the tens	90
R12	Area	xxvi	32a	Subtraction up to 4-digit numbers	92
R13	Capacity	xxiv	32b	Subtraction up to 4-digit numbers (continued)	94
R14	2-D Shapes and 3-D Objects	xxx	33	More subtraction up to 4-digit numbers	96
R15	Weight (Mass)	xxxii	34	Compare and order common fractions	98
R16	Data	xxxiv	35	Grouping and Sharing	100
1a	Numbers 0 to 1 000	2	36	Fractions: halves to twelfths	102
1b	Numbers to 0 to 1 000 (continued)	4	37	Fractions and division	104
2	More numbers 0 to 1 000	6	38	Equivalent and Comparing Fractions	106
3	Even more numbers 0 to 1 000	8	39	Common fractions	108
4	Rounding off to the nearest 10	10	40	Length	110
5	Rounding off to the nearest 100	12	41	Estimate, measure and compare length	112
6a	Number sentences	14	42	Length conversions	114
6b	Number sentences (continued)	16	43	Multiples and rate	116
7a	Addition up to 4 digits	18	44a	Multiplication: 2-digits by 2-digits	118
7b	Addition up to 4 digits (continued)	20	44b	Multiplication: 2-digits by 2-digits (continued)	120
8a	Addition Problems	22	45a	More multiplication: 2-digits by 2-digits	122
8b	Addition Problems (continued)	24	45b	Multiplication: 2-digits by 2-digits (continued)	124
9a	Subtraction	26	46	Multiplication and approximation	126
9b	Subtraction (continued)	28	47	Multiplication: 2-digits numbers by 2-digit numbers	128
10a	Subtraction Problems	30	48	3-D Objects	130
10b	Subtraction Problems (continued)	32	49	Faces	132
11a	Addition and Subtraction (continued)	34	50	Describing and making models of 3-D objects	134
11b	Addition and Subtraction (continued)	36	51	Investigate geometric patterns	136
12	Let's talk about money	38	52	Investigate and extend geometric patterns	138
13	Number patterns	40	53	Symmetry	140
14	Number patterns: flow diagrams and tables	42	54	Lines of symmetry	142
15	Multiplication: 2 × to 7 × tables	44	55	Addition and subtraction	144
16	Multiplication: 8 × and 9 × tables	46	56	Addition and subtraction up to 4-digit numbers	146
17	Multiplication: 1 × and 10 × tables	48	57	Addition of 4-digit numbers	148
18a	Time	50	58	Problem solving: addition and subtraction	150
18b	Time (continued)	52	59	Sharing and Grouping problems	152
19a	Calculation of time	54	60	Rate	154
19b	Calculation of time	56	61	Ratio	156
20	Data	58	62	Division of 2-digit numbers by 1-digit numbers	158
21a	Pictographs and bar graphs	60	63	Division of 3-digit numbers by 1-digit numbers	160
21b	Pictographs and bar graphs (continued)	62	64	Division problems	162
22a	2-D shapes	64			
22b	2-D shapes (continued)	66			



Mrs Angie Motshekga,
Minister of
Basic Education



Mr Enver Surty,
Deputy Minister of
Basic Education

These workbooks have been developed for the children of South Africa under the leadership of the Minister of Basic Education, Mrs Angie Motshekga, and the Deputy Minister of Basic Education, Mr Enver Surty.

The Rainbow Workbooks form part of the Department of Basic Education's range of interventions aimed at improving the performance of South African learners in the first six grades. As one of the priorities of the Government's Plan of Action, this project has been made possible by the generous funding of the National Treasury. This has enabled the Department to make these workbooks, in all the official languages, available at no cost.

We hope that teachers will find these workbooks useful in their everyday teaching and in ensuring that their learners cover the curriculum. We have taken care to guide the teacher through each of the activities by the inclusion of icons that indicate what it is that the learner should do.

We sincerely hope that children will enjoy working through the book as they grow and learn, and that you, the teacher, will share their pleasure.

We wish you and your learners every success in using these workbooks.

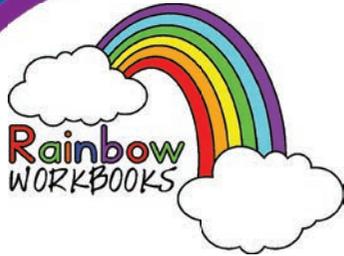


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Grade

4

Mathematics

Book 1

1 Revision worksheets: R1 to R16
Key concepts from Grade 3

2 Worksheets: 1 to 64

Book 2

3 Worksheets: 65 to 144

Name:

ENGLISH

The structure of a worksheet

Worksheet number
(Revision R1 to R16,
Ordinary 1 to 144)

Worksheet title

Topic introduction
(Text and pictures to help you think about
and discuss the topic of the worksheet.)

Term indicator
(There are forty worksheets per term.)

Questions

Colour code for content area

Content	Side bar colour
Revision	Purple
Number	Turquoise
Patterns and functions (algebra)	Electric blue
Space and shape (geometry)	Orange
Measurement	Green
Data handling	Red

31 Adding by filling the tens

Which sum is easier to add? Why?
 $8 + 7 = \square$ or $10 + 5 = \square$
 $10 + 4 = \square$ or $7 + 7 = \square$
 $9 + 2 = \square$ or $10 + 1 = \square$
 $10 + 2 = \square$ or $7 + 5 = \square$

In one minute, how many combinations can you find that add up to 50?

1. Fill up the tens.

$3 + 7 = 10$	$8 + 2 = 10$
$2 + 8 = 10$	$9 + 1 = 10$
$5 + 5 = 10$	$4 + 6 = 10$
$1 + 9 = 10$	$7 + 3 = 10$
$6 + 4 = 10$	$0 + 10 = 10$

Are there more combinations that will add up to ten?

a. $3 + \square = \square$ b. $5 + \square = \square$ c. $2 + \square = \square$
 d. $6 + \square = \square$ e. $1 + \square = \square$ f. $7 + \square = \square$
 g. $8 + \square = \square$ h. $9 + \square = \square$ i. $4 + \square = \square$

2. Fill up the tens.

Example:

$37 + 3 = 40$	$25 + 5 = 30$
$14 + 6 = 20$	$68 + 2 = 70$
$79 + 1 = 80$	$43 + 7 = 50$
$56 + 4 = 60$	$84 + 6 = 90$
$92 + 8 = 100$	$36 + 4 = 40$

Find another five combinations that will add up to 100.

a. $32 + \square = \square$ b. $46 + \square = \square$ c. $54 + \square = \square$
 d. $72 + \square = \square$ e. $78 + \square = \square$ f. $68 + \square = \square$
 g. $15 + \square = \square$ h. $94 + \square = \square$ i. $83 + \square = \square$

90

Language colour code:
Afrikaans (Red), English (Blue)

3. Fill up the hundreds.

Example: 486
 $486 + 14 = 500$

a. 368 b. 371 c. 684
 d. 519 e. 225 f. 568
 g. 274 h. 479 i. 383

4. Calculate the following:

Example:
 Calculate $2\ 486 + 48$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2\ 486 + 48 \\ = (2\ 486 + 14) - 14 + 48 \\ = 2\ 500 + (48 - 14) \\ = 2\ 500 + 34 \\ = 2\ 534 \end{array}$$

a. $3\ 526 + 97 =$ b. $6\ 537 + 84 =$ c. $4\ 833 + 95 =$
 d. $1\ 789 + 39 =$ e. $2\ 786 + 56 =$ f. $8\ 976 + 41 =$
 g. $4\ 324 + 98 =$ h. $8\ 159 + 62 =$ i. $6\ 847 + 73 =$

The concert
 7 894 people came to see a concert. There were 68 security guards. How many people were in the stadium?

15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30

91

Example frame (in yellow)

Fun/challenge/problem solving activity
(This is an end of worksheet activity that may include fun or challenging activities that can also be shared with parents or brothers and sisters at home.)

Teacher assessment rating,
signature and date



Grade

4

Mathematics

PART

1

Revision

Key concepts from Grade 3

WORKSHEETS R1 TO R16

Name:

ENGLISH

Book

1

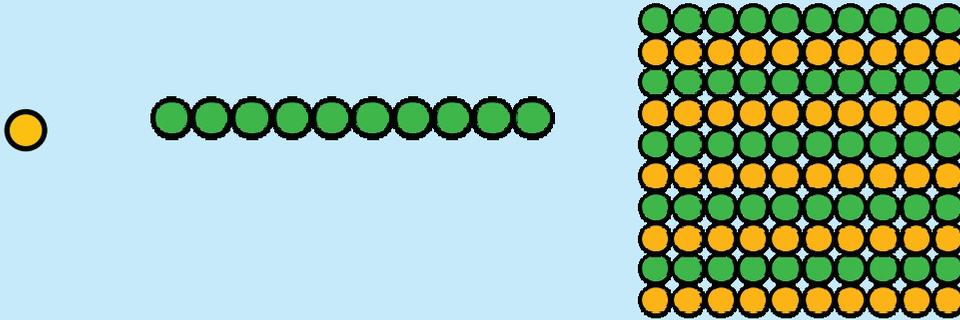


Base Ten Counting

The first 16 worksheets are revision activities. They also summarise important concepts you need in Grade 4.

Revision

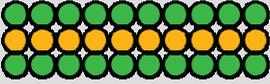
How many beads are there? See how fast can you count them.



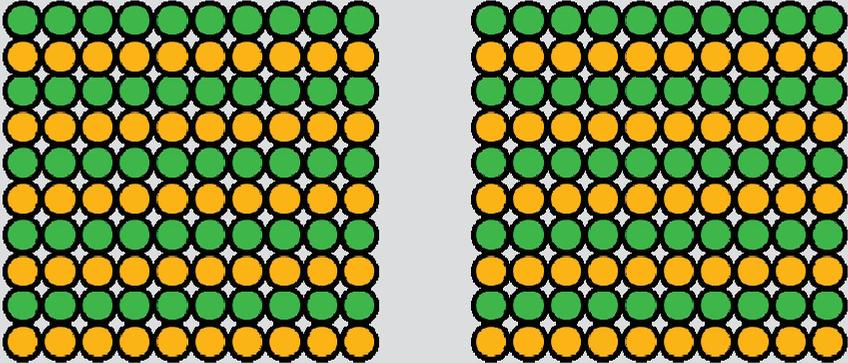
I wonder what is the fastest way to count? Can you help me?

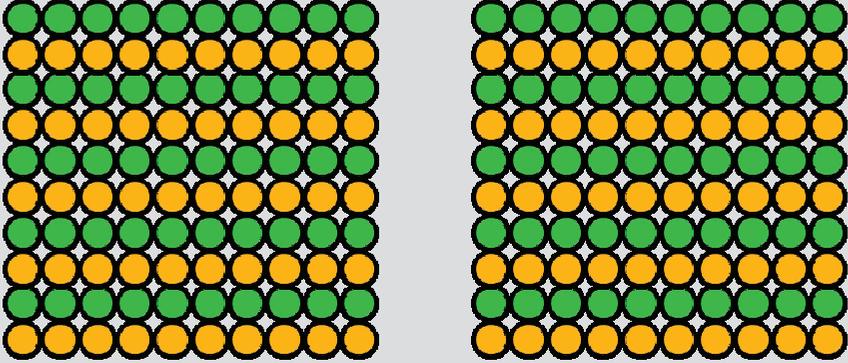
1. Write down how many beads you counted?

a. 

b. 



c. 



Term 1

d.

Two yellow circles representing 2 tens. A ten rod (10 yellow blocks) and three ten rods (30 green blocks) representing 30. A ten rod (10 yellow blocks) and four ten rods (40 green blocks) representing 50. An empty box for the answer.

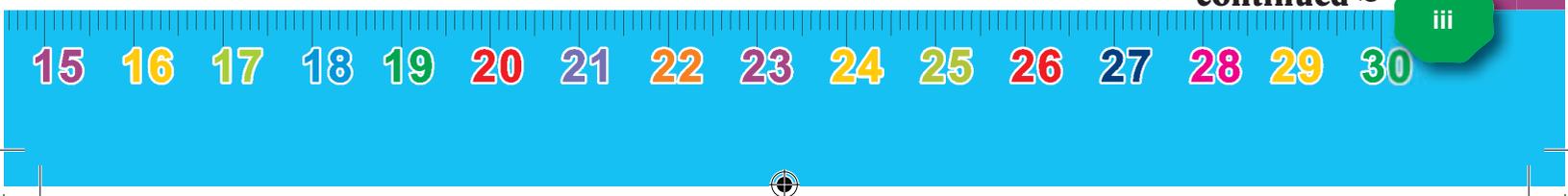
e.

A ten rod (10 yellow blocks) and four ten rods (40 green blocks) representing 50. Two yellow circles representing 2 tens. A ten rod (10 yellow blocks) and three ten rods (30 green blocks) representing 30. A single yellow circle representing 1 unit. An empty box for the answer.

Sign:

Date:

continued



R1b

Base Ten Counting continued

2. Write down how many beads there are.

a.

I made a nice brooch with my 111 beads.

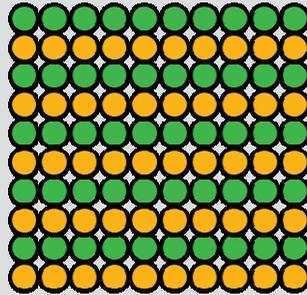
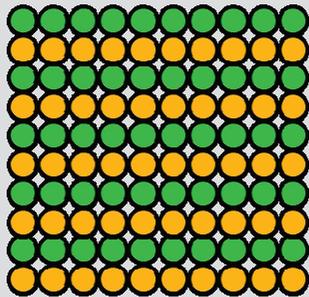
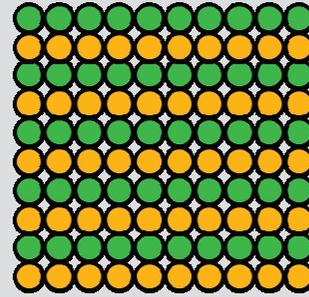
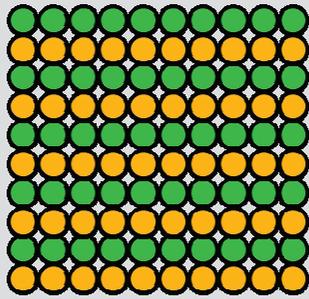
These blocks of beads have the same number in each as the block above. Write down the total number of beads.

b.

c.

Term 1

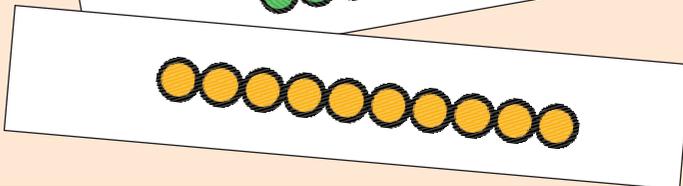
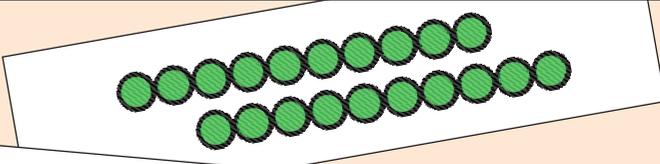
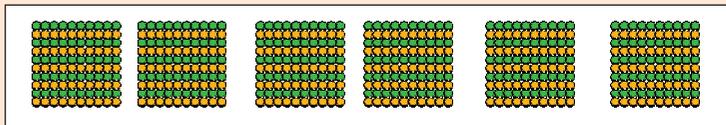
d.



How quick are you?

What you need:

- Cut-out 1.



What to do:

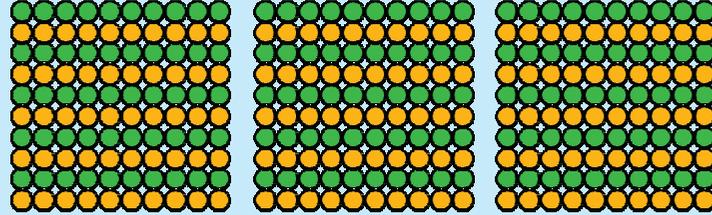
- Play in pairs.
- Cut out the cards from Cut-out sheet 1 at the back of the book.
- Place them face down on your desk.
- You choose five cards and your partner chooses five.
- See who is first to give the total number of beads on the cards.
- Check your partner's answer.
- Do the same with 6/7/8/9/ and 10 cards.
- The person with the most correct answers is the winner.

Sign:

Date:

What number will these cards make?

300



20



5



325

In words it is

Three hundred and twenty-five

1. Match column A with column B.

Column A

Column B

a.

300
8

b.

100
40
3

c.

400
10
2

2. Write the number in the correct column:

	Number cards	Hundreds	Tens	Units
a.	200 50 3	2	5	3
b.	400 60 5			
c.	100 20 10 9			
d.	9 300 10			
e.	40 2 3 400			

3. Complete the following. We have done the first one to guide you.

a. $723 = 7 \text{ hundreds} + 2 \text{ tens} + 3 \text{ units}$

b. $648 =$ _____

c. $521 =$ _____

d. $704 =$ _____

e. $230 =$ _____

4. The first one is done for you. Write the other numbers also in expanded notation.

a. $654 = 600 + 50 + 4$

b. $203 =$ _____

c. $745 =$ _____

d. $650 =$ _____

e. $605 =$ _____

f. $475 =$ _____

5. Write the following in words.

a. 54 _____

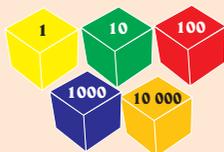
b. 308 _____

c. 847 _____

What is the size of your number:

What you need:

- Cut-out 2
- Cut-out 3: Cut and fold the dice (units to hundreds)



What to do:

- Play in pairs.
- Each player rolls a hundreds dice (red, blue or orange dice), a tens (green dice) and a units (yellow dice) dice.
- Each player makes his or her own 3-digit number with the number cards.
- The winner is the player with the greatest number.
- Do the same activity five times.

Remember zero is a place holder.

Sign:

Date:

Addition and Subtraction to 999

What do addition and subtraction mean?



What does
+
mean?



What does
-
mean?



1. Complete the pattern:

a. $200 \xrightarrow{+100} 300 \xrightarrow{+100} 400$

b. $200 \xrightarrow{-20} 180 \xrightarrow{-20} 160$

c. $50 \xrightarrow{+50} 100 \xrightarrow{+50} 150$

d. $60 \xrightarrow{+30} 90 \xrightarrow{+30} 120$

e. $500 \xrightarrow{-40} 460 \xrightarrow{-40} 420$

Examples :

Example 1: $612 + 56$

612			+	56	
600	10	2		50	6

$$\begin{aligned} 612 + 56 &= 600 + 10 + 50 + 2 + 6 \\ &= 600 + 60 + 8 \\ &= 668 \end{aligned}$$

Example 2: $389 + 74$

389			+	74	
300	80	9		70	4

$$\begin{aligned} 389 + 74 &= 300 + 80 + 70 + 9 + 4 \\ &= 300 + 150 + 13 \\ &= 300 + 100 + 50 + 10 + 3 \\ &= 400 + 60 + 3 \\ &= 463 \end{aligned}$$

2. Add the following using the given example.

a. $124 + 35$

$$\boxed{124} + \boxed{35}$$

$$124 + 35$$

$$= 100 + 20 + 30 + 4 + 5$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

b. $678 + 25$

$$\boxed{678} + \boxed{25}$$

$$678 + 25$$

$$= 600 + 70 + 20 + 8 + 5$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

Examples:

Example 1: $356 - 3$

$$\boxed{356} - \boxed{3}$$

$$356 - 3$$

$$= 300 + 50 + (6 - 3)$$

$$= 300 + 50 + 3$$

$$= 353$$

Example 2: $241 - 6$

$$\boxed{241} - \boxed{6}$$

$$241 - 6$$

$$= 200 + 40 + (1 - 6)$$

$$= 200 + 30 + (11 - 6)$$

$$= 200 + 30 + 5$$

$$= 235$$

3. Subtract the following using the given example.

a. $659 - 5$

$$\boxed{659} - \boxed{5}$$

$$659 - 5$$

$$= 600 + 50 + (9 - 5)$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

b. $392 - 8$

$$\boxed{392} - \boxed{8}$$

$$392 - 8$$

$$= 300 + 90 + (2 - 8)$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

Sign:

Date:

More Addition and Subtraction to 999

How fast can you add the following?

100 2 10 2 10 100 2 10 2
20 300 100 2 2 20 200 10
2 30 2 2 2

Examples:

Example 1:

$212 + 456$

$\boxed{200} \boxed{10} \boxed{2} + \boxed{400} \boxed{50} \boxed{6}$

$= 200 + 400 + 10 + 50 + 2 + 6$

$= 600 + 60 + 8$

$= 668$

Example 2:

$124 + 387$

$\boxed{100} \boxed{20} \boxed{4} + \boxed{300} \boxed{80} \boxed{7}$

$= 100 + 300 + 20 + 80 + 4 + 7$

$= 400 + 100 + 11$

$= 500 + 10 + 1$

$= 511$

Term 1

1. Add the following using the examples above.

a. $234 + 362$

$\boxed{} \boxed{} \boxed{} + \boxed{} \boxed{} \boxed{}$

$= 200 + 300 + 30 + 60 + 4 + 2$

$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

b. $644 + 213$

$\boxed{} \boxed{} \boxed{} + \boxed{} \boxed{} \boxed{}$

$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

c. $396 + 145$

$\boxed{} \boxed{} \boxed{} + \boxed{} \boxed{} \boxed{}$

$= 300 + 100 + 90 + 40 + 6 + 5$

$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

d. $247 + 356$

$\boxed{} \boxed{} \boxed{} + \boxed{} \boxed{} \boxed{}$

$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Examples:

Example 1:

$784 - 323$

$\boxed{700} \boxed{80} \boxed{4} - \boxed{300} \boxed{20} \boxed{3}$

$= (700 - 300) + (80 - 20) + (4 - 3)$
 $= 400 + 60 + 1$
 $= 461$

Example 2:

$546 - 288$

$\boxed{500} \boxed{40} \boxed{6} - \boxed{200} \boxed{80} \boxed{8}$

$= (500 - 200) + (40 - 80) + (6 - 8)$
 $= 300 + (30 - 80) + (16 - 8)$
 $= 200 + (130 - 80) + (16 - 8)$
 $= 200 + 50 + 8$
 $= 258$

2. Subtract the following using the given example.

a. $486 - 214$

$\boxed{} \boxed{} \boxed{} - \boxed{} \boxed{} \boxed{}$

$= (400 - 200) + (80 - 10) + (6 - 4)$

$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

b. $698 - 453$

$\boxed{} \boxed{} \boxed{} - \boxed{} \boxed{} \boxed{}$

$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

c. $384 - 267$

$\boxed{} \boxed{} \boxed{} - \boxed{} \boxed{} \boxed{}$

$= (300 - 200) + (80 - 60) + (4 - 7)$

$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

d. $413 - 168$

$\boxed{} \boxed{} \boxed{} - \boxed{} \boxed{} \boxed{}$

$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$



What is the size of your number:

What you need:

- Use the 10s and 100s dice made in the previous activity.
- Piece of paper.



What to do:

- Roll the tens (green) dice.
- Add the number landed on to the first number on the blue card. Write your addition sum on a piece of paper.
- Do the same with the next four numbers on the blue card.
- Repeat the activity using both the 10s and 100s dice.
- Learners check each other's addition sums.
- The winner is the person with the most correct answers

132
423
400
675
897



Repeat the activity using subtraction.

Sign:

Date:

Multiplication



We have six beads repeated four times.

This is the same as

$6 + 6 + 6 + 6$ which is the same as:

6×4

Term 1

1. Complete the patterns:

- a. 2, 4, 6, , , , , , , ,
- b. 3, 6, 9, , , , , , , ,
- c. 5, 10, 15, , , , , , , ,
- d. 4, 8, 12, , , , , , , ,
- e. 10, 20, 30, , , , , , , ,

2. Complete the table:

Diagram	Addition sum	Words	Multiplication sum
	$4 + 4 + 4 = 12$		
		Four groups of five	
			$3 \times 5 = 15$

3. Match the cats with the mice.

a.

9



7×3

b.

24



3×3

c.

21



6×4

d.

32



5×2

e.

10



8×4

4. Fill in the \times and $=$ in the right places.

a. $6 \square 3 \square 18$

b. $16 \square 4 \square 4$

c. $28 \square 7 \square 4$

d. $6 \square 6 \square 36$

e. $12 \square 3 \square 4$

f. $7 \square 7 \square 49$

g. $18 \square 2 \square 9$

h. $4 \square 12 \square 48$

i. $54 \square 9 \square 6$

j. $12 \square 7 \square 84$

k. $50 \square 5 \square 10$

l. $27 \square 3 \square 9$

m. $12 \square 2 \square 24$

n. $9 \square 9 \square 81$

o. $60 \square 5 \square 12$

X

In one minute I can ...

What you need:

- Use the units and tens dice made in the previous activity from Cut-out 3.
- Piece of paper.



What to do:

- Roll the units and tens dice. Multiply the two numbers. Write down the multiplication sum with its answer.
- Repeat doing this until your teacher says stop after a minute.
- Give your multiplication sum to your friend to mark.
- The winner is the person with the most correct answers.

Sign:

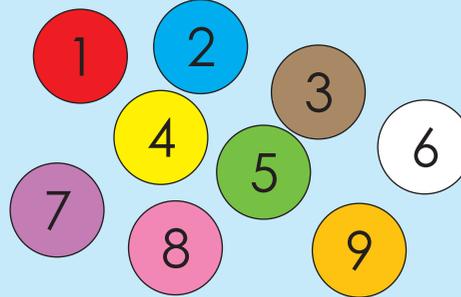
Date:

R6

More Multiplication

See how many sums you can make by multiplying a number from the square by a number in a circle.

1	2	3
4	5	6
7	8	9



1. Complete the table.

x	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	1 x 1 = <input type="text"/>	1 x 2 = <input type="text"/>	1 x 3 = <input type="text"/>	1 x 4 = <input type="text"/>	1 x 5 = <input type="text"/>	1 x 6 = <input type="text"/>	1 x 7 = <input type="text"/>	1 x 8 = <input type="text"/>	1 x 9 = <input type="text"/>
2	2 x 1 = <input type="text"/>	2 x 2 = <input type="text"/>	2 x 3 = <input type="text"/>	2 x 4 = <input type="text"/>	2 x 5 = <input type="text"/>	2 x 6 = <input type="text"/>	2 x 7 = <input type="text"/>	2 x 8 = <input type="text"/>	2 x 9 = <input type="text"/>
3	3 x 1 = <input type="text"/>	3 x 2 = <input type="text"/>	3 x 3 = <input type="text"/>	3 x 4 = <input type="text"/>	3 x 5 = <input type="text"/>	3 x 6 = <input type="text"/>	3 x 7 = <input type="text"/>	3 x 8 = <input type="text"/>	3 x 9 = <input type="text"/>
4	4 x 1 = <input type="text"/>	4 x 2 = <input type="text"/>	4 x 3 = <input type="text"/>	4 x 4 = <input type="text"/>	4 x 5 = <input type="text"/>	4 x 6 = <input type="text"/>	4 x 7 = <input type="text"/>	4 x 8 = <input type="text"/>	4 x 9 = <input type="text"/>
5	5 x 1 = <input type="text"/>	5 x 2 = <input type="text"/>	5 x 3 = <input type="text"/>	5 x 4 = <input type="text"/>	5 x 5 = <input type="text"/>	5 x 6 = <input type="text"/>	5 x 7 = <input type="text"/>	5 x 8 = <input type="text"/>	5 x 9 = <input type="text"/>
6	6 x 1 = <input type="text"/>	6 x 2 = <input type="text"/>	6 x 3 = <input type="text"/>	6 x 4 = <input type="text"/>	6 x 5 = <input type="text"/>	6 x 6 = <input type="text"/>	6 x 7 = <input type="text"/>	6 x 8 = <input type="text"/>	6 x 9 = <input type="text"/>
7	7 x 1 = <input type="text"/>	7 x 2 = <input type="text"/>	7 x 3 = <input type="text"/>	7 x 4 = <input type="text"/>	7 x 5 = <input type="text"/>	7 x 6 = <input type="text"/>	7 x 7 = <input type="text"/>	7 x 8 = <input type="text"/>	7 x 9 = <input type="text"/>
8	8 x 1 = <input type="text"/>	8 x 2 = <input type="text"/>	8 x 3 = <input type="text"/>	8 x 4 = <input type="text"/>	8 x 5 = <input type="text"/>	8 x 6 = <input type="text"/>	8 x 7 = <input type="text"/>	8 x 8 = <input type="text"/>	8 x 9 = <input type="text"/>
9	9 x 1 = <input type="text"/>	9 x 2 = <input type="text"/>	9 x 3 = <input type="text"/>	9 x 4 = <input type="text"/>	9 x 5 = <input type="text"/>	9 x 6 = <input type="text"/>	9 x 7 = <input type="text"/>	9 x 8 = <input type="text"/>	9 x 9 = <input type="text"/>

Term 1

2. Solve the following problems. Use the example to guide you.
You will need extra sheets of paper to solve the problems.

Example:

The problem: A parent gives nine bags of soccer balls to a school. Each bag contains 6 soccer balls. How many soccer balls does the parent give away?

What is the question? How many soccer balls does the parent give away?

What are the numbers? 9 (bags) and 6 (balls per bag)

What key words tell you which basic operation (+, -, x or ÷) to use? Each bag contains.

What operation must be used? Multiplication.

Draw a picture.



Write down a number sentence. $9 \times 6 = \square$

Show the calculation. $9 \times 6 = 54$

Answer: The parent gives 54 soccer balls away.

- A farmer plants 8 rows of apple trees. There are 7 apple trees in each row. How many apples trees are there in total?
- Ann's mother buys 5 pizzas. Each pizza is cut into four slices. How many slices are there altogether?
- Mandla has three friends. Each of them has twenty sweets. How many sweets do they all have together?

In one minute I can ...

Play the previous game again.

Sign:

Date:

Number patterns

Talk about the patterns in the table below.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100

1. What will the next number be?

a. 40, 45, 50,

b. 85, 95, 105, , ,

c. 378, 379, 380, , ,

d. 405, 410, 415, , ,

e. 599, 598, 597, , ,

f. 600, 610, 620, , ,

g. 775, 780, 785, , ,

h. 800, 802, 804, , ,

2. Complete the following patterns.

a. $3 + 5 = \square$ $30 + 50 = \square$ $300 + 500 = \square$

b. $4 + 2 = \square$ $40 + 20 = \square$ $400 + 200 = \square$

c. $3 + 6 = \square$ $30 + 60 = \square$ $300 + 600 = \square$

d. $5 + 1 = \square$ $50 + 10 = \square$ $500 + 100 = \square$

e. $7 + 2 = \square$ $70 + 20 = \square$ $700 + 200 = \square$

3. What will you put in the place of the orange?

a. $4 + 3 =$  $+ 4$ 3

b. $6 + 2 =$  $+ 6$

c. $5 + 4 =$  $+ 5$

d.  $+ 3 = 3 + 5$

e. $2 +$  $= 7 + 2$

f. $8 + 1 = 1 +$ 

g. $6 +$  $= 3 + 6$

h. $9 + 0 =$  $+ 9$

i. $7 +$  $= 1 + 7$

j.  $+ 6 = 6 + 1$

Pattern fun

How fast can you get the answer?

2	6	11	15
4	12	22	30
6	18	33	45

Coloured cards...

Look at the cards. What do you notice?

$4 + 3$	$5 + 6$	$4 + 5$	$2 + 7$	$3 + 4$	$3 + 9$
$8 + 1$	$7 + 2$	$9 + 3$	$5 + 4$	$6 + 5$	$1 + 8$

Sign:

Date:

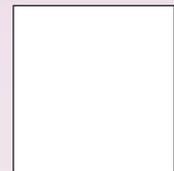
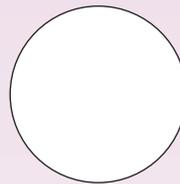
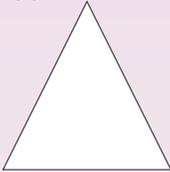
Use fractions to describe the pictures.



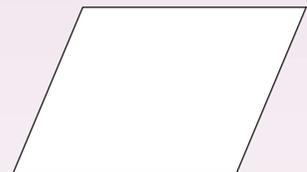
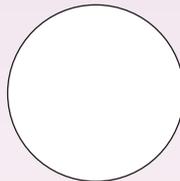
Term 1

1. Divide these shapes into:

Halves



Quarters



2. Colour in the following fractions.

a. two quarters ($\frac{2}{4}$) =

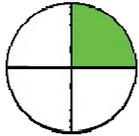
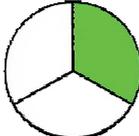
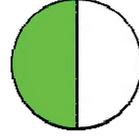
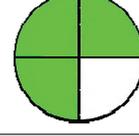
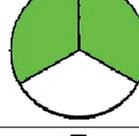
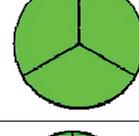
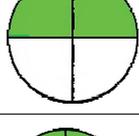
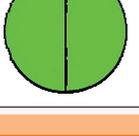
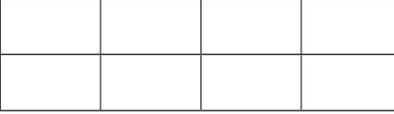
b. one quarter ($\frac{1}{4}$) =

c. two thirds ($\frac{2}{3}$) =

d. two halves ($\frac{2}{2}$) =

e. three thirds ($\frac{3}{3}$) =

3. Complete the table below.

Fraction circle	Fraction that is green.	Colour the same fraction on this diagram.
a. 	one quarter ($\frac{1}{4}$)	 one quarter ($\frac{1}{4}$) is green
b. 		
c. 		
d. 		
e. 		
f. 		
g. 		
h. 		

Fractions dice and strips

Throw a dice.

Then take a fraction strip from Cut-out 4 that matches the fraction on the face of the dice.

If the face is $\frac{1}{4}$, take a quarter strip. If you are correct keep the fraction strip.

At the end count your fraction strips.

The winner is the person with the most fractions strips.



Sign:

Date:

More Fractions

Use fractions to describe the pictures.



= one quarter



= one quarter



= one quarter



= one quarter



Term 1

1. Share the sweets. What fraction will each child get?

Children	Total number of sweets	What fraction will each child get?	How many sweets will each child get?



2. You divide 16 sweets between four children. What fraction will each child get?

Blank writing area with horizontal lines for the answer to question 2.

Continue on an extra sheet of paper

3. You divide 18 sweets between two children. What fraction will each get?

Blank writing area with horizontal lines for the answer to question 3.

Continue on an extra sheet of paper

4. Four children each get $\frac{1}{4}$ of 28 sweets. How many sweets does each child get?

Blank writing area with horizontal lines for the answer to question 4.

Continue on an extra sheet of paper

Fractions dice and strips

Play this game again. See the previous lesson.

Sign:

Date:

R10

Money

Identify all the coins and notes:



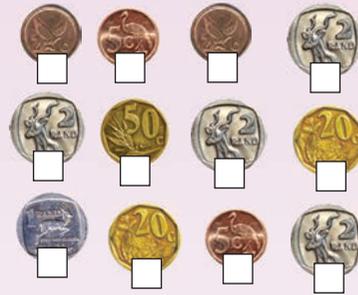
Term 1

1. Tick the coins that are equal to the amount shown:

a. R5,40



b. R3,20



c. R7,50



d. R9,45



2. Colour the blocks:

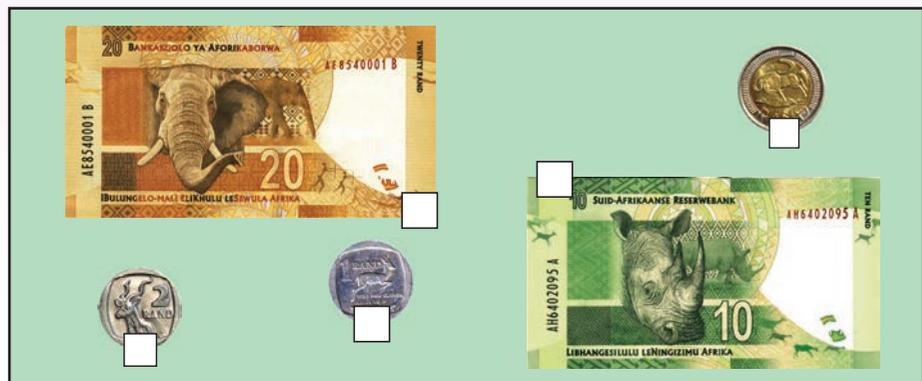
a. R2 = Green

b. R1 = Blue

c. R5 = Red

d. R10 = Purple

e. R20 = Yellow



3. Tick the correct change.

a. I bought sweets for R3,50. I paid with a R5.



b. I bought sweets for R4,89. I paid with a R5,00.



c. I bought sweets for R7,99. I paid with R5, R2 and R2 coin.



d. I bought sweets for 910c. I paid with R10,00.



Coin rubbing and problem solving

- a. Take some coins.
Make a coin rubbing by putting a coin under a piece of paper and rubbing over the top with a crayon/pencil.
Cut out the coins and make five of your own sums.
- b. Grandmother gives Palesa R12. Palesa wants to save a third of the money. How much money must she save?



Sign:

Date:

R11

Length

How long is a metre? Can you take a step that is one metre long? How many 30 cm rulers will make 1 metre?



Term 1

1. If this worm is one metre long, what is the distance from the boy to the girl?



a.



b.



c.



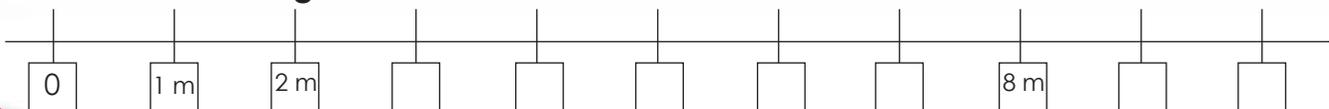
d.



e.

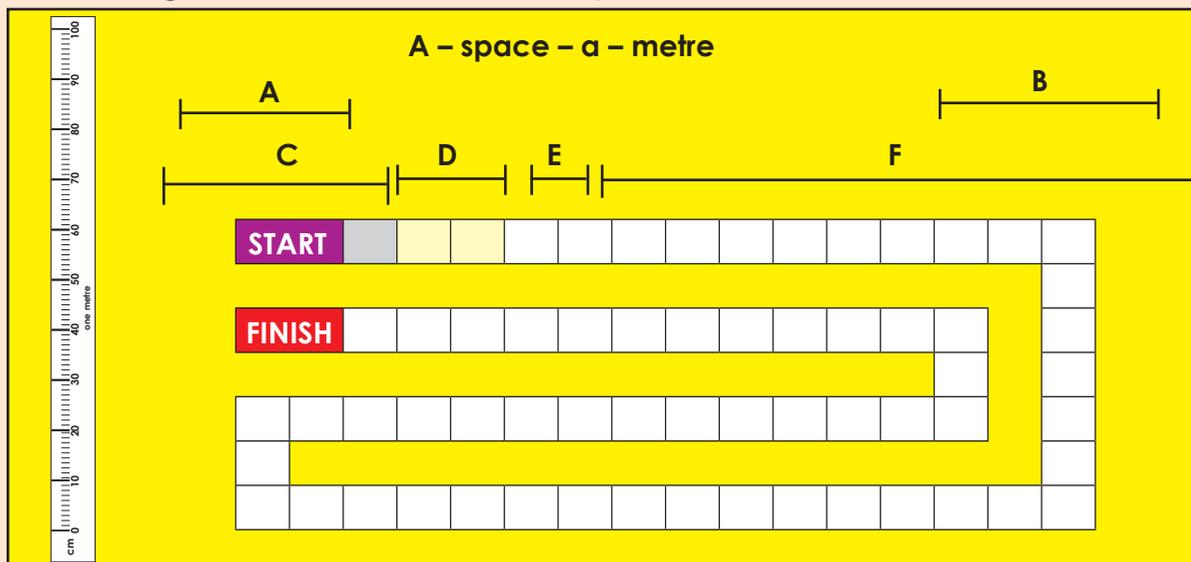


2. Fill in the missing numbers on this measured line.



Length game

3. Use the game board to answer the questions:



We have already rolled the dice for you. The length of the line is the number of spaces you moved. We did the first two for you, E=1 and D=2, so you are standing on square 3 now. Carry on. Colour the blocks as you go. The first one to finish wins.

E Spaces moved: 
metres moved:

F Spaces moved:
metres moved:

D Spaces moved:
metres moved:

B Spaces moved:
metres moved:

A Spaces moved:
metres moved:

C Spaces moved:
metres moved:

C Spaces moved:
metres moved:

F Spaces moved:
metres moved:

B Spaces moved:
metres moved:

F Spaces moved:
metres moved:

F Spaces moved:
metres moved:

A Spaces moved:
metres moved:

How many more spaces must you move to get to the finish?

Sign:

Date:

R12

Area

Look at the kitchen floor.
How many tiles did I use to
tile the floor?

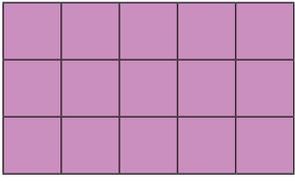
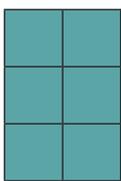
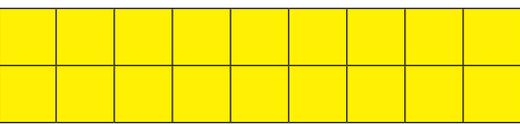
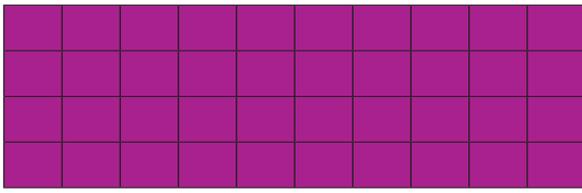


Term 1

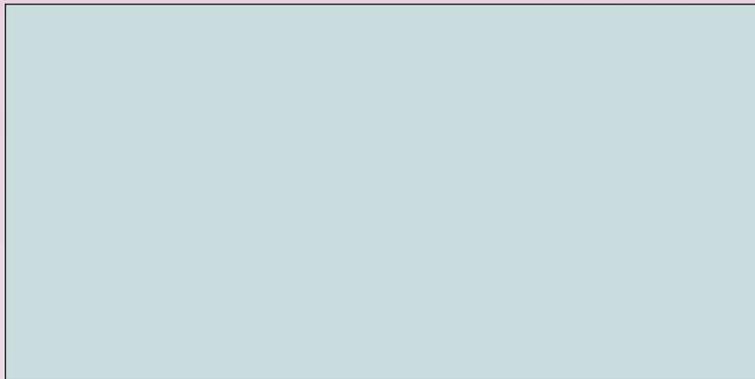
1. Answer the following questions:

- a. How many tiles did you use to tile the kitchen floor?
- b. How many white tiles did you use to tile the kitchen floor?
- c. How many black tiles did you use to tile the kitchen floor?
- d. The girl takes one step per tile. How many steps will she take to go round the edges of the room on the tiles?

2. a. How many tiles are used to tile these floors?
b. What is the distance in tiles around the edges of each floor?

<p>a. <input type="text"/> b. <input type="text"/></p> 	<p>a. <input type="text"/> b. <input type="text"/></p> 
<p>a. <input type="text"/> b. <input type="text"/></p> 	<p>a. <input type="text"/> b. <input type="text"/></p> 

3. Use Cut-out 5. You also need glue and a pair of scissors.
 Tile all the floors. Try and create a beautiful pattern with your tiles.

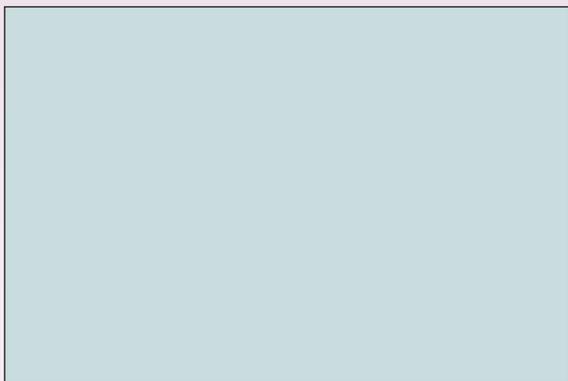


a. Total tiles:

Total distance (in tiles) around the floor:

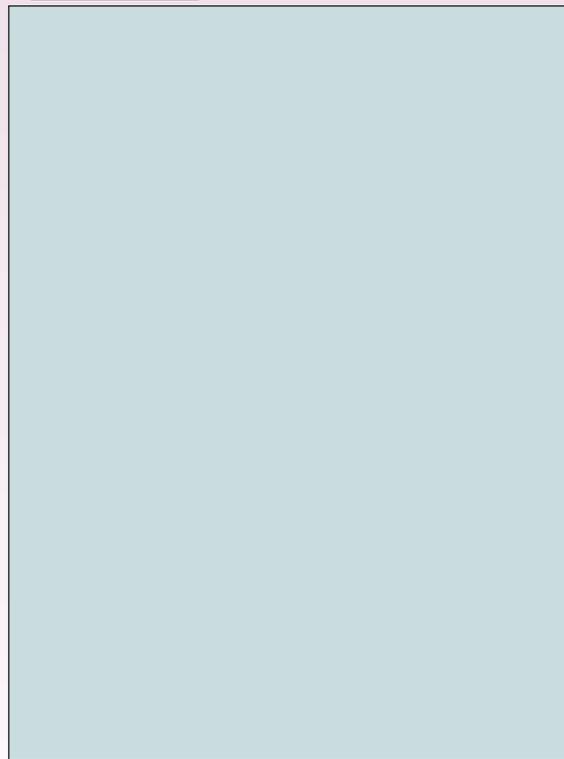
b. Total tiles:

Total distance (in tiles) around the floor:



c. Total tiles:

Total distance (in tiles) around the floor:



d. Total tiles:

Total distance (in tiles) around the floor:



A4 page ...

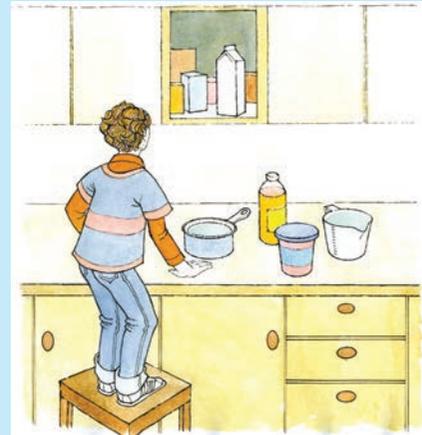
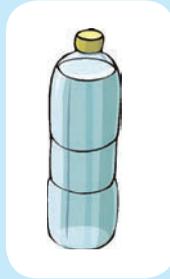
 <p>tile</p>	<p>How many whole tiles from Cut-out 5 will fit on a sheet of A4 size paper?</p>
--	--

Sign:

Date:

This bottle holds 1 litre.

Identify the objects in the kitchen that can hold more or less than 1 litre.



Term 1

1. Answer the following questions:

<p>a. What can take more water than a cup?</p> 	<p>b. Is this container full or empty?</p> 
<p>c. Is this bottle full or empty?</p> 	<p>d. Which container can take more water?</p> 
<p>e. Is this container full or half full?</p> 	<p>f. Is this bottle full?</p> 

2. Use the bottle on the left, and estimate whether the container can take more or less than a litre.

	<p>a. </p>	<p>b. </p>	<p>c. </p>	<p>d. </p>
	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
<p>e. </p>	<p>f. </p>	<p>g. </p>	<p>h. </p>	
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	

3. How many bottles of water did you take to fill each measuring jug?
The picture on the left will guide you.



a. <input type="text"/>	b. <input type="text"/>	c. <input type="text"/>
d. <input type="text"/>	e. <input type="text"/>	f. <input type="text"/>

4. If each jug takes 3 litres of water, how many litres of water are there in each jug?



a.

b.

c.

Capacity fun ...

Make a list of 10 things in your house that have a capacity of 1 litre.

Sign:

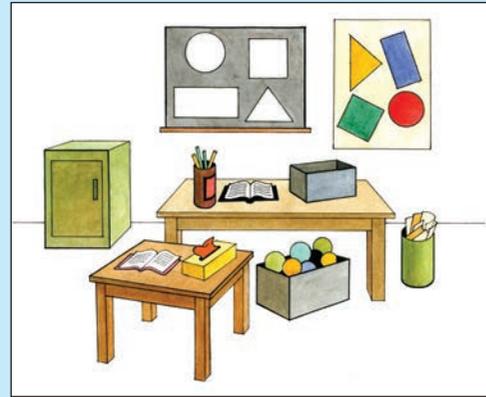
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2-D Shapes and 3-D Objects

How many shapes and objects can you find?

Words that can help:

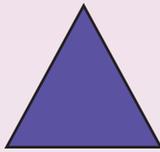
- | | |
|-------------|---------------|
| Rectangle | Circle |
| Square | Triangle |
| Box (Prism) | Ball (Sphere) |
| Cylinder | |



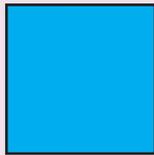
Term 1

1. Name the following shapes:

a.



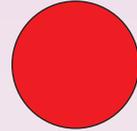
b.



c.

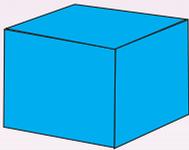


d.

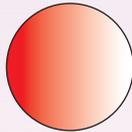


2. Name the following objects:

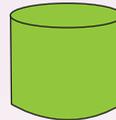
a.



b.



c.



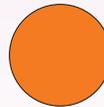
3. Colour the correct word or words.

a.



Straight edges	Curved edges
----------------	--------------

b.



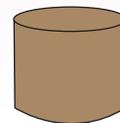
Straight edges	Curved edges
----------------	--------------

c.



Round surfaces	Flat surfaces
----------------	---------------

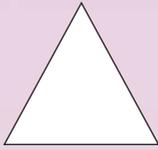
d.



Round surfaces	Flat surfaces
----------------	---------------

4. Draw a line of symmetry.

a.



b.



c.

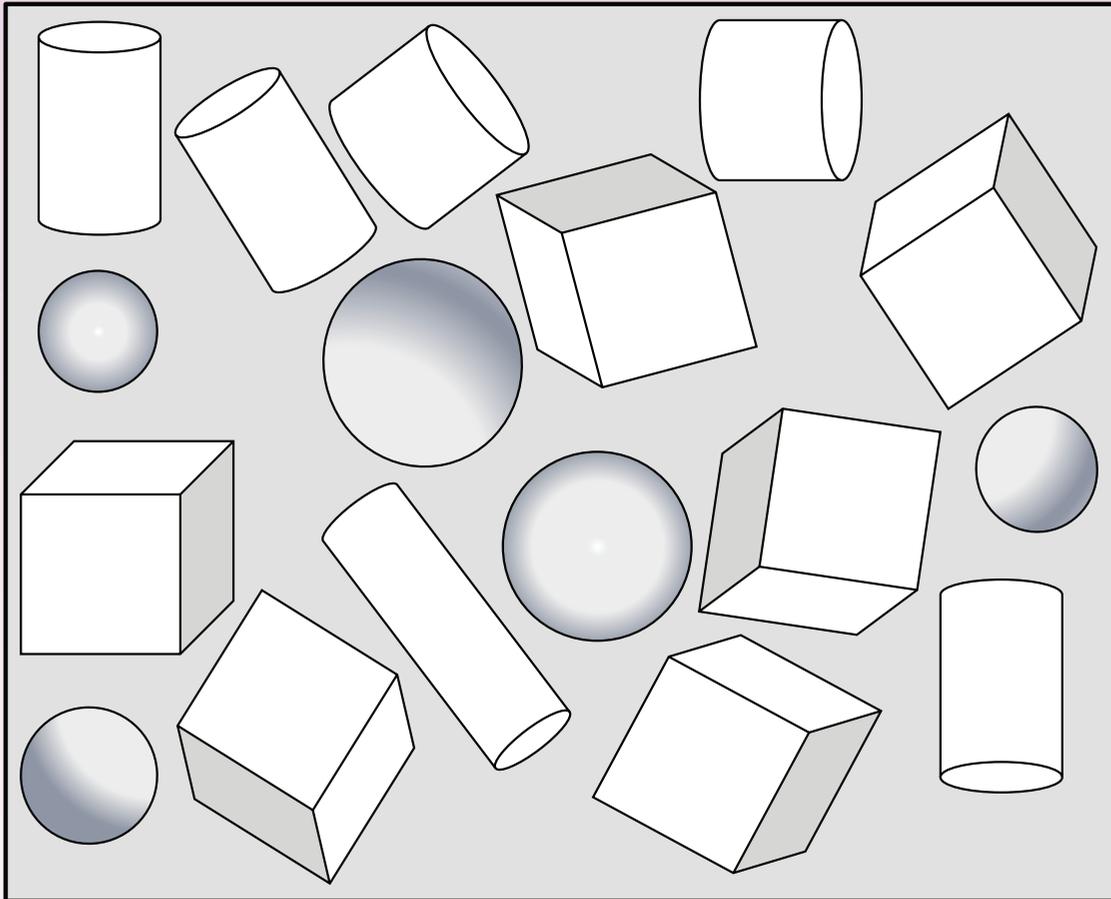


5. Colour all the cylinders blue. Then write on each object if it can:

• Roll only (R)

• Slide only (S)

• Roll and Slide (RS)



Find pictures ...

What to do:

- Go through a magazine, newspaper or an advertisement.
- Find pictures of five things that look like a:
 - cylinder
 - cube
 - ball (sphere)

Which object was the easiest to find?
Which object was the most difficult to find?

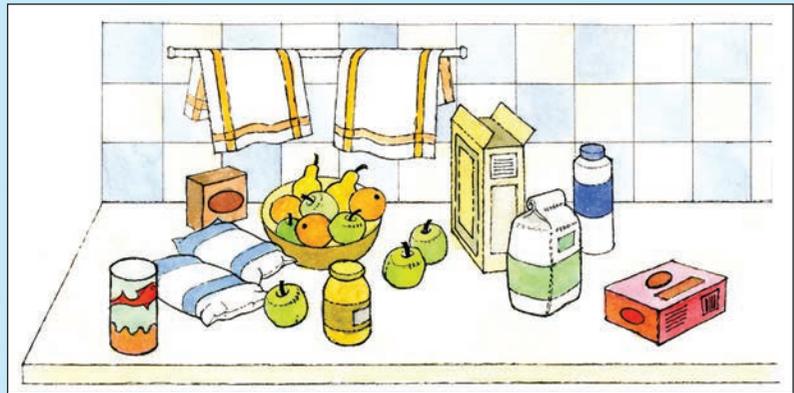


Sign:

Date:

Weight (Mass)

Did you know that an average pineapple weighs 1 kg? Identify the objects in the kitchen that are heavier or lighter than a pineapple.



1. Answer the questions.

<p>a. What is lighter than a brick?</p> 	<p>b. What is heavier, a full or an empty bag?</p> 
<p>c. Is this bag heavier or lighter than a pineapple?</p> 	<p>d. Are the biscuits heavier or lighter than the handbag?</p> 
<p>e. Is this bag heavy or light?</p> 	<p>f. Is this suitcase heavy or light?</p> 

2. Use the object on the left to estimate whether the object is heavier or lighter than a kilogram.

1 kg



a. feather



b. shoes



c. cupcake



d. crayon



e. school bag



f. pencil case



g. packet of chips



Term 1

3. Say if the object (or objects) weigh more, less or the same as 1 kilogram.

The image shows six spring scales arranged in a 3x2 grid. Each scale has a dial with markings from 0 g to 5 kg, with major markings every 1 kg and minor markings every 100 g. The scales are used to compare the weight of different objects to 1 kg.

- Scale 1 (Top Left):** A red scale with an apple and an orange. The dial needle points to 1 kg. An arrow points to the left, indicating the weight is less than 1 kg.
- Scale 2 (Top Right):** A blue scale with a book. The dial needle points to 2 kg. An arrow points to the right, indicating the weight is more than 1 kg.
- Scale 3 (Middle Left):** A purple scale with a stack of books. The dial needle points to 4 kg. An arrow points to the right, indicating the weight is more than 1 kg.
- Scale 4 (Middle Right):** A green scale with a stack of papers. The dial needle points to 0 g. An arrow points to the left, indicating the weight is less than 1 kg.
- Scale 5 (Bottom Left):** A green scale with a brick. The dial needle points to 1 kg. An arrow points to the left, indicating the weight is less than 1 kg.
- Scale 6 (Bottom Right):** A blue scale with a backpack. The dial needle points to 5 kg. An arrow points to the right, indicating the weight is more than 1 kg.

Mass fun ...

What to do:

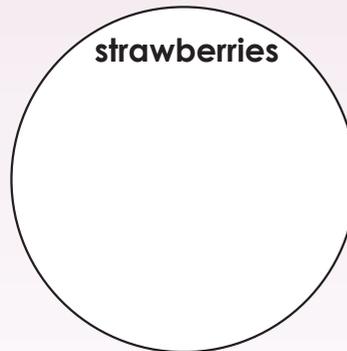
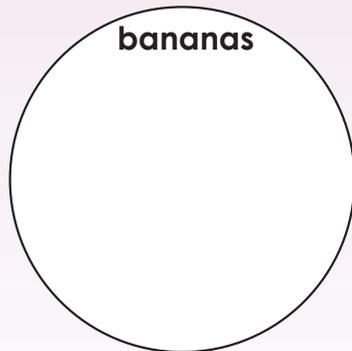
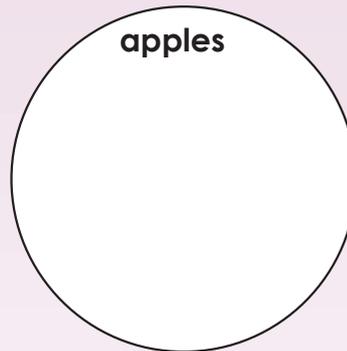
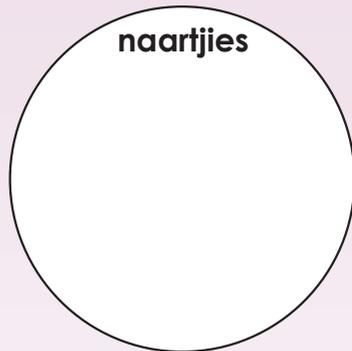
- Make a list of 10 things in your house that weigh about 1 kilogram each.

Sign:

Date:



1. Sort the fruit using the circles below. Make drawings:



a. How many naartjies are there?

b. How many apples are there?

c. How many bananas are there?

d. How many strawberries are there?

2. Draw a pictograph.

Our favourite fruit

a. Do children like bananas or apples more?

b. Do children like strawberries or naartjies more?

c. What is the most popular fruit?

d. What is the least popular fruit?

Find a graph

Search through a newspaper for graphs. Bring one example of a graph to the classroom.

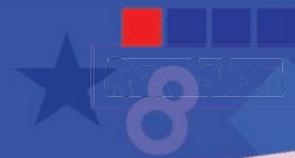


Sign:

Date:



Notes



A large rectangular area with horizontal blue dashed lines for writing notes.





Grade

4

Mathematics

PART

2

WORKSHEETS

1 to 64

ENGLISH

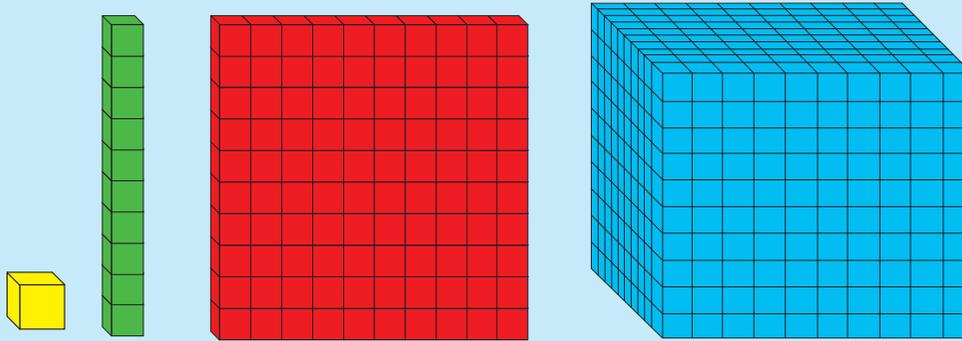
Book

1

1a

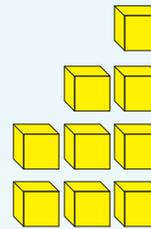
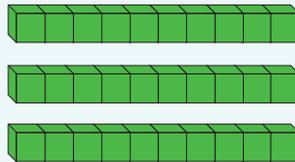
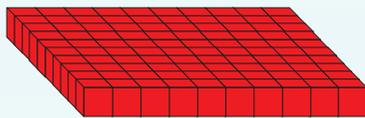
Numbers 0 to 1 000

How many cubes are there in total?

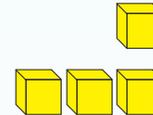
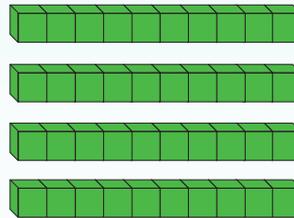
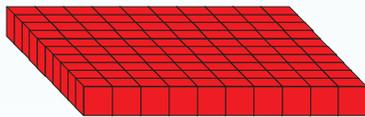
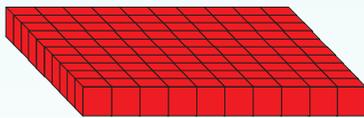


1. Count the cubes.

a.



b.

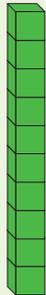


Term 1

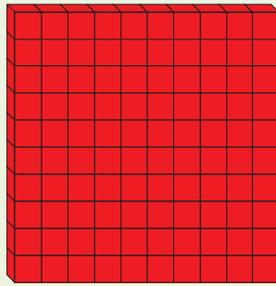
2. How many cubes are there in total?



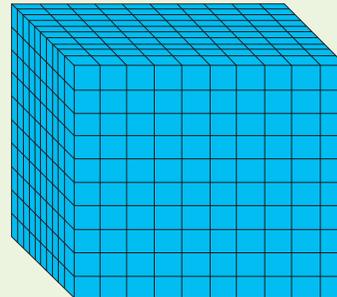
= 1



= 10

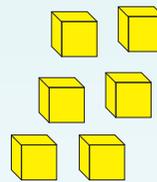
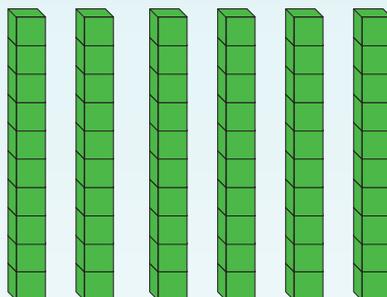
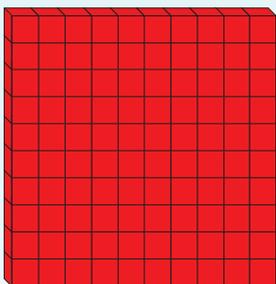


= 100

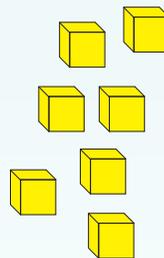
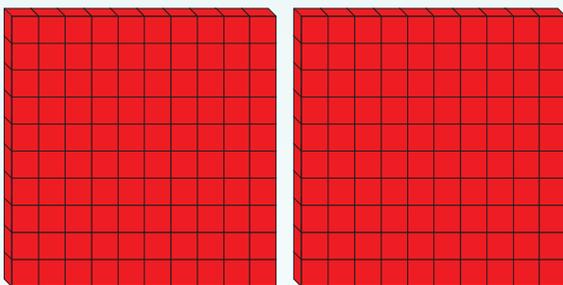


= 1000

a.



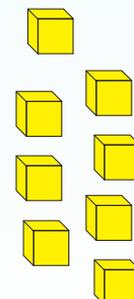
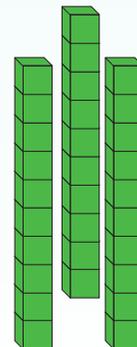
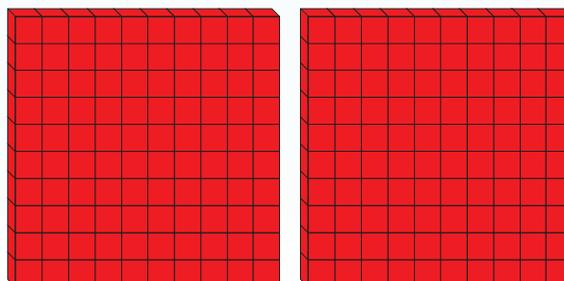
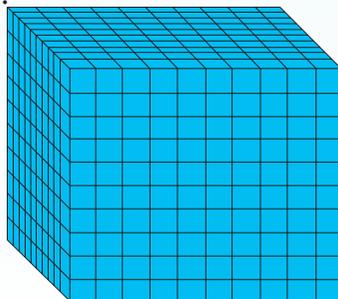
b.



How many of the 100 blocks will make a 1 000 block?



c.



Sign:

Date:

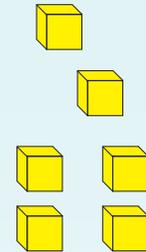
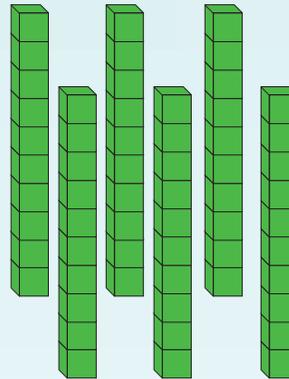
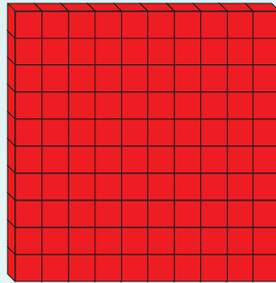
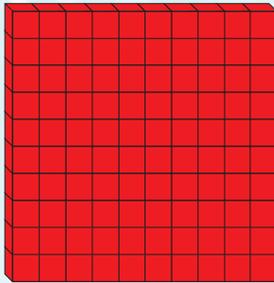
continued

1b

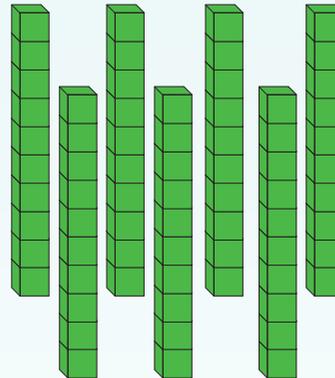
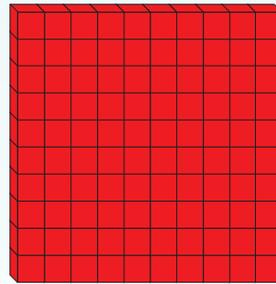
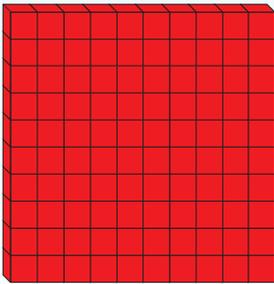
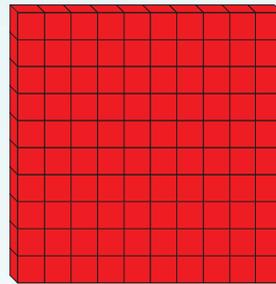
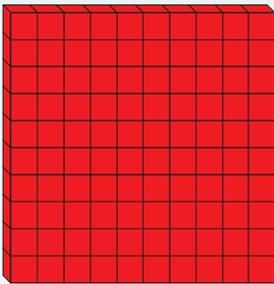
Numbers 0 to 1 000 continued

Term 1

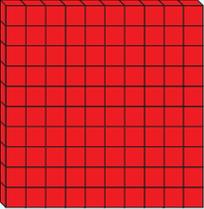
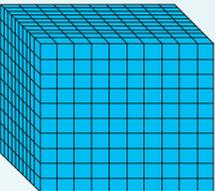
d.



e.



3. Match column A with column B

A	B
a. 	$1\ 0\ 0$
b. 	1
c. 	$1\ 0$
d. 	$1\ 0\ 0\ 0$

4. Calculate the following:

a. $1\ 0 + 1 = 1\ 1 = 11$

b. $1\ 0 + 1\ 0\ 0 + 1 = 1\ 1\ 1 = 111$

c. $1\ 0\ 0 + 1\ 0\ 0 + 1\ 0\ 0 + 1\ 0 + 1\ 0 + 1\ 0 + 1 + 1 =$

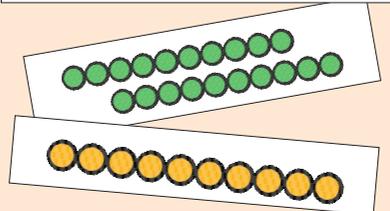
d. $1 + 1 + 1 + 1\ 0 + 1\ 0 + 1\ 0 + 1\ 0 + 1\ 0 + 1\ 0\ 0 =$

e. $1\ 0 + 1\ 0 + 1\ 0 + 1\ 0\ 0 + 1\ 0\ 0 + 1\ 0\ 0 + 1\ 0\ 0 + 1 =$

How quick are you?

What you need:

- Cut-out 1.



What to do:

- Play in pairs.
- Cut out the cards from the back of your books.
- Place them face down on your desk.
- You choose five cards and your partner chooses five.
- See who can give the total the quickest.
- Add 100 to your answer.
- Check your partner's answer.
- Do the same with 6/7/8/9/10 cards. Remember to add 100.
- The person with the most correct answers is the winner.

Sign:

Date:

What number will these cards make?

7 0 0

9 0

8

7 9 8

798

In words
it is

Seven hundred and
ninety-eight

Seven hundred and ninety-eight

1. Complete the following:

a. $600 + 40 + 3 = 643$

b. $300 + 80 + 5 =$

c. $400 + 10 + 9 =$

d. $100 + 20 =$

e. $800 + 6 =$

2. Complete the following:

a. $100 + 60 + 4 =$

b. $200 + 10 + 8 =$

c. $900 + 90 + 9 =$

d. $600 + 20 =$

e. $700 + 7 =$

3. Write the number in the correct column:

		Hundreds	Tens	Units
a.	923	9	2	3
b.	113			
c.	204			
d.	580			
e.	600			

4. You need some coloured pencils do complete this question.

Complete the following using the first question to guide you.

a. $247 = 2 \text{ hundreds} + 4 \text{ tens} + 7 \text{ units}$

b. $892 =$

c. $384 =$

d. $566 =$

e. $201 =$

5. Complete the table below:

		Expanded notation	Words
a.	493		
b.	900		
c.	187		
d.	349		
e.	420		

6. What is the value of the underlined digit?

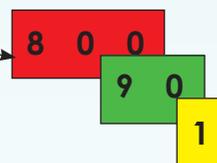
a. $\underline{8}91$

b. $3\underline{2}0$

c. $\underline{5}54$

d. $6\underline{3}2$

e. $0\underline{4}7$



Find the number.

What to do:

- Bring a newspaper to class.
- Find five 3-digit numbers.
- Write them down.
- Share with the class what each number means.

What you need:

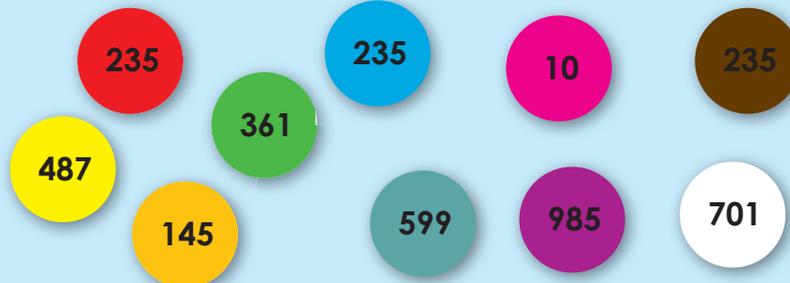
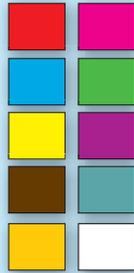
- A newspaper



Sign:

Date:

Choose a colour on the left. Find the matching colour on the right. Choose 5 numbers smaller and 5 numbers bigger than the number (where possible).



1. Arrange the numbers from the smallest to the biggest.

a. 896, 689, 888, 698, 986

b. 426, 626, 642, 264, 269

c. 735, 365, 373, 335, 533

d. 400, 404, 304, 340, 430

e. 999, 292, 922, 902, 920

2. Fill in < or >.

a. 623 263

b. 196 916

c. 505 500

d. 334 344

e. 829 892



Greater than >



< Less than

3. What is the value of the digit 4 in these numbers?

a. 964

b. 204

c. 468

d. 459

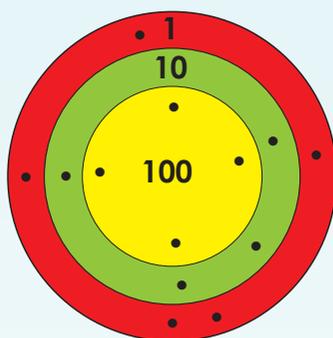
e. 341

4. Complete the following:



- a. Use each digit once. Make the smallest 3-digit number:
- b. Use each digit once. Make the largest 3-digit number:
- c. You can use a digit twice. Make the smallest 3-digit number:
- d. You can use a digit twice. Make the largest 3-digit number:

5. Complete the following:



You tossed some stones on a game board. This were your result. If you add the numbers, what is the total?

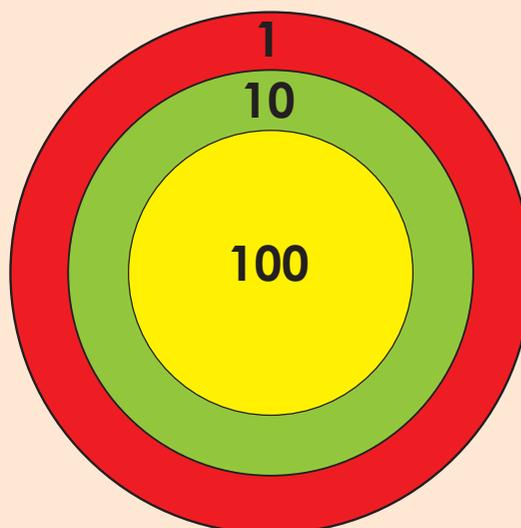
Who can get the largest number?

What you need:

- The game board on the right.
- Small stones.

What to do:

- Toss your stone on the board.
- Write down the number it lands on.
- Do this ten times.
- Add the numbers.
- The winner in a group is the person with the biggest number.



Sign:

Date:

Look at the symbols below and describe them.



When we want to write $4 + 5$ is equal to 9, we use the symbol

=



When we want to write 8 rounded off to the nearest 10 we use the symbol

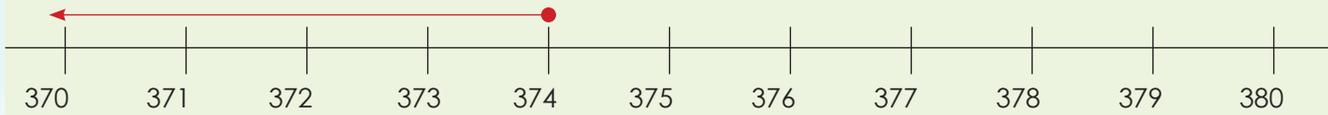
≈



Rounding off to the nearest ten.

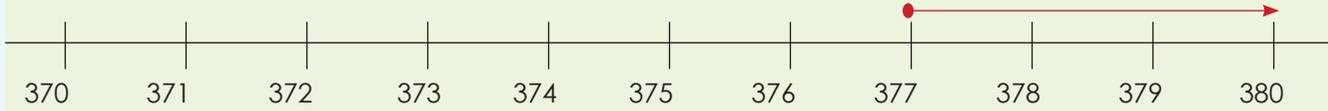
Round off the numbers that end in a digit from **1** to **4** to the previous (lower) ten.

Example: 374 rounded off to the nearest ten would be 370.



Round off numbers that end in a digit from **5** to **9** to the next (higher) ten.

Example: 377 rounded off to the nearest ten would be 380.



1. Round the following numbers off to the nearest ten using the number lines provided.

a. $8 \approx$



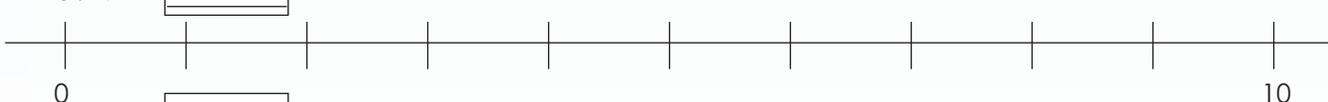
b. $3 \approx$



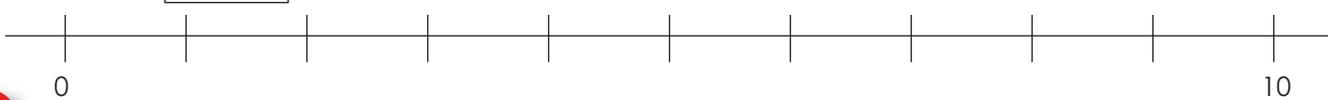
c. $2 \approx$



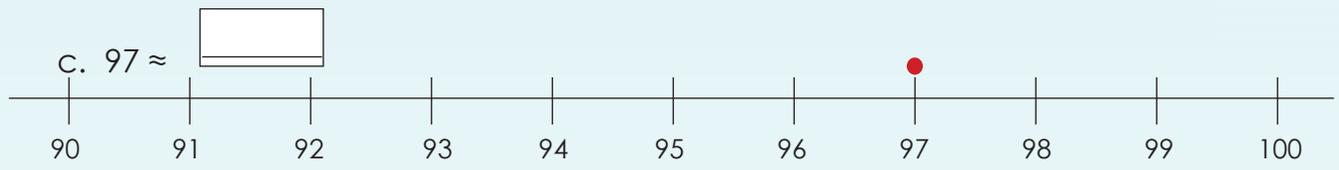
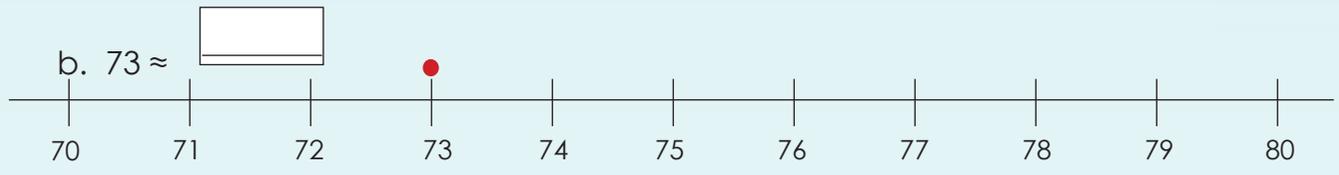
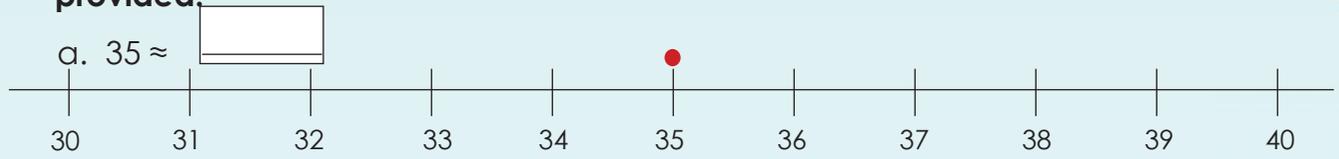
d. $9 \approx$



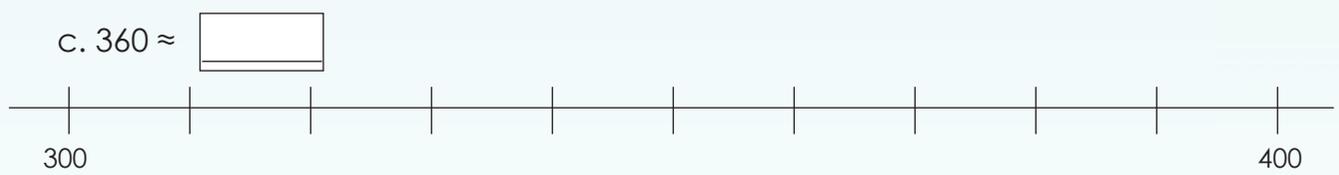
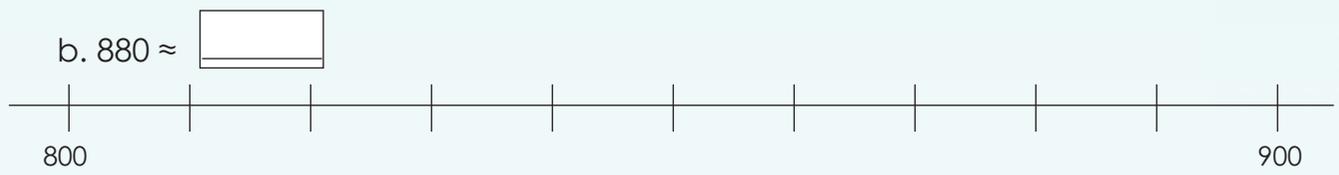
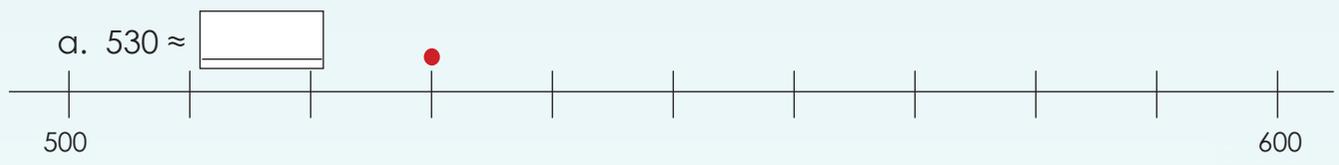
e. $4 \approx$



2. Round the following numbers off to the nearest ten using the number lines provided.

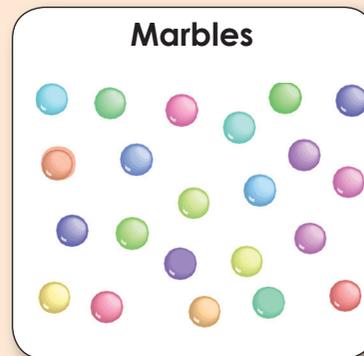
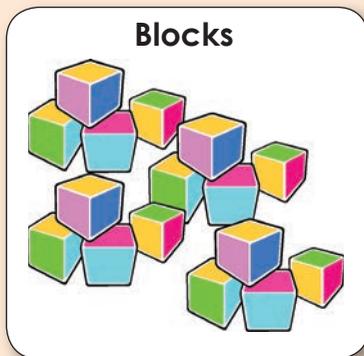


3. Round the following numbers off to the nearest hundred using the number lines.



Round up and down

Round off each of these to the nearest 10.



Sign:

Date:

Look at the symbols below and describe them.



When we want to write 30 + 60 is equal to 90, we use the symbol

=



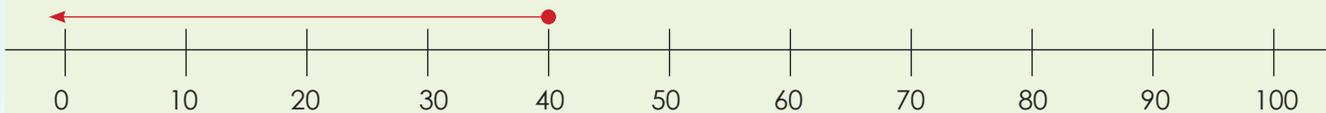
When we want to write 60 rounded off to the nearest 100 we use the symbol

≈

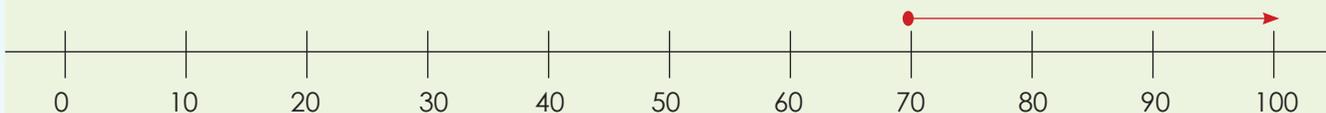


Rounding off to the nearest hundred.

Round off the numbers that start with a digit from **1** to **4** to the previous (lower) hundred. *Example: 40 rounded off to the nearest hundred would be 0.*

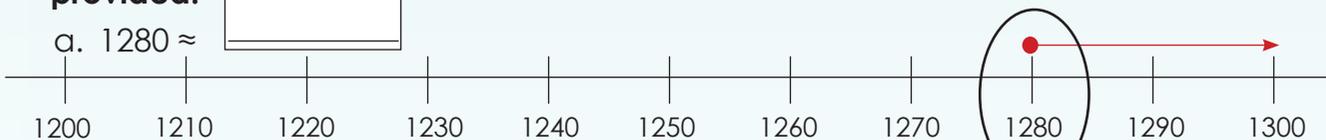


Round off numbers that end in a digit from **5** to **9** to the next (higher) hundred. *Example: 70 rounded off to the nearest hundred would be 100.*

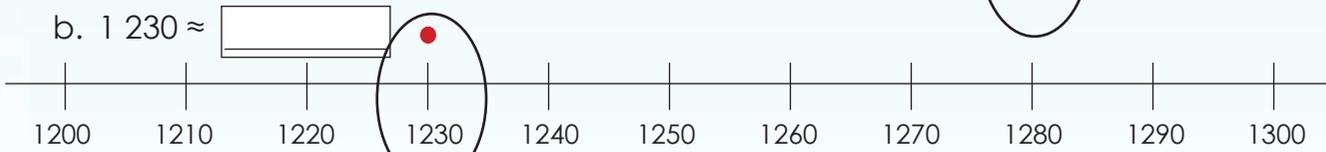


1. Round the following numbers off to the nearest hundred using the number lines provided.

a. 1280 ≈



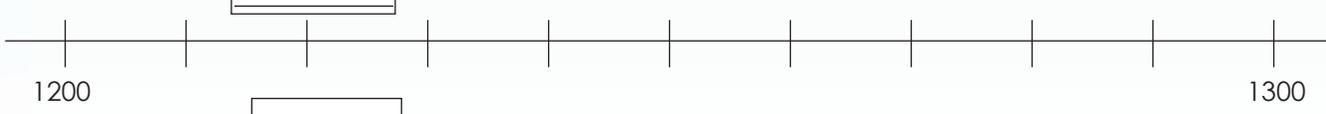
b. 1230 ≈



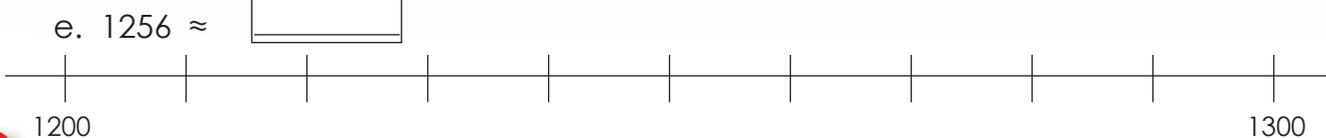
c. 1240 ≈



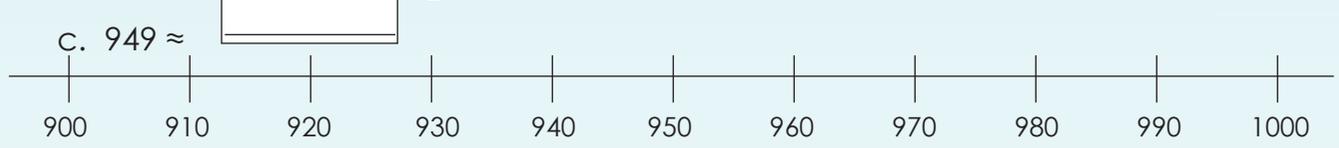
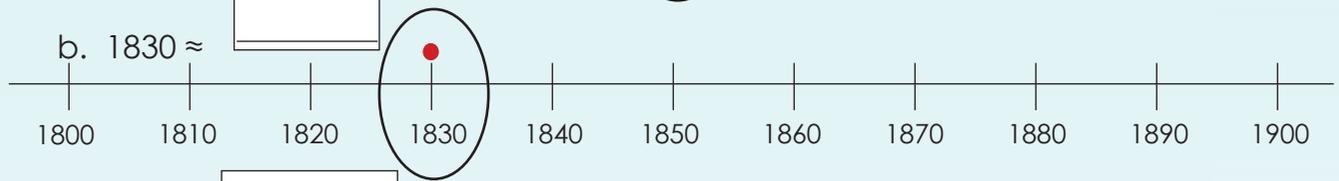
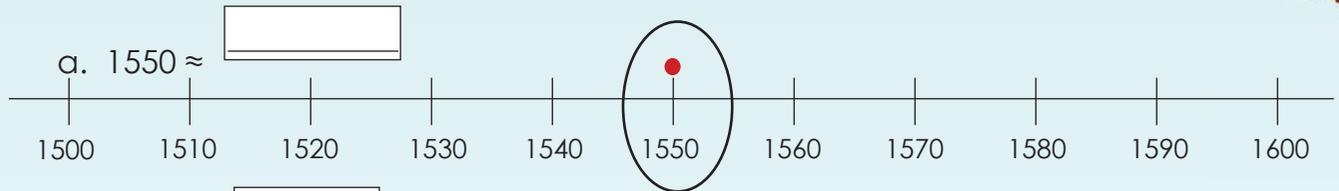
d. 1250 ≈



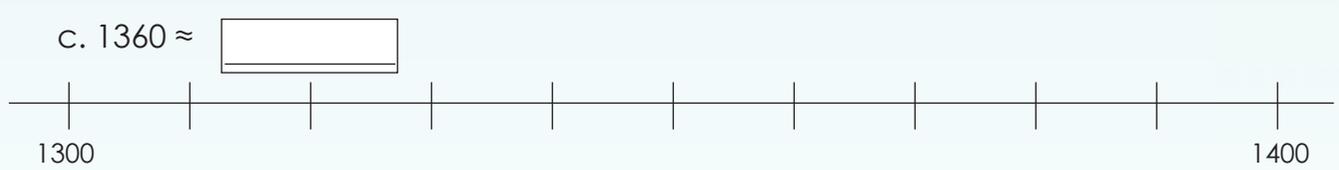
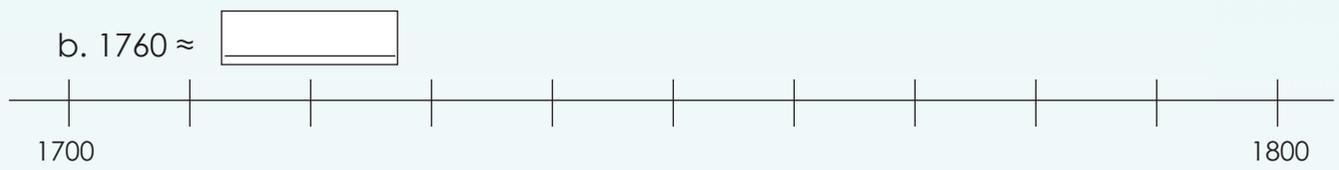
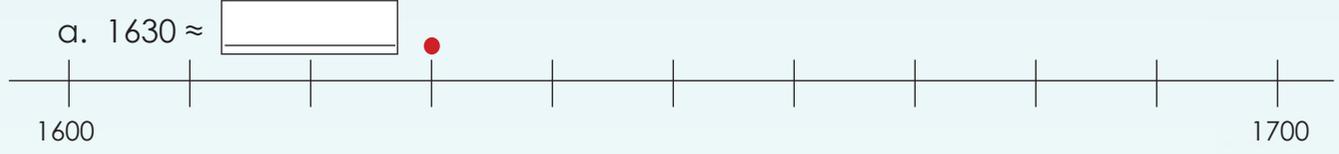
e. 1256 ≈



2. Round the following numbers off to the nearest hundred using the number lines provided.



3. Round the following numbers off to the nearest hundred using the number lines provided.



Rounding off

– Round each off to the nearest 100.

Base ten blocks representing the number 1550: one large red cube (1000), five green rods (500), and five green units (50).

Base ten blocks representing the number 1760: one large red cube (1000), seven green rods (700), and six green units (60).

Base ten blocks representing the number 1360: one large red cube (1000), three green rods (300), and six green units (60).

Sign:

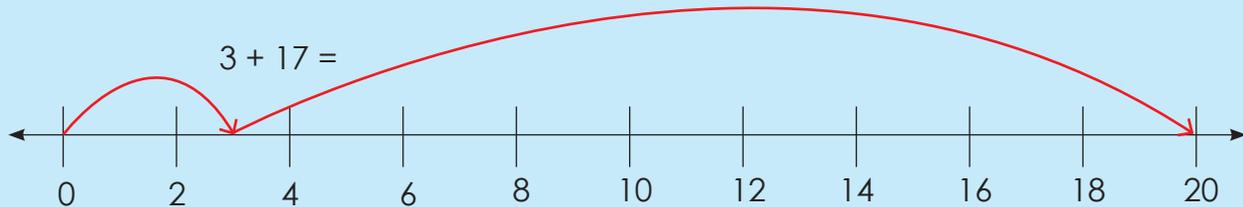
Date:



6a

Number sentences

Here is one combination that will give you 20. How many more combinations can you come up with? Write them down on an extra sheet of paper.



1. Fill in the missing number.

a. $3 + 7 = \square$

b. $8 + \square = 10$

c. $3 + \square = 10$

d. $10 - \square = 4$

2. Fill in the missing number.

a. $13 + 7 = \square$

b. $8 + \square = 20$

c. $3 + \square = 20$

d. $20 - \square = 4$

3. Fill in the missing number.

a. $230 + 70 = \square$

b. $240 + 60 = \square$

c. $240 + \square = 300$

d. $230 + \square = 300$

4. Fill in the missing number.

a. $130 + 170 = \square$

b. $140 + \square = 300$

c. $130 + \square = 300$

d. $300 - \square = 160$

Term 1

5. Calculate the following:

Example:

$58 - 58 = \boxed{0}$

$264 - 264 = \boxed{0}$

$304 - \boxed{0} = 304$

When you subtract a number from itself you get zero.

a. $46 - 46 = \boxed{}$

b. $\boxed{} - \boxed{} = 0$

c. $165 - \boxed{} = 165$

d. $37 - 4 + 4 = \boxed{}$

e. $27 + 6 - 6 = \boxed{}$

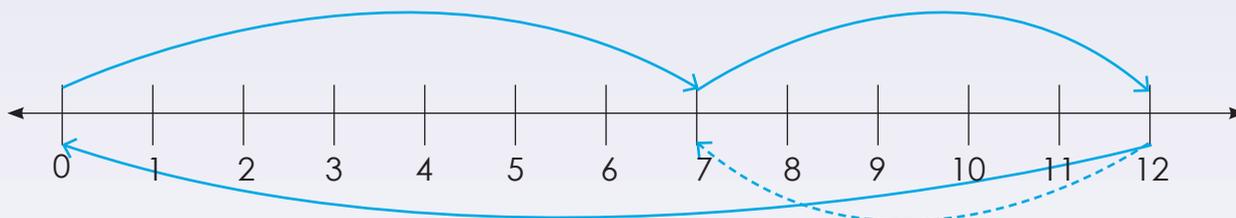
6. Calculate and show on a number line.

Example:

$7 + 5 = \boxed{12}$

therefore $12 - 5 = \boxed{7}$

You can use addition to check subtraction.



a. $8 + 3 = \boxed{}$ therefore $11 - 3 = \boxed{}$

7. Calculate the following:

a. $47 + 22 = \boxed{}$ therefore $\boxed{} - 22 = \boxed{}$

b. $56 + 31 = \boxed{}$ therefore $\boxed{} - \boxed{} = \boxed{}$

Sign:

Date:

continued

8. Complete the equations.

a. $13 + 46 = \square$ or $46 + 13 = \square$ b. $36 + 297 = \square$ or $297 + 36 = \square$

c. $27 + 94 = \square$ or $94 + 27 = \square$ d. $12 + 15 = 15 + \square$

e. $\square + 6 = \square + 7$

f. $125 + 164 = 164 + \square$

g. $89 + 46 = 46 + \square$

h. $\square + 49 = \square + 36$

i. $174 + 132 = \square + \square$

j. $56 - 14 = \square + 42$

9. Calculate the following:

a. $(3 + 2) + 1 = \square$ is the same as $3 + (2 + 1) = \square$

b. $(31 + 26) + 19 = \square$ is the same as $31 + (26 + 19) = \square$

c. $51 + (13 + 49) = \square$ is the same as $(51 + 13) + 49 = \square$

d. $(4 + 3) + 2 = \square + (3 + 2)$

e. $(9 + 6) + 5 = 9 + (\square + 5)$

f. $4 + (2 + 7) = (\square + \square) + 7$

g. $(8 + 1) + 4 = \square + (1 + 4)$

h. $7 + (4 + 2) = (\square + \square) + 2$

i. $(11 + 3) + 2 = 11 + (\square + 2)$

10. Say if the following are true or false.

a. $9 + 8 = 8 + 9$

True

b. $3 + 6 = 6 - 3$

c. $7 - 4 = 4 - 7$

d. $10 - 5 = 5 + 10$

e. $8 + 3 = 3 - 8$

f. $15 - 10 = 10 - 15$

g. $4 + 6 = 6 + 4$

h. $4 - 6 = 6 + 4$

i. $4 - 6 = 6 - 4$

j. $4 + 6 = 6 - 4$

k. $2 + (4 + 6) = (2 + 4) + 6$

Number problems

- You have 40 marbles in a bag. Write down all the number sentences that will give you an answer of 40. You should only add two numbers every time.
- What will happen if I take any two numbers that are the same, and subtract the one from the other?

Sign:

Date:

What is the difference between the numbers?

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	21	31	41	51	61	71	81	91	101
110	120	130	140	150	160	170	180	190	200
100	200	300	400	500	600	700	800	900	1 000
90	190	290	390	490	590	690	790	890	990

1. What number comes next?

- a. 8, 9, 10,
- b. 20, 30, 40,
- c. 55, 65, 75,
- d. 95, 195, 295,
- e. 645, 745, 845,
- f. 912, 922, 932

2. Complete the table: Add to the given number.

Number	Add 100	Add 10	Add 1
233			
98			
478			
399			
862			

3. Fill in the missing number:

a. $3 + \boxed{} = 10$

b. $17 + \boxed{} = 20$

c. $90 + \boxed{} = 100$

d. $85 + \boxed{} = 100$

e. $78 + \boxed{} = 100$

f. $325 + \boxed{} = 350$

g. $312 + \boxed{} = 400$

h. $350 + \boxed{} = 525$

i. $238 + \boxed{} = 400$

j. $564 + \boxed{} = 800$

4. Complete the table.

	Number	Complete up to the next 10.	Complete up to the next 100.
a.	35	$35 + \boxed{5} = 40$	$35 + \boxed{65} = 100$
b.	265	$265 + \boxed{} = 270$	$265 + \boxed{} = 300$
c.	342	$342 + \boxed{} = 350$	$342 + \boxed{} = 400$
d.	486	$486 + \boxed{} = 490$	$486 + \boxed{} = 500$
e.	964	$964 + \boxed{} = \boxed{}$	$964 + \boxed{} = \boxed{}$

Sign:

Date:

continued

Examples:**Example 1:**

$$134 + 123$$

$$\boxed{100} \boxed{30} \boxed{4} + \boxed{100} \boxed{20} \boxed{3}$$

$$= 100 + 100 + 30 + 20 + 4 + 3$$

$$= 200 + 50 + 7$$

$$= 257$$

Example 2:

$$468 + 274$$

$$\boxed{400} \boxed{60} \boxed{8} + \boxed{200} \boxed{70} \boxed{4}$$

$$= 400 + 200 + 60 + 70 + 8 + 4$$

$$= 600 + 130 + 12$$

$$= 600 + 100 + 30 + 10 + 2$$

$$= 700 + 40 + 2$$

$$= 742$$

5. Use both methods above to calculate the following.

a. $644 + 120$

$$\boxed{} \boxed{} \boxed{} + \boxed{} \boxed{} \boxed{}$$

$$= 600 + 100 + 40 + 20 + 4$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

b. $143 + 152$

$$\boxed{} \boxed{} \boxed{} + \boxed{} \boxed{} \boxed{}$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

c. $394 + 468$

+

=
 =
 =
 =
 =

d. $1\ 268 + 324$

+

=
 =
 =
 =
 =

e. $2\ 374 + 1\ 287$

+

=
 =
 =
 =
 =

What is the size of your number?



What you need:

- Use the 10s, and 100s dice you made before.
- Piece of paper.



What to do:

- Individual game against a group or the class.
- Roll the 10s dice.
- Add the number landed on, to the first number on the blue card. Write your addition sum on a piece of paper.
- Do the same with the 2nd to the 5th number.

115
127
138
149
192

Sign:

Date:

How fast can you answer this?

- Add $800 + 30 + 5$.
- What is the **sum of** 300 and 400?
- How many do 100 and 500 make **altogether** ?
- What three numbers have **a total of** 200?
- Add 25 **and** 18.
- What is **the sum of** 100 and 52?
- How many **altogether** are 42 and 59?
- Which three numbers have **a total of** 80?

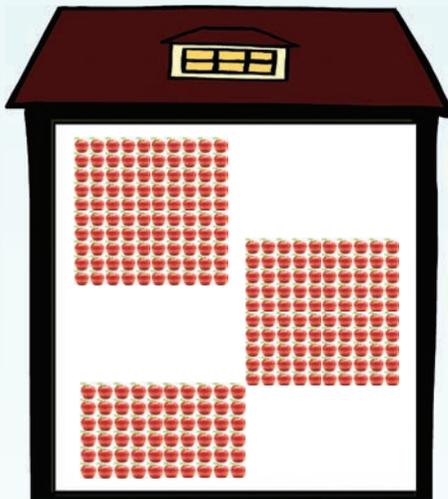
How did the **blue** words help you?

What word will help you to choose the operation?

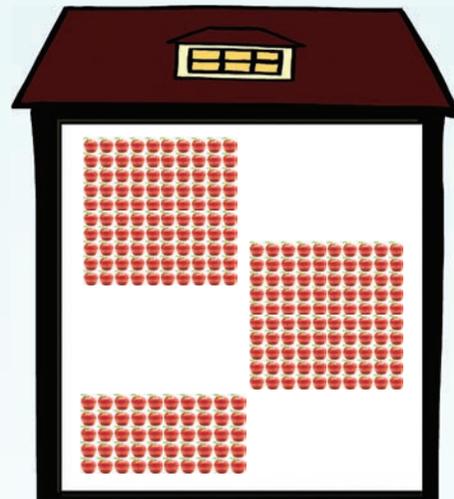


1. Solve the following problems. The pictures may guide you. Also use the blue word.

- a. A juice company has 260 apples. They get another 250 apples. How many apples do they have now?



and



$$200 + 200 + \boxed{} + 50$$

$$= \boxed{}$$

$$= \boxed{}$$

$$= \boxed{}$$

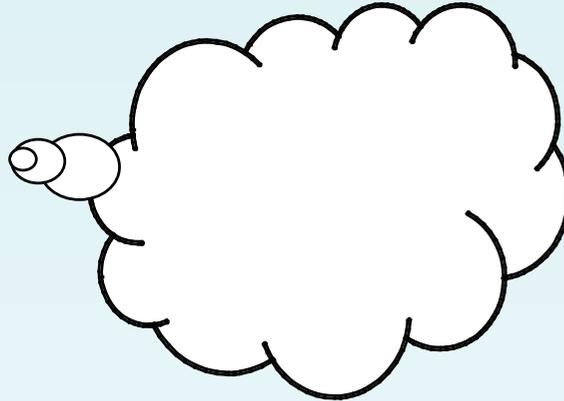
$$= \boxed{}$$

Try to form a picture in your mind. These are the number of apples.



b. Mandla had 975 oranges. He bought another 155 oranges.
How many oranges does he have?

i. What picture do you see when you think about this problem? Draw it.



ii. What operation should you use?

iii. Solve the problem. Write it down in your writing book.

Blank writing area with horizontal dashed lines for solving the problem.

Continue on an extra sheet of paper.

c. Our class collected 421 empty plastic bottles to recycle. The other class collected 375 bottles. How many empty plastic bottles did the two classes collect altogether?

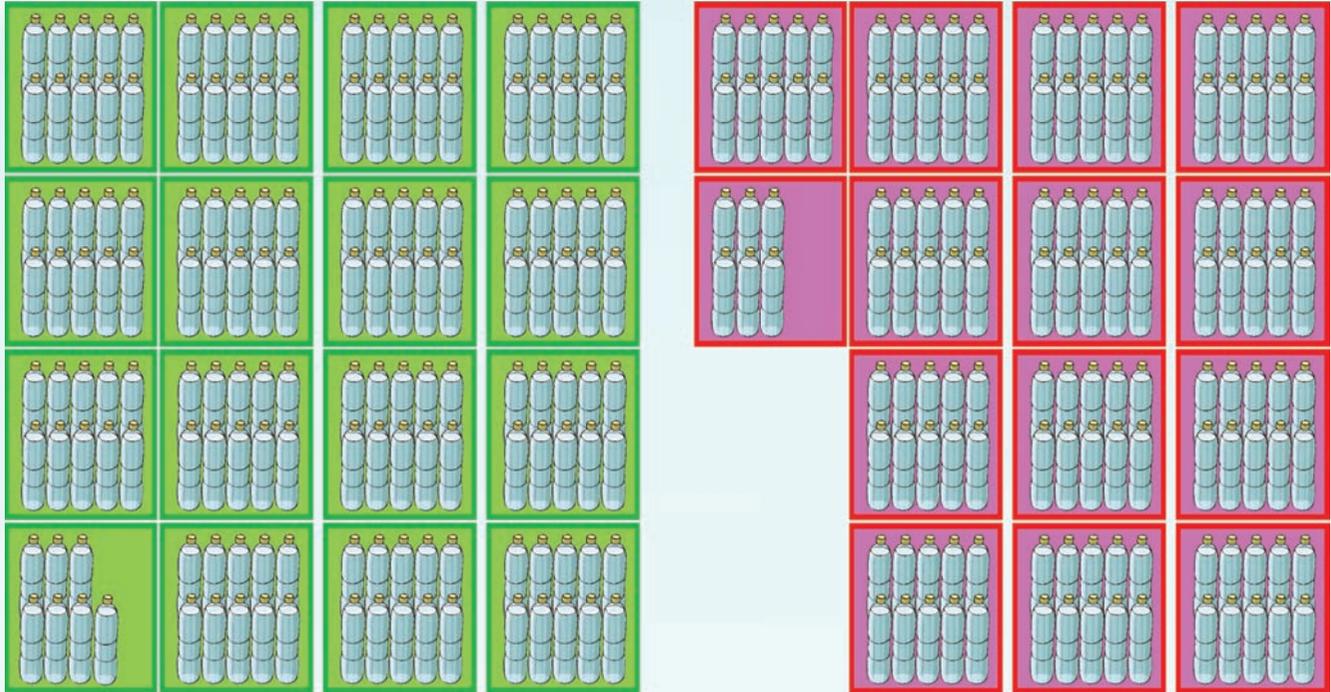
Blank writing area with horizontal dashed lines for solving the problem.

Continue on an extra sheet of paper.

continued

Sign: _____
Date: _____

2. Look at the pictures below and write an interesting addition word sum.



Blank writing area with horizontal lines for an addition word sum.

Continue on an extra sheet of paper.

3. Write an appropriate and interesting word sum for: 439 and 514. Solve it.

Large blank area with horizontal dashed lines for writing a word sum and solving the problem.

Continue on an extra sheet of paper.

Counting houses ...

There were $700 + 10 + 4$ houses in Extension 4. Then

$400 + 80 + 9$ extra houses were built in Extension 4.

How many houses are there now in Extension 4?

Sign: _____
Date: _____

What is the difference between the numbers?

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
18	28	38	48	58	68	78	88	98	108
20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110
100	200	300	400	500	600	700	800	900	1 000
990	1 990	2 990	3 990	4 990	5 990	6 990	7 990	8 990	9 990

1. What number comes next?

- a. 5, 6, 7,
- b. 10, 20, 30,
- c. 135, 235, 335,
- d. 284, 294, 304,
- e. 416, 516, 616,
- f. 574, 674, 774,

2. Complete the table: Subtract from the given number.

Number	Subtract 1	Subtract 10	Subtract 100
165			
124			
367			
519			
893			

3. Fill in the missing number:

a. $4 - \boxed{} = 0$

b. $13 - \boxed{} = 10$

c. $75 - \boxed{} = 70$

d. $72 - \boxed{} = 70$

e. $113 - \boxed{} = 100$

f. $140 - \boxed{} = 100$

g. $341 - \boxed{} = 300$

h. $945 - \boxed{} = 800$

i. $864 - \boxed{} = 800$

j. $985 - \boxed{} = 850$

Sign:

Date:

continued

Subtraction continued

Example:

$$913 - 458$$

$$\boxed{900} \boxed{10} \boxed{3} - \boxed{400} \boxed{50} \boxed{8}$$

$$= (900 - 400) + (10 - 50) + (3 - 8)$$

$$= (500) + (0 - 50) + (13 - 8)$$

$$= (400) + (100 - 50) + (13 - 8)$$

$$= 400 + 50 + 5$$

$$= 455$$

This is a problem!



4. Complete the following using the method above:

a. $798 - 164$

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$$= (700 - 100) + (90 - 60) + (8 - 4)$$

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b. $929 - 174$

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c. $946 - 597$

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d. $2\ 683 - 1\ 241$

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e. $4\ 384 - 3\ 872$

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What is the size of your number?

—

What you need:

— Use the 10s and 100s dice previously made.

— Piece of paper.



What to do:

- Individual game against a group or the class.
- Roll the 10s dice.
- Subtract the number landed on, to the first number on the blue card. Write your subtraction sum on a piece of paper.
- Do the same with the 2nd to the 5th number.
- Repeat the activity with the 100s and 1 000s dice.
- Learners check each other's subtraction sums.
- The winner is the person with the most correct answers.

984
421
843
577
659

Subtraction problems

10a

How fast can you answer these?

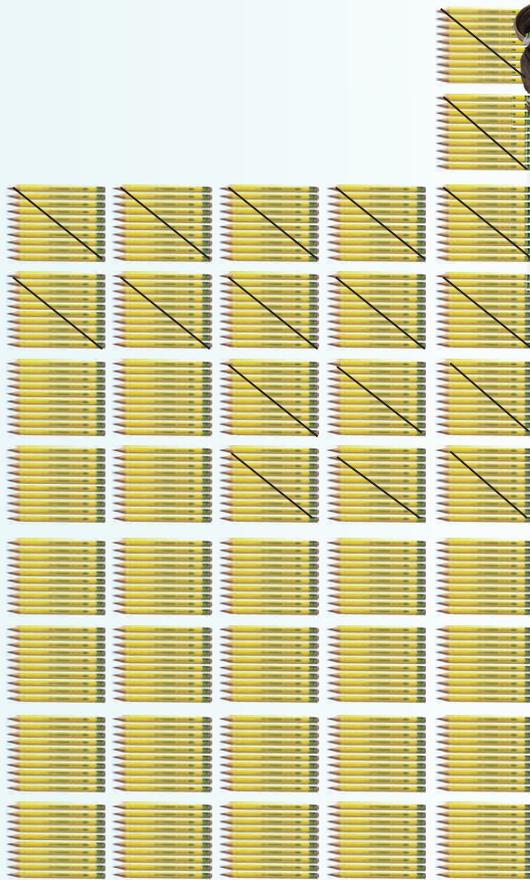
- Subtract 7 000 from 8 000.
- What is the difference between 650 and 370?
- Minus 700 and 85.
- Decrease 100 000 by 10 000.
- Subtract 9 000 and 820.
- Reduce 755 by 102.
- Take 150 from 1 003.
- Take away 37 from 2 000.



How did the blue words help you?

1. Solve the following problems. The pictures may guide you. Also use the blue word.

- a. Our school bought 420 pencils. We used 180 pencils. How many pencils are left?



What word will help me to choose the operation?

left



420 - 180

=
=
=
=

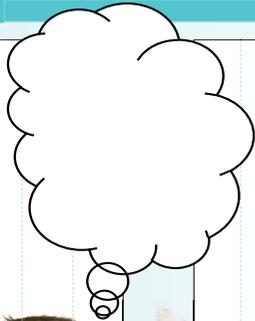
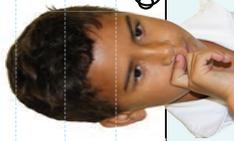


- b. Mipo is selling pencils. She had 800 pencils. She sold 257 pencils.

How many pencils does she have left?

- i. What picture do you see when you think about this problem? Draw it.

Continue on an extra sheet of paper.



Continue on an extra sheet of paper.

- ii. What operation should you use?

Continue on an extra sheet of paper.

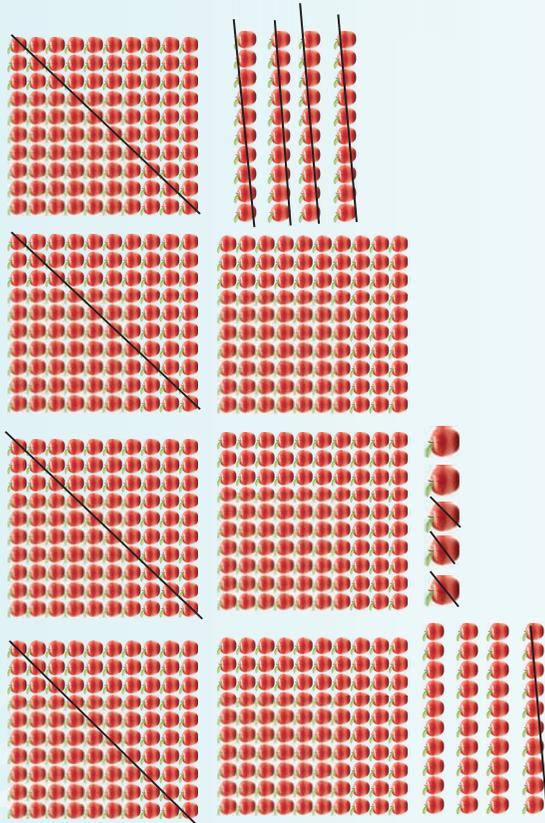
- iii. Solve the problem. Write it down in your workbook.

Continue on an extra sheet of paper.

Subtraction problems continued

10b

2. There were 785 apples at the fruit shop. They sold 453. How many apples were left?



Continued writing area for problem 2.

Continue on an extra sheet of paper.

3. Write an appropriate and interesting subtraction word sum for: 723 and 189. Solve it.

Blank writing area for problem 3.

Continue on an extra sheet of paper.

Your own story

Look at the picture and make your own subtraction story.



Continued writing area for problem 3.

Continue on an extra sheet of paper.

Addition and subtraction problems

11a

How fast can you answer these?

- **Add** 500 and 90.
- **Subtract** 70 from 300.
- 400 **plus** 46 is
- The **sum** of 350 **and** 420 is
- **Take** 500 **from** 800.
- **Decrease** 950 by 230.
- **Increase** 150 by 370.
- 225 **and** 385 are ...

Use the colours to help you to solve the word sums.



1. Complete the table below:

	Add 80	Subtract 40	Add 200	Subtract 300
420				
510				
690				
730				
555				

2. Answer the following questions:

a. What is the opposite of $+$?

b. What is the opposite of $-$?

3. Calculate the following. Do the calculations in your workbook.

a. $452 + 336 =$

b. $289 + 574 =$

Handwriting practice area for question 3a and 3b.

Continue on an extra sheet of paper.

c. $967 - 153 =$

d. $710 - 538 =$

Handwriting practice area for question 3c and 3d.

Continue on an extra sheet of paper.

4. Check your answers for each of the above calculations, using the opposite operation.

Handwriting practice area for question 4.

Continue on an extra sheet of paper.

Addition and subtraction problems

Continued

11b

5. Solve the following problems:

a. Thabo and his sisters were counting animals and birds at the zoo. Thabo counted 234 animals, his sister, Susan counted 1 004 birds, and their younger sister, Lindy, counted 538 animals.

i. How many animals and birds did they count all together?

ii. The guide told them that they could expect to see 2 000 animals and birds. How many animals did they not see?



b. The book store bought 1200 new books and there were already 1250 on the shelves. They were all put on sale and 1 625 books were sold.

i. How many books were on the shelves before the sale?



Continue on an extra sheet of paper.

ii. How many books were left after the sale?

Continue on an extra sheet of paper.

iii. If the bookshop sells another 500 books, how many books are left?

Continue on an extra sheet of paper.

Coloured numbers

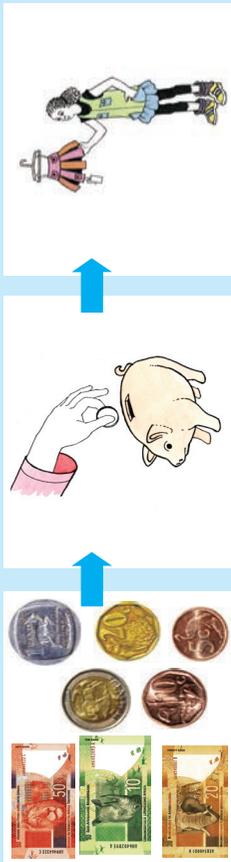


200	500	75	175
10	450	800	20
325	250	120	350
15	150	700	400

What to do:

- Play in pairs.
- The first player will say: 'Add green numbers'
- The second player can take any two green numbers and add them. If the player is correct, he or she will get one point.
- The second player will say: 'Subtract yellow numbers'. The first player makes a subtraction sum with any two yellow numbers.
- Carry on playing. The first person with a score of 10 is the winner.

Talk about money. Look at the picture and make your own story.



1. Colour the combination that will give you:

- a. R5 R1 R2 R1
- b. R2 R1 50c R1 50c
- c. R1 20c 50c 20c 10c 10c 5c
- d. R1,50 R1 R1 50c 50c
- e. R1,75 R1 R10 20c 50c 10c 5c

2. How much money will I have if I **save** the following amounts?

- a. $R2 + R1 =$
- b. $R5 + R20 =$
- c. $R10 + 20c =$
- d. $R20 + 50c =$
- e. $R1 + 5c =$

3. How much money will I have left if I **spend** the following amounts:

- a. $R5 - R2 =$
- b. $R15 - 50c =$
- c. $50c - 2c =$
- d. $R12 - R1,50c =$
- e. $R5 - 0,70c =$

4. Calculate the following:

- a. $R12 + R2 - R5 =$
- b. $R2,50 + 50c - 20c =$
- c. $R15 + 5c - 20c =$
- d. $R5 + R1 - R2 =$
- e. $R7,25 - R1,05 + 20c =$

5. How many combinations can you make to get R1,00 ?

Continue on an extra sheet of paper.

Big five ...



What does it mean if I pay with "buffaloes"?

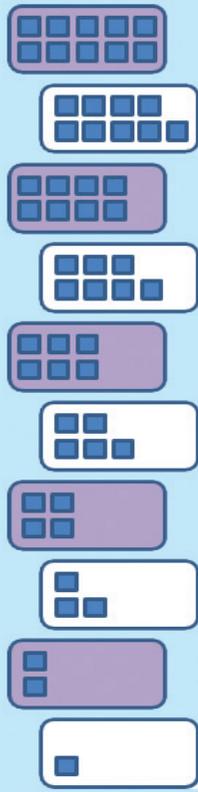
What do the big five and money notes have in common?



Number patterns

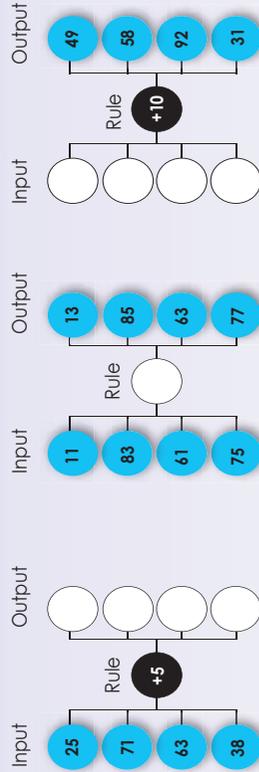
13

Describe the pattern.



Did you use words such as odd and even?

1. Complete the flow diagrams.



2. Extend the following patterns:

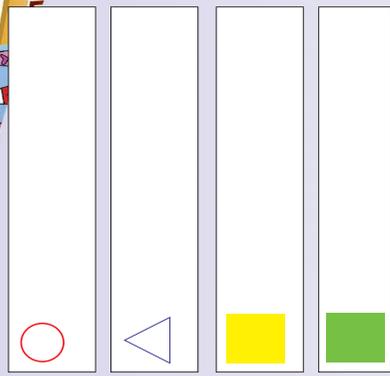
- a. 6, 8, 10, [], [], []
- b. 12, 15, 18, [], [], []
- c. 30, 35, 40, [], [], []
- d. 80, 70, 60, [], [], []
- e. 4, 7, 10, [], [], []
- f. 12, 18, 24, [], [], []
- g. 31, 29, 27, [], [], []
- h. 10, 14, 18, [], [], []
- i. 49, 44, 39, [], [], []
- j. 29, 26, 23, [], [], []

3. Identify the rule in each case.

- a. 44, 49, 54, 59
- b. 67, 77, 87, 97
- c. 65, 68, 71, 74
- d. 92, 89, 86, 83

4. Patterns are shown here. Explain each one in words.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18
3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27
4	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36
5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45
6	12	18	24	30	36	42	48	54
7	14	21	28	35	42	49	56	63
8	16	24	32	40	48	56	64	72
9	18	27	36	45	54	63	72	81



5. i. Identify the pattern on each number board.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100

i. [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []

ii. [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []

6. i. Describe the pattern. ii. Extend the pattern by five more numbers.

Example:

i. Count forwards in 2s

ii. [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []

iii. [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []

iv. [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []

v. [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []

vi. [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []

vii. [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []

viii. [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []

ix. [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []

x. [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []

xi. [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []

xii. [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []

xiii. [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []

xiv. [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []

xv. [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []

xvi. [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []

xvii. [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []

xviii. [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []

xix. [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []

xx. [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []

xxi. [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []

xxii. [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []

xxiii. [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []

xxiv. [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []

xxv. [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []

xxvi. [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []

xxvii. [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []

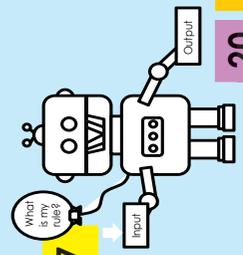
xxviii. [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []

xxix. [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []

xxx. [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []

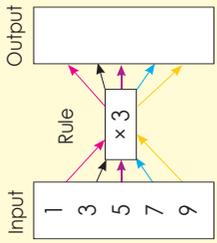
Number patterns: flow diagrams and tables

Look at the robot. What is it telling us? Complete the table.

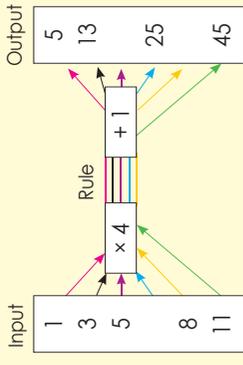


20 24 28

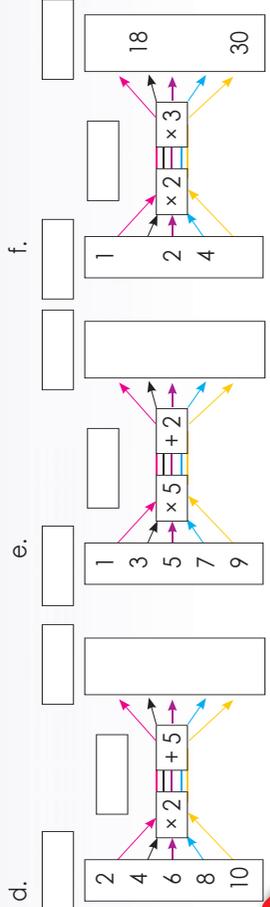
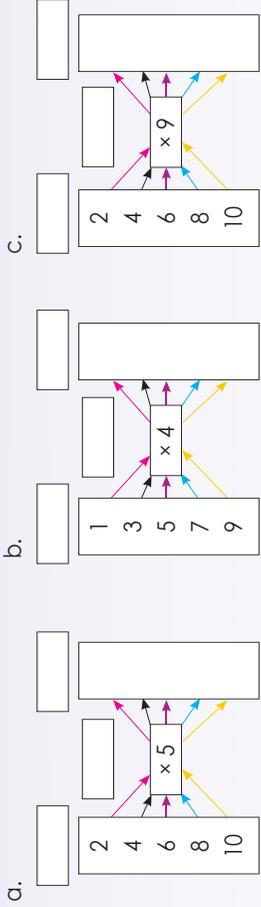
Example 1:



Example 2:



1. Complete and label the flow diagrams.



2. Complete and label the following tables:

Example:

Input	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Rule	$\times 6$									
Output			18		30					60

a.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Rule	$\times 9$									
Output										

b.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Rule	$\times 8$									
Output										

c.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Rule	$\times 4$									
Output										

d.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Rule	$\times 3$									
Output										

e.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Rule	$\times 20$									
Output										

f.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Rule	$\times 70$									
Output										

Number pattern problems

- Write a number pattern for the following: I am counting in 3s. I start with an even number smaller than 3. What is my pattern?
- My input numbers are 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5. My rule is $\times 10$. What will my output numbers be?
- My input numbers are 1, 3, 4, 5 and 7. My rule is $\times 10 \times 8$. What will my output numbers be?

Multiplication: 2 x to 7 x tables

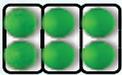
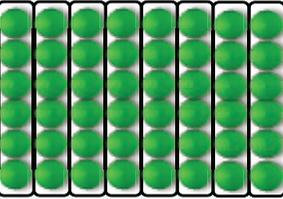
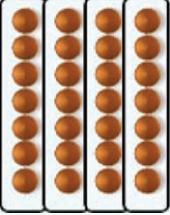
How would you use this board?

x	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
2	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20
3	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30
4	4	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36	40
5	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50
6	6	12	18	24	30	36	42	48	54	60
7	7	14	21	28	35	42	49	56	63	70
8	8	16	24	32	40	48	56	64	72	80
9	9	18	27	36	45	54	63	72	81	90
10	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100

Show with your finger, how you will use the number board to show:

- $3 \times 4 = 12$
- $4 \times 3 = 12$
- $6 \times 7 = 42$
- $7 \times 6 = 42$
- $4 \times 5 = 20$
- $5 \times 4 = 20$

1. Write down repeated addition, multiplication and division sums for the following:

<p>a.</p>  <p><input type="text"/> rows of <input type="text"/></p> <p>ii. Repeated addition: $2 + 2 + 2 = 6$</p> <p>iii. Multiplication: $2 \times 3 = 6$</p> <p>iv. Division: $6 \div 3 = 2$</p>	<p>b.</p>  <p><input type="text"/> rows of <input type="text"/></p> <p>ii. Repeated addition: <input type="text"/></p> <p>iii. Multiplication: <input type="text"/></p> <p>iv. Division: <input type="text"/></p>	<p>c.</p>  <p><input type="text"/> rows of <input type="text"/></p> <p>ii. Repeated addition: <input type="text"/></p> <p>iii. Multiplication: <input type="text"/></p> <p>iv. Division: <input type="text"/></p>
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Homework

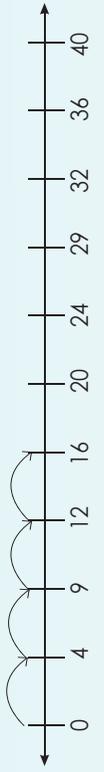


2. Answer the following:

- a. Four threes
- b. 7 groups of 5
- c. 4 tens
- d. Two groups of 6
- e. 5 packets of 5
- f. Six bags of 3

3. Complete the sums and show the multiplication sum on the number line.

a. $4 \times \text{ } = 16$ $16 \div 4 = \text{ }$



b. $6 \times \text{ } = 24$ $24 \div 6 = \text{ }$



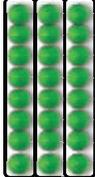
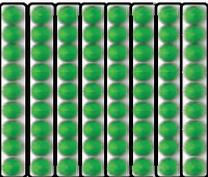
4. Fill in the answer.

- a. $2 \times 3 = \text{ }$
- b. $2 \times 2 \times 5 = \text{ }$
- c. Double $4 \times 2 = \text{ }$
- d. $3 \times 2 \times 3 = \text{ }$
- e. $4 \times 2 \times 2 = \text{ }$
- f. Double $5 \times 2 = \text{ }$

Sweets and scores

- a. My friend has 8 sweets. I have twice as many. How many sweets do I have?
 b. I scored five times more than my friend. My friend's score was four. How much did I score?

If a is 3 groups of 8. What will b and c be? Write down repeated addition, multiplication and division sums for the following:

<p>a. </p> <p>i. _____ rows of _____</p> <p>ii. Repeated addition: $8 + 8 + 8 = 24$</p> <p>iii. Multiplication: $8 \times 3 = 24$</p> <p>iv. Division: $24 \div 3 = 8$</p>	<p>b. </p> <p>i. _____ rows of _____</p> <p>ii. Repeated addition: _____</p> <p>iii. Multiplication: _____</p> <p>iv. Division: _____</p>	<p>c. </p> <p>i. _____ rows of _____</p> <p>ii. Repeated addition: _____</p> <p>iii. Multiplication: _____</p> <p>iv. Division: _____</p>
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Homework

2. Complete the sums and show the multiplication sum on the number line.

a. $4 \times \square = 32$ $32 \div 4 = \square$

b. $6 \times \square = 48$ $48 \div 6 = \square$

c. $9 \times \square = 81$ $81 \div 9 = \square$

3. Complete the table.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
$\times 8$	8	16	24	32						

4. Fill in the answer.

- a. $2 \times 8 = \square$ b. $7 \times 9 = \square$ c. $3 \times 2 \times 9 = \square$
- d. $1 \times 8 = \square$ e. $3 \times 9 = \square$ f. $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 9 = \square$
- g. $3 \times 3 \times 8 = \square$ h. $5 \times 8 = \square$ i. $2 \times 2 \times 9 = \square$
- j. $5 \times 2 \times 9 = \square$

5. Answer the following:

- a. Eight 3s b. Four groups of 9
- c. Nine 10s d. 7 groups of 8
- e. Eight 9s f. Eight groups of 8

Spiders on a wall

There are five spiders sitting on the wall. How many legs do they have altogether?

1. Complete the following:

- a. $1 \times 8 = \square$ $2 \times 8 = \square$ $3 \times 8 = \square$ $4 \times 8 = \square$ $5 \times 8 = \square$
- $6 \times 8 = \square$ $7 \times 8 = \square$ $8 \times 8 = \square$ $9 \times 8 = \square$ $10 \times 8 = \square$
- $16 \div 8 = \square$ $32 \div 8 = \square$ $48 \div 8 = \square$ $72 \div 8 = \square$
- $24 \div 8 = \square$ $40 \div 8 = \square$ $8 \div 8 = \square$ $64 \div 8 = \square$ $80 \div 8 = \square$
- b. $1 \times 9 = \square$ $2 \times 9 = \square$ $3 \times 9 = \square$ $4 \times 9 = \square$ $5 \times 9 = \square$
- $6 \times 9 = \square$ $7 \times 9 = \square$ $8 \times 9 = \square$ $9 \times 9 = \square$ $10 \times 9 = \square$
- $18 \div 9 = \square$ $36 \div 9 = \square$ $54 \div 9 = \square$ $72 \div 9 = \square$ $81 \div 9 = \square$
- $27 \div 9 = \square$ $45 \div 9 = \square$ $9 \div 9 = \square$ $63 \div 9 = \square$ $90 \div 9 = \square$

Multiplication: 1 x and 10 x table

Identify the pattern. What do you think will happen when we multiply with 100?

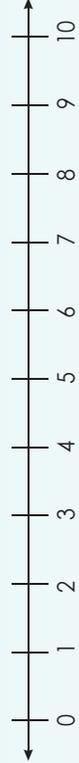
1 x 1 = 1	1 x 10 = 10
2 x 1 = 2	2 x 10 = 20
3 x 1 = 3	3 x 10 = 30
4 x 1 = 4	4 x 10 = 40
5 x 1 = 5	5 x 10 = 50
6 x 1 = 6	6 x 10 = 60
7 x 1 = 7	7 x 10 = 70
8 x 1 = 8	8 x 10 = 80
9 x 1 = 9	9 x 10 = 90



If $3 \times 1 = 3$, then
 $3 \times 10 = 30$, and
 $3 \times 100 = 300$

1. Show the multiplication sum on the number lines.

a. $4 \times 1 = \square$



b. $4 \times 10 = \square$



2. Identify the patterns and describe each.

x	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
2	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20
3	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30
4	4	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36	40
5	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50
6	6	12	18	24	30	36	42	48	54	60
7	7	14	21	28	35	42	49	56	63	70
8	8	16	24	32	40	48	56	64	72	80
9	9	18	27	36	45	54	63	72	81	90
10	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100

3. Answer the questions:

a. How fast can you calculate the answers?

- $1 \times 10 = \square$
- $6 \times 10 = \square$
- $9 \times 10 = \square$
- $3 \times 10 = \square$
- $9 \times 10 = \square$
- $7 \times 10 = \square$
- $2 \times 10 = \square$
- $5 \times 10 = \square$
- $10 \times 10 = \square$
- $4 \times 10 = \square$

b. Find the missing number:

- $2 \times \square = 2$
- $4 \times \square = 8$
- $9 \times \square = 27$
- $2 \times \square = 20$
- $4 \times \square = 80$
- $9 \times \square = 270$
- $2 \times \square = 200$
- $2 \times \square = 800$
- $9 \times \square = 2\,700$

c. What do you notice? _____

4. My father buys 60 bottles of juice at R6 each. How much did he pay altogether for the juice?

Example: My mother bought 50 chocolate at R9 each. I help her to calculate the total cost. This is what I did in my head.



$5 \times R9 = R45$

So $50 \times R9$ will give me R450

Loaves of bread
 My mother bought 40 loaves of bread at R8 each. My father bought 20 loaves at R9 each. How much did they pay altogether for the bread?

What is the time? Give your answer in hours and minutes.

60 intervals
— one
for each
minute in
an hour

5:00

The hand
moved 5
marks.

5:05

10 more
marks.

5:15

5 minutes later →

10 minutes later →

1. Draw a line from the clock face to the digital clock with the same time.

a. 6:50 7:15 7:05 6:45

b. 7:15 7:05 6:45

c. 7:05 6:45

d. 6:45

2. Write the following as digital time.

a.

b.

c.

3. Write down in words the times shown on the clock:



a. _____



b. _____



c. _____



d. _____



e. _____



f. _____



g. _____



h. _____



i. _____



j. _____

4. Draw in the following times on the clocks:



a. 1 o'clock



b. 3 o'clock



c. 8 o'clock



d. 11 o'clock



e. 3:45



f. 15:20



g. 9:30

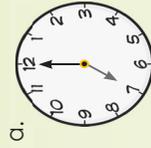


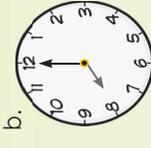
h. 10:40



i. 22:10

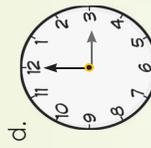
5. What is the duration from clock 1 to clock 2?

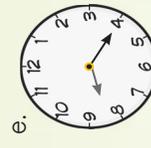
















6. I left home at 06:45 and arrived at school at 07:25. How long did it take me to get there?

How many ...

... hours do you sleep each night?

... hours do you go to school each day?

... minutes do you take to eat your lunch?

... minutes do you take to get dressed in the morning?

More time

19a

What is the time?

60 seconds = 1 minute

$365\frac{1}{4}$ = 1 year

+/- 4 weeks = 1 month

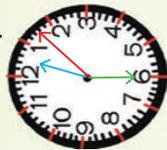
24 hours = 1 day

12 months = 1 year

60 minutes = 1 hour

7 days = 1 week

1. Answer these questions on seconds, minutes and hours.



- The red hand on the clock shows us .
- It takes seconds to complete one circle.
- seconds = 1 minute.
- The green hand on the clock shows us .
- It takes minutes to complete one circle.
- minutes = 1 hour.
- The blue hand on the clock shows us .
- It takes hours to complete one circle.
- hours = one day, hours = $\frac{1}{2}$ a day.
- If the red hand moves from 12 to 1, it moves seconds.
- If the green hand moves from 12 to 2, it moves minutes.
- If the blue hand move from 12 to 5, it moves hours.

2. Complete the following:

a.

Minutes	1	2	3	4
Seconds	60			

b.

Hours	1	2	3	4
Minutes				

c.

Day	1	2	3	4
Hours				

3. Complete the questions on days, weeks, months and years.

a. Complete the table below filling in the number of days in each month.

December	
November	
October	
September	
August	
July	
June	
May	
April	
March	
February	
January	
Month	Days

b. Will February always have the same number of days? Why or why not?

c. Complete the table and then answer the questions below.

Total			
December			
November			
October			
September			
August			
July			
June			
May			
April			
March			
February			
January			
Month	Days	Days left	

Note that the number of days left depends on when you do this.

- How many months are there in a year?
- How many days are there in a year?
- Will we have the same number of days each year?
Why or why not?

Calendar art

Make a calendar for the month of your birth.
Decorate it with a photograph or a drawing of yourself.
Give it to someone special.

Calculation of time

19b

Look at the month of April and complete the table.

April 2015						
Sun	Mon	Tues	Wed	Thurs	Fri	Sat
			1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	24
26	27	28	29	30		

Dates from ___ to ___	Number of days
1 – 15 April	
7 – 11 April	
10 – 13 April	
27 – 30 April	
20 – 25 April	

1. Use the June and July calendar to fill in the table below.

June 2015						
Sun	Mon	Tues	Wed	Thur	Fri	Sat
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30				

July 2015						
Sun	Mon	Tues	Wed	Thur	Fri	Sat
			1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	

Dates	Number of days	Name of starting day	What will the name of the next day after the last date be?
a. 25 June – 29 June			
b. 27 June – 2 July			
c. 24 June – 1 July			
d. 30 June – 3 July			
e. 16 June – 2 August			

2. Look at the December calendar and answer the questions.

a. On what day is New Year's Day?

b. What happens in South Africa if a public holiday is on a Sunday?

c. How many days is it from Christmas to New Year's Day?

d. On what day did the school start this year? How many days ago was it?

3. Complete the calendar for the month your birthday is in.

Sun	Mon	Tues	Wed	Thur	Fri	Sat

Count the days

How many days will it be from 23 February to 12 July? Will it be the same for every year?

Write your name as a code.

Decode. What is my name?
22 5 18 15 14 9 3 1



A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26

1. Complete the following:

- a. Write down your name.
- b. How many letters do you have in your name?
- c. Write down a friend's name.
- d. How many letters does her or his name have?

Names in my class

Peter	Palesa	Sue	Thabo	Jabu
Gugu	Jonathan	Ann	Musa	Zander
Liesel	William	Jolene	Sipho	Lucy
Veronica	John	Lee	Sam	Nomsa
Mpho	Andile	Steven	Mbali	Bongi

2. Use the table above to complete this table.

Names with ___ letters	Tally
3	////
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	

3. Answer the questions using your tally.

- a. How many children have 6 letters in their name?
- b. How many children have 4 letters in their name?
- c. How many children have 7 letters in their name?
- d. How many children have 8 letters in their name?
- e. What number of letters in a name is the most popular?
- f. Do you know a nine or more letter name? Write it down.
- g. Who in your class uses a shortened version of his or her name?
- h. Why do you think people sometimes rather use a 3 letter name like Sam and not Samantha?

Tally competition ...



In pairs see who can count the tallies the fastest.

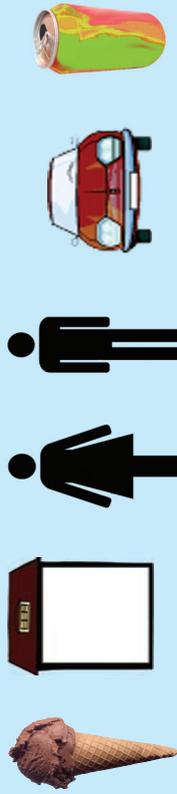


Pictographs and bar graphs

21a

What is a pictograph?

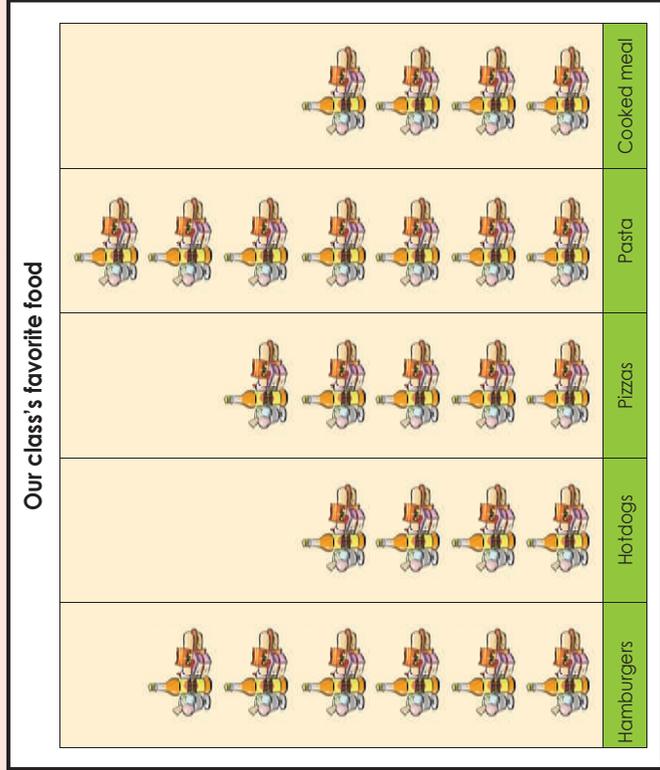
A Pictograph is a way of showing data using pictures. Each picture is a symbol of (a certain number of) the physical objects being counted.



1. In the pictograph below, what does each  represent? How do you know?

2. Draw the key of this graph.

KEY:



3. Draw a pictograph to represent the following information.

In our science class, our task was to go and search for insects in our gardens in order to see what insects there are at this time of year. I found the following in a section of 2 square metres in my garden: 10 rose beetles, one ladybird, three bees, two flies, nine ants and six caterpillars.

4. Based on the above graph:

a. What time of year do you think it might be? (During which season(s) might certain insects be found generally?)

b. If I looked in a section of 4 square metres, more or less how many of each kind of insect could I expect to find?

c. Do you think I was looking at a patch of lawn or a flower bed? Why?

5. Suggest some data that would be easy and interesting to see/read in a pictograph (rather than in a bar graph).

6. Who might be interested in the graph you've suggested above, and why?

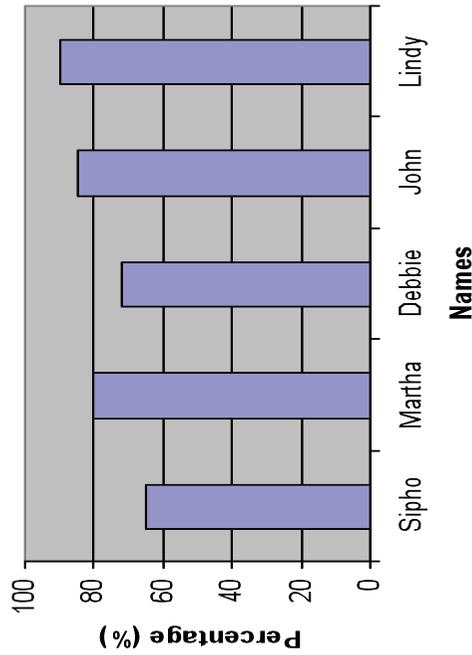
Pictographs and bar graphs continued

21b

7. Every bar graph should have at least three labels. What are they?

8. What is this a graph of? How do you know?

Mathematics: Test 1



9. Draw a bar graph of this information.

Our class voted for our class representative on the LRC, and the following learners each got the following number of votes:

- Sifiso: 8
- Nontobeko: 17
- Jannie: 5
- Faith: 10
- Shelly: 9

10. According to your graph:

a. How many learners voted?

b. Who won?

c. Would you say that the winner won 'by a landslide' (by a big majority)? Explain your answer.

Democracy in the classroom

You are the 'manager' of the class representative election winner. Make a poster for the classroom, letting everyone know who won and by how much. Use a graph on the poster. It must be an eye-catching poster that shows how proud the whole class are about having elected their new class representative.

Evaluate each other's posters. Look especially at how the graphs were used – were they used creatively to help make the class and winner look really good?

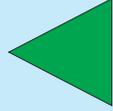


2-D shapes

A polygon is a shape formed by three or more straight lines. Identify the polygons.
A regular polygon has all its angles equal and all its sides of equal length.



Rectangle



Triangle



Hexagon



Square



Pentagon

1. Draw a:

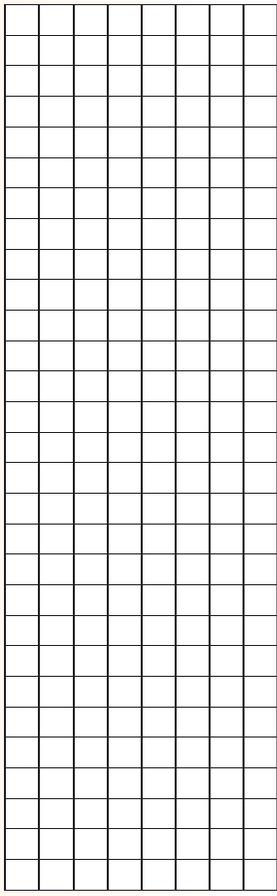
a. Straight line	b. Curved line
------------------	----------------

2. Say if the sides are curved, straight or curved and straight.

a.	<input type="text"/>	b.	<input type="text"/>
c.	<input type="text"/>	f.	<input type="text"/>
d.	<input type="text"/>	e.	<input type="text"/>

3. Draw the following on the grid below:

- a. A shape with only curved sides.
- b. A shape with straight and curved sides.
- c. A shape with straight sides only.



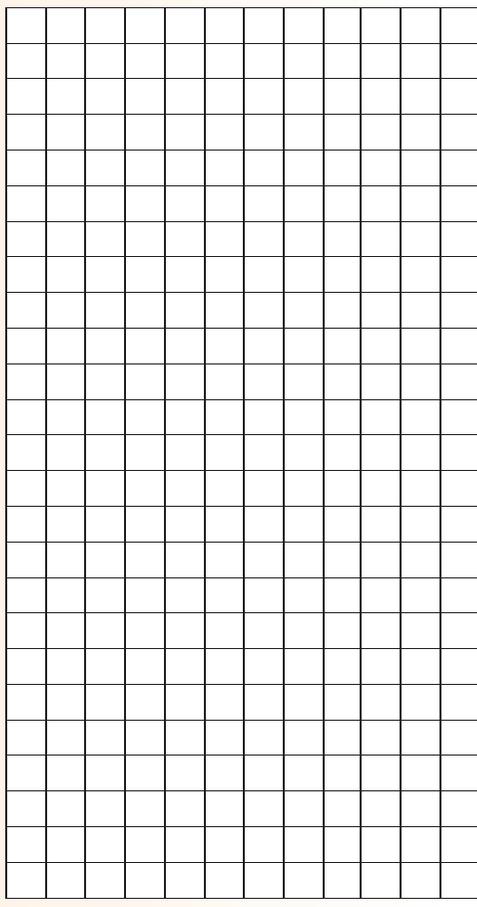
4. Can a shape have three straight sides and one curved side?

5. Name the shape and give the number of sides it has.

a.	Rectangle (4)	b.	<input type="text"/>
c.	<input type="text"/>	e.	<input type="text"/>
d.	<input type="text"/>	f.	<input type="text"/>
g.	<input type="text"/>	h.	<input type="text"/>
i.	<input type="text"/>		

6. Draw the following on the grid below:

- a. Triangle
- b. Quadrilateral
- c. Pentagon
- d. Hexagon



continued

2-D shapes continued

226

7. Draw the following shapes. All their sides must be equal.

a. triangle

b. square

c. pentagon

d. hexagon

e. quadrilateral

f. polygon of your choice

8. Draw a polygon with 10 equal sides.

9. Draw the following shapes. Their sides must be unequal.

a. triangle

b. octagon

c. pentagon

d. hexagon

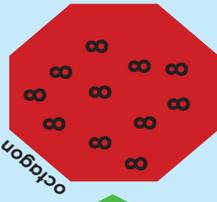
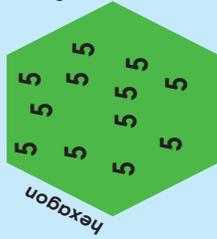
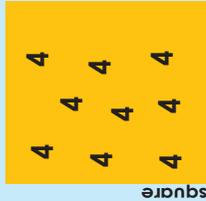
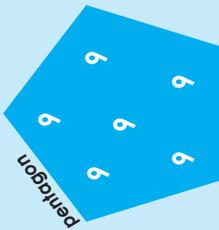
e. quadrilateral

f. polygon of your choice

Multiplication: 1-digit by 2-digit and 2-digit by 2-digit

23a

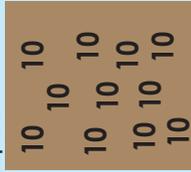
Give the total of the numbers in each shape. Use multiplication.



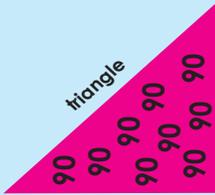
rectangle



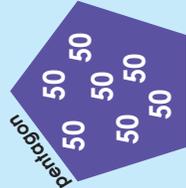
square



triangle



pentagon



1. Complete the table below.

Number	x 10	x 20	x 30	x 40	x 50
4					
5					
7					
8					
9					
10					
20					
30					
40					
50					

2. Find the multiples. The example below will help you to complete the other tables.

Multiples of 2

:	••	•••	••••	•••••
→	→	→	→	→
2	4	6	8	10
→	→	→	→	→
				12

The multiples of 2 are 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, , , , ,

Multiples of 3

•••	••••	•••••	••••••	•••••••
→	→	→	→	→
3				
→	→	→	→	→

The multiples of 3 are 3, 6, 9, , , , ,

Multiples of 5

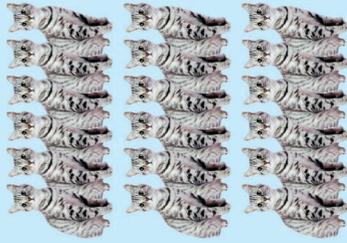
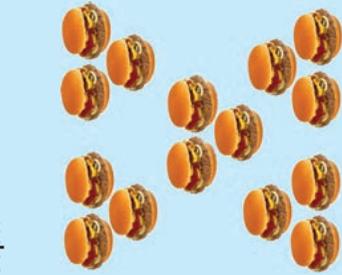
→	→	→	→	→

The multiples of 5 are , , , , ,

Grouping problems

24a

Tell a story about the groups.

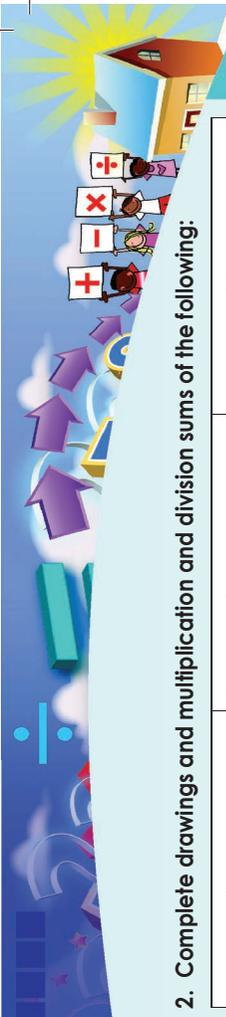


1. How many groups are there?

<input type="text"/> groups of <input type="text"/> 			
Addition sum: <input type="text"/> Multiplication sum: <input type="text"/> Division sum: <input type="text"/>	Addition sum: <input type="text"/> Multiplication sum: <input type="text"/> Division sum: <input type="text"/>	Addition sum: <input type="text"/> Multiplication sum: <input type="text"/> Division sum: <input type="text"/>	Addition sum: <input type="text"/> Multiplication sum: <input type="text"/> Division sum: <input type="text"/>

2. Complete drawings and multiplication and division sums of the following:

4 groups of each 	5 groups of 2 each 	6 groups of 2 each
Multiplication sum: <input type="text"/> $4 \times 2 = 8$ 8 shared between 4	Multiplication sum: <input type="text"/> 8 shared between 4	Multiplication sum: <input type="text"/> 8 shared between 4
Division sum: <input type="text"/> $8 \div 2 = 4$	Division sum: <input type="text"/>	Division sum: <input type="text"/>
4 groups of 10 each 	2 groups of 100 each 	6 groups of 100 each
Multiplication sum: <input type="text"/> 40 shared between 4	Multiplication sum: <input type="text"/> 200 shared between 2	Multiplication sum: <input type="text"/> 600 shared between 6
Division sum: <input type="text"/>	Division sum: <input type="text"/>	Division sum: <input type="text"/>



Grouping problems continued

24b

Example 1:

$84 \div 4$

Let us write it as $4 \times \square = 84$

You can say $4 \times 20 = 80$. You still need 4

$4 \times 21 = 84$

So $84 \div 4 = 21$

3. Calculate the following:

a. $37 \div 3 =$

b. $98 \div 5 =$

c. $88 \div 4 =$

d. $65 \div 5 =$

e. $39 \div 3 =$

f. $78 \div 6 =$

Example 2:

$75 \div 4$

$(70 + 5) \div 4$

$= (70 \div 4) + (5 \div 4)$

$= (17 \text{ rem } 2) + (5 \div 4)$

$= 17 + (7 \div 4)$

$= 17 + 1 \text{ rem } 3$

$= 18 \text{ rem } 3$

4. Calculate the following:

a. $37 \div 3 =$

b. $98 \div 5 =$

c. $89 \div 4 =$

d. $67 \div 5 =$

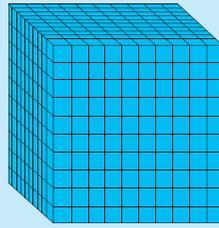
e. $38 \div 3 =$

f. $79 \div 6 =$

Sweet money ...

- a. I have 97 sweets. I need to divide it amongst 5 children. How many sweets will be left over?
- b. I have R95. How many cup cakes of R8 can I buy? Will I get any change?
- c. My mother bought 80 metres of fabric to make scatter cushions for 9 people. How much fabric will she have for each person?

How many of these blocks do you need in order to get a total of 2 000 small cubes?



1. Complete the following:

- a. $1\ 000 + 500 + 90 + 3 =$
- b. $1\ 000 + 900 + 10 + 6 =$
- c. $1\ 000 + 200 + 9 =$
- d. $1\ 000 + 30 + 5 =$
- e. $1\ 000 + 2 =$

2. Write the number in the correct column:

	Thousands	Hundreds	Tens	Units
a. 1 234				
b. 948				
c. 1 028				
d. 1 607				
e. 1 060				

3. Write the numbers in question 2 in words.

Handwriting practice area with dotted lines for writing the numbers from question 2 in words.

4. Complete the following using the first question to guide you.

- a. $1\ 456 = 1\ \text{thousand} + 4\ \text{hundreds} + 5\ \text{tens} + 6\ \text{units}$
- b. $1\ 234 =$
- c. $1\ 845 =$
- d. $1\ 304 =$
- e. $1\ 003 =$

More numbers 0 to 2 000

26

1. Arrange the numbers from the smallest to the biggest.

- a. 1 231, 1 213, 1 312, 1 132, 1 123,
- b. 1 945, 1 549, 1 559, 1 954, 1 459,
- c. 1 436, 1 346, 1 634, 1 364, 1 654,
- d. 1 050, 1 005, 1 500, 1 505, 1 055,
- e. 1 414, 1 441, 1 411, 1 144, 1 444,

2. Fill in < or >.

- a. 589 598
- b. 948 849
- c. 1 030 1 003
- d. 1 540 1 504
- e. 1 418 1 518
- f. 1 356 1 299
- g. 1 988 1 898
- h. 1 767 1 766
- i. 1 847 1 784
- j. 1 414 1 441

3. What is the value of the underlined digit?

- a. 849
- b. 1 954
- c. 1 489
- d. 1 777
- e. 1 841
- f. 1 847

4. Complete the following:

3 9 2 6

- a. Use each digit once, make the smallest 4-digit number:
- b. Use each digit once, make the largest 4-digit number:
- c. You can use one digit twice, make the smallest 4-digit number:
- d. You can use one digit twice, make the largest 4-digit number:

Find the matching card and colour it the same colour. We did the first one for you.

<table border="1"> <tr><td>tens</td><td>4</td><td>7</td></tr> <tr><td>units</td><td>7</td><td></td></tr> </table>	tens	4	7	units	7		<table border="1"> <tr><td>thousands</td><td>4</td><td>7</td></tr> <tr><td>units</td><td>7</td><td></td></tr> </table>	thousands	4	7	units	7		<table border="1"> <tr><td>hundreds</td><td>4</td><td>7</td></tr> <tr><td>tens</td><td>7</td><td></td></tr> </table>	hundreds	4	7	tens	7		<table border="1"> <tr><td>thousands</td><td>4</td><td>7</td></tr> <tr><td>hundreds</td><td>7</td><td></td></tr> </table>	thousands	4	7	hundreds	7	
tens	4	7																									
units	7																										
thousands	4	7																									
units	7																										
hundreds	4	7																									
tens	7																										
thousands	4	7																									
hundreds	7																										
4 700	47	407	4 007																								
4 700	47	407	4 007																								

More rounding off to the nearest 10

27

Draw a:

- circle around the number that will help you to round off to the nearest **ten**.
- square around the number that will change when you round off to the nearest ten.

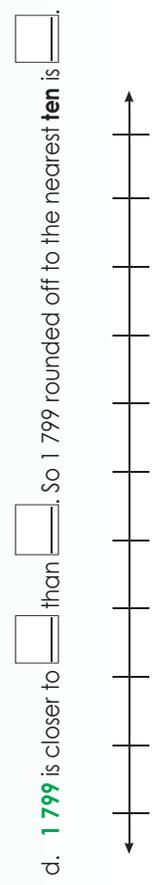
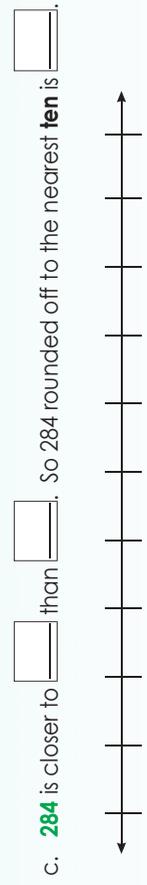
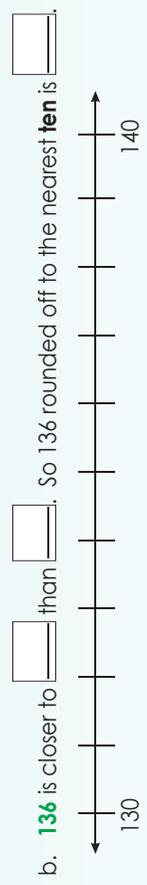
7 8 3 6 9

2 4 1 5

What do you notice?

Why do you think we round off numbers?

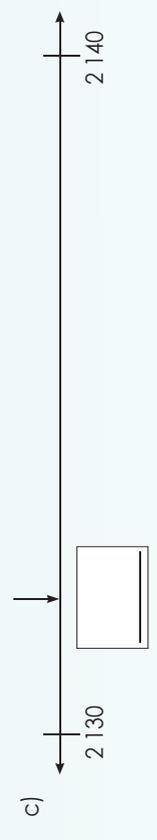
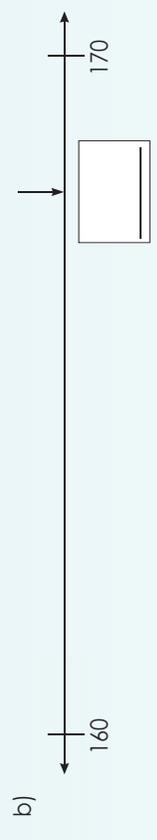
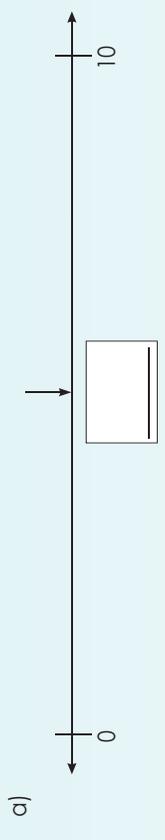
1. Complete the sentences and round the numbers off to the nearest **ten** using the number lines.



2. Round off each of the following numbers to the nearest 10:

- a) 15 ≈ b) 431 ≈ c) 9 672 ≈

3. Estimate the position of the arrow on the number line.

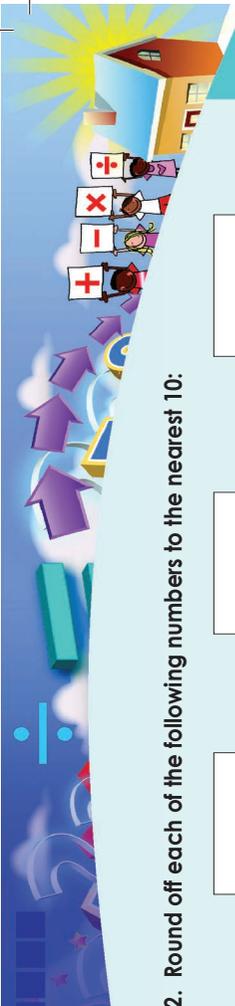


4. Circle the number which you look at when deciding whether to round up or down to the nearest 10. Underline the number which you look at to tell you what ten you will round up or down to.

- a) 59 b) 734 c) 1 665

Rounding off ...

Create a picture which explains to somebody who does not understand the concept of "rounding off". (For example, if you are walking from ... to ..., and it starts to rain, which place is closer?) Remember to show very carefully the point at which you start rounding off in the opposite direction.



More rounding off to the nearest 100

28

Draw a:

- circle around the number that will help you to round off to the nearest **hundred**.
- square around the number that will change when you round off to the nearest hundred.

2 3 5 4 5 8

2 3 2 9

What do you notice?

1. Complete the sentences and round the numbers off to the nearest hundred using the number lines.

a. **137** is closer to 100 than 200. So 137 rounded off to the nearest **hundred** is 100.

b. **258** is closer to 200 than 300. So 258 rounded off to the nearest **hundred** is 300.

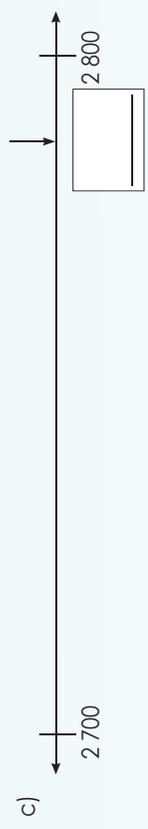
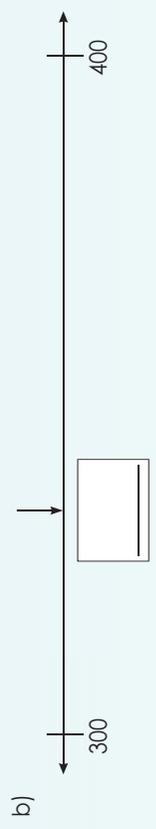
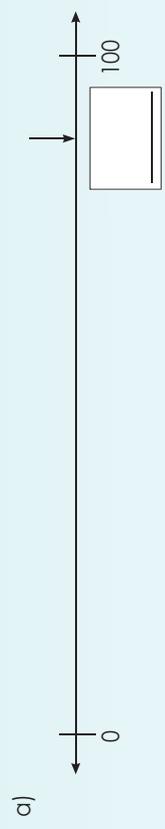
c. **8 457** is closer to 8 400 than 8 500. So 8 457 rounded off to the nearest **hundred** is 8 400.

d. **2 199** is closer to 2 200 than 2 100. So 2 199 rounded off to the nearest **hundred** is 2 200.

2. Round off each of the following numbers to the nearest 100:

- a) 679 ≈ 700 b) 1 202 ≈ 200 c) 1 681 ≈ 1 700

3. Estimate the position of the arrow on the number line.



4. Circle the number which you look at when deciding whether to round up or down to the nearest 100. Underline the number which you look at to tell you what ten you will round up or down to.

- a) 599 b) 2 743 c) 8 982

More rounding off

What does it mean to round off to the nearest:

- rand
- centimetre

More number sentences

Quick recall.

$28 + \square = 30$	$72 + \square = 80$	$\square = 80$	$56 + \square = 60$	$54 + \square = 60$
$42 + \square = 50$	$37 + \square = 40$	$\square = 100$	$91 + \square = 100$	$62 + \square = 80$
$95 + \square = 100$	$27 + \square = 50$	$\square = 100$	$51 + \square = 100$	$61 + \square = 90$
$36 + \square = 50$	$25 + \square = 50$	$\square = 70$	$38 + \square = 70$	$21 + \square = 50$
$17 + \square = 50$	$29 + \square = 80$	$\square = 90$	$55 + \square = 90$	$17 + \square = 100$

1. Fill in the missing number.

- a. $46 + \square = 50$ b. $15 + \square = 20$
 c. $23 + \square = 30$ d. $29 + \square = 40$
 e. $55 + \square = 60$ f. $74 + \square = 80$
 g. $86 + \square = 90$ h. $45 + \square = 60$
 i. $91 + \square = 100$ j. $75 + \square = 100$

2. Fill in the missing number.

- a. $45 + \square = 100$ b. $32 + \square = 50$
 c. $51 + \square = 80$ d. $56 + \square = 90$
 e. $15 + \square = 50$ f. $95 + \square = 120$
 g. $69 + \square = 100$ h. $44 + \square = 150$
 i. $75 + \square = 150$ j. $31 + \square = 120$

3. Fill in the missing number.

- a. $122 + \square = 150$ b. $102 + \square = 150$
 c. $135 + \square = 180$ d. $141 + \square = 200$
 e. $156 + \square = 200$ f. $115 + \square = 200$
 g. $120 + \square = 250$ h. $200 + \square = 325$
 i. $215 + \square = 320$ j. $250 + \square = 550$

4. Fill in the missing number.

- a. $540 + \square = 600$ b. $230 + \square = 500$
 c. $650 + \square = 1\ 000$ d. $320 + \square = 1\ 000$
 e. $880 + \square = 1\ 000$ f. $470 + \square = 800$
 g. $550 + \square = 1\ 000$ h. $600 + \square = 850$
 i. $490 + \square = 1\ 000$ j. $500 + \square = 890$

5. Fill in the missing number.

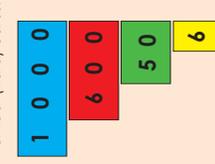
- a. $1\ 560 + \square = 1\ 700$ b. $1\ 250 + \square = 1\ 500$
 c. $1\ 380 + \square = 1\ 500$ d. $1\ 820 + \square = 1\ 900$
 e. $1\ 190 + \square = 1\ 500$ f. $1\ 080 + \square = 1\ 500$
 g. $1\ 230 + \square = 1\ 800$ h. $1\ 500 + \square = 1\ 980$
 i. $1\ 370 + \square = 1\ 500$ j. $1\ 400 + \square = 2\ 000$

6. Fill in the missing number.

- a. $1\ 733 + \square = 1\ 800$ b. $1\ 256 + \square = 1\ 500$
 c. $1\ 612 + \square = 1\ 800$ d. $1\ 347 + \square = 1\ 400$
 e. $1\ 431 + \square = 1\ 600$ f. $1\ 677 + \square = 2\ 000$
 g. $1\ 697 + \square = 2\ 000$ h. $1\ 244 + \square = 2\ 000$
 i. $1\ 009 + \square = 1\ 500$ j. $1\ 314 + \square = 2\ 000$

Number card fun

What you need:
Number (flard) cards.



What to do:

- Play in pairs.
 - The first player chooses a one thousand card and then one of each: hundreds, tens and unit flard card, and displays them as a number.
- In this game we will only play with the 1 000 flard card, not 2 000 to 9 000.
-
- The first player that fills the number up to the nearest 2 000, gets a point.
 Do the same, but player two chooses the cards. Repeat five times.
 The player with the highest score is the winner.



Addition up to 4-digit numbers

30a

What is the difference between the numbers?

850	900	950	1 000	1 050	1 100	1 150	1 200	1 250	1 300
203	303	403	503	603	703	803	903	10 03	1103
1 050	1 080	1 110	1 140	1 170	1 200	1 230	1 260	1 290	1 320
40	160	280	400	520	640	760	880	1 000	1 120
550	700	850	1 000	1 150	1 300	1 450	1 600	1 750	1 900

1. What number comes next?

a. 1 000, 1 120, 1 240,

b. 900, 950, 1 000,

c. 150, 180, 210,

d. 207, 307, 407,

2. Complete the table:

Number	Add 10	Add 100	Add 1 000
808			
32			
450			
752			
990			

Example:

$732 + 614$

$700 \quad 30 \quad 2 \quad + \quad 600 \quad 10 \quad 4$

$= 700 + 30 + 2 + 600 + 10 + 4$

$= 1\,300 + 40 + 6$

$= 1\,000 + 300 + 40 + 6$

$= 1\,346$

3. Use both methods above to calculate the following. Write down the steps.

a. $1\,002 + 487 =$

b. $295 + 1\,703 =$

Continue on an extra sheet of paper.

c. $321 + 902 =$

d. $800 + 706 =$

Continue on an extra sheet of paper.

e. $816 + 174 =$

f. $110 + 836 =$

Continue on an extra sheet of paper.

Addition up to 4-digit numbers continued

30b

4. Solve the following word problems.

a. There were 1 450 spectators at the game. Another 325 arrived. What was the total number of spectators who saw the game?

Continue on an extra sheet of paper.

b. Lindi walked 1 265 m on the first day. On the second day she was a bit tired and walked 650 m? How far did she walk in two days?

Continue on an extra sheet of paper.

5. Write an appropriate and interesting word sum for: 1 500 and 300. Solve it.

Continue on an extra sheet of paper.

+

What you need:

- Use the 100s dice you made before (Cut-out 3).
- Piece of paper.



What is the size of your number?

What to do:

- Individual game against a group or the class.
- Roll the 100s dice.
- Add the number landed on, to the first number on the blue card. Write your sum on a piece of paper.
- Do the same with the 2nd to the 5th number.

1 100
600
550
1 250
975

Adding by filling the tens

31

Which sum is easier to add? Why?

$8 + 7 = \square$ or $10 + 5 = \square$

$10 + 4 = \square$ or $7 + 7 = \square$

$9 + 2 = \square$ or $10 + 1 = \square$

$10 + 2 = \square$ or $7 + 5 = \square$



In one minute, how many combinations can you find that add up to 50?

1. Fill up the tens.

$3 + 7 = 10$

$2 + 8 = 10$

$5 + 5 = 10$

$1 + 9 = 10$

$6 + 4 = 10$

$8 + 2 = 10$

$9 + 1 = 10$

$4 + 6 = 10$

$7 + 3 = 10$

$0 + 10 = 10$

a. $3 + \square = \square$

d. $6 + \square = \square$

g. $8 + \square = \square$

b. $5 + \square = \square$

e. $1 + \square = \square$

h. $9 + \square = \square$

2. Fill up the tens.

Example:

$37 + 3 = 40$

$14 + 6 = 20$

$79 + 1 = 80$

$56 + 4 = 60$

$92 + 8 = 100$

$25 + 5 = 30$

$68 + 2 = 70$

$43 + 7 = 50$

$84 + 6 = 90$

$36 + 4 = 40$

a. $32 + \square = \square$

d. $72 + \square = \square$

g. $15 + \square = \square$

b. $46 + \square = \square$

e. $78 + \square = \square$

h. $94 + \square = \square$

Are there more combinations that will add up to ten?

c. $2 + \square = \square$

f. $7 + \square = \square$

i. $4 + \square = \square$

Find another five combinations that will add up to 100.

c. $54 + \square = \square$

f. $68 + \square = \square$

i. $83 + \square = \square$

3. Fill up the hundreds.

Example: 486

$486 + 14 = 500$

a. 368

b. 371

c. 684

d. 519

e. 225

f. 568

g. 274

h. 479

i. 383

4. Calculate the following:

Example:

Calculate $2\ 486 + 48$

$2\ 486 + 48$
 $= (2\ 486 + 14) - 14 + 48$
 $= 2\ 500 + (48 - 14)$
 $= 2\ 500 + 34$
 $= 2\ 534$

a. $3\ 526 + 97 =$

b. $6\ 537 + 84 =$

c. $4\ 833 + 95 =$

d. $1\ 789 + 39 =$

e. $2\ 786 + 56 =$

f. $8\ 976 + 41 =$

g. $4\ 324 + 98 =$

h. $8\ 159 + 62 =$

i. $6\ 847 + 73 =$

The concert

7 894 people came to see a concert. There were 68 security guards. How many people were in the stadium?

Subtraction up to 4-digit numbers

32a

What is the difference between the numbers?

100	200	300	400	500	600	700	800	900	1 000
208	308	408	508	608	708	808	908	1 008	1 108
1 050	1 150	1 250	1 350	1 450	1 550	1 650	1 750	1 850	1 950
1 350	1 360	1 370	1 380	1 390	1 400	1 410	1 420	1 430	1 440
1 000	1 100	1 200	1 300	1 400	1 500	1 600	1 700	1 800	1 900

1. What number comes next?

- a. 1 350, 1 300, 1 250,
- b. 1 800, 1 700, 1 600,
- c. 1 060, 1 050, 1 040,
- d. 990, 890, 790,

2. Complete the table:

Number	Subtract 10	Subtract 100	Subtract 1 000
1 847			
1 680			
1 020			
1 006			
1 955			

Examples:

Example 1:
 $1\ 598 - 356$
 $= (1\ 000) + (500 - 300) + (90 - 50) + (8 - 6)$
 $= 1\ 000 + 200 + 40 + 2$
 $= 1\ 242$



Example 2:

$$1\ 642 - 1\ 268$$

$$= (1\ 000 - 1\ 000) + (600 - 200) + (40 - 60) + (2 - 8)$$

$$= 0 + 400 + (40 - 60) + (2 - 8)$$

$$= 0 + 400 + (30 - 60) + (12 - 8)$$

$$= 0 + 300 + (130 - 60) + (12 - 8)$$

$$= 0 + 300 + 70 + 4$$

$$= 374$$

3. Use both methods to solve the subtraction sums.

- a. $1\ 953 - 641$ b. $1\ 784 - 933$

Blank lined area for solving subtraction sums a and b.

Continue on an extra sheet of paper.

- c. $1\ 988 - 1\ 259$ d. $1\ 204 - 684 =$

Blank lined area for solving subtraction sums c and d.

Continue on an extra sheet of paper.

Subtraction up to 4-digit numbers

Continued

326

e. $1\ 743 - 1\ 399$

Blank lined writing area for problem e.

Continue on an extra sheet of paper.

4. Solve the following word problems.

a. There are 785 apples at the fruit shop. They sell 83 apples. How many apples are left?

Blank lined writing area for problem 4a.

Continue on an extra sheet of paper.

b. Thabo had 2 000 litres of milk. He sold 256 litres of milk in the first week and 193 litres in the second week. How many litres did he sell altogether?

Blank lined writing area for problem b.

Continue on an extra sheet of paper.

—

What you need:

- Use the 100s dice made before.
- Piece of paper.



What is the size of your number?

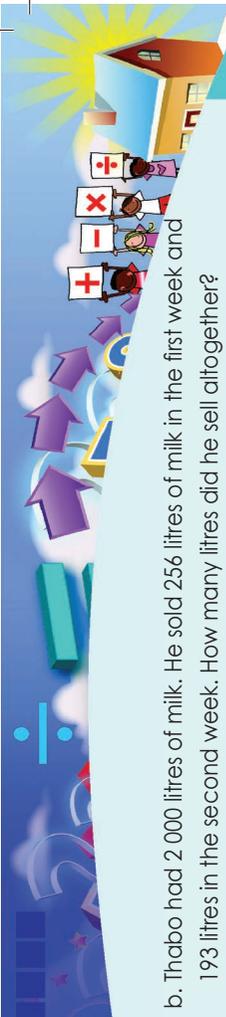
What to do:

- Individual game against a group or the class.
- Roll the 100s dice.
- Subtract the number the dice landed on, from the first number on the blue card. Write your subtraction sum on a piece of paper.
- Do the same with the 2nd to the 5th number.

1 940
1 930
1 915
1 936
1 999

Sign:

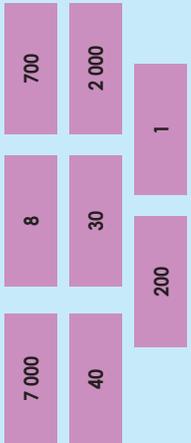
Date:



More subtraction up to 4-digit numbers

33

If you want to subtract the units from the units, the tens from the tens, the hundreds from the hundreds and the thousands from the thousands, what will you do?



1. Subtract the following:

- a. $60 - 20 =$
- b. $5 - 2 =$
- c. $800 - 400 =$
- d. $600 - 400 =$
- e. $9\ 000 - 3\ 000 =$
- f. $700 - 100 =$
- g. $7 - 2 =$
- h. $70 - 30 =$
- i. $5\ 000 - 1\ 000 =$

2. Subtract the following:

Example 1

$$\begin{aligned} 320 - 180 &= (300 + 20) - 100 - 80 \\ &= 200 + 20 - 80 \\ &= 100 + 120 - 80 \\ &= 100 + 40 \\ &= 140 \end{aligned}$$

- a. $620 - 210 =$
- b. $640 - 330 =$
- c. $720 - 420 =$

3. Round off the numbers to 1 000 and subtract it. Subtract the given numbers and compare the rounded off numbers answer with the given numbers answer.

Example 1:

$$\begin{aligned} 4\ 687 - 2\ 143 &= 2\ 544 \\ \text{Rounded off: } 5\ 000 - 2000 &= 3\ 000 \end{aligned}$$

Example 2:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Calculate } 4\ 687 - 2\ 143. \\ 4\ 687 - 2\ 143 &= 4\ 000 + 600 + 80 + 7 - 2\ 000 - 100 - 40 - 3 \\ &= (4\ 000 - 2\ 000) + (600 - 100) + (80 - 40) + (7 - 3) \\ &= 2\ 000 + 500 + 40 + 4 \\ &= 2\ 544 \end{aligned}$$

a. $3\ 857 - 2\ 436 =$

b. $7\ 576 - 5\ 125 =$

c. $5\ 387 - 4\ 263 =$

4. Subtract the following:

Example: Breaking down all the numbers to be added using compensation (counterbalance).

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Calculate: } 8\ 743 - 5\ 684 &= (8\ 000 + 700 + 40 + 3) - 5\ 000 - 600 - 80 - 4 \\ &= (8\ 000 + 600 + 130 + 13) - 5\ 000 - 600 - 80 - 4 \\ &= (8\ 000 - 5\ 000) + (600 - 600) + (130 - 80) + (13 - 4) \\ &= 3\ 000 + 0 + 50 + 9 \\ &= 3\ 059 \end{aligned}$$

a. $3\ 568 - 1\ 689 =$

b. $7\ 485 - 3\ 597 =$

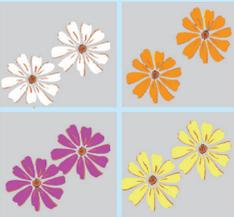
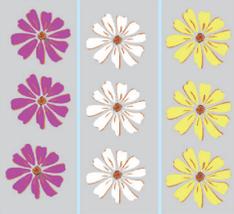
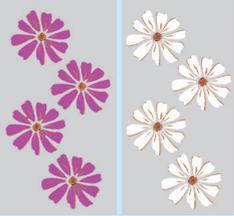
c. $5\ 883 - 3\ 995 =$

The cost of wheat

The price for a container of wheat is R8 231. Since some of the wheat is spoiled, the price is decreased by R3 789. What price does a shop owner pay for the container of wheat?

Compare and order common fractions

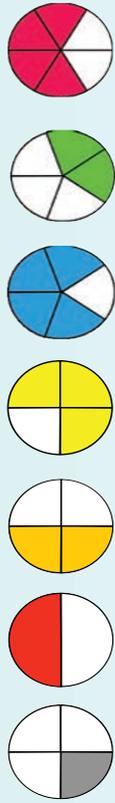
What fraction of the flowers is pink?



1. Complete the tables below.

Fraction circle	What fraction is red?	What fraction is green?	Fraction circle	What fraction is red?	What fraction is green?
a.	$1 \frac{1}{2}$	$1 \frac{1}{2}$	e.		
b.			f.		
c.			g.		
d.			h.		

2. Use the fraction circles to say if it is bigger than, smaller than or equal.



Fill in < > or =

- a. $\frac{4}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ b. $\frac{2}{5}$ $\frac{1}{4}$ c. $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{3}{4}$
- d. $\frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ e. $\frac{4}{5}$ $\frac{4}{6}$ f. $\frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{4}{6}$

3. Use the fraction strips to answer the questions. Fill in < > or =

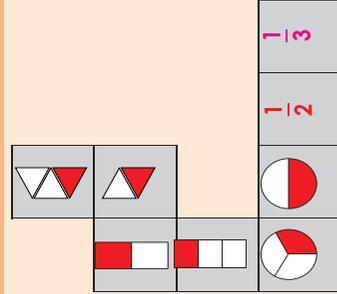
- a. b. $\frac{2}{6}$ $\frac{1}{3}$
- c. $\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ d. $\frac{2}{6}$ $\frac{4}{8}$
- e. $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{4}{8}$ f. $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{4}{8}$

4. Which fraction comes next if I count forwards?

- a. $\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{4}{4}$ b. $\frac{1}{6}$ $\frac{2}{6}$ $\frac{3}{6}$
- c. $\frac{2}{5}$ $\frac{3}{5}$ $\frac{4}{5}$ d. $\frac{4}{8}$ $\frac{5}{8}$ $\frac{6}{8}$

Fraction Dominoes

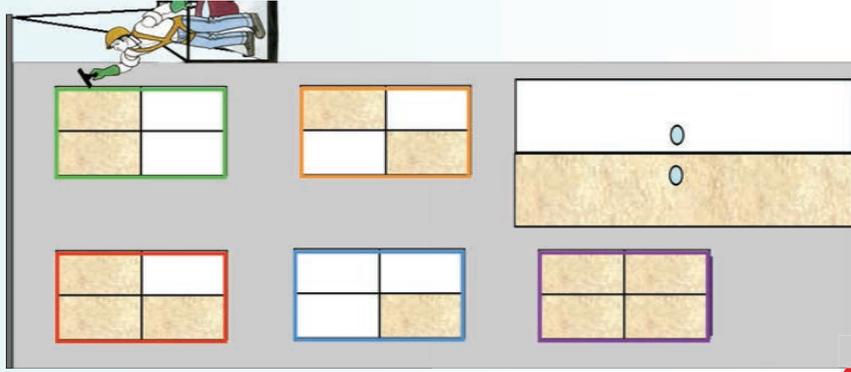
- Use Cut-out 6.
- After shuffling the dominoes, each player draws tiles to make up their hand. The number of tiles drawn depends on the number of players.
- The player with the largest fraction starts. Play proceeds to the left (clockwise). Each player adds a domino to an open end of the layout, if possible.
- A player who cannot make a move must pass. The game ends when one player uses the last domino in his or her hand, or when no more plays can be made. If all players still have tiles in their hand, but no more moves can be made, then the game is said to be "blocked".



Look at the picture below. Each child got 1 slice of pizza. What fraction of a pizza did each child get?

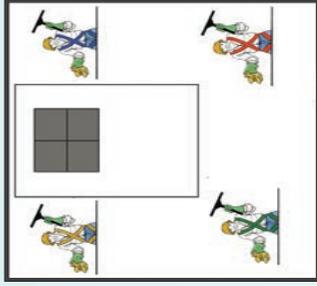


1. Look at the building and answer the questions.

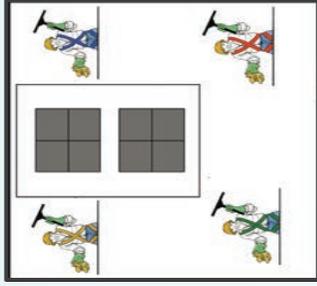


- a. What fraction of the **red window** is:
 Washed?
 Still dirty?
- b. What fraction of the **orange window** is:
 Washed?
 Still dirty?
- c. What fraction of the **green window** is:
 Washed?
 Still dirty?
- d. What fraction of the **purple window** is:
 Washed?
 Still dirty?
- e. What fraction of the **blue window** is:
 Washed?
 Still dirty?
- f. What fraction of the door is:
 Washed?
 Still dirty?

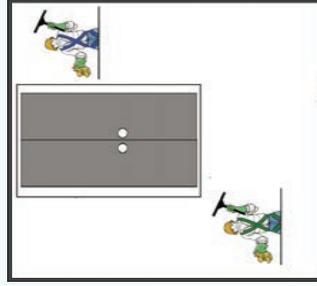
2. Look at the pictures. All jobs are shared equally.



- a. How many window panes will each person wash?
- b. What fraction of the window is this?



- c. How many window panes will each person wash?
- d. What fraction of the windows is this?



- e. How much of the door will each person wash?
- f. What fraction of the door is this?

Fraction Dominoes

Play fraction dominoes.

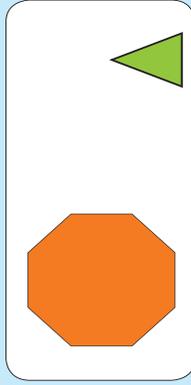
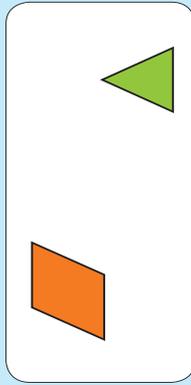
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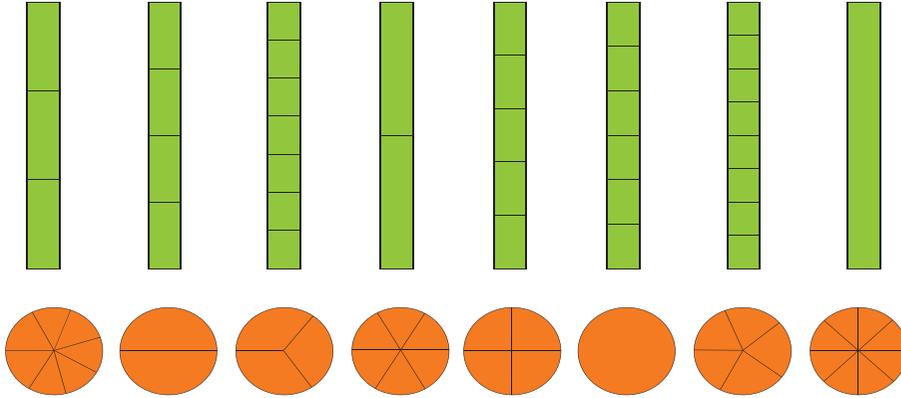
Fractions: halves to twelfths

36

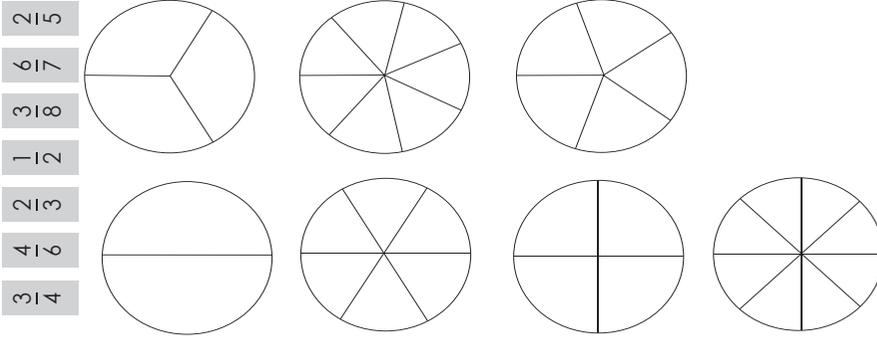
How many triangles can you fit onto the orange shape?



1. Match the fraction strip with the fraction circle on the left.

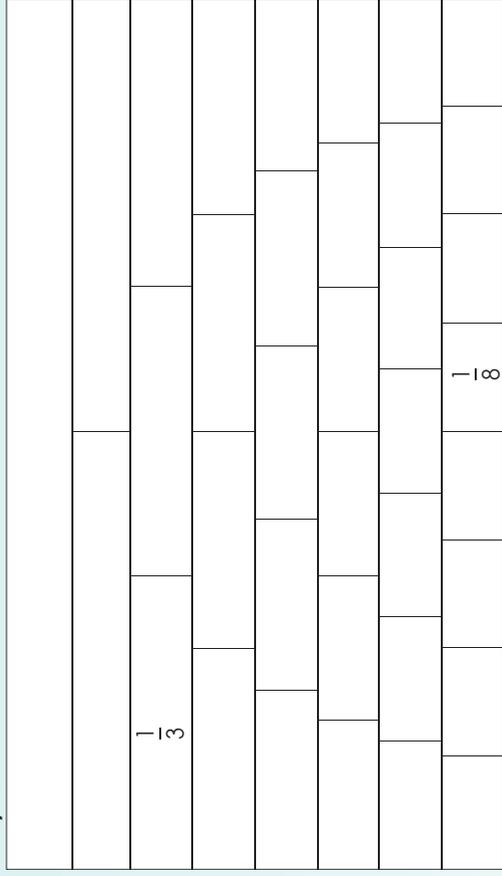


2. Find the fraction and colour in the following.



Term 2

3. Write the fractions on the fraction diagram. We have done two examples for you.



4. Fill in <, >, or =. Use the fraction strips above to help you.

- a. $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{4}$ b. $\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{1}{5}$ c. $\frac{1}{6}$ $\frac{1}{8}$ d. $\frac{1}{8}$ $\frac{1}{7}$
- e. $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{2}{4}$ f. $\frac{2}{3}$ $\frac{5}{6}$ g. $\frac{3}{5}$ $\frac{3}{8}$ h. $\frac{2}{7}$ $\frac{1}{8}$
- i. $\frac{4}{6}$ $\frac{2}{3}$ j. $\frac{5}{8}$ $\frac{2}{4}$ k. $\frac{3}{5}$ $\frac{1}{6}$ l. $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{7}{8}$
- m. $\frac{3}{8}$ $\frac{2}{3}$ n. $\frac{4}{7}$ $\frac{4}{5}$ o. $\frac{4}{8}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ p. $\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{2}{6}$

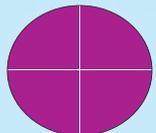
Fractions dice

- Use Cut-out 4.
- Throw the fraction dice.
- Then take a fraction strip that matches the fraction on the face of the dice. If the face is $\frac{1}{4}$, take a quarter strip.
- If you are correct keep the fraction strip.
- At the end count your fraction strips.
- The winner is the person with the most fractions strips.

Fractions and division

37

Quick recall. How fast can you answer the following?



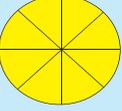
This circle is divided into 4 equal pieces. I can also say 1 divided by 4.



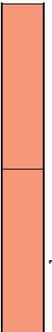
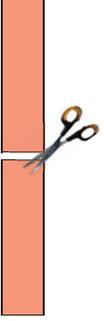
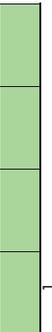
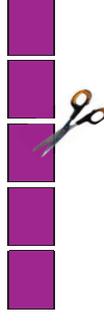
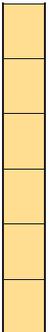
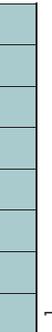
1 ÷ 4



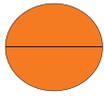
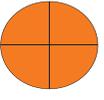
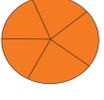
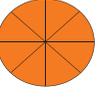
I wonder how I can write these as division sums?

1.

Fraction strip	Fraction pieces. Make your own drawing.	Write a division sum.
 $\frac{1}{2}$		$1 \div 2 =$
 $\frac{1}{3}$		
 $\frac{1}{4}$		
 $\frac{1}{5}$		
 $\frac{1}{6}$		
 $\frac{1}{7}$		
 $\frac{1}{8}$		

2. Complete the table.

Fraction circle	Fraction	Division	Division sum in words
	halves	$1 \div 2 = \frac{1}{2}$	One circle divided by two equals two halves.
			
			
			
			
			
			

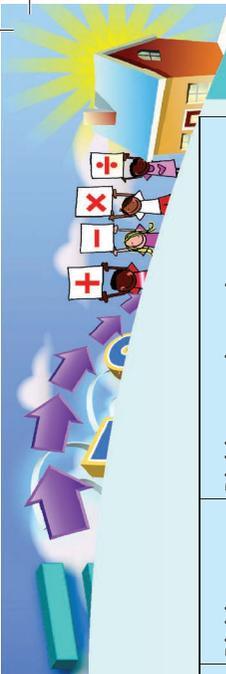
Fraction hunt ...

Find in magazines or draw fractions for:

2 ÷ 8

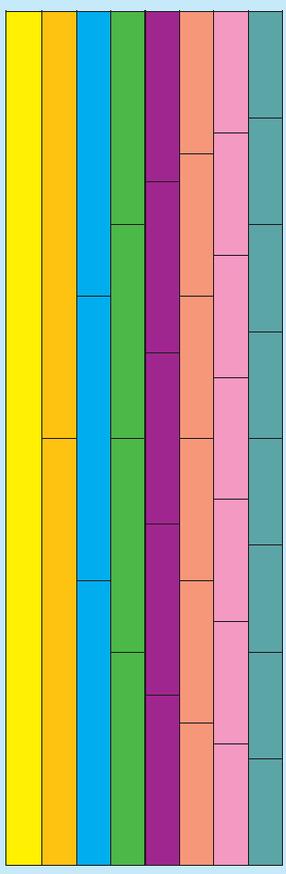
3 ÷ 6

2 ÷ 12



Equivalent and Comparing Fractions

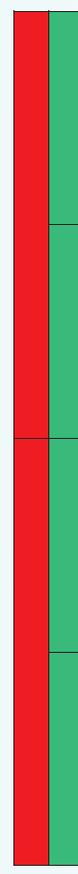
Write a fraction on each part.



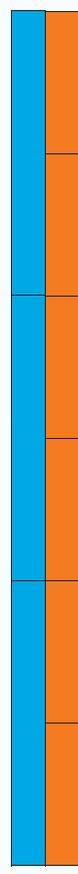
1. Use the fraction strips. Answer the questions below.



- a. What fraction is smaller than $\frac{1}{2}$?
- b. What fraction is bigger than $\frac{1}{2}$?
- c. What fractions are smaller than $\frac{2}{3}$?

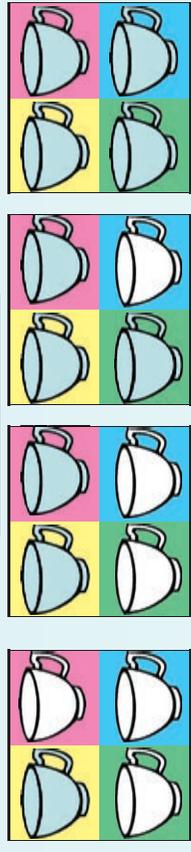


- d. What fraction is smaller than $\frac{1}{2}$?
- e. What fraction is bigger than $\frac{1}{2}$?
- f. What fraction is equal $\frac{1}{2}$?



- g. What fractions are smaller than $\frac{2}{3}$?
- h. What fractions are bigger than $\frac{2}{3}$?
- i. What fractions are smaller than $\frac{2}{6}$?
- j. What fraction is equal $\frac{1}{3}$?

2. Look at the pictures and answer the questions.



- a. Four cups = ml.
- b. Four cups = litre.
- c. One cup is of a litre.
- d. Two cups are of a litre.
- e. Three cups are of a litre.
- f. Four cups are of a litre.

3. Fill in <, > or =

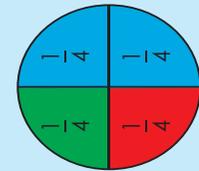
- a. 3 cups $\frac{1}{2}$ of a litre.
- b. $\frac{1}{4}$ of a litre 4 cups.
- c. 4 cups 1 litre.
- d. 1 cup $\frac{1}{4}$ of a litre.
- e. 2 cups 500 ml
- f. 2 cups $\frac{1}{4}$ of a litre.

Fraction Dominoes

Play fraction dominoes.

Common fractions

Discuss the following:



- $\frac{1}{4}$ is green
- $\frac{2}{4}$ is blue
- $\frac{1}{4}$ is red
- $\frac{3}{4}$ is blue and red. Why?

1. Add the coloured parts on the fraction strips.

a.		$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$
b.		$\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{5} =$ <input type="text"/>
c.		
d.		
e.		

2. Add the red and green parts of the diagram.

a.		<input type="text"/>	$\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4} =$ <input type="text"/>
b.		<input type="text"/>	
c.		<input type="text"/>	
d.		<input type="text"/>	
e.		<input type="text"/>	
f.		<input type="text"/>	

3. What fraction of the sweets are orange and blue?

	$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{2}{4}$	<input type="text"/>
		<input type="text"/>
		<input type="text"/>
		<input type="text"/>

4. Add the following:

- a. $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} =$
- b. $\frac{3}{5} + \frac{1}{5} =$
- c. $\frac{2}{6} + \frac{4}{6} =$
- d. $\frac{2}{4} +$ $= \frac{3}{4}$
- e. $\frac{4}{8} +$ $= \frac{6}{8}$
- f. $\frac{1}{12} +$ $= \frac{11}{12}$

Eating chocolate

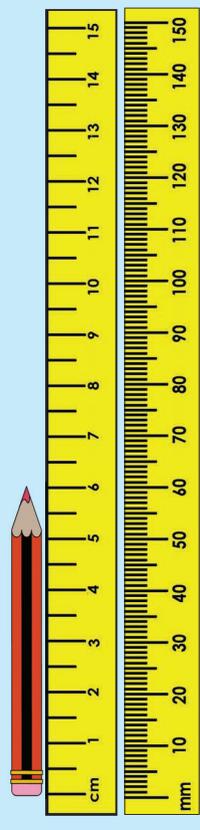
Susan eats two eighths of a chocolate bar. How much is left over? Show your answer with a drawing.

Length

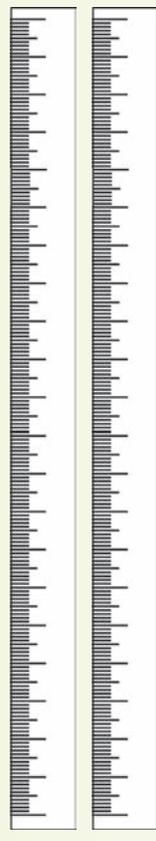
40

Length – using your ruler.

- The pencil starts at zero and measures 6 cm or 60 mm long.
- On the first ruler each cm is marked but there are unmarked divisions in between. What are they?
- On the second ruler each mm is marked.
- Each 10 mm makes 1 cm.



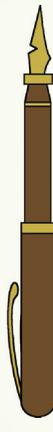
1. Label the first ruler in cm and the second one in mm.



2. Measure each object and give your answer in cm and mm. Order the objects from shortest to longest.



a.



b.



c.



d.



e.



f.

3. Complete the numbers on the ruler, measure the lines and complete the table.

Answer in mm	Answer in cm

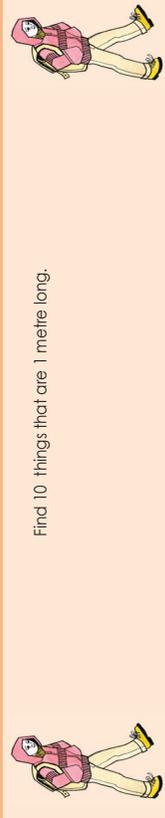
4. Answer the following:

Write your answers in mm and cm.

- a. Which line is the longest?
- b. Which line is the shortest?

One metre outing ...

Find 10 things that are 1 metre long.



41 Estimate, measure and compare length

Match the measuring instrument with the measuring unit

millimetres mm

centimetres cm

metres m



1. Estimate, measure and compare in millimetres.

	Estimate	Measure	Difference between estimation and measurement
a. Length of book			
b. Length of desk			
c. Width of desk			
d. Height of suitcase			
e. Length of suitcase			

2. Estimate, measure and compare in metres.

	Estimate	Measure	Difference between estimation and measurement
a. Length of class			
b. Width of class			
c. Length of teacher's desk			
d. Height of teacher's desk			
e. Length of any outside area			

3. If the object is shorter than 20 cm but longer than 10 cm, what could the object be?

4. What are the abbreviations for:

a. millimetre

b. centimetre

c. metre

d. kilometre

5. Give examples of objects that you would measure in:

a. mm

b. cm

c. m

d. km

6. Compare the following: Remember to state the measurement unit.

a. Two pencils of different lengths.	b. Two books of different lengths.	c. Two books of different widths.
d. The length of a sheet of paper with the length of a sheet of paper that is folded once.	e. The width of a sheet of paper with the width of a sheet of paper that is folded once.	f. The height and width of the door.
g. The length and width of your desk.	h. The length and width of the classroom.	i. The length and width of any outside area.

Length and width

What is the difference between the length and the width of any room in your house?

Length conversions

42

Read the statements. Say what you would measure with: centimetres, metres or kilometres.

Length of a staple

Half length of a bed

The height of a five year old

Waist height of an adult

It will take 12 minutes to walk.

Five steps up a staircase

The thickness of a notebook

1. Convert the following to the other two measurement units.

- a. 10 mm = b. 100 cm =
 c. 1 000 mm = d. 1 000 m =

2. Write the following in cm and mm, and then as cm.

Example:

35 mm = 3 cm and 5 mm or $3\frac{1}{2}$ cm

- a. 75 mm = c. 35 mm =
 d. 15 mm = e. 5 m =
 b. 65 mm = f. 85 mm =

3. Write the following in mm.

Example:

$3\frac{1}{2}$ cm = 35 mm

- a. 4 cm and 3 mm c. 7 cm and 8 mm
 d. $9\frac{1}{2}$ cm e. 5 cm and 9 mm
 b. $6\frac{1}{2}$ cm f. $18\frac{1}{2}$ cm

4. Write the following in m and cm.

Example:

26 cm = 5 m and 26 cm

- a. 197 cm c. 362 cm
 d. 418 cm e. 235 cm
 b. 521 cm f. 756 cm

5. Write the following as cm.

- a. 1 m 42 cm b. 5 m 24 cm
 d. 6 m 31 cm e. 2 m 13 cm
 g. 3 m 55 cm h. 9 m 76 cm
 c. 4 m 69 cm f. 7 m 88 cm
 i. 8 m 97 cm

6. Write the following as km.

- a. 3 500 m b. 7 500 m
 d. 3 200 m e. 6 100 m
 g. 8 500 m h. 4 200 m
 c. 8 900 m f. 6 500 m
 i. 3 800 m

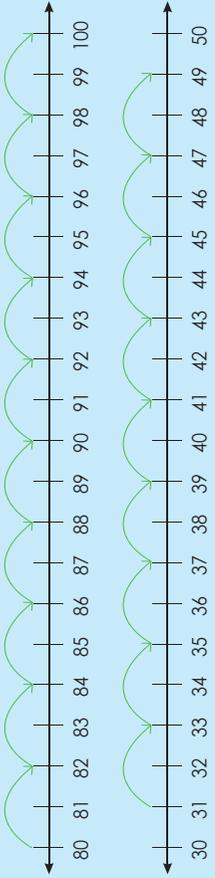
7. Write the following as m.

- a. $4\frac{1}{2}$ km b. $9\frac{1}{2}$ km
 d. 7 km 800 m e. $5\frac{1}{2}$ km
 g. $7\frac{1}{2}$ km h. 9 km 200 m
 c. 2 km 400 m f. 6 km 300 m
 i. $1\frac{1}{2}$ km

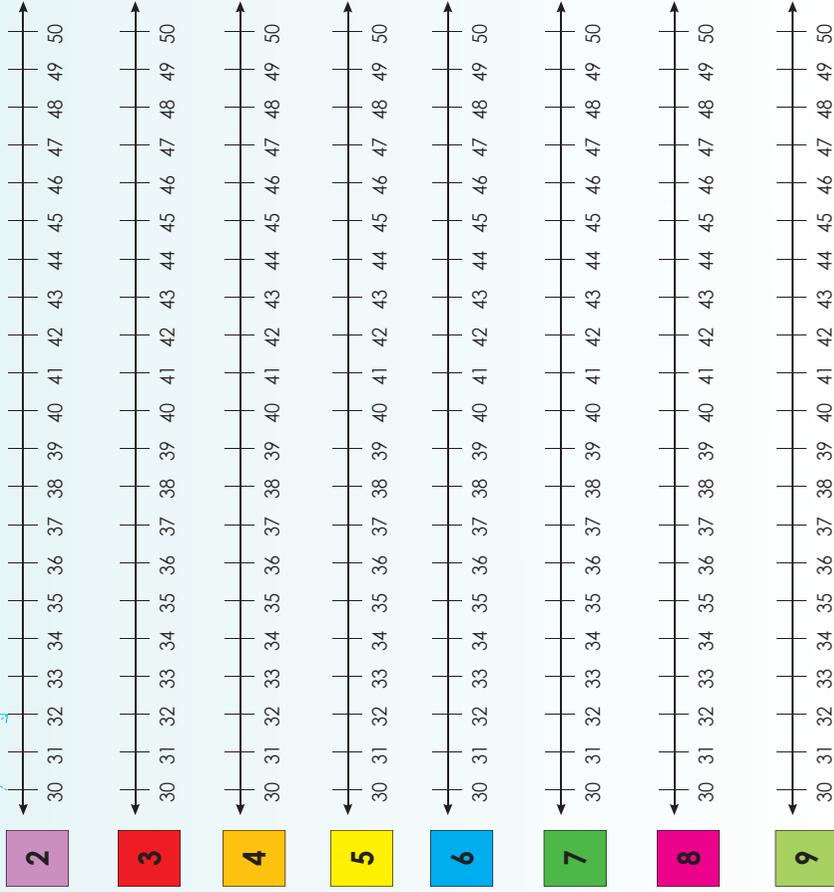
Distances

- a. I travelled $4\frac{1}{2}$ km. My friend travelled 4 700 m. Who travelled the furthest?
 b. I bought 5 700 mm of string and then 3 100 mm more. How much string did I buy? Write down your answer in mm and cm and then in m.
 c. I bought 9 m of ribbon. I used $4\frac{1}{2}$ m. How much ribbon do I have left? Write your answer in m and cm.
 d. My father's desk is 2 200 mm long and mine measures 1 900 mm. How much longer is my father's desk? Write down your answer in mm and cm.
 e. I bought 20 m of wool. I used $11\frac{1}{2}$ m. How much wool do I have left? Write your answer in m and cm.

What are these number lines showing?

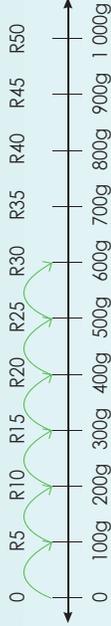


1. Show the multiples on the number lines.



2. Solve the following by showing it on a number line.

a. How much will 600 g of cheese cost?



Number sentence: $R5 \times 6 = R30$

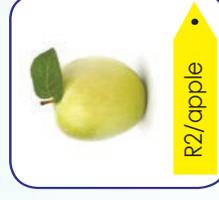
b. How much will 900 g viennas cost?



c. How much will 1 000 g chicken cost?



d. How much will 12 apples cost?



Sugar

The mass of 10 bags of sugar is 300 kg. What is the mass of 1 bag of sugar?



Multiplication: 2-digits by 2-digits

44a

Give the total of the numbers in each shape. Use multiplication.

circle

diamond

parallelogram

hexagon

1. Complete the table below.

Number	x 10	x 20	x 30	x 40	x 50
10					
20					
30					
40					
50					

2. Are these multiples of (extend the pattern):

- a. 10? 50, 60, 70, 80,
- b. 20? 260, 280, 300, 320,
- c. 40? 160, 200, 240, 280,
- d. 100? 200, 300, 400, 500,
- e. 90? 180, 270, 360, 450,

3. Use the method below to solve the multiplication sums on this and the next page.

Example:

$$\begin{aligned}
 11 \times 12 &= (10 + 1) \times (10 + 2) \\
 &= (10 \times 10) + (1 \times 10) + (10 \times 2) + (1 \times 2) \\
 &= 100 + 10 + 20 + 2 \\
 &= 100 + 30 + 2 \\
 &= 132
 \end{aligned}$$

c. $12 \times 13 =$

Continue on an extra sheet of paper.

b. $10 \times 21 =$

Continue on an extra sheet of paper.

Multiplication: 2-digits by 2-digits

continued

44b

c. $22 \times 14 =$

Continue on an extra sheet of paper.

d. $23 \times 17 =$

Continue on an extra sheet of paper.

e. $19 \times 22 =$

Continue on an extra sheet of paper.

4. Solve the problem.

Each box has 42 apples. How many apples are there altogether in 12 boxes?
Show all calculations.

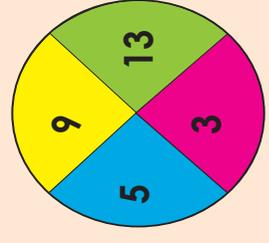
Continue on an extra sheet of paper.



How fast are you?

What to do:

- The aim is to see how fast you can fill in the answers in the white rectangles.
- Multiply each colour number on the circle by the same colour rectangle's to get your answer.



30	80
10	40
50	40
200	90
90	30
50	50
20	10
30	9
60	20
80	60



More multiplication: 2-digits by 2-digits

45a

Give the total of the numbers in each shape. Use multiplication.

100 100
100 100
100 100
100 100
100 100

125 125
125 125
125 125
125 125
125 125

50 50
50 50
50 50
50 50
50 50

150 150
150 150
150 150
150 150
150 150
150 150

1. Complete the table below.

Number	x 10	x 20	x 30	x 40	x 50	x 60	x 70	x 80	x 90
8									
10									
12									
15									
20									

2. These are multiples of (extend the pattern):

a. 20: 60, 80, 100, 120,

b. 50: 150, 200, 250, 300,

c. 100: 500, 600, 700, 800,

d. 200: 200, 400, 600, 800,

e. 250: 0, 250, 500, 750,

3. Use the method below to solve the sums.

Example:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &48 \times 36 \\
 &= (40 + 8) \times (30 + 6) \\
 &= (40 \times 30) + (8 \times 30) + (40 \times 6) + (8 \times 6) \\
 &= 1\,200 + 240 + 240 + 48 \\
 &= 1\,000 + 200 + 200 + 200 + 40 + 40 + 40 + 8 \\
 &= 1\,000 + 600 + 120 + 8 \\
 &= 1\,000 + 600 + 100 + 20 + 8 \\
 &= 1\,728
 \end{aligned}$$

a. $23 \times 54 =$

Continue on an extra sheet of paper.

b. $28 \times 62 =$

Continue on an extra sheet of paper.

More multiplication: 2-digits by 2-digits

Continued

45b

c. $35 \times 54 =$

Continue on an extra sheet of paper.

d. $33 \times 39 =$

Continue on an extra sheet of paper.

e. $28 \times 71 =$

Continue on an extra sheet of paper.

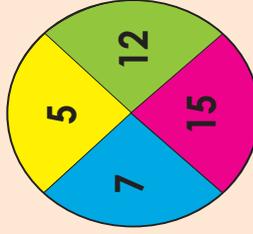
4. There are 38 children in our class. Each child needs to pay R45 for their stationery. How much money must your teacher collect?

Continue on an extra sheet of paper.

How fast are you...

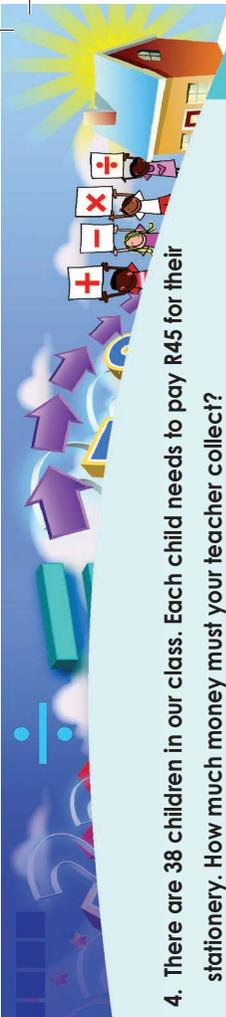
What to do:

- The aim is to see how fast you can fill in the answers in the white rectangles.
- Multiply each number on the circle by the same colour rectangles to get your answer.



20	50
30	40
60	20
60	10
10	10
90	70
90	80
50	40
10	50
80	50

Page: Date:



Revise rounding off to the nearest 10. Look at the number lines and describe them.

Round 6 off to the nearest ten.

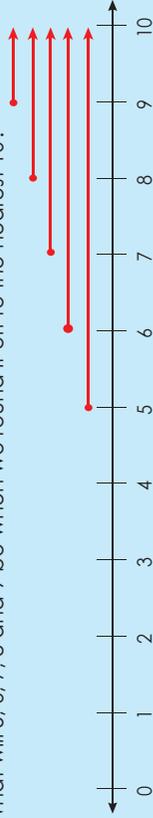


What will 1, 2, 3 and 4 be when we round it off to the nearest 10?



It will be zero.

What will 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 be when we round it off to the nearest 10?



It will be ten.

1. Round the following off to the nearest ten.

a. 13

b. 42

c. 35

d. 54

e. 21

f. 79

g. 68

h. 97

i. 86

2. Calculate these multiplication sums by approximating one or both of the numbers. Then multiply the numbers without approximation and compare the answers.

Example 1:

$$47 \times 45$$

$$\approx 50 \times 40 \text{ (by approximating the numbers)}$$

$$\approx 2\,000$$

$$47 \times 45$$

$$= (40 + 7) \times (40 + 5)$$

$$= (40 \times 40) + (40 \times 5) + (7 \times 40) + (7 \times 5)$$

$$= 1\,600 + 200 + 280 + 35$$

$$= 1\,000 + 600 + 200 + 200 + 80 + 30 + 5$$

$$= 1\,000 + 1\,000 + 110 + 5$$

$$= 2\,000 + 115$$

$$= 2\,115$$

Example 2:

$$47 \times 45$$

$$= (40 + 7) \times (40 + 5)$$

$$= (40 \times 40) + (40 \times 5) + (7 \times 40) + (7 \times 5)$$

$$= 1\,600 + 200 + 280 + 35$$

$$= 1\,000 + 600 + 200 + 200 + 80 + 30 + 5$$

$$= 2\,000 + 250$$

$$= 2\,000 + 115$$

$$= 2\,115$$

a. $28 \times 22 =$

Continue on an extra sheet of paper.

b. $23 \times 57 =$

Continue on an extra sheet of paper.

c. $35 \times 23 =$

Continue on an extra sheet of paper.

d. $48 \times 32 =$

Continue on an extra sheet of paper.

3. My answer is 1 440. What can the possible multiplicand and multiplier be?

What is the approximate cost?

What is the approximate cost if my company wants to buy 52 pairs of shoes at R48 per pair?

Multiplication: 2-digit numbers by 2-digit numbers

47

Look at these examples. What do you notice?

Example 1:

$$\begin{aligned} 6 &= 2 \times 3 \\ 12 &= 2 \times 2 \times 3 \\ 36 &= 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \\ 18 &= 2 \times 3 \times 3 \\ 72 &= 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \end{aligned}$$

Example 2:

$$\begin{aligned} 45 &= 3 \times 3 \times 5 \\ 30 &= 2 \times 3 \times 5 \\ 10 &= 2 \times 5 \\ 60 &= 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5 \\ 50 &= 2 \times 5 \times 5 \end{aligned}$$

1. Break down the number by multiplying 2s and 3s.

a. 6

b. 72

c. 108

2. Break down the number by multiplying 2s or 3s or 5s or a combination.

a. 30

b. 60

c. 20

3. Break down the multiplier (the second number) by multiplying 2s and 3s.

Example:

$$\begin{aligned} 47 \times 12 &= 47 \times 2 \times 6 \\ &= 47 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \\ &= 94 \times 2 \times 3 \\ &= 188 \times 3 \\ &= (100 + 80 + 8) \times 3 \\ &= 300 + 240 + 24 \\ &= 564 \end{aligned}$$

I broke down the second number into 2 and 6

I can break it down even further into 2, 2 and 3

a. 24×6

b. 32×72

c. 27×36

4. Break down the multiplier by multiplying 2s, 3s and 5s.

Example:

$$\begin{aligned} 53 \times 45 &= 53 \times 9 \times 5 \\ &= 53 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5 \\ &= 159 \times 3 \times 5 \\ &= 477 \times 5 \\ &= (400 + 70 + 7) \times 5 \\ &= 2\,000 + 350 + 35 \\ &= 2\,385 \end{aligned}$$

I broke down the second number into 9 and 5

I can break it down even further into 3, 3 and 5

a. 29×30

b. 44×4

c. 56×20

An apple a day!

A teacher paid R2 per apple. She bought 45 apples per class. She had to buy for all 3 classes in the grade. How much did she pay?

3-D Objects

48

Look at the picture. Discuss it. Use words such as prisms, pyramids, spheres and cylinders.



1. Write the number of objects you see in the picture next to the word.

Prisms

- a. Triangular prism
- b. Rectangular prism
- c. Pentagonal prism
- d. Hexagonal prism

Spheres

Pyramids

- e. Triangular pyramid
- f. Square pyramid
- g. Pentagonal pyramid
- h. Hexagonal pyramid

Cylinders

-
-
-
-
-

2. Which of these are prisms? Write the names. Which of these are pyramids? Write the names. Which one is the cylinder and sphere?

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Number madness

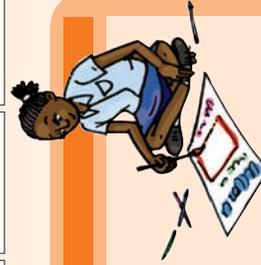
Shapes in a poster ...

Three pictures of products which are packaged in rectangular prisms.

Three everyday objects which are spheres.

Which kind of prism is most appropriate for packaging books in? Why?

Three everyday objects which are cylinders.

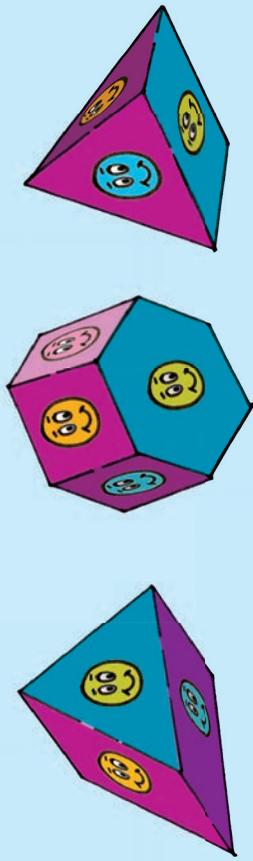


Page: Date:

Faces

49

Do we see all the faces on the objects?

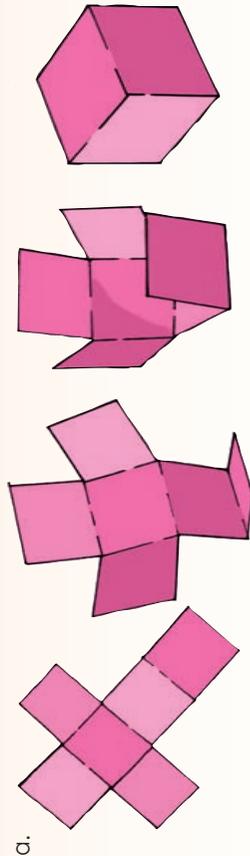


1. Use Cut-out 7. Fold the nets (patterns) to make prisms and pyramids. Paste a different coloured head on each face (flat side) of the prism or pyramid.

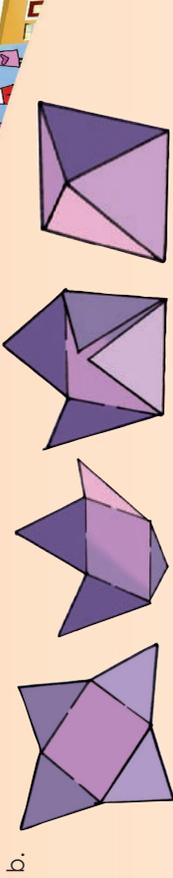
2. Name the shapes of the faces (sides) in these objects.

Prism	Shapes	Pyramids	Shapes
a. Triangular prism	Triangle	e. Triangular pyramid	
b. Cube		f. Square pyramid	
c. Pentagonal prism		g. Pentagonal pyramid	
d. Hexagonal prism		h. Hexagonal pyramid	

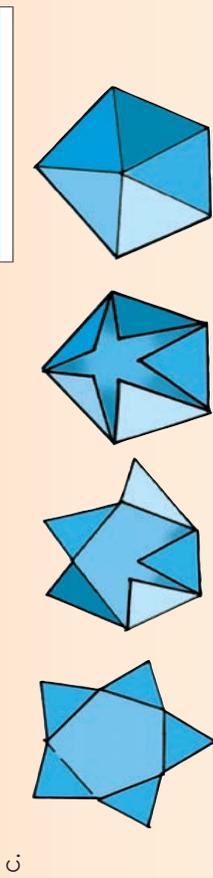
3. Name the object. Name the shapes of the faces.



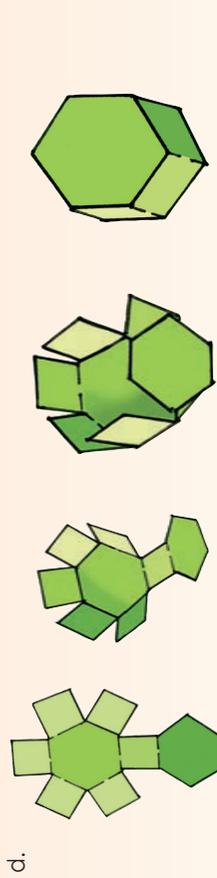
Name of object: Shape of faces:



Name of object: Shapes of faces:



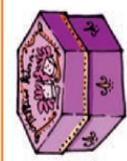
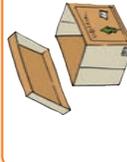
Name of object: Shapes of faces:



Name of object: Shapes of faces:

Everyday objects

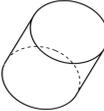
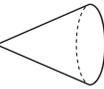
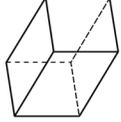
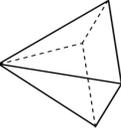
Name the shapes of the faces of each object.



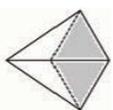
Describing and making models of 3-D objects

50

Look at these examples. What do you notice?

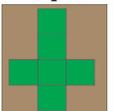
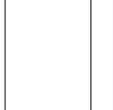
Spheres  curved surfaces	Cylinders  flat and curved surfaces	Cones  flat and curved surfaces	Rectangular prisms  flat surfaces	Square-based pyramids  flat surfaces
--	---	---	---	--

1. Complete the table

3-D object	Name the 3-D object	Number of faces	Shape of shaded face of the 3-D object
			
			
			
			

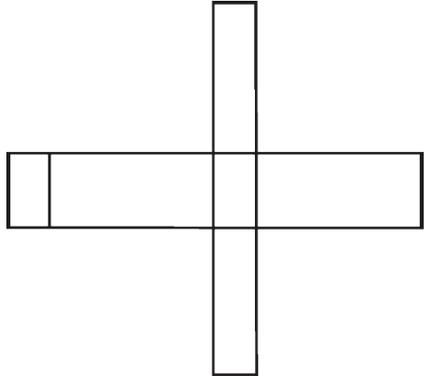
2. Name the object these shapes are forming.

a.    

b.    

3. Trace the nets to make the 3-D objects. Describe each object.

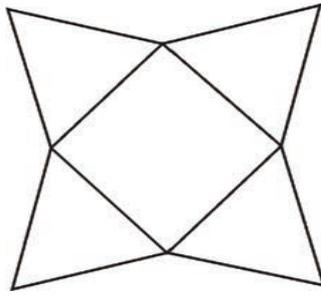
a. Rectangular prism



Describe the object by using words such as:

- Surfaces (flat and curved)
- Shape of faces

b. Square-based pyramid



Describe the object by using words such as:

- Surfaces (flat and curved)
- Shape of faces

Box work

Redesign your favourite box. Choose a box that is a rectangular prism. Unfold it. Copy the pattern (net) and make a similar box.

Investigate geometric patterns

51

Look and discuss

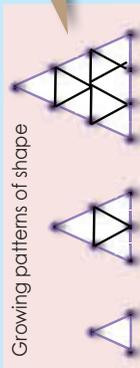


Growing patterns of numbers
3 6 10

What will the next pattern be?



How do the patterns differ?



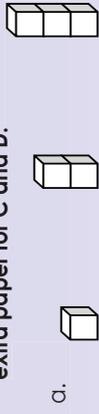
Growing patterns of numbers
1 4 9

What will the next pattern be?

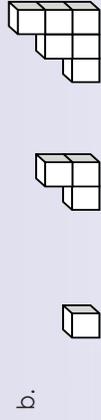
1. Extend the geometric pattern and write it as a number pattern.

a.		16
	1 4 9	
b.		
c.		
d.		

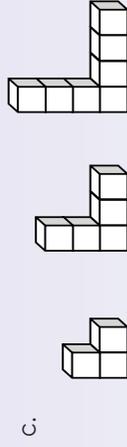
2. Extend the geometric pattern and complete the table. You may need extra paper for C and D.



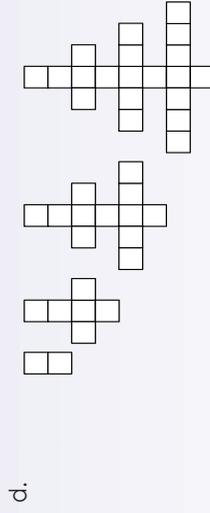
Pattern	1	2	3	4	5	6	10
Number of blocks							



Pattern	1	2	3	4	5	6	10
Number of blocks							



Pattern	1	2	3	4	5	6	10
Number of blocks							



Pattern	1	2	3	4	5	6	10
Number of blocks							

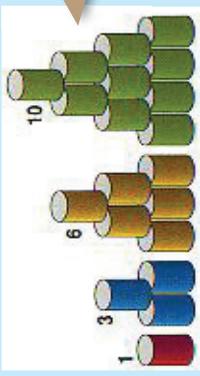
Patterns in a sequence

What is the tenth pattern? Use a table to show your answer.

52 Investigate and extend geometric patterns

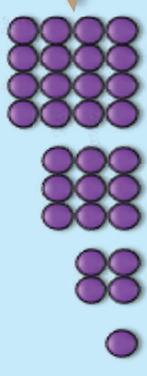
Let us do some practical activities.

Build the following using cool drink cans. What is the difference between the patterns? What will the difference be between the fourth and the fifth pattern?



The difference between the first and second pattern is 2, between the second and the third pattern is 3, and between the third and fourth pattern is 4.

Build the following using bottle tops. What is the difference between the patterns? What will the difference be between the fourth and the fifth pattern?



The difference between the first and second pattern is 3, between the second and the third pattern is 5, and between the third and fourth pattern is 7.

1. Extend each pattern. Say what is the difference between the patterns. Say if the difference is the same or different between the patterns.

a.

b.

c.

d.

e.

f.

2. Extend the patterns.

a.

$1 + 1 + 1 + 1 = 4$

$4 + 4 + 4 + 4 = 16$

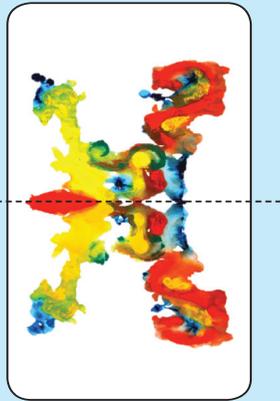
b.

Be creative

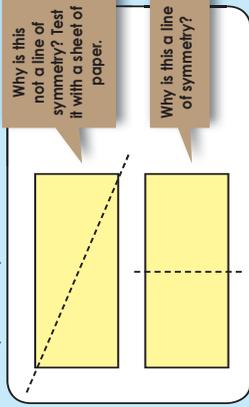
Extend this pattern. Make use of colour to make your pattern more interesting.

Do these two practical activities.

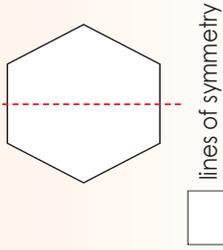
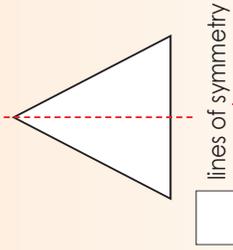
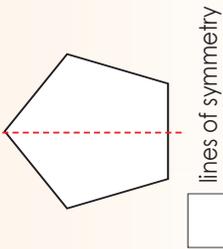
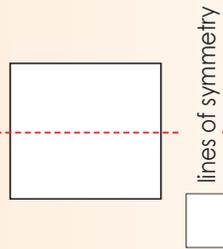
Make a symmetrical picture using **paper** and **paint**. Describe your picture. Draw a line of symmetry.



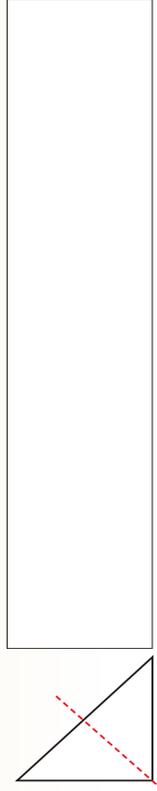
Use **paper** to show the line of symmetry. When the folded part fits perfectly on top (all edges matching), then the fold line is a line of symmetry.



1. Are these the only lines of symmetry? How many more lines of symmetry can you identify? Draw them in a different colour.



2. Why do we have only one line of symmetry on this triangle?



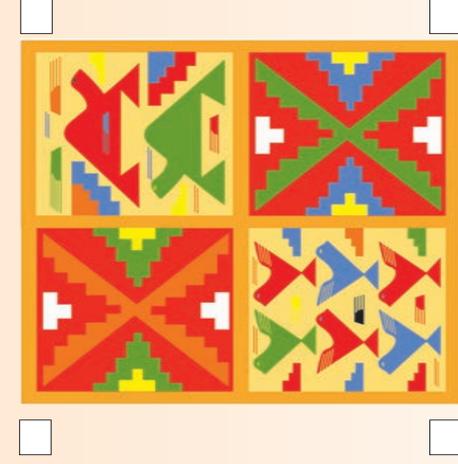
3. Draw a line of symmetry on these real life objects.



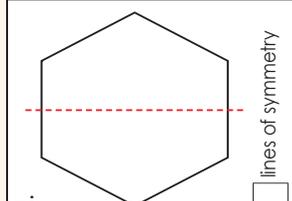
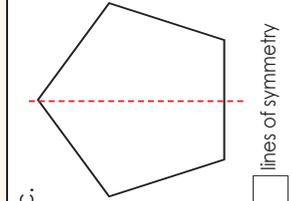
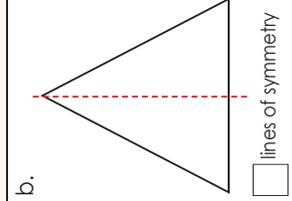
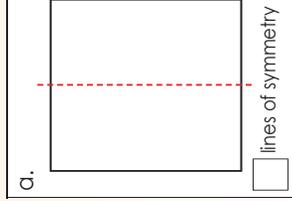
4. Colour the butterflies to show that they are symmetrical.



5. Which of these pictures have lines of symmetry?



6. How many more lines of symmetry can you identify? What is the total number?



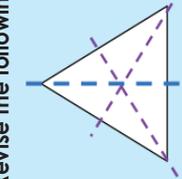
How many?

How many lines of symmetry will a regular octagon have?

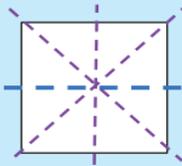
Lines of symmetry

54

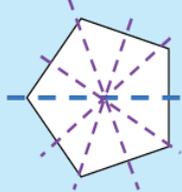
Revise the following:



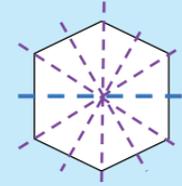
three lines of symmetry



four lines of symmetry



five lines of symmetry



six lines of symmetry

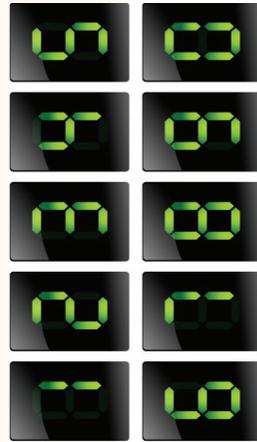
1. Show the lines of symmetry on the letters that are symmetrical.

A B C D E F
 G H I J K L
 M N O P Q R
 S T U V W X
 Y Z

a. The letters that have lines of symmetry are

b. The letters that do not have lines of symmetry are:

2. We will find numbers like these on, for example, a digital clock. Write in the block on the right-hand side the numbers that are symmetrical. Show the line of symmetry.



3. Answer these questions.

- i. Does the shape have a line or lines of symmetry? Answer yes or no.
- ii. How many lines of symmetry will the following shapes have? Show the lines of symmetry on the shapes that are symmetrical.

<p>a.</p> <p>i. <input type="text"/> lines of symmetry ii. <input type="text"/> lines of symmetry</p>	<p>b.</p> <p>i. <input type="text"/> lines of symmetry ii. <input type="text"/> lines of symmetry</p>	<p>c.</p> <p>i. <input type="text"/> lines of symmetry ii. <input type="text"/> lines of symmetry</p>
<p>d.</p> <p>i. <input type="text"/> lines of symmetry ii. <input type="text"/> lines of symmetry</p>	<p>e.</p> <p>i. <input type="text"/> lines of symmetry ii. <input type="text"/> lines of symmetry</p>	<p>f.</p> <p>i. <input type="text"/> lines of symmetry ii. <input type="text"/> lines of symmetry</p>
<p>g.</p> <p>i. <input type="text"/> lines of symmetry ii. <input type="text"/> lines of symmetry</p>	<p>h.</p> <p>i. <input type="text"/> lines of symmetry ii. <input type="text"/> lines of symmetry</p>	<p>i.</p> <p>i. <input type="text"/> lines of symmetry ii. <input type="text"/> lines of symmetry</p>

The flag



Is the South African flag symmetrical?

Addition and subtraction

55

What is the difference between the numbers? Count forwards.

1 000	2 000	3 000	4 000	5 000
2 600	2 700	2 800	2 900	3 000
500	1 500	2 500	3 500	4 500
109	1 109	2 109	3 109	4 109
1 500	2 000	2 500	3 500	4 000

What is the difference between the numbers? Count backwards.

1. What number comes next?

- a. 1 000, 2 000, 3 000,
- b. 3 300, 3 400, 3 500,
- c. 689, 1 689, 2 689,
- d. 2 760, 3 760, 4 760,

2. Complete the table by adding or subtracting to or from the number in the first column.

Number	Add 100	Subtract 100	Add 1 000	Subtract 1 000
3 212				
2 910				
3 106				
1 069				
2 989				

Examples:

Example 1:

$$1\ 256 + 1\ 323$$

$$= 1\ 000 + 1\ 000 + 200 + 300 + 50 + 20 + 6 + 3$$

$$= 2\ 000 + 500 + 70 + 9$$

$$= 2\ 579$$

$$1\ 000 + 200 + 50 + 6 + 1\ 000 + 300 + 20 + 3$$

Example 2:

$$2\ 459 + 1\ 816$$

$$= 2\ 000 + 400 + 400 + 800 + 50 + 10 + 9 + 6$$

$$= 3\ 000 + 1\ 200 + 60 + 15$$

$$= 3\ 000 + 1\ 000 + 200 + 60 + 10 + 5$$

$$= 4\ 000 + 200 + 70 + 5$$

$$= 4\ 275$$

$$2\ 000$$

$$400$$

$$50$$

$$9$$

$$1\ 000$$

$$800$$

$$10$$

$$6$$



3. Calculate these sums. Write the steps you use on a separate piece of paper.

a. $2\ 481 + 1\ 318 =$

b. $1\ 516 + 3\ 243 =$

c. $3\ 265 + 1\ 329 =$

d. $2\ 548 + 1\ 264 =$

e. $1\ 458 + 1\ 258 =$

f. $1\ 786 + 2\ 547 =$

4. Complete the word problems. Show your calculations.

- a. There were 75 children in the music lesson, 15 went home early and 3 went to soccer lessons. How many children were left in the music lesson?

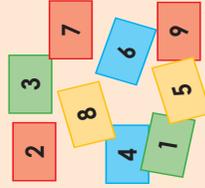
Continue on an extra sheet of paper

- b. Andile collects 2 283 cans for recycling in the first month. He collects 3 325 cans in the second month. How many cans did he collect altogether?

Continue on an extra sheet of paper

I dropped my number puzzle.

I dropped my puzzle pieces. Help me to fill the spaces so that each row and column adds up to 15. You can only use each number once.





Addition and subtraction up to 4-digit numbers

What is the difference between the numbers? Count forwards and backwards.

6 000	7 000	8 000	9 000	10 000
3 070	4 070	5 070	6 070	7 070
3 600	4 600	5 600	6 600	7 600
5 900	6 900	7 900	8 900	9 900
5 998	6 098	6 198	6 298	6 398

1. What number comes next?

- a. 7 000, 8 000, 9 000,
- b. 6 647, 6 747, 6 847,
- c. 6 989, 7 989, 8 989,
- d. 8 406, 8 906, 9 406,

2. Complete the table.

Number	Add 100	Subtract 100	Add 1 000	Subtract 1 000
7 416				
8 896				
4 560				
6 209				
8 008				

3. Calculate the following:

- a. $7\,568 + 64 =$
- b. $8\,721 + 657 =$

c. $4\,825 + 1\,265 =$

4. Subtract the following:

a. $9\,471 - 49 =$

b. $7\,958 - 394 =$

c. $9\,864 - 1\,459 =$

d. $8\,210 - 5\,784 =$

d. $2\,548 + 6\,980 =$

5. 3 500 people attended the first show of a concert. Another 2 425 booked tickets for the second show but 518 of them did not arrive. How many people attended the second show?

How quick can you calculate?

start

100 ≲ 100 ≲ 100 ≲ 100 ≲ 100 ≲ 100 ≲ 100

100 ≲ 100 ≲ 100 ≲ 100 ≲ 100 ≲ 100 ≲ 100

100 ≲ 100 ≲ 100 ≲ 100 ≲ 100 ≲ 100 ≲ 100

end



Addition of 4-digit numbers

57

Explain the following:

8 934	8 000 + 900 + 30 + 4
6 892	6 000 + 800 + 90 + 2
5 035	5 000 + 30 + 5
7 002	7 000 + 2

1. Complete the following, using the example provided.

Example

$8 + 7 =$	15	$= 10 + 5$
$80 + 70 =$	150	$= 100 + 50$
$800 + 700 =$	1 500	$= 1 000 + 500$

a. $9 + 6 =$	15	$= 10 + 5$	<input type="text"/>	$=$
$90 + 60 =$	<input type="text"/>	$=$	<input type="text"/>	$=$
$900 + 600 =$	<input type="text"/>	$=$	<input type="text"/>	$=$
b. $5 + 6 =$	<input type="text"/>	$=$	<input type="text"/>	$=$
$50 + 60 =$	<input type="text"/>	$=$	<input type="text"/>	$=$
$500 + 600 =$	<input type="text"/>	$=$	<input type="text"/>	$=$

2. Calculate the following:

Example:

Calculate $5\,362 + 2\,486$

$5\,362 + 2\,486$
 $= 5\,000 + 300 + 60 + 2 + 2\,000 + 400 + 80 + 6$
 $= 5\,000 + 2\,000 + 300 + 400 + 60 + 80 + 2 + 6$
 $= 7\,000 + 700 + 140 + 8$
 $= 7\,848$

OR

$2 + 6 = 8$
 And $60 + 80 = 140$
 And $300 + 400 = 700$
 And $5\,000 + 2\,000 = 7\,000$
 $5\,362 + 2\,486 = 7\,848$

Term 2

a. $8\,743 + 1\,246 =$

b. $1\,726 + 6\,484 =$

c. $1\,234 + 7\,689 =$

3. Calculate the following:

Example: Calculate $5\,362 + 2\,486$

$5\,362 + 2\,000 \rightarrow 7\,362 + 400 \rightarrow 7\,762 + 80 \rightarrow 7\,842 + 6 \rightarrow 7\,848$

a. $8\,657 + 1\,132 =$

b. $5\,189 + 4\,810 =$

c. $4\,610 + 5\,379 =$

d. $7\,944 + 2\,476 =$

e. $7\,562 + 2\,548 =$

f. $4\,618 + 3\,795 =$

At the zoo

There were 3 562 people at the zoo during the first week of February. During the second week there were 3 649. How many people visited the zoo during the first two weeks of February?

Problem solving: addition and subtraction

58

Look at the pictures. How do you feel when you get a problem to solve? How should you feel if you want to do well in mathematics?



1. Solve the following problems:

a. Anandi bought an oven for R3 780 and a dinner set for R6 560. How much did she pay altogether?



b. Susan earns R3 460 each month cooking. How much does she earn in two months?



c. I have R6 834 in my bank account. I save R2 573. How much money do I have now?



d. Mark bought a computer and a computer program. He paid R9 470. The computer cost R7 435. How much did he pay for the computer program?



e. Mandla and Thandi bought plane tickets to visit their older brother in England. They paid R7 678 for one ticket. How much did the two tickets cost together?



f. Shakira has to send out books to schools in each province. She still needs to send 2 895 copies to Northern West and 4 678 copies to the Northern Cape. How many copies have not been delivered yet?



g. Lerato is getting married. She paid R2 578 for the flowers and R4 243 for the food. How much did she have to pay for the flowers and the food together?



h. Wendy went to Durban. She paid R3 584 to stay at a hotel for a week. How much would she pay if she wanted to stay for two weeks?

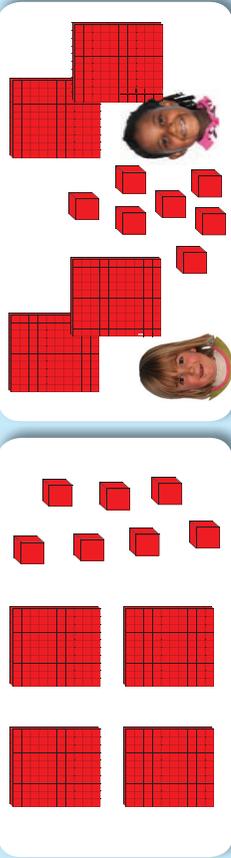


Four-digit problems

Create your own interesting maths problem using two 4-digit numbers.

Sharing and Grouping problems

Look at the two pictures below. Use the words 'group' and 'share' to describe it.



1. Complete the table using the example in the first row to guide you:

Share between	Division sum
	$80 \div 8 = \square$

2. Complete the following:

2

$20 \div 2 =$	$200 \div 2 =$
$18 \div 2 =$	$180 \div 2 =$
$16 \div 2 =$	$160 \div 2 =$
$14 \div 2 =$	$140 \div 2 =$
$12 \div 2 =$	$120 \div 2 =$
$10 \div 2 =$	$100 \div 2 =$
$8 \div 2 =$	$80 \div 2 =$
$6 \div 2 =$	$60 \div 2 =$
$4 \div 2 =$	$40 \div 2 =$

4

$40 \div 4 =$	$400 \div 4 =$
$36 \div 4 =$	$360 \div 4 =$
$32 \div 4 =$	$320 \div 4 =$
$28 \div 4 =$	$280 \div 4 =$
$24 \div 4 =$	$240 \div 4 =$
$20 \div 4 =$	$200 \div 4 =$
$16 \div 4 =$	$160 \div 4 =$
$12 \div 4 =$	$120 \div 4 =$
$8 \div 4 =$	$80 \div 4 =$

3

$30 \div 3 =$	$300 \div 3 =$
$27 \div 3 =$	$270 \div 3 =$
$24 \div 3 =$	$240 \div 3 =$
$21 \div 3 =$	$210 \div 3 =$
$18 \div 3 =$	$180 \div 3 =$
$15 \div 3 =$	$150 \div 3 =$
$12 \div 3 =$	$120 \div 3 =$
$9 \div 3 =$	$90 \div 3 =$
$6 \div 3 =$	$60 \div 3 =$

5

$50 \div 5 =$	$500 \div 5 =$
$45 \div 5 =$	$450 \div 5 =$
$40 \div 5 =$	$400 \div 5 =$
$35 \div 5 =$	$350 \div 5 =$
$30 \div 5 =$	$300 \div 5 =$
$25 \div 5 =$	$250 \div 5 =$
$20 \div 5 =$	$200 \div 5 =$
$15 \div 5 =$	$150 \div 5 =$
$10 \div 5 =$	$100 \div 5 =$

Describe the picture you see when you do these division sums.



How fast are you?

Colour any two numbers that will give you an answer of 2.

2

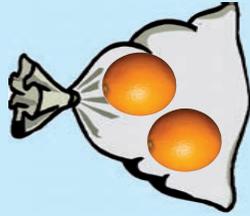
8	4	5	13	12	22
6	3	20	30	2	
11	1	7	9	32	10

Colour any two numbers that will give you an answer of 3.

3

8	33	23	12	13	9
6	5	9	30	10	
99	7	11	15	88	90

Bag with 2 oranges.



This bag of oranges costs R4

I wonder how much each orange costs?

1. Complete the following:

a. It is R per orange

b. It is R per orange

c. It is R per apple

d. It is R per apple

e. It is R per banana

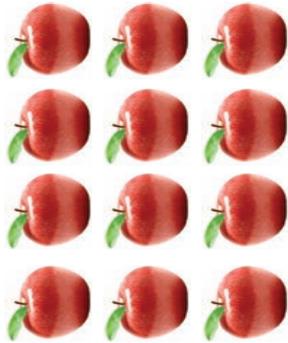
The symbol we use for rate is /
Example: R2/orange.

2. Write questions 1 a, b, c, d and e, above, with the "/" symbol

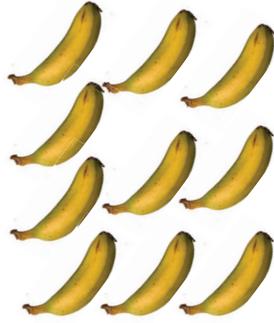
- a. R
- b. R
- c. R
- d. R
- e. R

3. Complete the following:

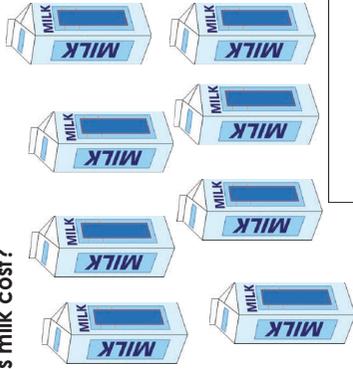
How much do these apples cost if one apple costs R2?



How much do these bananas cost if each banana costs R1,50?



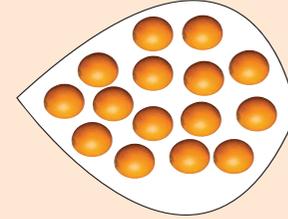
The milk costs R10/litre. How much does this milk cost?



The chicken is on special for R25/kg. How much will 2 kg cost?



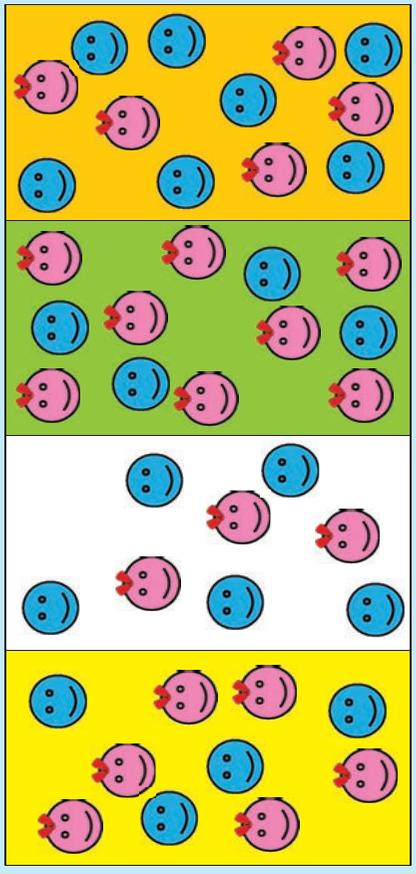
Quick counting ...



Quickly count the oranges in the bag. All of them cost R15. How much does one orange cost?

Remember: always do this activity when you go to a shop. This will sharpen your mental maths skills.

How many girls are there in each picture?
How many boys are there in each picture?



1. Complete the following:

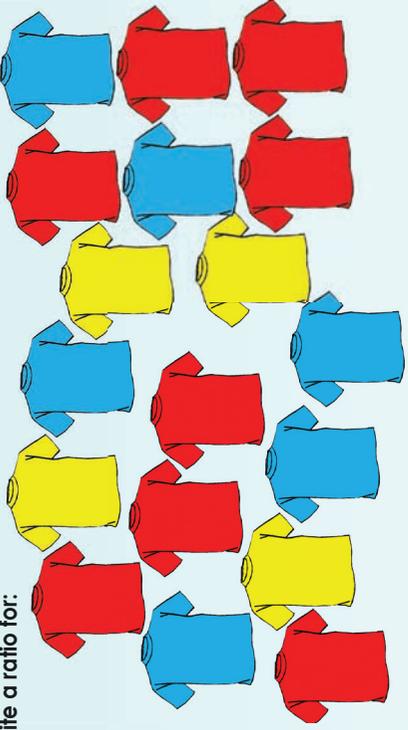
Class	Girls	Boys	We can write it as:
Yellow	6	4	6:4
White			
Green			
Orange			

We write a ratio like this

6:4

Ratio symbol

2. Write a ratio for:



- a. Blue and red shirts.
- b. Blue and yellow shirts.
- c. Red and yellow shirts.

3. Draw the following:

Red and yellow flowers	<input type="text" value="4:5"/>	Dogs and cats	<input type="text" value="8:6"/>
Boys and girls	<input type="text" value="8:10"/>	Apples and bananas	<input type="text" value="7:8"/>

I love my teacher ...

You have written this message for your teacher. What will the ratios be between:

- Red and blue jelly tots?
- Green and black jelly tots?
- Oranges and blue jelly tots?



Division of 2-digit numbers by 1-digit numbers

Reverse these division sums by giving a multiplication sum for each. We call this an inverse operation.

$14 \div 2 = 7$	$50 \div 5 = 10$	$9 \div 3 = 3$	$36 \div 9 = 4$
$48 \div 6 = 8$	$15 \div 3 = 5$	$12 \div 2 = 6$	$24 \div 8 = 3$
$49 \div 7 = 7$	$64 \div 8 = 8$	$21 \div 3 = 7$	$35 \div 7 = 5$
$6 \div 3 = 2$	$25 \div 5 = 5$	$60 \div 6 = 10$	$40 \div 5 = 8$
$12 \div 6 = 2$	$18 \div 2 = 9$	$14 \div 7 = 2$	$40 \div 8 = 5$

1. Give the inverse operation for the following.

- a. $57 \div 3 =$ b. $56 \div 8 =$ c. $60 \div 5 =$
 d. $63 \div 9 =$ e. $68 \div 4 =$ f. $48 \div 2 =$
 g. $54 \div 6 =$ h. $45 \div 9 =$ i. $42 \div 7 =$

2. Use the two examples to guide you to solve the division sums.

Example 1:
 $50 \div 8 =$

We can ask ourselves: How many groups of 8 will give us 50?



You can also use the table to help you.

$1 \times 8 = 8$
$2 \times 8 = 16$
$3 \times 8 = 24$
$4 \times 8 = 32$
$5 \times 8 = 40$
$6 \times 8 = 48$
$7 \times 8 = 56$
$8 \times 8 = 64$
$9 \times 8 = 72$

Example 2:
 $50 \div 8 =$

We can ask ourselves: If I share 50 between 8, how much will each get?

Let us share



If we share 8 between 50 we will get 6 and two remainders.

- a. $60 \div 8 =$ b. $40 \div 9 =$ c. $31 \div 5 =$
 d. $43 \div 2 =$ e. $66 \div 7 =$ f. $49 \div 4 =$

3. Use the two examples to guide you to solve the division sums.

Example 1:
 $500 \div 8$

We can ask ourselves how many groups of 8 will give us 500.

We say:

10 groups of 8 is 80
 20 groups of 8 is 160
 30 groups of 8 is 240
 40 groups of 8 is 320
 50 groups of 8 is 400
60 groups of 8 is 480
 70 groups of 8 is 560

We write:

$10 \times 8 = 80$
 $20 \times 8 = 160$
 $30 \times 8 = 240$
 $40 \times 8 = 320$
 $50 \times 8 = 400$
 $60 \times 8 = 480$
 $70 \times 8 = 560$

- **60 groups** of 8 will give us 480
 - 70 groups of 8 will give us 560
 - 560 is too big, so we will choose 60 groups
- Sixty groups of 8 will give me 480 with 20 left.

Now we can ask ourselves how many groups of 8 will give us 20.

We say:

1 group of 8 is 8
 2 groups of 8 is 16
 3 groups of 8 is 24

We write:

$1 \times 8 = 8$
 $2 \times 8 = 16$
 $3 \times 8 = 24$

- **2 groups** of 8 will give us 16
- 3 groups of 8 will give us 24
- 24 is too big, so we will choose 2 groups

Two groups of 8 will give me 16 with 4 left.
60 groups + 2 groups = 62 groups
 $500 \div 8 = 62 \text{ rem } 4$

Example 2:

$$\begin{array}{r} 62 \text{ rem } 4 \\ 8 \overline{)500} \\ \underline{-48} \\ 20 \\ \underline{-16} \\ 4 \end{array}$$

60 groups of 8 is 480
 2 groups of 8 is 16

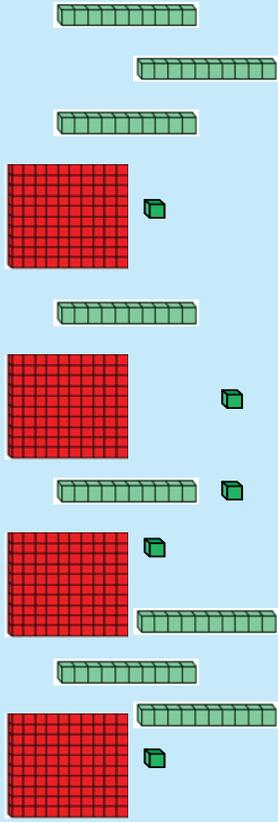
- a. $650 \div 9 =$ b. $400 \div 9 =$ c. $301 \div 5 =$

Sharing equally problems

- How many groups of 4 can you make with 36 marbles?
- How many groups of 8 can you make with 56 counters?
- How many groups of 6 can you make with 42 cards?
- Share 54 counters amongst 8 children.
- Share 47 marbles amongst 4 children.
- Share 43 sweets amongst 6 children.

63 Division of 3-digit numbers by 1-digit numbers

Share the blocks between 2 children. Do you have any blocks left?



1. Calculate the following:

Example 1:

$$375 \div 8 =$$

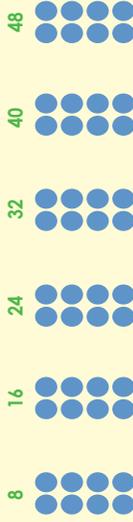
Let us break down them number 375 into (370 + 5).

Let us ask ourselves how many groups of 8 will give us 370?

Tens x 8

- $10 \times 8 = 80$
- $20 \times 8 = 160$
- $30 \times 8 = 240$
- $40 \times 8 = 320$
- $50 \times 8 = 400$
- $60 \times 8 = 480$
- $70 \times 8 = 560$
- $80 \times 8 = 640$
- $90 \times 8 = 720$

Let us count

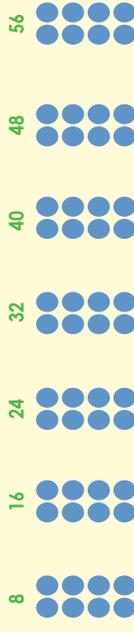


4 groups will give us 32 but 5 groups are too big. How many groups of 8 will give us 370.

40 groups will give us 320 but 50 groups will give us 400. We have 50 left plus 5.

How many groups of 8 will give us 55.

Let us count



6 groups will give us 48 but 7 groups is too big. So we have 48 and 7 left over.

The answer to $375 \div 8$ is 46 remainder 7.

a. $925 \div 2 =$

b. $457 \div 7 =$

c. $596 \div 3 =$

d. $338 \div 8 =$

e. $767 \div 4 =$

f. $806 \div 9 =$

g. $649 \div 5 =$

h. $179 \div 8 =$

i. $285 \div 6 =$

Sharing the money

We are four children in our family. My father gave us R350 to share. We each received the same amount in full rands. How many rands remained?

64 Division problems

Here are some key words for division and multiplication. Can you add any other words to the list?

Multiply by, multiply, groups of, product, lots of, times table, times, of
 Divide by, share, share equally, divisible by, divide, divide into, group

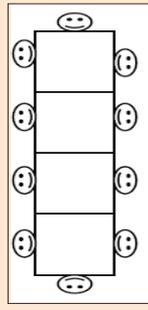
1. Solve the following problems:

<p>a. I bought five sport t-shirts for R265. How much did I pay per t-shirt?</p> <p>i. What is the question? How much did I pay per t-shirt?</p> <p>ii. What are the numbers? R265 and 5</p> <p>iii. What is the key word? Per (per tells me to divide)</p> <p>iv. What is the number sentence? $R265 \div 5 = \square$</p> <p>v. Solve it: $R265 \div 5 = R53$</p> <p>vi. Write a sentence: I paid R53 for each t-shirt.</p>	<p>b. A shoe shop sells all pairs of shoes for R82. My mother and sister bought 9 pairs altogether. How much did they pay?</p> <p>i. _____</p> <p>ii. _____</p> <p>iii. _____</p> <p>iv. _____</p> <p>v. _____</p> <p>vi. _____</p>
<p>c. The bookshop sold 8 books for R500. How much did each book cost?</p> <p>i. _____</p> <p>ii. _____</p> <p>iii. _____</p> <p>iv. _____</p> <p>v. _____</p> <p>vi. _____</p>	<p>d. My teacher bought 7 story books for R69 each. How much did she pay for all the story books?</p> <p>i. _____</p> <p>ii. _____</p> <p>iii. _____</p> <p>iv. _____</p> <p>v. _____</p> <p>vi. _____</p>

<p>e. My mother bought computer gadgets for R98 each. She bought 5 gadgets. How much did she pay altogether?</p> <p>i. _____</p> <p>ii. _____</p> <p>iii. _____</p> <p>iv. _____</p> <p>v. _____</p> <p>vi. _____</p>	<p>f. I spent R600 on 6 computer games. How much did I pay for each game?</p> <p>i. _____</p> <p>ii. _____</p> <p>iii. _____</p> <p>iv. _____</p> <p>v. _____</p> <p>vi. _____</p>
<p>g. My mother went on a training course for 7 days. The lunch cost R75 per day. How much did she pay for her lunches?</p> <p>i. _____</p> <p>ii. _____</p> <p>iii. _____</p> <p>iv. _____</p> <p>v. _____</p> <p>vi. _____</p>	<p>g. I have R400. Computer games cost R75 each. How many games could I buy?</p> <p>i. _____</p> <p>ii. _____</p> <p>iii. _____</p> <p>iv. _____</p> <p>v. _____</p> <p>vi. _____</p>

Seating the guests

You need seats for 58 people at your party. You make one long table by joining a number of small tables. Each small table can seat two persons, plus one at each end of the long table, e.g. the 4 small tables below can seat 10 people. How many small tables do you need?



- a. 28
- b. 29
- c. 30
- d. 32
- e. 34

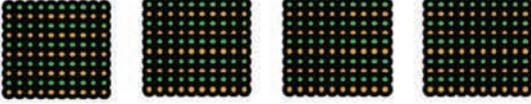
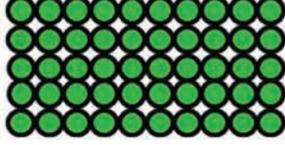
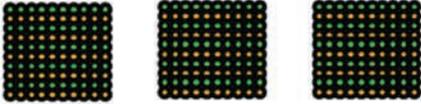
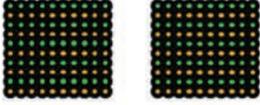
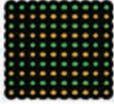
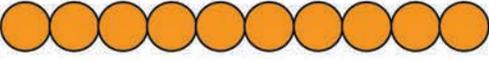
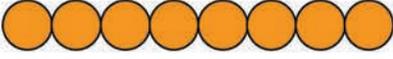
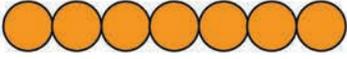
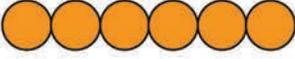
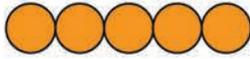
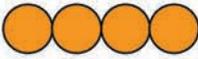
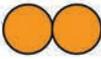


Notes

5 2:1

A large rectangular area with horizontal dashed lines for writing notes.

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14



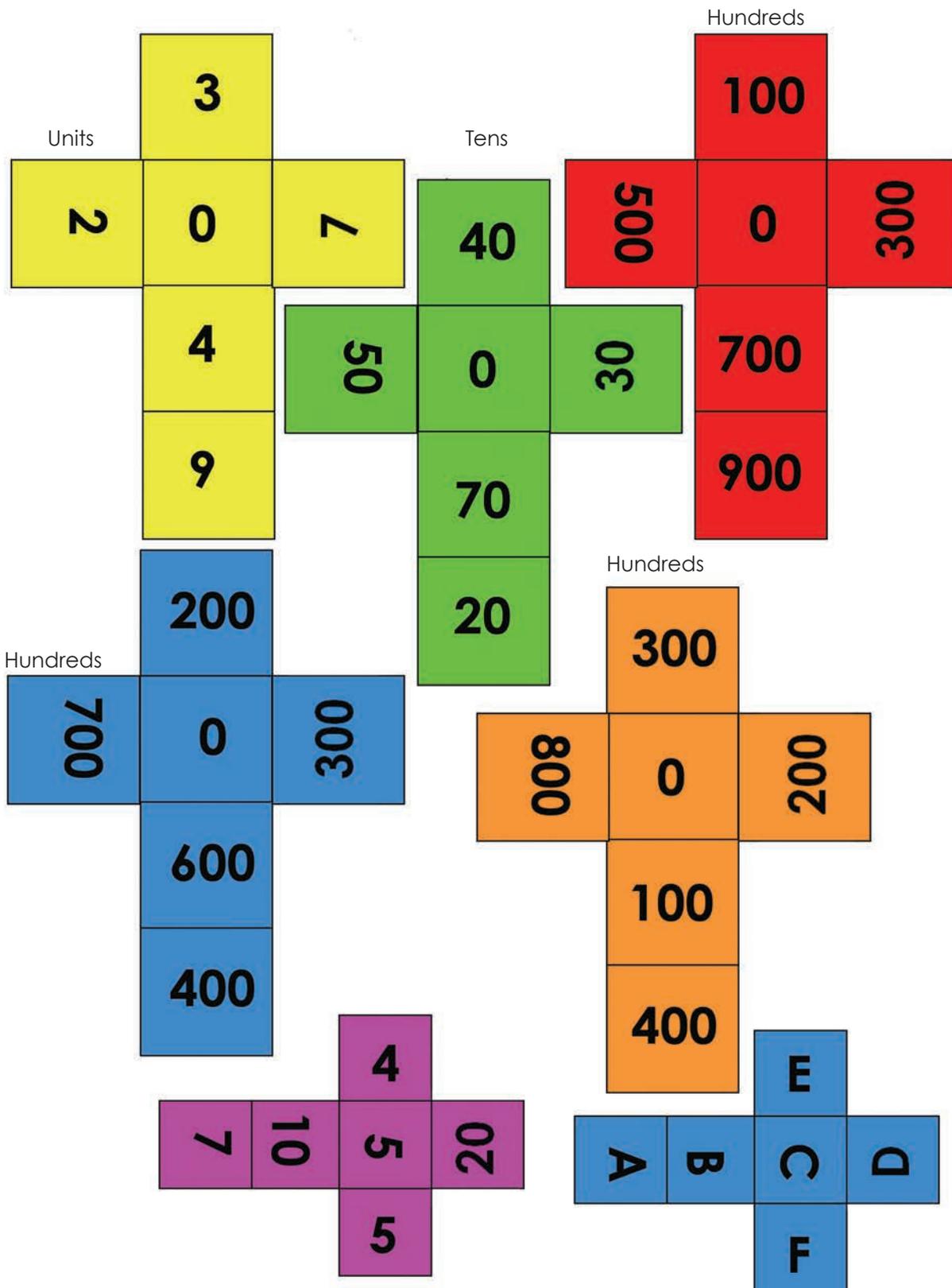
1	1 0	1 0 0	1 0 0 0
2	2 0	2 0 0	2 0 0 0
3	3 0	3 0 0	3 0 0 0
4	4 0	4 0 0	4 0 0 0
5	5 0	5 0 0	5 0 0 0
6	6 0	6 0 0	6 0 0 0
7	7 0	7 0 0	7 0 0 0
8	8 0	8 0 0	8 0 0 0
9	9 0	9 0 0	9 0 0 0



Mathematics Grade 4

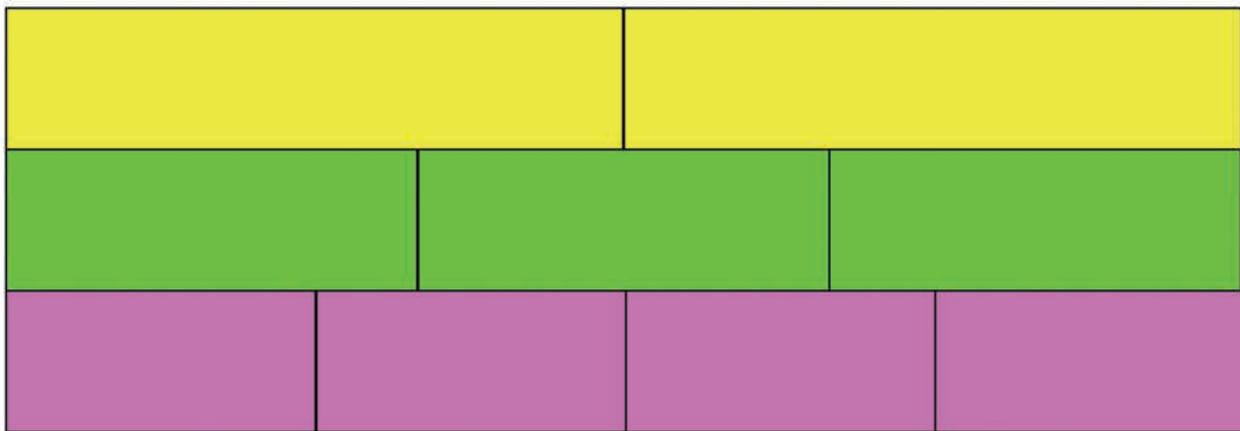
Cut-out 3

Note: Make dice from these Cut-outs. After assembling the dice, keep them in a safe place because you will use them throughout the year.

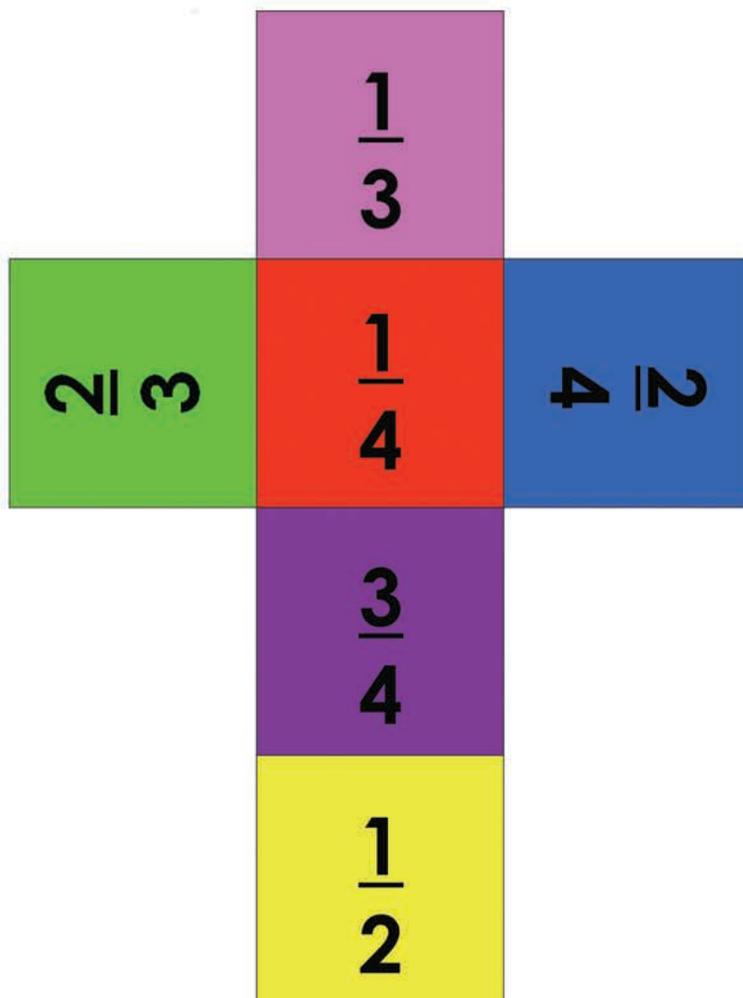


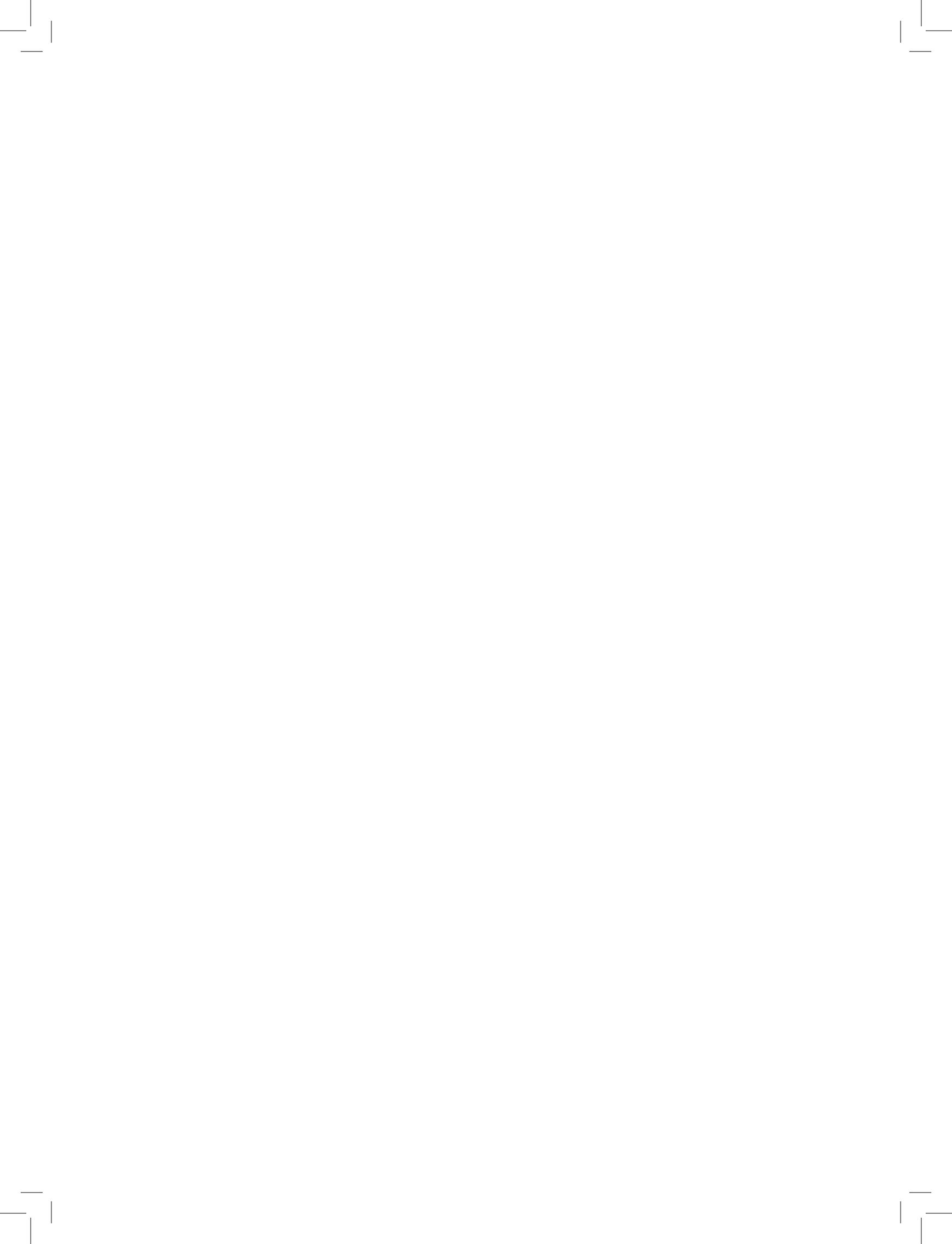


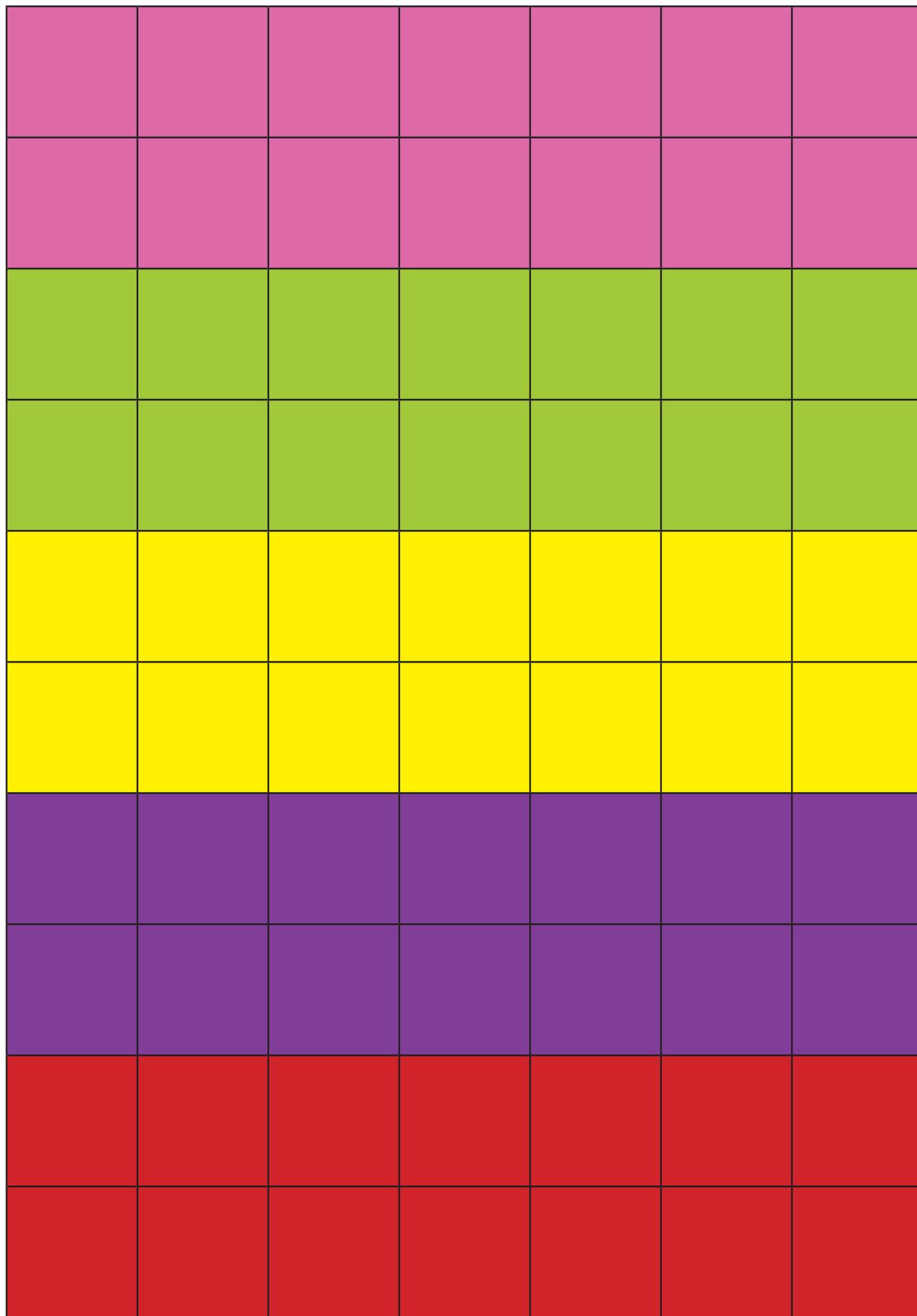
Fraction strips



Fraction dice



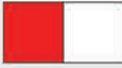
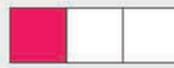
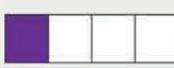
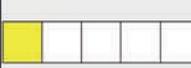
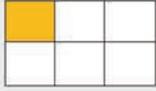
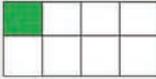
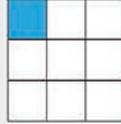
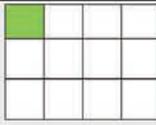
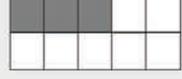
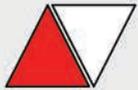
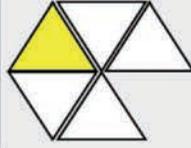
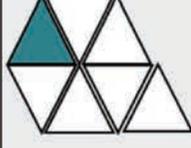
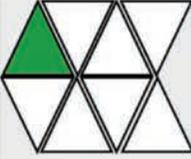
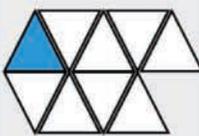
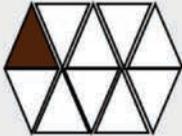
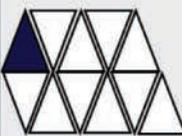
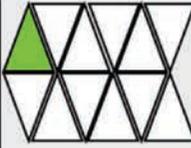
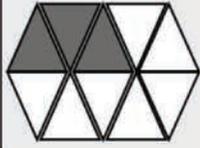
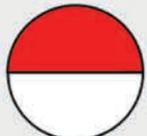
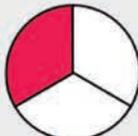
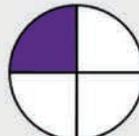
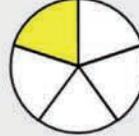
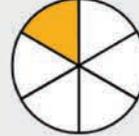
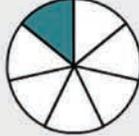
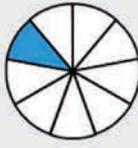
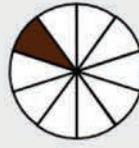
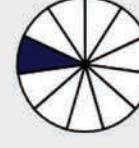
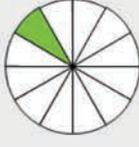
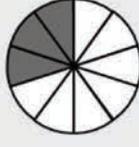






Mathematics Grade 4

Cut-out 6

$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{5}$	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{1}{7}$
$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{9}$	$\frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{1}{11}$	$\frac{1}{12}$	$\frac{3}{10}$
					
					
					
					
					
					



Mathematics Grade 4 Cut-out 7

