

TERM 1 45 days	Week 1 27-29 Jan (3 days)	Week 2 01-05 Feb (5 days)	Week 3 08-12 Feb (5 days)	Week 4 15-19 Feb (5 days)	Week 5 22-26 Feb (5 days)	Week 6 01-05 March (5 days)	Week 7 08-12 March (5 days)	Week 8 15-19 March (5 days)	Week 9 23-26 March (4 days)	Week 10 29-31 March (3 days)
CAPS topic	Introduction	Tourism Sectors	Tourism Sectors	Tourism Sectors	Tourism Sectors	Tourism Sectors	Tourism Sectors	Tourism Sectors	REVISION	REVISION
CAP Ref		p13	p13	p13	p13	p13	p14	p15		
Concepts, skills and values	Introduction to Tourism:  Baseline Assessment Grade 10 Tourism Content Map Grade 10 Tourism Programme of Assessmen Grade 10 Tourism Programme Assessmen Grade 10 Tourism PAT	Introduction to Tourism  What is tourism? The difference between inbound and outbound tourism  Concepts: domestic tourism, regional tourism and international tourism  What is a tourist?  Why do people travel? (reasons)  Their needs, preferences and expectations.	Types of tourists and tourist profiles Focus on the following types of tourists: visiting friends and relatives (VFR); leisure; adventure; business; shopping; health; eco; cultural; religion; sport and recreation; education; special interest tourists (SIT); incentive; backpacking / youth travel; gap year Drawing up a tourist profile	Different modes of transport: The modes with relevant examples as below:  Compare the modes of transport (road, air, rail, water) in terms of comfort, cost, safety, carrying capacity, speed, reliability  Advantages and disadvantages of the different modes of transport	Different types of accommodation establishments: The facilities and services offered by each type.  Facilities: what the tourist can make use of, such as a swimming pool, gymnasium, gift shop  Services: that the establish-ment can offer the tourist, such as laundry service, guided walks, shuttle service, 24-hour security  The South African grading system for accommodation establishments:	Concepts and terminology used in accommodation establishments Concepts: double room, twin room, family room, suite, penthouse, per person, per person sharing, en suite, fully inclusive, single supplement, continental breakfast, English breakfast, buffet, à la carte, room service Abbreviations – pp, pps, In-room technology:	Food and beverage establishments  The Attraction Sector	The structure of the South African tourism industry: Basic knowledge (An organogram Text books are too detailed)  The public sector (government): Basic knowledge (One(1) page Fact Sheet Text books are too detailed)  The Private Sector Basic knowledge (One(1) page Fact Sheet Text books are too detailed)	Review and consoreinforcement active assess the lear the learning mater.  Examples of active include a class queshort tests, drawing maps, class compworking through pexamination questions.	ivities in class ners' grasp of rial. ities may iz, games, ng concept etitions, irevious
Requisite pre- knowledge	Baseline assessment to determine:     Background knowledge and understanding of the concept,' tourism'.     The learner's exposure to visiting tourist attractions, and Participation in Tourism activities.			Recognition of modes of transport using a video or power point presentation		rism attractions  nt illustrations of the occeptualisation of the o	concepts for	New topic Organogram and Fact Sheets provided to strengthen conceptualisation.		



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CAPS topic	Introduction	Tourism Sectors	Tourism Sectors	Tourism Sectors	Tourism Sectors	Tourism Sectors	Tourism Sectors	Tourism Sectors	REVISION	REVISION		
Resources (Not textbook) to enhance learning	<ul> <li>PED Gr10 Tourism Support Package</li> <li>Notes, activities or worksheets</li> <li>Powerpoint presentations</li> <li>You Tube videos</li> <li>To be completed further by the teacher</li> </ul>											
Informal Assessment :Remediation												
SBA Formal Assessment	Planning and prep Tourism Skills As towards the end o and skills develop	ssessment Task f Term 1 to allow t	hourough prepar		Task 1 n Skills Assessment T	•	and preparation: h Control Test		<b>Task 2</b> March Test			



# 2021 National Recovery Annual Teaching Plan: Tourism Grade 10 Term 1-4 2021 Recovery Annual Teaching Plan: Tourism Grade 10 Term 2

TERM 2 51 days	Week 1 13-16 April (4 days)	Week 2 19-23 April (5 days)	Week 3 28 -30 April (3 days)	Week 4 03-07 May (5 days)	Week 5 10-14 May (5 days)	Week 6 17-21 May (5 days)	Week 7 24-28 May (5 days)	Week 8 31 May-4 Jun (5 days)	Week 9 7-11 June (5 days)	Week 10 14-18 June (4 days)	Week 11 14-18 June (5 days)
CAPS topic	Map work and Tour planning	Map work and Tour planning	Map work and Tour planning	Map work and Tour planning	Domestic, Regional and International Tourism	Domestic, Regional and International Tourism	Domestic, Regional and International Tourism	REVISION	REVISION		ntrol Test AT
CAPS Ref	p17	p17	p17	p17	p16	p18	p18				
Concepts, skills and values	Map terminology and map symbols Concepts such as scale, direction, distance indicators, legends, map grid references, equator, hemispheres, North pole, South pole, latitude, longitude, time zones, Universal Time Co-ordinate (UTC), International Date Line (IDL)	Different types of maps in a tourism context: Give an example and explanation of the type of map and its uses and value in tourism.  A variety of maps used in tourism context: Electronic maps:	Location of the following on a colour map of South Africa South Africa's borders, provinces, capital cities, international airports, harbours, national highways, gateways, major mountains, rivers and dams  Location of the following on a colour map of the world: South Africa and the SADC countries Seven continents Three oceans: Island groups:	Distance indicators and distance tables: Distance indicators on maps to determine travel distances. Distance tables to determine distances between t - the towns/ cities in your province and - South Africa's major cities Link between the distance and the time spent travelling.	Technology used for payment in South Africa Payment methods  · Advantages and disadvantages · Identify/select the most appropriate form of payment based on the situation · Internet payments · ATM payments · Cell phone payments · Speed point machines (fixed and portable) · Credit cards (Visa, Master Card, · American Express, Diners Club) · Debit cards (SA Travel Card)	Domestic Tourism Benefits of domestic tourism for South Africa (focus on the economy, people and environment) The Sho't Left campaign to promote domestic tourism in South Africa	Domestic tourism statistics: Concepts: statistics, intra-provincial travel versus inter-provincial travel. Interpretation of statistics such as purpose of trips, most visited provinces, length of stay in each province, average expenditure per tourist, seasonality, activities undertaken.	Review and consoreinforcement active to assess the learn the learning mater.  Examples of activic include a class quishort tests, drawin maps, class compworking through prexamination quest.	vities in class ners' grasp of ial. ties may iz, games, g concept etitions, revious		



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CAPS topic	Map work and Tour planning	Map work and Tour planning	Map work and Tour planning	Map work and Tour planning	Domestic, Regional and Internation Tourism	Domestic, Regional and Internation Tourism	Domestic, Regional and Internation Tourism	REVISION	REVISION	June Con		
Requisite pre- knowledge	Baseline assessment to recap and determine knowledge of:  Map terminology and map symbols Different types of maps used in a tourism context: Using a map to locate different specified items  Baseline assessment to recap and knowledge and determine knowledge of: Using a map to locate different specified items  Baseline assessment to recap and determine knowledge of:  Technology used for payment in South Africa  Baseline assessment to recap and determine knowledge of:  Technology used for payment in South Africa											
Resources (Not textbook) to enhance learning	<ul> <li>Notes, activities or worksheets</li> <li>Powerpoint presentations</li> </ul>											
Informal Assessment :Remediation	To be completed by the teacher											
SBA Formal Assessment		preparation: cal Assessment Ta Control Test		PAT (marks carried Term 4		<b>Task</b> June Contr	-					



TERM 3	Week 1	Week 2 Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9		Week 11
53 days	13-16 July	19-23 July 26 -30 Ju	•	10-13 Aug	16-20 Aug	23-27 Aug	30 Aug-4Sept	6-10 Sept	•	20-23 Sept
CAPS topi	(4 days)	(5 days) (5 days	(5 days)  Tourist Attractions	(4 days)  Sustainable and Responsible Tourism	(5 days) Sustainable and Responsible Tourism	(5 days) Sustainable and Responsible Tourism	(5 days)  Marketing	(5 days)	(5 days) September Co	(4 days) ontrol Test
<b>CAPS Ref</b>	p19	p19	p19	p20	p20	p20	p20			
Concepts, skills and values	Tourist attractions in South Africa: (*World Heritage sites) SA Tourism information relating to climate, rainfall, capital cities, main languages, airports and harbours in tourism context. Tourists attractions in the provinces of South Africa under the headings: Location (proximity to the nearest city or town), Short description (main focus of this attraction and a few points of interest)	** ONLY 3 provinces to be studied: • Your own province plus; • ANY 2 other provinces.	South African fauna and flora as a tourist attraction:  Concepts: biodiversity, botanical garden, environment (natural, physical, cultural, manmade), ecosystem, species, fauna and flora, wildlife, habitat, endangered, red data list, extinct, indigenous, alien, threatened, culling, poaching, legal hunting, mass tourism, overconsumption in tourism context.	Sustainable tourism:  Concept: sustainability, sustainable practices in tourism businesses The three pillars of sustainable tourism (Planet, People, Profit) Environ-mental - impact of tourism businesses on the natural environ-ment Social – impact of tourism businesses on local communities Economic— impact of tourism businesses on local communities	Responsible Tourism: The concept: responsible tourist behaviour towards the environment Rules for tourist behaviour in the natural environment Good environmental practices such as litter control, conservation of energy, water and other scarce resources	Global warming and the tourism industry:  The concept: global warming, carbon footprint,  Causes of global warming (rise in the temperature of the earth)  Consequen-ces of climate change on the tourism industry  How accommodation establishments can minimise their carbon footprint through sustainable and responsible tourism practices.	Marketing of tourism products, services and sites:  Concepts: marketing, market research, target markets, market share, competitive edge, core and niche markets  The purpose of marketing tourism products and services	Review and consolidate with reinforcemen t activities in class to assess the learners' grasp of the learning material. Examples of activities may include a class quiz, games, short tests, drawing concept maps, class competitions, working through previous examination question papers, etc		



TERM 3 53 days	Week 1 13-16 July (4 days)	Week 2 19-23 July (5 days)	Week 3 26 -30 July (5 days)	Week 4 02-06 Aug (5 days)	Week 5 10-13 Aug (4 days)	Week 6 16-20 Aug (5 days)	Week 7 23-27 Aug (5 days)	Week 8 30 Aug- 4Sept (5 days)	Week 9 6-10 Sept (5 days)	Week 10 13-17 Sept (5 days)	Week 11 20-23 Sept (4 days)
CAPS topic	Tourist Attractions  Tourist Attractions		Tourist Attractions	Sustainable and Responsible Tourism	Sustainable and Responsible Tourism  Sustainable and Responsible Tourism		Marketing	REVISION	September C	Control Test	
Requisite pre- knowledge	Introduce the new cor illustrates and market different provinces in Focus on the three(3)	s the attractions SA.	in the	Recap on undersanding of Fauna and Flora. Use a video to explore: the rich SA biodiversity.	Introduce the new topics of responsible and sutainable tourism through visual examples, slides or videos to create understanding of context.	<ul> <li>Use local and glo</li> </ul>	al warming' troduce the concept obal coverage on arbon footprint that is				
Resources (Not textbook) to enhance learning	PED Gr10 Tourism Support Package     Notes, activities or worksheets										
Informal Assessment :Remediation	To be completed by the teacher										
SBA Formal Assessment	Planning and preparation:							Task 4 Data Handling Task 40%		Task 3 September Control Test 60%	



TERM 4 47 days	Week 1 5-8 Oct (4 days)	Week 2 11-15 Oct (5 days)	Week 3 18-22 Oct (5 days)	Week 4 25-29 Oct (5 days)	Week 5 1-5 Nov (5 days)	Week 6 8-12 Nov (5 days)	Week 7 15-19 Nov (5 days)	Week 8 22-26 Nov (5 days)	Week 9 29 Nov-3 Dec (5 days)	Week 10 6-8 Dec (3 days)
CAPS topic	Culture and Heritage	Communication and Customer Care	Communication and Customer Care	Communication and Customer Care	REVISION	REVISION			Examination marks	
CAPS Ref	p21	p21	p21	p21						
Concepts, skills and values	Culture and heritage: Concepts: culture, heritage, cultural diversity Elements of culture such as arts and crafts, cuisine, music and dance The importance and value of conserving heritage for future generations  Heritage sites in South Africa Examples of heritage sites in your own province.	Communication technology:     The various types of equipment and technology used to communicate in a tourism business environment: landline telephones, cell phones, fax machine, photocopying machine, printers and computer (include email, video conferencing and teleconferencing)     Functions, advantages and disadvantages of each	Communic-ation: verbal and written  Written communication Verbal communication Tourism road and information signs as a way of communication in the tourism industry.	Service excellence: Concepts: service, service excellence The importance and value for a tourism business to provide quality service The advantages of excellent service delivery for a business for a tourist	Examples of ac include a class short tests, draw maps, class cor working through	ctivities in class arners' grasp of terial. tivities may quiz, games, wing concept mpetitions,				
Requisite pre- knowledge	Baseline assessment to recap and determine knowledge of:	Introduce the topic by show casing new trends use in the Tourism industry	Illustrate the difference between verbal and non-verbal communication. Illustrate with examples in a tourism context.	New topic: Introduce with a video that illustrates service excellence in different tourism contexts/scenarios.						



TERM 4 47 days	Week 1 5-8 Oct (4 days)	Week 2 11-15 Oct (5 days)	Week 3 18-22 Oct (5 days)	Week 4 25-29 Oct (5 days)	Week 5 1-5 Nov (5 days)	Week 6 8-12 Nov (5 days)	Week 7 15-19 Nov (5 days)	Week 8 22-26 Nov (5 days)	Week 9 29 Nov-3 Dec (5 days)	Week 10 6-8 Dec (3 days)
CAPS topic	Culture and Heritage	Communication and Customer Care	Communication and Customer Care	Communication and Customer Care	REVISION	REVISION				
Resources (Not textbook) to enhance learning	<ul><li>Notes, activities</li><li>Powerpoint pres</li><li>You Tube videos</li></ul>	entations	er							
Informal Assessment :Remediation	To be completed by the teacher									
SBA Formal Assessment	Preparation and revis	sion for the Novemb				per Examination 100 marks				