



# basic education

Department:  
Basic Education  
**REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA**

## **NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE**

**IGREYIDI 12**

**ISINDEBELE ILIMI LOKUTHOMA LOKWENGEZA (FAL)**

**IPHEPHA LESITHATHU (P3)**

**FEBHERBARI/MATJHI 2017**

**IMEMORANDAMU**

**IMITLOMELO: 100**

**Imemorandum le inamakhasi ama-21.**

## ISIGABA A: AMATHEKSTHI WOKUZITLAMELA (AMA-ESEYI)

### UMBUZO 1

#### 1.1 I-eseyi Ecocako ('Narrative')

**'Azange ngikholve amehlwami bona ngimi lo owehlelwe litjhudu elingaka'.**

Le yi-eseyi lapho umtloli ademba ngesehlakalo esithileko esakhe senzeka kuye, akhe wasibona senzeka komunyenofana acocelwa ngaso. Kuyenzeka kokhunye umtloli atlolle i-eseyi ayisusele ehloko. Kuqakathekile ukobana nanyana umfundu ayisusela ehloko i-eseyakhe kube yi-eseyi ekholwekako. Ngokuvamileko umtloli we-eseyi ecocako usebenzisa isikhathi esidlulileko.

**Nakhu okumele kutjhejwe nakutshwaywa le-eseyi:**

- Isigaba esisingeniso kufanele simdose/silulubeze umfundu we-eseyi.
- I-eseyi ecocako kufanele ikholwakale nanyana kungeyokuzitlamela.
- I-eseyi ecocako kufanele itlolwe ibe sesikhathini esidlulileko.
- Umuntu otshwaya i-eseyi le kufanele alangazelele ukuzwa okulandelako bekube sekugcineni.
- Ukucoca okuyipumelelo kubonakalisa tjhatjhalazi imizwa efana neyokubona, yokuzwa, yokunambitha, yokuthintana nephunga.
- I-eseyi enesiphetho esingakajayeleki yihle kunaleylo enesiphetho esisepepeneneri begodu esilindelekileko.

Umfundi angaveza **okhunye** kokulandelako:

- Hlathulula itjhudu elikwehleleko.
- Itjhuguluko elibe khona epilwenami.
- Isizo elilethwe litjhudu elikwehleleko.
- Ukusiza nabanye abaseqadi kwami.

**Tjheja:** I-eseyi le ingaba ngehathululako godu.

[50]

## 1.2 I-eseyi Ecocako ('Narrative')

### 'Angekhe ngisabuyelela ngiyenze into efana naleya'.

Le yi-eseyi lapho umtloli ademba ngesehlakalo esithileko esakhe senzeka kuye, akhe wasibona senzeka komunyenofana acocelwa ngaso. Kuyenzeka kokhunye umtloli atbole i-eseyi ayisusele ehloko. Kuqakathekile ukobana nanyana umfundu ayisusela ehloko i-eseyakhe kube yi-eseyi ekholwekako. Ngokuvamileko umtloli we-eseyi ecocako usebenzisa isikhathi esidlulileko.

#### **Nakhu okumele kutjhejwe nakutshwaywa le-eseyi:**

- Isigaba esisingeniso kufanele simdose/silulubeze umfundu we-eseyi.
- I-eseyi ecocako kufanele ikholwakale nanyana kungeyokuzitlamela.
- I-eseyi ecocako kufanele itlolwe ibe sesikhathini esidlulileko.
- Umuntu otshwaya i-eseyi le kufanele alangazelele ukuzwa okulandelako bekube sekugcineni.
- Ukucoca okuyipumelelo kubonakalisa tjhatjhalazi imizwa efana neyokubona, yokuzwa, yokunambitha, yokuthintana nephunga.
- I-eseyi enesiphetho esingakajayeleki yihle kunaleylo enesiphetho esisepepenenen begodu esilindelekileko.

Umfundi angaveza **okhunye** kokulandelako:

- Hlathulula bona kwenzakalani.
- Unobangela walokho okwenzakalako.
- Umphumela walokho okwenzakalako.
- Isifundo ngalokho okwenzakalako.

**Tjheja:** I-eseyi le ingaba ngehathululako godu.

[50]

## 1.3 I-eseyi Ephikisako/Ehlangothilinye ('Argumentative')

### **Ngendlela ubujamo bezinto bungakhona eSewula Afrika kubonakala kuqakathekile bona abantu bavowude ngesikhathi samakhetho.**

I-eseyi ephikisako ifuna otlolako athome ngokukhetha ihlangothi esihlokweni atlola ngaso. Otlolako angakhetha ukuvumelana nesihloko nofana aphikisane naso. Umbono womtloli kumele ukhanye kusukela ekuthomeni bekube sekugcineni kwe-eseyakhe. I-eseyi le yethula lokho okusengqondweni yomtloli.

#### **Nakhu okumele kutjhejwe nakutshwaywa le-eseyi:**

- Otlolako kumele athome ngokuthi akhethe ihlangothi azokutlola ngalo.
- Otlolako kumele anikele amaphuzu amanengi anabe ukusekela imibonwakhe.
- Otlolako kumele ahlale emaphuzwini NOFANA aphikise isitatimende.
- Lomhlobo we-eseyi uphethe imibono yomtloli kwaphela ngalokho kumele uphakamise imibono eqinileko.
- Ilimi elinezwelomagama lingahle lithinte imizwa kodwana kumele libe nehlonipho.
- Isiphetho kumele sibe sitatimende somtloli esinamandla, esikhanyako nesanelisako.

Umfundi angaveza **okhunye** kokulandelako:

### **Abavumelana nesihloko.**

- Kulilungelo lakho ukuvowuda.
- Kuqakathekile ukuvowuda ukuzwakalisa iphimbo lakho.
- Ukuletha itjhuguluko enarheni yekhethu.
- Ukukhetha ihlangano ebusako.
- Ukuba nesandla ekuthuthukiseni inarha yekhethu.
- Ukwakha ikusasa elikhanyako.

### **Abaphikisana nesihloko.**

- Akunamehluko obakhona emphakathini.
- limfuneko zabantu azibonelelwa.
- Imali yombuso ayisetjenziswa ngefanelo.
- linsebenzi zikhwabanisa imali.
- Abantu bangakatjhagali abatjhejwa.

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## 1.4 I-eseyi Ehlathululako ('Descriptive')

### **Ubuhle nobumbi bokufunda ngeenqhema nanilungiselela iinhlahlubo.**

Le yi-eseyi lapho umtloli afuze ahlathulule ubujamo obuthileko, umuntu othileko nofana indawo ethileko. Njengombana nesihloko sitjho, kufanele umtloli we-eseyi le asebenzise amagama ahlathululako khudlwana. Ngale kwalokho, umtloli usebenzisa khulu ilimi elisesikhathini sanje.

### **Nakhu okumele kutjhejwe nakutshwaywa le-eseyi:**

- Ottolako kufanele ayelele ekutheni akhethe isihloko asazi kuhle. Isizathu kukobana kuba budisi ukuhlathulula into organalwazi elipheleleko ngayo.
- Ottolako kufanele akhethe ngokuyeleta amagama nobujamo bokuhulum.
- Amagama asetjenziswa ngotlolako kufanele akhe isithombe esikhanya bha.
- Ottolako angasebenzisa iinthombe-ngqondo zokubona, zokurhogela, zokuzwa, zobumnandi nezokuthinta ukuze zimsize ukwenza akuhlathululako kukhanye bha.

Umfundi angaveza **okhunye** kokulandelako:

### **Ubuhle**

- Ukusizana lapho ungakazwisisi khona ngetlasini.
- Ukukhuthazana ngokufunda ngokuzimisela.
- Ukuhlathululela abanye lokho okuzwisia khulu.
- Ukuhlela isikhathi sokufunda.
- Ukuhlala uzilungiselela ukufunda ngaso soke isikhathi.
- Ukufunda ukusebenzisana nabanye abentwana.

## Ubumbi

- Ukudlala ngesikhathi sokufunda.
- Ukuphelelana ihliziyo.
- Ukunganikelani amathuba alingeneko wokwenza umsebenzi.
- UKusaba ukuveza amazizwakho.
- UKungasebenzisi isikhathi ngendlela efaneleko.

[50]

### 1.5 I-eseyi Ecocako ('Narrative')

**Kubonakala sele kunokungabekezelelani phakathi kweenhlangano zeze polotiki enarheni yeSewula Afrika.**

Le yi-eseyi lapho umtloli ademba ngesehlakalo esithileko esakhe senzeka kuye, akhe wasibona senzeka komunyenofana acocelwa ngaso. Kuyenzeka kokhunye umtloli atbole i-eseyi ayisusele ehloko. Kuqakathekile ukobana nanyana umfundu ayisusela ehloko i-eseyakhe kube yi-eseyi ekholwekako. Ngokuvamileko umtloli we-eseyi ecocako usebenzisa isikhathi esidlulileko.

**Nakhu okumele kutjhejwe nakutshwaywa le-eseyi:**

- Isigaba esisingeniso kufanele simdose/silulubeze umfundu we-eseyi.
- I-eseyi ecocako kufanele ikholwakale nanyana kungeyokuzitlamela.
- I-eseyi ecocako kufanele itlolwe ibe sesikhathini esidlulileko.
- Umuntu otshwaya i-eseyi le kufanele alangazelele ukuzwa okulandelako bekube sekugcineni.
- Uku coca okuyipumelelo kubonakalisa tjatjhalazi imizwa efana neyokubona, yokuzwa, yokunambitha, yokuthintana nephunga.
- I-eseyi enesiphetho esingakajayeleki yihle kunaley enesiphetho esisepepeneneri begodu esilindelekileko.

Umfundi angaveza **okhunye** kokulandelako:

- Ukufuna ukuba yihlangano engcono kunenye.
- Ukuthembisa abantu izinto enye ihangano engakghoni ukubanikela zona.
- Ukulwela ukuba yihlangano ebusako.
- Ukusebenzisa umphakathi ukulwa izipi zabo.

[50]

### 1.6 Indaba Evezako/Eveza Imizwa Yomtloli ('Reflective')

**Izinto engingazilungisa epilwenami nange nginganikelwa ithuba lesibili.**

Le yi-eseyi lapho otlolako aba nombono bese unikela imizwakhe. I-eseyi le itjhegeza ibyele emva esehlakalweni esakhe senzeka. Otlolako-ke kulapho abeka khona imibonwakhe ngokwenzakalako, abeke tjatjhalazi okuhle neemphoso bese uthatha iinqusto ngokuthi ubona kufanele kwenziweni ukutjhugulula ubujamo balokho esikhathini esizako.

Umhlobo lo wendaba sivame ukuwubona emitlolweni ema-eseyi, la otlolako abeka umbonwakhe ngesihloko esithileko. Akutjho bonyana akutjhoko kuliqiniso kodwana ngilokho akucabangako ngabantu, ngesintunofana ngepilo nje.

Lokho akubekako kuhle kusekelwe ngamaqiniso ukuze kungamdonisi loyo ozokufunda i-eseyi leyo. I-eseyi enje ingaveza ukuiya kwengqondo yaloyo otlolako begodu abanengi bayithatha njengeqiniso lamambala.

**Nakhu okumele kutjhejwe nakutlolwa le-eseyi:**

- I-eseyi evezako iveza imizwa yomtloli.
- Imizwa nokuthatheka kwehliziyo kudlala indima eqakatheke khulu eseyini le.
- Ihlangothi elikhulu le-eseyi lingaba ngelihlathululako. Ukuhlathululokhu kufanele kukhanye begodu kuveze imizwa nalokho okusengqondweni yaloyo otlolako.
- Imibono/Imicabango/Imizwa eveziweko kufanele yembule iqiniso nendima ethathwa ngotlolako.

Umfundi angaveza **okhunye** kokulandelako:

- Ukubawa ukulitjalelw kibo boke engabonako.
- Ukuthoma ukulungisa ifundwami.
- Ukusebenzisa loke ithuba enginkelwe lona ngokuzimisela.
- UKulisa ukuqalela abantu phasi.
- Ukuhlonipha woke umuntu engiphilisana naye.
- Ukuunikela isizo kilabo engingakghona ukubasiza.
- Ukusebenza ngokuzimisela lokha nanginkelwe umsebenzi.
- Ukukhetha umsebenzi enginekghono lawo.

[50]

1.7 1.7.1 Kilesisithombe umfundi angatlola i-eseyi ecocako nanyana ehlathululako. Otshwayako uyeleliswa bona atjheje umhlobo we-eseyi evezwa ngotlolako. Utshwaya ngokulandela amaphuzu alindeleke ngaphasi kwalowo mhlobo we-eseyi ngokuqala kilo mhlahlandlola.

**Kilesisithombe kubonakala kuneencwadi ezipakweko neensetjenziswa zokutlolola.**

Umfundi angaveza **okhunye** kokulandelako:

- Ukuqakathea kokufunda.
- Ukufunda ukuhlela isikhathi sokufunda.
- Ukuba nazo zoke iinsetjenziswa ezitlhogekako nawufundako.
- Ukufunda ukuze ubuthelele loke ilwazi olitlhogako.
- Ukuzungiselela iinhlahlubo zakho ngokwaneleko.

[50]

1.7.2 Kilesisithombe umfundi angatlola i-eseyi ecocako nanyana ehlathululako. Otshwayako uyeleliswa bona atjheje umhlobo we-eseyi evezwa ngotlolako. Utshwaya ngokulandela amaphuzu alindeleke ngaphasi kwalowo mhlobo we-eseyi ngokuqala kilo mhlahlandlola.

**Kilesisithombe    kubonakala    kusendaweni    yokukhwela  
amateksi, kunabantu abanengi.**

Umfundi angaveza okulandelako:

- Indawo yesikomplasi eneenkhwelo ezinengi.
- Abantu bakhamba ngeenthuthi zomphakathi.
- Ukuqakatheka kweenkhwelo ezivezwe esithombeni.
- Indlela abatjhayeli bamateksi baphatha ngayo abakhweli.
- Indima edlalwa libubulo lamateksi kezomnotho.

[50]

**IMITLOMELO YESIGABA A:    50**

## ISIGABA B: AMATHEKSTHI AMADE WOKUTHINTANA

### UMBUZO 2

#### 2.1 INCWADI YOBUNGANI

**Nakhu okumele kutjhejwe nakutlolwa incwadi yobungani:**

- Kufanele ibe nesiphande sinye, sitlolwe ngokujayelekileko esandleni sokudla. Isiphande sotlolako asibe nelanga elitlolwe ngesiNdebele isib: Janabari/Tjhirhwani ingasi ngesiNgisi.
- Itlolelwa umuntu owazekako, kungaba mnganakho, umnakwenu, umzawakho, njll.
- Kunesilotjhiso esiphakamisa ibizo lomuntu omtlolelako. Isib. Jabulile, Mma, Baba, njll.
- Kufuneka esingenisweni aveze umnqopho wokutlola incwadi leyo ngobufitjhani. Isingeniso singaba mumutjho munye kufika kemithathu ubunengi. Akucocwa iindaba ezinengi lapha.
- Kufuneka bona otlolako ahlathulule ngokuzeleko emzimbeni ihloso yokutlola kwakhe incwadi ngamaphuzu azwakalako nakhambisana nesihloko anikelwe sona.
- Kumele ibe nesilayeliso; isib. Ubalotjhise boke ekhaya/Ngilotjhisela kibo boke abangaziko ngapho; njll. Ekugcineni kumele utbole isiphetho, isib.
- Ngimi umnganakho/Ngimi umntwanakho/Ngimi umzawakho/Ngimi, bese kuthi ngaphasi kwesiphetho utbole igama lakho. Lokhu kwenzelwa ukobana loyo otlolelweko azi kuhle ukuthi utlolelwe ngubani. Isibongo akufuneki ukobana usitbole ngombana niyazana nabantu obatloleleko.

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#### 2.2 I-AJENDA NAMAMINITHI WOMHLANGANO

Amaminithi womhlangano asirhunyezo salokho okwakukhulunywa ngakho ngomlomo emihlanganweni. Atlolwa abekwe ngehloso yokubulunga okwakhulunywako kwavumelanwa ngakho ekutheni kungilibaleki, kungalahleki, neenqunto zibulungeke. Loyo otlola amaminithi kufuze atjhejisise ukuthi akatloli koke okukhulunywa emihlanganweni, kodwana kutlolwa iimphakamiso neenqunto. Amagama walabo abathule iimphakamiso nalabo abasekelileko kuyenzeke atlolwe. Akukafaneli loyo otlola amaminithi atlole ukuphaphalaza, ukuphikisana, ukudelelanofana ukurarana.

Umuntu nakakhuluma nge-ajenda akwenzeki angakhulumi ngamaminithi womhlangano ngokunjalo nalokha akhuluma ngamaminithi kuthinteka ne-ajenda yomhlangano. Ngakho-ke kuqakathekile ukobana umfundisi afundise abafundi i-ajenda yomhlangano namaminithi womhlangano kanyekanye. Kufanele kwenzeke okufanako nalokha abafundi sebahlolwa babuzwe nge-ajenda kanyekanye namaminithi womhlangano.

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## 2.3 I-INTHAVYU

Le yikulumo eba hlangana nabantu ababili abakhulumula ngento ethileko.

### Nakhu okumele kutjhejwe nakutshwaya i-inthavyu.

- Akutlolwe amagama wesikhulumi ngasinye.
- Akutlolwe ikhloni ngemva kwamagama wabantu abakhulumako.
- Amagama walabo abakhulumako akatlolwe ngesandleni sesincele, abe mafitjhani nesibongo singasetjenziswa.
- Akutlolwa litho ngaphasi kwamagama walabo abakhulumako.
- Kumele kube nesingeniso. (Akulotjhisana, esingenisweni kulapho kwethulwa khona indaba ekuzokukhulunya ngayo nokobana kuzabe kukhuluma abobani).
- Kumele kube nomzimba, nesiphetho.

[30]

## 2.4 I-ATHIKILI KAMAGAZINI

### Nakhu okumele kutjhejwe nakutlolwa i-athikili kamagazini:

- Isihloko kufuze sidose ozosifunda begodu silulubeze.
- I-athikili kufuze itjengiswe kuhle begodu nemiqaliswayo/iinthombe zibe zihle ngemibala ekhanyako nedosako ekhambelana nayo.
- Kufuze ikhulume noyifundako begodu ibe sesitayeleni saloyo oyitlolako.
- Isitayela sotlolako singasebenzisa iinthombe-ngqondo, sihlathulule nanyana sibe nezwelo.
- Amagama, iindawo, isikhathi, ubujamo nezinye iinsiza zingafakwa ku-athikili.
- I-athikili kufuze ivuse ilulubezo njengomkhangiso ikhuthaze abayifundako bona bayifunde.
- lindima akukafizi bona zibe zide.
- Amaledere asetjenzisweko kufuze kube ngilayo azakwamukeleka.

[30]

IMITLOMELO YESIGABA B: 30

## ISIGABA C: AMATHEKSTHI AMAFITJHANI WOKUTHINTANA

### UMBUZO 3

#### 3.1 IFLAYA

Amaflaya maphetjhana aba nemininingwana ethileko. Mancani nakamadaniswa namabhrotjha. Ngokuvamileko atlolelwa ubujamo neminqopho ehlukahlukene. Kungatlolwa iflaya ngomnqopho wokuyeletisa abantu ngezinto ezithileko, njengotjwala, ukuya emsemeni ungakavikeleki, isifo esihlasele endaweni ethileko, njalonjalo.

Umfundi angaveza **okhunye** kokulandelako:

- Imihlobo yemikhiqizo esetjenziswako.
- Imihlobo yesikhumba esizwa mikhiqizo leyo.
- Izinto ezenziwa mikhiqizo leyo esikhunjeni.
- Amalanga neenkhathi zokuvula nokuvala.
- Indawo lapha uدورودera ayokusebenzela khona.

[20]

#### 3.2 IPOSKARADA

Le ngenye indlela yokuthintana ngokutlola phasi ikulumo efitjhani. Ngokuvamileko iposkarada ithunyelwa mumuntu ayithumela emuntwini amaziko. Iba nesiphande sinye saloyo othunyelwako, esitlolwa ngakwesokudla phezulu la kutlolwa khona isiphande sotlolwa incwadi yobungani. Ngemva kwesiphande, ngenzasana kutlolwa isilotjhiso esingaba libizo lałoży otlolelwako bese kuthoma indaba efitjhani edluliselwa kiloyo ethunyelwa kuye. Othumela iposkarada ulayelisa ngebizo lakhe elaziwako ngaphandle kwesibongo.

Umfundi angaveza **okhunye** kokulandelako:

- Ukungavezi umhlobo wesipho enisenzileko.
- Ukumvezela bona nimeme abobani.
- Umnqopho wokubanikela isipho leso.

[20]

#### 3.3 IMILAYELO

Imilayelo yikulumo etjela umuntu bonyana akenzeni, kuphi, nini, njani njalonjalo. Lekulumo itlolwa phasi. Ukuze ifeze umnqopho kufanele izwisseke, ingarari, isebezise ilimi elizwakalako begodu ingabi mide khulu ukuze loyo olayelwako azokwazi ukuyilandela.

Umfundi angaveza **okhunye** kokulandelako:

- Khupha imimada uyihlanze bewuyineke.
- Thoma ngaphakathi uyithanyelete uwole neenzibi ezivelileko.
- Vala iminyango uqinisekise bona amafesidiri avaliwe.
- Ithele ngamanzi angasibha ukuze isuke idaka nethuli.
- Ihlanze ngamanzi anesibha seenkoloyi.

- Ipule ngamanzi aphuma ephayiphini ukuze ihlwengeke kuhle.
- Isule ngetjhila leenkoloyi.
- Amafesidiri asule ngetjhila lawo elomileko.
- Ifake iphoritjhi yekoloyi uyilise imizuzu elitjhumi.
- Tjhatjha amatayere ngephoritjhi enzima.
- Ikhuphe iphoritjhi uzoyibona izokutsegema.

[20]

**IMITLOMELO YESIGAB C:** 20  
**INANI LOKE:** 100

**ISIGABA A: IRUBHRIKHI YOKUTSHWAYA/YOKUHLOLA I-ESEYI YELIMI LOKUTHOMA LOKWENGEZA [50 IMITLOMELO]****TJHEJA**

- Sebenzisa irubhrikhi njalo nawutshwaya isigabesi.
- Amamaksi kusukela e-0–50 ahlukaniswe ngamazinga weentlhndlili ama-5.
- Okumunyethweko, iqhinga lelimi nesitayela, lelo nalelo kghono lesitlhndlili lihlukaniswe ngezinga eliphezulu neliphasi.
- Isakhiwo asithintwa lizinga eliphezulu namkha eliphasi.

**IRUBHRIKHI YOKUHLOLA I-ESEYI YELIMI LOKUTHOMA LOKWENGEZA [50 AMAMAKSI]**

Iqhinga	Ngokudluleleko	Ngokwekghono	Ngokulingeneko	Ngokusisekelo	Ngokungakalingani
<b>OKUMUNYETHWEKO</b> <b>NOKUHLELA</b>  (Ukuphendula) Ukuhleleka kwemiqondo yokuhlela Ukulemuka umnqopho, abamukelilwazi nobujamo.  <b>30 AMAMAKSI</b>	<b>27–30</b>  <b>Izinga eliphezulu</b>  -Ukuphendula okudluleleko. -Imiqondo ehlakaniphileko, evusa imiqondo netjengisa ukukhula. -Ukuhleleka okudluleleko nokukhambelana nesingeniso, umzimba nesiphetho.	<b>22–23</b>  -limpendulo ezihleleke kuhle; ezikhambelana khulu begodu ezimnandi, kunobufakazi nokukhula okubonakalako. -Isingeniso, umzimba nesiphetho okuhleleke kuhle begodu okukhambelanako.	<b>15–17</b>  -Ukuphendula okwanelisako. -Imiqondo ekhambelanako nekholisako. -Kunokuhleleka okulingeneko nokukhambelana nesihloko, umzimba nesiphetho	<b>9–11</b>  -Ukuphendula okungakajami ndawonye. -Imiqondo engakacaci. -Ubufakazi obuncani bokuhleleka nokukhambelana.	<b>3–5</b>  -Ukuphendula okuphume endleleni khulu. -Imiqondo erarako nengakanqophi. -Imiqondo engakahleki nengakhambelaniko.
	<b>24–26</b>  <b>Izinga eliphasi</b>  -Ukuphendula okudluleleko kodwana kutlhayela amatshwayo wendaba ehle ngokudluleleko. -Imiqondo ekhulileko nenokuhlakanipa. -Isingeniso, umzimba nesiphetho ezihleleke ngendlela edluleleko.	<b>18–21</b>  -Ukuphendula okuhlelwe kuhle. -Imiqondo ekarisako nekhambelanako. -Isingeniso, umzimba nesiphetho ezihleleke kuhle nezikhambelanako.	<b>12–14</b>  -Ukuphendula okwanelisako kodwana kunokungacaci. -Imiqondo iyakhambelana ngokulingeneko. -Kunokuhleleka nokukhambelana okulingeneko kwesingeniso, umzimba nesiphetho.	<b>6–8</b>  -Ukuphendula okungakhambelaniko okukhulu. -Imiqondo ayikahlangani begodu ihlangahlangene. -Abukho ubufakazi bokuhlela.	<b>0–2</b>  -Ukuphendula isihloko akukalingwa nokulingwa. -Imiqondo engakhambelaniko nengakafaneli. -Imiqondo engakanqophi.

**IRUBHRIKHI YOKUHLOLA I-ESEYI YELIMI LOKUTHOMA LOKWENGEZA [50 AMAMAKSI] (IRAGELA PHAMBILI)**

Iqhinga		Ngokudluleleko	Ngokwekghono	Ngokulingeneko	Ngokusisekelo	Ngokungakalingani
<b>ILIMI, ISITAYELA</b> <b>NOKU-EDITHA</b> Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela, ilwazimagama okufanele umnqopho, nobujamo. Ukukhethwa kwamagama. Ukusetjenziswa kwelimi, imithetjhwana, iimphumuzi, ihlelo, nesipelinghi.	<b>Izinga eliphezulu</b>	<b>14–15</b>	<b>10–11</b>	<b>6–7</b>	<b>2–3</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>15 AMAMAKSI</b>	<b>Izinga eliphasi</b>	<b>12–13</b>	<b>8–9</b>	<b>4–5</b>	<b>0–1</b>	

**14–15**

-Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela kanye nelwazimagama elifanele ngokudluleleko umnqopho, abamukelilwazi nobujamo.  
-Illi lithokozisa khulu.  
-Ihlelo nesipelinghi esinganamphoso ezibonakalako.  
-Itlanywe kuhle khulu.

**10–11**

-Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela kanye nelwazimagama elifanele khulu umnqopho, abamukelilwazi nobujamo.  
-Illi liyanemba begodu lisetjenziswe ngokufaneleko.  
-Ihlelo nesipelinghi asinamphoso khulu.  
-Itlanywe kuhle.

**6–7**

-Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela kanye nelwazimagama elifanele umnqopho, abamukelilwazi nobujamo.  
-Ukusetjenziswa kwelimi okwethula ihlathululo.  
-Iphimbo elifaneleko.  
-Amaqhingga wokubuza enzelwe ukugqamisa okumunyethweko.

**2–3**

-Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela kanye nelwazimagama elingakafaneli umnqopho, abamukelilwazi nobujamo.  
-Ukusetjenziswa kwelimi okusisekelo.  
-Iphimbo elifaneleko.  
-Ilwazimagama elitlhayela khulu lenza kube budisi ukuzwisia itheksthi.

**0**

**12–13**

-Illi elihle ngokudluleleko begodu linethonya.  
-Akunamphoso zehlelo nesipelinghi ezibonakalako.  
-Yakhiwe ngekghono elikhulu.

**8–9**

-Illi lihle.  
-Iphimbo elifaneleko.  
-Kuneemphoso ezimbalwa zehlelo nesipelinghi.  
-Ibunjwe kuhle.

**4–5**

-Ukusetjenziswa kwelimi okulingeneko okunokuhluka.  
-Iphimbo elifaneleko ngokulinganako nokusetjenziswa okutlhayelako kwamaqhingga wokubuza.

**0–1**

-Ukusetjenziswa okungakafaneli kwelimi.  
-Ukungabi nomahluko emitjhweni.  
-Ilwazimagama elincani ngokusisekelo.

<b>ISAKHIWO</b>		<b>5</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0–1</b>
Amatshwayo wetheksthi Ukwakhiwa kwasigaba nokwakhiwa komutjho		-Ukusungulwa okuqakathekileko kwendaba. -Imininingwana edluleleko. -Imitjho kanye neengaba kwakheke ngendlela edluleleko.	-Imininingwana isungulwe ngokukhambelanako. -Imitjho, iingaba kunikela umqondo.	-Imininingwana ekhambelanako iveziwe. -Imitjho, iingaba kwakhiwe kuhle. -Indaba isanikela umqondo	-Amaphuzu amanye anembako akhona. -Imitjho neengaba kuneemphoso. Indaba isazwakala.	-Amaphuzu afunekako ayatlhayela. -Imitjho neengaba kuneemphoso -Indaba ayinamqondo.
<b>5</b> <b>AMAMAKSI</b>		<b>40–50</b>	<b>30–39</b>	<b>20–29</b>	<b>10–19</b>	<b>0–9</b>
<b>IRENJI</b> <b>YAMAMAKSI</b>						

**ISIGABA B: AMATHEKSTHI AMADE WOKUTHINTANA****SEBENZISA IRUBHRIKHI NJALO NAWUTSHWAYA ISIGABESI****IRUBHRIKHI YOKUHLOLA AMATHEKSTHI AMADE WOKUTHINTANA WELIMI LOKUTHOMA LOKWENGEZA [30 AMAMAKSI]**

Iqhinga	Ngokudluleleko	Ngokwekghono	Ngokulingeneko	Ngokusisekelo	Ngokungakaneli
<b>OKUMUNYETHWEKO, UKUHLELA NESAKHIWO</b>  Ukuphendula nemibono: Ukubuthelewa kwemibono ukuze kuhlelwe. Umnqopho, abamukelilwazi, amatshwayo/ imithetjhwana kanye nobujamo.  <b>18 AMAMAKSI</b>	<b>16–18</b>  -Ukuphendula okudluleleko, okungaphezu kwalokho okulindelweko. -Imiqondo ehlakaniphileko nekhulileko. -Ilwazi elingeneleko lamatshwayo wetheksthi. -Umtlolo unqophile. -Kunokukhambelana kokumunyethweko nomqondo. -Kuhlathululwe kuhle begodu yoke imininingwana isekela isihloko. -Isakhiwo esifaneleko nesinembako.	<b>13–15</b>  -Ukuphendula okuhle khulu okutjengisa ilwazi elihle lamatshwayo wetheksthi. -Inqophile, ayikaphumi esihlokweni isekelwe kuhle ngendlela enobukghoni begodu kunemininingwana esekela isihloko -Isakhiwo esifaneleko esinokukhambelanako okuncazana.	<b>9–12</b>  -Ukuphendula okulingeneko okutjengisa ilwazi lamatshwayo wetheksthi. -Akunakudzimelela nokukhambelana okulingeneko kokumunyethweko nemiqondo. -Eminye imininingwana esekela isihloko ikhona. -Isakhiwo esifaneleko ngokulingeneko, kodwana kunokungakhambelaniko.	<b>6–8</b>  -Ukuphendula ngokusisekelo begodu kutjengisa ilwazi lamatshwayo wetheksthi. -Kunokunqopho okukhona kodwana okunengi kuphambene. -Imininingwana embalwa esekela isihloko ikhona. -Usebenzise imithetho eqakathekileko ngendlela embi. -Kunobutjhapha obubonakalako.	<b>0–5</b>  -Ukuphendula kutjengisa ukungabikhona kwelwazi lamatshwayo wetheksthi. -Akunakukhambelana kwemiqondo. -Kunemininingwana embalwa esekela isihloko. -Akakasebenzisi imithetho efunekako namkha isakhiwo.
<b>ILIMI, ISITAYELA KANYE NOKU-EDITHA</b>  Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela, kufanele umnqopho/umphumela/ abamukelilwazi kanye nobujamo. Ukusetjenziswa kwelimi kanye nemithetjhwana.	<b>10–12</b>  -Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela, ilwazimagama elifanele umnqopho, abamukelilwazi kanye nobujamo. -Kuyanemba ngokwehlelo begodu kwakhiwe kuhle.	<b>8–9</b>  -Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela, ilwazimagama kufanele khulu umnqopho, abamukelilwazi kanye nobujamo.	<b>6–7</b>  -Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela, ilwazimagama kufanele umnqopho, abamukelilwazi kanye nobujamo. -Zikhona iimphoso Zehlelo.	<b>4–5</b>  -Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela, ilwazimagama kufanele kancani umnqopho, abamukelilwazi kanye nobujamo. -Ihlelo elingakafaneli	<b>0–3</b>  -Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela, ilwazimagama akukhambelani nomnqopho, abamukelilwazi kanye nobujamo.

Ukukhethwa kwamagama. Ukusetjenziswa kwamatshwayo kanye nesipelinghi.	-Akunamphoso.	-Ihlelo linemba ngokwekghono elithileko begodu lakhiwe kuhle. -Ilwazimagama elihle khulu . -Akunamphoso.	-Ilwazimagama elifaneleko. -limphoso azilimazi ihlathululo.	elinemphoso ezimbalwa. -Ilwazimagama elithayelako. -Ihlathululo ivimbekile.	-Kuzele iimphoso begodu akuzwisisakali. -Ilwazimagama alikawufaneli umnqopho. -Ihlathululo ayizwakali kwamambala.
<b>12 AMAMAKSI</b>	<b>24-30</b>	<b>18-23</b>	<b>14-17</b>	<b>6-13</b>	<b>0-5</b>

**ISIGABA C: AMATHEKSTHI AMAFITJHANI WOKUTHINTANA****SEBENZISA IRUBHRIKHI NJALO NAWUTSHWAYA ISIGABESI****IRUBHRIKHI YOKUHLOLA AMATHEKSTHI AMAFITJHANI WOKUTHINTANA WELIMI LOKUTHOMA LOKWENGEZA  
[20 AMAMAKSI]**

Iqhinga	Ngokudluleleko	Ngokwekghono	Ngokulingeneko	Ngokusisekelo	Ngokungakaneli
<b>OKUMUNYETHWEKO, UKUHLELA NESAKHIWO</b>	<b>9–12</b>	<b>7–8</b>	<b>5–6</b>	<b>3–4</b>	<b>0–2</b>
Ukuphendula kanye nomqondo: Ukuhlela kwemiqondo; amatshwayo/imithetjhwana kanye nobujamo.	-Ukuphendula okudluleleko, okungaphezu kwalokho okulindelweko. -Imiqondo ehlakaniphileko nekhulileko.  -Ilwazi elingeleteleko lamatshwayo wetheksthi. -Umtlolo unqophile. -Kunokukhambelana kokumunyethweko nomqondo. -Kuhlathululwe kuhle begodu yoke imininingwana isekela isihloko. -Isakhiwo esifaneleko nesinembako.	-Ukuphendula okuhle khulu okutjengisa ilwazi elihle lamatshwayo wetheksthi. -Inqophile, ayikaphumi esihlokweni isekelwe kuhle ngendlela enobukghoni begodu kunemininingwana esekela isihloko. -Isakhiwo esifaneleko esinokukhambelana okuncazana.	-Ukuphendula okulingeneko okutjengisa ilwazi lamatshwayo wetheksthi. -Akunakudzimelela nokukhambelana okulingeneko kokumunyethweko nemiqondo. -Eminye imininingwana esekela isihloko ikhona. -Isakhiwo esifanele ngokulingeneko, kodwana kunokungakhambelaniko.	-Ukuphendula ngokusisekelo begodu kutjengisa ilwazi lamatshwayo wetheksthi. -Kunokunqophha okuhona kodwana okunengi kuphambene. -Imininingwana embalwa esekela isihloko ikhona. -Usebenzise imithetho eqakathekileko ngendlela embi. -Kunobutjhapha obubonakalako.	-Ukuphendula kutjengisa ukungabikhona kwelwazi lamatshwayo wetheksthi. -Akunakukhambelana kwemiqondo. -Kunemininingwana embalwa esekela isihloko. -Akakasebenzisi imithetho efunekako namkha isakhiwo.

<b>ILIMI, ISITAYELA NOKU-EDITHA</b>	<b>7–8</b>	<b>5–6</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0–2</b>
Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela, ilwazimagama elifanele umnqopho, abamukelilwazi kanye nobujamo. -Kuyanemba ngokwehlelo begodu kwakhiwe kuhle. -Akunamphoso.	-Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela, ilwazimagama kufanele khulu umnqopho, abamukelilwazi kanye nobujamo. -Ihlelo linemba ngokwekghono elithileko begodu lathiwe kuhle. -Ilwazimagama elihle khulu. -Akunamphoso.	-Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela, ilwazimagama kufanele umnqopho, abamukelilwazi kanye nobujamo. -Zikhona iimphoso zehlelo. -Ilwazimagama elifaneleko. -limphoso azilimazi ihlathululo.	-Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela, ilwazimagama kufanele kancani umnqopho, abamukelilwazi kanye nobujamo. -Ihlelo elingakafaneli elinemphoso ezimbalwa. -Ilwazimagama elithayelako. -Ihlathululo ivimbekile.	-Iphimbo, irejista, isitayela, ilwazimagama akukhambelani nomnqopho, abamukelilwazi kanye nobujamo. -Kuzele iimphoso begodu akuzwisisakali. -Ilwazimagama alikawufaneli umnqopho. -Ihlathululo ayizwakali kwamambala.	
<b>8 AMAMAKSI</b>	<b>16–20</b>	<b>13–15</b>	<b>9–12</b>	<b>6–8</b>	<b>0–5</b>
<b>IRENJI YAMAMAKSI</b>					

**AMATSHWAYO OKUMELE ASETJENZISWE BOTITJHERE NABATSHWAYAKO****IGREYIDI 10-12**

<b>Itshwayo</b>	<b>Ihlathululo</b>	<b>Itshwayo elikhambelanako ethekstini</b>	<b>Isibonelo setshwayo elisetjenzisiweko</b>	<b>Lapha kulungiswe khona</b>
?	Faka itshwayo likanobuza	↑	?	
!	Faka itshwayo lokubabaza	↑	!	
/-	Faka u-dwi/ihayifeni	↑	/-	
o/	Susa bese uyalivila(igama)	/	Kwa Mhlanga	KwaMhlanga
#	Hlukanisa amagama	#	...ebesakhelene nabo	...ebe sakhelene nabo
g	Susa(Tiola phezu kweledere/kwegama eliuswako)	Susa igameli	Umma ukhamba <u>uyakhamba</u> ngekoloyi	Umma ukhamba ngekoloyi
stet	Tjhiya njengombana kunjalo/Lisa(umtlolo)njengombanaunjalo	....ngaphasi kwamaledere/igama olisule ngephoso	Ubaba ukhamba nomma	Ubaba <u>ukhamba</u> nomma

Gabh	Tlola igabhadlhela	≡.....ngaphasi kweledere lelo/igama elifuze littolwe ngegabhadlhela	<u>Unomzana</u> Mahlangu	uNomzana Mahlangu
L.nc	Tlola ngeledere elincani	=...ngaphasi kweledere lelo/igama elifuze littolwe ngamagama amancani	...ngi <u>Z</u> okukhamba	...ngizokukhamba
( )	Vala bese ususa isikhala hlangana namaledere	Hlanganisa amaledere	Emthola <u>C</u> pilo	Emtholapilo
s.e	Thoma isigaba esitjha	Isib: sele kumele athome isigaba esilandelako.	...kwabo. <u>A</u> besana...	..kwabo. Abesana.....
↑	Faka iledere/igama elitjengwise emajinini		Umma uyak <u>h</u> uphula <u>h</u> g	Umma uyakghuphula
○ ↑	Faka ungci	○ ↑	Abesana bebagula	Abesana bebagula.
ɔ ↑	Faka ikhoma	ɔ ↑	Ubaba uthenge iimbuzi iinkomo nezinja.	Ubaba uthenge iinkomo, iimbuzi nezinja.

<b>sp</b>	Thalela igama elingatloeki kuhle bese utlola <b>sp</b> ngaphezulu	<b>sp</b>	...ngitluwile	... <u>ngitluwile</u>
<b>sv</b>	Thalela igama elinesivumelwano esingakafaneli besi utlola <b>sv</b> ngaphezulu	<b>sv</b>	Ikomo <u>z</u> akhe	Ikomo <u>y</u> akhe
<b>ibu</b>	Thalela okubuyeletweko bese utlola <b>ibu</b> ngaphezulu	<b>ibu</b>		
<b>mhl</b>	Thalela umutjho ongakahleleki kuhle bese utlola <b>mhl</b> ngaphezulu	<b>mhl</b>		
<b>hl</b>	Thalela isihlanganiso esingakasetjenziswa kuhle bese utlola <b>hl</b> ngaphezulu	<b>hl</b>		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Igama elingakaqunteki kuhle		<u>tu</u>	Umun <u>E</u>
	Umqondo oquntiweko endimeni			
<b>I</b>	Thalela ilimi elingamukelekiko bese utlola <b>I</b> ngaphezulu	<b>I</b>		