



basic education

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ISINDEBELE ILIMI LEKHAYA (HL)

IPHEPHA LOKUTHOMA (P1)

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IMITLOMELO: 70

ISIKHATHI: ama-iri ama-2

Iphepheli linamakhasi ali-13.

YELELA

1. Iphepheli LINEENGABA EZINTATHU: ISIGABA A, B kanye NESIGABA-C.

ISIGABA A: Ukufunda nokuzwisisa (30)

ISIGABA B: Ukurhunyeza (10)

ISIGABA C: Ihlelo nokusetjenziswa kwelimi (30)

2. Phendula YOKE imibuzo.
3. Funda yoke imiyalo onikelwe yona ngokuyelela okukhulu.
4. Thoma isigaba ESINYE NESINYE ekhasini ELITJHA.
5. Thalela ngemva kokuphendula imibuzo yesigaba ngasinye.
6. Tlola iinomboro zemibuzo njengombana zinjalo ephepheni lemibuzo.
7. Tjhiya umuda OWODWA ngemva kwaleyo naleyo pendulo.
8. Tlola kuhle nangesandla esibonakalako.
9. Yelela kobana upelede amagama ngendlela efaneleko bewutlole nemitjho ezwakalako.
10. Isikhathi esiphakanyisweko sokutlola isigaba ngasinye:
- ISIGABA A: pheze imizuzu ema- 45
ISIGABA B: pheze imizuzu ema- 30
ISIGABA C: pheze imizuzu ema- 45

ISIGABA A: UKUFUNDA NOKUZWISISA**UMBUZO 1**

Phendula imibuzo engaphasi kwetheksti eku-1.1 nengaphasi kwesithombe esiku-1.2.

1.1 Funda itheksti engenzasi bese uphendula imibuzo.

UKUBALWA KWABANTU

Ngomnyaka we-2011 urhulumende weSewula Afrika wazibophelela ehlelweni lokubalwa kwabantu elaziwa nge*Census*. Ihlelveli lenziwa ngokobana kubalwe inani labantu emzini ngamunye ukwenzela bona urhulumende ahlale asazi bona kunabantu abangaki enarheni le. Ihlelveli le*Census* lenziwa qobe ngemva kweminyaka emihlanu ngesimanga sokobana iindleko zokuhlola izakhamuzi zenarha ngokukhambela eendaweni ezihlala kizo ziyabiza. Ihlelveli lokubalwa kwabantu liqakatheke khulu ngombana ngilo elinikela umhlahlandlela wokobana ngimaphi amathuba womsebenzi okumele adalwe ngombana phela kusuke kutholakele bona bangaki abantu abasebenzako begodu basebenza kimiphi imikhakha.

Ukwenza isiqiniseko sokobana urhulumende uhlala anesilinganiso sabantu ngasosoke isikhathi ngaphambi kobana kwenziwe i*Census* ngokusemthethweni uyaqinisekisa bona kutlolwa inani labentwana ababelethwako nelalabo ababhuhako qobe lilanga. Kungebangelo umThethosisekelo wenarha le ukatelela bona umntwana nakabelethwako atolise abe nesitifikheyithi samabeletho bese nalokha nakahlongakalako abe nesitifikheyithi esitjhoko bona akasekho ephasini.

Nakukhambe kwenziwa ukuhlolwa kwabantu lokhu kubuzwa imibuzo ehlukehlukeneko njengokuthi, bangaki abantu abahlala ngaphakathi kwendlu leyo, abasebenzako, abafundako, bobulili obuthileko nebeminyaka ethileko. Imininingwana etholakala emzini ngamunye iyahlanganiswa ngokweemfunda idluliselwe kibomasipala. Imininingwana le isiza iimfunda nabomasipala bona bazi kobana zingaki iinkolo, amakhholiji, ama-univesithi, amatlinigi, iimbhedlela, iindawo zemidlalo nokuzithabisa ezitlhogekako. Ngesibalo sabantwesi aborhulumende beemfunda bakghona ukuthola ilwazi lokobana singangani isilinganiso samanzi, segezi kanye nesokuthuthwa kweenzibi nendle esilindelekileko.

Nanyana umbuso uzibophelele ekwenzeni ilemuko ebantwini kodwana kubonakele kusese khona iintjhijilo lapha nalapha. Imizi eminye ibiyelwe ngendlela yokobana ababali azange bakwazi ukungena khona. Abanye abantu bebathi nababona ababali, babavalele iminyango bathi abafuni ukubalwa ngombana urhulumende akabenzeli litho kanti abanye bona batjhaphulula izinja. Koke lokhu kukhinyabeza ihlelo lakarhulumende lokuletha iindingo-nqangi ebantwini. Okubuhlungu kukobana boke abantu abangafuni ukubalwaba kugcina kuba ngibo abangatholi iinsetjenziswa. Kungebangelo urhulumende athatha isiqunto sokuhlawulisa labo abangafuni ukuzibandakanya ekubalweni.

Isitjhijilo esibonakele khulu kuCensus yangomnyaka ophelileko ngilesi esenzeke esifundeni seLimpompo la umphakathi okumasipala iBlouberg ungakhange wamukele ababali khona. Kuthiwa ababalaba baninwa ngombana kungasi bahlali bakhona eBlouberg. Indaba yakhona yagcina sele ingenwe mbuso.

Ngokwazi bona kunemininingwana eyifihlo kwabanye abantu urhulumende uzibophelela ekutheni imininingwana yabantu le izakuba yifihlo bese ibekwa iminyaka ema-72. Ifihlo le urhulumende uyenzelela bona abantu bakwazi ukuvulela ababali nokubanikela ilwazi eliliqiniso ngaphandle kokwesaba. Ukunikela imininingwana eliqiniso kwenza urhulumende azi bona indawo ngayinye kufanele yabelwe imali engangani emnyakeni weemali ophezulu.

Ehlelweni leCensus lomnyaka we-2011 kutholakele bona inani labantu elibaliweko lingaphasi kwenani elingilo labantu abasenarheni le. Lokho kubangelwe kukobana kubalwe kwaphela abantu abazizakhamuzi zenarha nalabo abasenarheni le ngokomthetho. Abasenarheni le banganazo iincwadi ezibagunyazako bona azange babalwe, bebazifihla nababona ababali ngombana basaba bona nange batholakala bazakubuyiselwa eenarheni zemakhabo. Lokho kwenza bona urhulumende abhalelwe kunikela abantu iinsetjenziswa ngendlela efaneleko. Kungebangelo namhlanje sithola abantu baguruzela banina abantu beenarha zangaphandle ngombana bathi babathathela imisebenzi neensetjenziswa ebekufanele bona zinikelwe bona njengabantu benarha le.

Abantu abanengi bacabanga bona umnqopho omkhulu weCensus kubala abantu kwaphela. Nokho kumele kwaziwe bona ihlelveli linomnqopho omkhulu ongaphezu kokubalwa kwabantu. Ihlelveli lisebenza njengomthombo welwazi oqakathekileko emarhwebeni, ebarhubhululini, ebandini njll. Ngebanga lokobana ihlelveli libuthelela ilwazi eliphathelene nezokuhlalisana kwabantu, zemnotho kanye nelwazi elimayelana nezindlu. Koke lokhu kuqakatheke khulu embusweni ukuze ukwazi ukuhlela kuhle nangokunemba emikhakheni ehlukehlukeneko yawo umbuso. Kuyabonakala ke bona ihlelveli liqakatheke khulu ngombana phela umbuso nawungaziko bona kunabantu abangangani endaweni ngayinye, kutjho khona bona angeze wakwazi ukunikela isekelo elifaneleko elimayelana neensetjenziswa ezidingwa ngibo abantu. Ihlelveli lenziwa ngeendlela ezihlukeneko eenarheni ngokuhlukana kwazo. Qala nje, la eSewula Afrika lenziwa ngemuva kweminyaka emihlanu kodwana kezinye iinarha akusi njalo, qala nje e-Amerika ihlelveli lenziwa ngemuva kweminyaka elitjhumi.

[Ikhutjhwe ku-Internet naku - Economics Grade 10 yatjhugululwa]

- 1.1.1 Kubayini ihlelo lokubalwa kwabantu lenziwa qobe ngemva kweminyaka emihlanu? Ipendulwakho ayibe mumutjho OWODWA. (2)
- 1.1.2 Ihlelo lokubalwa kwabantu leli likhanjiswa ngayiphi indlela ukuqinisekisa bona woke umuntu uyabalwa? (2)
- 1.1.3 Tlola isizathu esenza abahlali beBlouberg bangafuni ukubalwa. (1)

- 1.1.4 Ingabe ihlelo lokubaleli liqakatheke ngani embusweni? (1)
- 1.1.5 Ehlelweni lokubalwa kwabantu langomnyaka we-2011 kubangelwe yini bona imiphumela yesibalo ingakhambisani nenani ekungilo labantu abasenarheni yeSewula Afrika? (2)
- 1.1.6 Uyini umnqopho karhulumende wokufuna ukwazi bona bangaki abantu abasebenzako hlangana namalunga womndeni? (2)
- 1.1.7 Ukungabalwa kwabanye abantu kungaba namuphi umthelela ngehlangothini lakarhulumende nangehlangothini labantu ngokwabo? Tlola umphumela OWODWA ehlangothini ngalinye. (4)
- 1.1.8 Khetha ipendulo ekungiyi kezingenzasi.
- Enye indlela engasetjenziselwa ukuthola inani labantu ngaphandle kobana kwenziwe ihlelo leCensus.
- A. Kutloliswa kwabantu ababelethwako bodwa.
- B. Kutloliswa kwabantu abahlongakalako boke.
- C. Kutloliswa kwabantu ababelethwako nabahlongakalako. (2)
- 1.1.9 Ngokubona kwakho kubangelwa yini bona abantu bangafuni ukunikela ngeminye yemininingwana abayibuzwa babali ngesikhathi seCensus? (2)
- 1.1.10 Ababali behlangano yeCensus banomhlobo wezambatho wombala otjheli abazembathako. Ngokucabanga kwakho kubayini bembatha izembathwezo? (2)

TJHEJA: YEQA IMIDA EMITHATHU NGAPHAMBI KOKUPHENDULA UMBUZO 1.2

1.2 Qalisisa isithombe esingenzasi bese uphendula imibuzo elandelako.



CENSUS 2011
BALWA NAW!

Inomboro yakwaCensus
0800 110 248/
080 CENSUS 2

Statistics South Africa

umkhambisanakho wekhwalthi kwezokubala

- 1.2.1 Tlola umnyaka okwakubanjwe ngawo iCensus ebonakala esithombeni esingehla. (1)
- 1.2.2 ICensus ebonakala esithombeni esingehla ngeyayiphi inarha? Sekela ipendulwakho ngezinto EZIMBILI ezibonakala esithombeni. (3)
- 1.2.3 Phendula imibuzo engenzasi ngo**LIQINISO** nofana **AKUSILO IQINISO** bese usekela isiqunto osithathako ngokuqalisa esithombeni esingehla.
- (a) Ihlelo lokubalwa kwabantu elaziwa ngeCensus lihlelo elenziwa yihlangano ezijameleko, engalawulwa mbuso. (2)
- (b) Ihlelweni libala kwaphela abantu abanabomazisi nabasebenzako emindenini. (2)

- 1.2.4 Ngokutjho kwendatjana evezwe ku-1.1 kuthiwa ababali vane bahlangabezane nobudisi keminye imizi ngesikhathi sokubalwa kwabantu. Akhe uqale isithombe esiku-1.2 bese utshwaya ngesehlakalo esibonakala siphikisana nokutjiwo yindatjana. Ipendulo ayibe mumutjho OWODWA. (2)

IMITLOMELO YESIGABA A: 30

TJHEJA: THOMA ISIGABA B EPHEPHENI ELITJHA.**ISIGABA B: UKURHUNYEZA****UMBUZO 2**

Fundisisa itheksti engenzasi bese uyayirhunyeza ngokwemiyalo elandelako:

IMIYALO:

1. Ngamagama angadluli kwama-70, rhunyeza uveze amaphuzu ali-7 nofana indima **ngomthelela omumbi olethwa ngufunjathwako** ebantwini abamsebenzisako (Tlola ngemitjho epheleleko).
2. Nangabe utlole imitjho, inombore imitjhwako kusukela kowoku-1 bekufike kewe-7. Umotjho owutlolako awube nomqondo OWODWA.
3. Tlola ngelimi elitsengileko ngombana uzokwabelwa imitlomelo emi-3.
4. Sebenzisa amagamakho, ungabuyeleli utlole njengombana kutloliwe endatjaneni.
5. Tlola inani lamagama owasebenzisileko ekupheleni kwesirhunyezo sakho.

UFUNJATHWAKO

Ufunjathwako sisetjenziswa sokuthintana esilula begodu senza bona abantu batholane lula nanyana umuntu akuyiphi indawo ikani nakunobulwembu bethungelelwano lemkeyini (*network*). Lokhu kwenza abantu bathintane lula. Okuhle ngofunjathwako kukobana angasetjenziswa ngiwo woke umuntu kungakhathalekile bona ufundile nofana akakafundi. Ngaphandle kokuthintana angasetjenziselwa nezinye iindlela ezilisizo ebantwini. Eenkulumiswaneni ezikhe zaba khona kuyavela bona nanyana ukuthuthuka kwetheknoloji kulisizo emphakathini kodwana ngakelinye ihlangothi kubuye kulimaze umphakathi. Iinkulumiswanezi zithe naziragela phambili kwafumaniseka bona nofunjathwako naye uyabandakanyeka ekulimazeni umphakathi. Abantu abatjha kubonakele bona basebenzisa ufunjathwako butjhulweni lokha nabakhuluma nabangani babo ngaye, nalokha nabathumelana imilayezo ngendlela yokutjhatha. Lokho sekubaphendule amakhobonga kafunjathwako.

Okwenza bona kube lula ukutjhatha kukobana kusimahla begodu ngebanga lephaliswano phakathi kwamabubulo wobulwembu bethungelelwano bathola imizuzu yasimahla lokha nabathenga yenani elithileko.

Isifundo esathulwa emhlanganweni wehlangano *i-Association of Professional Sleep* lomnyaka we-2008 saveza bona ukusetjenziswa butjhulweni kwakafunjathwako babantu abatjha kubabangela ukuhlubayela nokungalali ngokwaneleko. Koke lokhu kubabangela ukugandeleleka nokudinwa komkhumbulo.

Okhanye okwavelako kukobana ufunjathwako ukghona ukusiza abosomarhwebo ukuhlela iindaba zamabhizinisi wabo basendleleni nofana bakude nawo. Inengi labantu lizifumana seliseenkolodweni ngesibanga sokusebenzisa ufunjathwako butjhulweni. Kesinye isikhathi bathengiselwa amatjhorensi angekho nanyana bangene eemvumelwaneni zokuthengiselana izinto ezithileko ngaphandle kobana bayokutlikitla iimvumelwanezo.

Ipilo yamalanga la ifuna umuntu onelwazi elinabileko ngokwenzeka ephasini mazombe nje-ke nawunofunjathwako usuke unakho koke. Ungakghona ukusebenzisa i-inthanethe ukuqala ihlelo lokukhamba kweemphaphamtjhini, iintimela, ubujamo bezulu, ubujamo beenthuthi endleleni, ukuqala iinomboro zelotho nokwenza amarhubhululo ngezinto ezithileko. Minengi nemizi ephadlhekileko ngesibanga sokobana abalingani bakhulume amala bathi basendaweni ethileko kanti akusinjalo. Ufunjathwako ubuye abe yingozi ekulu ebhodulukweni ngombana ukulahlwa kwakhe nakangasasebenziko nofana ibhethri lakhe, kusilaphaza ihlabathi. I-*World Health Organisation* ithole bona abantu abasebenzisa abofunjathwako ngokweqileko bagcina banekankere yengqondo ebangelwa misele ebizwa bona ma-*electromagnetic waves* ekhambisa amezwi phakathi kwabofunjathwako. Abofunjathwako abanengi amalanga la beza banamakhemera nje-ke sekubalula ukuthatha iinthombe.

IMITLOMELO YESIGABA B: 10

TJHEJA: THOMA ISIGABA C EPHEPHENI ELITJHA.

ISIGABA C: IHLELO NOKUSETJENZISWA KWELIMI

UMBUZO 3

ISIKHANGISO

Phondwelibovu Loans

**UNGAZIFUMANELA ISAPHULELO SAMA- 50% NAWUTHENGA
IKOLOYI NGEMALIMBOLEKO KODWANA UBE NEMINYAKA EMA-25 UKUFIKA
KWEMA-35.**

IMBILA YATLHOGA UMSILA NGOKULAYEZELA!

ZIZELE MATHUPA UZOZITHOLELA IHLOBO LEKOLOYI LE NGAMA-R350,000



Imibandela

- Inzalo yemalimboleko ikhuphuka ngama-10% ngenyanga.
- Siboleka abarhola ngaphezu kwama- R200,000 ngomnyaka.
- Sibamba iincwadi zekoloyi bewuqede ukubhadela.
- Ubhadela iminyaka emi-3 kwaphela.

3.1 Tlola amaphuzu AMABILI atjengisa bona isikhangiso esingehlesi siyawaveza amaqhinga wokukhangisa. (4)

3.2 Kunebandlululo esikhangiswenesi, dzubhula amagama aveza ibandlululwelo bewutjho nokobana ngelamhlobo bani. (2)

- 3.3 Thatha isaga esithi, imbila yathoga umsila ngokulayezela esisetjenziswe esikhangisweni esingehla uzakhele umutjho kuvele bona uyayazi ihlathululo yaso. (2)
- 3.4 Ngelihlo elihlabako hlathulula bona imalimboleko yabakwaPhondwelibovu nokuthengwa kwekoloji kuthintana njani. (2)
- [10]

TJHEJA: THOMA UMBUZO 4 EPHEPHENI ELITJHA.

UMBUZO 4

Qalisisa ikhathuni engenzasi bese uphendula imibuzo elandelako.

IKHATHUNI



- 4.1 Tlola okwenziwa msana oguqe phasi ngamadolo lo? (1)
- 4.2 Ngokuya kwekhathuni engehla le tlola OKUKODWA okungakwenza bona ungapumeleli esikolweni. (1)
- 4.3 Ingabe lokhu okwenzeka ekhathunini kwenzeka ngasiphi isikhathi somnyaka? Sekela ipendulwakho ngomutjho OWODWA. (2)

4.4 Khetha ipendulo ekungiyi kezilandelako:

Umsana ofake izandla ngesikhwanyeni lo utjengisani?

- A Ukuzithemba eemfundweni zakhe.
 B Ukuzwa amakhaza.
 C Ukungafuni ukutlola iinhlahlubo. (1)

4.5 Umsana ofake izandla ngesikhwanyeni lo ubonakala asilingekile. Ingabe yini unobangela wokusilingeka kwakhe? (1)

4.6 Ucabanga bona isenzo somsana oguqe ngamadolo lo simumethe wuphi umqondo? (2)

4.7 Ngowakho umbono ungathi umsana lo unqophe ukuthini ngamagama athi, 'Kubamba ezumako' ekhathunini engehla le? (2)
[10]

TJHEJA: THOMA UMBUZO 5 EPHEPHENI ELITJHA.

UMBUZO 5

Funda itheksti engenzasi bese uphendula imibuzo.

Iphasi lajama tsi nakuzwakala bona iqhegu uRholihlahla Mandela ubangwa neenzibi. Emaphepheni nemirhatjhwani kwaba yindaba esematheni. Abangazisabiko besele batjho bonyana angalifulathela nini nanini. Esibhedlela seMill-Park, lapha gade anyangwa khona, ababikiindaba babebuthene kwanga ziimpukani zibunganyele into efileko. Ukungavezi ubujamo bepilwakhe epepeneneni kwahlukumeza izakhamuzi zenarha. Ngalelo langa kwadzujulwa ojamele iMandela Foundation emirhatjhwani yoke ye*South African Broadcasting Co-operation* asithi, 'Tjhaphulukani bantu bekhethu uMandela usebujameni obunzinzileko'. Nanyana kunjalo abantu azange batjhaphuluka, kwabonakala iinkonzo ngokwahlukahlukana zibambe imilindelo emasangweni wesibhedlela. Abanye balindela eduze nomzakhe eHoughton esesifundeni seGauteng. Inengi lalinekolelo yokobana uMandela ngewethu soke abantu beSewula Afrika kanti abanye bebathi ungowephasi loke. Abantu azange bathande indlela ebabefihlelwa ngayo ubujamo akibo, bezwakala batjho nokobana banelungelo lokwazi ngakho koke okwenzakalako ngaye. Okwathabisa abantu kukobana kwathi ngemva kwamalanga angasi mangaki wadedelwa esibhedlela asebujameni obuhle nobukarisako.

5.1 Tlola isikhathi sesenzo esithalelweko emutjhwani ongenzasi.

Abanye **balindela** eduze nomzakhe eHoughton. (1)

5.2 Tlola bona isenzo esithalelweko emutjhwani ongenzasi lo sikuyiphi indlela yesenzo.

Abangazisabiko besele batjho bonyana **angalifulathela** nini nanini. (1)

- 5.3 Tlola isirhunyezo samagama athalelwe emutjhweni ongenzasi.
Ngalelo langa kwadzujulwa ojamele iMandela Foundation emirhatjhweni yoke ye-**South African Broadcasting Co-operation**. (1)
- 5.4 Tlola umhlobo wesifengqo omumethwe mumuda ongenzasi.
Iphasi lajama. (1)
- 5.5 Sebenzisa isihlanganisi esifaneleko uhlanganise imitjho elandelako kube mumutjho OWODWA ozwakalako.
Tjhaphulukani bantu bekhethu. UMandela usebujameni obunzinzileko. (1)
- 5.6 Tlola umutjho olandelako uzwakale kuhle.
Abanye balindela eduze na umzakhe eHoughton. (1)
- 5.7 Tsomula isitjho esisetjenziswe emutjhweni wokuthoma ethekstini engehla uzakhele ngaso umutjho ozitlamele wona kuvele bona uyayazi ihlathululo yaso. (2)
- 5.8 Tlola iinkhekhe EZIMBILI ezakhe ibizo elithi **ababikiindaba** elisetjenziswe etheksthini engehla. (2)

IMITLOMELO YESIGABA C: 30
INANI LOKE: 70