



# INkazelo yeKharityhulamu yeSizwe eHlaziyiweyo

YamaBanga ukusuka  
ku-R ukuya kwele-9  
(ezikolo)

**liLwimi**  
**IsiXhosa**  
**ULwimi oloNgezelelwego lokuqala**



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Olu xwebhu kufuneka lufundwe njengenxalenye yeNkcazelo yeKharityhulamu yeSizwe eHlaziyiweyo yamaBanga ukusuka ku-R ukuya kwele-9 (ezikolo)

Le Nkcazelo yeKharityhulamu yeSizwe eHlaziyiweyo yamaBanga ukusuka ku-R kwele-9 (ezikolo) iquka:

1. INkcazelo Jikelele
2. INkcazelo zeeNkalo zeziFundo ezisibhozo:

    |I Lwimi  
    |Mathematika  
    |INzululwazi ngezoBugqi  
    |INzululwazi ngezeNtlalo  
    |UbuGcisa neNkcubeko  
    |IsiFundo ngezoBomi  
    |INzululwazi ngezoQoqosho noLawulo  
    |ITeknoloji

#### INQAKU ELIYA KUMFUNDI

ISebe leMfundu liyazindla ngokwazisa le Nkcazelo yeKharityhulamu yeSizwe eHlaziyiweyo yamaBanga ukusuka ku-R ukuya kwele-9 (ezikolo) kwiilwimi ezili-11 zaseburhulumenteni zoMzantsi Afrika.

Inkqubo yenguqulelo intsonkothile kwaye icel'umngeni. Kumaxa amaninzi isigama nokukhethwa kwamagama kufuneke ukuba kupuhhliswe ngabantu ebebesebenza ngala maxwebhu. La maxwebhu avavanywe ngaphandle zingcaphephe.

ISebe leMfundu liwabona la maxwebhu njengesiqalo senkqubo yokukhulisa nokupuhhlisa iilwimi zethu. Siyabavumela sibakhuthaza abantu kwimimmandla ukuba bawasebenzise la maxwebhu njengesiseko sokuqhubela phambili upuhhliso.

## UYISEBENZISA NJANI LE NCWADI

- Ukufumana ulwazi jikelele:
  - *Ukwazisa iNkcazeloyeKharityhulamu yeSizwe* - kwiSahluko soku-1- Esi sinika ulwazi kwiMfundoe sekeke kwiziPhumo, iNkcazeloyeKharityhulamu eHlaziyiweyo yamaBanga ukusuka ku-R ukuya kwele-9 (ezikolo) neenkqubo zokuFunda;
  - *Ukwazisa iNkalo yesiFundokwiSahluko soku-1-* Esi sinika intshayelelo yeNkcazeloyeNkalo yesiFundoukuquka neempawu zayo, ummandla, neziPhumo zeziFundo;
  - *UkuHlolwakomFundokwiSahluko sesi-5-* Esi sahluko sinika izikhokelo zemigaqo yohlololo, kwiMfundoeSekeke kwiziPhumo, ixoxa ngohlolo oluzingileyo, kwaye sinika nemizekeloyokugcina iirekhodi;
  - *UluHlu lweZalathisi lunika iNkcazeloyamagama eKharityhulamu noHlolokunyeneNkcazeloyamagama eNkalo yesiFundoe ethile.*
- Isiqu sale ncwadi sahlulwe saba zizahluko eziliqela. Kukho isahluko sesiGaba ngasinyeseBakala seMfundonoQeqesho Jikelele – ,isiGaba esisiSeko, isiGaba esipPhakathi, nesiGaba esipPhakamileyo. Isahluko ngasinyesinecandelo lwestishwankathelo sentshayelelo, elilandelwa yimiGangathoyokuHloloyesiGaba. Kukho nesahluko sokuHlolwakomFundi.
- ImiGangathoyokuHloloyesiGaba ngasinyeyaziswe ngendlela eyenza kube lula ukulandela inkqubelaphambili. Oku kuthetha ukuba imiGangathoyokuHlolayebanga ngalinye ilandeelanisiwe ukwenzela ukuba ootitshala bakwazi ukuthelekisa inkqubelaphambili ngokuhamba kweminyaka. Isiphumo soku zizithuba ezingenanto, kuba ayiyiyo yonke imiGangathoyokuHlolayedibanyokumabanga ngamabanga.
- Imiqondiso ethile isetyenzisiwe kuyo yonke le ncwadi ukukhokela umfundi ekufumaneni ulwazi alukhangelayo. Le miqondiso yile:



ImiGangathoyokuHlola



IBanga



IsiPhumo sesiFundoo

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## **ISAHLUKO SOKU-1**

# **INTSHAYELELO**

## **UKWAZISA INKCAZELO YEKHARITYHULAMU YESIZWE**

UMgaqo-siSeko weRiphabliki yoMzantsi Afrika yonyaka ka1996 ( uMthetho we- 108 ka 1996) unika isiseko sokuguqula nokupuhhlisa ikharityhulamu kuMzantsi Afrika wanamhla. Intshayelelo yoMgaqo-Siseko ichaza ukuba iinjongo zoMgaqo-siSeko kuku:

- phelisa iiyantlukwano zangaphambili kwaye kuzinziswe uluntu olusekwe kukuxabiseka kwesizwe esilawulwa yintando yesininzi, kubulungisa bentlalo namalungelo oluntu asisiseko.
- phucula umgangatho wobomi wabemi bonke nokukhulula amandla aleleyo omntu ngamnye.
- enza isiseko soluntu solawulomelo nesivulekiyo apha urhulumente usekeke kwintando yabantu kwaye wonke ummi ukhuselwe ngokulinganayo ngumthetho.
- akha uMzantsi Afrika olawulwa yintando yesininzi omanyeneyo okwaziyo ukuthatha indawo elunglelo njengombuso ozimeleyo kumnombo wezizwe.

ImFundo nekharityhulamu zinendima ebalulekileyo eziyidلالayo ekuphumezeni ezi njongo. Ikharityhulamu inenjongo yokupuhhlisa ngokupheleleyo amandla aleleyo omfundu ngamnye njengommi woMzantsi Afrika olawulwa yintando yesininzi.

### **ImFundo esekeke kwiziPhumo**

Imfundo esekeke kwiziPhumo yakha isiseko sekharityhulamu eMzantsi Afrika. Izama ukwenza ukuba bonke abafundi baphumelele kowona mgangatho wabo wobuchule uphezulu. Oku kwensiwa ngokumisela iziphumo emazi-phunyelelw ekupheleni kwenkqubo. Iziphumo zikhuthaza inkqubo yemfundo ejolise kumfundu nakwimisabenzi. INkcazelo yeKharityhulamu yeSizwe eHlaziyiweyo yakha iziphumo zeZifundo zeBakala leMfundo noQeqesho Jikelele zamaBanga ukusuka kuLwamkelo ukuya kwele-9 ( ezikolo) kwiziPhumo ezingundoqo nakwezipuhhlisayo.

Iziphumo ezingundoqo zilindela abafundi abaza kukwazi uku

- chonga nokusombulula iingxaki nokwenza izigqibo besebenzisa ingcinga enzulu neqiqayo.
- sebenza ngokufanelekileyo nabanye, njengamatlungu eqela, imibutho noluntu.
- kuzicwangcisa nokuzilawula becwangcisa kwaye belawula nemisebenzi yabo ngokuthembekileyo nangokufanelekiyo.
- qokelela, ukuhlalutya, ukucwangcisa nokuvavanya ulwazi ngokunzulu.

- nxibelelana ngokufanelekileyo besebenzisa ubuchule bokubonwayo, bemiqondiso no/okanye bolwimi kwimizekelo eyahlukeneyo.
  - sebenzisa inzululwazi neteknoloji ngokufanelekileyo, bebonakalisa ngokunzulu iimfanelo kummandla nempilo yabanye.
  - bonisa ingqiqo yelizwe njengoluhlu lwezixokelewano ezinxulumeneyo ngokunakana ukuba iimeko zokusombulula iingxaki azenzeki ngokwahlukeneyo.

Imibandela efana nobuhlwempu, ukungalingani, ubuhlanga, isini, ubudala, ukukhubazeka, nemiceli mingeni efana neHIV/AIDS yonke iphembelela iqondo nendlela apho abafundi bangathabatha ngayo inxaxheba ekufundeni. INkcazeloyeKharityhulamu yeSizwe eHlaziyiwego yamaBanga ukusuka kwibanga loLwamkelo ukuya kwele-9 isebezisa inkqubo edibeneyo yokumisela ubuncinane beemfuno zabafundi bonke. Zonke iiNkcazelozeeNkalo zeziFundo zizama ukuyila ingqiqo yolwalamano phakathi kobulungisa bentlalo, amalungelo oluntu, ummandla ophilileyo, nokuqukana. Bonke abafundi bakhuthazwa ukwandisa ulwazi, nengqiqo yokwahluwanakobutyebi beli lizwe, ukuquka nezakhiwo zenkcubeko, zenkolo nobuhlanga kule yantlukwano.

**I**Nkcazelو yeKharityhulamu yeSizwe eHlaziywego : liNkcazelو zeeNkalo zeziFundo

INkcazelو yeKharityhulamu yeSizwe eHlaziyiweyo yamaBanga ukusuka kwibanga loLwamkelo ukuya kwele-9 iqulathe le Nkcazelو Jikelele neNkcazelو yeeNkalo zeziFundو ezisibhozo:

- IiLwimi
  - IMathematika
  - INzululwazi ngezoBugqi
  - INzululwazi ngezeNtlalo
  - UbuGcisa neNkcubeko
  - IsiFundo ngezoBomi
  - INzululwazi ngezoQoqosho noLawulo
  - ITeknoloji

INkcazeloyeNkalo yesiFundonganye ichaza iziPhumo zeziFundoezingundoqo ekufunekaziphunyelelwiekupheleni kweBanga le-9. INkcazeloyeNkalo yesiFundonganye ichaza imiGangathoyokuHlola iya kwenzaiziPhumo zesifundo ziphunyelelw. ImiGangathoyokuHlola yeyebanga ngalinyekwaye ichaza ububanzi nobunzulu ekufunekabafundi bekwazilekwayebakwazi ukukwenza. ImiGangathoyokuHlola yeNkcazeloyeNkalo yesiFundonganye ibonisa indlela ukukhula kwengqiqonobuchuleokunokwenzeka ngayo ekuhambenikwexesha. ImiGangathoyokuHlola inokuhlanganiswa kumabanganganokudibene ngokweeNkalo zeziFundonaphokuyimfuneko nakwimfundaelungileyo) nakwingqiqoyenkqubela-phambilengokwamabangakusembindini wale kharityhulamu.

## INkcazeloyeKarityhulamu yeSizwe eHlaziyiweyo: iINkqubo zokuFunda

INkcazeloyeKarityhulamu yeSizwe eHlaziyiweyo ijolise ekuphuculeni ukuzibophelela nobuchule phakathi kootitshala abaya kuba noxanduva lokupuhhlisa iiNkqubo zokuFunda zabo. Ukuze kuxhaswe le nkqubo, iSebe leMfundu liya kunika izikhokelo zemigaqo esekeke kwiNkcazeloyeNkalo yesiFundo nganye. Amaphondo aya kupuhhlisa ezinye izikhokelo apho kuyimfuneko ukumelana neyantlukwano.

Imigaqo ezizisekelo nokuxabiseka kweeNkcazeloyeNkalo zeZifundo zeNkcazeloyeKarityhulamu yeSizwe eHlaziyiweyo zisekela iiNkqubo zokuFunda. Ekubeni iiNkalo zeziFundo zichaza iingqiqo, ubuchule, nokuxabiseka ekufuneka ziphunyelelwengokwebanga ngokwebanga, iiNkqubo zokuFunda zona zichaza ububanzi bemisebenzi yokufunda nokuhlola yesigaba ngasinye. iINkqubo zokuFunda ziqlatthe izintlu zemisebenzi ezinika isantya nolandelelwano lwale misebenzi kunyaka ngamnye, nemizekelo yokuqulunqwa kwezifundo enokuzalisekiswa naninina.

KwisiGaba esisiSeko kukho iinkqubo zokufunda ezintathu ezizezi: iLitheresi, ukukwazi ukusebenzisa amaNani nezakhono zoBomi. KwisiGaba esiPhakathi iiLwimi, neMathematika zisale zizinkqubo zokufunda ezizimeleyo. Ezinye iiNkalo zeziFundo zingahlanganisa ngamaphondo ngemvume yamasebe emfundu yamaphondo. Amaphondo anegunya lokupuhhlisa iziggibo ezibanzi ngokwephondo kuhlanganiso lwestiGaba esiPhakathi. KwisiGaba esiPhakamileyo kukho iinkqubo zokufunda ezisibhozo ezisekeke kwiiNkalo zeziFundo. Ixesha elabelwe iNkalo yesiFundo nganye lalathelwe onke amABanga neziGaba.

## UkwAbiwa kweXesha

NgokwesiQendu soMthetho weNgqesho weeTitshala, (1998), iimini zesikolo ezisesikweni zootitshala ziya kuba yimidu esixhenxe. NgokoMthetho woMgaqo weMfundu yeSizwe, (1996), ixesha lokufundisa elisesikweni ngeveki liziyure ezingama - 35. Oku kumiselwe kwi:

1. Xwebhu lweNkcazeloyeJikelele ISBN 1-919917 iphepha le-19
2. Government Gazette No. 23406, Vol. 443 Meyi 2002. Amaphepha ama-26 nama-27.

## UHlolo

INkcazeloyeNkalo yesiFundo nganye iqulatthe icandelo ngeenkukacha zohlolo. Isakhelo semfundu esekeke kwiziPhumo isebebenzisa iimethodi zohlolo ezivumela iimeko ezahlukeneyo. UHlolo kufuneka lunike izalathisi zokuphunyelelwengumfundi kwimeko efanelekileyo necoselelekileyo kwaye luqinisekise ukuba abafundi bahlanganisa ubuchule kwaye babusebenzise. UHlolo kufuneka kwakho lunchede abafundi ukwenza izigwebo malunga nabakwenzayo , bamisele iinjongo zenkqubela- phambili nokuqhubela phambili ukufunda.

## UHlobo oluLindelekileyo lweTitshala

Ootitshala kuyo yonke imigangatho ngabanikeli abaphambili ekuguqulweni kwemfundo eMzantsi Afrika. INkcazeloyeKharityhulamu yeSizwe eHlaziyiweyo yamaBnaga ukusuka ku-R ukuya kwele-9 (ezikolo) inembono yetitshala oqeqliwego, enobuchule, ozinikeleyo nonenkathalo. Baya kukwazi ukuphumelelisa iindima ezahlukeneyo ezikwimiGangatho neziLinganiselo zootitshala. Oku kuquka ootitshala njengabalamli bemfundo, abatoliki, abayili beenkubo zezfundo, nezixhobo zokufunda, iinkokheli, abalawuli, oomanjali, abafundi, abaphandi nabafundi abafunda ubomi bonke, amalungu oluntu, abemi, abacebisi, abahloli neencutshe zenkalo yesifundo/ yesigaba.

## UHlobo oluLindelekileyo lomFundi.

Ukuphuculwa kokuxabiseka akubalulekanga kuphela ekuziphuhliseni, kubaluleke nakukuqinisekisa ukuba ubunguwe ngokobuzwe boMzantsi Afrika bakhelwe kukuxabiseka okwahlukileyo koko kwakuxhasa imfundo vocalu-calulo. Uhlobo lomFundi olulindelwego ngulowo oza kuzalisa koku kuxabiseka noya kusebenza kumdra woluntu ngokusekeke kwintlonelo yesizwe esilawulwa yintando yesininzi, ukulingana, isidima somntu, ubomi nobulungisa bentlalo.

Ikharityhulamu izama ukuyila umfundi ofunda ubomi bonke, ozithembileyo, ozimelayo, ofundileyo, okwazi ukubala onobuchule obuninzi, onothando nonentlonipho yommandla nonobuchule bokuthatha inxaxheba kuluntu njengommi ohluzayo nokhutheleyo.

## INTSHAYELELO YENKALO YESIFUNDO YEELWIMI- ISIXHOSA

### INkcazeloye

INkalo yeziFundo yeeLwimi iquka:

- Zonke iilwimi ezilishumi elinanye zaseburhulumenteni isiPedi, isiSuthu, Siswati, isiTswana, Xitsonga, Tshivenda, isiBhulu, isiNgesi isiNdebele, isiXhosa, isiZulu.
- Iilwimi ezivunywe yiBhodi yeeLwimi Zonke zoMzantsi Afrika, iPan South African Board (PANSALB) neBhodi eLawula iziQinisekiso zaBafundi beBanga leshumi elinesibini eMzantsi Afrika, iSouth Africa Certification Board (SAFCERT), ezifana nolwimi lweeMinwe neBreyile.

INkalo yesiFundo yowlimi lwaseburhulumenteni nganye yaziswe njengeenxalenye ezintathu iyleyo inomthamo wayo; ulwimi lweNkobe, ulwimi olongezelelwego lokuqala, nolwimi olongezelelwego wesibini.

Kwilizwe elineelwimi ezininzi njengeloMzantsi Afrika kubaluleke kakhulu ukuba abafundi bafikelele kumanqanaba aphezulu obuchule beelwimi ezimbini ubuncinane, kwaye bakwazi nokunxibevelana ngezinye iilwimi.

## INkqubo yoNgezelelo kwiiLwimi eziNinzi

INkalo yesiFundo yeeLwimi ihambisana nomgaqo wolwimi kwimfundo yeSebe leMfundu. Lo mgaqo unika amaBhunga aLawula iziKolo uxanduva lokwenza imigaqo yowlwimi lwasikolo efanele iimeko zabo kwaye ehambisana nomgaqo wongezelelo kwiilwimi ezininzi. INkcazeloyeNkalo yesiFundo yeelwimi inika ikharityhulamu exhasa nasiphi isigqibo esenziwa sisikolo. Ilandela inkqubo yongezelelo kwiilwimi ezininzi

- Bonke abafundi bafunda ulwimi lwabo lweNkobe nolwimi olunye olongezelelweyo ubuncinane.
- Abafundi baba nobuchule kulwimi olongezelelweyo ekubeni ulwimi lweNkobe lulondolozwa kwaye lukwaphuhliswa.
- Bonke abafundi bafunda iilwimi zesiNtu kangangeminyaka emithandathu ekupheleni kwebakala GET. Kwezinye iimeko lungafundwa njengolwimi lwasibini olongezelel weyo.

Ulwimi lweNkobe, iilwimi ezonegezelelweyo, elokuqala nelesibini zenziwe ngeendlela ezahlukeneyo:

- Imigangatho yokuhlolayolwimi lweNkobe luqikelela ukuba abafundi beza esikolweni sebeluqonda kwaye beluthetha ulwimi. Baxhasa ukukhulisa kobu buchule, ingakumbi ngokuphathelele kwiintlobo ezahlukeneyo zobuchule (bokufunda, bokubhala, bokubona nokuhlautya). Obu buchule bunika ikharityhulamu eyomeleleyo ukuxhaza ulwimi lokufunda nokufundisa (LOLT).
- Ulwimi olongezelweyo lokuqala luqikelela ukuba abafundi abanalwazi lolwimi xa befika esikolweni. Ikharthyhulamu yesikolo iqalisa ngokukhulisa ubuchule bengqiqo nobokuthetha ulwimi. Kwesi siseko lwakha ubuchule. Abafundi bayakwazi ukugqithisela ubuchule ababufumene kulwimi lweNkobe kulwimi lokuqala olongezelelweyo. Ikharthyhulamu inika inkxaso eyomeleleyo kwabo bafundi abaza kuqala ukusebenzisa ulwimi lokuqala olongezelelweyo njengolwimi lokufunda kwezinye iincam zebakala leGET. Ekupheleni kweBanga le-9, aba bafundi kufuneka bakwazi ukusebenzisa ulwimi lwabo lweNkobe nolongozelelweyo ngokufanelekiewo nangokuzithemba kwiinjongo ezahlukeneyo ukuquka nokufunda.
- Ulwimi lwasibini olongezelelweyo lujolise kubafundi abanqwenela ukufunda iilwimi ezintathu. Ulwimi lwe-sithathu lungaba lulwimi olusemthethweni okanye ulwimi lwa mazwe ngamazwe. ImiGangatho yokuHlola iquinisekisa ukuba abafundi bayakwazi ukusebenzisa ulwimi kwiinjongo zonxibevelwano jikelele. Ziqikelela ukuba lixeshana elincinane eliya kwabelwa ukufundwa koLwimi lwasibini olongezelweyo kuneliya kwa belwa ulwimi lweNkobe nolokuqala olongezelelweyo.

INkalo yesiFundo yeeLwimi iquka iilwimi ezili-11 zaseburhulumenteni:

- ulwimi lwenkobe
- ulwimi lokuqala olongezelelweyo
- ulwimi lwasibini olongezelelweyo

## ULwimi lokuFunda nelokuFundisa (LOLT)

Sicebisa ukuba ulwimi lweNkobe lomFundi kufuneka lusetyenziswe ekufundeni nasekufundiseni (LOLT) apha kuyimfuneko. Oku kubaluleke kakhulu kwisiGaba esisiSeko apha abantwana bafunda ukufunda nokubhala.

Apho abafundi kufuneka beguqukele kulwimi olongezelelweyo ngeenjongo zokufunda nokufundisa (LOLT) kufuneka oku kuqulunqwe ngocoselelo:

- Ulwimi olongezelelweyo kufuneka luqaliswe njengesifundo ukufundwa kwangethuba.
- Ulwimi lweNkobe kufuneka luqhutyelwe phambili kangangoko ukusetyenziswa ngethu ba kusetyenziswa nolwimi olongezelelweyo .
- Apho abafundi bangena isikolo ulwimi lokufunda nokufundisa ilulwimi olongezelelweyo, ootishala nesikolo kufuneka banike uncedo nenxaso yokufunda ulwimi olongezelelweyo kude kube lixesha apha umfundi akwaziyo ukufunda ngokufanelekileyo kulwimi lokufunda nokufundisa (LOLT).

## INjongo

Iilwimi zikwincam yobomi bethu. Sinxibelelana kwaye siqonde ihlabathi ngolwimi. Ulwimi ngoko lubumba ubunguwe nolwazi.

Iilwimi zenza iinjongo ezahlukenyero, ezibonisiweyo kwiINkcazeloyeKharityhulamu yeSizwe eHlaziyiweyo YamaBanga ukusuka ku-R ukuya kwele-9 (ezikolo) yesifundo yeeLwimi. Ezi zezi:

- *Ezobuqu* - ukugcina ukwalamana okuluqilima kusapho nakuluntu, ukuzazi ubuni bakho, ukuzi phuhlisia nokuzonwabisia.
- *Unxibelelwano* - ukunxibelelana ngokufanelekileyo nangempumelelo kwiimeko zentlalo.
- *Ezemfundu* - ukukhulisa izixhobo zokucinga nokuqiqha kwaye kunikwe indlela yoku fikelela kulwazi.
- *Ubuhle*- ukusebenzisana ngomlomo, ngokubonwayo nangoncwadi olubhaliweyo ngokuyila nangokuthelekelela.
- *Inkcubeko* - ukuqonda nokuxabisa iilwimi neenkubeko nelifa abanalo.
- *EzePolitiko* - ukuvuma nokucela umngeni kummandla, ukucenga abanye ngolovo oluthile , ukubeka abanye nokupuhlisia nokugcina nokuguqula ubungabo.
- *Ngokunzulu* - ukuqonda ulwalamano phakathi kweelwimi, amandla, nobunguwe, nokucela umngeni ekusetyenzisweni kwezi zinto apha kuyimfuneko. Ukuqonda isimo sokuguquguquka kwenkcubeko nokuxhathisa kukucengwa nokubekwa apha kuyimfuneko.

## **limpawu ezizoDwa nomMandla**

### **Inagalelo lini iNkalo yesifundo yeeLwimi kwikharityhulamu?**

INkalo yesiFundo yeeLwimi:

- iphuhlisa ukufunda nokubhala, okusisiseko sezinye izakhono ezibalulekileyo.
- yindlela yokufunda ezinye izifundo kwikharityhulamu ezinjengemathematika nezenzululwazi yentlalo.
- ikhuthaza ingqiqo yenkcubeko ezahlukeneyo nokufikelela kwiinjongo zabanyenengqiqo enzulu yesigama senkcubeko.
- ivuselela iintelekelelo nesiphiwo sokuyila kwaye ziphucule iinjongo zobugcisa nenkcubeko.
- inika indlela yokunxibelela ulwazi, nokuphucula iinjongo ezininzi zemfundo ngenzululwazi, zeteknoloji, nemfundo yommandla.
- yandisa izixhobo eziyimfuneko zokuba ngabemi abathembekileyo besizwe.

### **iilwimi: ukuhlanganisa ulwazi, ubuchule nokuxabiseka**

Kuneziphumo ezi- 6 ezipahambili:

- iziphumo ezi-4 zokuqala zibhekiselele kubuchule obu-5 obahlukeneyo bolwimi ( ukumamela, ukuthetha, ukufunda, ukubukela nokubhala.
- isiphumo sesi-5 sibhekiselele ekusebenziseni iilwimi ngeenjongo zokucinga nokuqiqa ezibalulekileyo kulwi mi lokufunda nokufundisa (LOLT).
- isiphumo sesi-6 sisebenza ngembilini yolwimi izandi, amagama negrama – kwisicatshulwa. Olu lwazi luse-tyenziswa ngobuchule bolwimi oluchazwe kwezinye iziphumo.

Ezi ziphumo zibhalwe ngokunika ingqalelo ethile kuhlobo oluthile lolwazi, nobuchule obuthile ukuzenza zicace kwaye ziqondakale. Xa sisebenzisa ulwimi sidibanisa ulwazi, ubuchule nokuxabiseka ukuzivakalisa. Umgaqo ongundoqo weNgxelo yesiFundo yeeLwimi ngoko kukudityaniswa kwezimo zolwimi ekuyileni nasekutolikeni izicatshulwa.

## IziPhumo zesiFundo zoLwimi



### IsiPhumo sesiFundo soku-1: UkuMamela

Umfundi uyakwazi ukumamela ulwazi, kwaye emamelelele nokuzonwabisa aze aphendule ngokufaneleki-leyo nangokunzulu kwiimeko ngokubanzi.



### IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi-2: UkuThetha

Umfundi uyakwazi ukunxibelelana ngempumelelo nangokuzithemba, ngolwimi oluthethwayo kwiimeko ezibanzi



### IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi-3: UkuFunda nokuBukela

Umfundi uyakwazi ukufunda nokubukela ulwazi kwaye afundele ukuzonwabisa aze aphendule kubuhle, kwinkubeko nakukuxabiseka okunovakalelo kwizicatshulwa.



### IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi-4: UkuBhala

Umfundi uyakwazi ukubhala iindidi zezicatshulwa ezahlukenyoyezineengongoma ezinobunyaniso nezentelekelelo kwiinjongo ezininzi ezibanzi



### IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi-5: UkuCinga nokuQiqa

Umfundi uyakwazi ukusebenzisa ulwimi ekucingeni nasekuqiqeni, ekwafikelela kulwazi, esetyisa aze alusebenzise ekufundeni



### IsiPhumo sesiFundo-6: UkwAkhiwa nokuSetyenziswa koLwimi

Umfundi uyakwazi ukuqonda kwaye akwazi ukusebenzisa izandi, isigama negrama yolwimi ukuyila noku-tolika izicatshulwa.

## Ukuhlanganisa iziphumo

UkuMamela nokuthetha, ukufunda nokubukela, ukubhala, ukucinga nokuqiqa, nolwazi lwezandi, amagama, negrama kufuneka zidityaniswe xa zifundiswa naxa zihlolwa nangona zinikwe njengeziphumo ezahlukeneyo. Umzekelo abafundi bayo:

- kumamel uhlolo oluthile lwesicatshulwa (umzekelo, inkcazel yenqubo efana nokombiwa kwegolide okanye ukwenza iphepha),
- kufunda bahlalutye iimpawu eziphambili zesinye isicatshulwa esiluhlobo olufanayo nolu lungentla (umzekelo: ukusebenzisa ixesha langoku, nezihlanganisi, ezifana kodwa, ze, kuba),
- kubhala isicatshulwa esitsha sohlobo olufanayo ukuquka izixhobo ezibonwayo kwisimo somzobo ojikelezayo.

## Ukuyila nokutolika izicatshulwa

Ukuze abafundi bakwazi ukuyila nokutolika kufuneka babe nolwazi malunga nolwimi, ulwazi, malunga neziCatshulwa, ubuchule neendlela zolwimi

Izicatshulwa zingaba:

- zEzomlomo, umz: intetho
- ezibhalwayo, umz: ileta
- intlanganisela yokubhalwayo nokubonwayo, umzekelo isazisi
- ezezixhobo zokusasaza ezininzi, umz: izicatshulwa zethelevizhini,

Ulwazi lolwimi nolwezicatshulwa ukuquka nolwazi malunga :

- nemeko- injongo, isihloko nabaphula-phuli
- nesakhiwo sesicatshulwa, umz: somhobe, okanye sesazisi
- nolwimi olunxulumene nemvumelwano noqheliso lwentlalo, umz: indlela abantu ababulisa ngayo kwiilwimi ezahlukeneyo
- negrama, izandi, nesigama solwimi
- nobhalo nopelo lwesicatshulwa esibhaliwego
- nemifanekiso noyilo kwisicatshulwa esibonwayo

## Ukuhlanganisa ulwimi: ukuxabiseka

Zonke izicatshulwa ziqulathe ukuxabiseka okwakhayo ( umz: idemokrasi) okanye okungakhiyo (isini, ubuhlanga). Oku kuxabiseka akusoloko kucacile. Abafundi kufuneka bakuqaphele oku kwaye bahlalutye ukuxabiseka okukhoyo kwizicatshulwa abazifundayo nabazibukelayo nezo baziyle ngokwabo.

Xa abafundi behlalutya, apho kuyimfuneko, kwaye becela umngeni ngendlela ekubekwe ngayo ukuxabiseka kwizicatshulwa zomlomo, ezibonwayo nezibhalwayo baya:

- kufunda, ukuba izicatshulwa ziyithatha njani imbono ethile yabantu neziganeko.
- kwandisa ubuchule obunzulu bokuvavanya kwaye ukuba kuyimfuneko bachase ezi mbono nokuxabiseka kwazo okuphathelele kubo.
- kuqaphela indlela yokuvakalisa ukuxabiseka obukwizicatshulwa eziyilwe ngabo umz: unyamezelwano, uvelwano, ulonwabo, ubuhle, uburharha, ukuthanda ukudlala) kwizicatshulwa ezenziwe ngabo.

### **Ukuhlanganiswa kokufundwa koLwimi: imixholo**

Ukufundwa koLwimi lusenokuhlanganiswa ngemixholo. Ukusebenzisa umxholo kuvumela umfundu ukuba akhe isigama esiphathelele kwisihloko.

Ukhetho olululo lwemixholo nezihloko aluniki ntlanganisela kuphela, lukwakhuthaza umdla wabafundi.

Ukuphumelelisa oku, kufuneka uzame:

- ukufumana ulungelewaniso lwezihloko nemixholo ethi inike umdla kumakhwenkwe namantombazana, kubafundi basezidolphini nabasemaphandleni imixholo ethi ihlanganise abafundi kule yantlukwano.
- ukukhetha izihloko ezinxulumene nobomi babafundi, kwaye zibe ngaphaya koko sebekwazi kakade. Umz.: bangafunda ngamanye amazwe neenkubeko.
- nokukhetha imixholo nezihloko ezinxulumana nezipumo ezingundoqo nezakhayo. umzekelo, abafundi kufuneka bazibandakanye kwimibandela ebalulekileyo yamalungelo oluntu, ommandla efana nobuhlwempu, HIV/AIDS, ilungelo kumhlabu, nolwimi olusetyenziswa ngabathengi

### **Amalungelo oluntu nobulungisa bommandla**

Iilwimi zizixhobo ezibalulekileyo ukuphumelelisa amalungelo oluntu nobulungisa bommandla. Ngemigangatho yokuhlol iNkcazeloyeKharityhulamu yeSizwe eHlaziyiweyo YamaBanga ukusuka ku-R ukuya kwele-9 (ezikolo) yesiFundo yeeLwimi izama ukukhulisa esi sixhobo sibe kwawona mandla waso aleleyo. Abafundi abanezixhobo ezinzulu zokufunda ngelizwe labo nangezicatshulwa ezithethwayo nezibhalwayo malunga nalo kufuneka bazithembe kwiilwimi ezimbini (okanye kwiilwimi ezininzi). Kufuneka bakwazi ukuhlangutya ezi zicatshulwa kwaye baphinde bazibhale ngeendlela ezandisa amathuba onxulumanu lwamalungelo oluntu nobulungisa bommandla.

## ISAHLUKO SESI-2

### ISIGABA ESISISEKO

### (AmaBanga ukusuka ku-R ukuya kwelesi-3)

#### **INTSHAYELELO**

Ekugqibeleni abantwana abaninzi baza kufunda ezinye iinkalo zezifundo ngolwimi olongezelelweyo. Kubalulekile ukuba baxhotyiselwe oku kwiiklasi zabo zolwimi olongezelelweyo. Umzekelo, kufuneka bakwazi ukuqiqa ngolwimi olongezelewego, ukubuza nokuphendula imibuzo ecel'umngeni.

Iincwadi zesikhokelo kwiBanga lesi-4 zifuna isigama sokufunda esingamawaka ngamawaka. Omnye wemisebenzi engundoqo weklasi yowlimi olongezelelweyo kukunceda abafundi ekuphuhliseni esi sigama. Ootitshala kufuneka bemisele oko kunokuphunyezwa, kwaye bahlole isigama somfundu njalo ngendlela yoqashiso-magama nemibuzo emifutshane.

#### **UkuGqalisela**

##### **Ukuqala - AmaBanga R neloku-1**

Xa abantwana beqala ukufunda ulwimi olongezelelweyo, balufunda ikakhulu ngokulumamela. Umzekelo, bamamela amabali anophinda-phindo olwakhelweyo lwamagama amatsha nezakhi. Umbalisi webali usebenzisa izijekulo, imifanekiso nezinto eziyinyaniso ukwenzela ukuba intsingiselo icace. Abafundi baqala ukunika intsingiselo koko bakuvayo. Baqala bafumane amagama, izakhi, izandi nendlela yokunxibevelana. Kweli nqanaba ulwazi abanalo lungaphezulu kubuchule babo bokuthetha ulwimi. Njengoko abafundi beya bezithemba kwaye beqonda baya kuqalisa ukuthetha. Baya:

- kusebenzisa ulwimi olusisimiselo (umz: ukubulisa);
- kuphinda-phinda amagama namabinza asetyenziswa rhoqo;
- kuphendula imibuzo elula ngeempendulo ezifuna igama elinye okanye amabini;
- kucula iingoma ezilula;
- kwenza iimvano-ziphelo ezinentshukumo.

Kungafuneka ukuba abafundi basebenzise ulwimi lwabo lweNkobe, umzekelo, xa bexoxa ngovakalelo lwabo ebalini. Bayakufuna ukukhuthazwa nokunconywa njalo ukuba kufuneka babe ngabasebenzisi bolwimi abazithembileyo.

## Ulwazi olusisiseko oluzenzekelayo

Kubalulekile ukwakha isiseko esiluqilima solwazi ulwimi oluthethwayo. Le ngqiqo iquka ulwazi lwograma nesigama esifumaneka ngokuzenzekelayo xa abafundi bemamela, naxa basebenzisa ulwimi olongezelelwego. Esi siseko sibalulekile xa abafundi beqala ukufunda nokubhala kulwimi lwabo olutsha. Ukuphula-phula amabali kukwayinxalenye yesi siseko solwazi olusisiseko. Abantwana bafunda indlela yekwakhiwa kwamabali. Olu hlobo lolwazi lubizwa ngokuba ‘lulwazi olusisiseko oluzenzekelayo.’ Kukho ezinye iindlela aphi abantwana bakhulayo kulwazi abaza sebenalo esikolweni, umzekelo:

- ukubona imiqondiso kwiindawo abakuzo baze baqonde ukuba ithetha okuthile;
- ukusebenzisa imvano-zandi ezidlala ngolwimi kwaye zikhulisa ingqiqo yokwahlula izandi zolwimi olutsha (ingqiqo izandi);
- ukuzama ukufunda nokubhala ulwimi lwabo olutsha nangona imibhalo yezandla zabo isenokukhangeleka ingamahla-ndinyuka ephepheni.

Ootitshala kufuneka basikhuthaze esi simo sobuchule bokubhala nokufunda. Mabaqinisekise kwakhona ukuba abafundi bafunda iincwadi zemifanekiso ezineentloko ezilula.

## Ukwenza inkqubela-phambili – IBanga lesi-2

Xa abafundi bethe bakwazi ukubhala nokufunda ngolwimi lwabo lweNkobe, baya kukwazi ukusebenzisa ubuchule babo bokufunda nokubhala kulwimi olongezelelwego. Ubuchule babo bokugqithisa obu buchule buxhomekeke kulwazi lwabo lolwimi olongezelelwego, ingakumbi ulwazi lwasigama negrama.

### Umzekelo:

- bangakwazi ukufunda ezi zivakalisi zilandelayo zisebalini ngolwimi lweNkobe umzekelo isiXhosa: ‘UMajozi utsiba ucingo. Olu lumphakame kakhulu’;
- umntwana osebenza ngesi sivakalisi kwisiNgesi angasebenzisa ulwazi analo ngoonobumba ukuveza izandi zamagama. ‘Majozi jumps the fence. It is very high’;
- nangona oonobumba abaninzi bemele izandi ezifanayo, abanye bahlukile. Umzekelo u ‘c’ sisihqa kancu songqameko kwigama ‘ucingo’ kodwa ngu {s} ku ‘fence’ wesiNgesi. Okona kubalulekileyo kukuba amagama ‘tsiba’, ‘ucingo’, ‘lumphakame kakhulu’ makabe kwisigama somlomo somntwana, kwaye kufuneka azi ukuba kwigramu u ‘olu’ usisikhombisi esibhekiselele ku ‘cingo’.

Ngokuqinisekileyo, abantwana sele befundile kulwimi lwabo lweNkobe ukusebenzisa imifanekiso ecacisayo ukubanceda ekuqikeleleni intsingiselo yamagama. Nangona bazoba ngolwimi lweNkobe nje, kufuneka baqonde iimpawu ezizodwa zolwimi olongezelelwego.

## Ukukhuthaza ubuchule bophuhliso

Abafundi baya kuqhubela phambili ukwandisa ubuchule bokuthetha nobokumamela. Kufuneka babe nakho ukumamela kwizicatshulwa ezide ezinesigama negrama eyahlukileyo. Abafundi kufuneka behuthaziwe ekuthetheni nasekubuzeni imibuzo ukuze bacacelwe koko bangakuqondiyo. Maxa wambi kuya kufuneka bethethe iilwimi ezininzi ngaxeshanye (umzekelo: ukunika impendulo yakhe ebalini) kodwa kufuneka behuthaziwe ekuben'i bakwazi ukusebenzisa isiNgesi abasaziyo kangangoko.

Mababe nakho ukuthatha inxaxheba kwiincoko ezingeentloko eziqhelekileyo.

Ukuze babe nokwandisa ubuchule babo bokufunda, kufuneka befunde iincwadi ezininzi ezikumgangatho ofanele ubuchule babo bolwimi. Isigama esiphangaleleyo sibalulekile, kukwayimfuneko ukuba abafundi bagcine izichazi-magama zabo. UkuBhala nokufunda kunxulumene kakhulu. Kungenxa yokufunda kakhulu ukuze abafundi bakwazi ukubhala kakuhle. Kweli nqanaba, imibhalo kulwimi olutsha iquka ikakhulu:

- ukulebhila izinto (umz: imizobo yabo);
- ukubhala izintlu zezinto ezahlukeneyo;
- ukukhuphele nokubhala izivakalisi.

### **Ukuqinisa inkqubela-phambili – iBanga lesi-3**

Abafundi kufuneka beqinise ubuchule ekufundeni nasekubhaleni ulwimi olutsha. Kufuneka bazifundele iintlobo ngeentlobo zeentsomi neencwadi ezibalisa ngezinto ezenzekileyo kumgangatho olungele ubuchule bokufunda nobolwimi. Kufuneka beqhubele phambili ukwandisa isigama sokufunda ngokusigcina kwizichazi-magama zabo. Abafundi kufuneka behuthaziwe ukuba babhale ngolwimi olutsha. Ekuqaleni, kusetyenziswa amagama kuphela namabinza ukulebhila imifanekiso okanye ukugqibezela izivakalisi. Utitshala uya kufuneka abaxhase abafundi kwimibhalo yabo ngokubanika:

- izivakalisi “isakhelo” (umz: Ukuya endikuthandayo yi/ngu—————);
- “izakhelo” zokubhala izicatshulwa ezifutshane (umz: ingxelo yencwadi).

Xa abafundi bekwazi ukuzenzela umsebenzi ngokwabo, singayeka ukubaxhaza ngezakhelo, ze sibakhuthaze babhale ngaphandle kwayo le nkxaso. Abafundi kufuneka bangoyiki ukwenza iimposiso. Khumbula: injongo yethu kukwakha ukuqiniseka nobuciko. Abafundi baqhubela phambili ukuphucula ubuchule babo bokuthetha nokumamela, ngokuthatha inxaxheba kwiincoko, bamamele kwaye bavelise izicatshulwa ezide ezizintlobo ngeentlobo. Kufuneka banikwe imisebenzi ecela umngeni eya kuthi ikhulise ulwimi olongezelelweyo ngokugqibeleleyo.

### **UkuPhuhlisa ulwAzi loLwimi: iGrama, isiGama nokuBizwa kwamaGama.**

Abafundi akufuneki bafundiswe imithetho yegrama okanye uluhlu lwesigama. Baya kufunda igrana, isigama nobizo lwamagama kwiimeko ngokuphinda-phinda:

- ukumamela nokufunda izakhi, amagama nezandi kwizicatshulwa zomlomo;
- ukubhala phantsi amagama angaqhelekanga kwizichazi-magama zabo, bawafunde kwaye bawasebenzise.

Kwiminyaka yokuqala yokufunda ulwimi olongezelelweyo, ubuciko, (ubuchule bokuqonda nokunxibelelana ngokuzithemb) bubalulekile kunocoselelo. UkuKhulisa isigama esiphangaleleyo kungundoqo kubuciko. Utitshala kufuneka enike imeko-bume etyebileyo kulwimi, kumgangatho apho abafundi abanokuthi bafikelele kuwo. Isigama esitsha kufuneka sisetyenziswe rhoqo ngokuhlanganisayo. Utitshala angabanceda kwakho abafundi ukuba:

- Bazakhele isigama kwizihloko nakwimixholo;
- Baqwalasele indlela amagama akhiwa ngayo (umz: ukonwaba/ukungonwabi);
- Banxulumanise amagama amatsha nalawo anentsingiselo efanayo kulwimi lweNkobe.

Xa abafundi benokufunda kwaye babhale, bangandisa isigama sabo ngokufunda banzi nangokurekhodisha ngendlela emisiweyo amagama kwisichazi-magama, baze bawafunde.

## IZIPHUMO ZESIFUNDO



### IsiPhumo sesiFundo soku-1: UkuMamela

**Umfundi uyakwazi ukumamela ulwazi ngononophelo emamelelela nokuzonwabisa, aze aphendule ngokufanelekileyo kwiimeko ngokubanzi.**

Abafundi kufuneka bamamele kakhulu ulwimi olongezelelwego olukumgangatho ofanelekileyo. Oku sisiseko sokupuhlisa bonke obunye ubuchule bolwimi.



### IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi-2: UkuThetha

**Umfundi uyakwazi ukunxibelelana ngokuzithemba nangokufanelekileyo, ngolwimi oluthethwayo kwiimeko ngokubanzi.**

Abafundi kuya kufuneka beqalisile ukuzivakalisa ngolwimi olongezelelwego ngeendlela ezi lula. Baya kuqala ukunxibelelana ngokudibeneyo ngokwamasiko nangolwimi . Mabafunda ngamava ukuba iilwimi ezininzi zityebisa bona nasekuhlaleni.



### IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi-3: UkuFund a nokuBukela

**Umfundi uyakwazi ukufunda nokubukela ulwazi ngononophelo nokuzonwabisa, aze aphendule kubuhle, kwinkubeko nakukuxabiseka okunovakalelo kwizicatshulwa.**

Ukufunda kuyimfuneko ekukhuliseni ulwimi, ukufundeleni ukubhala ngokonwaba nasekufundeni ngehlabathi. Ukufunda izicatshulwa kunika isiqalo sokuhlanganisa ukufundisa nokufunda obunye ubuchule bezinye iilwimi.



### IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi-4: UkuBhala

**Umfundi uyakwazi ukubhala iindidi zezicatshulwa zeentsomi ezahlukeny o nezineengongoma nezentelekelelo kwiinjongo ezininzi ezibanzi.**

UkuBhala kuhambelana nokufunda kwaye kusisixhobo esifunekayo ekufundeni ngokudibene ngokwekharityhulamu. Ukufunda ukubhala ngokufanelekileyo ngolwimi olongezelelwego kubalulekile ukuba abafundi bafunde ezinye zeenkalo zezifundo ngolu lwimi.



### IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi-5: UkuCinga nokuQiqa

**Umfundi uyakwazi ukusebenzisa ulwimi ekucingeni nasekuqiqeni, nasekufikeleleni kulwazi, alusebenzise ekufundeni.**

Abafundi bay a kuqonda isigama kwaye baza kufunda ubuchule neendlela zokucinga nokufikelela kulwazi lwezinye iinkalo zezifundo. Kubalulekile ukuba abafundi bakwenze oku kulwimi olongezelelwego, ukuba basebenzisa olu lwimi ukufunda ezinye iinkalo zezifundo ngolu lwimi.



## **IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi-6: UkwAkhiwa nokuSetyenziswa koLwimi**

**Umfundi uyakwazi ukusebenzisa izandi, amagama negrama yolwimi ukuyila nokutolika isicatshulwa.**

Igrama nesigama ziziqobo zokwakha ulwimi. Isigama singundoqo kubuciko. Ukuba abafundi bangaphumelela imigangatho yobuchule efanayo kulwimi lweNkobe nakwiilwimi ezongezelelweyo ekupheleni kwebanga le-9, isigama kufuneka sithathe indawo yokuqala ukusuka kwiBanga R ukubheka phambili.

## **IMIGANGATHO YOKUHLOLA NEZICATSHULWA**

### **Qaphela:**

- Kumacandelo alandelayo kunikwe imiGangatho yokuHlola yesiPhumo ngasinye yebanga ngalinye. Imizekelo yeziCatshulwa ezinokuhla-nganiswa ekufundeni ulwimi inikiwe. Le ayiyomizekelo epheleleyo utitshala angazongeza ngeziCatshulwa ezifanelekileyo.
- Ootitshala kufuneka bakhumbule ukuba asingabo bonke abaFundi abenza iBanga R. Isigama nobuchule beBanga R bufuneka buqinisiwe kwiBanga loku-1.

### **ImiGangatho yokuHlola yeBanga loLwamkelo**



**IBanga R**

### **IziCatshulwa eziCetyiswayo**

#### **Ezomlomo:**

- Imiyalelo elula
- Imidlalo yamabali, ixhaswe ngezijekulo, imifanekiso nezinto zokwenyani kuze kuquke nophinda-phindo (umzekelo: impinda-ngoma abangenelela kuyo abafundi)
- Iimvano-zandi ezinentshukumo
- Iingoma
- Imidlalo (kuquka leyo evela kwezinye iinkcubeko nezithethe).

#### **Ezibhaliwego/Ezibonwayo:**

- Amabali-mifanekiso aquka lawo aneentloko ezelula.

#### **Ezezixhobo zosasazo ezininzi:**

- Iinkqubo ezelula ze-TV.

## IBanga R



### IsiPhumo sesiFundo soku-1

#### UKUMAMELA

Umfundi uyakwazi ukumamela ulwazi ngononophelo kwaye emamelelela nokuzonwabiso aze aphendule ngokufanelekileyo kwiimeko ngokubanzi.

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- qonda amabali amafutshane, alula nadlalwayo ngoku -
  - ngenelela kwimpinda-ngoma kwindawo ezi fanelekileyo umz: "Sifkil'ezibukweni dancu, dancu siwelile, masisele emanzini";
  - zoba umfanekiso webali;
  - nxulumanisa ibali nobomi bakhe; ngokusebenzisa iingxoxo kulwimi lwakhe lweNkobe.
- qonda imiyalelo elula yomlomo (umz: Yima, Yiza apha).
- bonisa imbeko kwabanye abafundi ngokubanika ithuba lokuthetha, lokubamamela.



### IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi – 2

#### UKUTHETHA

Umfundi uyakwazi ukunxibevelana ngokufanelekileyo nangokuzithemba, ngolwimi oluthethwayo kwiimeko ezibanzi.

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- sebenzisa aphendule ngokufanelekileyo imibuliso elula noondlela-ntle, baze babulele abantu.
- funda ngentloko kwaye acule iingoma nemvano-zandi ngesinqisho esifanelekileyo nobizo lwamagama olu-fanelekileyo ukuquka nokukhulisa ingqiqo yezandi.
- sebenzisa iindlela eziphucukileyo – ‘nceda’, enkosi’, ‘uxolo’.

## IBanga R



### IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi – 3

#### UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA

Umfundi uyakwazi ukufunda nokubukela ulwazi ngononophelo kwaye afundele ukuzonwabisa aze aphendule kubuhle, kwinkubeko nakukuxabiseka okunovakalelo kwizicatshulwa.

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- qonda okubhaliweyo ngolwimi olukwinqanaba eliphezulu olusetyenziswa kwizixhobo zokusasaza, umzekelo: (Yima. Hamba).
- funda iincwadi-mifanekiso.
- xela izandi aqala ngazo amagama abo (inyathelo lokuqala lwengqiqo yezandi).
- funda imvano-siphelo neengoma ezikhulisa ingqiqo yezandi, umzekelo: Siya ezu, ezu, ezu. Ungeza nawe, nawe, nawe.



### IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi – 4

#### UKUBHALA

Umfundi uyakwazi ukubhala iindidi zeziyatshulwa ezahlukeneyo ezineengongoma nezentelekelelo kwiinjongo ezininzi ezibanzi.



### ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- zoba imifanekiso, aze uitshala ayilebhile.
- qonda ukuba umbhalo wahlukile kumzobo.
- qonda injongo yokubhala ethi iqulathe intsingiselo.
- khuphela amagama asele ekwazi ukuwabiza.
- enza iinzame zokuzibhalela ngokwabo ezifana nokubhala amagama abo.

## IBanga R



### IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi – 5

#### UKUCINGANOKUQIQA

Umfundi uyakwazi ukusebenzisa ulwimi ekucingeni nasekuqiqeni, ekwafikelela kulwazi, esetyisa kwaye elusebenzisa ekufundeni.

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- qonda ingqiqa nesigama esinxulumene ngo/nga/nge -
  - kuchonga (Igama lam ngu);
  - manani (nye, bini);
  - bukhulu (khulu, ncinane);
  - mibala (bomvu, mthubi);
- chonga izinto ezifanayo (umz: Beka zonke izinto ezimthubi zodwa).



### ImiGangatho yokuHlola

## IBanga R



### IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi – 6

#### UKWAKHIWA NOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI

Umfundi uyakwazi ukuqonda kwaye akwazi ukusebenzisa izandi, isigama, negrama yowlimi olongezelelweyo.



### ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- bonakalisa ingqiqo kwiindlela ekubuzwa ngazo kwizicatshulwa zomlomo: Yintoni.....? Ngubani.....? Zingaphi/ yimalini/ mingaphi iminyaka yakho? Njl.njl.....? Eyiphi.....? Unga.....?
- bonakalisa ingqiqo ixesha langoku neliqhukayko kwizicatshulwa zomlomo, umzekelo: Uthanda isikolo./Uyasithanda isikolo; Uyafunda)
- bonakalisa ingqiqo yeziyaleli kwizicatshulwa zomlomo, (umz: Yiza apha/ sukuhlala phantsi)
- bonakalisa ingqiqo kwiindlela ezisetyenziswa ngazo izenzi kwizicatshulwa zomlomo (umzekelo: Ndingatsiba, ndingabaleka)
- bonakalisa ingqiqo kwizakhiwo zezilanduli kwizicatshulwa zomlomo (umz: Andiyithandi inyama/ andikuthandi ukuquphba)
- bonakalisa ingqiqo kwizininzi zamagama (umz: incwadi - iincwadi) kuquka nalawo asebenza ngendlela engaqhelekanga umz: amafutha kwizicatshulwa zomlomo
- bonakalisa ingqiqo kwizimelabizo: mna, wena, yena.
- bonakalisa ingqiqo kwizakhi-zihlomelo nezihlomelo (umz: e-, kwi, phezu, phantsi) nakwiziphawuli ezimbawula (umz: khulu/ncinane) nezihlomelo (umz: kancinane, ngokukhawuleza)
- azi amagama aqhelekileyo aphakathi kwamakhulu amabini(200) namakhulu amahlanu (500)

**ImiGangatho yokuHlola neziCatshulwa  
zamaBanga ukusuka kwelo-1 ukuya kwelesi-3**



**IBanga loku-1**

**IziCatshulwa eziCetyiswayo**

**Ezomlomo:**

- Imiyalelo elula
- Amabali axhaswe ngezijekulo, imifanekiso nezinto zokwenyani kuze kuquke nophinda-phindo, (umz: iimpinda-ngoma)
- Amabali kanomathotholo, namabali ashicilelwego
- Ukubaliswa kweziganeko ezidlulileyo
- Iinkcazelozelula
- Iimvano-zandi ezinentshukumo
- Iingoma
- Amaqhina neziqhulo

**Ezibhalwayo/Ezibonwayo**

- Amabali-mifanekiso neencwadi zemifanekiso (kuquka ezo zivela kwinkcubeko nezithethe)
- Imvano-siphelo
- Iifoto
- Imifanekiso yemagazini

**Ezezixhobo zosasazo ezininzi:**

- Iinkqubo ze-TV
- ICD Romu ne-intanethi (apho zifumanekayo)



## IBanga lesi-2

### IziCatshulwa eziCetyiswayo

#### Ezomlomo:

- Imiyalelo eya intsonkotha
- Okubaliswayo (amabali alula neendidi zeentsomi)
- Amabali kanomathotholo, namabali ashicilelweyo,
- Ukubaliswa kweziganeko ezidlulileyo
- Iinkcazelو ezilula
- Amagama ayingxaki (ulwimi oludibene ngokwekharityhulamu)
- Imvano-siphelo
- Iingoma
- Imihobe
- Oqashi-qashi neziqhulo

#### Ezibhaliweyo/Ezibonwayo:

- Amabali alula, ( aquka lawo wenkcubeko nezithethe)
- Izintlu (umz: lwezinto eziza kuthengwa)
- Iinkcazelو ezilula
- Iingoma
- Iimvano-zandi nemihobe
- Imiyalelo (umz: iphepha eliyinqwelo-moya lenziwa njani)
- Iitshati zamaxesha ezilula (ulwimi olusetyenziswa kwezembaли)
- Iingxaki ezilula zamagama (kwimathematika)
- Imidlalo (umz: imidlalo edlalwa eqongeni)
- Imifanekiso yeemagazini
- Lifoto

#### Ezezixhobo zokusasaza ezininzi:

- Iinkqubo zeTV
- Izazisi zeTV ezilula
- ICD Romu ne-intanethi (apho zifumanekayo)



## I Banga Lesi-3

### IziCatshulwa eziCetyiswayo

#### Ezomlomo

- Imiyalelo eya intsonkotha
- Okubaliswayo (amabali alula kunye neendidi zeentsomi – kuquka nalowa ezithethe)
- Amabali kanomathotholo, namabali ashicilewego
- Ukubaliswa kweziganeko ezidlulileyo
- Iinkcazelo
- Iincoko neengxoxo
- Izazisi zikanomathotholo
- Iingoma
- Imihobe
- Oqashi-qashi neziqhulo
- Imidlalo

#### Ezibhaliwego/Ezibonwayo:

- Iincwadi ( iintsomi nezo zibalisa inyaniso) ukuquka nezo zenkcubeko nezithethe
- Amabali ahlekisayo
- Izintlu
- Ukubaliswa kweziganeko ezidlulileyo
- Imiyalelo
- Imithetho
- Ikhalenda
- Izcicatshulwa zasekuhlaleni (amacwecwe ezimemo, imibuliso)
- Imidlalo yabantwana
- Iitshati neegrafu zemiqolo
- Iphazili yamagama (umz: uhlobo oluthile looqashi-qashi)
- Imifanekiso evela kwiimagazini namaphepha-ndaba
- Iifoto

#### Ezezixhobo zokusasaza ezininzi

- Iinkqubo zeTV
- Izazisi zeTV
- ICD Romu ne-intanethi (apho zifumanekayo)



## I Banga loku-1



IsiPhumo sesiFundo soku-1:

### UKUMAMELA

Umfundi uyakwazi ukumamela ulwazi  
ngononophelo kwaye emamelelela noku-  
zonwabisa aze aphendule ngokufanelekileyo  
kwiimeko ngokubanzi.

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- qonda amabali amafutshane alula, ngoku -
  - linganisa ibali;
  - ngenelela kwimpinda ngoma kwiindawo ezifanelekilyo;
  - enza umfanekiso webali;
  - beka imifanekiso ngokulandelelana;
  - phendula imibuzo kunjalo/akunjalo nemibuzo enempendulo enegama elinye;
  - chaza ukuba ibali limenza avakalelwnejani (kusebenzisa ulwimi lweNkobe apho kuyimfuneko).
  
- qonda iinkcazeloyeKharityhulamu yeSizwe eHlaziyiweyo YamaBanga ukusuka ku-R ukuya kwele-9 (ezikolo) wayo.
  
- qonda imiyalelo yomlomo elula ngokuphendula ngenkangeleko (ukuphakamisa isandla).

## IBanga lesi-2



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- qonda amabali amafutshane, ngoku -
  - qikelela into elingalo ibali ngokujonga isihloko;
  - linganisa ibali aze axele oko kuthethwa ngumlinganiswa emfanekisweni;
  - zoba imifanekiso ngebali batsho okanye bakhuphele amagama ambalwa ngaso;
  - landeleanisa imifanekiso baze badibanise iintloko kunye nemifanekiso;
  - phendula lula ngokunjalo/akunjalo nangeependulo ezimfutshane;
  - xela ukuba ibali limenza azive njani;
  - phendule imibuzo anxulumanisa ubomi bakhe nolwimi lwabo lweNkobe.
  
- bonakalisa ingqiyo yokubalisa iziganeko ezidlulileyo ngokuzikhumbula ngokulandeelana kwazo (umz: Izolo, umakhulu uye edolophini. Uthenge izinto ezininzi. Kuqala, uthenge imifuno).
  
- bonakalisa ingqiyo yenkcazelو elula ngokuchonga loo nto ichazwayo (umz: Ingqukuva. Maxa wambi ibomvu. Ngamanye amaxesha ibe luhlaza. Imnandi. Yintoni le nto?
  
- bonakalisa ingqiyo yolandelelwano olufutshane lwemiyalelo (ukuzoba isangqa. Yenze bomvu).

## IBanga lesi-3



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- bonakalisa ingqiyo yamabali ngoku -
  - kuqikelela ukuba ibali lingantoni ngokujonga isihloko;
  - phendula imibuzo yengqiyo yamagama ngamagama (umz: yinyani/asiyonyani);
  - qikelela okuza kwenzeka;
  - khumbula nokubalisa iziqendu zebali;
  - thatha ingqalelo yowlazi oluphathelelene nebali (kwitshathi elula);
  - veza izimvo zabo ngebali;
  - enza iingxoxo ngemiba ebhekisele kwintlalo nakwiinqobo ezisesikweni (umz: Ingaba ifanelekile okanye ayifanelekanga);
  - shwankathela ibali, ngokunikwa inkxaso ngutitshala.
  
- bonakalisa ingqiyo yokubalisa nokukhumbula iziganeko ezidlulileyo ngokulandeelana kwazo.
  
- bonakalisa ingqiyo yenkcazelو ngokuthatha ingqalelo yowlazi oluphathelelene nebali (umz: ukugqibezela iitshati ezelula).
  
- bonakalisa ingqiyo kulandelelwano lwemiyalelo ngokuyilandela ngokuchanekileyo.

## IBanga loku-1



IsiPhumo sesiFundo soku-1:  
(Sisaqhubeka)

### UKUMAMELA

Umfundi uyakwazi ukumamela ulwazi  
ngononophelo kwaye emamelelela noku-  
zonwabisa aze aphendule ngokufanelekileyo  
kwiimeko ngokubanzi.



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- phuhlisa ingqiyo ngezandi ngo -
  - kuva umahluko phakathi kwezandi ezisekuqaleni nezisekugqibeleni;
  - kukwazi ukusibona isinye nesininzi.
  
- bonisa imbeko kwabanye abafundi ngokunikana amathuba okuthetha, nokubamamela.

## IBanga lesi-2



## IBanga lesi-3



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- phuhlisa ingqiqo ngezandi ngo -
  - kwahlula phakathi kwezandi zamagama ahlukeneyo zokubhala nokufunda;
  - kunakana amanye amagama anemvano-zandi kwiimvano-zandi eziqhelekileyo nakwiingoma.
- bonisa imbeko koogxa abakhe afunda nabo ngokubanika ithuba lokuthetha, ukubamamela nokukhuthaza iinzame zabo zokuthetha ngolwimi olongezelelweyo.

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- phuhlisa ingqiqo yezandi ngo -
  - kwahlula phakathi kwezandi zezikhamiso ezibalulekileyo ekufundeni nasekubhaleni;
  - kunakana izikhamiso.
- bonisa imbeko kumaqabane afunda nawo ngokubanika ithuba lokuthetha, ngokubamamela nokubakhuthaza kwiinzame zabo zokuthetha ulwimi olongezelelweyo.

## I Banga loku-1



IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi-2



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

### UKUTHETHA

Umfundi uyakwazi ukunxibelelana ngokufanelekileyo nangokuzithemba, ngolwimi oluthethwayo kwiimeko ezibanzi.

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- phendula ngokufanelekileyo kwimibuzo elula ngegama elinye okanye amabinza asetyenziswa qho, afana no: ‘Ndiphilile’; ‘Igama lam ngu.....’
- funda ngentloko kwaye acule iingoma kunye nemvano-siphelo ngesinqisho esifanelekileyo nobizo magama olufanelekileyo
- sebenzisa iindlela eziphucukileyo – ‘nceda’, ‘enkosi’, ‘uxolo’.
- sebenzisa aphendule ngokufanelekileyo imibuliso elula noondlela-ntle, aze enze izicelo abulele abantu
- zivakalisa ngokulula xa enikwe isakhiwo somlomo umz: ‘Ndithanda.....’ ‘Andithandi.....’
- biza amagama aqhelekileyo ngokucacileyo.

## IBanga lesi-2



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- phendula ngokufanelekileyo kwimibuzo elula.
- buza umbuzo afumane ingcaciso (umz. Andikuva kakuhle oku. Ndicela uphinde).
- khumbula ngentloko nokwenza iingoma nemihobe elula.
- enza izicelo ezelula neenkcazelo (umz: Ungandipha iphepha? Andiziva mnandi).
- nika imiyalelo elula.
- balisa ngokulandelelana ngeziganeko ezidlulileyo ezifutshane ngamava akhe.
- thetha ngomzobo okanye umfanekiso.

## IBanga lesi-3



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- phendula imibuzo besebenzisa amagama nama binza.
- cela ingcaciso ecacileyo (Ungaphinda uycacise kwakhona?).
- enza imvano-zandi, umhobe, okanye ingoma.
- enza izicelo.
- thatha inxaxheba kwincoko yesihloko esiqheleki-leyo.
- nika imiyalelo.
- balisa, ngokulandelelana, amava nezigigaba.
- thetha ngomfanekiso, ifoto nezinye izinto.

## I Banga loku-1



IsiPhumo sesiFundu sesi-2  
(Sisaqhubeka)



ImiGangatho yokuhlola

(Iphelile imigangatho yokuhlola yeli banga.)

### UKUTHETHA

Umfundi uyakwazi ukunxibelelana ngoku-fanelekileyo nangokuzithemba, ngolwimi oluthethwayo kwiimeko ezibanzi.

## IBanga lesi-2



## IBanga lesi-3



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- qwalasela ukubizwa kwamagama njengenxaleny yokufunda, umz:
  - ukwahlula phakathi kwezikhamiso ezide nezimfutshane;
  - ukwahlula phakathi kwezikhamiso ezipazamisayo.
  
- bonakalisa imbeko nokuzithoba ngokusebenzisa lamagama . Njengoko iilwimi zisebenzisa amagama ahlukeneyo ukubonisa imbeko nawo mawaziwe ngabafundi umz "Mama, Bhuti, Nkskz Malithi "nceda, 'enkosi/ndiyabulela".

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- chaza inkubo (umz: ukulungiselela ukuya esikolweni).
  
- qwalasela ukubizwa kwamagama njengenxaleny yokufunda; umz:
  - ukufunda ukusebenzisa izikhamiso ezinkenkenene, njenqaku;
  - ukuqwalasela ukubizwa kwamagama nemvakalo-zwi njengenxaleny; yonxibelewano (umz: kusebenzisa isingqisho nemifuniselo yoxinzelelo yolwimi olongezelelweyo).
  
- bonakalisa ingqiqo yeendlela ezifanelekileyo zukubizana koluntu (umz: Indlela ukuphucuka nokunka imbeko kwiilwimi ezahlukeneyo).

## IBanga loku-1



IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi-3



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

### UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA

Umfundi uyakwazi ukufunda nokubukela ulwazi ngezikhokelo zokuqonda izicatshulwa ezibhaliwego ngo -  
zonwabisa aze aphendule kubuhle,  
kwinkubeko nakukuxabiseka okunovakalelo kwizicatshulwa.

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- sebenzisa imifanekiso njengezikhokelo zokuqonda izicatshulwa ezibhaliwego ngo -
  - kunika intsingiselo yebali-mfanekiso (umz: ukuchonga imifanekiso engalandelelani ngokufanelekileyo kolo luhlu;
  - kudibanisa imifanekiso namagama (umz: ukusebenzisa amagama abhaliwego ukuleyibhila izinto okanye imifanekiso;
  - kusebenzisa imifanekiso ukufumana ingqiqo yeentloko ezilula kwiincwadi zamabali.
- dibanisa amagama nezinto ngokuzilebhila, beqala ngezo ziyeleleneyo kulwimi lwabo lweNkobe (umz: irula, ibhodi, idesika).
- landela imiyalelo eshicilelwego kumacwecwe amagama: angamanye(umz: Phakama; Tsiba; Ncuma).

## IBanga lesi-2



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- sebenzisa imifanekiso ukufumana ingqiqo yesicatshulwa ngo -
  - kunika intsingiselo yebali-mfanekiso (umz: ngokulandelelanisa imifanekiso;
  - nxulumanisa imifanekiso namava abo;
  - chaza ukuba imifanekiso imenza azive njani, nokuthetha iilwimi ezimbini ngaxeshanye xa kunyanzelekile;
  - dibanisa isivakalisi (intloko) nomfanekiso;
  - zoba umfanekiso ukucacisa isivakalisi.

## IBanga lesi-3



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- sebenzisa izakhelo zokubonwayo ukuveza intsingiselo ngo -
  - kuqonda ibali-mfanekiso okanye incwadi ehlekisayo ngokunxulumanisa iintloko noku-thethwayo nemifanekiso ebonwayo;
  - kuthelekisa imifanekiso nee/okanye iifoto kwizimvo zabo baze baxoxe ngazo ngokucingi-sisiweyo (umz: Bamele amava kabani?).

## IBanga loku-1



IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi-3  
(Sisaqhubeka)

### UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA

Umfundi uyakwazi ukufunda nokubukela ulwazi ngononophelo kwaye afundele ukuzonwabiswa aze aphendule kubuhle, kwinkcubeko nakukuxabiseka okuno-vakalelo kwizicatshulwa.



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- funda iincwadi zemifanekiso ezineentloko ezinegama elinye okanye amagama amabini.
- akha ingqiqo yokubona amagama.

## IBanga lesi-2



## IBanga lesi-3



### ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- qalisa ukuveza intsingiselo yesicatshulwa ngokufunda notitshala ngo -
  - kufunda isihloko aze aqikelele ukuba incwadi ithetha ngantoni;
  - kulandela intshukumo yamehlo nezandla zikatitshala;
  - balatha igama elichanekileyo xa kufundwayo;
  - kuphendula imibuzo yomlomo emifutshane ngebali;
  - kubalisa ibali ngoncedo lukatitshala.
  
- qonda nokunika intsingiselo yoonobumba namagama ngo -
  - kunakana ngokubona amagama amaninzi ase-tyenziswa amaxesha amaninzi, (umz: ‘yakho’).



### ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- enza intsingiselo yesicatshulwa esibhaliwego ngokufunda notitshala ngo -
  - kufunda isihloko;
  - kuqikelela okuthethwa ngako kwisicatshulwa ngokujonga isihloko;
  - kuphendula imibuzo yamagama ngamagama ngebali;
  - kuchaza indlela ibali elimenza azive ngayo;
  - kubalisa ibali;
  - kwenza ingxoxo ngemiba yentlalo nemikhwa esesikweni ngolwimi lwabo IweNkobe (umz: Ingaba umba osebalini ufanelekile na).
  
- qonda nokwenza intsingiselo ngoonobumba namagama ngo -
  - kuqonda, ngokubona, amagama amaninzi ase-tyenziswa kakhulu,
  - kusebenzisa ingqiqo yamagama nobuchule bokuqiqa, obufana nezandi, imeko noqikelelo lwentsingiselo yesicatshulwa.
  
- funda ngokukhawuleza nangobuciko.
  
- funda ngokuvakalayo, esebebenzisa ukubizwa kwamagama okuchanekileyo noxinzelelo olufanelekileyo.

## IBanga loku-1



IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi-3  
(Sisaqhubeka)



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

### UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA

Umfundi uyakwazi ukufunda nokubukela  
ulwazi ngononophelo kwaye afundele uku-  
zonwabisa aze aphendule kubuhle,  
kwinkcubeko nakukuxabiseka okunovakale-  
lo kwizicatshulwa.

- phuhlisa ingqiqo yezandi ngo -
  - kunakana amaqaqbane okuqala nezikhamisa.

## IBanga lesi-2



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- phuhlisa ingqiqo yezandi ngo -
  - kuqonda umahluko kwiyantlukwano ekubizweni kwamagama phakathi koLwimi lweNkobe nolongezelelweyo;
  - kuqonda ulwalamano lwezandi zoonobumba namaqabane ahamba nganye nezikhamiso ezifutshane;
  - kwahlula amagama alula ngamalungu;
  - kuqonda isandi esinye esibhalwa ngamaqabane amabini;
  - kuhlanganisa amagama abe kwizandi zamagama;
  - kuqonda ukuhlanganiswa koonobumba ababini ekuqaleni kwamagama, okwenzeka kumagama emboleko kulwimi olongezelelweyo;
  - kusebenzisa ulwazi lwezandi njengenxalenye yobuchule bokufunda nokubhala (ukubiza amagama xa befunda baze bawapele xa babhalayo).
- funda iincwadi zamabali ayinyaniso nezintsomi kwibakala elifanelekileyo ukufumana ulwazi nokuzonwabis.

## IBanga lesi-3



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- sebenzisa ubuchule bokuzilungisa kwiziphene kwizinto ezinje ngokufunda, ukuthi nqumama, ukuziqhelanisa negama phambi kokuba ulifunde ngokuvakalayo.
- phuhlisa ingqiqo yezandi ngo -
  - kuqonda umahluko ekubizweni kwamagama phakathi koLwimi lweNkobe nolongezelelweyo;
  - kuqonda umahluko phakathi kolalwamano lwe-sandi/upelo kulwimi lweNkobe nolongezelelweyo (umz: ‘thatha’);
  - kuqonda amagama anezikhhamiso ezibini (umz: ‘ii’, ‘oo’);
  - kuqonda amaqqabane angamanye apelwa ngamaqqabane amabini (umz: ‘th’, ‘sh’, ‘ph’)
  - kuqonda amaqqabane amabini namathathu.
- zifundela ukufumana ulwazi nokuzowabis ngo -
  - kufunda nokulandela imiyalelo (umz: indlela yokudlala umdlalo);
  - kufunda iincwadi eziyinyaniso nezizintsomi azikhethethele zona;
  - kwazisa ugxa wakhe afunda naye ngencwadi ayifundileyo;

## IBanga loku-1



IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi-3  
(Sisaqhubeka)



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

(Iphelile imigangatho yokuhlola yeli banga).

### UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA

Umfundi uyakwazi ukufunda nokubukela  
ulwazi ngononophelo kwaye afundele uku-  
zonwabisa aze aphendule kubuhle,  
kwinkcubeko nakukuxabiseka okunovakale-  
lo kwizicatshulwa.

## IBanga lesi-2



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- bonakalisa isigama sokufunda amagama aqheleki-leyo aphakathi kwe-250 ne-500 – abafundi abaza kufunda ezinye iiinkalo zezifundo ngolwimi olongezelelweyo, mabajolise kumagama angama-500.

## IBanga lesi-3



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- kufunda inkcazeloyenkqubo (umz: lenziwa njani iphepha);
  - kufunda imihobe nemvano-ziphelo ezithandwayo.
- 
- bonakalisa isigama sokufunda esiphakathi kwe-700 ukuya kwi-1500 lamagama aqhelekileyo. Abafundi abaza kufunda ezinye iiNkalo zezifundo ngolwimi olongezelelweyo mabajolise kumagama ali-1500.

## I Banga loku-1



IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi – 4



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

### UKUBHALA

Umfundi uyakwazi ukubhala iindidi  
zezicatshulwa ezahlukeneyo  
ezineengongoma nezentelekelelo  
kwiinjongo ezininzi ezibanzi.

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- khuphela aze abhale amagama aqhelekileyo kunye nezivakalisi ezifutshane (umz: iilebhile okanye iintloko zemifanekiso).
- sebenzisa amagama alula aqhelekileyo ukugqibezela isivakalisi  
'Isakhelo'(Umz, Igama lam.....; Ndithanda.....;  
Andithandi.....).
- bhala izintlu nezihloko (umz: Abahlobo bam).

## IBanga lesi-2



## IBanga lesi-3



### ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- khetha aze akhuphele intloko echaza umfanekiso ngokuchanekileyo.

- bhala intloko yomfanekiso.

- gqibezela izivakalisi ngokuvala izikhewu.

- bhala izivakalisi esebezisa ‘isakhelo’ (umz: Ndithanda.....).

- landeletanisa izivakalisi ezixutyiweyo ngokufanelekileyo aze azikhuphele.

- bhala izihloko zezintlu (umz: Izilwanyana: Inja; Inkomo; Igusha).

- sebenzisa iziphumlisi – oonobumba abakhulu nezingxi.

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- bhala amagama njengeeleyibhile.

- zibhalela izivakalisi zakhe ngaphandle kwe-‘sakhe-lo’ (umz: ukuveza izimvo nemibono yakhe).

- bhala izivakalisi esebezisa ‘isakhelo’ (umz: Ndinakho.....).

- landeletanisa nokukhuphela izivakalisi ukwenza imihlathi.

- bhala izintlu aze azinike izihloko (umz: Izinambuzane: iimbovane, iinyosi, amabhabhathane).

- sebenzisa iziphumlisi iikoma, iimpawu zemibuzo, iimpawu zezikhuza).

## I Banga loku-1



IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi – 4  
(Sisaqhubeka)



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

(Iphelile imigangatho yokuhlola yeli banga).

### UKUBHALA

Umfundi uyakwazi ukubhala iindidi  
zezicatshulwa ezahlukeneyo  
ezineengongoma nezentelekelelo  
kwiinjongo ezininzi ezibanzi.

## IBanga lesi-2



## IBanga lesi-3



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- sebenzisa ulwazi lwezandi ukuqala upelo oluchanekileyo lwamagama.
- pela amagama aqhelekileyo nawakhumbulayo ngokuchanekileyo.
- chonga iziphene kupelo lwamagama aqhelekileyo aze alungise iziphene.
- bhala amagama aqhelekileyo kubizelo.
- bhala amagama ngokulandelelana ngokwe-alfabheti (umz: kwisichazi-magama sakhe).



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- sebenzisa i-‘sakhelo’,ukubhala amabali eziganeko ezidlulileyo alula (umz: Izolo, Ndi.....Emveni koko.....).
- pela amagama aqhelekileyo ngokuchanekileyo.
- bhala izicatshulwa ezifutshane ezinamagama ase-tyenziswa qho (umz: amacwecwe izimemo okanye ezimemo).
- bhala incoko yababini, encediswa.
- faka amagama kwisichazi-magama sakhe.

## IBanga loku-1



IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi – 5



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

### UKUCINGANOKUQIQA

Umfundi uyakwazi ukusebenzisa ulwimi ekucingeni nasekuqiqeni, ekwafikelela kulwazi, esetyisa ekwasebenzisa ulwazi ekufundeni.

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- qonda isigama esinxulumene ku -
  - bunguwe ( Igama lam ngu ...);
  - inani ( nye, bini,);
  - bukhulu (umz: khulu, ncinane);
  - ixesha (umz: ngoku);
  - budala (umz: Ndineminyaka emithandathu,);
  - kwalathisa (umz: ekhohlo/ekunene);
  - nolandelelwano (umz: eyokuqala, eyesibini);
  - buchule (umz: Ndinga...).
  
- sebenzisa ulwimi ekucingeni ngo -
  - kuchonga izinto ezifanayo nezahlukeneyo (umz: Dibanisa zonke izangqa kufuna leyo yahlukileyo kwezinye);
  - kuchonga inxalenye kokupheleleyo (umz: amalungu emoto, inxalenye yobuso, umzimba njl njl);
  - kuhlela izinto umz: beka iiplastiki endaweni enye nezomthi kwenye indawo;
  - kulandeelanisa izinto umz: Qala kwenkulu uye kwencinane.

## IBanga lesi-2



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- qonda isigama esinxulumene ku -
  - bunguwe (umz: Ndithetha isiXhosa, isiNgesi nesiBhulu);
  - manani (umz: 11, 12);
  - isakheko (umz: isangqa, isikwere);
  - bungakanani (umz; inde, mde, i/mfutshane);
  - icala (umz: phezulu, phantsi);
  - landelelwano (umz: eyesine, eyesihlanu);
  - buchule (umz: Ndinakho/Bendinganakho.....).
  
- sebenzisa ulwimi ekucingeni ngo -
  - kuchonga imfano neyantlukwano (umz: ukuthelekisa intlanzi nehlengesi);
  - kuchonga amalungu into (umz: amalungu emoto);
  - calu-calula izinto ngokubeka ezo zifanayo ndawonye; ukuchonga ezo zahlukileyo;
  - kulandeelanisa izinto (umz: ukusuka kweyona inde ukuya kweyona imfutshane).
  
- sebenza ngeetshati ngo -
  - kugcwalisa iitshati (umz: isicwangciso-maxesha semisebenzi yemihla);
  - kuqhuba uphando lweklasi (umz: okona kutya kuthandwayo) aze abhale olu lwazi kwitshati okanye igrafu yemiqolo);
  - kwenza ukulandeelanana lwexesha, olubonisa iintsuku ezibalulekileyo kwixesha elidlulileyo (umz: iziganeko ngaye ‘ngobomi bakhe’).

## IBanga lesi-3



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- qonda ngesigama ngokunulumene kwimi linganiselo (umz: Inde kangakanani? Ikude kangakanani?).
  
- buza ufunu ingcaciso
  
  
- sebenzisa ulwimi ekucingeni nasekusombulula iingxaki ngo -
  - thelekisa izinto ngokucingisisiwego (umz: Yiyiphi eluncedo kakhulu, imoto okanye ibhayisekile?)
  - kuxoxa nokusombulula iingxaki ngokwamaqela (umz: Singayigcina njani indawo yethu icocekile?)
  
- qokelela nokurekhodisha ulwazi ngeendlela ezahlukaneyo ngo -
  - kwenza uphando olulula (umz: Beza njani abafundi esikolweni – ngeetekisi, ngemoto, ngenqwelo yamahashe, ngebhayisekile okanye ngenyawo?);
  - kurekhodisha ulwazi ngeendlela ezahlukaneyo (umz: itafile, itshati, umzobo, igrafu yemiqolo).

## IBanga loku-1



**IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi – 5  
(Sisaqhubeka)**

### UKUCINGANOKUQIQA

Umfundi uyakwazi ukusebenzisa ulwimi ekucingeni nasekuqiqeni, ekwafikelela kulwazi, esetyisa ekwasebenzisa ulwazi ekufundeni.



**ImiGangatho yokuHlola**

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- sebenzisa ulwimi ukufumana ingqiqo nesigama ngokunxulumene neenkalo zezifundo ezahlukeneyo (umz: ukwenza ulandelelwano lwexesha lwezemba).
- chonga izinto nokwenkczelo elula (umz: ‘Ndisisilwanyana, Ndinemilenze emine. Ndinentamo ende kakhulu. Ndineempondo ezimbini ezincinane. Ndingubani?’).
- rekhodisha ulwazi kwitshati okanye kwisibumbelo umz: ngokubeka amakhuni okanye iminqamlezo.
- qonda nokusebenzisa ulwimi lwemathematika (umz: dibanisa, thatha).

## IBanga lesi-2



### ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- qonda nokusebenzisa ulwimi lwemihla ngemihla oluyimfuneko kwimathematika ngo -
  - kumamelā, ukufunda nokusombulula iingxaki zamagama ezilula kwimathematika – eqwalasela amagama afana no ‘ngaphezulu’, ‘ngaphantsi’, ‘abelana’, ‘isiqingatha’, ‘eseleyo’, ‘zizonke’ (umz: UZola uneelekese ezilishumi. Upha uNwabisa zibe mbini. Zingaphi eziseleyo?

## IBanga lesi-3



### ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- gqithisa ulwazi ukusuka imo ukuya kwenye ngo -
  - kumamela iintetho ezimfutshane nokugcwalisa ulwazi etshathini okanye ukuleyibhila imizobo;
  - kusebenzisa ulwazi olufumanekе koku bonwayo okanye kokubhaliweyo ukuyila itshati, igrafu yemiqolo okanye imephу yengqondo okanye umfanekiso, ukubhala nokugqibezela isicatshulwa esifutshane;
  - ukusebenzisa ulwazi oluphuma etshatini, kwigrafu yemiqolo, kumzobo, kwimephu yengqondo okanye emfanekisweni ukubhala nokugqibezela isicatshulwa esifutshane.
- gcina isichazi-magama sakhe nokusebenzisa isichazi-magama sabantwana (xa enakho, isichazi-magama esilwimi-mbini nesilwimi- nye).

## IBanga loku-1



IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi – 6



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

### UKWAKHIWA NOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI

Umfundi uyakwasi ukusebenzisa izandi, amagama negrama kulwimi ukuyila nokutolika izicatshulwa.

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- qonda iindlela ekubuzwa ngazo umz: (Yintoni.....? Ngubani.....? Zingaphi/ yimalini/ Mingaphi iminyaka yakho? .....? Eyiphi.....? Unga.....?).
- qonda izivakalisi ezilula kwizicatshulwa zomlomo.
- qonda ixesha langoku kwimo emfutshane nakwimo ende (umz: Uthanda isikolo/Uyafunda).
- qonda iziyaleli, (umz: Yiza apha/ sukuhlala phantsi).
- qonda ezinye zezenzi ezibonisa indlela yokwenza into ethile (umz: Ndiningax huma/ baleka/ tsiba).
- qonda izakhiwo zezilanduli (umz: Andiyithandi inyama/ andikuthandi kuqubha).
- qonda izininzi zamagama (umz: incwadi - iincwadi) ukuquka nalawo akwisinje kuphela umz: amafutha.

## IBanga lesi-2



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- qonda aze asebenzise iindlela ezithile zemibuzo (umz: Kwenzeke ntoni izolo? Ingaba wakha wa.....)?
- qonda nokusebenzisa ixesha eladlulayo (umz: Izolo wajonga/akazange ajonge iTV) kuquka iindlela eziqhelekileyo (umz: wahamba, watya, wafunda) nexesha elimileyo (Uyilahlile iwotshi yakhe/ Andikamboni).
- qonda iindlela ezisetyenziswa ngazo izenzi (umz: Ndingafunda).
- qonda nokusebenzisa iziphawuli (umz: -ncinci, -dala, -nwabileyo, -khathazekileyo).
- qonda izimelabizo: mna, wena, yena.

## IBanga lesi-3



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- qonda nokusebenzisa iintloblo-ntlobo zemibuzo (umz: Phi.....? Nini.....? Kutheni?).
- qonda nokusebenzisa ixesha elizayo (umz: Kuza kunetha ngomso; Ndiza kukubona kule veki izayo).
- qonda ngokuchaza okungenzeka nokungena-kwenzeka (umz: Unga/uya kufika ngomso).
- qonda ngokuchaza okuyimfuneko (umz: Umelwe/kufuneka ukuba uhlambe izandla).
- qonda izimelabizo: mna, wena, yena.
- sebenzisa ezinye izibaluli (umz: -diniweyo, -lambilleyo).

## IBanga loku-1



**IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi – 6  
(Sisaqhubeka)**

### UKWAKHIWA NOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI

Umfundi uyakwasi ukusebenzisa izandi,  
amagama negrama kulwimi ukuyila  
nokutolika izicatshulwa.



**ImiGangatho yokuHlola**

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- qonda izimelabizo: mna, wena, yena.
- qonda ezinye izimnini kwizicatshulwa zomlomo (umz: yam, yakho, yakhe).
- qonda usebenzise izakhi-zihlomelo (umz: se-, kwi-, phezu) aze asebenzise neziphawuli ezimbalwa (umz: khulu/ncinane) nezihlomelo (umz: kancinane, ngokukhawuleza).
- azi ukusebenzisa amagama aqhelekileyo aphakathi kwama-500 ukuya kwali 1000 ekupheleni kwebanga loku -1.

## IBanga lesi-2



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- qonda usebenzise izakhi-zihlomelo (umz: se, kwi, phezu) aze asebenzise neziphawuli ezimbalwa (umz: khulu/ncinane) nezihlomelo (umz: kancinane, ngokukhawuleza).

- azi amagama aqhelekileyo aphakathi kwe-1000 ne-1500 kwisicatshulwa ekupheleni kweBanga lesi-2. Abafundi abaza kufunda ezinye iiNkalo zeziFundo ngolwimi elongezelelweyo, mabagqalisele kumagama angama-1500.

## IBanga lesi-3



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- qonda izimnini kwizicatshulwa zomlomo (umz: yam, yakho, yakhe).
- qonda usebenzise izakhi-zihlomelo (umz: se-, kwi-, phezu) aze asebenzise neziphawuli ezimbalwa (umz: khulu/ncinane) nezihlomelo (umz: kancinane, ngokukhawuleza).
- azi amagama aqhelekileyo nathethwayo aphakathi kwe-1500 nama-3000 ekupheleni kweBanga lesi-3. Abafundi abaza kufunda ezinye iiNkalo zeziFundo ngolwimi olongezelelweyo mabajolise kumagama angama-3000.



## ISAHLUKO SESI-3

### ISIGABA ESIPHAKATHI

### **(AmaBanga ukusuka kwelesi-4 ukuya kwelesi-6)**

#### **INTSHAYELELO**

KwisiGaba esisiSeko, abafundi bafumene ubutyebi bolwimi olongezelelweyo. Baza sebesazi amagama amaninzi nesakhiwo, nangona bengakhange bafundiswe ngokucacileyo. Bekufanele ukuba sebenokuzithemba, ulonwabo nobuciko ekunxibeleleni ngolwimi olongezelelweyo.

#### **UkuGqalisela**

Kumabanga aphakathi kwesi-4 nesi-6 abafundi baya kuqala:

- ukuba nengqalelo yamagama nezakhi zegrama abaziqhelileyo kwisiGaba sesiSeko;
- ukuhlola indlela olusebenza ngayo ulwimi lwabo olongezelelweyo baze balulawule ngokusengqondweni;
- ukusebenzisa olu lwazi lukhulayo ngokukhangela indlela abalusebenzisa ngayo ulwimi ingakumbi ekubhaleni.

#### **Ukufunda kancinane kancinane**

Khumbula: ulwimi lufunyanwa kancinane kancinane. Nangona ingqwalaselo isenokunikwa isigama negrama, ukusetyenziswa ngokuchanekileyo kwamagama nezakhi kuya kuthatha ixesha elide. Akusosinyanzelo ukuba abafundi bazi isakhi esinye phambi kokuba badlulele kwesilandelayo. Baya kuqhubeka ngokwenza iimposiso ezininzi kwaye oku kuyinxalenye eqhelekileyo yokufunda ulwimi olongezelelweyo. Nangona kunjalo, baya kwandisa ingqiqo yabo yokupuhhlisa indlela olusetyenziswa ngayo ulwimi olongezelelweyo, baze kancinane kancinane, basondele ekulusebenziseni ngokuchanekileyo.

KwisiGaba esisiSeko, bekufanele ukuba abafundi babe ngabafundi abazithembileyo kulwimi lweNkobe nako-longezelelweyo. Bafanele ukuba sele beboniswe iintlobo ngeentlobo zeziyatshulwa zabantwana. Kumabanga aphakathi kwesi-4 nesi-6 abafundi baza kusebenzisa esi siseko sokuba ngababhali abazithembileyo.

## Ukuxhasa okunonophelwego ngokubhala

UkuBhala kweli nqanam kufuna inkxaso nokukhokelwa. Ekuqaleni utitshala anganika inkxaso esebeenzisa "isakhelo" nemizekelo yeentlobo ezithile zezicatshulwa (umz: umhobe olula, iingxelo). Njengoko abafundi beya besiqhela isicatshulwa (umz: indlela esakhiwe ngayo, iluluphi uhlobo lolwimi olusetyenzisiweyo) bay a kuzama olwabo ubhalo olufana nolwesicatshulwa eso singumzekelo.

Njengokuba kusenzeka njalo xa kufundwa ulwimi olongezelelweyo, inkqubo yokufunda ukufunda nokubhala ayingxamanga. Abantwana bafunda ngokuzama ukwenza izinto ngokunokwabo - ngokulinga nokugwidiza. Bafuna ingxelo ngenkqubo yabo nokukhuthazwa ukubanceda ekufundeni. Khumbula: nangona isiphumo sesifundo ngasinye sinobuchule obahlukileyo kugxininiso, kufuneka usoloko uzihlanganisa kwinkqubo yokufunda.

## Umsebenzi woLwimi lweNkobe lomFundi

KwisiGaba esiPhakathi abafundi kufuneka bakhuthazwe ukuba banxibelelane ngolwimi olongezelelweyo, apha banakho, kwixesha elabelwe isifundo eso. Kubalulekile oku kuba kuyimfuneko ukuba batyhileke, basebenzisane, baze bathetha-thethane ngentsingiselo kulwimi lwabo olongezelelweyo ukuze bakwazi ukulufumana. Nangona kunjalo, kuya kubakho amaxesha apha kuya kufuneka ukuba bafunxe kulwimi lwabo lweNkobe. Umzekelo, kuya kufuneka, mhlawumbi, ukuba batshintshele kulo, xa bexoxa ngemiba enzima, efana nemilinganiso yezentlalo neenqobo ezisesikweni zebali, okanye xa bethelekisa igramma yolwimi lweNkobe nolongezelelweyo (Amagama azizimaphambili ahamba odwa kwisiNgesi nesiBhulu kanti ayinxalanye yesakhi samanye amagama kwiilwimi zesiNtu: on the table: etafileni).

## IZIPHUMO ZESIFUNDO



### IsiPhumo sesiFundo soku-1: UkuMamela

**Umfundi uyakwazi ukumamela ulwazi ngononophelo kwaye emamelelele nokuzonwabisa aze aphendule ngokufanelekileyo kwiimeko ngokubanzi.**

Abafundi mabamamele kakhulu kulwimi olongezelelweyo noluvakaliswe kwinqanam elifanelekileyo. Oku kusi-siseko sokupuhhlisa bonke ubuchule bezinye iilwimi.



### IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi-2: UkuThetha

**Umfundi uyakwazi ukunxibelelana ngokufanelekileyo nangokuzithemb a, ngolwimi oluthethwayo kwiimeko ngokubanzi ezahlukaneyo.**

Abafundi bay a kuzithemb a ekuzivakaliseni ngolwimi olongezelelweyo ngeendlela ezelula. Bay a kunxibelelana ngaphaya kwemida yolwimi. Mabafunde ngamava abo ukuba iilwimi ezininzi zityebisa bona nasentlalweni.



### **IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi-3: UkuFunda nokuBukela**

**Umfundi uyakwazi ukufunda nokubukela ulwazi ngononophelo kwaye afundele nokuzonwabisa aze aphendule ngokunzulu kubuhle, kwinkubeko nakukuxabiseka okunovakalelo kwizicatshulwa.**  
Ukufunda kuyimfuneko ekukhuliseni ulwimi, ekonwabeni nasekufundeni ngehlabathi. Kwesi sigaba, abafundi baya kufundela ukuzikhulisa. Ngokufunda, baya kufunda ngesicatshulwa esibhalwayo. Ukufunda kusisiseko sokubhala.



### **IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi-4: UkuBhala**

**Umfundi uyakwazi ukubhala iindidi zezicatshulwa ezahlukenyeyo ezinobunyaniso nezentelekelelo kwiinjongo ezininzi ezibanzi.**

UkuBhala kuhambelana kakhulu nokufunda kwaye kusisixhobo esifunekayo ekufundeni ngokudibene ngokwekharityhulamu. Kubalulekile kwakhona ekukhuleni komfundi.



### **IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi-5: UkuCinga nokuQiqa**

**Umfundi uyakwazi ukusebenzisa ulwimi ekucingeni nasekuqiqeni, ekwafikelela kulwazi, esetyisa ekwalusebenzisa ekufundeni.**

Abafundi baza kuqala ukuqonda iingqiyo ezinokuntsonkothe ngokuthe chatha, kwaye beya kufunda ubuchule neendlela zokucinga nokufikelela kulwazi lwezinye iinkalo zezifundo zabo.



### **IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi-6: UkwAkhiwa nokuSetyenziswa koLwimi**

**Umfundi unakho ukusebenzisa izandi, amagama negrama kulwimi ukuyila nokutolika izicatshulwa.**  
Igrama nesigama ziziqobo zokwakha ulwimi. Ulwazi lwegrama nesigama kungundoqo ekufundeni ngobuciko. Igrama nesigama kufuneka zifundiswe kwimeko kwaye zidityaniswe nokufunda ukubhala, ukumamela noku-thetha.



## IMIGANGATHO YOKUHLOLA NEZICATSHULWA

Kumacandelo alandelayo kuya kunikwa imiGangatho yokuHlola yesiPhumo sesiFundo ngasinye yebanga ngalinye. Imizekelo yezicatshulwa inikiwe enoku - setyenziswa kuhlanganiso lokufundiswa kolwimi. Le ayiomizekelo epheleleyo utitshala angongeza kuzo ngokukhetha naziphi izicatshulwa ezikhoyo nezfanelekileyo.



IBanga lesi-4

### IziCatshulwa eziCetyiswayo

#### Ezomlomo

- Amabali
- Iindidi zeentsomi
- Iingoma
- Imihobe elula yabantwana
- Ooqashi-qashi neziqhulo
- Imiyalelo
- Ukubalisa iziganeko ezidlulileyo
- Izalathiso
- Iinkcazelozabantu nezinto
- Ingxelo yezinto
- Iincoko
- Iinkqubo zikanomathotholo

#### Ezibhalwayo/Ezibonwayo:

- Iincwadi (iintsomi nezibalisa into ekhoyo)
- Imihobe elula yabantwana
- Imiyalelo
- Izaziso
- Ingxelo yencwadi
- Iiresipi
- Ithamtheyibhile
- Imizobo
- Iigrafu neetshati
- Iimephu ezilula noyilo
- Iifoto
- Iikhathuni
- Amabali ahlekisayo
- Imizobo
- Iphazili
- Isichazi-magama



## IBanga lesi-4

### IziCatshulwa eziCetyiswayo

(Zisaqhubeka)

#### Ezezixhobo zosasazo ezininzi

- Iiinkqubo zikamabonakude (TV)
- Izazisi zeTV
- IiCD Rom ne-intanethi



## IBanga lesi-5

### IziCatshulwa eziCetyiswayo

#### Ezomlomo:

- Amabali
- Iindidi zeentsomi
- Iingoma
- Imihobe yabantwana
- Ooqashi-qashi neziqhulo
- Imiyalelo
- Ukubalisa iziganeko ezidlulileyo
- Izalathiso
- Imiyalezo (umz: imiyalezo yefoni)
- Iinkcazelو ngabantu, ngezinto nangabantu
- Iincoko
- Iingxelo (umz: indaba nemo-zulu)

#### Ezibhalwayo/Ezibonwayo:

- Iincwadi (iintsomi nezibalisa into ekhoyo)
- Iimagazini
- Imihobe yabantwana
- Imiyalelo
- Izaziso
- Iingxelo (umz: amalinga alula)
- Ingxelo yencwadi
- Izimemo
- Amacwecwe
- Iresipi



## IBanga lesi-5

### IziCatshulwa eziCetyiswayo (Zisaqhubeke)

- Ithamtheyibhile
- Uludwe lweenkqubo
- Imizobo
- Iigrafu neetshati
- Iimephu ezelula noyilo
- Iphazili
- Amabali ahlekisayo
- Iikhathuni
- Iifoto
- Izichazi-magama

### Ezezixhobo zosasazo ezininzi

- Iinkqubo zabantwana zeTV
- Iingxelo zemozulu zeTV
- Izazisi zeTV
- IiCD Rom ne-intanethi (apho zifumanekayo)



## IBanga lesi-6

### IziCatshulwa eziCetyiswayo

#### Ezomlomo:

- Amabali
- Iindidi zeentsomi
- Iingoma
- Imihobe
- Iziqhula nooqashi-qashi
- Imiyalelo
- Ukubalisa iziganeko ezidlulileyo
- Izalathisi
- Iinkcazeloo ngabantu, izinto, iindawo neenkqubo



## **IBanga lesi-6**

### **IziCatshulwa eziCetyiswayo**

**(Zisaqhubeka)**

- Iincoko
- Udliwano-ndlebe
- Iingxelo
- Iintetho ezilungisiweyo

### **Ezibhalwayo/Ezibonwayo**

- Iincwadi (iintsomi nezibalisa into ekhoyo)
- Amaphepha-ndaba
- Iimagazini
- Iidayari
- Imihobe
- Umbhalo wemidlalo
- Iingxelo zeencwadi
- Izazisi
- Izibhengezo
- Amacwecwe
- Iileta
- Iiresipi
- Imiyalelo
- Izaziso
- Iingxelo (umz: amalinga alula)
- Ithamtheyibhile
- Uludwe leenkqubo (umz: iinkqubo zeTV)
- Iimephu nemiyilo
- Iikhathuni
- Amabali ahlekisayo
- Izazisi (umz: izichazi-magama, intyila-lwazi)

### **Ezezixhobo zosasazo ezininzi**

- Iinkqubo zeTV
- Ingxelo yemozulu yeTV
- IiCD Rom ne-intanethi (apho zifumanekayo)



## IBanga lesi-4



### IsiPhumo sesiFundo soku-1

#### UKUMAMELA

Umfundi uyakwazi ukumamela ulwazi ngononophelo kwaye amamelelele noku-zonwabisa aze aphendule ngokufanelekileyo kwiimeko ngokubanzi.

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- qonda amabali amafutshane (abaliselwa nafundelwa abafundi) ngoku -
  - phendula imibuzo njengoko injalo;
  - qikelela into eza kwenzeka;
  - niha iimpendulo;
  - xoxa ngemibandela yentlalo neenqobo ezisesisekwani umz: ingaba le nto ilungile okanye ayilunganga? (guqukela kwezinye iilwimi xa kufuneka);
  - balisa ibali kwakhona ngolandelelwano olufaneleki-leyo;
  - shwankathela ibali ngenkxaso katitshala.

- qonda imiyalelo yomlomo, izalathiso neenkcazeloyeKharityhulamu yeSizwe eHlaziyiweyo YamaBanga ukusuka ku-R ukuya kwele-9 (ezikolo) ■
  - phendula ngenkangeleko imiyalelo (umz: Ndingazenza njani izinto?);
  - mamela izalathiso ezilula zomlomo aze alandele indlela okanye afumane indawo emephini elula okanye uyilo.

## IBanga lesi-5



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- qonda amabali (abaliswayo nafundwayo) ngoku -
  - phendula imibuzo njengoko injalo;
  - nika iimpendulo;
  - qaphela ulwazi olusemxholweni (umz: ngokulebhila imizobo ezilula);
  - xoxa ngemibandela yentlalo neenqobo ezisesikweni umz: Ingaba eli bali lifundisa oku-lungileyo kuzo zonke iimeko? (guqukela kwezinye iilwimi xa kufuneka);
  - cebisa ezinye iindlela zokuphetha ibali (kusebenzisa iilwimi ezininzi ngaxesha-nye xa kufuneka);
  - balisa ibali kwakhona;
  - shwankathela ibali ngenkxaso katitshala.
  
- qonda imiyalelo yomlomo, izalathiso neenkazelo ngoku -
  - qonda ukulandelelana kwemiyalelo ngokuyiphendula ngenkangeleko (umz: ukulandela imiyalelo yemisebenzi yeklasi);
  - qonda izalathiso zomlomo elandela indlela nok-walatha indawo emephini okanye kuyilo.

## IBanga lesi-6



Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- qonda amabali (abaliswayo nafundwayo) ngoku -
  - phendula imibuzo njengoko injalo;
  - bhala ulwazi olusemxholweni (umz: ukugcwalisa itshati);
  - phendula imibuzo;
  - nxulumanisa ibali nobomi bakhe;
  - xoxa ngemibandela yentlalo neenqobo ezisesikweni umz: ngumntu onjani oligorha? Wenza ntoni? Ingaba ufundisa okulungileyo kuzo zonke iimeko okanye kusetyenziswe intetho okanye ingcinga ezisetyenziswa njalo? (kusebenzisa iilwimi ezininzi ngaxesha-nye iilwimi xa kufuneka);
  - cebisa ezinye iindlela zokuphetha ibali (guqukela kwezinye iilwimi xa kufuneka);
  - balisa ibali kwakhona;
  - shwankathela ibali.
  
- qonda imiyalelo nezalathiso ngoku -
  - qonda ulandelevano oluntsunkothileyo lwemiyalelo ngokuyiphendula ngokwenkangeleko (umz: ulandela imiyalelo ukwenza amalinge enzululwazi);
  - qonda imiyalelo yomlomo ngokubhala phantsi amanqaku nokuyilandela emephini.

## I Banga lesi-4



**IsiPhumo sesiFundo soku-1  
(Sisaqhubeka)**

### UKUMAMELA

Umfundi uyakwazi ukumamela ulwazi ngononophelo kwaye amamelelele noku-zonwabisaze aphendule ngokufanelekileyo kwiimeko ngokubanzi.

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- qonda iinkcazelozomlomo ngoku -
  - chonga abantu, izinto okanye iindawo;
  - lebhila umzobo.
  
- qonda iziganeko ezidlulileyo ngoku -
  - phendula imibuzo efana nale; Kwenzeke ntoni, kuqala, ekwesibini, njl.njl.
  
- nika imbeko kwabanye abafundi ngoku -
  - nika ithuba lokuthetha;
  - mamela;
  - khuthaza imizamo yabo yokuthetha ngolwimi olongezelelwego.



**ImiGangatho yokuHlola**

## IBanga lesi-5



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- qonda iinkcazelozomlomo ngoku -
  - chonga abantu, izinto okanye iindawo;
  - lebhila umzobo;
  - bhala ulwazi olusemxholweni (umz: etshatini).
  
- qonda iziganeko ezidlulileyo ngoku -
  - phendula imibuzo malunga nokwenzeke kuqala, okwesibini njl.njl;
  - phinda abalise iziganeko ngokwakhe ngokufumana inkxaso.
  
- nika imbeko kwabanye abafundi ngoku -
  - nika abanye abafundi ithuba lokuthetha;
  - mabela kwabanye, akhuthaze imizamo yabo ekuthetheni ngolwimi olongezelelweyo;
  - khuthaza amanye amalungu eqela ukuxhasa abalingane eklasini.

## IBanga lesi-6



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- qonda iinkcazelozomlomo ngoku -
  - chonga abantu, izinto okanye iindawo;
  - lebhila umzobo;
  - bhala ulwazi olusemxholweni (umz: etshatini);
  - phendula imibuzo.
  
- qonda iziganeko ezidlulileyo ngoku -
  - phendula imibuzo malunga nokwenzeke kuqala, okwesibini njl.njl;
  - phinda abalise iziganeko ngokwakhe.
  
- nika imbeko kwabanye abafundi ngoku -
  - nika abanye abafundi ithuba lokuthetha;
  - mabela kwabanye, akhuthaze imizamo yabo ekuthetheni ngolwimi olongezelelweyo;
  - khuthaza amanye amalungu eqela ukuxhasa abalingane eklasini.

## IBanga lesi-4



### IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi - 2



### ImiGangatho yokuHlola

#### UKUTHETHA

Umfundi uyakwazi ukunxibelelana ngoku-fanelekileyo nangokuzithemba, ngolwimi oluthethwayo kwiimeko ngokubanzi ezahlukeneyo.

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- sebenzisana kulwimi olongezelelweyo ngoku -
  - buza imibuzo elula, (umz: ukubuzela ingcaciso);
  - nika iimpendulo ezimfutshane kwimibuzo;
  - thatha inxaxheba kwincoko ngezihloko eziqhelekileyo.
  
- enza ngeendlela zenkcubeko ngokufanelekileyo ngoku -
  - linganisa ezinye iimeko eziqhelekileyo (umz: ukunika inkcazelo ngezalathiso);
  - bonisa ingqiqo ethile kwiyantlukwano yenkcubeko-ntlalo, (umz: indlela yokucacisa ukuchubeka ngolwimi olongezelelweyo);
  - tshintshela kolunye ulwimi apho kufanelekileyo (umz: ukubulisa umntu wasemzini ongathethi ulwimi lwakho).
  
- sebenzisa ulwimi olongezelelweyo ukunxibelela ulwazi ngoku -
  - khumbula nokuchaza (iziganeko ezenzeke kwixesha elidlulileyo) ulandelewaniso lwezenzo ngokuse benzisa izihlanganisi ( emveni koko, kwaza);.
  - nika imiyalelo elula;
  - chaza abantu, izinto, neenkqubo ezilula.

## IBanga lesi-5



### ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- sebenzisana ngolwimi olongezelelweyo ngoku -
  - buza aphendula imibuzo;
  - thatha inxaxheba kwincoko ngesihloko esiqhelekileyo;
  - vakalisa ingcinga aze anike isizathu soko;
  - vakalisa izimvo.
  
- enza ngeendlela zenkcubeko ngokufanelekileyo ngoku -
  - linganisa ezinye iimeko eziqhelekileyo esebebenzisa ulwimi nezijekulo ezifanelekileyo;
  - bonikalisa ingqiqo yeyantlukwano phakathi kwendlalo nenkcubeko (umz: indlela yokucacisa ukuchubeka ngolwimi lweNkobe nolongezelelweyo);
  - tshintshela kolunye ulwimi apha kufane lekileyo (umz: ukuquka umfundi ongakwaziyo ukuthetha ulwimi lwenu).
  
- sebenzisa ulwimi olongezelelweyo ukunxibeleta ulwazi ngoku -
  - khumbula nokuchaza ukulandelelana kwezenzo ngokusebenzisa izihlanganisi;
  - nika imiyalelo elandelelanayo;
  - chaza inkqubo;
  - chaza injongo yento (isixhobo esiqhelekileyo - sisetyenziselwa ntoni?);
  - thetha ngesihloko esiqhelekileyo nokusilungise-lela (umz: umdlali endimthandayo).

## IBanga lesi-6



### ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- sebenzisana ngolwimi olongezelelweyo ngoku -
  - buza aphendula imibuzo.
  - gcina incoko ngesihloko esiqhelekileyo.
  - vakalisa ingcinga aze anike isizathu soko.
  - vakalisa izimvo.
  
- enza ngeendlela zenkcubeko ngokufanelekileyo ngoku -
  - linganisa ezinye iimeko eziqhelekileyo esebebenzisa ulwimi nezenzi ezifanelekileyo.
  - bonakalisa ingqiqo yokuxabiseka kokuqhe-lekileyo okuvakaliswa ngeendlela neelwimi ezininzi (umz: Ndicela.....no-Please..... zindlela ezahlukaneyo zokuvakalisa ukuxabiseka kwempucuko nembeko kwabanye);
  - tshintshela kolunye ulwimi apha kufanele kileyo (umz: ukubonakalisa imbeko kulwimi lomnye umntu).
  
- sebenzisa ulwimi olongezelelweyo ukunxibeleta ulwazi ngoku -
  - khumbula nokuchaza ukulandelelana kwezenzo ngokusebenzisa izihlanganisi;
  - nika imiyalelo ngokulandelelana;
  - chaza inkqubo;
  - chaza injongo yento ethile (isixhobo soku-sebenza - sisetyenziselwa ntoni);
  - thetha ngesihloko esiqhelekileyo nokusilungise-lela (umz: singawonga njani amanzi?).

## I Banga lesi-4



IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi - 2  
(Sisaqhubeka)



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

### UKUTHETHA

Umfundi uyakwazi ukunxibelelana ngoku-fanelekileyo nangokuzithemba, ngolwimi oluthethwayo kwiimeko ngokubanzi ezahlukeneyo.

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- sebenzisa ulwimi olongezelelweyo ngokuyilayo ngoku -
  - balisa amabali alula;
  - yila nokwenza imidlalo elula;
  - enza imvano-zandi eqhelekileyo, umhobe, okanye ingoma;
  - dlala imidlalo ebandakanya ulwimi.
  
- bonakalisa ingqiqo yendlela ulwimi olwakha ngayo ulwazi, ukuchonga nendawo elibabeka kuyo abantu ngoku -
  - zikhwebula ekuthiyeni abantu amagama nawaluphina uhlobo (umz: amagama enkohlakalo, amagama obuhlanga, amagama abhekiswe kubahambeli).

## IBanga lesi-5



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- sebenzisa ulwimi olongezelelweyo ngokuyilayo ngoku -
  - balisa amabali;
  - enza imihobe, iingoma nemidlalo elula;
  - dlala imidlalo ebandakanya ulwimi;
  - thelekelela nokuchaza okunokwenzeka (umz: Angenzi ntoni nge-R100?).
  
- bonakalisa ingqiqo yendlela ulwimi olwakha ngayo ulwazi, ukuchonga nendawo elibabeka kuyo abantu ngoku -
  - qonda indlela yokubiza umntu othile ngoku -
    - ▶ ixela ubudlelwane phakathi kwakhe nalo mntu (umz: umfundi ubuza utitshala athi: Mem; ubuza umnakwabo omdala athi: Bhuti);
    - ▶ iakha ubunguwe bomntu ngokulandulayo (umz: ukubiza umntu omdala ‘intombazana’) okanye ngokwakhayo (umz: ukumbiza Mama/makhulu).

## IBanga lesi-6



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- sebenzisa ulwimi olongezelelweyo ngokuyilayo ngoku -
  - balisa ibali;
  - enza imihobe, iingoma nemidlalo elula;
  - qamba umdlalo obandakanya ulwimi;
  - thelekelela nokuchaza okunokwenzeka.
  
- bonakalisa ingqiqo yendlela ulwimi olwakha ngayo ulwazi, ukuchonga nendawo elibabeka kuyo abantu ngoku -
  - qala ukujonga ngononophelo ukuziqhelisa iindlela zokubizwa kwabantu umz: Amakhoboka nabasebenzi babizwa njani ngabaqashi/ngabanihazi babo?; ukuthatha kwabafazi amagama amadoda; ukunikwa kukamakoti igama lasemzini; ukubiza abanye ‘amakwiri-kwiri’).

## IBanga lesi-4



IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi - 3



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

### UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA

Umfundi uyakwazi ukufunda nokubukela ulwazi ngononophelo kwaye afundele noku-zonwabisa aze aphendule ngokunzulu kubuhle, kwinkcubeko nakukuxabiseka okunovakalelo kwizicatshulwa.

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- qonda ngendlela elula imigaqo elula yamabali nge/ngo/nga -
  - ntloko, (umz: ukukhetha eyona ntloko phakathi kwezinye, anike izizathu);
  - magama abalinganiswa (umz: bacinge amagama angabizwanga abalinganiswa);
  - kuqwalasela indlela abalinganiswa neziseko ezakhiwe ngayo ukuxhasa imbono ethile yehlabathi (umz: iindawo ezidlalwa ngamakhwenkwe namantombazana ebalini. Ingaba iintetho neengcinga ezithile ezisetyenziswia njalo okanye ingaba likhona ithuba lokuba amakhwenkwe namantombazana angenza into enye?;
  - kuqwalasela indima edlalwa yimifanekiso ekwakheni intsingiselo (umz: Abonakaliswe njani amakhwenkwe namantombazana emfanekisweni).

- qonda ngendlela elula eminye imigaqo yesihobe:
  - imvano-zandi (dancu, dancu siwelile masisse emanzi);
  - ukusebenzisa ufaniso umz: ucula njengentaka;
  - ukuqonda isikweko umz. lo mfo lincoko = lixoki;
  - ukuqonda izifanadumo umz: wawa dyumpu emanzini;
  - iyantlukwano kwiilwimi ekusetyenzisweni kwezi zandi: ukuhuhuza kwesikhova.

## IBanga lesi-5



### ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- qonda imigaqo elula yebali nge/go -
  - kuqonda ntloko, indawo nabalinganiswa (umz: ukudibanisa iziphawuli nabalinganiswa ebalini);
  - mfundiso yebali (apho kufanelekileyo khona);
  - kuqwalasela indlela abalinganiswa neziseko ezakhiwe ngayo ukuxhasa umbono othile wehlabathi (umz: Ingaba abantu abadala nabancinane basebenzisa intetho okanye iingcinga ezithile njalo okanye zibhalwe njengoko zinjalo ukubonakalisa ukungafani?);
  - kuqwalasela indima edlalwa yimifanekiso ekwakheni intsingiselo (imfanekios/iifoto) (umz: Badala okanye bancinane kangakanani abantu abakule mifanekiso?)
- qonda ngendlela elula eminye imigaqo yomhobe:
  - imvano-zandi;
  - izifanadumo amagama afana ngezandi;
  - imfanozandi – amagama aqala ngezandi ezifanayo (iqaqa liqabelo eQawukeni);
  - uthelekiso (umz: Ucula njengomlonji).

## IBanga lesi-6



### ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- qonda eminye imigaqo yebali ngo -
  - kuqonda intloko, indawo nesakhiwo (umz: bachaze ukuba bazaneka njani na izinto);
  - kuqonda abalinganiswa (umz: bayo kuchaza uvakalelo lwabo baze bathethe ngezizathu zezenzo zabo);
  - kuchonga axoxe imiba yentlalo nezesimilo ebali-ni (umz: Ingaba eli bali linayo imfundiso);
  - kuqwalasela abalinganiswa nesakhiwo ezakhiwe ngalo ukuveza umbono othile ehlabathini (umz: Ingaba abantu beentlanga ezahlukeneoyo okanye inkcubeko ziveza iintetho okanye iingcinga ezisetyenziswa njalo okanye ngeendlela ezizizo ukubonakalisa iyantlukwano?);
  - kuqwalasela indima edlalwa yimifanekiso ebonwayo ekwakheni intsingiselo (umz: Abantu beentlanga ezahlukeneoyo okanye iinkcubeko abonakalisa njani?);
  - cebisa ndlela ezinye ezibonisa abalinganiswa nezenzo.
- qonda, ngendlela elula, eminye imigaqo yomhobe:
  - imvano-zandi;
  - ufaniso;
  - isikweko;
  - ukuthelekisa;
  - ukuthetha ngento ngokungathi ngumntu umz: Ilanga lincumile;
  - amanye amagama echaza le migaqo – Imfano-zandi, isifano-dumo.

## IBanga lesi-4



**IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi - 3  
(Sisaqhubeka)**

### UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA

Umfundi uyakwazi ukufunda nokubukela ulwazi ngononophelo kwaye afundele nokuzonwabis aze aphendule ngokunzulu kubuhle, kwinkubeko nakukuxabiseka okunovakalelo kwizicatshulwa.



**ImiGangatho yokuHlola**

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- fundela ulwazi ngoku -
  - funda iimephu ezilula noyilo (umz: balandele izalathiso);
  - funda alandele izicatshulwa kuquka iinkqubo umz: iresiphi;
  - funda alandele itham theyibhile;
  - funda imizobo, iigrafu, neetshati (umz: umnombo wosapho, iflowu tshati);
  - shwankathela umhlathi ngenkxaso (umz: bafakele amagama ashiyiweyo kwisishwankathelo esibhaliweyo);
  - funda izicatshulwa ngokudibeneyo ngokwekhari-tyhulamu (umz: iincwadi zezikhokelo kwezinye iinkalo zesifundo).
  
- funda izicatshulwa zezixhobo zokusasaza ngoku -
  - qonda indlela esenziwe ngayo isibhengezo okanye isaziso sikawonke-wonke.

## IBanga lesi-5



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- fundela ulwazi ngoku -
  - funda iimephu ezilula, nemiyilo (umz: ukufumana ndawo);
  - funda alandele izicatshulwa eziquka iinkqubo (umz: imiyalelo kumalinga enzululwazi);
  - funda imizobo, iigrafu, neetshati (umz: umzobo ojikelezayo);
  - krwaqula ithayimthebhile noludwe lweenkqubo zeTV ukufumana ulwazi;
  - shwankathela umhlathi ngenkxaso,(umz: baya kulandelelanisa izivakalisi zenze isishwankathelo);
  - funda ukudlula ngaphaya kwemida yekharityhulu (umz: iincwadi ezizikhokelo kwezinye iinkalo zesifundo).
- funda aphendule kwizicatshulwa zentlalo (izimemo).
- funda izicatshulwa zezixhobo zokusasaza ngoku -
  - funda aze aqonde ukwakhiwa nokuyilwa kwemagazini (umz: imagazini yesikolo okanye imagazini yabantu abancinane).

## IBanga lesi-6



Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- fundela ulwazi ngoku -
  - funda alandele imiyalelo, iiresipi, iimephu noyilo;
  - krwaqula uludwe lweenkqubo zeTV noludwe lwamaxesha;
  - shwankathela umhlathi, achonge inqaku eliphambili nesihloko sesivakalisi;
  - funda ukudlula ngaphaya kwemida yekharityhulamu (umz: iincwadi ezizikhokelo kwezinye iinkalo zezifundo).
- funda aphendule kwizicatshulwa zentlalo (izimemo).
- chonga izimo zesimbo esinxulumene nabaphulaphuli.
- funda izicatshulwa zezixhobo zokusasaza ngoku -
  - chonga izazisi ezicenga abafundi ngokusebenzisa:
    - ▶ iziphawuli nezibaluli (intsha, ekhwankqisayo, emangalisayo),
    - ▶ izafobe ezifana nemfanozandi,
    - ▶ uburharha,
    - ▶ kusebenzisa inzululwazi/abantu ababaluleki-leyo ukunyusa imveliso.
  - qonda ngesakhiwo nokuyilwa kwemagazini, ayithelekise nephepha-ndaba.

## I Banga lesi-4



**IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi - 3  
(Sisaqhubeke)**

### UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA

Umfundi uyakwazi ukufunda nokubukela ulwazi ngononophelo kwaye afundele noku-zonwabis aze aphendule ngokunzulu kubuhle, kwinkubeko nakukuxabiseka okunovakalelo kwizicatshulwa.



**ImiGangatho yokuHlola**

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- fundela ukonwaba olwazi ngoku -
  - funda iincwadi ezininzi zeentsomi kunye nezibalisa ngezinto ezikhoyo ngokomgangatho wolwimi nokufunda;
  - vavanya iincwadi kwingxelo yeencwadi;
  - funda basombulule iiphazili (umz. Iphazili yamagama).
  
- sebenzisa iincwadi zezikhokelo nokukhulisa isigama ngoku -
  - sebenzisa izichazi-magama;
  - bonakalisa isigama esifundiweyo phakathi kwamagama ali-1000 kunye nangama-2500 aqhelekileyo. Abafundi abaza kufunda ezinye izifundo ngolwimi olongezelelwego, kufuneka kujoliswe kuma-2500.

## IBanga lesi-5



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- fundela ulonwabo ngoku -
  - funda iincwadi zeentsomi nezibalisa ngezinto ezikhoyo ngokomgangatho wolwimi nokufunda;
  - vavanya iincwadi kwingxelo yeencwadi;
  - izigxeko-ncomo ezilula zeecwadi;
  - sombulula iiphazili (umz., iiphazili zamagama).
  
- sebenzisa iincwadi ezizizalathisi nokukhulisa isigama ngoku -
  - sebenzisa izichazi-magama;
  - bonakalisa isigama esifundiweyo phakathi kwamagama angama-2000 nangama-35000 aqhelekileyo. Ukuba abafundi baza kufunda ezinye izifundo ngolwimi olongezelelweyo, kufuneka kujoliswe kuma-3500.

## IBanga lesi-6



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- fundela ukonwaba ngoku -
  - funda iincwadi ezininzi zeentsomi nezibalisa ngezinto ezikhoyo ngokomgangatho wolwimi nokufunda;
  - vavanya iincwadi kwingxelo yeencwadi;
  - funda isigxeko-ncomo esilula sencwadi;
  - funda basombulule iiphazili.
  
- sebenzisa iincwadi zezalathisi ngoku-
  - sebenzisa iphepha lesiqulatho nesalathisi ukufumana ulwazi;
  - sebenzisa izichazi-magama;
  - bonakalisa ukufunda isigama samagama aphakathi kwamagama aqhelekileyo ali-3000 ne-5000. Abafundi abaza kufunda ezinye iinkalo zezifundo ngolwimi olongezelelweyo, mabajolise kumagama angama-5000.

## I Banga lesi-4



IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi - 4



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

### UKUBHALA

Umfundi uyakwazi ukubhala iindidi  
zezicatshulwa ezahlukeneyo ezinobunyaniso  
nezentelekelelo kwiinjongo ezininzi ezibanzi.

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- bhala ngenjongo yokunxibeleta ulwazi ngoku -
  - zoba nokulebhila iimephu ezilula, imizobo, iigrafu neetshati;
  - bhala izintlu ezinezihloko;
  - bhala imiyalelo elula;
  - bhala ngeziganeko ezidlulileyo;
  - vakalisa iingcinga ngobhalo, (umz: okokuba incwadi ibanika umdla okanye iyabakruqula);
  - sebenzisa ‘isakhelo’ aze abhale isigxeko-ncomo.
  
- bhalela iinjongo zentlalo ngoku -
  - bhala izaziso ezilula okanye imiyalelo.
  
- bhala ngokuyiliweyo ngoku -
  - sebenzisa iindlela zobhalo oluyiliweyo: izifanadumo izifaniso imfanozandi;
  - kuthi ngenkxaso, babbale umdlalwana olula okanye intetho-mpikiswano;
  - ngenkxaso ubhala ibali elilula.

## IBanga lesi-5



### ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- bhala ngenjongo yokunxibeleta ulwazi ngoku -
  - zoba aze alebhile iimephu ezilula, imizobo, iigrafu, neetshati;
  - bhala ukulandelelana kwemiyalelo;
  - bhala ngeziganeko ezidlulileyo;
  - bhala iresipi;
  - bhala inkcazelو emfutshane yomntu, into, okanye inkqubo elula;
  - vakalisa ingcina ngokubhala aze unike nezizathu zoko (umz: kungani ukuba ibali libanike umdlakhe okanye libatyhafise);
  - bhala isigxeko-ncomo;
  - bhala ingxelo yencwadi, (umz. Umfuniselo/ ilinge wenzululwazi).

### ■ bhalela iinjongo zentlalo ngoku -

- bhala umyalezo omfutshane ofana namacwecwe.

## IBanga lesi-6



### ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- bhala ngenjongo yokunxibeleta ulwazi ngoku -
  - zoba baze balebhule iimephu, imizobo, iigrafu, neetshati;
  - bhala inkcazelو yomntu, into, okanye inkqubo elula;
  - bhala ingxelo elula (umfuniselo wenzululwazi);
  - vakalisa ingcina ngokubhala aze anike nezizathu zako umz: kutheni omnye umhobe ungcono kunomnye;
  - bhala isigxeko-ncomo sencwadi.
- bhalela iinjongo zentlalo ngoku -
  - sebenzisa isakhelo abhale ileta yobuhlobo;
  - chonga ezinye iiyantlukwano phakathi kwesimbo sokubhala esisesikweni neso singekho sikweni, (umz: ukukhetha amagama);
  - chonga ezinye iiyantlukwano phakathi kwentetho nokubhala;
  - bhala iingcina zabo (idayari).
- bhala ngokuyilayo ngoku -
  - bonakalisa ukukhula kobuchule ekubhaleni ibali, imidlalo, iincoko zababini (umz: ngokusebenzise izangotshe zokubhala bekwafakela incoko yababini ebalini);

## I Banga lesi-4



**IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi - 4  
(Sisaqhubeka)**

### UKUBHALA

Umfundi uyakwazi ukubhala iindidi zeziyatshulwa ezahlukeneyo ezinobunyaniso nezentelekelelo kwiinjongo ezininzi ezibanzi.



**ImiGangatho yokuHlola**

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- yila isicatshulwa sesixhobo sosasazo ngoku -
  - yila isibhengezo esilula, okanye isaziso.

- sebenzisa ulwazi olukhulayo lokwakhiwa nokusetyenziswa koLwimi ngoku -
  - bhala imihlathi besebenzisa ‘isakhelo’, isakhiwo: (vala isikhewu, hlenga- hlengisa izivakalisi ngokulandelelana kwazo);
  - pela amagama aqhelekileyo ngokuchanekileyo;
  - sebenzisa iziphumlisi ezilula (oonobumba abakhulu, izingxi, iikoma, imihlathi).

## IBanga lesi-5



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- sebenzisa iindlela zokubhala eziyiliweyo ngoku -
  - bhala imidlalo nencoko yababini;
  - bhala amabali lula;
  - sebenzisa ubuchule bokuyila ubhalo: isifanadumo isifaniso imfanozandi.
- enza isicatshulwa sesixhobo sokusasaza ngoku -
  - sebenzisa ezinye iindlela zobhalo oluyilayo.
- thatha ukubhala njengenkubo ngokusebenzisa ulwazi olukhulayo lokwakhiwa nokusetyenziswa koLwimi ngoku -
  - enza uyilo olurhabaxa;
  - funda ngokunzulu;
  - fumana ingxelo kutitshala nakubalingane;
  - phinda abhale emva kwengxelo;
  - qala ukuqonda umahluko phakathi kwezimbo zokubhala (ukuthetha nesimbo esingekho sikweni nokubhala okanye isimbo esisesikweni);
  - pela amagama aqhelekileyo ngokuchanekileyo;
  - sebenzisa iziphumlisi (oonobumba, izingxi, iikoma, uphawu lemibuzo nezikhuzo, isimeli nobumba).

## IBanga lesi-6



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- enza isicatshulwa sesixhobo sosasaza ngoku -
  - enza isibhengezo, isaziso esilula okanye iphepha lemibuzo elilula;
  - bhala ingxelo yeendaba ezilula.
- qonda inkubo yokubhala, nokusebenzisa ulwazi olulchulayo lokwakhiwa nokusetyenziswa koLwimi ngoku -
  - enza uyilo olurhabaxa, aze alufunde ngokugxekayo, afumane ingxelo kutitshala nakubalingane aze aphinde abhale;
  - qonda umahluko phakathi ko kuhlaziya (ukutshintsha umxholo nesakhiwo);
  - kuchokela umbhalo esebezisa:
  - ulwazi lwesakhiwo (umz: igramma, upelo, iziphumlisi, nomahluko wegrama phakathi koLwimi lweNkobe nolwimi olongezelelweyo);
  - nezixhobo (umz: isichazi-magama).

## IBanga lesi-4



IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi - 5



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

### UKUCINGANOKUQIQA

Umfundi uyakwazi ukusebenzisa ulwimi ekucingeni nasekuqiqeni, ekwafikelela kulwazi, esetyisa ekwalusebenzisa ekufundeni.

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- sebenzisa ulwimi ngokudibene ngokwekharityhulamu ngoku -
  - chaza iingqikelelo ezisetyenziswa kwezinye iiNkalo zeziFundo, (umz: isondlo kubuchule bobomi);
  - qonda nokwazi ukusebenzisa isigama sezinye iiNkalo zeziFundo;
  - qonda nokuvvelisa izicatshulwa ezisetyenziswa kwezinye iiNkalo zeziFundo(umz: ukulandelelana kwexesha).
  
- sebenzisa ulwimi ekucingeni ngoku -
  - phendula aze aqale ukubuza imibuzo; enokuntsonkotha okuthe kratya (umz: Kutheni.....? Ucinga ukuba.....?);
  - landelelanisa izinto ngokweenqobo (umz: ezindala ukuya kwezintsha);
  - hlela izinto (iintlobo zezithuthi ezahlukenyero);
  - chonga iimfano neeyantlukwano phakathi kwezinto (umz. phakathi kwenqwelo-ntaka nenqwelo-moya);
  - ahlula inxalenyne phakathi kokupheleleyo (imoto: injini, ivili lokuqhuba, amavili);
  - vakalisa intsusa nesiphumo;
  - vakalisa ingcinka banike isizathu sayo;
  - xoxa ngokuxhaswa ngexabiso nokungabi naxabiso kwento ethile, (umz: ukuhamba ngeeteksi);
  - nika iinkcazo nemizekelo ngokuxhaswa (umz: ukudibanisa isigama nenkcazelo yaso).

**IBanga lesi-5****ImiGangatho yokuHlola**

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- sebenzisa ulwimi ngokudibene ngokwekharityhulamu ngoku -
  - chaza iingqikelelo ezivela kwezinye iiNkalo zeziFundo (umz: imbalela kwiinzululwazi zentlalo);
  - azi abe nakho ukusebenzisa isigama sezinye izifundo zesikolo (umz: inzululwazi);
  - qonda nokuvelisa izicatshulwa ezisetyenziswa kwezinye iiNkalo zeziFundo, (umz: inkcazeloyenkqubo elula kubugcisa okanye ubuchule bobomi)ingxelo);
  - funda alandele imiyalelo kwilinge elilula lobunzululwazi.
  
- sebenzisa ulwimi ekucingeni ngoku:-  
 • phendula aze aqale ukuba imibuzo enokuntsonkotha okuthe kratya (umz: Kutheni bangazange.....? Ungathini.....?);  
 • akha imibuzo ngesicatshulwa esibhaliweyo;  
 • landelelanisa izinto (ngokwamanqanaba enkqubo);  
 • hlela izinto ngokweenqobo (izilwanyana ezanyisayo nezinganyisiyo);  
 • chonga imfano neyantlukwano yezinto;  
 • ahlula inxalenye kokupheleleyo;  
 • vakalisa intsusa nesiphumo;  
 • vakalisa iingcinga banike isizathu sayo;  
 • xoxa ngoncedo nokungabi nancedo kwento ethile;  
 • bhala, ngenkxaso, ngokuba noncedo nokungabi noncedo kwento (zibeke phezu kwetafile);  
 • bhala iinkcazeloyezimfutshane anike nemizekelo.

**IBanga lesi-6****ImiGangatho yokuHlola**

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- sebenzisa ulwimi ngokudibene ngokwekharityhulamu ngoku -
  - chaza iingqikelelo ezisetyenziswa kwezinye iiNkalo zeziFundo (umz: umrhwebi);
  - caphula ulwazi kwizixhobo usebenzisa ulwimi nezinye iiNkalo zeziFundo;
  - qonda nokwazi ukusebenzisa isigama sezinye iiNkalo zeziFundo (umz: inzululwazi);
  - qonda nokuvelisa izicatshulwa ezisetyenziswa kwezinye izifundo, umz: inkcazeloyenkqubo yeteknoloji (umz: Funda imiyalelo elula yomfuniselo wenzululwazi baze ngenkxaso babhale iziphumo).
  
- sebenzisa ulwimi ekucingeni ngoku -
  - phendula imibuzo enokuntsonkotha okuthe kratya (umz: Awunakicinga enye indlela yokucacisa oku.....?);
  - landelelanisa izinto ngokwenqobo yokugweba;
  - hlalutyu iimpawu zezinto ukwenzela ukuzihlela;
  - chonga iimfano neeyantlukwano yezinto;
  - ahlula inxalenye yokupheleleyo;
  - vakalisa intsusa nesiphumo;
  - vavanya, ukwenza ukhetho, nezigqibo aze anike izizathu zoko;
  - xoxa ngexabiso nokungabi naxabiso lokuthile, umz. Ukukhwela iibhasi;
  - bhala iinkcazeloyezimfutshane anike nemizekelo.

## IBanga lesi-4



### IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi - 5 (Sisaqhubeka)

#### UKUCINGANOKUQIQA

Umfundi uyakwazi ukusebenzisa ulwimi ekucingeni nasekuqiqeni, ekwafikelela kulwazi, esetyisa ekwalusebenzisa ekufundeni.



### ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- qokelela aze abhale ingxelo ngolwazi ngeendalela ezahlukeneyo ngoku -
  - chaza inkqubo elula ngomlomo, ngenkxaso, ayichaze ngokubhala;
  - yila, ukuzoba, nokulebhila iimephu ezelula, uyilo, iitshati, iigrafu nemizobo.
  
- guqulela ulwazi lusuka kwenye imo luye kwenye (umzi: itshati ibe isicatshulwa) ngoku -
  - mamela kwintetho emfutshane nokubhala ingxelo ngolwazi etshatini okanye alebhive umzobo;
  - sebenzisa ulwazi lvesicatshulwa esibhaliweyo ukuyila igrafu okanye itshati, okanye alebhive umzobo;
  - sebenzisa ulwazi olukwitshati, igrafu okanye umzobo ukubhala isicatshulwa esifutshane.

## IBanga lesi-5



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- qokelela aze abhale ingxelo yowlazi ngeendlela ezahlukeneyo ngoku -
  - chaza inkqubo elula enza, azobe aze aphawule iimephu, iitshati, nemizobo, neegrafu;
  - yula, azobe, alebhile iimephu, iitshati nemizobo.
  
- guqulela ulwazi ukusuka kwenye imo ukuya kwenye ngoku -
  - mamela xa kuthethwa ngolwazi aze arekhodishe ulwazi kwitshati okanye aphawule umzobo;
  - sebenzisa ulwazi lwezicatshulwa ezibonwayo nezibhaliweyo aze enze igrafu okanye itshati okanye aphawule umzobo;
  - sebenzisa ulwazi olukwitshati, kwigrafu, kumzobo aze abhale isicatshulwa;
  - enza imephu yengqondo ukubhala isicatshulwa esifutshane.

## IBanga lesi-6



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- qokelela aze abhale ingxelo yowlazi ngeendlela ezahlukeneyo ngoku -
  - kwenza uphando olulula, (umz: uphando ngezothutho);
  - yila, azobe, alebhile iimephu, iitshati nemizobo.
  
- guqulela ulwazi ukusuka kwenye imo luye kwenye ngoku -
  - mamela xa kuthethwa ngolwazi aze abhale ingxelo yowlazi kwiitshati okanye alebhile imizobo;
  - sebenzisa ulwazi lwezicatshulwa ezibonwayo nezibhaliweyo aze anze iigrafu okanye itshati okanye alebhile umzobo;
  - sebenzisa ulwazi olukwitshati, kwigrafu okanye umzobo, aza ababhale izicatshulwa;
  - enza izicatshulwa ezifutshane zemephu yengqondo.

## IBanga lesi-4



IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi - 6



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

### UKWAKHIWA NOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI

Umfundi uyakwazi ukuqonda kwaye akwazi ukusebenzisa izandi, isigama negrama yolwimi olongezelelweyo.

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- qonda nokusebenzisa ezinye iindlela zemibuzo efana nale:
  - Kutheni unga.....?
  - Ukhe wa.....?
  - Ucinga .....?
  
- sebenzisa amaxesha afundwe kwisiGaba esisiSeko ukunxibelelana ngomlomo nangokubhala:
  - ixesha langoku kwimo ende (Uyafunda);
  - ixesha elidlulileyo (Ndimbone izolo);
  - ixesha elizayo (Ndiza kumbona ngomso, Ndiya kumbona ngomso).

## IBanga lesi-5



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- qonda nokusebenzisa ezinye iindlela zemibuzo:
  - Kutheni ungakhange.....?
  - Yintoni/ ucinga njani .....?
  
- sebenzisa amaxesha afundiswe kwisiGaba esisiSeko ukunxibelelana ngomlomo nangokubhala:
  - sebenzisa amaxesha abawazisiweyo kumabanga angaphambili ukunxibelelana ngomlomo nangokubhala;
  - sebenzisa isivumelanisi sentloko kwisilanduli, umz., andi-, aka-;
  - sebenzisa isixando sokwenziwa ukunxibelelana ngomlomo nangokubhalwayo;
  - kwixesha langoku (umz: Igolide yombiwa eMzantsi Afrika);
  - nakwixesha eladlulayo (Ifoni yasulungwa kwiminyaka emininzi eyadlulayo);
  - sebenzisa iindlela zoxhomekeko ukunxibelelana ngomlomo ngokubhaliweyo.

## IBanga lesi-6



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- qonda nokusebenzisa iindlela zemibuzo, umzeke-lo:
  - Kutheni ucinga .....?
  - Kutheni ungathanga....?
  
- sebenzisa amaxesha ekunxibeleleni ngomlomo nangokubhala ngo: kusebenzisa amaxesha:
  - ixesha langoku neladlulayo;
  - ixesha ebelidlulile kuhlobo lokuqhubeka (bendibukele iTV xa ibisenzeka);
  - sebenzisa isivumelanisi sentloko kwisilanduli umz andi-, aka;
  - khulisa ukusetyenziswa kwezihlanganisi ukunxi-belelana ngokubhala nangomlomo (kuba, ukuba);
  - kwandisa ukusetyenziswa kwezimelabizo, iziphawuli nezihlomelo;
  - sebenzisa iindlela zoxhomekeko ukunxibelelana ngomlomo ngokubhaliweyo (umz: Ndakuthenga ukutya ukuba ndiyifumene imali);
  - qonda ukusetyenziswa kwezakhiwo zezivakalisi ezinokuntsonkotha okuthe kratya.

## I Banga lesi-4



### IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi - 6 (Sisaqhubeka)

#### UKWAKHIWA NOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI

Umfundi uyakwazi ukuqonda kwaye akwazi ukusebenzisa izandi, isigama negrama yolwimi olongezelelwego.



### ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- qonda ukusebenzisa iimilo ezibonisa okunokwenzeka, ukuba nethemba lokungenzeka kwento (umnqweno) nemfuneko, efana nale:
  - ingana namhlanje (okunokwenzeka);
  - ndingaliphakamisa elo litye (ukuba nakho);
  - ayizukuna(isilanduli kwezinye iimeko);
  - singa singema nabo ngaloo mini (umnqweno).
- qonda nokusebenzisa izihlomelo:
  - izihlomelo ezisetyenziswa njalo (Uhamba kakhulu).
- qonda nokusebenzisa isinye nesininzi zezibizo:
  - izibizo eziqhelekileyo (ihempe, iihempe);
  - izibizo ezingenazininzi (amafutha, amanzi).
- qonda ukusebenzisa isakhiwo sezivakalisi esilula ngoku -
  - dibanisa izivakalisi ezilula ngo "kwaye";
  - hlalutya izivakalisi ezilula (UBulelwa uya njalo esikolweni).

## IBanga lesi-5



## IBanga lesi-6



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- qonda nokusebenzisa izihlomelo:
  - izihlomelo ezisetyenziswa njalo (umz: Undithumelela njalo imali).
  
- qonda nokusebenzisa isakhiwo esilula sesivakalisi ngoku -
  - qonda isakhiwo sesivakalisi esilula;
  - lungiselela izivakalisi ezino ‘kodwa’;
  - hlalutya izivakalisi eziLula.
  
- qonda isakhiwo sesivakalisi esithe chatha ukuntonkotha ngoku -
  - sebenzisa igatya lobalulo, (umz. Igolide eyombiwa eGauteng ibalulekile ekuthunyelweni kwamanye amazwe);
  - shiya amagama athile kwisivakalisi,- kushiya izinto (umz: Abanye abantu bazizityebi Abanye abazizo).

## I Banga lesi-4



### IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi - 6 (Sisaqhubeka)

#### UKWAKHIWA NOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI

Umfundi uyakwazi ukuqonda kwaye akwazi ukusebenzisa izandi, isigama negrama yolwimi olongezelelwego.



### ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- andisa isigama ngoku -
  - chonga izithetha-ntonye (lila, khala);
  - chonga izichasi (inde, imfutshane);
  - sebenzisa isichazi-magama sakhe;
  - qonda amagama aqhelekileyo aphakathi kwama-2000 nama-3500 aqhele ukusetyenziswa ekuthetheni ukuphela kwesiGaba sesi-4. Ukuba abafundi baza kufunda ezinye izifundo ngolwimi olongezelelwego kufuneka kujongwe ekwazini amagama angama-3500.

## IBanga lesi-5



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- andisa isigama ngoku -
  - hlalutyu ukwakhiwa kwamagama (igorha, ubu-gorha);
  - enza iiphazili zamagama;
  - sebenzisa isichazi-magama sakhe;
  - qonda amagama aqhelekileyo aphakathi kwama-3000 nama-4500 aqhele ukusetyenziswa ekuthetheni ukuphela kwesiGaba sesi-5. Ukuba abafundi baza kufunda ezinye izifundo ngolwimi olongezelelweyo kufuneka kujongwe ekwazini amagama angama-4500.

## IBanga lesi-6



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- andisa isigama ngoku -
  - nakana amagama ahamba kunye (kumhlophe qhwa hayi kumhlophe krwe);
  - oomabizwafane (ingqina, ingqina);
  - amagama athi uwabhidanise (alusa, olusa);
  - qonda amagama aqhelekileyo aphakathi kwama-4000 nama-5 500 aqhele ukusetyenziswa ekuthetheni ukuphela kwesiGaba sesi-6. Ukuba abafundi baza kufunda ezinye izifundo ngolwimi olongezelelweyo kufuneka kujongwe amagama angama-5500.



## ISAHLUKO SESI-4

### ISIGABA ESIPHAKAMILEYO

### (AmaBanga ukusuka kwelesi-7 ukuya kwele-9)

#### **INTSHAYELELO**

KumaBanga aphakathi kwelesi-7 nele-9 abafundi bazixhobisela imfundo ephakamileyo noqequesho bekwazixhobisela nelizwe lokuxelenga. Kungoko kufuneka befirelele kwimigangatho ephezulu kubuchule bokumamela, bokuthetha, bokufunda, bokubhala nokucinga. Iziphumo zezifundo nemigangatho yokuhlola igxininisa kubuchule bobomi nobokufunda.

Kwesi sigaba, abafundi kufuneka:

- bakwazi ukuziqiqela besebenzisa ulwimi;
- bakwazi ukuxoxa imibandela ebalulekileyo efana naleyo yamalungelo oluntu neyemimandla;
- basiswe ngamathuba omsebenzi nawokuqhubela phambili imfundo;
- basiswe ngamalungelo noxanduva lwabo njengabemi besizwe esilawulwa yintando yesininzi nesineenkubeko ezininzi.

#### **UkuGqalisela**

Abafundi bayo kuzifundela bazibhalele izicatshulwa ezahlukenyeyo ezipakuntsonkotha okuthe kratya kunoko bebekwenza kumabanga angaphambili. Izicatshulwa ziya kuquka ezo zinxulumene nezinye iinkalo zezifundo, (umzekelo, iinzululwazi ngezentlalo nangezobugqi). Baza kufunda ukubhala izicatshulwa ezidana, umz:

- ukusuka kwizivakalisi nemihlathi ephuhlisa inkqubo ukuya kubhalo lwengxelo yobugcisa epheleleyo, okanye;
- ukusuka kubhalo lwebali elifutshane ngabo ukuya kubhalo olumaphepha athile oluchaza ngobomi babo;
- abafundi bayo kufunda babbale izicatshulwa eziquka imisebenzi yokubonwayo, yokuzotyiweyo nowamanani (umz: iifoto, imizobo, namanani). Bayo kuba nobuchule ekuyileni nasekwakheni;
- ubuchule bokufunda ufundela imfundo eqhubeka ubomi bonke;
- abafundi bayo kukhulisa ubuchule bokufunda obufuneka kwimfundo eqhubeka kubomi bomntu bonke. Bayo kufunda ukuba zifundwa njani:
- iindlela ezahlukenyeyo zokuphuhlisa iinjongo ezahlukenyeyo;
- baphucule nesantya sabo sokufunda;
- bayo kufunda ngokukhawuleza baze bakrwaqule izicatshulwa;
- ukushwankathela izicatshulwa;
- bayo kufunda ukulandela inkqubo enzulu kwizicatshulwa nakulwazi.

#### **Qaphela:**

Kumabanga 7, 8, nele-9 abafundi bayo kuqalisa ukufunda uncwadi.

## IZIPHUMO ZESIFUNDO



### IsiPhumo sesiFundo soku-1: UkuMamela

**Umfundi uyakwazi ukumamela ulwazi ngononophelo kwaye emamelelela nokuzonwabisa aze aphendule ngokufanelekileyo kwiimeko ngokubanzi:** Kulwimi olongezelelwego, ukumamela kungumthombo obaluleke kakhulu wolwazi lolwimi olutsha ( umz: isigama, amaqhalo, igramma, nolwazi lwentlalo nenkcubeko).



### IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi-2: UkuThetha

**Umfundi uyakwazi ukunxibelelana ngokufanelekileyo nangokuzithemba, ngolwimi oluthethwayo kwiimeko ngokubanzi ezahlukeneyo:** Ukufunda ukuthetha ulwimi olongezelelwego ngokuzithemba nangokuqondakalayo kulucelo-mngeni, kwaye abafundi badinga amathuba amaninzi, inkxaso nenkuthazo ukufezekisa oku.



### IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi-3: UkuFunda nokuBukela

**Umfundi uyakwazi ukufunda nokubukela ulwazi ngononophelo kwaye afundele nokuzonwabisa aze aphendule ngokunzulu kubuhle, kwinkcubeko nakukuxabiseka okunovakalelo kwizicatshulwa.:** Ukufunda kuyimfuneko ekukhuliseni ulwimi, ekonwabeni, ekuzikhuliseni nasekufundeni ngokuphathelelene nehlabathi. Ukufunda kukwasisiseko sokubhala.



### IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi-4: UkuBhala

**Umfundi uyakwazi ukubhala iindidi zezicatshulwa ezahlukeneyo ezinobunyaniso nezentelekelelo kwiinjongo ezininzi ezibanzi:** Ukubhala kunxulumene kakhulu nokufunda, kusisixhobo esibalulekileyo sokufunda ngokudibeneyo ngokwekharityhulamu. Yindlela yokuzivakalisa nokuzakha. Kuyimfuneko yokuzilungiselela imfundo ephakamileyo nokuba ngummi onempumelelo.



### **IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi-5: UkuCinga nokuQiqa**

**Umfundi uyakwazi ukusebenzisa ulwimi ekucingeni nasekuqiqeni, ekwafikelela kulwazi, esetyisa ekwalusebenzisa ekufundeni:** Abafundi baya kuqonda isigama sengqikelelo esintsonkothileyo, baze bakhulise ubuchule bokusinga obukumgangatho ophezulu kwaye bafunde ubuchule obuthe kratya bokufikelela kulwazi nakwezinye iinkalo zezifundo. Konke oku kulisango elikhokelela kwimfundo eqhubeka kubomi bempilo yabo bonke.



### **IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi-6: UkwAkhiwa nokuSetyenziswa koLwimi**

**Umfundi uyakwazi ukuqonda kwaye akwazi ukusebenzisa izandi, isigama negrama yolwimi ukuyila noku-tolika izicatshulwa:** Ulwazi olulungileyo lwograma nesigama zibalulekile ekufundeni, ekubhaleni nasekwenzeni intetho ngobuciko. Igrama nesigama kufuneka zifundiswe kwimeko ethile, zihlanganiswe nokufunda, ukubhala, ukumamela nokuthetha.

## IMIGANGATHO YOKUHLOLA NEZICATSHULWA

Kumacandelo alandelayo kuya kunikwa imiGangatho yokuHlola yesiPhumo sesiFundo ngasinye yebanga ngalinye. Imizekelo yezicatshulwa inikiwe enokusetyenziswa kuhlanganiso lokufundiswa kolwimi. Le ayi-yomizekelo epheleleyo utitshala angongeza kuzo ngokukhetha naziphi izicatshulwa ezikhoyo nezfanelekileyo.



IBanga lesi-7

### IziCatshulwa eziCetyiswayo

#### Ezomlomo

- Amabali
- Iindidi zeentsomi
- Iingoma
- Imihobe
- Iziqhulo
- Imiyalelo
- Ukwalathisa
- Iinkcazeloye ngabantu nezinto
- Ungxelo ngeziganeko
- Iincoko
- Iintetho ezilungisiweyo
- Izazisi zikanomathotholo
- Umbroniso-ntetho kanomathotholo

#### Ezibhalwayo/ezibonwayo:

- Iincwadi (iintsomi, nezibalisa okukhoyo)
- Amaphepha-ndaba
- Iimagazini
- Imihobe, imidlalo
- Iidayari
- Izicatshulwa zeenkqubo ( imiyalelo, iiresipi)
- Iinkcazeloye ezineengongoma ezinobunyaniso
- Ingxelo ( inzululwazi)
- Iincwadi zezinye iinkalo zezifundo
- Izaziso
- Izigxeko-ncomo
- Iithayimthebhile
- Izibhengezo
- Imizobo,iigrafu iitshati



## IBanga lesi-7

### IziCatshulwa eziCetyiswayo

(ZisaqhubeKA)

- Iifoto
- Iiphazili zamagama
- Iikhathuni
- Iziyoliso
- Iincwadi zezalathisi (ezifana izichazi-magama nentyilwazi)

### Ezezixhobo zosasazo:

- Linkqubo zabantwana zeTV
- Izazisi zeTV
- Iividio
- ICD-Rom ne-intanethi (apho kuyimfuneko)



## IBanga lesi- 8

### IziCatshulwa eziCetyiswayo

#### Ezomlomo:

- Amabali
- Iindidi zeentsomi
- Iingoma
- Imihobe
- Iziqhulo
- Imiyalelo
- Ukwalathisa
- Imiyalezo ( imiyalezo yefoni)
- Linkcazelو ngabantu nezinto neendawo
- Iingxelo ngeziganeko
- Iincoko
- Iintetho ezilungisiweyo
- Izazisi zikanomathotholo
- Umboniso-ntetho



## IBanga lesi-8

### IziCatshulwa eziCetyiswayo

(ZisaqhubeKA)

#### Ezibhalwayo/Ezibonwayo:

- Iincwadi (iintsomi, nezibalisa okukhoyo)
- Amaphepha-ndaba
- Iimagazini
- Imihobe
- Imidlalo
- Iidayari
- Amacwecwe
- Izicatshulwa zeenkqubo ( imiyalelo, iiresipi)
- Iinkcazelو ezineengongoma ezinobunyaniso
- Ingxelo ( inzululwazi)
- Iingcaciso
- Iincwadi zezinye iinkalo zezifundo
- Izazisi
- Izaziso
- Izibhengezo
- Izigxeko-ncomo zeencwadi nezeTV
- Isimemo
- Iithayimthebhile noludwe lweenkqubo
- ( Umz: TV)
- Imizobo,iigrafu iitshati
- Iiphazili zamagama
- Iikhathuni
- Iincwadi zezalathisi (ezifana izichazi-magama nentyilwazi)

#### Ezezixhobo zosasazo:

- Iinkqubo zabantwana zeTV
- Iingxelo zemozulu
- Izazisi zeTV
- Iividio
- ICD-Rom ne-intanethi ( apho kuyimfuneko)



### IziCatshulwa eziCetyiswayo

#### Ezomlomo:

- Amabali
- Iindidi zeentsomi
- Iingoma
- Imihobe
- Iziqhulo
- Imiyalelo
- Ukwalathisa
- Iinkcazelو ngabantu, ngezinto ngeendawo, ngeenkqubo
- Iingxelo ngeziganeko
- Iincoko
- Udliwano-ndlebe
- Iintetho ezilungisiweyo
- Iindaba zikanomathotholo
- Iingxelo zemozulu

#### Ezibhalwayo/Ezibonwayo:

- Iincwadi (iintsomi, nezibalisa okukhoyo)
- Amaphepha-ndaba
- Iimagazini
- Imihobe
- Imidlalo
- Iidayai
- Amacwecwe neeleta
- Izicatshulwa zeenkqubo (umz: imiyalelo)
- Iinkcazelو ezineengongoma ezinobunyaniso
- Ingxelo (inzululwazi)
- Iingcaciso
- Iincwadi zezinye iinkalo zezifundo
- Izazisi
- Izaziso
- Izibhengezo
- Izigxeko-ncomo zeencwadi nezeTV



**IziCatshulwa eziCetyiswayo**

(Zisaqhubeka)

- Isimemo
- Iithayimthebhile noludwe lweenkqubo  
(Umz: TV)
- Imizobo,iigrafu iitshati
- Iiphazili zamagama
- Iikhathuni
- Iincwadi zezalathisi (ezifana izichazi-magama nentyilwazi)

**Ezezixhobo zosasazo:**

- Iinkqubo zabantwana zeTV
- Lingxelo zemozulu
- Izazisi zeTV
- Iividio
- ICD-Rom ne-intanethi (apho kuyimfuneko)



## I Banga lesi-7



### IsiPhumo sesiFundo soku- 1:

#### UKUMAMELA

Umfundi uyakwazi ukumamela ulwazi ngononophelo kwaye emamelelela noku-zonwabisaze aphendule ngokufanelekileyo kwiimeko ngokubanzi.

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- qonda baxabise amabali, ukuquka nalawo bawabaliselwa ngabanye ngo -
  - kuperhendula ngovakalelo nangokunzulu, aze abuze aphendule imibuzo;
  - kuvavanya ukubaliswa kwebali nokunika ingxelo.
  
- qonda izicatshulwa zomlomo (ukubalisa ngesiganeko, ukusasazwa lwezemidlalo) ngo -
  - kuperhendula imibuzo enokuntsonkotha okuthe kratya;
  - kuchonga ingcamango umz: ukucinga ngeengxelo ezimbini ezifanayo;
  - kuperhinda babalise bashwankathela ngokuxhaswa.
  
- mamela kulwazi oluthile ngo -
  - kuthatha amanqaku alula, (umz: ukulandelelanisa iingongoma);
  - kusebenzisa ulwazi ukugqibezela uluhlu, okanye ukulebhila umzobo.
  
- mamela ngononophelo kwiingxoxo ngo -
  - kuperhendula kwiingcinga nokuhlonipha iimbono zabanye ngentlonipho;
  - kucela igalelo kwabanye nokuperhendula kwiimbono zabo;
  - kuperhikisa ngempucuko nokungaphazamisi abanye.

## IBanga lesi-8



### ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- qonda baxabise amabali, ukuquka nalawo bawabaliswe ngabanye ngo -
  - kuperhendula ngemvakalelo nangokunzulu, aze abuze aphendule imibuzo;
  - kuvavanya ubuchule bokuphinda babalise ibali nokunika ingxelo.
- qonda izicatshulwa zomlomo, (umz: imihobe, imidlalo kanomathotholo) ngo -
  - kuperhendula imibuzo enokuntsonkotha okuthe kraty;
  - kuchonga ingcamango;
  - kuhinda abalise aze ashwankathele;
  - kuchaza iiempawu ezahlukeneyo zezi catshulwa zomlomo, (umz: imihobe okanye izicatshulwa; ezineengongoma ezinobunyaniso).
- mamela kulwazi oluthile ngo -
  - kuthatha amanqaku akhe alula;
  - kusebenzisa ulwazi ukugqibezela uluhlu/itshati umzobo.
- mamela ngononophelo kwiingxoxo ngo -
  - kubonisa ubuphandle kwiingcinga bahloniphe iimbono zabanye;
  - kucela igalelo kwabanye nokuperhendula kwiimbono zabo;
  - kulungela ukucela umngeni kwabanye kodwa ukwenza oko ngokuchubekileyo nokungaphazamisi abanye.

## IBanga le-9



### ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- balisa baxabise amabali, ukuquka nalawo bawabaliselwa ngabanye ngo -
  - kuperhendula ngovakalelo nangokunzulu, aze abuze aphendule imibuzo;
  - kuvavanya ubuchule bokuphinda ubalise ibali nokwenza aze anike ingxelo.
- qonda izicatshulwa zomlomo (umz: umboniso- ntetho kanomathotholo) ngo -
  - kuperhendula imibuzo;
  - kuhinda ubalise aze ashwankathele;
  - kuchonga ingcamango aze akwazi ukunika enye ingcamango eyahlukileyo;
  - kuhlalutya iiempawu zeendidi ezahlukeneyo zezi catshulwa zomlomo ( umz: incoko, ibali).
- mamela kulwazi oluthile ngo -
  - kuthatha amanqaku akhe alula kusebenzisa ulwazi ukugqibezela uluhlu/itshati okanye ukulebhila umzobo;
  - qonda inkcazeloyento, yomntu, yendawo, okanye yenqubo, ngoyikuchonga.
- mamela ngononophelo kwiingxoxo ngo -
  - kubonisa ubuphandle kwiingcinga ngokunzulu kodwa ahloniphe iimbono zabanye;
  - kumema igalelo kwabanye nokuperhendula kwiimbono zabo;
  - kulungela ukucela umngeni kwabanye kodwa ukwenza oko ngokuchubekileyo nokungaphazamisi abanye;
  - kugxeka iingcinga kungagxekwa mntu.

## IBanga lesi-7



### IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi-2:

#### UKUTHETHA

Umfundi uyakwazi ukunxibelelana ngokufanelekileyo nangokuzithemba, ngolwimi oluthethwayo kwiimeko ngokubanzi ezahlukeneyo.



### ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- guqlula/kutolika ngo -
  - kubalisa amabali angolwimi lweNkobe nawolwimi olongezelelweyo.
  
- sebenzisa ulwimi olongezelelweyo ngo -
  - kusebenzisa ulwimi kwimisibenzi emininzi ngo:kuvakalisa iingcamango, uvakalelo, ukwenza ukhetho, kunika icebo nokwenza iingcebiso (umz: ndicinga kufuneka u.....) ngokucela uxolo;
  - kuthatha inxaxheba ekulinganiseni iimeko ezininzi ezibandakanya iintlobo ezahlukeneyo zolwimi (ngokusesikweni nokungekho sikweni kwincoko yefoni).
  
- bonisa ukukhula kobuchule bokusebenzisa iimpawu zolwimi oluthethwayo ekunxibelelaneni: ucinezelo lwa-magama, imvakalozwi nesinqisho.

## IBanga lesi-8



### ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- guqlula nokutolika ngo -
  - kubalisa amabali asuka kulwimi lweNkobe ukuya kulwimi olongezelelweyo;
  - kuguqlula/ kutolika imiyalezo.
- sebenzisa ulwimi olongezelelweyo ngo -
  - kusebenzisa ulwimi kwimisebenzi emininzi ngo:kunika nokumema: Ungathanda.....?kwala ngokuchubekileyo (umz Ungakuhlupheka xa unge.....?);
  - kuthatha inxaxheba ekulinganiseni iimeko ezahlukeneyo ukubandakanya iintlobo ezahlukeneyo zolwimi ( umz: ukunika yobugebenga kumapolisa) sebenzisa ulwimi olongezelelweyo.....) Ukucela uncedo kubahlobo okanye kubantu basemzini (uxolo..... ungandinceda.....).
- bonisa ukukhula kobuchule bokusebenzisa iimpawu zolwimi oluthethwayo ekunxibelelaneni: ucinezelo lwamagama, imvakalozwi nesinqisho.

## IBanga le-9



### ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- guqlula nokutolika ngo -
  - kubalisa amabali angolwimi lweNkobe ngolwimi olongezelelweyo;
  - kuguqlula okanye ukutolika imiyalezo;
  - kuguqlula okanye ukutolika incoko apho kuyimfuneko.
- sebenzisa ulwimi olongezelelweyo ngo -
  - kusebenzisa ulwimi kwimisebenzi emininzi:Ukwenza izicelo eziphucukileyo nokucela abantu bangenzi izinto ezithile ( Ungakhathazeka ..... ) Ukucela uncedo kubahlobo okanye kubantu basemzini (uxolo..... ungandinceda.....);
  - kuthatha inxaxheba ekulinganiseni iimeko ezahlukeneyo ukubandakanya iintlobo ezahlukeneyo zolwimi ( udliwano-ndlebe lomsebenzi).
- bonisa ukukhula kobuchule bokusebenzisa iimpawu zolwimi oluthethwayo ekunxibelelaneni: ucinezelo lwamagama, imvakalozwi nesinqisho.

## I Banga lesi-7



### IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi-2: (Sisaqhubeka)

#### UKUTHETHA

Umfundi uyakwazi ukunxibelelana ngoku-fanelekileyo nangokuzithemba, ngolwimi oluthethwayo kwiimeko ngokubanzi ezahlukeneyo.



### ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- kuqalisa ukuxoxa ngemibandela yentlalo nokuziphatha ngo -
  - kwabelana ngemisebenzi (usihlalo, umgcini-xesha, unobhala);
  - kutsalela abantu kwingxoxo (ucinga ntoni?..... awucingi ukuba.?..);
  - kuphazamisa ngokuphucukileyo ( Uxolo .....);
  - kuvakalisa iinggainga nokunika izizathu ukuzixhasa (ndifuna ukuthi..... kuba);
  - kuvakalisa imvumelwano (unyanisile) nokungavumelani (ewe, kodwa.....);
  - kusebenzisa iilwimi ezimbini ngaxesha-nye apho kufanelekileyo.
  
- bonisa ingqiqo enzulu yosetyenziso yowlwimi lwabo ngo -
  - kusebenzisa ulwimi lwabo ukubandakanya abantu kwaye ungasebenzisi ulwimi olubakhuphayo).

## IBanga lesi-8



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- xoxa ngemibandela yentlalo nokuziphatha ngo -
  - kwabelana ngemisebenzi (usihlalo, umgcini-xesha, unobhala);
  - kutsalela abantu kwingxoxo (ucinga ntoni, awazi ukuba...?);
  - kuphazamisa ngokuphucukileyo, umz: ‘Ndixolele.....’;
  - kuvakalisa iingcinga nokunika izizathu ngelokuzixhasa (ndifuna ukuthi..... kuba);
  - kuvakalisa imvumelwano (‘unyanisile!’) nokungavumelani (ewe, kodwa.....);
  - kusebenzisa iilwimi ezimbini ngaxesha-nye apho kufanelekileyo.
  
- kuba nodliwano-ndlebe nomnye ngo -
  - kuqulunqa nokubuza imibuzo esemxholweni;
  - kusebenzisa ithoni, ulwimi olusetyenziswa ngabantu;
  - abathile nolwimi lomzimba;
  - kurekhodisha iimpendulo.

## IBanga le-9



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- xoxa ngemibandela yentlalo neyokuziphatha ngokucengayo aze aphendule ngokunzulu ngo -
  - kwabelana ngemisebenzi, (umz: umgcini-xesha, unobhala);
  - kutsalela abantu kwingxoxo (ucinga ntoni, awazi kuba.?..);
  - kuphazamisa ngokuchubekileyo (umz:ndixolele.....);
  - kuvakalisa iingcinga nokunika izizathu ukuzixhasa (ndifuna ukuthi..... kuba);
  - kuvakalisa imvumelwano (unyanisile) nokungavumelani (ewe, kodwa.....);
  - kusebenzisa iilwimi ezimbini ngaxesha-nye apho kufanelekileyo.
  
- kuba nodliwano-ndlebe nomnye umntu (umz: udliwano-ndlebe lomsebenzi) ngo -
  - kuqikelela imibuzo eza kubuzwa nokuzilungise-lela yona;
  - kuphendula imibuzo esemxholweni;
  - kusebenzisa ithoni, ulwimi olusetyenziswa ngabantu abathile nolwimi lomzimba ngokufanelekileyo.
  
- nika intetho emfutshane esesikweni okanye ukwazisa ngo -
  - kusebenzisa iimpembelelo zamanani nezibonwayo (umz : isibhengezo) kusebenzisa izihloko ezicela umngeni ( umz: HIV/AIDS, imibandela ngamalungelo oluntu nangommandla).

## I Banga lesi-7



**IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi-2:  
(Sisaqhubeka)**



**ImiGangatho yokuHlola**

(Iphelile imigangatho yokuhlola yeli banga).

### UKUTHETHA

Umfundi uyakwazi ukunxibelelana ngoku-fanelekileyo nangokuzithemba, ngolwimi oluthethwayo kwiiimeko ngokubanzi ezahlukeneyo.

## IBanga lesi-8



## IBanga le-9



**ImiGangatho yokuHlola**

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- bonisa ingqiyo enzulu yosetyenziso yowlimi lwabo ngo -
  - kusebenzisa ulwimi ukubandakanya abantu endaweni yokubakhupha kuba nendlela malunga nokuba ulwimi olongezelelweyo lusetyenziswa nini luze olweNkobe lusetyenziswe nini.

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- bonisa ingqiyo enzulu yosetyenziso lolwimi lwabo ngo -
  - kusebenzisa ulwimi ngokubandakanya abantu endaweni yokubakhupha;
  - kuba nobuchule malunga nokokuba ulwimi olongezelelweyo lusetyenziswa nini luze olweNkobe lusetyenziswe nini;
  - kubonisa ingqiyo ngendlela ulwimi olwakha ngayo ulwazi nokuchonga nokubeka abantu endaweni ( Xa kunikwa intetho malunga neHIV/AIDS).

## I Banga lesi-7



### ISIPHUMO SESIFUNDO SESI-3

#### UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA

Umfundi uyakwazi ukufunda nokubukela ulwazi ngononophelo kwaye afundele nokuzonwabis aze aphendule ngokunzulu kubuhle, kwinkubeko nakukuxabiseka okunovakalelo kwizicatshulwa .



### ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- funda isicatshulwa (iintsomi nezo zibalise ngenyaniso ngo -
  - kuchonga injongo, abaphula-phuli nemeko;
  - kuqaphela indlela isicatshulwa esakhwiwe ngayo ukumela ingcinka ethile yehlabathi;
  - kuqaphela indima eddlalwa yimifanekiso ukwakha intsingiselo;
  - kuchonga amanqaku aphambili;
  - kumalunga nentsomi abonise ulwazi ngom - linganiswa, ngesakhiwo, nangendawo apho ibali lenzekha khona.
- qonda ngendalela elula iimpawu zemihobe (imvano-siphelo, isifaniso, isikweko, imfanozandi, isifanadumo, nesinqisho) kuqonda esinye isigama esichaza ezi mpawu ( isimntwiso).
- funda nokuphendula kwizicatshulwa zentlalo (umz: izimemo ezilula, iileta).
- chonga injongo, abaphulaphuli nemeko.
- fundela ulwazi ngo -
  - kulandela izicatshulwa ezinolwazi ( umz: inkcazo yenqubo njengokwenza iphepha);
  - kufunda imizobo, iigrafu, neetshati;
  - kushwankathela ulwazi.
- hlalutya izazisi neencwadana ngo -

## IBanga lesi-8



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- funda izicatshulwa (ezizintsomi nezo zibalisa ngokwenzekileyo) ngo -
  - kuchonga injongo, abaphula-phuli nemeko;
  - kuthelekelela intsingiselo (izinto ezinokufunyanwa kwisicatshulwa);
  - kucacisa nokuvavanya ingcamango kokubhaliwego nokubonwayo kwinxalenye yesicatshulwa ( umz: xela ukuba ingcamango ngehlabathi iboniswe ngobulungisa okanye ngencinga esoloko isetyenziswa);
  - kwahlula iingongoma eziphambili kwiiinkukacha ezichasayo;
  - kubonisa ukwazi umlinganiswa, isakhiwo, nendawo apho ibali lenzeka khona;
  - kwimeko yentsomi qonda ezinye iiempawu zemihobe (imvano-siphelo, isifaniso, isikweko, imfanozandi, isifanadumo, nesinqisho).

## IBanga le-9



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- funda isicatshulwa (ezizintsomi nezo zibalisa ngokwenzekileyo) ngo -
  - kuchonga injongo, abaphula-phuli nemeko;
  - kuthelekelela intsingiselo;
  - kuchonga izinto ezingachazwanga kwisicatshulwa;
  - kuchonga ulwimi olusetyenziswa ngabantu abathile (ngokusesikweni nokungekho sikhweni);
  - kucacisa nokuvavanya ingcamango kwinxalenye yokubhaliwego nokubonwayo kwisicatshulwa aze anike enye ingcamago eyahlukeneyo;
  - kubonisa ingqiqo yendlela isicatshulwa esibeka ngayo umfundi endaweni ( Umz: ngokusebenzisa isimelabizo soqobo ‘thina’);
  - kwimeko yentsomi kubonisa ukwazi umlinganiswa, isakhiwo, nendawo apho ibali lenzeka khona nombalisi;
  - kuthelekisa iintlobo ezahlukeneyo zezi catshulwa nokuzihlanganisa neenjongo zazo (umz:ukuyalela, ukucenga).

- qonda ezinye iiempawu zemihobe,( umz: isikweko, isinqisho).
- qonda esinye isigama esisetyenziswayo ukuchaza olu lwimi (umz: isikweko).

## I Banga lesi-7



IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi-3  
(Sisaqhubeka)



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

### UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA

Umfundi uyakwazi ukufunda nokubukela ulwazi ngononophelo kwaye afundele noku-zonwabisaze aphendule ngokunzulu kubuhle, kwinkcubeko nakukuxabiseka okunovakalelo kwizicatshulwa.

- kuchonga abaphula-phuli ( umz: Senzelwe bani esi sazisi) ngo -
  - kuchonga imeko: Usibonephi isazisi esinje ngesi?;
  - kuchonga umyalezo;
  - kuchonga intetho echukumisayo;
  - kuxela ukuba sibavakalela njani isazisi banike nezizathu.
- sebenzisa ubuchule bokufunda ngo -
  - kuhlanganisa iindlela ezahlukeneyo zokufunda kwizicatshulwa ezahlukeneyo (umz: ukufunda imiyalelo ngononophelo nangokucotha);
  - kusebenzisa ubuchule ukunika intsingiselo yamagama (umz: ukufunda amagama angqongileyo, kujonga imifanekiso/imizobo, ukubuza omnye ayiguqule);
  - kuqalisa ukukhulisa nokuvavanya isantya sokufunda.
- fundela ulonwaba ngo -
  - kufunda iincwadi zeentsomi nezibalisa kumgangatho ofanelekileyo wokufunda nowolwimi;
  - kufunda ezinye iintlobo ezintsha zeencwadi;
  - kuvavanya iincwadi kwincwadi yengxelo;
  - kufunda isigxeko-ncomo esilula;
  - kusombulula iiphazili yamagama.
- bonisa ingqiyo yokokuba iincwadi zezalathisi zisebenza njani ngo -
  - kusebenzisa iphepha leziqulatho nesalathiso ukufuna ulwazi;
  - kusebenzisa isichazi-magama: ukuqonda okukwisichazi-magama: (upelo, ukubizwa kwamagama, izigaba zentetho, intsingiselo);
  - kusebenzisa incwadi yengqokelela yamagama alula.

## IBanga lesi-8



### ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- funda nokuphendula kwizicatshulwa zentlalo, (umz: iileta zobuhlolo) ngo -
  - kuchonga injongo, abaphula-phuli nemeko;
  - kuchonga iiimpawu zohlobo lwesicatshulwa esifundiweyo (umz: iileta zobuhlolo).

## IBanga le-9



### ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- funda nokuphendula kwizicatshulwa zentlalo (umz: iileta ezilula zorhwebo) ngo -
  - kuchonga injongo, abaphula-phuli nemeko;
  - kuchaza iiimpawu zohlobo wesicatshulwa esifundiweyo ( umz: izazisi esilula somsebenzi);
  - kuphawula kulwimi olusetyenziswa ngabantu abathile bendawo ethile (umz: ngokusesikweni nangokungekho sesikweni);
  - kuhlalutya ingcamango nokwakhiwa kwentsingiselo, indlela umfundi abekwe ngayo.

### fundela ulwazi ngo -

- kulandela izicatshulwa ezinolwazi ( umz: kucacisa indlela into esebezenza ngayo njengez-intso zethu)miyalelo, iiresipi, iimaphu;
- kufunda imizobo, iigrafu, neetshati ngokuntsonkotha okuthe kratya;
- kushwankathela ulwazi.

- hlalutya iifoto kwizicatshulwa ( umz: ezikwizazisi nakumaphepha-ndaba) ngo -
  - kuchonga intloko, imeko, nabaphula-phuli nomyalezo wefoto;
  - kuchonga ukuba ifoto ithathwe kwiimbono zikabani;

### fundela ulwazi ngo -

- kufunda izicatshulwa zolwazi (umz: inqaku elifutshane lwephapeha-ndaba);
- kufunda imizobo, iigrafu neetshati ngokuntsokotha okuthe kratya;
- kufunda izicatshulwa eziqulathe amanani kushwankathela ulwazi.

- hlalutya ngokunzulu izicatshulwa zezixhobo zokusasaza ( umz: inqaku elifutshane lephapeha-ndaba) ngo -
  - kuchonga intloko, imeko, abaphula-phuli nomyalezo wesicatshulwa esibhaliweyo nesibonwayo.

## IBanga lesi-7



IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi-3  
(SisaqhubeKA)



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

### UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA

Umfundi uyakwazi ukufunda nokubukela  
ulwazi ngononophelo kwaye afundele noku-  
zonwabis aze aphendule ngokunzulu  
kubuhle, kwinkcubeko nakukuxabiseka  
okunovakalelo kwizicatshulwa.

## IBanga lesi-8



### ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- kuchonga ukuba kukuphi ekushiywe kwifoto kungani ukuba kushiyiwe;
- kugweba ukuba ifoto iyakhumbuleka na okanye hayi unike nezizathu.
  
- sebenzisa ubuchule bokufunda ngo -
  - kudibanisa iindlela ezahlukeneyo zokufunda kwizicatshulwa ezahlukeneyo, (umz: ukukrwaqua incwadi yefoni);
  - kwandisa nokuvavanya isantya sokufunda;
  - kusebenzisa ubuchule ekunikeni intsingiselo yamagama (umz: ukujonga imifanekiso/ imizobo, ukuxoxa amagama ngolwimi lweNkobe).

## IBanga le-9



### ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku

- kuhlalutya uhlobo lwesicatshulwa nesimbo sokubhala ( umz: amanqaku ephepha-ndaba aneengongoma eziphambili, ukusetyenziswa kwezivakalisi ezifutshane, ukusetyenziswa kwemihlathi emifutshane, intetho ngqo, ungayifumana njani ingqalelo yomfundu, iziphawuli ezilula).
- sebenzisa ubuchule bokufunda ngo -
  - kufunda ngokukhawuleza izicatshulwa: ukuchonga isihloko neengongoma eziphambili nokusebenzisa iimpawu zesakhiwo ukuquka nemifanekiso;
  - kuhlanganisa iindlela ezahlukeneyo zokufunda kwizicatshulwa ezahlukeneyo (umz: ukufunda ngokukhawuleza inqaku lephepha-ndaba ukufumana iingeinga eziphambili);
  - kwandisa nokuvavanya isantya sokufunda esebenzisa ubuchule ukupuhlisa intsingiselo yamagama (umz: ukuxoxa igama ngolwimi lweNkobe).

## IBanga lesi-7



IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi-3  
(SisaqhubeKA)



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

### UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA

Umfundi uyakwazi ukufunda nokubukela ulwazi ngononophelo kwaye afundele nokuzonwabis aze aphendule ngokunzulu kubuhle, kwinkubeko nakukuxabiseka okunovakalelo kwizicatshulwa.

- bonisa ufundo lwestigama esiphakathi kwamagama aqhelekileyo ngama- 4 000 kunye nama-5 500. Ukuba uza kufunda ezinye iinkalo zezifundo ngolwimi olongezelelwego kufuneka bajolise kuma-5 500.

## IBanga lesi-8



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- fundela ukonwaba ngo -
  - kufunda iincwadi zeentsomi nezibalisa kumgangatho ofanelekileyo wokufunda nowolwimi;
  - kufunda ezinye iintlobo ezintsha zeencwadi, (umz:ezingabaphuli-mthetho zolutsha);
  - kuvavanya iincwadi kwincwadi yeengxelo.
  
- bonisa ingqiqo yokokuba iincwadi zezalathisi zisebenza njani ngo -
  - kusebenzisa iphepha leziqulatho nesalathisi uku-fumana ulwazi;
  - kusebenzisa isichazi-magama nencwadi yeengqokelela yamagama elula.
  
- bonisa ufundo lwesigama esiphakathi kwamagama aqhelekileyo angama- 5 000 nama- 6 500. Ukuba baza kufunda ezinye iinkalo zezifundo ngolwimi olongezelelweyo kufuneka bajolise kuma-6 500.

## IBanga le-9



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- fundela ukonwaba ngo -
  - kufunda iincwadi zeentsomi nezibalisa kumgangatho ofanelekileyo wokufunda nowolwimi
  - kufunda ezinye iintlobo ezintsha zeencwadi (umz: ubugqi benzululwazi);
  - kufunda nokubhala isigxeko-ncomo.
  
- bonisa ingqiqo yokokuba iincwadi zezalathisi zisebenza njani ngo -
  - kuvavanya nokukhetha iincwadi ngokuse benzisa iphepha leziqulatho nezalathisi ukufumana ulwazi;
  - kusebenzisa isichazi-magama nencwadi yengqokelela yamagama elula nentyilazwi.
  
- bonisa ufundo lwesigama esiphakathi kwamagama aqhelekileyo angama- 6 000 nangama- 7 500. Ukuba uza kufunda ezinye iinkalo zezifundo ngolwimi olongezelelweyo kufuneka bajolise kuma- 7 500.

## IBanga lesi-7



IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi-4



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

### UKUBHALA

Umfundi uyakwazi ukubhala iindidi  
zezicatshulwa ezahlukenyoezinzobunyaniso  
nezentelekelelo kwiinjongo ezinanzi ezibanzi.

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- bhala enxibevelana ngolwazi ngo -
  - kugewalisa iifomu neethayimuthebuli;
  - kubhala umhlathi ube mnnye okanye ibe mibini uchaza inkqubo (umz: ultishintsha njani ivili lemoto);
  - kusebenzisa ulwazi oluvela kudliwano-ndlebe ukubhala ingxelo yenkcazo;
  - kubhala iindidi zezicatshulwa ezifuneka kwezinye iiNkalo zezifundo umz: ingxelo.
  
- bhalela iinjongo zentlalo ngo -
  - kubhala ileta elula yobuhlobo neyaseburhulumenteni (umz: ukwamkela isimemo nokuphendula kwisazisi) ubonisa ingqiqo yeempawu zohlobo lweisicatshulwa).
  
- bhalela ukuzivakalisa ngo -
  - kubhala idayari;
  - kubhala isicatshulwa esilula ngobomi bakho.

## IBanga lesi-8



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- bhala enxibelelana ngolwazi ngo -
  - kubhala ingcaciso emfutshane acacise ukuba into yenzeka njani okanye kutheni esenzeka (umz: umjikelezo wombane wenzeka njani);
  - kubhala umhlathi ngokubaluleka kwento nokungabaluleki kwayo ( iimoto njengezithuthi);
  - kusebenzisa ulwazi lophando ukubhala ingxelo (iqlathe oku intloko, intshayelelo, uphando lwenziwe njani, iziphumo, izindululo);
  - kubhala iintlobo zeziCATshulwa ezifunwa kwezinye iiNkalo zeziFundo (umz: ukubalisa ngembali).
  
- bhalela iinjongo zentlalo ngo -
  - kubhala iletu yobuhlobo (umz: iletu yokwala ngokuphucukileyo isimemo) ubonise ingqiqo yohlobo lweisicatshulwa, injongo, abaphula-phuli nemeko nesimbo sokobhala;
  - kubhala imiyalezo ye-imeyili.
  
- bhalela ukuzivakalisa ngo -
  - kubhala idayari.

## IBanga le-9



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- bhala enxibelelana ngolwazi ngo -
  - kubhala izicatshulwa ezidana zemihlathi eminzi echaza iinkqubo, enika iingcagiso, enika ukulunga nokungalungi, exoxa exhasa ekwachas;
  - kubhala izicatshulwa eziquka iigrafu namanani;
  - kwenza uphando ebhala ngayo (umz: njengomniki-ngxelo okanye inqaku lephepha-ndaba);
  - kubhala izicatshulwa ezifuneka kwezinye iiNkalo zeziFundo, umz: umjikelezo weTeknoloji usebenza njani.
  
- bhalela iinjongo zentlalo ngo -
  - kubhala iletu elula yorhwebo ( umz iCV elula neleta yokucela umsebenzi;
  - kubhala imiyalezo ye-imeyili esesikweni nengekho sesikweni;
  - kubhala imizuzu yentlanganiso (umz: intlanganiso yeBhunga eliMele abaFundi, iSRC);
  - kubonisa ingqiqo yohlobo lweisicatshulwa, injongo, abaphula-phuli, imeko, nesimbo sokubhala/ulwimi olusetyenziswa ngabantu abathile kwindawo ethile.
  
- bhalela ukuzivakalisa ngo -
  - kubhala idayari.

## I Banga lesi-7



**IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi-4  
(Sisaqhubeka)**

### UKUBHALA

Umfundi uyakwazi ukubhala iindidi  
zezicatshulwa ezahlukeneyo ezinobunyaniso  
nezentelekelelo kwiinjongo ezininzi ezibanzi.



**ImiGangatho yokuHlola**

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- bhala ngokuyilayo ngo -
  - kubonisa ukukhula kubuchule bokubhala amabali, imihobe, nemidlalo (umz: ngokuquka ingxoxo kwibali);
  - kwenza izicatshulwa zezixhobo zokusasaza ngo;
  - kusebenzisa "isakhelo" ukwenza isazisi esilula;
  - kusebenzisa isakhelo" ukwenza incwadana elula.
- thatha ukubhala njengenkqubo ngo -
  - kuyila, kufunda nokuxoxa ngokunzulu;
  - kusebenzisa ingxelo ekuhlaziyeni, ukuchokela/kuhlela, nokuphinda babhale;
  - kusebenzisa ulwazi lwograma, upelo njl.njl. eku-chokeleni.

## IBanga lesi-8



### ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- bhala ngokuyilayo ngo -
  - bonisa ukukhula kubuchule bokubhala amabali, imihobe nemidlalo ( umz: ngokusebenzisa ulwi-mi oluntsonkothileyo);
  - kuguqula amabali (nezinye izicatshulwa) ukusuka kulwimi lweNkobe.
  
- enza izicatshulwa zezixhobo zokusasaza ngo -
  - kwenza isazisi esilula okanye incwadana.
  - kubhala ingxelo yeendaba elula.
  
- sebenza ngenkubo yokubhala ngo -
  - kuyila, ukufunda nokuxoxa ubhalo lwakhe ngokunzulu;
  - kusebenzisa ingxelo ekuhlaziyen, ukuhleleni/ukuchokela, nokuphinda babhale;
  - kunika ingqalelo kwisakhiwo nakwimo.

## IBanga le-9



### ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- bhala ngokuyilayo ngo -
  - kuguqula amabali (nezinye izicatshulwa) ukusuka kulwimi lweNkobe, azame ukufumana iqhalo nokuqaphela (ingakumbi ixabiso) ukuba ahluke njani kwezi lwimi zimbini;
  - kubonisa ukukhula kubuchule bokubhala ibali, imihobe nemidlalo ( umz: ukusebenza ngesakhithi-wo).
  - kwenza izicatshulwa zezixhobo zokusasaza ngo;
  - kuzibhalela isazisi ( Umz: ngokwazisa into ngenjongo yokuba ithengwe);
  - kwenza imagazini, amaqwewqe eencwadi nee-CD.
  
- sebenza ngenkubo yokubhala ngo -
  - kuyila, kufunda, nokuxoxa ngobhalo lwakhe ngokunzulu;
  - kusebenzisa ingxelo ukuhlaziya, ukuchokela nokuphinda abhale;
  - kuqulunqa isimo kwisicatshulwa nokokuba iigrafu nemifanekiso zibandakanywa njani;
  - kuvavanya uyilo nesimo.

## I Banga lesi-7



### IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi-4 (Sisaqhube ka)

#### UKUBHALA

Umfundi uyakwazi ukubhala iindidi  
zezicatshulwa ezahlukene yo ezi nobunyaniso  
nezen telekelelo kwiinjongo ezi nini zi ezi banzi.



### ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- bonisa ulwazi olukhulayo lwasakhiwo nokusetyenziswa koLwimi ngo -
  - kwenza isicatshulwa siphemelane (umz: ngokusebenzisa izimelabizo);
  - kuqala ukuqonda ukwamkela ingcamango kubhalo.

## IBanga lesi-8



## IBanga le-9



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- sebenzisa ulwazi olukhulayo lokwakhiwa nokuse-tyenziswa nokusetyenziswa koLwimi ngo -
  - wenza isicatshulwa siphefumlelane, (umz: ngokusebenzisa izihlanganisi ukudibania imihlathi);
  - kubhala imihlathi efanelekileyo enengcinga enye ephambili, isihloko nezivakalisi zokuxhasa;
  - kubhala iintshayelelo neziphelo;
  - kwamkela ingcamango.

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- bonisa ukukhula kolwazi lokwakhiwa nokuse-tyenziswa koLwimi ngo -
  - kubonisa ingqiyo yesimbo sokubhala nolwimi olusetyenziswa ngabantu abathile kwindawo ethile (umz:ukuphinda ubhale ibali njenqaku lephepha-ndaba);
  - kubonisa ingqiyo yesakhiwo solwazi lwezicatshulwa;
  - kubhala imibhalo emide ephefumlelanayo enentshayelelo neziphelo;
  - kuqala ukubona indlela ubhalo lwakhe olubeka ngayo umfundi endaweni.

## I Banga lesi-7



### IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi- 5



### ImiGangatho yokuHlola

#### UKUCINGANOKUQIQA

Umfundi uyakwazi ukusebenzisa ulwimi ekucingeni nasekuqiqeni, ekwafikelela kulwazi, esityisa ekwasebenzisa ulwazi ekufundeni.

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- sebenzisa ulwimi ekukwazini ukufunda nokubhala ngokudibene ngokwekharityhulamu ngo -
  - kuqonda esinye isigama ezinye iinkalo zezfundo nokusebenzisa isigama esinxulumene nazo kulwimi olongezelelweyo ( umz: urhwebo kwiNzululwazi yezoQoqosho noLawulo).
  - kuqonda nokuvelisa izicatshulwa eziisetenziswa kwezinye iinkalo zezfundo, umz inkcazo eneen-gongoma ezinobunyaniso (kwijografi) ingxelo (kwinzululwazi).
- sebenzisa ulwimi ekucingeni ngo -
  - kubuza aze aphendule imibuzo ekumgangatho ophezulu,( umz: kuya kwenzeka ntoni ukuba.....?);
  - kuchaza nokuhlela.
- qokelela nokurekhodisha ulwazi ngeendalela ezahlukenyeyo ngo -
  - kukhetha izixhobo ezipemxholweni (kuchonga amagama aphambili nezivakalisi, ukudwelisa iingongoma ezibalulekileyo).
  - kwenza uphando olulula nokubhala ingxelo bafakela,esebenzisa izixhobo ezifana neegrafu, izintlu, imizobo namanani.

## IBanga lesi-8



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- sebenzisa ulwimi nokufunda nokubhala ngokudibene ngokwekharityhulamu ngo -
  - kuqonda esinye isigama ezinye iinkalo zezifundo nokusebenzisa isigama esinxulumene nazo kulwimi olongezelelweyo ( umz: uphawu kwiNzululwazi yezoBomi);
  - kuqonda nokuvelisa izicatshulwa ezietyenziswa kwezinye iinkalo zezifundo, umz ingcaciso ngendlela izintso ezisebenza ngayo (kwinzululwazi) ingxelo (kwinzululwazi);
  - kuvelisa izixhobo ezibonwayo okanye ezegrafu ukuxhasa izicatshulwa umz: umzobo ukucacisa.
- sebenzisa ulwimi ekucingeni ngo -
  - kubuza aze aphendule kwimibuzo enokuntsonkotha okuthekratya (umz: xa le iguqukile, yiypifi enye eza kuguquka?);
  - kubhala iinkcazel, iintlelo neentetho eziqukayo;
  - kuqonda nokusebenzisa ubungqina ukuxhasa ingcingane okanye ingxoxo (umz: ifoto, izinto zamandulo, udliwano-ndlebe nengqina).
- qokelela nokurekhodisha ngo ulwazi ngeendlela ezahlukenygo ngo -
  - kakhetha ulwazi olusemxholweni nokuthatha amanqaku (kucwangcisa iingongoma ezibalule-kileyo phantsi kweentloko, izifinyezo zamaga);

## IBanga le-9



Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- sebenzisa ulwimi ekukwazini ukufunda nokubhala ngokudibene ngokwekharityhulamu ngo -
  - kuqonda esinye isigama ezinye iinkalo zezifundo nokusebenzisa isigama esinxulumene nazo kulwimi olongezelelweyo ( umz: uloyiko olungenasizathu lokudibana nabantu basemzini kwiNzululwazi yengezembali nentlalo);
  - kubhala izicatshulwa ezifuneka kwezinye kwezinye iinkalo zezifundo umz: iingxelo neengcaciso (inzululwazi);
  - kuvelisa izixhobo ezibonwayo okanye ezegrafu ukuxhasa izicatshulwa umz: umzobo ukucacisa nokunika ingxelo.
- sebenzisa ulwimi ekucingeni ngo -
  - kubuza nokuphendula imibuzo entsonkothileyo;
  - kwandisa ngeentetho equakayo, iinkcazel, iintlelo kwimihlathi;
  - kucinge ngemizekelo yengxelo jikelele;
  - kubhala iinkcazel ezinde ngemizekelo;
  - kuqonda nokusebenzisa ubungqina ukuxhasa ingcingane nengxoxo ( ubungqina benzululwazi);
  - kwenza iziqgibo.
- qokelela nokurekhodisha ulwazi ngeendlela ezahlukenygo ngo -
  - kakhetha ulwazi olusemxholweni nokuthatha amanqaku (kucwangcisa iingongoma ezibalule-kileyo phantsi kweentloko neentlokwan, usebenzisa isimo esifana nonobumba abakhulu nokukrwela imigca ngaphantsi);

## I Banga lesi-7



**IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi- 5  
(Sisaqhubeka)**

### UKUCINGANOKUQIQA

Umfundi uyakwazi ukusebenzisa ulwimi ekucingeni nasekuqiqeni, ekwafikelela kulwazi, esityisa ekwasebenzisa ulwazi ekufundeni.



**ImiGangatho yokuHlola**

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- kuguqla ulwazi ukusuka kwenye imo luye kwenye (umz: kusebenzisa ulwazi olukwisicatshulwa esibonwayo okanye esibhaliweyo ukwenza itshati okanye igrafu, okanye ukulebhile umzobo).

## IBanga lesi-8



## IBanga le-9



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- kufunda nokuhlanganisa ulwazi kwizicatshulwa ezibini ezilul ezifanayo;
- kuguqula ulwazi ukusuka kwenye imo lusiya kwenye, ( umz., kusebenzisa iimaphu zengqondo).

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- kufunda nokuhlanganisa ulwazi olungeentloko ezifanayo kwizicatshulwa ezahlukeneyo;
- kuguqula ulwazi ukusuka kwenye imo luye kwenye ( ngokusebenzisa amanani ukubhala umhlathi).

## I Banga lesi-7



IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi-6



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

### UKWAKHIWA NOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI

Umfundi uyakwazi ukuqonda kwaye akwazi  
ukusebenzisa izandi, isigama negrama  
yolwimi ukuyila nokutolika izicatshulwa.

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- hlaziya igramma efundwe kumabanga angaphambili.

- andisa ukusetyenziswa kwemibuzo ngokusebenzisa  
izibuzi umz: phi, ni, njani, nini.

- andisa ukusetyenziswa kwezigaba zentetho  
ezahlukeneyo izibizo nezimelabizo, iindidi zezichazi,  
izihlomelo, izifanekisozwi, nezihlanganisi, nezenzi.

## IBanga lesi-8



### ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- qonda indlela yokusetyenziswa kwemilo yokusaqhubekeyo ( Ndisatya).
- sebenzisa ixesha elizayo nesihlanganisi u‘xa’ (umz: Ndiza kuza xa ndingaxakekanga).
- sebenzisa izenzo ezibonisa imbeko (umz: Ungandinceda undiboleke ipensile yakho?).
- qonda nokusebenzisa isihlanganisi ukuba :(Ukuba kuyabanda andihambi).
- andisa ukusetyenziswa kwezigaba zentetho ezahlukeneyo oosobizo, izichazi, izihlomelo, izifanekisozwi, izikhuzo nezihlanganisi nezenzi.

## IBanga le-9



### ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- qonda basebenzise iindlela ezahlukeneyo zokuthetha malunga nexesha elizayo, (umz: Ndiza kuhamba, ndiya kuhamba).
- qonda ukusebenzisa ixesha elibe lidlula kuhlobo lokuqhubeka, (umz: Ubelinde ixesha elide phambi kokuba afike).
- qonda nokusebenzisa ingxelo nentetho.
- qonda ukusetyenziswa kwemo yoxhomekeko (umz: Inkuku ingalilisela iqanda lelayo).
- sebenzisa isixando sokwenziwa kwixesha elizayo, (umz: Ulonyulo luza kubanjwa kwinyanga ezayo).
- sebenzisa izivakalisi ezimbaxa,( umz: amagatya obalulo).
- andisa isigama, ngokusebenzisa isimaphambili ukwenza amagama amatsha (ipolisa, isitulo ).
- andisa ukusetyenziswa kwezigaba zentetho ezahlukeneyo oosobizo, izichazi, izihlomelo, izifanekisozwi, izibanjalo, izikhuzo nezihlanganisi nezenzi.

## I Banga lesi-7



### IsiPhumo sesiFundo sesi-6 (Sisaqhubeka)

#### UKWAKHIWA NOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI

Umfundi uyakwazi ukuqonda kwaye akwazi ukusebenzisa izandi, isigama negrama yolwimi ukuyila nokutolika izicatshulwa.



### ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- qonda ukusebenzisa iimilo ezibonisa okunokwenzeka, uxhomekeko, kuba nakho, umnqweno, ukunyemba, yokungekabikho ukuvakalisa iimfuno:
  - ingana namhlanje (okunokwenzeka);
  - ndingaliphakamisa elo litye (ukuba nakho);
  - umguli angathetha ngolo hlobo uyayolela (imilo yoxhomekeko) ayizukuna(isilanduli kwezinye iimeko);
  - singa singema nabo ngaloo mini (umnqweno);
  - uyawageza(ukunyemba);
  - andikafundi (yokungekabikho).
- andisa isigama umz: ukusebenzisa isimaphambili segama ukuguqula intsingselo yesiqu umz: umntu, abantu, isintu, uluntu, ubuntu nokusebenzisa izimamva umz: -kazi, -ana, nezimamva zezixando zezenzi.
- bonisa ukwazi amagama aqhelekileyo asetyenziswa kwiimeko aphakathi kwama-4 000 nama-6 500 ukuphela kweBanga lesi-7. Ukuba abantwana baza kwenza ezinye izifundo zabo ngolwimi olongezelelweyo kufuneka bejolise kwinani elingaphezulu kuneli.

## IBanga lesi-8



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- qonda ukusebenzisa iimilo ezibonisa okuno-kwenzeka, uxhomekeko, kuba nakho, umnqweno, ukunyemba, yokungekabikho ukuvakalisa iimfuno:
  - ingana namhlanje (okunokwenzeka);
  - ndingaliphakamisa elo litye (ukuba nakho);
  - Umguli angathetha ngolo hlobo uyayolela (imilo yoxhomekeko);
  - ayizukuna(isilanduli kwezinye iimeko);
  - singa singema nabo ngaloo mini (umnqweno);
  - uyawageza(ukunyemba);
  - andikafundi (yokungekabikho);
- andisa isigama umz: ukusebenzisa isimaphambili segama ukuguqula intsingiselo yesiqu umz: umntu, abantu, isintu, uluntu, ubuntu nokusebenzisa izimamva umz: -kazi, -ana, nezimamva zezixando zezenzi.
- bonisa ukwazi amagama aqhelekileyo ase-tyenziswa kwiimeko aphakathi kwangama-5 000 nangama-7 500 ukuphela kwebanga lesi-8. Ukuba abantwana baza kwenza ezinye izifundo zabo ngolwimi olongezelelweyo kufuneka bejolise kwinani elingaphezulu kweli.

## IBanga le-9



ImiGangatho yokuHlola

Sikwazi oku xa umfundi enoku -

- qonda ukusebenzisa iimilo ezibonisa okuno-kwenzeka, uxhomekeko, kuba nakho, umnqweno, ukunyemba, yokungekabikho ukuvakalisa iimfuno:
  - ingana namhlanje (okunokwenzeka);
  - ndingaliphakamisa elo litye (ukuba nakho);
  - Umguli angathetha ngolo hlobo uyayolela (imilo yoxhomekeko);
  - ayizukuna(isilanduli kwezinye iimeko);
  - singa singema nabo ngaloo mini (umnqweno);
  - uyawageza(ukunyemba);
  - andikafundi (yokungekabikho).
- andisa isigama umz: ukusebenzisa isimaphambili segama ukuguqula intsingiselo yesiqu umz: umntu, abantu, isintu, uluntu, ubuntu nokusebenzisa izimamva umz: -kazi, -ana, nezimamva zezixando zezenzi.
- bonisa ulwazi lwamagama aqhelekileyo ase-tyenziswa kwiimeko ethile aphakathi kwama-6 000 nama-8 000 xa kuphela kwebanga lesi-9. Ukuba abantwana baza kwenza ezinye izifundo zabo ngolwimi olongezelelweyo kufuneka bejolise kwinani elingaphezulu kweli.



## ISAHLUKO SESI-5

### UKUHLOLWA KOMFUNDI

#### INTSHAYELELO

Isakhelo sokuhlola seNkcazeloyeKharityhulamu yeSizwe samaBanga R ukuya kwele-9 isekeke kwimigaqo yenqubo yemfundo esekeke kwiziPhumo. UHlolokufuneka lunike izalathisi zempumelelo yomfundi ngendlela efanelekileyo nokuqinisekisa ukuba abaFundi bahlanganisa kwaye basebenzisa ulwasinobuchule. UHlolokufuneka lunchede abafundi ekwenzeni izigwebo malunga nokwenziwe ngabo, ukumisa iinjongo zenkqubela-phambili nokwenza baqhubele phambili ukufunda.

Ukuncedisa inkqubo yokuhlola iNkcazeloyeKharityhulamu yeSizwe:

- Ibonisa iziphumo zesifundo nemigangathoyokuhlola ehambisana nazokwiNkalo yesiFundo ngasinyenakwibanga ngalinyelemfundo noQeqesho Jikelele (Amabanga ukusuka kuR ukuya kwibanga lesi-9).
- Ngqamanisa iziPhumo ezinguNdoqonezoPhuhliso kwiziPhumo zesiFundo nemiGangathoyokuHlolakwiNkalo yesiFundo nganye.
- Beka imiGangathoyokuHlolembindiniwenkqubo yokuhlola kwibanga ngalinye. Ichaza umgangathoapho abafundi kufunekabeboniseukphumelelakwaboziphumozesifundokunyeneedlela(zobunzulonobubanzi)zokubonisaukphumelelakwabo.

Lo mzobo ulandelayo ubonisa intsebenziswano phakathi kweempawuzesakhiwo zale NkcazeloyeKharityhulamu yeSizwe:

**IZIPHUMO EZINGUNDOQO NEZAKHAYO**

**IINKALO ZEZIFUNDO**

**IZIPHUMO ZESIFUNDO**

**IMIGANGATHO YOKUHLOLA  
yebanga ngalinye**

## IMIGAQO YOHLLOLO ESETYENZISWA KWIMFUNDO ESEKEKE KWIZIPHUMO

### INkcazelo

UHlolo kwiNkcazelo yeKharityhulamu yeSizwe eHlaziyiweyo yamaBanga ukusuka ku-R ukuya kwele-9 (ezikolo) izingile kwaye yinkqubo equlunqelwe ukuqokelela ulwazi malunga nokwenziwa ngumfundu okulinganiswa ngemiGangatho yokuHlola yeziPhumo zeziFundo yeSizwe eHlaziyiweyo. Lufuna ukuba imilinganiselo yohlolo ichazwe ngokucacileyo kwaye lufuna neendlela ezifanelekileyo ezivumela ootishala ukuba banike iingxelo eyakhayo kubafundi nokunika ingxelo kubazali, nakwabanye abantu abanomdla.

### iMpawu ezinguNdoqo

Imfundo esekeke kwiziPhumo yindlela yokufunda nokufundisa eyenza kucace oko kulindelwe kokuba kuphunelelwne ngumfundu. Umgaqo esebezena ngayo kukuba utitshala uchaza kwantlandlolo ekulindelwe kumfundu. Umsebenzi katitshala kukufundisa abafundi ukubanceda ukuba banelise iimfuno zemiGangatho yokuHlola ekwikharityhulamu, uze umsebenzi womfundu ibe kukufunda okanye ukwenza oko kulindelwe yimiGangatho yokuHlola. UHlolo luyafuneka kwimfundo esekeke kwiziPhumo kuba lwenza kuhlolwe oko kuphunyelelwne ngumfundu okufunekayo kwibanga elilandelayo.

Ukunceda abafundi ukuba bafikelele kowona mgangatho wabo uphezulu wokwenza izinto ngempumelelo, uhlolo kufuneka:

- lwenziwe ngendlela ecacileyo kwaye lujolise ngokucacileyo;
- luhlanganiswe nokufundisa nokufunda;
- lusekwe kwimigangatho okanye kwimilinganiselo esele imiselwe;
- lwahluka-hlukane ngokuphathelele kwiimethodi, kwaye;
- lunyaniseke, lulunge, luthembeke, lube nobulungisa, luhambe ngokwesantya somfundi.

### INjongo yokuHlola

Eyona njongo yokuhlola kwabafundi engundoqo kufuneka ibe kukukhulisa nokupuhhlisa kwabo, ukulandela inkqubela-phambili yabafundi nokuqhubela phambili ukufunda kwabo. Eminye imisebenzi yohlolo iquka:

- *uhlolo olusisiseko koko sele kusaziwa*  
UHlolo olusisiseko ludla ngokwenziwa ekuqaleni kwebanga okanye ibakala ukuzinzisa oko sele kusaziwa ngabafundi. Lunceda utitshala ekuqulunqeni iinkqubo zokufunda nemisebenzi yokufunda.
- *uhlolo lwezidingo zomfundi*  
UHlolo lwezidingo zomfundi lusetyenzisela ukufumana malunga nesimo nesizathu zezithintelo zokufunda ezifunyanwa ngumfundu othile. Oku kunika ithuba lokuba kunikwe inkxaso efanelekileyo, iindlela zokungenelela,

■ *uhlolo olwakhayo*

UHlolo olwakhayo lulawula kwaye luxhasa inkqubo yokufunda nokufundisa kwaye lukwasetyenziswa ekuxeleleni abafundi nootitshala malunga nenkqubela-phambili yabafundi ukuphucula ukufunda. Ingxelo eyakhayo iyanikwa ukukhulisa umfundi.

■ *uhlolo olushwankathelayo*

UHlolo olushwankathelayo lunika umfanekiso wonke wenkqubela-phambili yomfundu wexesha elimisiweyo okanye ukuphela konyaka okanye ukugqithisela kwesinye isikolo.

■ *uhlolo olwensiwe ngendlela emisiweyo*

UHlolo olwensiwe ngendlela emisiweyo yindlela yokujonga ukusebenza kwsixokelelwano semfundo. Enye inxalenye yolu hlolo kokwenziwa ngokunxulumene nezalathisi zesizwe. Isixokelelwano sihlolo senziwa ekupheleni kwesigaba ngasinye sebakala leMfundu noQeqesho Jikelele. Kolu hlolo isampulu engumzekelo yezikolo nabafundi ikhethwa ngokwesizwe okanye ngokwamaphondo.

## UHLOLO OLUZINGILEYO

### liMpawu zoHlolo oluZingileyo

UHlolo oluzingileyo yindlela engundoqo uhlolo olwenzeka ngayo kwiNkcachelo yeKharityhulamu eHlaziyiweyo. Luquka yonke imigaqo yokuhlola yemfundu esekeke kwiziPhumo kwaye luqinisekisa ukuba:

- *lwenzeka ngaphaya kwexesha kwaye luzingile*: Ukufunda kuhlolwa njalo kwaye iingxelo zenkqubela phambili yabafundi ihlaziya unyaka wonke.
- *luxhasa ukukhulisa nokuphuhlisa kwabafundi*: Abafundi baba ngabathathi nxaxheba abakhutheleyo eku-fundeni nakuhlolo, kwaye bayayiqonda inqobo setyenzisiweyo kwimisebenzi yohlolo, bayabandakanyaeka ekuzivavanyeni, bazibekela abakwenzayo, baze bahlaziye ukufunda kwabo ngokwenza njalo babe banyusa umgangatho wobuyena.
- *lunika ingxelo ekufundeni nasekufundiseni*: Ingxelo ngundoqo kuhlololo olwakhayo. Iimethodi zengxelo ziQuka ukubuza imibuzo ngokufanelekileyo, kwaye zijolise kukuphawula ngomlomo kukatitshala nakokubhaliweyo koko kufuneka kuphunyelelwe ngumsebenzi wohlolo, nokukhuthazwa komfundi.
- *luvumela uhlanganiso lohlolo*: Oku kungaqua iqela leziPhumo zesiFundoezinxulumeneyo kumsebenzi owodwa wokuhlola,kwaye kudityaniswe iqela leemethodi zokuhlola ezahlukeneyo, ubuchule, nezixhobo. Ubuchule kwiziPhumo zokuHlola zinokuboniswa ngeendlela ezahlukeneyo, kungoko iimethodi zohlolo ezahlukeneyo namathuba kufuneka enikiwe ukuze abafundi babe nokubonisa ubuchulebabu.

- *lusebenzisa iindlela ezijongene nezidingo zomfundu ezahlukeneyo ( ulwimi, inkangeleko, ubume bengqondo, uvakalelo nenkcubeko) UHlolo oluzingileyo luvumela ootitshala ukuba babe novakalelo kubafundi abanezidingo ezithile zemfundo nokwahlula izithintelo ngeenkqubo ezinobumvoco. Nakuliphi iqela labafundi kukho izantya ezahlukeneyo nezimbo zokufunda ezahlukeneyo. Abafundi abanakuhlolwa bonke ngexesha elinye nangendlela enye.*
- *luvumela uhlolo olushwankathelayo:* Ingqokelela yeziphumo zemisebenzi yohlolo oluzingileyo inika umfanekiso jikelele wenkqubela phambili yomfundu kwixesha elinikiwego. UHlolo olushwankathelayo kufune ka luqulunqwe ngononophelo kwasekuqaleni konyaka, ukuquka neendlela ezahlukeneyo zohlolo- umzeke- lo, imisebenzi, imisetyenzana, iiprojekthi, iimvavanyo zesikolo nezeklasi- eziya kunika abafundi amathuba amaninzi okubonisa oko bakufundileyo.

### **liNdlela ngeeNdlela zokuHlola**

Ukhetho lokusetyenziswa kweendlela zokuhlola zisoloko ziqhutywa luluvo, kwaye zahluka ngokwetitshala nganye, ngokwebanga nangokwesikolo kwaye luxhomekeke kubuchule bokugweba bukatitshala. Ukubakho kwendawo nobutyebi bunempembelelo kwesi sigqibo, kodwa xa ubutyebi bufana, ootitshala bahlukana ngeendlela abenza ngazo ukhetho. Iimethodi, ezikhethelwe imisebenzi yohlolo kufuneka zifanele imiGangatho yokuHlola ehlolwayo, kwaye injongo yohlolo kufuneka iqondwe ngokucacileyo ngabafundi bonke kwanootitshala ababandakanyekayo. Ubuchule bungaboniswa ngeendlela eziliqela. Iimethodi ezahlukeneyo ngoko ziyimfuneko ekunikeni abafundi ithuba lokubonisa ubuchule babo ngokupheleleyo.

### **UmSebenzi wokuHlola oFanayo**

Injongo yomsebenzi wohlolo ofanayo kuku:

- qinisekisa ukungaguquguuki kwezigwebo zikatitshala;
- phucula umgangatho wokuseta ofanayo;
- nika amandla kumthamo wohlolo oluzingileyo olusekeke esikolweni;
- andisa ukufaneleka kwenkqubo nezihobo zohlolo;
- qinisekisa ukuba imisebenzi yohlolo olusekeke esikolweni luhlola ubuchule;
- nempumelelo ngokufanelekileyo;
- nokuqinisekisa ukwandisa amathuba abafundi.

Imisebenzi yohlolo efanayo ingamiselwa kwinqanaba lesizwe lephondo lwengqila okanye lwezikolo ezihangeneyo. Oku kungenziwa kwinqanaba lesikolo kwaye lubekwe emgangathweni ngabantu bangaphandle.

## UKULAWULWA KOHLOLO

### Abantu ababandakanyeka kuhlolo

Isikolo nootitshala banexanduva jikelele lokuhlola abafundi. Ootitshala balinendeke ukuba bayile inkqubo yohlolo enyanisekileyo, ethembekileyo kwaye ekholelekayo. Imigaqo yamaphondo kufuneka iqinisekise ukubandakanywa kwabafundi , amaqela ohlolo esikolo, amaqela enqila axhasayo, iinkonzo zenkxaso, abazali ngokufanelekileyo.

### Inkqubo yesikolo yohlolo

Isikolo ngasinye kufuneka sivelise umgaqo wohlolo osekeke kwizikhokelo zokuhlola zephondo nezesizwe. Kufuneka sibe neQela loYilo nelokuHlola lesiKolo ukuqhubela phambili ukuzalisekiswa kwenqubo. Eli qela kufuneka limelwe sisigaba ngasinye nayiNkalo yesiFundo nganye.

Ukuqinisekisa inkqubo enobuchule kuhlolo, umgaqo wohlolo wesikolo kufuneka ucacise ngokucacileyo:

- indlela uhlolo oluzingileyo oluqulunqwa ngayo noluzalisekiswa ngayo;
- indlela iincwadi zengxelo ezigcinwa ngayo, ukufikelela nokhuseleko;
- iikhowudi zohlolo ezimiselwe liphondo;
- isiqinisekiso sangaphakathi sesikolo;
- indlela yokubeka emgangathweni okwenziwayo esikolweni;
- indlela esetyenziswa njalo yokunika ingxelo;
- ukujonga zonke iinkqubo zohlolo;
- nokuqeleshwa kwestafu kwiinkalo zohlolo.

Iinkalo apho iimfuno zoqeleshwa lwesikolo kufuneka zenziwe ziquka:

- indlela yokusetyenziswa komlinganiselo/indlela yolawulo yokuhlolwayo ekuhloleni;
- ukufumana imvumelwano phakathi kweetitshala zebanga elinye ngokufuneka kwenziwe ukwanelisa iziPhumo zesiFundo;
- indlela yokubhala amaggabantshintshi emisebenzi yokuhlola neengxelo;
- nokuphumelela kwengqiqo efanayo yenqubo yohlolo yesikolo.

## UKUGCINWA KWENGXELO

### iNcwadi zeNgxelo

Ukugcinwa kwengxelo okulungileyo kubalulekile kulo lonke uhlolo ingakumbi kuhlolo oluzingileyo. Incwadi yengxelo okanye ifayile kufuneka igcinwe ngutitshala . Le ncwadi iqulathe:

- amagama abafundi;
- imihla yokuhlola;
- igama nenkcazeloyomsebenzi wohlolo;
- iziphumo zemisebenzi yohlolo ngokweNkalo yesiFundo neNkqubo yokuFunda;
- namagqabantshintshi ngeenjongo zokuxhaswa.

Zonke iingxelo kufuneka zifikeleleke, zitolikeke ngokulula, zigcinwe ngokukhuselekileyo, njengehlebo, kwaye zibe lunchedo kwinkqubo yokufundisa nokunika ingxelo.

INkqubo yohlolo yesikolo umisela iinkcukacha zeendlela zokugwaliwa kweencwadi zengxelo. Iikhowudi zohlolo ezikhethiweyo zisetenziselwa ukuvakalisa indlela umfundi enza ngayo ngokweziPhumo zesiFundo. Iikhowudi ezisetenziswayo kufuneka zicacile kwaye ziqondwe ngabafundi nabazali.

### **Iikhowudi eziSetyenziswa kuHlolo**

Kuneendlela ezininzi zokunika iingxelo kubafundi ngohlolo nokugcinwa ngoxitshala. Ukukhetha eyona ndlela elungileyo yokwenza oku umsebenzi wohlolo uxhomekeka kwiqela leemeko ezifana :

- neqela labafundi eklasini nobungakanai bexesha analo utitshala;
- nokuntsonkotha nobude bomsebenzi wohlolo;
- nomxholo ofundiweyo okanye ubuchule obuhlolwayo ( iMathematika okanye ubhalo);
- nokuba ingxelo inikwa ngokukhawuleza kangakanani;
- nokuba ingxelo ngabanye ngabanye yenziwa njani;
- nomlinganiselo ( indlela esetyenziswa ekuhloeni) osetyenziswa ngutitshala ukuchaza okwenziwa ngumfundi;
- nokuba okwenziwa ngumfundi kuthelekiswa nabalingane, nokwenziwe kwixesha elidlulileyo, kunye/ okanye iimfuno zemiGangatho yokuHlola neziPhumo zesiFundo.

Ezinye iikhowudi zohlolo zingcono kunezinye. Umzekelo, amagqabantshintshi anganzulu, kwaye anike iingce-biso zophuculo. Amagqabantshintshi aluncedo ekuniken i ingxelo ngokwenziwa ngabafundi ngokwemiGangatho yokuHlola. Nangona kunjalo, amagqabantshintshi athatha ixesha elide ukubhalwa kwaye akukho lula ukuwarekhodisha. Iikhowudi ezifana ugqithisile, kulunge kakhulu, kulungile, unobuchule akwanelisanga kulula ukuzibhala kwaye zivumela uhlolo lwenqubela phambili ngokomsebenzi odlulileyo nangokwemiGangatho yokuHlola. Nangona kunjalo, aziniki bunzulu obenziwa ngokulindelwe ngamagqabantshintshi. Amanqaku kwelinje icala arekhodisheka lula kwaye angadityanisa, aphinda-phindwe kwaye ahlula-hlulwe. Aluncedo ekuhloeni okwenziwa ngabafundi ngokunxulumene kwabanye eklasini, nakwamanye amabanga okanye esikolweni. Nangona kunjalo anika ulwazi oluncinane ngokwenziwa ngabafundi ngokwemiGangatho yokuHlola.

Imizekelo phakathi kweminye emininzi yekhovudi zohlolo zokuqhubela phambili:

- akakaphumeleli , usondele, uphumelele;
- okwenziwayo kuyanelisa, kufuna inkxaso;
- A, B, C;
- namabinza enzelwe umsebenzi ohlolwayo okanye ingxelo.

Nokokuba yiypifi ikhowudi yohlolo esetyenziswayo, ingxelo inentsingiselo xa ikhatswa ngamagqabantshintshi. Kungakho uphuculo kokuphunyelelweyo xa abafundi benikwe ingxelo ebhaliwego kunokunikwa amanqaku kuhela. Nangona amanqaku neepesenti ziluncedo kakhu lu njengoko kulula ukubhala amanqaku kwincwadi yengxelo , awaloncedo ekunikeni ingxelo. Ezinye iingxaki ezenziwa ngamanqaku angandiswa kwaye angasetyenziselwe ezinye iinjongo kwaye afihla okuninzi ngokuphunyelelwe ngumfundu nenkqubela phambili. Ukuba umfundu ugqibe ngaphezulu komsebenzi omnye ohlolwayo kuya kubakho umtsalane wokusebenzia amanqaku, ukudibania nokubeka kumgangatho othile. Xa oku kusenziwa amanqaku awaloncedo ekunikeni ulwazi. Umgangatho ufiha obekunokuphunyelewa ngokulungileyo ngumfundu kukufunda ebekulindelwe kwisimo esithile kunakwesinye. Amanqaku anika imbonakalo jikelele yokuphunyelelwayo aze afihle izizathu zoku phunyelelwa kohlololo ( okanye ukunqongophala kokuphunyelelweyo) ngumfundu kwaye kuthintela ugqaliselo ekufundeni okuthile kuhlololo. Kwaye akachazi inkqubela phambili yomfundu kwikharityhulamu. Kumaxesha amaninzi ukugcina inqaku elifanayo ( ngaphandle kokuba luyanelisa) luthathwa njengesalathisi esanelisayo senkqubela phambili. Amanqaku angama-70 ngokwemiGangatho yokuHlola yeBanga lesi-5 namanqaku angama-70 ngokwemiGangatho yokuHlola yeBanga lesi-6 ayifihla ngokupheleleyo inkqubela phambili yomfundu angayenza ekuhambeni konyaka, echazwa ngcono kwingxelo, kwikhowudi, okanye kumagqabantshintshi.

### IiKhowudi zeSizwe

Ekunikeni ingxelo ngempumelelo yomfundu kwiziPhumo zesiFundo zebanga elithile, ezi khowudi zingasetyenziswa:

- 4 = Okwenziwe ngumfundu **kugqithisile** kwimfuno zesiPhumo sesiFundo sebanga
- 3 = Okwenziwa ngumfundu **kwanelisile** kwimfuno zesiPhumo zesiFundo sebanga
- 2 = Okwenziwa ngumfundu **kunxalenye** kwimfuno zesiPhumo zesiFundo sebanga
- 1 = Okwenziwa ngumfundu **akwanelisanga** kwimfuno zesiPhumo zesiFundo sebanga

### Uladwe lwenkqubela-phambili

Ekupheleni konyaka uladwe lwenkqubela-phambili kufuneka ibe igqityiwe, ityikitywe yinqununu okanye umsebenzi karhulumente. Uladwe lwenkqubela-phambili yingxelo eneshwankathelo solwazi malunga nenkqubela-phambili yabafundi bonke bebanga esikolweni.

Uladwe lwenkqubela-phambili kufuneka luquke olu lwazi:

- igama lesikolo nesitampu saso;
- uluhlu lwabafundi kwibanga ngalinye;
- iikhowudi zenkqubela-phambili kwiNkalo yesiFundo nganye ( isixokelelwano seekhowudi zesizwe);
- iikhowudi zenkqubela-phambili kwibanga ngalinye (ukuqhubela phambili ukuya; kwelinje ibanga okanye ukuhlala kwelo banga umfundu ebekulo);
- phawula kumandla nakwindawo ezifuna inkxaso kwiNkalo yesiFundo nganye;
- nomhla notyikityo lwenqununu, utitshala nomsebenzi waseburhulumenteni.

## **liNgxelo zomFundi**

Ingxelo yomfundi yingxelo ezingileyo yolwazi jikelele ngembonakalo yenqubela-phambili yomfundi ukuquka uphuhliso olupheleleyo lokuxabiseka, iimbono, nophuhliso lwentlalo. Inceda utitshala kwibanga elilandelayo okanye isikolo ukuba azi umfundi ngcono aze aphendule kuye ngokufanelekileyo.

Ingxelo yomfundi ngamnye kufuneka ikhusele umfundi ngamnye kwaye imkhaphe umfundi kuyo yonke inkubela-phambili yesikolo.

Olu luhlobo lolwazi kufuneka lubandakanywe kwingxelo yomfundi:

- ulwazi oluphathelele kumfundi ngokunokwakhe;
- inkangeleko akuyo ngokwempilo kunye nolwazi okanye imbali ngempilo yakhe;
- izikolo athe wafunda kuzo nerekhodi ebonisa oko;
- ukuthatha inxaxheba nezinto athe waziphumelela kwizinto ezizezinye ezenziwayo esikolweni ngaphandle kwemfundo;
- uvakalelo nokuziphatha;
- ukubandakanyeka kwabazali;
- indawo apho umfundi asafuna khona uncedo;
- ingxelo eshwankathelayo equka konke okuthe kwensiwa kulo nyaka;
- iirekhodi ezishwankathelayo zeminyaka yokufunda;

### **Qaphela :**

- Ingxelo yomfundi ithatha indawo yazo zonke iincwadi zokurekhodisha ebezisetyenziswa ngaphambili sisikolo, ezifana namacwecwe okurekhodisha, amacwecwe anenkcazelo abhalwe ngumncedi katitshala, namacwecwe e-Edlab. Injongo engundoqo yengxelo yomfundi kukunceda umfundi ukuba afumane ulwazi olwahluka-hlukaneyo oluqulethwe kuyo.
- Ulwazi ngaye olukwingxelo akufuneki nanini na ukuba lusetyenziselwe ukucalu-calula ngokungenabulungisa.
- Iingxelo zomfundi kufuneka zingaphazanyiswa nepotifoliyo. Ipotifoliyo yindlela yohlolo olunika umfundi notitshala ithuba lokusinga ngomsebenzi omawenziwe kwiqela lemisebenzi yohlolo. Umsebenzi ufakwa ebhokisini okanye kwifayile. Ingxelo yomfundi ngamanye amazwi yirekhodi equlathe ulwazi ngomfundi.

## IINGXELO

### **Ulwazi oluFuneka luBandakanye kwiiNgxelo**

Utitshala kufuneka aphendule kubafundi, kubazali, kwisixokelelwano semfundo, nakuluntu ngokubanzi ngokuhlolwa komfundi. Ukongeza kwiingxelo ezibhalwayo , ukwazisa ngomlomo okanye ngokwenza, imiboniso yemisebenzi yabafundi kungasetyenziswa.

Ingxelo nganye kwinkqubela phambili yomfundi kufuneka ibandakanye ulwazi:

- ngesifundo esithe saphunyelewa;
- ubuchule agqwesa kubo umfundi;
- uncedo asalufunayo;
- nengxelo eyakhayo ngoko bekweziwe ekufuneka kuquke amagqabantshintshi malunga nokwenziwa ngumfundi ngokunxulumene nabalingane nokwenziwe ngumfundi kwixesha elidlulileyo ngokunxulumene neemfuno zeeNkalo zeziFundo.

Ukunika ingxelo kubazali kufuneka kwensiwe rhoqo ukukhuthaza ukuthathwa kwenxaxheba nokubandakanya abazali kwimfundu yabantwana babo. Kuqhelekile ukuba ungabinakho ukunika ulwazi kokuphunyelelewe kwisiPhumo sesiFundo ngasinye. Nangona kunjalo iingxelo kufuneka zinike ulwazi ngokuphunyelelweyo kwiNkalo yesiFundo okanye iNkqubo yokuFunda nganye kwimeko yesiGaba esisiseko.

### **AmaCwecwe eNgxelo**

Ubuncinane beemfuno zecwecwe lwengxelo zi:

#### *1) Ulwazi olusisiseko*

- Igama lesikolo;
- Igama lomFundi;
- IBanga akulo umfundi;
- Unyaka wokuzalwa womfundi;
- Unyaka nexesha elimisiwego;
- Isityikityo sesivumelwano nomhla, esenziwa ngumzali okanye umondli ojongene nemfundo yomfundi.
- Isityikityo sesivumelwano kunye nomhla, esenziwa ngutitshala;
- Umhla wokuvalwa nalowo wokuvulwa kwezikolo;
- Isitampu sesikolo;
- Ingxelo yokuhanjwa kwesikolo;
- Nokuchazwa kwenkqubo yesizwe yokukhowuda, esetyenzisiwego.

*2) Amandla nezidingo*

- Nika inkcazeloyamandla, izidingo zophuhliso nezo ndawo asafuna uncedo kuzo umfundi kwinkalo yesifundo okanye inkqubo yesifundo nganye.
- Sebenzisa isixokelewano sokukhowuda sesizwe ukuhlola okwenziwa ngabafundi kwiziPhumo zesiFundo esele zenziwe akungokwemiGangatho yokuhlola apho unika ikhowudi ngeNkalo yesiFundo nganye.Kwingxelo yokuphela konyaka, bonisa konke okuquka indlela aqhube ngayo umfundi kuzo zonke iziPhumo zesiFundo.

*3) Ukwensiwa kwamagqabantshintshi kwiNkalo yesiFundo okanye kwiNkqubo yesiFundo nganye*

- Yenza amagqabantshintshi kwinkqubo okanye inkalo yesifundo nganye, ugxinisa kubafundi abenze kakuhle bada bagqithisa kwiimfuno ebezilindelekile okanye abo basafuna uncedo kwiindawo ezithile. Nxulumanisa amagqabantshintshi owenzileyo kumandla okanye iindawo umfundi asafuna uncedo kuzo kwimiGangatho yokuHlola. La magqabantshintshi aya kunika ithuba abazali, abafundi nabanye abafundisi-ntsapho lokuqonda ukuba luluphi uncedo umfundi aludingayo.

## ULUHLU LWEZALATHISI

### INKCAZELO YAMAGAMA OHLOLO NAWEKHARITYHULAMU

**UHlolo** – inkqubo ezingileyo necwangcisiwego yokuqokelela ulwazi ngoko kwenziwa ngumfundu, kulinganiswa ngokweMigangatho yokuHlola.

**ImiGangatho yokuHlola** – ulwazi, izakhono nokuxabisekileyo ekufuneka abafundi bekubonakalisile, ukuphumeza iZiphumo zesiFundo kwibanga ngalinye.

**UHlolo olusisiseko** – ukuhlola ngeenjongo zokufumana ulwazi loko sele bekwazi abafundi.

**UHlolo oluzingileyo** – umzekelo wokuhlola okhuthaza ukudityaniswa kokuhlola ekufundiseni nasekupuhhlisweni kwabafundi ngokunika ingxelo eqhubekayo.

**Iziphumo ezingundoqo** – zihlangene neZiphumo Zophuhliso, iziphumo ezingundoqo zeNkcazeloyeKharityhulamu yeSizwe, ezikhuthazwa nguMgaqo Siseko ziureka izakhono zobomi ezingunqodo zabafundi, ezfana nonxibelewano, iingcamango ezicingisisiwego, umsebenzi nokulawulwa kolwazi, umsebenzi wamaqela noluntu, nokuvavanywa / nokuhlolwa kobuchule.

**Ikharityhulamu 2005** – oku kubhekiselela kwingxelo yokuqala yeNkcazeloyeKhaityhulam yeSizwe evele emva kwexesha localu-calulo. Lo mqlu wenkqubo / wepolisi yezemfundo unika isiboniselo sokukhula sobuMntwana obuNcinci, iMfundu Jikelele noQeqesho, iMfundu eqhubekayo noQeqesho neMfundu esiSiseko Yabadala noQeqesho. INKcazeloyeKharityhulamu yeSizwe ephinde yaqwalaselwa inenjongo yayo yokomeleza iKharityhulamu 2005.

**Iziphumo ezakhayo** – zihlangene neZiphumo eziQondileyo, iziphumo ezingundoqo zeNkcazeloyeKharityhulamu yeSizwe, ezikhuthazwa nguMgaqo Siseko ziureka ubuchule bobomi obungudoqo babafundi, ezfana nonxibelewano, iingcamango ezicingisisiwego, umsebenzi nokulawulwa kolwazi, umsebenzi wamaqela noluntu, nokuvavanywa kobuchule.

**IBanga eliphumayo** – xa abafundi begqibezela ibanga le-9 baze banikwe iSiqinisekiso seMfundunoQeqesho.

**UHlolo okwakhayo** – esi simo sokuhlola sihlola inkqubela yomfundu ngexesha lenkqubo yokufunda ngenjongo yokunceda ngengxelo, eya kuthi yomeleze ukufunda.

**Isigaba esisiSeko** – esi sisigaba sokuqala seMfundunoQeqesho Jikelele - Amabanga R, 1, 2 no 3.

**Ibakala leMfundu noQeqesho Jikelele** – iminyaka elishumi esisinyanzelo sokuhamba isikolo, yakhiwe ngezi zigaba: isiSiseko, eliphakathi neliphakamileyo.

**Isiqinisekiso seMfunduno noQeqesho Jikelele** – isiqinisekiso esifunyanwa wakugqiba ibakala leMfunduno noQeqesho Jikelele.

**Ukuhlanganisa** – uyilo lwemigaqo engundoqo yeNkcazeloyeKharityhulamu yeSizwe, enyanelisa ukuba abafundi basebenzise ulwazi lwabo nobuchule obuvela kezinye kwiNkalo yeziFundo, okanye ezivela kwiindawo ezahlukeneyo zale Nkalo yokuFunda inye, ukwenza imisebenzi.

**Isigaba esiPhakathi** – esi sisigaba sesibini seMfunduno noQeqesho Jikelele - Amabanga 4, 5 no 6.

**Ulwimi lokufunda nokufundisa** – ulwimi olusetenyenzo kwimo ethile yokufunda neyokufundisa. Abanye abafundi bathi bafumane amava ekufundeni nasekufundisweni ngolwimi olongezelelwego (ingelulo ulwimi lwabo lweNkobe).

**IiNkalo zeziFundo** – IiNkalo zeziFundo ezisi-8 zolwazi kwiNkcazeloyeKharityhulamu yeSizwe: Iilwimi, iMathematiki, iziFundo zeNzululwazi ngezinto zeNdalo, ezoBuchwepheshe, iiNzululwazi zeNtlalo, uBugcisa neNkcubeko, isiFundo esibhekisele kuBomi, neNzululwazi ngezoQoqosho nezoLawulo.

**iINkcazeloyeNkalo zeziFundo** – iINkcazeloyeNkalo yesiFundo nganye, ukumilisela iZiphumo zeziFundo neMigangatho yokuHlola.

**iZiphumo zeziFundo** – iziPhumo zeziFundo ziphuma kwiziPhumo ezinguNdoqo nezoPhuhliso, uze uchaze ukuba yintoni na abafundi emabakwazi ukuze babe nakho ukukwenza ekupheleni kwebanga.

**Ingxelo yomfundi** – inkqubo egqibeleyo yenqubela-phambili yomfundi, iqulathe ulwazi ngaye, ukuphuhliswa kwentlalo, iimfuneko zokuxhaswa ngoncedo, iisampulu zomsebenzi neengxelo zonyaka.

**linkqubo zokufunda** – inkqubo zemisebenzi yomfundi iquka umxholo neemethodi zokufundisa ezi zikhokelwa yiINkcazeloyeKharityhulamu yesizwe kodwa yensiwa ngamaphondo, izikolo neetitshala

**Isixokelwelwano sesizwe sokukhowuda** – umgangatho ongumxokelelwano wesizwe wengqokelela yemithetho ecwangcisiweyo ukwenza ingxelo ngenqubela-phambili yomfundi.

**Iziphumo** – ezi zizophumo zokuphela kwenqubo yokufunda kwimfundiso esekeke kwiziPhumo ezi ziphumo zincedisa ekwakheni inkqubo yokufunda.

**ImFundoso esekeke kwiziPhumo** – yinkqubo ethatha ixesha negxininisa ekuphumeleleni, isekeke kwimisebenzi eyenziwayo kwaye iyinkqubo yemfundiso egxininisa okanye engqonge umfundiso. Ekulandeleni le ndlela, iKharityhulamu 2005 kunye neNkcazeloyeKharityhulamu yeSizwe, zinenjongo yokukhuthaza ukufunda kwanaphakade.

**Ipotifoliyo** – ifayili okanye iqweqwe lokugcina amaphepha omsebenzi womfundiso ngamnye.

**Inkqubela-phambili** – uyilo olungundoqo lwemigaqo yeNkcazelo yeKharityhulamu yeSizwe, eyenza ukuba umfundsi abe nakho ukuphuhlisa ngokuthe chu ulwazi olukumgangatho ophezulu, olunzulu, nolubanzi kunye nezakhono, nokuqonda kwibanga ngalinye.

**Uladwe lwenkqubela-phambili** – sixhobo sokuphela konyaka sokurekhodisha inkqubela-phambili yabo bonke abafundi bebanga, kubandakanya iingqokelela yemithetho ecwangcisiweyo yenqubela-phambili kwiNkalo yesiFundo nebanga ngalinye, namagqabantshitshi okubonelela ngoncedo olufunekayo.

**UHlolo okushwankathelayo** – olu hlobo lwahlukile kuhlolo olwakhayo, njengoko lumalunga neengxelo zesiqhelo zenkqubela-phambili zomfundsi, ezidla ngokuphuma ekupheleni kweXesha amisiweyo onyaka nonyaka.

## INKCAZELO YAMAGAMA ENKALO YESIFUNDO

**Ulwimi olongezelelweyo** – lulwimi olufundwayo olongezwe kulwimi lweNkobe.

**INkquo yoNgezelelo kwiilwimi eziNinzi** – xa umntu efunda ulwimi ( iilwimi) ukongenza kulwimi lwakhe lweNkobe. Oku akuthathi ndawo yowlimi lweNkobe koko lufundwa kunye nalo.

**Ubuhle** – ukusetyenziswa koLwimi ukuyila into ngokucokiseka nangolonwabo.

**Izicatshulwa ezinobunyaniso** – izicatshulwa eziiseteyenziswa kwihiabathi ( amanqaku amaphepha-ndaba neemagazini, izazisi, iilebhile, iincwadana, iifomu, iileta).

**Ucalulo lokuvakalayo** – ubuchule bokwahlula phakathi kwezandi ezahlukeneyo zolwimi.

**Inkquo yolungelelwaniso kukukwazi ukufunda nokubhala** – inkquo exhasa ulwazi olusiseko oluzenzekelayo olukhuthaza abafundi ukuba bonwabele iincwadi nokugqalisela kwintsingiselo nokubanika ubuchule neendlela zokukhulula ubhalo lwamagama.

**Uvutho-ndaba** – elona nqanaba libalulekileyo kwibali apho zonke iziganeko zisencochoyini kwaye ibali liya ekupheleni.

**Ukunamathelela** – ulwimi oluvuselela iimvakalelo ezinamandla.

**Imeko** – isicatshulwa sisoloko siveliswa kwaye sisamelwa kwimeko. Isicatshulwa kufuneka siyifanele imeko.

**Ulwimi oluchukumisayo** – ulwimi oluvuselela iimvakalelo ezinamandla.

**Ulwimi lwamazwe ngamazwe** – ulwimi oluthethwa ngapha kwemida yoMzantsi Afrika.

**Isicatshulwa esicacisayo** – isicatshulwa esibandakanya ingcaciso.

**Ulwazi olusiseko oluzenzekelayo** – oku kubhekiselele kulwazi lomntwana olukhulayo lwegama elishicilelweyo. Abantwana babona ushicilelo kwimeko bume yendawo kwaye baqale ukuqonda injongo yako. Basenokuba nama-bali abawabaliselweyo okanye abawafundileyo baze bafunde ukuba amabali asebenza njani kwaye zintoni iincwadi. Phambi kokuba baye esikolweni sebesazi luhulu. Basenokuzama ukubhala amagama abo besebenzisa iingcinga malunga nonobumba nopolu ( upelo olusiseko oluzenzekelayo) kwaye basenokwenza ngathi bafunda incwadi. Oku sisiqalo sobuchule bokufunda.

**Isakhelo** – ukuxhaswa kwethutyana ekubhaleni okanye ekuthetheni, umzekelo utitshala anganika esi sakhelo sokubhalwa kwesivakalisi silandelayo:

Andimthandi kuba-----

**Ulwimi olusismiselo** – ulwimi olufundwa ngokwenxalenye (njengemibuliso). Lusoloko lunxumene neemeko ezithile. Xa siqala ukufunda ulwimi sifunda ngolu hlobo. Kancinane kancinane siqala ukwenza intsingiselo yezi-mo nemithetho yowlimi kwaye sikhazi ukuvakalisa iingcinga zethu ngeendlela ezilula.

**Ukufunda ngokukhawuleza** – ukufunda isicatshulwa ngokukhawuleza ukufumana inkcazelo jikelele.

**Ukukrwaqula** – ukubalekisa amehlo kwisicatshulwa ukufumana ulwazi oluthile. (ukukrwaqula incwadi yefowuni ufunu igama nenombolo okanye ithayimthebhuli ufunu ixesha lokuhamba kwebhasi).