

ISIZULU HOME LANGUAGE

National Curriculum Statement (NCS)

Curriculum and Assessment Policy Statement

CAPS

STRUCTURED. CLEAR. PRACTICAL

HELPING TEACHERS UNLOCK THE POWER OF NCS



**Foundation Phase
Grades R-3**



basic education

Department:
Basic Education
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA



basic education

Department:
Basic Education
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

**ISITATIMENDE SENQUBOMGOMO YOHLLELO LWEZIFUNDO
NOKUHLOLA
AMABANGA R-3**

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FOREWORD BY THE MINISTER



Our national curriculum is the culmination of our efforts over a period of seventeen years to transform the curriculum bequeathed to us by apartheid. From the start of democracy we have built our curriculum on the values that inspired our Constitution (Act 108 of 1996). The Preamble to the Constitution states that the aims of the Constitution are to:

- heal the divisions of the past and establish a society based on democratic values, social justice and fundamental human rights;
- improve the quality of life of all citizens and free the potential of each person;
- lay the foundations for a democratic and open society in which government is based on the will of the people and every citizen is equally protected by law; and
- build a united and democratic South Africa able to take its rightful place as a sovereign state in the family of nations.

Education and the curriculum have an important role to play in realising these aims.

In 1997 we introduced outcomes-based education to overcome the curricular divisions of the past, but the experience of implementation prompted a review in 2000. This led to the first curriculum revision: the *Revised National Curriculum Statement Grades R-9* and the *National Curriculum Statement Grades 10-12* (2002).

Ongoing implementation challenges resulted in another review in 2009 and we revised the *Revised National Curriculum Statement* (2002) to produce this document.

From 2012 the two 2002 curricula, for *Grades R-9* and *Grades 10-12* respectively, are combined in a single document and will simply be known as the *National Curriculum Statement Grades R-12*. The *National Curriculum Statement for Grades R-12* builds on the previous curriculum but also updates it and aims to provide clearer specification of what is to be taught and learnt on a term-by-term basis.

The *National Curriculum Statement Grades R-12* accordingly replaces the Subject Statements, Learning Programme Guidelines and Subject Assessment Guidelines with the

- (a) Curriculum and Assessment Policy Statements (CAPS) for all approved subjects listed in this document;
- (b) *National policy pertaining to the programme and promotion requirements of the National Curriculum Statement Grades R-12*; and
- (c) *National Protocol for Assessment Grades R-12*.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Motshekga".

MRS ANGIE MOTSHEKGA, MP
MINISTER OF BASIC EDUCATION

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ISIGABA SOKU-1: ISINGENISO SESITATIMENDE SENQUBOMGOMO YOHLELO LOKUFUNDA NOKUHLOLA

1.1. Ulwazi Iwaphambilini

IsiTatimende SoHlelo LweziFundoo LukaZwelone seBanga-R kuya kwele-12 (uTAHFUZWE) sikhombisa inqubomgomoyezinhlelo zezifundo kanye nezokuhlolamkhakheni wokufunda esikoleni.

Ukuze kwensiwe ngcono ukusetshenziswa kwaso, kwadingeka ukuthi kube nezichibiyelo ezithile ezizoqala ukusebenza ngoMasingana ngonyaka wezi-2012. Kwabe sekubhalwa umqulu owodwa odidiyele *IsiTatimende SeNqubomgomoyohlelo LweziFundoo NokuHlola KukaZwelone saleso naleso sifundo, okuwumqulu othatha isikhundla seziTatimende Zesifundo, umHlahlandlela Wohlelo lokuFunda kanye nomHlahlandlela WokuHlola Izifundo eBangeni-R kuya kwele-12.*

1.2 Isendlalela

- (a) *IsiTatimende SoHlelo LweziFundoo LukaZwelone seBanga-R kuya kwele-12 (kuMasingana ngonyaka wezi-2012) simele inqubomgomoyokufunda nokufundisa ezikoleni zaseNingizimu Afrika futhi siukethe lokhu:*
 - (i) *IsiTatimende seNqubomgomoyohlelo LweziFundoo nokuHlola kuleso naleso sifundo esifundwayo.*
 - (ii) *Umqulu weNqubomgomoy, i-National Policy pertaining to the programme and promotion requirements of the National Curriculum Statement IBanga-R kuya kwele-12, kanye*
 - (iii) *Nomqulu weNqubomgomoy, i-National Protocol for Assessment IBanga-R kuya kwele-12 kuMasingana ngonyaka we-2012).*
- (b) *IsiTatimende SoHlelo LweziFundoo LukaZwelone seBanga-R-12 (kuMasingana 2012), sithathha indawo yeziTatimende zoHlelo LweziFundoo lukaZwelone ezimbili ezikhona njengamanje; okuyilezi*
 - (i) *IsiTatimende soHlelo LweziFundoo LukaZwelone Olubukeziwe IBanga-R kuya kwelesi-9, IGazethi KaHulumeni ye-23406 zingama-31 kuNhlabanqonyaka wezi-2002 kanye*
 - (ii) *IsiTatimende soHlelo LweziFundoo LukaZwelone IBanga le-10 kuya kwele-12, IGazethi KaHulumeni ye-25545 ziyi-6 kuMfumfu ngonyaka we-2003 neye-27594 ziyi-17 kuNhlabanqonyaka we-2005.*
- (c) *NesiTatimende soHlelo LweziFundoo lukaZwelone esibekwe sacaciswa esigabeni u-b(i) kanye no- (ii) siukethe le miqulu yenqubomgomoyelandolesizomisa ukusetshenziswa kuthi esikhundleni sayo kungene isiTatimende soHlelo LweziFundoo IBanga-R kuya kwele-12 kusuka ngonyaka wezi-2012 kuya kowezi-2014:*
 - (i) *Isifundo/isiTatimende sesiFundoo, umHlahlandlela woHlelo lokuFunda kanye nomHlahlandlela wokuHlola kwesiFundoo IBanga-R kuya kwelesi-9 kanye nebanga le-10 kuya kwele-12;*
 - (ii) *Umqulu wenqubomgomoy, iNational Policy on Assessment and Qualification for Schools in the General Education and Training Band okwashicilelwakwaba umthetho kuGovernment Notice No.124 kuGovernment Gazette No. 29626 mhla ziyi-12 kuNhlanja ngonyaka wezi-2007.*

- (iii) Umqulu weNqubomgommo, *i-National Senior Certificate: iKhwalifikheshini yezinga lesi-4 kuNational Qualifications Framework (NQF)*, elishicilelwa laba semthethweni *kuGovernment Gazette No. 27819 mhla zingama- 20 kuNtulikazi ngonyaka wezi-2005*;
- (iv) UmquluweNqubomgommo, *isichibiyelo somqulu wenqubomgommo, weNational Senior Certificate: iKhwalifikheshini yezinga lesi-4 kuNational Qualifications Framework (NQF), ukubhekelela izingane ezinezidingo eziyisipesheli, elethulwa kuGovernment Gazette, No. 29466 mhla ziyi-11 kuZibandlela ngonyaka wezi-2006, lifakiwe nalo kulo mqulu wenqubomgommo, i-National Policy pertaining to the programme and promotion requirements of the National Curriculum Statement IBanga-R kuya kwele-12; kanye;*
- (v) Nomqulu wenqubomgommo, *isichibiyelo somqulu wenqubomgommo, weNational Senior Certificate: iKhwalifikheshini yezinga lesi-4 kuNational Qualifications Framework (NQF), ukubhekelela i-national Protocol for Assessment (IBanga-R kuya kwele-12), elashicilelwa laba semthethweni kuGovernment Notice No. 1267 kuGovernment Gazette No. 29467 mhla ziyi-11 kuZibandlela ngonyaka wezi-2006;*
- (d) Umqulu wenqubomgommo, *i-National policy pertaining to the programme and promotion requirements of the National Curriculum Statement IBanga-R kuya kwele-12, kanye nezigaba ezitholakala esiTatimendeni seNqubomgommo soHlelo LweziFundo nokuHlola njengoba kubekiwe ezalhukweni kusuka kwesesi-2,3 kanye nesesi-4 kulo mqulu kuyingxenye yemithetho nemigomo yesiTatimende soHlelo LweziFundo IBanga-R kuya kwele-12. Ngalokho-ke, ngokuka Section 6 A weSouth African Schools Act, 1996 (Act No.84 of 1996,) kwakha isisekelo sokuthi uNgqongqoshe weMfundu esemaZingeni aPhansi ukunquma imiphumela kanye nemigomo emincane nje okungasukelwa kuyo, kanye nenqubo, nendlela yokwenza ukuhlola kokuphumelela komfundi ukuba kusetshenziswe ezikoleni zomphakathi nalezo ezizimele.*

1.3 Izinhloso ezivamile zohlelo LweziFundo zaseNingizimu Afrika

- (a) *IsiTatimende SoHlelo LweziFundo LukaZwelonekseBanga-R kuya kwele-12 sikhombisa lokho okuthathwa ngokuthi kungulwazi, amakhono namagugu adinga ukufundwa ezikoleni zaseNingizimu Afrika. Lolu hlelo LweziFundo iuhlose ukuinisekisa ukuthi abafundi bathola babuye basebenzise ulwazi namakhono njengendlela ahambisana ngayo nezimpilo zabo. Ngale ndlela uhlelo LweziFundo lukhulisa ulwazi Iwezimo abaphila kuzona, bebe benozwelo kuzibopho zomhlaba jikelele.*
- (b) *IsiTatimende SoHlelo LweziFundo LukaZwelonekseBanga-R kuya kwele-12 sihlose lokhu:*
- Ukuhlomisa abafundi, noma ngabe bavela kuziphi izimo zenhlalo yomphakathi nezomnotho, ubuzwe, ubulili, ukukwazi ukusebenzisa umzimba nengqondo/ukuhlakanipha, ngolwazi, amasu nokungamagugu adingekayo ukuze bakwazi ukuzenelisa, nokubamba iqhaza elibonakalayo emphakathini njengezakhamuzi zezwe elikhululekile.
 - Ukuvumela abafundi ukuba bangene emikhakheni yemfundo ephakeme.
 - Ukwenza kube lula kubafundi ukwedlulela ezikhungweni zemisebenzi ngemuva kokuqedo esikoleni/ imfundo yamaBanga aphakeme; kanye
 - Nokwedlulisela kubaqashi ulwazi oluphelele ngamakhono nakwazi ukukwenza ngempumelelo umfundi.
- (c) *IsiTatimende SoHlelo LweziFundo LukaZwelonekseBanga-R kuya kwele -12 sesekwe yile migomo elandelayo:*
- *Ukuguquka kwezenhlalo yomphakathi; ukubhekelela ukungalingani kwezemfundo ngesikhathi esedlule ukuze kulungiswe, nokuthi amathuba okufunda alinganayo atholwe yiwo wonke umphakathi;*

- *Ukufunda ngokuphapheme nangokuhlolisa;* ukukhuthaza indlela yokufunda ngokuphapheme nangokuhlolisa ekufundeni , kunokuthi abafundi bamane bagxishe emakhanda lokho abanikwe khona bebe bengayiqondi incazelo yakho;
- *Ulwazi oluphakeme namakhono aphakeme,* ubuncane obemukelekile umthetho wokulinganisa ulwazi okumele luzuzwe eBangeni ngalinye kumele bucaciswe, kubekwe nemigomo ephezulu okumele izuzwe kuzo zonke izifundo;
- *Inqubekela phambili yolwazi;* okuqukethwe nengqikithi yalelo nalelo banga kukhombise inqubekela phambili ukusuka kokulula kuya kokulukhuni.
- *Amalungelo esintu, ukudidiyela, ubulungiswa bezemvelo nezenhlalo yomphakathi;* ukufaka imigomo nenkambiso yobulungiswa bezemvelo nezenhlalo kanye namalungelo esintu njengoba echaziwe kumThethosisekelo waseNingizimu Afrika. IsiTatimende soHlelo LweziFundo lukaZwelonke seBanga-R kuya kwele-12 (Jikelele) sinozwela ezindabeni zokwehlukahlukana kwsintu njengobuphofu, ukungalingani, ubuzwe, ubulili, ulimi, ubudala nokukhubazeka kanye nezinye izimo;
- *Ukwazisa ngezinhlelo zolwazi lwendabuko,* ukwazisa ukunotha komlando namasiko aleli zwe, nomthelela obalulekile wokufundisa ngamagugu aqukethwe ngumThethosisekelo okube nawo njengomsuka wenguuko ukusiza ekuguquleni amagugu abafundi; kanye
- *Nokukholakala, uhlonze kanye nokwenza ngempumelelo,* ukuhlinzeka ngohlobo Iwemfundo olungaqhathaniseka ngokuqequesheka °nangazo zonke ezinye izindlela njengakwamanye amazwe.

(d) Isitatimende Sohlelo LweziFundo Lukazwelonke seBanga-R kuya kwele-12 sihlose ukukhiqiza abafundi abazokwazi :

- Ukubona baxazulule izinkinga, bakwazi nokwenza izinqumo besebenzisa ukucabanga ngokuhlaziya nangobuchule;
- Ukusebenza ngokuzinikela nabanye njengamalungu eqembu;
- Ukulungiselela, bakwazi ukuziphatha bona baphathe nemisebenzi yabo ngokuyikho;
- Ukuqoqa, bahlaziye, bahlele, bahlanganise, bahlolisise ngokucubungula ulwazi.
- Ukuxoxisana ngempumelelo besebenzisa izinto ezibukwayo, ukufanekisa ngezimpawu kanye namanye amakhono olimi ezimweni ezahlukene;
- Ukusebenzisa isayensi nobuchwepheshe ngempumelelo nangokuhlolisabekhombisa nokuzinikela kwezemvelo kanye nempilo yabanye; kanye
- Nokukhombisa ukuqondisisa umhlaba njengenkundla yezinhlelo ezihlobene ngokubona ukuthi izimo zokuxazulula izinkinga azenzeki ngazodwana.

(e) *Ukuhlanganisa izinhlobo zabafundi* yikho okumele kube ngumgogodla ezikhungweni zomsebenzi, ukulungiselela nokufundisa kuleso naleso sikole. Lokhu kungenzeka kuphela uma bonke othisha bekuqonda kahle ukuthi bazobabona futhi babasize kanjani abafundi abanezihibe ekufundeni, nokuthi bazokuhlelela kanjani ukwehlukahlukana kwabafundi.

Okusemqoka ngokuhlanganisa izinhlobo zabafundi, ukuqinisekisa ukuthi zonke izithiyo ziyanbonwa zigudluzwe ngayo yonke indlela ezikoleni, kumbandakanya othisha, amakomidi asemahhovisi ezemfundo, amakomidi ezikoleni, abazali kanye nezikole ezikhethekile ezisetshenziswa njengemithombo yowlazi. Ukugudluza izithiyo emakilasini, othisha bangasebenzisa amaqhinga ahlukene ezinhlelo zeziyfundo njengalezo ezitholakala eMnyangweni wezeMfundu eyisisekelo: *Guidelines for Inclusive Teaching and Learning (2010)*.

1.4 Ukwabiwa kwesikhathi

1.4.1 IsiGaba esiyisiSekelo

- (a) Isikhathi sokufundisa emkhakheni weSigaba Esiyisekelo sinjengoba sikhonjisiwe kuleli thebula elingeza:

ISIFUNDO	IBanga-R (AMAHORA)	IBanga LOKU-1 KUYA KWELESI-2 (AMAHORA)	IBanga LESI-3 (AMAHORA)
ULimi LwaseKhaya	10	7/8	7/8
ULimi lokuQala lokwEngeza		2/3	3/4
Izibalo	7	7	7
Amakhono Empilo:	6	6	7
• Ulwazi Lokuqala	(1)	(1)	(2)
• Ubuciko nomsebenzi wezandla	(2)	(2)	(2)
• Isifundo Sokuzivocavoca	(2)	(2)	(2)
• Okuqondene nomuntu uqobo kanye nokuphila emphakathini	(1)	(1)	(1)
ISAMBA	23	23	25

- (b) Isikhathi sokufundisa seBanga-R, 1 neBanga lesi-2, amahora angama-23 kuthi IBanga lesi-3 kube ngamahora angama-25.
- (c) Izilimi zabelwe amahora ayi-10 eBangeni-R kuya kwelesi -2 kanye namahora ayi-11 eBangeni lesi-3. Isibalo esiphezulu samahora ayisi-8 nesibalo esiphansi esingamahora ayi-7 sabelwe ULimi LwaseKhaya kanye nesibalo esiphansi esingamahora ama-2 nesibalo esiphezulu esingamahora ama-3 soLimi LokuQala LokwEngeza eBangeni loku-1 kuya kwelesi-2. EBangeni lesi-3 isibalo esiphezulu esingamahora ayisi-8 nobuncane obungamahora ayisi-7 sabelwe iziLimi aseKhaya kanye nobuncane obungamahora ama-3 nobuningi obungamahora ama-4 oLimini LokuQala lokwEngeza.
- (d) Esifundweni samakhono olwazi lokuqala, kwabiwe ihora eli-1 eBangeni-R kuya kwelesi-2 kanye namahora ama-2 njengoba kukhonjisiwe ngamahora akubakaki ethebulini eBangeni lesi-3:

1.4.2 IsiGaba esiPhakathi neNdawo (iBanga lesi- 4 kuya kwelesi-6)

Leli thebula elingeansi likhombisa izifundo nesikhathi sokufundisa esibekiwe sesigaba esiphakathi nendawo:

ISIFUNDO	AMAHORA
ULimi LwaseKhaya	6
ULimi lokuQala lokwEngeza	5
Izibalo	6
Isayensi nobuchwepheshe	3,5
Isayensi yezokuhlalisana kwabantu	3
Amakhono Empilo	4
• Ubuciko Bokusungula	(1,5)
• Isifundo sokuzivocavoca	(1)
• Okuqondene nomuntu uqobo kanye nokuphila emphakathini	(1,5)
ISAMBA	27,5

1.4.3 IsiGaba esiPhakeme

(a) Isikhathi sokufundisa IsiGaba EsiPhakeme simi ngale ndlela:

ISIFUNDO	AMAHORA
ULimi LwaseKhaya	5
ULimi lokuQala lokwEngeza	4
Izibalo	4,5
Isayensi yezemvelo	3
Isayensi yokuhlalisana komphakathi	3
Ezobuchwepheshe	2
Isayensi yokuphathwa komnotho	2
Ukwazi ngamakhono empilo	2
Ubuciko Bokusungula	2
ISAMBA	27,5

1.4.4 IBanga le-10 kuya kwele-12

- (a) Isikhathi sokufundisa eBangeni le 10 kuya kwele-12 simi ngale ndlela:

ISIFUNDO	UKWABIWA KWESIKHATHI NGESONTO (AMAHORA)
ULimi LwaseKhaya	4.5
ULimi IokuQala IokwEngeza	4.5
Izibalo	4.5
Ukwazi amakhono empilo	2
Okungenani kungakhethwa izifundo ezintathu eqoqweni B Isengezelelo B, Ithebula B1 kuya ku-B8 kumqulu wenqubomgommo, National policy pertaining to the programme and promotion requirements of the National Curriculum Statement IBanga-R kuya kwele-12, isifundo ngenkombandela ebhalwe esigabeni sama-28 kumqulu weNqubomgommo obhalwe ngenhla.	12 (3xAmahora ama-4)
ISAMBA	27,5

Ukwabiwa kwesikhathi ngesonto kungasetshenziswa kuphela esibalweni esiphansi esidingekayo sezifundo zesiTatimende soHlelo LweziFundo lukaZwelonke (TAHFUZWE) njengoba kukhonjisive ngenhla, akumele kusetshenziswe kunoma yiziphi izifundo ezengeziwe ohlwini lwenani lezifundo ezivunyelwe. Uma umfundi efisa ukwengeza ezinye izifundo, isikhathi kumele sandiswe ukwenelisa lezo zifundo.

ISIGABA SESI- 2: UKWETHULWA KWEZILIMI

2.1 ISINGENISO

Emfundweni yamabanga aphansi, amakhono abalulekile oLimini LwaseKhaya kwiNqubomgommo yilawa:

Ukulalela nokukhuluma	Ukucabanga nokucabangisisa kanye nokwakhiwa nokusetshenziswa kolimi okudidiyelwe kuzo zozine izingxenye zolimi (ukulalela, ukukhuluma, ukufunda nokubhala)
Ukufunda kanye nemisindo	
Ukubhala kanye nokukubhala ngesandla	

Okuqukethwe (ulwazi, umqondo kanye namakhono) okutholakala esiTatimendeni soHlelo LwezemFundo LukaZwelonke [TaHFuZWE] sekuhlelwe kabusha kwisiTatimende seNqubomgommo soHlelo IokuFunda nokuHlola, ngokwethemu, kusetshenziswa izihloko. I- Nqubomgommo yesiTatimende soHlelo IokuFunda nokuHlola inikeza uthisha lokhu okulandelayo:

- Isingeniso esiqukethe umhlahlandlela wokusetshenziswa komqulu weMfundo yamaBanga aphansi eyiSiseke-lo,
- Okuqukethwe, ulwazi kanye namakhono okumele kufundiswe ngethemu,
- Umhlahlandlela ngokwabiwa kwesikhathi,
- Okudingekayo ngemiSebenzi yokuHlola okuhleliwe kanye neziphakamiso zokuhlola okungahleliwe,
- Uhla lwezinsiza kufundisa ezinconyiwe ebangeni ngalinye.

2.2 INDLELA YOKUFUNDISA NGOKUDIDIYELA

Uhlelo IweziLimi lutholakala kuzo zonke ezinye izifundo. Ulimi lusetshenziswa kuzona zonke izinhlelo zezemfundo ngokukhuluma, ukufunda kanye nokubhala. Amakhono amanigi okulalela nokukhuluma olimi ayathuthuka ezifundweni zeziBalo, Amakhono Empilo, kuwona okubuye kube nezinye futhi izifundo ezahlukehlukene njengo *Ubuciko Bezandla* no-Lwazi Lokuqala kuhlanganisa iSifundo Sezempilo, *Ezobuchwephesh*, *Isayensi Yezemvelo ne Sayensi Yomphakathi*. Izindikimba nezihloko zingakhethwa kulezi zifundo ukuhlinzeka isimo esithile ekufundiseni amakhono olimi.

2.3 UKWABIWA KWESIKHATHI

Lokhu kwabiwa kwesikhathi okulandelayo kwezfundo zezilimi kuzoqala ukusebenza ngonyaka wezi-2012. ULimi emfundweni yamabanga aphansi luchazwa ngokwesimo solimi saleso naleso sikole. Izikole zingakhetha ngokwazo ukuthi isikhathi ezsabela uLimi Lwasekhaya kanye noLokuQala LokwEngeza siba sincane noma sibe sinungi ngokwezidingo zabafundi babo. Ubuncane obemukelekile besikhathi soLimi Lwasekhaya nolokuQala LokwEngeza yilobu obufakwe kubakaki ethebulini elingeza:

	ULimi Lwasekhaya	Ulimi IokuQala lokweNgeza
Ibanga R	Amahora ayi- 8(7)	Amahora ama- 3(2)
Ibanga 1	Amahora ayi- 8(7)	Amahora ama-3(2)
Ibanga 2	Amahora ayi- 8(7)	Amahora ama- 3(2)
Ibanga 3	Amahora ayi- 8(7)	Amahora ama- 4(3)

ISIZULU ULIMI LWASEKHAYA AMABANGA R-3

UMnyango awuzinqumeli izikole ukuthi zisihlukanisa kanjani isikhathi esincane ngokwamukelekile ngezingxenye zolimi kナルokho wenza lezi ziphakamiso ezilandelayo ebangeni ngalinye:

IBANGA LOKU - 1 ULIMI LWASEKHAYA		ISIKHATHI NGESONTO
Ukulalela nokukhuluma	Imizuzu eyi-15 ngosuku, izinsuku ezintathu	Imizuzu engama-45
Ukufunda kanye nemisindo	Imisindo: imizuzu eyi -15 ngosuku, izinsuku ezinhlanu ngesonto (ihora nemizuzu eyi-15) Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela: imizuzu eyi-15 ngosuku izinsuku ezintathu (imizuzu enga - 45) Ukufunda ngamaqembu: imizuzu engama- 30 ngosuku (amaqembu amabili, imizuzu eyi-15 iqembu ngalinye), izinsuku ezinhlanu (amahora ama-2 nemizuzu engama-30)	Amahora ama-4 nemizuzu engama - 30
Ukubhala kahle ngesandla	Imizuzu eyi - 15 ngosuku, izinsuku ezine	Ihora elilodwa
Ukubhala	Imizuzu eyi - 15 ngosuku izinsuku ezintathu	Imizuzu engama - 45
	Isamba sesonto	Amahora ayisi - 7

IBANGA LE - 2 ULIMI LWASEKHAYA

Ukulalela nokukhuluma	Imizuzu eyi-15 ngosuku, izinsuku ezintathu	Imizuzu engama - 45
Ukufunda kanye nemisindo	Imisindo: Imizuzu eyi -15 ngosuku, izinsuku ezinhlanu (ihora nemizuzu eyi-15) Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela: imizuzu eyi - 15 ngosuku, izinsuku ezintathu (imizuzu engama - 45) Ukufunda ngamaqembu: imizuzu engama - 30 ngosuku (amaqembu amabili, imizuzu eyi-15 iqembu ngalinye), izinsuku ezinhlanu (amahora ama-2 nemizuzu engama-30)	Amahora ama-4 nemizuzu engama - 30
Ukubhala kahle ngesandla	Imizuzu eyi-15 ngosuku, izinsuku ezintathu	Imizuzu engama- 45
Ukubhala	Imizuzu eyi-15 ngosuku, izinsuku ezine (4)	Ihora elilodwa
	Isamba sesonto	Amahora ayi - 7

IBANGA LE-3 ULIMI LWASEKHAYA

Ukulalela nokukhuluma	Imizuzu eyi-15 ngosuku, izinsuku ezintathu	Imizuzu engama- 45 ngesonto
Ukufunda kanye nemisindo	Imisindo: Imizuzu eyi -15 ngosuku, izinsuku ezintathu (imizuzu engama - 45) Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela: imizuzu engama - 20 ngosuku, izinsuku ezintathu (ihora elilodwa) Ukufunda ngamaqembu imizuzu engama - 30 ngosuku (amaqembu amabili, imizuzu eyi-15 iqembu ngalinye), izinsuku ezinhlanu (amahora ama-2 nemizuzu engama-30)	Amahora ama-4 nemizuzu engama - 30
Ukubhala kahle ngesandla	Imizuzu eyi -15 ngosuku, izinsuku ezintathu	Imizuzu engama - 45
Ukubhala	Imizuzu engama - 20 ngosuku, izinsuku ezintathu	Ihora elilodwa
	Isamba sesonto	Amahora ayi-7

UMnyango awuzinqumeli izikole ukuthi zisihlukanisa kanjani isikhathi esiningi ngokwamukelekile, ngezingxenye zolimi kナルokho wenza lezi ziphakamiso ezilandelayo ebangeni ngalinye:

IBANGA LOKU - 1 ULIMI LWASEKHAYA		ISIKATHI NGESONTO
Ukulalela nokukhuluma	Imizuzu eyi15 ngosuku, izinsuku ezine	Ihora elilodwa
Ukufunda kanye nemisindo	Imisindo: Imizuzu eyi -15 ngosuku, izinsuku ezinhlanu (ihora nemizuzu eyi-15), Ukufunda/ukubhala ngokuhlanganyela: imizuzu eyi-15 ngosuku izinsuku ezunhlanu (ihora nemizuzu eyi-15), Ukufunda ngamaqembu: imizuzu enga-30 ngosuku (amaqembu amabili, imizuzu eyi-15 iqembu ngalinye), izinsuku ezinhlanu (amahora ama-2 nemizuzu engama-30)	Amahora ama-5
Ukubhala kahle ngesandla	Imizuzu eyi - 15 ngosuku, izinsuku ezine	Ihora elilodwa
Ukubhala	Imizuzu engama-20 ngosuku izinsuku ezintathu	Ihora elilodwa
	Isamba sesonto	Amahora ayisi-8

IBANGA LE - 2 ULIMI LWASEKHAYA

Ukulalela nokukhuluma	Imizuzu eyi-15 ngosuku, izinsuku ezine	Ihora elilodwa
Ukufunda kanye nemisindo	Imisindo: Imizuzu eyi -15 ngosuku, izinsuku ezinhlanu (ihora nemizuzu eyi-15) Ukufunda/ukubhala ngokuhlanganyela: imizuzu eyi - 15 ngosuku, izinsuku ezinhlanu (ihora nemizuzu eyi-15) Ukufunda ngamaqembu: imizuzu engama - 30 ngosuku (amaqembu amabili, imizuzu eyi-15 iqembu ngalinye), izinsuku ezinhlanu (amahora ama-2 nemizuzu engama-30)	Amahora ama - 5
Ukubhala kahle ngesandla	Imizuzu eyi-15 ngosuku, izinsuku ezine	Ihora elilodwa
Ukubhala	Imizuzu engama-20 ngosuku, izinsuku ezintathu (3)	Ihora elilodwa
	Isamba sesonto	Amahora ayisi - 8

IBANGA LESI-3 ULIMI LWASEKHAYA

Ukulalela nokukhuluma	Imizuzu eyi-15 ngosuku, izinsuku ezine	Ihora elilodwa
Ukufunda kanye nemisindo	Imisindo: Imizuzu eyi -15 ngosuku, izinsuku ezinhlanu (ihora nemizuzu eyi - 15) Ukufunda/ukubhala ngokuhlanganyela: imizuzu eyi-15 ngosuku, izinsuku ezinhlanu (ihora nemizuzu eyi-15) Ukufunda ngamaqembu: imizuzu engama - 30 ngosuku (amaqembu amabili, imizuzu eyi-15 iqembu ngalinye), izinsuku ezinhlanu (amahora ama-2 nemizuzu engama-30)	Amahora ama - 5
Ukubhala kahle ngesandla	Imizuzu eyi-15 ngosuku, izinsuku ezine	Ihora elilodwa
Ukubhala	Imizuzu engama - 20 ngosuku, izinsuku ezintathu	Ihora elilodwa
	Isamba sesonto	Amahora ayisi- 8

2.4 UKUHLOLA

INqubomgomo yesiTatimende soHlelo lokuFunda nokuHlola inikeza okudingekayo ngokwemiSebenzi yokuHlola okumiselwe

IBANGA	ISIFUNDO	ITHEMU YOKU-1	ITHEMU YESI-2	ITHEMU YESI-3	ITHEMU YESI-4	ISAMBA
1	Ulimi IwaseKhaya	1	2	2	2	7
2	Ulimi IwaseKhaya	1	2	2	2	7
3	Ulimi IwaseKhaya	1	3	3	2	9

Kwithemu yokuqala uwodwa kuphela uMsebenzi wokuHlola ohleliwe (owenziwe izingxene ezahlukene zoLimi), kusukela ebangeni loku-1 kuya kwelesi-3. Izikole ziyagqugquzelwa ukuthi eBangeni lokuqala abafundi babhale ukuhlola kokuqala ekuqaleni kwethemu yokuqala. Kubuye kunikwe iziphakamiso zemisebenzi yokuhlola engahleliwe okuzokwakha isisekelo sokufunda nokufundiswa kwansuku zonke kodwa akumele kubhalwe ngokuhlelekile.

2.5 UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA

Abafundi bathuthukisa amakhono abo okulalela nokukhuluma kungabi ngesikhathi sokufunda izingxene zolimi nje kuphela, kepha nangesikhathi sokufunda ezinye izifundo. Ngokuba ukulalela nokukhuluma kubalulekile ekufundeni, kumqoka kakhulu ukuthi la makhono asheshe athuthukiswe empilweni yemfundo yomfundi. Yingakho nje emfundweni yamabanga aphansi kunesikhathi esibekelwe ukuthuthukisa la makhono.

Isikhathi esibekelwe izifundo zokuLalela nokuKhuluma sinikeza lokhu: (1) isikhathi esichithwa ekuqaleni kosuku

(2) kanye nesikhathi semisebenzi ebhekene ngqo nokulalela nokukhuluma.

2.5.1 Umsebenzi wokukhuluma ekuqaleni kosuku

Usuku ngalunye kufanele luqale ngengxoxo emfushane, ehlanganisa bonke abafundi ekilasini. Sebenzisa lesi sikhathi uku:

- Xoxa ngosuku, ngelanga, ishadi lesimo sezulu, ngezinsuku zokuzalwa zabafundi, kanye nganoma yiziphi izehlakalo ezibalulekile ngalolo suku.
- Bheka indlela abafundi abeza ngayo esikoleni: ngokubabiza ngamunye ukuze uzobona abakhona nabangekho.
- Lalela izindaba ezethulwa ngabafundi abambalwa, yenza isifundo ‘yisho ube ukhomba’, xoxa ngedayari, ngezemidlalo ,ngemicimbi, xoxa ngezihlokvana zezehlakalo kanye nezindaba. Zama ukulalela izindaba ezethulwa umfundi ngamunye okungenani kanye emasontweni amabili.

2.5.2 Imisebenzi okugxilwa kuyo

Ezingeni leMfundo yamaBanga aphansi, kufanele kuthuthukiswe kakhulu amakhono okulalela kanye nokukhuluma. Isikhathi esibekelwe imisebenzi yokuthuthukisa amakhono okukhuluma nokulalela kufanele sibe izifundo ezimbili ngesonto. Umqulu wohlelo lukufunda kanye nelokuhlola (CAPS) usinika (1), amakhono okukhuluma nokulalela ansukuzonke nangenziwa njalo ngesonto, kanye (2) nohlu lwezinto ezisemqoka emakhonweni okulalela nawokukhuluma. Lokhu kuhlukaniswa komsebenzi kusiza uthisha ukuthi ahlele izifundo zakhe ukuze izihlokvana zezifundo zokulalela kanye nokukhuluma zibheke ngqo ekuthuthukiseni amakhono amabili kuya kwamathathu akhethekile ngesikhathi. Lemisebenzi ehleliwe kufanele ididiyelwe nemisebenzi

esamdlalo eyingxene yezifundo zoBuciko Bokuzenzela obuyingxene baMakhono Empilo.

2.6 ISIKHATHI ESIBEKELWE UKUFUNDA NOKUBHALA

Emabangeni 1-3, ukuFunda kanye nokuBhala kwenzeka *esikhathini esibekelwe ukuFunda kanye nokuBhala*. Kulapha-ke lapho kufanele kucoshelelwe ukuthi kwethulwa izifundo eziqequesha abafundi ukufunda nokubhala kahle. Kuzo zonke izinsuku makube nesikhathi esibekelwe ngqo izifundo zokufunda (ezididiyela indlela yokufunda ngokuhlanganyela, ukufunda ngokusizwa emaqenjini, ukufunda ngababili, nangokuzimela kanye nemisindo) kanye nokubhala (ukubhala ngokuhlanganyela, ukubhala ngamaqembu, ukubhala ngokuzimela, ukusetshenziswa kolimi kanye nesibizelo). Ngalesi sikhathi uthisha uholo iqembu lifunda. Lokhu ukwenza namaqembu amabili ngelanga, ngenkathi abanye abafundi begxile emisebenzini yokubukeza enjengesifundo sokuqondisa, imisindo, isibizelo, ukusetshenziswa kolimi kanye nokubhala. Ukufunda ngababili nangokuzimela kungenzeka ngesikhathi esisodwa.

I-NQUBOMGOMO YESITATIMENDE SOHLELO LOKUFUNDA NOKUHLOLA EMAZINGENI EMFUNDU APHANSI IHLUKANISE IZIDINGO ZOKUFUNDA KANJE:

- Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela (kufaka nokubhala ngokuhlanganyela)
- Ukufunda ngamaqembu okuholwa uthisha
- Ukufunda ngababili nangokuzimela
- Imisindo (kufaka ulwazi lwemisindo)

2.6.1 Ufunda Ngokuhlanganyela

Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela (kanye/noma nokubhala ngokuhlanganyela) kujwayele ukwenzeka emizuzwini yokuqala eyi-15 esikhathini esibekelwe ngqo ukufunda kanye nokubhala. Uthisha usebenza nabafundi bonke kanyekanye. Ukufunda nezithombe noma umshinini obonisa izithombe noma okubhaliwe odongeni, imibhalo engelona iqiniso naleyo eyiqiniso yomfundi ngamunye. Nakuba kuyincwadi eyodwa esetshenziswa ngesonto kodwa incwadi ekhethelwe ibanga nebanga izokhula ngokwenani lamakhasi nangokujya ngokuhamba konyaka kanye nokwehlukana kwamabanga. Lokhu kuzofundisa abafundi ngohla lwezindaba, izinkondlo, imilolozelo kanye nemidlalo kubandakanya nolwazi oluthile kanye nemibhalo yemidwebo.

Isifundo ngasinye sokufunda ngokuhlanganyela sizoqondana nalokhu okulandelayo: ulwazi lwemibhalo, izimpawu zemibhalo, imisindo, ukusetshenziswa kolimi, amaqhingga okubona amagama kanye nokuqondisa kumazinga ahlukene (isib. ngokusobala, ukuhlela kabusha, ukufinyelela ekuqonden, isivivinyo kanye nemibuzo esakuncoma).

Isifundo sokuqala sizobhekiswa ekuzifundeleni nje abafundi bebeka imibono yabo ngombhalo. Esifundweni esilandelayo kusazosetshenziswa yona leyo ndaba ebisetshenzisiwe kodwa manje sekuzogxilwa ekufundeni lapho uthisha ebaxoxisa ngenhloso yokuthuthukisa ulwazi magama, ukufunda ngokuqondisa, ikhono lokuchazwa kwamagama, nemithetho yokubhala indaba (ukusetshenziswa kolimi, izimpawu zokubhala njll.) Ngosuku lwesthathu noma mhlawumbe nangolwesine abafundi bazozifundela bodwa indaba bese bexoxa ngayo, benze nangokubonisa ukuthi ikhulumna ngani, babhale nemisebenzi ebhalwayo ephathelene nendaba efundiwe. Eminye imibhalo ingasetshenziswa ngosuku olulodwa noma ezimbili ikakhulu eBangeni lesi-2 neBanga lesi-3.

2.6.2 Ukubhala Ngokuhlanganyela

Uma kungenzeka ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela kumele kulandelwe ukubhala ngokuhlanganyela lapho uthisha ezobonisa khona ukuthi ibhalwa kanjani indaba. Abafundi bazohlanganisa imibono ezosiza ekwakheni indaba kuthike uthisha yena abambe iqhaza lokuba umbhali wemibono kanye nomgqugquzel wokusungulwa kwendaba entsha. Incwadi yokufunda ngokuhlanganyela ingasetshenziswa ukunika izibonelo zokusetshenziswa kolimi, ukukhethwa kwamagama azoba izibizelo noma ezinye izakhiwo zokulungiselela indaba ezingaba usizo ekubhalweni kwendaba entsha. Lo mzamo wokulingisa ukubhala usiza ekulolongeni ukuzibhalela ngokwabo. Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela kanye nokubhala ngokuhlanganyela kumele kwenzeke emabangeni 1-3.

2.6.3 Ukufunda Ngokusizwa Nangokuholwa Emaqenjini

Leli qhinga lokufundisa amaqembu anekhono elifanayo lapho wonke amaqembu efunda indaba eyodwa ngokulayelwa nguthisha. Kumele kufundwe ngale ndlela nsukuzonke. Esikhathini sokusiza ekufundeni uthisha usebenza namaqembu anabafundi abayisithupha kuya eshumini. Uthisha uhlela izifundo ezixube amaqhinga ehlukene okuhlakaza amagama abafundi abayokwazi ukuzisebenzisa lapho behlangabezana nezingqinamba emibhalweni. Ukuxoxa ngendaba phakathi kukathisha nabafundi (nabafundi bebobwa) kubaluleke kakhulu kule ndlela yokufunda. Ngesikhathi sokusiza emaqenjini uthisha akufanele aphazanyiswe ngabanye abafundi abenza eminye imisebenzi ngokwabo. Isikhathi sokufunda ngamaqembu kufanele sibephakathi kwemizuzu eyishumi kuya kweyishumi nanhlanu ubude. Ngelanga kufanele kufunde amaqembu amabili afundele uthisha (okungenani isigamu sehora ngosuku sekukonke).

2.6.4 Ukwakhiwa Kwamaqembu Ngokwamakhono

Imibhalo ikhethwa ngezinga lokufunda leqembu ngalinye. Indlela elula yokuhluhanisa abafundi ngamaqembu nangamazinga okufunda abakuwo, ukuba ubabheke lapho befunda imibhalo.

Nalu uhlui lwezimpawu ezibhekwayo ezisizayo ukwehlukanisa abafundi ngamaqembu nangamazinga abo okufunda ukulungiselela isikhathi sokufunda emaqenjini.

- Indaba efundwayo mayizwakale uma beyifunda kodwa futhi maybe nazo izinselelo ezimbalwa koyifundayo, okungaba sezingeni lokwazi izincazelo zamagama noma ezingeni lokufunda ngokuqondisa. Umfundi kumele abone futhi asheshe akwazi ukuhluhanisa amagama futhi akwazi ukuthola umyalezo wamagama aphakathi kwama 90% ukuya ema95%. Bonke kumele bashiyane ngokuqedo indatshana abayikhethelwe ukuyifunda okungenani ngomzuzu owodwa,
- Kumele bafunde kahle ngokugeleza futhi babonise ukuyizwa into abayifundayo,
- Indaba kumele ibahehe abafundi,
- Akumele bafunde ngokukhomba ngomunwe,
- Kumele bafunde bethule.

IZINYATHELO ZESIFUNDO SOKUFUNDA NGOKUSIZWA EMAQENJINI:

(i) Khetha umbhalo ofanelekile:

Izincwadi zokufunda ezssemazingeni angafani yizona okumele zisetshenziswe kakhulu ekufundeni ngamaqembu. Kumele zibesezingeni eliphansi kunezincwadi zokufunda ngokuhlanganyela. Uthisha kumele ayifunde yena kuqala incwadi, abheke isimo sayo nokwakheka kwamagama amasha angaba nenselelo kubafundi. Lokhu kuzosiza uthisha ukuthola izinto okumele aziqaphele uma esefundisa.

(ii) Isingeniso:

Yethula uhlobo lwencwadi noma isihloko sendaba ezosetshenziswa ngaleso sihloko. Siza abafundi ukuthi baxhumanise isihloko sendaba nezinto asebeke bahlangabezana nazo ezimpilweni zabo. Yenza lokhu kuxoxa kulungele ukuthi abafundi bafunde ngempumelelo (imizuzu emibili kuya kwemithathu).

(iii) Ukuxoxa ngezithombe:

Ekusebenzeni nabafundi abasebancane uthisha angaxoxa kafushane ngemidwebo esencwadini, noma ngesihloko sayo, akhombe imininingwane esemqoka abuze nemibuzo ngokungase kwenzeke endaben. Nabafundi abadala bafundise ukufunda badlulise amehlo encwadini babhekisise, izihloko zezahluko kanye nokunye okupathelene nokuhlelwa kwendaba, (Isib. uhlu lokuqukethwe incwadi, izihlokwana zendaba) encwadini. Lapho kunamagama amasha noma anzima endaben. uthisha kufanele awethule kuqala lawo magama ngaphambi kokuba abafundi bazifundele ngokwabo indaba. Lokhu kufanele kuthathe imizuzu emibili kuya kwemithathu.

(iv) Ukufunda okokuqala:

Abafundi bazifundela indaba ngabodwana. Laba abasanda kukwazi ukufunda bazofunda ngokuzwakalayo noma bahlebe kanti laba asebenolwazi olukhulu ngokufunda bazofunda bethule kuze kube uthisha obacelayo ukuba bafunde kakhulu. Uthisha uyakubhekisa ukwenza kwabafundi ngenkathi befunda bese ethatha isikhathi esengeziwe esikhathini sokufunda akhulume ngakubonile. Uthisha uya kumfundu ngamunye alalele lapho efunda kakhulu ingxenyen encane yendaba. Uthisha kulesi sigaba wenza abafundi bacabange bajule ngendaba abayifundayo njengokuthi nje, isibonelo:

- Ulindele ukufunda ngani kule ncwadi?
- Ngabe lokhu kunomqondo kuwe na?
- Wenze kahle! Wazilungisela wena iphutha. Kunomqondo omuhle lokho.
- Yini ezwakala kahle kulo musho?
- Bheka imidwebo.
- Kungenzeka, kodwa phinda ubheke egameni lokuqala.

(v) Ingxoxo:

Uma esigaben Sokuxoxa ngezithombe kade kunemibuzo ephakanyisiwe, buyelani kuleyo mibuzo bese nioxo ngezimpendulo. Ingxoxo ingafaka ukubhekisiswa kwemisindo, isifundo sokuqondisa noma ukusetshenziswa kolimi. Xoxani ngendaba nibe nibeke emqondweni imibuzo ethile eningathi uma niyihlanganisa lapho senixoxa ithuthukise ukuqonda kwenu indaba.

(vi) Ukufunda kwesibili nokulandelayo

Ngezinsuku ezilandelayo abafundi baphinda bafunde indaba okungaba ngababili noma ngokuzimela ngayedwa. Into ebhekiwe kulesi sigaba ukufunda ngendlela eyiyo nokuthi umfundu akwazi ukusebenzisa indaba ukwandisa ulwazimagama lolimi, nokucabanga ajule ngendaba. Shintsha indlela owenza ngayo Isib. abanye bazofunda inkulumo yomlingiswa, noma bafunde bashintshisane ukufunda ikhasi noma isiqeshana sendaba. Abadala, asebenolwazi olukhulu ekufundeni bangazikhethela isiqeshana esithile bazifundele sona.

UKUFUNDA NGABABILI NOKUFUNDA NGOKUZIMELA:

Ukufunda ngababili nokufunda ngokuzimela kusiza abafundi ukuba bajwayele ukufunda futhi kukhuthaza ukufundela ukuzithokozisa.

Abafundi bangafunda bephindelela izincwadi zabo zokufunda ekilasini, noma ezokufunda emaqenjini, ezhlekisayo noma ezokwengeza. Indaba kumele ibe sezingeni eliphansi kunaleyo esetshenziswa ekufundeni ngokuhlanganyela kanye nokufunda egumbini lokufunda. Ukufunda ngababili kungenzeka noma inini noma kuphi njengomsebenzi wokufunda wekilasi. Abafundi bangahlala ngababili ngaphakathi noma ngaphandle kwegumbi lokufundela bese-ke befunda ndawonye noma abafundi ababili asebeqedile umsebenzi wabo bangafunda ndawonye ngesikhathi abanye beqedela umsebenzi wabo.

Uma abafundi befunda izincwadi ngokwabo bathuthuka ekufundeni ngokugeleza, uma izincwadi abazisebenzisayo zilula ukuthi bazifunde ngaphandle kokusizwa. Izincwadi ezimfushane, ezilula ezinemibhalo elandelekayo futhi zinemidwebo enombala yizo ezifanele. Lokufunda kwasekhaya kufanele kufake ukufunda ngokuphindelela izincwadi ezifundwa egenjini noma ukufunda izincwadi ezhlekisayo. Loku kufunda okwengeziwe njalo zonke izinsuku, kusemqoka kakhulu ekufundeni ukufunda.

IZINGXENYE EZINHLANU ZOKUFUNDISA UKUFUNDA:

Ongoti abanangi kwezokufunda bavumelana ngokuthi zinhlanu izingxenye ezibalulekile ekufundiseni ukufunda.

- Ulwazi lwemisindo
- Ukukwazi ukubona igama (amagama abonwa njalo nemisindo)
- Ukufunda ngokuqondisisa
- Ulwazimagama
- Ukufunda ngokugeleza

Zonke lezi zingxenye zokufundisa ukufunda kumele zifundiswe kahle futhi zisetshenziswe zonke izinsuku lapho kufundwa.

ULWAZI LWEIMISINDO;

Ulwazi lwemisindo ukukwazi ukubona ukuthi inkulomo yakhiwe uchungechunge lwemisindo kanye nokukwazi ukubona leyo misindo ngaminye, nokuthi iwakha kanjani amagama nalawo magama ayakha kanjani imisho. Ukuthuthukiswa kolwazi lwemisindo kumele kuqale ngasekuqaleni kwebanga lokuqala.

Indlela yokufundisa ulwazi lwemisindo ingafaka:

- Imisebenzi egxile emagameni ezwakala efana
- Imisebenzi egxile emalungeni ahlangene
- Imisebenzi egxile ekwakhiweni kwamagama
- Imisebenzi yokuqondanisa: Qaphela ukuthi iyafana yini imisindo esekuqaleni kwamagama.
- Imisebenzi yokuhlukanisa: Uzwa muphi umsindo kuqala uma usho igama?

- Imisebenzi yokumela izinhlamvu zamagama: Iliphi igama ongalithola uma uma ukhipha u-tho kwigama isitho ufaka u-fo? (isifo)
- Imisebenzi yokuhlanganisa imisindo: Iliphi igama ongalithola uma uhlanganisa le misindo:
 - b / a / b / a
 - kh / i / ph / a
 - i / si / khwa / ma
- Imisebenzi yokuhlukanisa: Isho izingxenye ozizwa uma usho leli gama
 - i / si / tho
 - i / s / i / t / h / o
- Imisebenzi yokususa imisindo:
 - Isho igama baba ushiye umsindo b- osekualeni
 - Isho igama bulala ushiye uhlamvu bu-
 - Isho igama indizamshini ushiye indiza-

Lena imisebenzi esiza ukukhulisa amakhono ayisisekelo njengo kulalela ihlanganisa imidlalo yokulalela, imilolozelo, imidlalo ephindaphinda amagama kanye nemidlalo enamagama aqalangokufana..

IMISINDO

Lokhu kusho ukuphimiswa kwemisindo eyakha amagama kanye nezinhlamvu ezimele le misindo. Yisikhali esisemqoka kakhulu lesi ekufundeni kanye nasekubhaleni.

Kunezinhlelo eziningi ezahlukene zokufundisa imisindo. Izikole zingakhetha uhlelo oluzokweseka ngokusobala nangokuhleleka ukufundiswa kwemisindo kuwo wonke amabanga esikole. Izikole kumele zilusebenzise ngokwethembeka uhlelo ezsuke sezilukhethile. Uhlelo oluvela kulo mqlu lokungenisa isifundo semisindo lufakwe njengesiboneko nje. Uma uhlelo lokuthula umsindo linokulandelana okwehlukile, izinyathelo zalo. Kodwa-ke izinga lokwethula imisindo kufanele lifane nalelo elivela kulo mqlu.

Imisindo nokubhala ngesandla kufanele kuxhumane njengoba ukufundiswa kwemisindo nokubhalwa kwayo kuhambisana. Fundisa imisindo evame ukusetshenziswa njalo ebangeni loku-1. Khumbula ukuthi ukwakhiwa kohlamvu, njengokuthi kungakusiza ukufundisa ukubhalwa kohlamvu u-b ngaphambi kokufundisa uhlamvu u-h okungenani kufundiswe imisindo eyisi - 8 ekupheleni kwethemu yokuqala bese kuthi esele yensiwe yonke ukuphela kwethemu lesibili. Abanye ongwaqa nokamisa bangethulwa kumathemu okugcina ebangeni loku-1. Hlala ubukeza ukwakha nokuhlakaza amagama.

Ebangeni lesibili nelesithathu ukuhlanganisa kongwaqa nonkamisa kungafundiswa kuqhutshewa kuye ngokuqina njengoba namabanga eqhubeka. Ukufundiswa kwemisindo kumele kufundiswe kuxhumane nohlelo lokufunda ngokuhlanganyela.

Ngesikhathi abafundi befunda uhlelo lomsindo nezimpawu olufundiswayo, kufanele bagqugquzelwe ukusebenzisa izindlela zabo zokubhala amagama (isibizelo) kuze kufike isikhathi lapho sebefundile umthetho wokubhala amagama. Abafundi abasebenzisa izindlela zabo ukubhala amagama noma isibizelo bavama ukubangcono kinalabo

abangejwayele. Zama ukufundisa abafundi ukubhala ngokucophelela belandela ulwazi lwemisimdo lapho umsindo ngamunye egameni umelwe ngokubhala.

Isibizelo sisondelene kakhulu nemisindo nohlelo lwasibizelo kufanele lususelwe emisindweni efundiswa ngalelo sonto. Ngenkathi ukufundiswa kwesibizelo kungahleliwe ebangeni loku-1 nelesi -2, ebangeni lesi-3 kufanele babe nohlelo oluhlelekile olulandelwayo lwasipelingi okuhambisana nesibizelo samagama okuhlola. Nokho-ke isibizelo esihle kudingeka ukuthi sivele kuzo zonke izincwadi zabafundi zomsebenzi obhaliwe, hhayi nje kuphela ezincwadini zesibizelo.

UKUBONA IGAMA

Amagama esiwabona njalo, (kubona bese usho) enza umfundu akwazi ukubona igama ngalinye ngokuthi alisebenzise ngokulibiza ephindelela. Amagama assetshenziswa embhalweni ayafundeka ngale ndlela.

Sebenzisa ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela kanye nokufunda ngokusizwa emaqenjini ukubonisa izindlela zeminwe emihlanu lapho umunwe ngamunye umele indlela umfundu angayisebenzisa ngobuciko ukufunda igama angalazi kanye nencazelo yalo.

- Isithupha: yeka igama bese ufunda kuze kufike ekugcineni komusho
- Umunwe wokuqala: Buka isithombe
- Umunwe wesibili: bheka igama ubheke ukuthi uyazazi yini izingxenye zalo
- Umunwe wesithathu: Phimisa igama
- Umunwe wesine: Cela usizo bakulekelele ekufundeni igama noma ekuliqondeni ukuthi lisho ukuthini.

Qala ufundise abafundi ngale ndlela uma behlangana namagama abangawazi.

Ukufunda ngokuqondiswa:

Ngesikhathi sesifundo sokufunda uthisha unamathuba amaningi angawasebenzisa ukufaka abafundi emazingeni amaningi okucabanga kanye nawokubuza.

Nazi izindlela ezimbalwa zokuqalisa imibuzo engathuthukisa izindlela zokuqondiswa namakhono, ekubuzeni imimbuzo esezingeni eliphansi naleyo esezingeni eliphezulu.

Ukuqondiswa nje

- Khetha(Isib. Khetha umlingiswa omqoka endaben)
- Khomba(Isib. Khomba imoto eyayishayelwa isigebengu)
- Funda noma caphuna lowo musho..... (Isib. Funda umusho ositshela ukuthi ugogo akaphathekile kahle)
- Chaza (Isib. Chaza ngobubi ubutholakala endaben)
- Thola.....(Isib. Thola igama lencwadi ayeyifunda.)
- Khombisa..... (Isib.Ngikhombise ingxenye yendaba oyithandile.)
- Veza (Isib. veza ukuthi yayenzeka kuphi indaba)

- Shono/yisho(Isib. shono indawo ababeya kuyo endaben)

Ukuhlela kabusha

- Qhathanisa.....(Isib. Qhathanisa izelamani zamantombazane. Yini umehluko phakathi kwala mantombazana amabili)
- Bhala uhla(Isib. Bhala uhla lwezindawo umkhulu azivakashela)
- Hlukanisa.....(Isib. hlukanisa phakathi kwendawo ababehlala kuyo nekhaya labo elisha)
- Hlukanisakube.....(Isib. Hlukanisa izilwane ezahlukene endabeni zibe amaqoqo amabili, lezo ezaziyithanda intombazana nalezo ebezifuna ukudla intombazana)
- Hlela(Isib. Hlela ngamaqembu izilwane ezi sendaben)
- Fingqa(Fingqa indaba ingeqi emishweni emine)
- Ihluke kanjani(Isib. Ivila ihluke ngani kunesikhuthali)

Indlela yokuphetha

- Zenzise(Isib. Zenze iqhawe. Wena wawuzokwenzenjani?)
- Ake sithi(Isib. Ake sithi umgcini zilwane washiya umnyango uvulekile. Kwakuzokwenzekani)
- Kungenzeka yini.....(isib. Kungenzeka yini ukuthi indoda ifinyelele osebeni lomfula ngenye indlela?)
- Isici esicabangisayo..... (Isib. Kwenzekani ngenxa yaleso sinqumo)
- Kungenzekani uma(isib. Kwakuzokwenzekani ukuba ubaba wakhe waya kobona umalume wakhe?)
- Kunamphumela muni.....(isib. Izenzo zakhe zabanamphumela muni?)

Ukuhlola

- Kwakufanele yini.....(Isib. Kwakufanele yini ukuba ugogo amxoxele indaba?)
- Ngowakho umbono.....(Isib. Ngowakho umbono kwakumele yini umfana aziphathe ngale ndlela?)
- Uyavumelana yini..... (Isib. Uyavumelana yini ukuthi ukushiya ikhaya yisinqumo esihle?)
- Wawungakwenza yini.....(isib. Wawungakwenza yini nawe okufuze lokhu ukube wawusesimweni esifanayo?)
- Kuhle/kulungile na.....(Isib. Ingabe kulungile yini ukuthi umalume amxoshe endlini ngoba entshontshe isinkwa?)
- Yini echaza kahle.....(Isib. Yini echaze kahle umlingiswa osemqoka endaben)

Ukuncoma/ukutusa

- Ucabangani uma..... (Isib. Ucabanga ukuthi kwakuzokwenzekani uma ibhubesi livula umlomo walo?)
- Ingabe igama/umusho ulichaza kahle..... (Isib. Ingabe leli gama lichaza kahle ishinga?)
- Kukhona yini umuntu omaziyo ofana....(isib. Ukhona yini umuntu omaziyo oziphathisa okukadadewabo?)
- Kungani wawuthanda/wawungathandi(Isib. Kungani wawungamthandi umalume wakhe?)

Sebenzisa ingqikithi yokuhlakanipha yabo ukubafundisa abafundi ukuziqaphela lapho befunda ukubona igama kanye nasekufundi ngokuqondiswa. Abafundi mabafundiswe ukubuza: Ngabe kuzwakala kahle? Ngabe kubukeka kahle? Kuyawenza umqondo? Bonisa lezi zindlela zokubuza ekufundi ngokuhlanganyela bese uyakusebenzisa ekusizeni ngamaqoqo.

Ukufunda ngokugeleza:

Ukufunda ngokugeleza kusho lokhu okulandelayo:

- Ukucophelela ukwenza umqondo kokufundayo: ukukwazi ukukhomba ngokuyikho amagama amanangi.
- Izinga noma isivinini sokufunda amagama: ukuwafunda amagama ngokushesha ngokuzimisela nangokukhuleka
- Ukufunda ngokugeleza nokusebenzisa ulimi olunothile nolufanele.
- Ukuqondiswa into oyifundayo

Ukufunda ngokugeleza kungathuthukiswa ngokufundiswa kwamakhono okufundisa ukufunda ukuze wazi incazeloyegama ubuye wazi ukulikhomba, ngokukhetha imibhalo elula, ngokuthola izindaba ezijabulisayo, ngokufunda ngokuphindelila izincwadi wandise nenani lezincwadi ozifundayo lungathuthuka ulwazi lwakho lokufunda kahle.

Uthisha ufunda kuzwakale:

Ingxenye yokugcina nebalulekile yohlelo lokufunda oluphelele, ukufunda kukathisha kuzwakale. Lokhu kuthuthukisa amakhono olimi amanangi (nalawo okufunda) esimweni esifanele kanti kuyingxenye yokuthuthukisa ulimi. Ukufunda kukathisha kuzwakale kungenza abafundi babenothando lokufunda nesineke sezindatshana.

Ulwazi oluningi oluphathelene nokufundisa ukufunda ungaluthola encwadini yaseMnyangweni wezemfundo ethi; "Teaching Reading in the Early Grades (2008)".

2.7 UKUBHALA

Abafundi baqala ukubhala ebangeni lokuqala ngokusebenzisa izithombe kodwa uma bethola amakhono okwakha izinhlamvu babe sebeqala ukukopisha amagama ahamba ngawodwa, imisho kanye nezithombe. Phakathi nonyaka ebangeni lokuqala abafundi kumele babe sebekwazi ukuzibhalela izihlokwana ngezithombe zabo futhi bakhe noma nje umusho owodwa ngesithombe ngasinye. Basize abafundi, ubanike imisebenzi abazoyenza kodwa-ke ubaphe isiqalo somusho Isib. "Ngifuna" Nika umfundsi ngamunye incwadi yokubhalela eyi -A5 azoyisebenzisa njengesichazamazwi sakhe. Nika abafundi imisebenzi lapho bezogedela imisho ngokufaka igama. Banike futhi imisebenzi lapho bezobuzwa imibuzzo elula bese bona bephendula ngo Yebo noma Cha noma-ke ngegama elilodwa.

Imisebenzi yokubhala ngokuhlanganyela mayibonise abafundi indlela eyiyo yokubhala ukuze babe nokuqonda ukuthi izinhlamvu zilakha kanjani igama, ukuthi amagama ahlukene awakha kanjani umusho, ukubaluleka kokushiya isikhala phakathi kwamagama kanye nezimpawu zokukhanyisa. Ngesikhathi sokubhala ngokuhlanganyela abafundi bathola ukuthuthuka nokwandisa ulwazi lwabo lwamagama bese bebona ukuthi imisho ingathuthukiswa ngokusebenzia isichasiso kanye nesandiso. Uma ikhono lokubhala labafundi selithuthukile sebekwazi ukubhala imisho yabo, yethula ukubhala isigaba.

Lo mqulu usebenzia indlela yokubhala encike ekuthini ukufunda kuthatha isikhathi. Le ndlela imayelana nokwenza izingane zenze umbhalo wokuqala, ukubhala kwesibili, ukubhekisisa umbhalo, nokwethula umbhalo kwabanye ukuthi bawufunde. Abafundi abasemazingeni aphansi bangeke babuye bawubhale umsebenzi wabo kodwa bangamane badwebe umugqa phezulu kwamagama abangawadingi bese befaka amagama amasha lapho edingeka khona.

UKUBHALA KAHLE NGESANDLA

IsiTatimende seNqubomgomso soHlelo lokuFunda nokuHlola isinika indlela yokufundisa ikhono lokubhala ngesandla ngesikhathi esifushane amabangeni ahlukene cishe imizuzu eyi -15 ngosuku.

Uhlelo lokulungiselela ukubhala

Ngaphambi kokuba uqale ukufundisa ukubhala kahle ngesandla ngokuhlelekile ebangi loku-1, abafundi kufanele balandele uhlelo lokufunda ukubhala kokuqala ukuthuthukisa ukukwazi ukubona okuhlukile, ukunyakazisa imisipha emincane nemikhulu, nokuxhumana kweso nesandla, nokunye. Badinga ukufundiswa indlela eyiyo yokubamba ipeni, ukwakha izinhlamvu, lapho uqala khona ukubhala, ubungako lamagama, izimo ezahlukene, indlela yokuhambisa isandla, ukubhalwa kwezinhlamu nokufakwa kwayo ngendlela efanele phakathi kwemigqa. Ngokuhamba kwesikhathi, khombisa abafundi ukubhala ngendlela eyiyo kanye nokushiya izikhala phakathi kwemigqa. Ukuhlala ngendlela eyiyo nxa ubhala nakho kusemqoka. Abafundi abasebancane bathola ubunzima uma bekopisha ebhodini njengoba amehlo abo edinga isikhathi ukubona ebhodini babuye babuke ephepheni eliphambi kwabo. Kanti futhi ukubona kwabo kungenzeka ukuba akukathuthuki kahle futhi nekhono lokukhumbula abakubonile alikathuthuki kahle. Kuyasiza ukunika abafundi bebangi loku-1 kuya kwelesi-3 imicwi yamashadi enezinhlamvu ezibhaliwe ukuze babukele kuyo ngasikhathi sokufunda ukubhala ngesandla.

Ukuqhube kisa ukubhala ngokuxhumanisa noma ngokuhlanganisa

Ngasekupheleni konyaka ebangi lokuqala abafundi kumele babe sebekwazi ukubhala kahle izinhlamvu ezincane kanye nofeleba. Bakwazi ukukopisha imisho esuselwa ebhodini noma emicwini yamashadi. Ebangi lesibili izinga lokusheshisa ukubhala labafundi likhula kakhulu, futhi yikuleli banga lapho izikole eziningi eziqalisa khona ukufundisa ukubhala ngokuhlanganisa. Ukuzikhethela kuba sesikoleni noma isifunda ukuthi ukubhala ngokuhlanganisa kungaba sekupheleni kwebanga lesibili noma ekuqaleni konyaka ebangi lesithathu. Kodwa kufanele abafundi babe sebebhala ngokuhlanganisa ekupheleni kwebanga lesithathu. Abafundi abanigi bashintshela ekubhaleni ngokuhlanganisa ngesigamu sokuqala sonyaka ebangi lesithathu.

Izinto zokusebenza

Ebangeni lokuqala abafundi baqala ngokubhalela emaphepheni angadwetshiwe imigqa babbale ngamakhrayoni. Ngokuya kwesikhathi babe sebebhalela emiggeni eyi -17mm, besebenzia imisizi (ipensela) kulapho-ke sebezofundiswa khona ngokusemthethweni izifundo zokubhala. Ezinye-ke izikole zona zikhetha ukubhalela encwadini eyi-jotha enimigqa. Yonke imisebenzi ebhalwayo ngisho nasebangeni lesibili. Ebangi lesithathu-ke abafundi babe sebeshintshela ekusebenziseni izincwadi zokubhalela ezinemigqa engu 8.5 mm. Isikhathi ongathula ngaso lezinguquko siya ngokwezinga labafundi kanye nenqubo yesikole.

Izingqinamba ekufundeni

Isikhathi sokufunda ulimi kumele sisize abafundi abanezingqinamba ekufundeni, siphinde sithuthukise ulwazi kubafundi abenza kahle. Abafundi kumele banikwe nemisebenzi yokuhlolola kanye nemisebenzi ebhalwayo. Yonke imisebenzi ebhalwayo uthisha kumele ayicwaninge bese eyayimaka. Lokho-ke kusiza ngokuthi impumelelo yomfundu ngamunye ikwazi ukulandeleka kanye nokubonakala. Imisebenzi yabafundi iyona ekutshelayo ngesinyathelo sokufunda esilandelayo kumfundu ngamunye. Uthisha kumele enze amathuba okuba abafundi bafunde kakhulu zonke izinsuku ukuze bakhulise izinga lokwazi amagama ngokuthola amagama amasha. Nalaba abadinga usizo ekufundeni bayathola ukusizakala.

2.8 IBANGA-R

Ukufundwa kolimi ebangeni R kugxile kakhulu ekufundeni samdlalo kanye nasekufundeni ngendlela yokuxhumana nezinye izifundo. Uthisha kufanele azimisele, abe umxhumanisi kunokuba umsizi.. Umxhumanisi usebenzisa wonke amathuba avelayo okufunda ngokuhlela imisebenzi yabafundi efana nokudlala okukhululekile ekhoneni lokulingisa noma endaweni yokwakha amabholoki nemisebenzi eholwa uthisha njengerengi yezindaba. Izinto eziphathelene nolimi kanye nobudlelwano, ezomphefumulo nokunye okuphathelele nokukhula kwabafundi njengezicubu ezincane nezinkulu kuyathuthukiswa ngesikhathi semisebenzi ehlukene yosuku. Uhlelo Iwakudala oluhlelelwie ibanga R olumiselwe imisebenzi yasekilasini kufanele lungalandelwa ngoba aluniki amathuba enele okuthuthukisa ukufundwa kolimi. Igumbi lokufundela lebanga –R kufanele lihluke emagumbini amanye amazinga emfundo. Indlela yokufundisa ebangeni –R kufanele ifake kakhulu imisebenzi yokufunda ngokusamlalo. Ibanga –R- akufanele liphathwe ngendlela efanayo nebanga lokuqala. Ibanga –R- linezimpawu zalo ezingafani nezamanye amabanga. Abafundi balelibanga benza umqondo ngempilo yabo bazakhele ulwazi, amakhono, isisisekelo sempilo nendlela kanye nemicabango okuzobasiza amathuba abawatholile.

Ukugxila ekufundeni okungahleliwe okuzenzekelayo kumaringi ahlukene osukwini. Ubuye wenze uhlelo losuku oluvumela iskhathi esanele sokudlala ngokukhululeka kuhlangene nolwazi lukathisha ngezikhathi ezizivezayo kubafundi ngokuthanda nangokwenza. Isikole sonke kufanele sibukwe ngokuthi singathuthukisa ukufundwa kolimi, ngenxa yokuzimisela kukathisha ngokuhlela izikhathi kufaka imisebenzi eholwa uthisha noma amathuba amaningi okufunda avela osukwini asiza uthisha ukuqhuba ukufunda. Lezi zikhathi zivela lapho kwensiwa imisebenzi ekhululekile nalapho kwensiwa lokho okwenziwa zonke izinsuku.

Ngokolwazi lolimi, izikhathi zokufundisa zizonika uthisha ithuba lokubuza imibuzo evulekile noma ukunika ezinye iziphakamiso enganeni nokufaka uthando lokufunda. Kuwukubona kukathisha ukuthi uzongena nini alekelele ekufundeni komfundi nalapho kufanele ahlehle umfundu athole ithuba lokuzitholela isisombululo enkingeni abhekene nayo.

Onyakeni webanga R isikhathi sokufundisa sibizwa ngokuthi **uhlelo Iwansuku zonke** olufaka izingxenyenе ezintathu, ezibizwa ngokuthi **imisebenzi eholwa uthisha, okwenzeka nsuku zonke nemisebenzi eqalwa ingane noma ukudlala okukhululekile**.

Amathuba ezifundo eziholwa uthisha zolimi ziba sekuseni ngesikhathi seringi yolimi (Isib. Igxoxo ngesihloko: iringi yolimi; ingxoxo ngesimo sezulu; ukusho izindaba; iringi yokukhomba uxoxa; kanye nesikhathi sezindaba). Kuya ngokuthi isiphi isikhathi sokugxila ekufundeni (uthisha kufanele abe namasu alokho afuna ukukuthuthukisa) imisebenzi yobuciko bokuzenzela, amaringi okuqonda, amaringi okunyakazisa umzimba, omculo nokwenza samdlalo angaba nendawo yawo ekuthuthukiseni ulwazi lokuqonda namakhono alusizo ezifundweni zokufunda okuhleliwe.

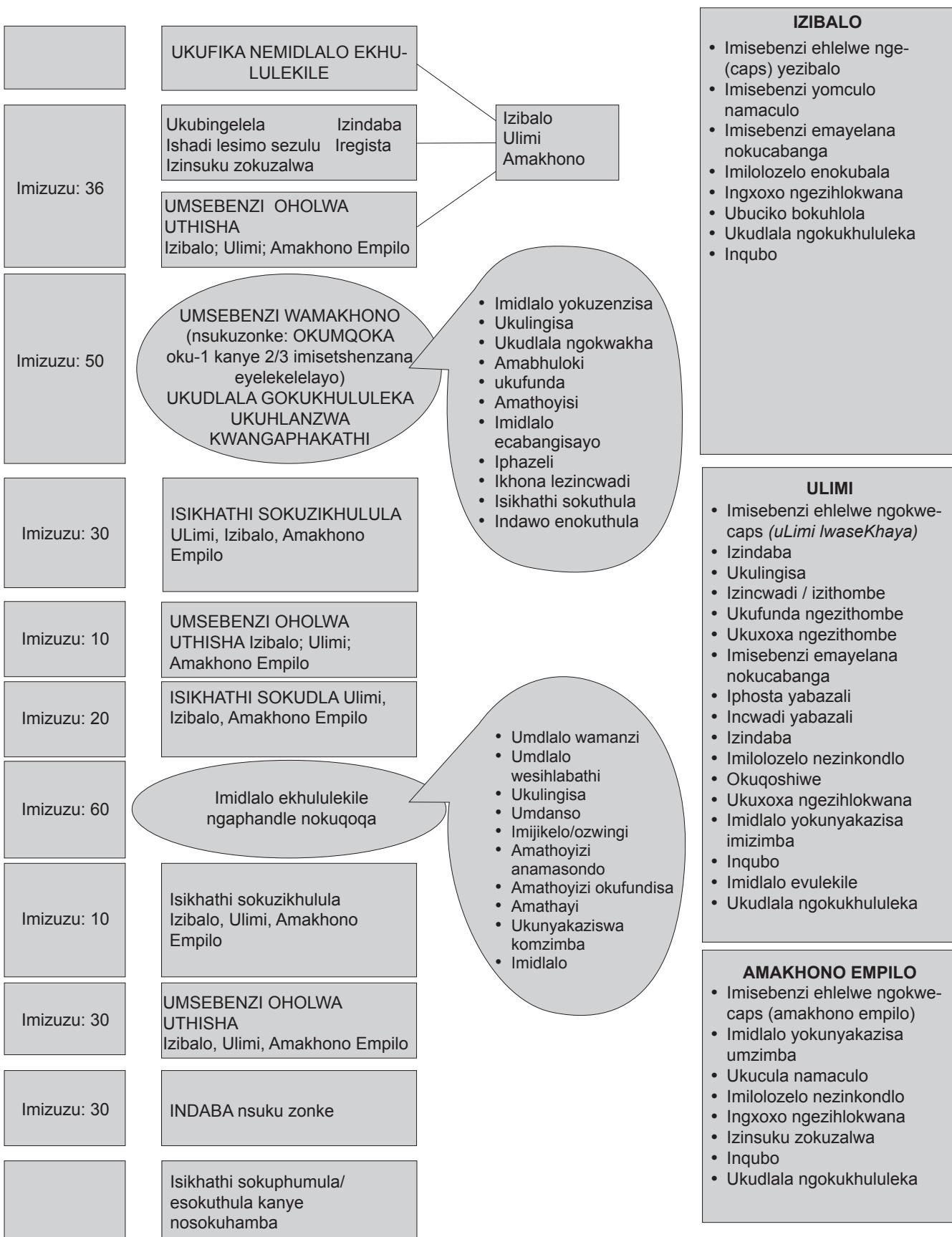
Okwenzeka nsukuzonke kunika amathuba amahle okuthuthukisa amakhono olimi. Isibonelo, kunokumisa abafundi umugqa uma beya endlini yangasese, uthisha angasebenzisa lesi sikhathi ukuthuthukisa ulwazi lwemisindo. Bonke abafundi abanamagama aqala ngomsindo "S" abanye endlini encane, bese kulandela abanamagama aqala ngomsindo "N" njll. Abanye abafundi bangabe bedlala umdlalo othi "Ngiyacinga ngiyabona ngeso lami elincane" noma benze imisebenzi egcizelela ulwazi lwamagama. Isikhathi sokudla nesokuqoqa siveza amathuba afanayo okufunda njengoba uthisha uyabagquqquzelabafundi ukuba badlale imidlalo yamagama ethokozisayo.

Ngesikhathi sokudlala esikhululekile uthisha angagquqquzelabafundi ulimi ngezindlela ezimbili. Eyokuqala, ukwakha indawo yokudlala okukhululekile. Uthisha wuye okhetha amathuba okufunda kuye ngokuthi ikuphi afuna kufundwe ngaleso sikhathi. Imidlalo yangaphandle ekhululekile njengokugibela isitebhisi sokhuni noma ukugibela ibhayisikili kungagquqquzelabafundi ulwazi lwendawo njengokunqamula umugqa ohlukanisa phakathi umzimba (okungulwazi olusemqoka lokunyakazisa umzimba olusiza ekutholeni amakhono okufunda nokubhala), kusiza futhi ekuboneni uhlamu negama njengoba abafundi befunda izimpawu zomgwaqo. Imisebenzi yokudlala okukhululekile yasendlini kufanele inike amathuba amanangi afanayo okufunda ulimi. Umdlalo wokukhumbula akubonile uthuthukisa amakhono okukhuluma nokulalela. Eyesibili, indlela yokugquqquzelabafundi ulimi ngesikhathi sokudlala okukhululekile ilapho uthisha engena ngenjongo ethile ekufundeni kwabafundi. Lokhu kungenziwa, isibonelo, ngokubuza imibuzo efuna umfundu acabange futhi eyandisa ulwazi lwake lwamagama. Ngokwenza iziphakamiso ezizosiza futhi abuze umfundu ezinye izindlela zokuxazulula inkinga noma ezinye izimpendulo, uthisha ugquqquzelabafundi ukuthi bacabange bajule ngabakwenzayo bese bethola izizathu ezifanele zokukhetha izimpendulo zabo. Ngalendlela akulona ulimi kuphela oluthuthukiswayo kodwa ukukhula ngokupuhelele komfundi.

Ohlelweni Iwansukuzonke oluphelele olukhululekile lolimi, amathuba okufunda ulimi akhona usuku lonke. Ngokunjalo imigomo esemqoka yemfundo yamabanga aphansi iyagcizelewa, njengokuthi, abafundi abasebancane bafunda kahle uma benyakazisa imizimba, nasekusebenzeni ngezinto eziphathekayo (3D) ngaphambi kokuba basebenze ngephepha nempensela (2D)

Izindlela zokuhlolola eBangeni R, kufanele kube yilezo ezingahlelekile futhi abafundi akufanele benziswe "izivivinyo." Ngalesi sizathu, imisebenzi yokuhlolwa ayifakiwe esiTatimendeni seNqubomgomoyohlelo IokuFunda nokuHlola. Umsebenzi ngamunye osetshenxiselwa ukuhlolwa kufanele ulungiselelwekahle ukuze ufake amakhono ehlukene. Kulelibanga ukuhlolwa okuningi kwenzeka ngokubuka kukathisha abafundi benza imisebenzi bese uthisha ebhala phansi akubonile esebezisa uhla Iwezinto ezibhekwayo. Njengoba unyaka uqhubeka, isithombe esiphelele somfundi siyakheka sikhombisa izinselele kanti amakhono akhe ayakhula.

ISIGABA SESI- 3: UHLAKA LOKUFUNDISA NOKUQUKETHWE KWAMAKHONO OLIMI



AMAKHONO OLIMI OKUMELE AFUNDISWE JIKELELE OLIMINI LWASEKHAYA KUMABANGA APHANSI (IBANGA R – 3)			
IBANGA-R	IBANGA- 1	IBANGA- 2	IBANGA-3
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ualela alingise izindaba • Ualela futhi aphendule imibuzo elula • Ualela aphindaphinde imiqumo ngen-dlela efanele • Ualela akhumbule amagama ngokulandelana kwavo isib. Ubaba ubona umoba • Ukhomba ashо izingxene zomzimba • Ucula amaculo alula aphinde awalingise • Uxoxa nezithombe ezsismashadini, namashadi ezhlokwana, nezincwadi, nokunye • Uhlela aqondanise izinto ngokwezimo, imibala, nokunye • Ubamba iqhaza ezingxoxweni abuye abuze nemibuzo 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ualela aveze imizwa yakhe ngendaba • Ualela imiyalelo nezimemezelо bese enza njengoba kushiwo • Ualela ngaphandle kokuphazzamisa akhulumе uma kufika ithuba lakhe abuye abuze nemibuzo ukuthola incaczelo • Ualela, ajabulele abuye aphendule imibuzo ngesithombe, amaphazili amagama, iziphicwaphicwano kanye namahlaya • Ukhulumе ngezehlakalo zempilo yakhe nemizwa yakhe • Uxoxa ngendaba ejwayelekile enesingeniso, umzimba, nesiphetho • Uphendula imibuzo evulekile nevalekile • Ulingisa izimo ezaahlukahlukene • Ubamba iqhaza ezingxoxweni zekilasi • Usebenzisa amagama afana: imisho, osonlamvukazi kanye nongqi 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ualela izindaba nezinkondlo futhi aphendule imibuzo eseizingeni eliphakeme • Ualela imiyalelo exubile elandelanayo bese enanelа ngokufanele • Ualela ngaphandle kokuphazzamisa ahloniphe okhulumayo, abuze imibuzo futhi aphawule ngakuzwile • Ukhulumе ngezigameko zempilo yakhe nangezindaba ejjwayelekile • Uxoxa indaba enesiqalo, umzimba kanye nesiphetho • Uveza imizwa yakhe ngendaba noma ngenkondlo anike nesizathu • Uphendula imibuzo evulekile nevalekile anike isizathu • Wakha imilolozelo yakhe • Ulingisa izimo ezingafani • Uzimbandakanya ezingxoxweni bese enza umbiko ngomsebenzi weqemu • Usebenzisa amagama arjengalawa: amabizo, isichasiso, isenzo, izabizwana sqobo, ukhefana, umbuzi, isigaba 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ualela athole ingqikithi, iminininingwane yendaba aphendule imibuzo evulekile • Ualela izindaba athole imbanga nom-phumela wezindaba • Uyeza imizwa ngombhalо anike nesizathu • Ualela imiyalelo exubile elandelanayo bese ananelа ngokufanele • Uzimbandakanya ekuxoxisaneni okusezingeni lokuhlalisana, amukele ahloniphe futhi abanye akanye nabogendlela abakhulumе ngayo • Wenza ngomlomo (Isib. uyaxoxa ngezindaba zakhe achaze izinto ahlangabezana nazо, achaze izechakalo). • Uxoxa indaba enohlaka olulula kanye nabalingiswa abahlukile • Usebenzisa ulimi olunemifaneki-somqondo. (Isib. usho amahlaya kanye neziphicwicwano) • Uxoxiana nomuntu umbuze imibuzo, ngesizathu sokuthola okuthile • Usebenzisa amagama afana nokuthi: inhioko yomusho, isenzo, umerziwa, umbuzo, isititimende, umyalelo, umqondofana, umqondo ongafani/ophikisayo, isibabazo

UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA

AMAKHONO OLIMI OKUMELE AFUNDISWE JIKELELE OLIMINI LWASEKHAYA KUMABANGA APHANSI (IBANGA R – 3)			
IBANGA-R	IBANGA- 1	IBANGA-2	IBANGA-3
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukwazi ukubona amagama akhombisa isigqi nomilolozelo eiwayelekile Isib. Owa mntwana, owa mntwana Uqala ukubona ukuthi amagama akiwe yimisindo Isib. Umsindo wohlamvu loku-qala egameni lakhe Uhlukanisa imisho ngamagama (NGOM-LOMO) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Kumele ukuba abafundi bayakwazi ukuyibona bayikhombe le misindo: a,b,c, d,e,f,g,h,i,j,k,l,m,n,o,p,q,r,s,t,u,v,w,x,y,z Uthisha akaqale ngokubuyekeza le misindo engenha. Kuleli banga kulindeke ukuba abafundi batunde yonke imisindo enhlamvunye ngokuhleliwe. Uthisha kufanele aqale ngonkamisa ukuthula imisindo: a, e, i, o, u. Ungwaqa ngamunye kumele aham-bisanе nonkamisa. Uthisha makenze isiqiniseko sokuthi abafundi sebeyayazi yonke imisindo enhlamvunye naphambili kokudulela emisindweni enhlamvumbili. Uthisha makethule imisindo enhlamvumbili ejobeleta umsindo-“h” isibonele.(bh, ch, kh, ph, qh, sh, th, xh, hh).aland-ellise ngemisindo ejobeleta msindo “l” isibonele.(dl, hl, kl). 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uthisha akaqale ngokubukeza imisindo efundwe ebangeni lokujala. Kulelibanga abafundi kulindeleke ukuba bayifunde yonke imisindo etholakala olimini lwestizulu. Uthisha akaqhubuke ethule imisindo enhlamvuntathu njengo “ngc, ngx, ngq” . Uthisha wethula imisindo ejobeleta umsindo “w” kwimisindo enhlamvumbili. Isibonele (dlw, hlw, klw, chw, khw, qhw, shw, thw, xhw, gcw, gxw, gqw.) Uthisha uzothula imisindo ejobeleta umsindo “w” isibonele. (cw, dw, gw, jw, hw, kw, lw, nw, qw, sw, tw, xw, zw). Uthisha uzofundisa eminye imisindo enhlamvumbili njengo: gc, gx, gq, ts. Kulelibanga kuzofundiswa imisindo enh-lamvuntathu elandelayo isibonele. (ndl, nhl, ncw, ndw, ngw, nkw, njw, nqw, ntw, nsw, nzw) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uthisha akaqale ngokubukeza imisindo efundwe ebangeni 2. Kulelibanga abafundi kulindeleke ukuba bayifunde yonke imisindo etholakala olimini lwestizulu. Uthisha akaqhubuke ethule imisindo enhlamvuntathu njengo “ngc, ngx, ngq” . Uthisha wethula imisindo ejobeleta umsindo “w” kwimisindo enhlamvumbili. Isibonele (dlw, hlw, klw, chw, khw, qhw, shw, thw, xhw, gcw, gxw, gqw.) Uthisha uzothula umsindo onhlamvune isibonele.(ngqw, ncw, ntsh, ndlw, nhlw, ntshw) Uthisha wethula imisindo eyeqa unkami-sa isibonele. (mb – umbuzo/ umubuzo, msh -umshado/ umushado, njll.)
IMISINDO			

AMAKHONO OLIMI OKUMELE AFUNDISWE JIKELELE OLIMINI LWASEKHAYA KUMABANGA APHANSI (IBANGA R – 3)			
IBANGA-R	IBANGA- 1	IBANGA-2	IBANGA-3
Amakhono okuqalisa ukufunda	Amakhono okuqalisa ukufunda	Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela nothisha	Ukufunda gokuhlanganyela nothisha
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ubona futhi akhombe izinto ezejwayele-kile ezithombeni Uhlela izithombe ukuze zakhe indaba Uhumusha izithombe (isib. Wakha indaba yakhe abuye ayifunde esebeenzisa izithombe) Ullingisa izingxenye zendaba, zeculo nomu isigqi Ubamba incwadi abuye aphenye amakhasi ngendlela efanale Ullingisa ukufunda usebenzissa 'izwi lokufunda' Ukwazi ukubona igama lakhe kanye nawabanye afunda nabo Uqala ukufunda amagama ajwawayelekile atholakala ekilasini nasesikoleni [isib. Umnyango, ikhabeth] 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uthuthukisa amakhono okubamba incwadi (ukubamba nokuphenya amakhasi ngendlela efanale) Uhumusha izithombe (isib. Wakha indaba yakhe abuye ayifunde esebeenzisa izithombe) Ufunda izikhangisi nemibhalo ejwayele-kile emphakathini ubona amagama abo kanye nawabalingani babo ufunda amalebuli nezihlolkvana eziseklasini Ukuithuthuka komqondo oyisisekelo ekubhaleni okufaka: *Ulwazi lwencwadi- *Ulwazi iwamagara nezinhlamvu *Izinkomba - ukugala ukufunda phambili ukuya ukugcineni, ukufunda asuke kwesokunxele aye kwesokudla, asuke phezelu ehle eya phansi ekugcimeni kwekhksi 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ufunda izincwadi ezinkulu nomu eminye imibhalo ekhulusive(izincwadi ezingelona iqiniso, iqiniso nalezo eziyiqiniso, izinkondlo, kanye namaculo) Sebenzisa izinto ezibonakalayo isib. izithombe nekhava yencwadi ukuqagela ukuthi indaba imayelana nani Uqaphelia iminininingwane ngokufundiwe ethule izizatu zalokho isib. "Ayingjabulisi lendaba ngoba....." Uphendula imibuzo esezingeni eliphakeme ngendaba efundiwe (isib. ngokombono wakhe,) Uoxxa ngamasiko ahlukahlukene asendabeni Uhumusha izithombe neminye imibhalo isib. izthombe, izikhangisi, amakhalenda, amaphephanda, izithombe zamaphephabbuku, amaphosta 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ufunda imibhalo eyandisiwe njengezincwadi eziyiqiniso nezingelona iqiniso, izincwadi ezinkulu, amaphephanda, imidhalo, inkulumpendulwano nemibhalo yekhompiyutha ngabalingisi, ngenkinga endabenii, ngezindima nangokubaluleka kombhalo Uphendula imibuzo esezingeni eliphazulu ngendatshana efundiwe lanesihihloko Usebenzisa izinto ezbondakalayo ukufundada umbhalo osagrafu (isib. izikhangisi, izithombe, amagrafu, amashadi kanye namabalazwe) Uthola abuye asebenzise izizinda zolwazi (isib. amalunga omphakathi, umtapo wolwazi njll.) Usebenzisa uhlalokuyukethwe, inkomba kanye namakhasi ukuthola ulwazi. Usebenzisa isichazamazwi ukuthola ulwazimaga olusha kanye nencazeloyakhona
Ukfunda Ngokuhlanganyela kanye noThisha	Ukfunda Ngokuhlanganyela kanye noThisha	Ukfunda ngamaqembu	Ukfunda ngamaqembu beqashelwe (uthisha)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ufundu imibhalo eqqamile njengenzinkondlo, izincwadi (ezinkulu) kanye namashadi Uxumanisa izehlakalo zakhe nalokhu okufundwayo nothisha Uchaza abalingiswa endabeni abuye aveze imibono yakhe. Usebenzisa izithombe ukuqagela ngokuzokwenzeka. Uphendula imibuzo ngendaba efundiwe Udweba izithombe ukukhombisa ingqikitih yendaba. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ufunda izincwadi nengaphandle lencwadi ukuqagela ukuthi indaba ikhuluma ngani Uoxxa indaba, abone ingqikitih yendaba kanye nabalingiswa Uhlela izigameko zendaba ngokulandelana kwazo Ubona imbangela nomphumela endabeni Isib. Intombazana isenkingeri ngokubulala iwindi. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ufunda ngokuhlanganyela kakhudiwana aphimisele egjenji eqashwe uthisha Usebenzisa amasu okuzilungisa uma efunda Uyaziqaphela uma efunda ngakho kokubili ukubona amagam a nokuqonda 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ufunda encwadini yakhe buthule abuye aphimisele egjenji eqashwe uthisha Usebenzisa imisindo, ahlaizi umongo nesimo senkulumo/sengxoxo uma efunda amagama angajwayelekile Usebenzisa amasu okuzilungisa amaphutha uma efunda
Ukfunda Ngokuzimele	Ukfunda Ngokuzimele		
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ufunda izinwadi zezithombe 		

AMAKHONO OLIMI OKUMELE AFUNDISWE JIKELELE OLIMINI LWASEKHAYA KUMABANGA APHANSI (IBANGA R – 3)			
IBANGA-R	IBANGA- 1	IBANGA-2	IBANGA-3
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uveza umbono ngakufundile Upheadula imibuzzo evulekile nevalekile ngendatshana efundiwe Uhunusha umbiko odulisewa emashadini, ezithombeni, nakokunye <p>Ukfunda ngamaqembu beqashelwa (uthisha)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ufunda kuzwakale encwacini yakhe kanye nothisha (iqembu lonke lifunda indaba efanayo) Usebenzisa imisindo, isimo esibonisa imikhondo, ahlakiye isimo uma efunda izinga aveze nemizwa Ufunda ngokungenazihibe ekhuphula izinga aveze nemizwa Uyazigada uma efunda, ezingxoxweni zombili zokuqaphela kanye nokuqonda (amagama) Ukhombisa ukuponda izimpawu zokuhala uma efunda kuzwakale <p>Ukfunda ngababili/ngokuzimela</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ufunda azibhale khona ebe eqala ukuzilungisa amaphutha Ufunda ngokuzimela izincwadi ezi-fundwe ngesikhathi sesifundo soku-funda ngokuhlanganyela, izincwadi zezithombe ezilula kanye nalezo ezigunjini lokufunda ekilasini 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukfunda ngababili/ngokufunda ngokuzimela <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ufunda okubhalwe nguye nokubhalwe ngabanye abafundi Ufundela untanga yakhe kuzwakale Ufunda ngokuzimela izincwadi ezilula eziyiqiniso nalezo ezingeyiyo, amakhadi ezinkondlo Udala imidlalo yokufunda <p>Ukfunda ngababili/ngokuzimela</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ufunda imibhalo yakhe kanye neyabanye Ufundela untanga wakhe kuzwakale amagama Uyazifundela izincwadi ezingama-qiniso kanye nezingewona amaqqiniso kanye nezamasiko ahlukene, izincwadi ezifundwe ngokuhlanganyela amaphephhabhuku kanye nezindaba ezhilekisayo 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uyazigada uma efunda, ukubona ukuthi uyalibona yini igama nokutti uyaliqonda yini Usebenzisa imidwebo nemifanekiso esemibhaweni ukwandisa ukujonda izinga aveze nemizwa Ufunda ngokungenazihibe ekhuphula izinga aveze nemizwa <p>Ukfunda ngababili/ngokuzimela</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ufunda imibhalo yakhe kanye neyabanye Ufundela untanga wakhe kuzwakale amagama Uyazifundela izincwadi ezingama-qiniso kanye nezingewona amaqqiniso kanye nezamasiko ahlukene, izincwadi ezifundwe ngokuhlanganyela amaphephhabhuku kanye nezindaba ezhilekisayo

UKUFUNDA NOKUBUKELA

AMAKHONO OLIMI OKUMELE AFUNDISWE JIKELELE OLIMINI LWASEKHAYA KUMABANGA APHANSI (IBANGA R – 3)			
IBANGA-R	IBANGA- 1	IBANGA-2	IBANGA-3
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uthuthukisa imisipha emincane ngokud-lalisa iminwe Isib. wakha ubumba lokudala Uthuthukisa imisipha emincane esebe-niza izikelo ukusika izithombe, izimo nokunye Uthuthukisa ukuxhumana kweso nesandla ngokudula imidalo Isib. Ukubamba nokuphonsa, ukudweba nokupenda Udweba phezu kohlaka lwezithombe, amaphethini, kanye nezinhamvu zegama lakhe lapho kuboniswa ngemici-bisholo ukuqala kohiamvu Wakha izinhamvu ngokusebenzisa up-ende weminwe, amabhulashi kapende, amapeni emibala yamafutha alandele indlela efanele Ukopisha amaphethini, amagama kanye nezinhamvu (aqale endaweni efanele) Usebenzisa amathuluzi okubhala anhlobonhlobo Isib. Amabhulashi okupenda, amapeni emibalabala. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uzejwayeza ukubamba nokusebenzisa ipenseia lembaa kanye nepenseia. Uthuthukisa indlela yokubhala: kusukela kwesobunxele kuya kwesokudia kanye nokusuka phezulu kuya phansi. Uthuthukisa ukusebenzisana phakathi kwesandla kanye neso ngokuthi adwebe amaphethini abuye ahambies iminwe/isandla phezu kwavo. Ukopisha abhale igama lakhe, amaga-ma amafushane kanye nemisho. Uqala ukubhala esebebenzisa imidwebo, ukopisha izinhamvu, izinombolo, amagama kanye nemisho elula. Wakha izinhamvu kuyo yonke nezinhamvu ezincane ngendlela efanele. Wakha izinombolo ngendlela efanele. Ukopisha abhale imifushane ashiye izikhala ezifanele Ubamba ipenseia namakhirayoni ngen-dlela efanele 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukugcinwa kombhalo Usebenzisa izikhali zokubhala ngendlela efanele Isib. irabha, irula nepeni lomsizi Ubhala encwadini enemigqa engu 17 mm ubukhulu Wakha izinhamvu ezinkulu nezinane ngendlela efanele Ubhala amagama ashiye izikhala ezilingene phakathi kwezinhamvu namagama Ubhala ngokwehlukanisa zonke izinhamvu ezinkulu nezinane Ukopisha abhale isigaba esisodwa phakathi kwemigqa emithathu ukuya kwemine esusela embhalweni wokwehlukanisa Ukopisha abhale izimo zokubhala ezaahlukahlukene Isib. isimemo, ikhadi losuku lokuzzawa, imiyalelo, uhlia njil. Ubhala ngokwehlukanisa kuyo yonke imibhalo encwadini <p><i>Ukudlulela ekubhaleni ngokuhlanganisa</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ukudlulela ekubhaleni ngokuhlanganisa Usebenzisa amathuluzi okubhala ngen-dlela efanele (Isib. ipenseia, irabha, irula) Ubhala imisho ebonakalayo neqondile una esebebenzisa isimo sokubhala sokwehlukanana nanoma esebebenzisa ukubhala ngokuhlanganisa Wakha osonhlamvukazi kanye nez-inhamvu ezincane ebhala ngokuhlanganisa Ubhala amagama amafushane ngokuhlanganisa Ubhala amagama nemisho ngokuhlanganisa Ushintshela ekubhaleni ngokuhlanganisa kuyona yonke into ayibhalayo (okungaba wusuku, igama lakhe, nendaba yakhe azibhalele yona) Ukopisha imibhalo ebbodini, ezzincwadi-ni, emakhadini okusebenzela kanye nokunye ngendlela efanele Ubhala ngobunono nangokubonaka-layo ngokuzethemba eshesha ebhala ngokuhlanganisa Uzama ukubhala esebebenzisa ipeni <p><i>Ukudlulela ekubhaleni ngokuhlanganisa</i></p>

UKUBHALA KAHLE NEGSENDLA

AMAKHONO OLIMI OKUMELE AFUNDISWE JIKELELE OLIMINI LWASEKHAYA KUMABANGA APHANSI (IBANGA R – 3)			
	IBANGA-R	IBANGA- 1	IBANGA-2
	IBANGA-3		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Udweba apende izithombe ukudlulisa imiyalezo Ukopisha izinhlamu eziijwayelekile egameni lakhe ukukhomba ukubhala Ubhala ukusuka esandleni sobunxele ukuya kwasokudla naphezulu ukuyaphansi Unikela ngemibono ukwakha incwadi yezindaba yekilasi esebeenzisa imidwebo Uzama ukubhala izinhlamvu esebeenzisa ukuxikiza njii. Ukhulumma ngombhalo wakhe Isib. "Ufunda" umxikizo wakhe Wakha incwadi yakhe bese enikela ezincwadini eziqoqelwa ikilasi 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Udweba izithombe ukwedulisa imiyalezo isib. Udweba ngokwake kwamehlela Unikeza imibono ukusiza ekubukezeni indaba yekilasi noma yeqembu (uma kubhala ngokuhlanganyela) Ukopisha umusho owdwa wezindaba ebhodini / eshadini ngendelia efanele Ubhala imiyalezo ekhadini njenekhadi lokufisela ukululama okusheshaylo Ubhala abuye asebeenzise izihokwana/ imisho emifushane ngesihloko Isib. ukuchaza ngesihloko ukuze asize ekubhalieni incwadi yegunjana lokufundela Ubhala okungenani imisho emithathu yezindaba zakhe esebeenzisa osonhlavukazi nongqi. Ubhala imisho esebeenzisa amagama anemisindo efundiwe. Usebeenzisa amabizo nezabizwana soqobo ngokusizwa uthisha, (isib. mina, wena, njii) ngendelia efanele Uqlala ukusebeenzisa inkathi yamanje kanye nedule uma ebhala Wakha ubuningi bamagama ajwayelekile Upela kahle amagama ajwayelekile Uhela ulwazi ngemidwebo Uzakhela inqolobane yakhe yamagama nesichazamazwi 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uyayiveza imibono namagama endabeni ebhala yikilasi Ubhala inkondlo elula Ubhala umbhalo oshoyo noma ovezayo (imisho eyishumi) Ubhala okungenani izigaba ezimbili (imisho elishumi) nezigameko zempilo yakhe nomu ngezelhakalo Wakha uhlaka, abhale bese 'ehkipha'indaba yakhe enezigaba okungenani ezimbili ukuze kurfundwe ngabanye. Usebeenzisa izimo ezinganqunyulewe mthetho uma ebhala isib. ubhala isu lokupheka ukudla Uhela ulwazi emashaddini noma kumathebula Ubhala ahlobise ngemitanekiso ehambisan nesihloko ukuze isetshenziswe njengencwadi yokufunda ekilasini (imisho emine ukuya kweystithupha ekilasini) Usebeenzisa uhlelo ululandelwayo umakubhala a Usebeenzisa izimpawu zokubhala ngenedela efanele (ongqi, ikhlefana, uphawu olukhombisa umbuzzo, umbabazi Upela amagama ajwayelekile ngokufanele uzame nokupela amagama angajwayelekile esebeenzisa ulwazi lwemisindo Usebeenzisa inkathi yamanje, edlule nezayo ngendelia efanele Usebeenzisa amabizo, izenzo, nezzabizwana ngendelia efanele Uzakhela inqolobane yakhe yamagama nesichazamazwi Usebeenzisa isichazamazwi mazwi 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unikeza imibono, amagama kanye nemisho endabeni yekilasi (uma kubhala ngokuhlanganyela) Usebeenzisa amasu okuzilungisilela ukubhala ukuze athole ulwazi kanye namacebo okubhala Ubhala ingxene yezindaba ezimfushane ngezizathu ezahlukene (inkulompiwikswano) Ubhala ngokwake kwamehlela ngezindlela ezahlukene (Isib. isiqeshana sephephanda) Wenza ubhala lokuqala (draft), abhale, ahlele abuye ashiciele indaba yakhe okungenani enezigaba ezimbili (zibe nemisho okungenani eyi-12) ukuze abanye bakwazi ukuyifunda Ubhala aphinde asebeenzise imisho (engaba y-6 kuya kweyi-8) ukuchaza ngesihloko ukuze asize ekwakheni indaba yekilasi Usebeenzisa izakhiwo zolwazi uma ebhala (uhla lokwenza ukudla) Ugcina idayari isonto elliodwa Ubhala ukubukezwakwencwadi okulula ubukezo ncwadi olulula Uhela ngokulandelana ulwazi alufake ngaphansi kwezihloko Ufingqa abhale ulwazi (Isib. esebeenzisabialazwe lengqondo) Usebeenzisa izimpawu zokubhala ngenedelia efanele (Isib. osonhlamvukazi, ongqi, amakhetu, imbuzi, izibabazo nomacaphuna) Usebeenzisa izimphusa ukuhlanganisa imisho Usebeenzisa ulwazi lwemisindo nemithetho yokupela ukubhala amagama anzima Usebeenzisa isichazamazwi

UKUBHALA

3.2 IBANGA -R

ISIZULU ULIMI LWASEKHAYA LWEBANGA R
IZIDINGO NGOKWETHEMU

ISIKHATHI ESIPHAKANYISIWE SOKUFUNDISA NGESONTO: amahora ayi-10

ISIKHATHI ESIPHAKANYISIWE SOKUFUNDISA NGOSUKU: amahora ayi-2

Uhlelo oludidiyele Iwansukuzonke

ITHEMU YOKU- 1

UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA

OKUQUKETHWE/ULWAZI /AMAKHONO

Imisebenzi yansukuzonke kuzona zonke izingxenye zolimi nakwezinye izifundo.

Lemisebenzi elandelayo ingethulwa noma ngasiphi isikhathi noma kuwo wonke amaringi ebangeni R umculo, iminyakazo, ubuchwephesheshe beze-sayensi, ulimi, izindaba, ukubonisa futhi uxoxe, izindaba nayo yonke imisebenzi yobuciko bokuzenzela

Kwibanga R umsebenzi wokuqonda usemqoka kakhulu ngoba uyisisekelo futhi ulungiselela ukufunda okuzayo. Qiniseka ukuthi unika isikhathi esanele ukwakha lamakhono okuqonda nsukuzonke onyakeni.

- Lalela imibuzo elula nezimemezelo bese uphendula ngokufanele
- Lalela imiyalelo elula bese wenza okufanele
- Lalela okunesigqi bese uphindaphinda iphethini .isib: ihlombe, ihlombe-ihlombe, ihlombe,...ngendlela efanele
- Lalela ngaphandle kokuphazamisa
- Lalela uthokozele izindaba ezimfushane bese ungenelela ukuphinda ngendla ngesikhathi esifanele
- Cula amaculo alula uwanyakazele. (isib: yiyo lendlela yokugez' izandla, gezi izandla, gezi izandla)
- Usho imilolozelo elula uyinyakazele ngokufanele
- Lalela bese ukhumbula ukulandelana okulula kwamagama, ngokuhleliwe njengo baba, bona, buka. Qala ngamathathu bese wakha amane noma ngaphezulu ukuze ukukhumbula okuzwiwe indlebe kuthuthuke
- Thuthukisa amakhono okukhetha noma ukubona umsindo othize uma kunomsido ongemuva noma kndlala umculo isib. khetha izwi likathisha
- Xoxa ngezithombe, ngamaphosta, amashadi endikimba, izincwadi, njll.okungenani indikimba ezinhlanu ngethemu
- Xoxa izindaba uphinde uxoxe nezabanye usebenzisa awakho amagama

Ukusebenzisa ulimi ukuthuthukisa ulwazi kuzozonke izifundo

- Thuthukisa ulimi ukuze kuthuthuke ulwazi ngesimo, umbala, iminyaka, isikhathi kanye nokulandelana.

Sebenzisa ulimi ukucabanga nokucabangisisa:

- Khomba bese uchaza okufanayo nokungafani,
- Qondanisa izinto ezhambisanayo, bese uqhathanisa izinto ezingafani,
- Hlela izinto ezejwayelekile ngokufana kwazo njengokufaka zonke izinto zokudlala ebhokisini, izincwadi emashalofini, amakhirayoni ethinini, hlela ngokombala njll.
- Khomba izingxenye zokuphelele njengamagama, ukhombe izingxenye zomzimba.

Usebenzisa ulimi ukuphenya:

- Buza imibuzo
- Nika izincazelos
- Xazulula bese uqedela okungenani izingcezu ezinhlanu noma nangaphezulu zephazili
- Ukusebenzisa ulwazi
- Khetha ulwazi ulukhethiwe encazelweni.

Sebenzisa izithombe nokunye okubonakalayo ukwakha umqondo:

- Bona bese ukhomba izinto ezifanayo ezithombeni.
- Hlanganyela emisebenzini ukubona izinto ezingaphambili kanye nangasemumva bese uzihlukanisa ngokuzwakalayo njengokuthola umfanekiso esithombeni esinezinto eziningi noma iminininingwane eminingi.
- Dlala imidlalo efana nokuthi 'kulaphi' ukuthola into efihiwe kwezinye izinto ekilasini.
- Hlukanisa phakathi kwezimo ezihlukene zonobumba kanye namagama njengokuhlela izinto ezifanayo, ukubona ukulandelana kwezithombe ezicishe zifane, ukukhetha okuhlukile uchaze isizathu esenza kwehluke.
- Hlela ngokulandelana iqoqo lezithombe ezintathu ukwakha indaba nomqondo ohlelekile wezigameko uma kukhulunywa noma kulandwa ngendaba eyakhwiwe.
- Khumbula osuke ukubonile emuva komdlalo obudlalwa isib: beka izinto ezingafani etafuleni, abafundi babuka izinto, uthisha umboza izinto, abafundi kufanele bakhumbule abakubone etafuleni.
- Qedela iphazili noma umfanekiso.

UKUHLOLA

Iziphakamiso zokuhlola :

Okungahleliwe

Ngomlomo kanye /noma ngokwenza

Ukubukela:

- Lalela ngokucophelela imibozo elula nezimemezelo bese ephendule ngokufanele,
- Cula amaculo alula kanye nemilolozelo
- Lalela athokozele izindaba ezimfushane bese ungenelela ngokusho ngesikhathi esifanele
- Lalela izindaba uphinde uxoxe ezabanye usebenzisa awakho amagama,
- Thuthukisa ulimi ukuze kuthuthuke ulwazi ngesimo, umbala, iminyaka
- Khomba bese uchaza okufanayo nokungafani,
- Khomba izingxenye zokuphelele njengamagama, akhombe izingxenye zomzimba.
- Sebenzisa ulimi ukunika incazel
- Xazulula bese uqedela okungenani izingcezu ezinhlanu noma nangaphezulu zephazili,
- Bona bese ukhomba izinto ezifanayo ezithombeni

Sebenzisa uhla Iwezinto ezibhekwayo kanye nerubric ephelele yokuhlola ulimi.

ITHEMU 1
UKUFUNDA KOKUQALA
OKUQUKETHWE/ULWAZI /AMAKHONO
<p>Ukufunda :</p> <p>Amakhono okufunda kokuqala :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Thuthukisa ukuhamba kweso ngokuyikho, njengokulandela ibhola elisuka kwesokunxele liya kwesokudla. Ba mba iqhaza ukwenza imisebenzi yokulandela izinkomba njengokunyakazisa umzimba usuka kwesokudla ukuya kwesokunxele kanye naphezulu ukuya phansi Hlukanisa phakathi kwezimo ezihlukene zezinhlamvu kanye namagama njengokuhlela izinto ezifanayo, ukulandelanisa izithombe, ukuphakamisa isithombe esihlukile Sebenzisa amakhono okulandelanisa ukuhlela izithombe ezintathu bese ulanda indaba eyenziwe, Sebenzisa amakhono okukhumbula izinto azibonile njengezinhlamvu, izimo noma izinto eziphathekayo Qedela izithombe ezibonakalayo njengokwakha amaphazili, ukuqedela izithombe Bamba incwadi ngendlela efanele bese uphenya amakhosi ngendlela efanele Sebenzisa izithombe ukuqagela ukuthi indaba imayelana nani: "funda "izithombe nemibhalo ekhombisa ukuqonda ukuthi izithombe namagama kuyahambelana kodwa akufani Zakhele eyakho indaba 'ngokufunda" izithombe Yenza sengathi uyafunda ngokulingisa "iphimbo lokufunda" Bona igama lakho kanye namagama okungenani abafundi abahlanu ekilasini Qondanisa amagama kumagama asezintweni kanye nezinto eziqanjwe amagama njengamakhadi amagama asematafuleni, isicabha, amafasitela. <p>Uqalisa ukuqonda okubhaliwe</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Qonda ukuthi umbhalo unokuthile okushoyo: Igama lingamela igama lakhe noma umuntu othile Bona igama lakho kanye namagama okungenani abafundi abahlanu ekilasini Qonda ukuthi amagama abhaliwe amele amagama akhulunywayo, Funda amagama assetshenziswa njalo: igama lakho, amagama ajwayelekile emikhiqizo njengo Spar, Coke, nezihloko zezinhlelo zikamonwakude njll. <p>Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela</p> <p><i>Isifundo sekilasi lonke singenziwa ka-2 noma ka- 3 ngesonto imizuzu eyi-15, kusetshenziswa imibhalo ekhulisiwe njengezincwadi ezinkulu, amaphosta amaculo nemilolozelo. Uthisha ukhombisa iklasi lonke inquubo ngesikhathi bexoxa noma esikhathini esincane esingaba izikhawu ezimbili ngesikhathi sokugxila olimini.</i></p> <p>Sebenzisa okungenanani izincwadi ezinkulu ezinhlanu nge-themu</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Funda imibhalo ekhulisiwe njengezinkondlo, izincwadi ezinkulu namaphosta nekilasi lonke(ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela), Xoxa bese uchaza abalingiswa endabeni Dweba izithombe eziveza ingqikithi yezindaba, amaculo noma nemilolozelo, Landelanisa izithombe zendaba Yenza okusendabeni ngokwenza iminyakazo kanye nemisebenzi esamidlalo noma amaringi <p>Ukufunda ngokuzimela</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Funda izincwadi ukuzijabulisa ngokuzimela kumtapo wezincwadi noma kwikhona lokufunda ekilasini <p>Ulwazi lwemisindo</p> <p>Imisebenzi yemizuzu eyi -15 nsuku zonke</p> <p>Imisebenzi eminingi yemisindo elandelayo ingathulwa ngesikhathi kwenziwa imisebenzi ejwayelekile:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hlukanisa ngomlomo phakathi kwemisindo ikakhulukazi ekuqaleni kwegama lakhe Khomba umsindo ongahambelani neminye imisindo (Isib. 'Imiphi imisindo engahambelani neminye - b, b, <u>k</u>, b, d, d, d, t) Khomba ukuthi lemisindo emibili iyafana noma ihlukile (isib, mama, <u>mamo</u>, omama) Bona ukuthi imisho ephimiswayo yensiwe ngamagama ahlukene shaya izandla egameni ngalinye emushweni lapho wonke amagama enelunga elilodwa [lo, zwi,bha] <p>Ubudlelwano bemisindo nezinhlamvu zamagama</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Qalisa ukubona ukuthi amagama akhiwe ngemisindo : nika umsindo wokuqala egameni lakho

UKUHLOLA

Iziphakamiso zokuhlola :

Okungahleliwe

Ngomlomo kanye /noma ngokwenza

Ukubukela:

- Hlukanisa ngokusho ngomlomo phakathi kwemisindo yezinhlamvu ezingafani ikakhulukazi ekuqaleni kwegama lakhe
- Khomba umsindo engahambelani neminye imisindo (Isib. 'Imiphi imisindo engahambelani neminye - b, b, k, b, d, d, d, t)

Sebenzisa uhla Iwezinto ezibhekwayo kanye nerubric ephelele yokuhlola ulimi.

ITHEMU 1
UKUBHALA KOKUQALA
OKUQUKETHWE/ULWAZI /AMAKHONO
<i>Ukubhala kahle ngesandla kokuqala:</i>
<i>Imisebenzi yansukuzonke kuzozonke izingxenye zolimi kanye nezinye izifundo</i>
<i>Imisebenzi yobuciko kanye namaringi omculo ithuba elihle lokuthuthukisa amakhono okunyakazisa izicubu ezincane</i>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Thuthukisa amakhono okunyakazisa izicubu ezincane ukuqinisa izandla: njengokuginqaginja ubumba lokudlala, ukwenza imifanekiso ngobumba, ukufaka ibhowodi enathini, ukudlala upiyano emoyeni njll, Thuthukisa amakhono okunyakazisa izicubu ezincane ukuqinisa iminwe: yenza imilolozelo yeminwe ngokunyakazisa izithupha noma ukuginqaginja amabhola amancane amaphepha maphakathi neminwe, njll. Thuthukisa ukulawula izicubu ezincane: sebenzisa isikelu ukusika amaphepha njll. Thuthukisa ukuhambisana kweso nesandla: Ukudlala ngokubamba amasakana amancane okudlala, amabhola, amabhola amaphepha, ukudweba ngamakhrayoni noma upende ngesikhathi semidlalo yangaphandle njll. Thuthukisa ukukhombisa: nyakazisa izitho zomzimba ukuya kwesokunxele noma kwesokudla, phezulu noma naphansi njll. Ukweqa umugqa omaphakathi nomzimba: thatha isandla sokudla useqise umugqa ubambe ihlombe lesokunxele, Wenza izinhlamvu ngezindlela ezaahlukahlukene asebenzisa wonke umzimba: yenza u-'l' esebeenzisa umzimba Bala ngaphezu kwemifanekiso yezithombe namaphethini, Kopisha amaphethini esuselwya emabhodini amaphekisi, Sebenzisa uhla lwezinto zokubhala: amabhulashi kapende, amakhrayoni anamafutha njll.ngesikhathi sokudlala ngokukhulu leka ekilasini noma ngesikhathi semisebenzi yobuciko bokuzakhela Bhala "oqwembeni lesihlabathi.
<i>Ukubhala kokuqala :</i>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dweba noma upende isithombe ukudlulisa imilayezo ngesikhathi semisebenzi yobuciko njengezelakalo zempilo yakho Qonda ukuthi ukubhala nokudweba kuhluile: yenza sengathi uyabhala wenza imidwebo engewona amagama. "Bafunda" imibhalo yabo "bafunda" lokho abakubhale noma kanjani ngemidwebo Lingisa ukubhala emidlalweni: thatha imilayezo ngocingo, bhala inhlawulo yokuphula imithetho yomgwaqo Kopisha izinhlamvu ozaziyo egameni lakho ukwethula okubhalwayo: kopisha igama lakho Bhala kusuka kwesokunxele uya kwesokudla kanye naphezulu uya phansi, Faka imibono ekwakheni incwadi yezindaba yekilasi ngokudweba.
<i>Ukusebenza ngamagama:</i>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amaqoqo amagama: amagama aqala ngemisindo efanayo njengo 'Bongani' no 'Banele' Bona amagama embhalweni.
UKUHLOLA
<i>Iziphakamiso zokuhlola :</i>
<i>Okungahleliwe</i>
<i>Ngomlomo kanye /noma ngokwenza</i>
<i>Ukubukela:</i>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dweba noma upende isithombe ukudlulisa imilayezo ngesikhathi semisebenzi yobuciko njengezelakalo zempilo yakho Wenza izinhlamvu ngezindlela ezaahlukahlukene asebenzisa wonke umzimba: yenza u-'l' esebeenzisa umzimba "Bhala "oqwembeni lesihlabathi. Qonda ukuthi ukubhala nokudweba kuhluile: yenza sengathi uyabhala wenza imidwebo engewona amagama. "Bafunda" imibhalo yabo "bafunda" lokho abakubhale noma kanjani ngemidwebo Sebenzisa uhla lwezinto zokubhala: amabhulashi kapende, amakhrayoni anamafutha njll.ngesikhathi sokudlala ngokukhulu leka ekilasini noma ngesikhathi semisebenzi yobuciko bokuzakhela
<i>Sebenzisa uhla lwezinto ezibhekwayo kanye nerubric epelele yokuhlola ulimi.</i>

ITHEMU YESI-2
UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA
OKUQUKETHWE/ULWAZI /AMAKHONO
<p><i>Imisebenzi yansukuzonke kuzona zonke izingxenye zolimi nakwezinye izifundo.</i></p> <p><i>Lemisebenzi elandelayo ingethulwa noma ngasiphi isikhathi noma kuwo wonke amaringi ebangeni R umculo, iminyakazo, ubuchwephesheshe beze-sayensi, ulimi, izindaba, ukubonisa futhi uxoxe, izindaba nayo yonke imisebenzi yobuciko bokuzenzela</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lalela imiyalelo enezingxenye ezimbili noma ezintathu, izimemezelo bese wenza ngokufanele (Isib. Qoqa amakhrayoni uwabeke eshalufini) • Lalela ngaphandle kokuphazamisa, benikana amathuba ukukhuluma • Lalela izindaba bese uzilingisa, • Xoxa izindaba bese uxoxa nezabanye abafundi ngawakho amagama • Cula amaculo, usho imilolozelo uyinyakazele nekilasi lonke • Haya izinkondlo nemilolozelo uzinyakazele egenjini • Landelanisa izithombe zendaba • Zimbandakanye ezingxoxweni bese ubuza imibuzo, • Xoxa ngezithombe zamaphosta, amashadi endikimba, izincwadi njll. ezhambisana nezihloko ezinhlanu ngethemu • Lalela ukhumbule amagama ngokulandelana kwavo Isib. Ubaba, ububi, obabo.Qala ngamagama amathathu uye kwanne nangaphezulu
Ukusebenzisa ulimi ukuthuthukisa ulwazi
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sebenzisa ulimi ukuthuthukisa ulwazi kuzo zonke izingxenye zezifundo njengenani, izinkomba, isikhathi, ukulandeleanisa, umbala, iminyaka.
Sebenzisa ulimi ukucabanga nokucabangisisa
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Khomba bese uchaza okufanayo nokungafani, • Qondanisa izinto ezhambisanayo, bese uqhathanisa izinto ezingafani, • Hlela izinto ngokombala, isimo noma ubungako • Khomba izingxenye zokuphelele. Isibonelo. amagama ezingxenye zomzimba njengendololwane, isihlakala, idolo njll.
Sebenzisa ulimi ukuphenya nokuzitholela kabanzi
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Buza imibuzo bese ufuno nezincazelو • Nika izincazelo bese ufuno incasiselo. • Xazulula bese uqedela amaphazili anezingcezu eziyishumi kuya phezulu
Ukusebenzisa ulwazi
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Khetha ulwazi olikhethiwe encazelweni.
Sebenzisa izithombe nokunye okubonakalayo ukwakha umqondo:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bheka ngokucophelela izithombe bese ukhuluma ngezigameko eziwayelekile, • Thola umfanekiso othize esithombeni esinezinto eziningi noma imininingwane eminingi, • Dlala imidlalo efana nethi 'cingal' ukuthola into efihlwe kwezinye ekilasini, • Hlukanisa phakathi kwezimo ezihlukene zonobumba kanye namagama, isibonelo.ukuhlela izinto ezifanayo, ukubona ukulandelana kwezithombe ezicishe zifane, ukukhetha okuhlukile uchaze isizathu esenza kwehluke. • Hlela izithombe ngokulandelana kwazo bese uxoxa indaba oyakhile.

UKUHLOLA

Iziphakamiso zokuhlola :

Okungahleliwe

Ngomlomo kanye /noma ngokwenza

Ukubukela:

- Lalela ngaphandle kokuphazamisa, benikana amathuba ukukhulumu
- Cula amaculo, usho imilolozelo uyinyakazele nekilasi lonke
- Haya izinkondlo nemilolozelo uzinyakazele egenjini
- Xoxa izindaba bese uphinde uxoxe nezabanye abafundi ngawakho amagama,
- Sebenzisa ulimi ukuthuthukisa ulwazi kuzo zonke izingxenye zezifundo njengenani, izinkomba, isikhathi, ukulandeelanisa, umbala, iminyaka.
- Uzimbandakanya ezingxoxweni abuze nemibuzo,
- Thola umfanekiso othize esithombeni esinezinto eziningi noma imininingwane eminingi,
- Khomba bese uchaza ukufana nokwehlukana kwezinto,
- Bheka ngokucophelela izithombe bese ukhuluma ngezigameko ezijwayelekile,

Sebenzisa uhla Iwezinto ezibhekwayo kanye nerubric ephelele yokuhlola ulimi.

ITHEMU 2

UKUFUNDA KOKUQALA

OKUQUKETHWE/ULWAZI /AMAKHONO

Ukufunda

Ukufunda kokuqala

- Thuthukisa ukuhamba kweso ngokuyikho, njengokulandela ibhola elisuka kwesokunxele liya kwesokudla.
- Thuthukisa ukulandela izinkomba njengokunyakazisa umzimba usuka kwesokudla ukuya kwesokunxele kanye naphezulu ukuya phansi
- Bamba incwadi ngendlela bese uphenya amakhasi ngendlela efanele uma “ufunda”
- Sebenzisa izithombe ukuqagela ukuthi indaba imayelana nani: isibonelo. “funda” izithombe nemibhalo ekhombisa ukuqon-da ukuthi izithombe namagama kuyahambelana kodwa akufani.khomba amagama uma “kufundwa”
- Humusha izithombe ukwenza eyakho indaba: “funda”izithombe
- Yenza sengathi uyafunda ngokulingisa “iphimbo lokufunda”
- Qonda ukuthi umbhalo unokuthile okushoyo: ukwazi ukuthi igama lingamela igama lakhe, amagama abantu, izindawo kanye nezinto
- Bona igama lakho kanye namagama okungenani abafundi abahlanu ekilasini
- Funda amakhadi nemifanekiso ehambelana nezihloko egenjini esizwa uthisha
- Qonda ukuthi amagama abhaliwe amele amagama akhulunywayo njengezindaba zansukuzonke ezibhalwe uthisha uma umfundsi ekhulumfa
- Funda amagama asebenza njalo, amagama abafundi ofunda nabo, ikhalenda, namagama esimo sezulu
- Sebenzisa izithombe “ukufunda” izihlokvana ezilula zezincwadi. Usikhukhukazi obomvu-ikhiasi elinosikhukhukazi obomvu
- Lingisa izingxeye zendaba, amaculo noma imilolozelu
- Xoxa bese uchaza izindaba neminye imibhalo efundiwe noma exoxiwe kuzwakale.Ukhumbula imininingwane bese usho nengqikithi yendaba,
- Xoxa ngombhalo njengezindaba usebenzisa amagama afana no: ‘ekualeni’; maphakathi’; ekugcineni’; igama’; uhlamvu.

Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela:

Isifundo sekilasi lonke singenziwa ka-2 noma ka- 3 ngesonto imizuzu eyi-15, kusetshenziswa imibhalo ekhulisiwe njengezincwadi ezinkulu, amaphosta amaculo nemilolozelu. Uthisha wenza isilinganiso senqubo nabobonke abafundi ngesikhathi bexoxa noma ngesikhathi seringi yolimi kabilo ngesikhathi sokugxila olimini.

Sebenzisa okungenani izincwadi ezinkulu ezinhlanu nge-Themu

- Funda imibhalo ekhulisiwe njengezinkondlo, izincwadi ezinkulu, amaphosta nemibhalo ebhalwe (kumacomputer)bonke abafundi kanye nothisha (ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela),
- Xoxa bese uchaza abalingiswa endabeni,
- Dweba izithombe ngengqikithi yezindaba, amaculo nemilolozelu,
- Hlela izithombe ngokuzilandelana ukuze zenze indaba bese “ufunda” indaba’
- Yenza okusendabeni ngokwenza iminyakazo kanye nemisebenzi esamidlalo
- Qagela okuzokwenzeka endabeni usebenzise imibhalo ejwayelekile noma izithombe
- Yenza okusedabeni ngokwenza ezobuciko bokwenza: ukupenda isithombe sendaba.

Ufunda ngokuzimela:

- Funda izincwadi ukuzijabulisa ngokuzimela kumtapo wezincwadi noma kwikhona lokufunda ekilasini

Ulwazi lwemisindo***Imisebenzi yemizuzu eyi -15 nsuku zonke******Imisebenzi eminingi yemisindo elandelayo ingathulwa ngesikhathi kwensiwa imisebenzi ejwayelekile***

- Hlukanisa ngokusho ngomlomo phakathi kwemisindo ehlukene ikakhulukazi ekuqaleni kwamagama
- Lalela uthole umsindo ohlukile emagameni alandelanayo aqala ngomsindo ofanayo sisi, sika, sula, noma ukhombe ukuthi imisindo iyafana noma ihlukene
- Hlukanisa amagama ngokwamalunga : Isib shaya izandla noma isigubhu kwilunga ngalinye egameni ‘u-bu-so’ noma athole ukuthi mangaki amalunga egameni shaya izandla ubale amalunga asegameni lomfundu Lu-la-ma amalunga amathathu
- Thola amagama avumelanayo emilolozelweni noma emaculweni
- Qagela amagama aphindaphindayo emaculweni amasha nakwimilolozelo bese uqedela umugqa noma umusho
- Khomba umsindo ophinyiswa kuqala egameni kakhulukazi egameni lakho

Ubudlelwano bemisindo nezinhlamvu zamagama

- Qonda ukuthi amagama anemisindo engaphezu kowodwa. Isibonelo (Isikole—i-s-i-k-o-l-e)
- Bona imisindo esekuqaleni kwamanye amagama njengawabangane bakhe

UKUHLOLA***Iziphakamiso zokuhlola :******Okungahleliwe******Ngomlomo kanye /noma ngokwenza******Ukubukela:***

- Qonda ukuthi umbhalo unokuthile okushoyo: ukwazi ukuthi igama lingamela igama lakhe, amagama abantu, izindawo kanye nezinto
- Bamba incwadi ngendlela bese uphenya amakhasi ngendlela efanele uma “ufunda”
- ufunda imibhalo eggamile njengezinkondlo, izincwadi ezinkulu namaphosta nekilasi lonke (ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela),
- Xoxa bese uchaza abalingiswa endaben,
- Hlukanisa ngokusho ngomlomo phakathi kwemisindo ehlukene ikakhulukazi ekuqaleni kwamagama

Sebenzisa uhla Iwezinto ezibhekwayo kanye nerubric epelele yokuhlola ulimi.

ITHEMU 2**UKUBHALA KOKUQALA****OKUQUKETHWE/ULWAZI /AMAKHONO**

Ukubhala kahle ngesandla kokuqala

Imisebenzi yansukuzonke kuzozonke izingxeny e zolimi kanye nezinye izifundo

Imisebenzi yobuciko kanye namaringi omculo ithuba elihle lokuthuthukisa amakhono okunyakazisa izicubu ezincane

- Thuthukisa amakhono okunyakazisa izucubu ezincane ukuqinisa imisipha yezandla: Ukuginqaginja ubumba lokudlala, ukudlala icilongo emoyeni, ukutshutsha ubuhluu njll.
- Thuthukisa ukunyakaza kwezicubu ezincane ngokwenza imilolozelo yeminwe eminingi unyakazisa iminwe
- Thuthukisa ukunyakaza kwezicubu ezincane usebenzisa isikelo ukusika amaphepha,
- Thuthukisa ukuhambisana kweso nesandla: dlala ngokubamba amasakana amancane okudlala, amabholo, amabholo amaphepha, ukwenza imidwebo kanye nokwenza amaphethini alukhuni ngamakhirayoni
- Thuthukisa ukanyakaza kwemisipha emikhulu :basebenza ngababili noma ngokuzimela ukwakha izinhlamvu ngemizimba yabo
- Qala ukwakha izinhlamvu usebenzisa ukupenda ngeminwe, amabhulashi okupenda, amakhrayoni anamafutha
- Dweba ngokulandela imifanekiso yezithombe, amaphethini kanye negama lakhe lapho indlela efanele yokuqala kanye neyokubhala ikhonjisiwe ezinhlamvini
- Kopisha amaphethini emabhodini bese ukopisha amaphethini, amagama kanye nezinhlamvu ephepheni
- Sebenzisa uhla Iwezikali zokubhala: amabhulashi kapende, amakhrayoni anamafutha njll.
- Bamba amakhirayoni ngendlela efanele usebenzisa ipensela eyamukelekile
- Bhala uhlezi ngendlela efanele.

Ukubhala kokuqala:

- Dweba izithombe ukudlulisa umyalezo njengezi "ndaba zakho"
- Qonda ukuthi ukubhala nokudweba akufani bese uqala ngokukopisha izinhlamvu nezinombolo ezitholakala ekilasini ukuzama ukubhala: yenza sengathi uyabhala usebenzisa inhlanganisela yezinhlamvu kanye nemibhalo esamidwebo
- Funda okushiwo izinhlamvu kanye nemibhalo esamidwebo
- Lingisa ukubhala ezimweni zokudlala, akha amakhadi okubingeleta, ukubhala izincwadi njll.
- Qalisa ukubhala uqaphele ukwehluka nezinkomba: bhala kusuka kwesokunxele uya kwesokudla, phezulu uya phansi ephepheni
- Uukopisha okuzenzekelayo emibhalweni esendaweni ohlala kuyo njengamalebuli emikhiqizweni etholakala njalo emakhaya uma bedlala

Ukusebenza ngamagama

- Enza amaqoqo amagama aqala ngemisindo efanayo noma izinhlamvu
- Khomba uhlamvu noma isikhala phakathi kwamagama asezintweni ezibhaliwe: emagameni abo noma emagameni ajwayelekilile noma encwadini
- Faka imisho kumbhalo wasekilasini: umfundu ubizela uthisha abhale

UKUHLOLA

Iziphakamiso zokuhlola :

Okungahleliwe

Ngomlomo kanye /noma ngokwenza

Ukubukela:

- Dweba izithombe ukudlulisa umyalezo njengezi "ndaba zakho"
- Thuthukisa ukanyakaza kwemisipha emikhulu :basebenza ngababili noma ngokuzimela ukwakha izinhlamvu ngemizimba yabo
- Qala ukwakha izinhlamvu usebenzisa ukupenda ngeminwe, amabhulashi okupenda, amakhrayoni anamafutha
- Qonda ukuthi ukubhala nokudweba akufani bese uqala ngokukopisha izinhlamvu nezinombolo ezitholakala ekilasini ukuzama ukubhala: yenza sengathi uyabhala usebenzisa inhlanganisela yezinhlamvu kanye nemibhalo esamidwebo
- Funda okushiwo izinhlamvu kanye nemibhalo esamidwebo
- Qalisa ukubhala uqaphele ukwehluka nezinkomba: bhala kusuka kwesokunxele uya kwesokudla, phezulu uya phansi ephepheni

Sebenzisa uhla Iwezinto ezibhekwayo kanye nerubric ephelele yokuhlola ulimi.

ITHEMU 3**UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA****OKUQUKETHWE/ULWAZI/AMAKHONO**

Imisebenzi yansukuzonke kuzona zonke izingxenye zolimi nakwezinye izifundo.

Lemisebenzi elandelayo ingethulwa noma ngasiphi isikhathi noma kuwo wonke amaringi ebangeni R umculo,

iminyakazo, ubuchwepheshes beze-sayensi, ulimi, izindaba, ukubonisa futhi uxoxe, izindaba nayo yonke imisebenzi yobuciko bokuzenzela

- Lalela ngokucophelela imibuzo bese unika izimpendulo
- Lalela imiyalelo bese uphendula ngokufanele
- Lalela imiyalelo eminingi elukhuni unanele ngokwenza
- Lalela ngaphandle kokuphazamisa ubonise inhloniphokkhulumayo bese benikana amathuba ukukhuluma
- Xoxa izindaba uphinde uxoxe nezabanye abafundi ngawakho amagama
- Cula amaculo nemilolozelo uyinyakazele
- Haya izinkondlo nemilolozelo wenze iminyakazo ngokuzethembra
- Lalela izindaba ezithe ukuba zinde ubonise ukuqonda ngokuphendula imibuzo ehambisana nendaba
- Landelanisa izithombe zendaba
- Lalela ukhumbule amagama alula ngokulandelana kwavo
- Xoxa ngezithombe zamaphosta, amashadi endikimba, izincwadi njll. ezihambisana nezihloko ezinhlanu ngethemu

Sebenzisa ulimi ukukhulisa ulwazi

- Sebenzisa ulimi ukukhulisa ulwazi kuzo zonke izifundo. Isibonelo, Izibalo: inani, ubungako, isikhathi, isimo, iminyaka, izinkomba kanye nombala ngesikhathi seringi noma sokudlala ngokukhululeka okungahleliwe.

Sebenzisa ulimi ukucabanga nokucabangisisa

- Khomba bese uchaza okufanayo nokungafani,
- Qondanisa izinto ezihambisanyo, bese uqhathanisa izinto ezingafani
- Hlela izinto ngokohlelo Iwakho
- Bona ingxenye yento ephelele (isib.izingxenye ezenza isithombe)

Sebenzisa ulimi ukuphenya nokuzitholela kabanzi

- Buza imibuzo bese ubheka izincazelo ezincwadini
- Nika izincazelo nezixazululo
- Qedela amaphazili anezingcezu eziyishumi kanye namashumi amabili

Ukusebenzisa ulwazi

- Khetha ulwazi olukhethekile encazelweni.

Sebenzisa izithombe nokunye okubonakalayo ukwakha umqondo

- Qonda ukuthi izithombe nemifanekiso zidlulisa umyalezo ukuqonda ngezehlakalo, abantu, izindawo nezinto bese ukhuluma ngazo
- Bheka ngokucophelela izithombe bese ukhuluma ngezehlakalo eziwayelekile
- Hlukanisa imifanekiso engaphambili noma ngemumva ezithombeni nasemidwebeni elula
- Thola izinto ezifihlw kwezinye ekilasini bese uhola abanye abafundi ukuya kuzo ngokunika izinkomba ezilula
- Hlukanisa phakathi kwezimo zezinhlamu ezahlukene kanye namagama
- Hlela izithombe ngokulandelana kwazo bese uxoxa indaba eyakhiwe

UKUHLOLA

Iziphakamiso zokuhlola :

Okungahleliwe

Ngomlomo kanye /noma ngokwenza

Ukubukela:

- Lalela ngokucophelela imibuzo bese unika izimpendulo
- Lalela ngaphandle kokuphazamisa ubonise inhlonipho kokhulumayo bese benikana amathuba ukukhuluma
- Cula amaculo nemilolozelo uyinyakazele
- Xoxa izindaba uphinde uxoxe nezabanye abafundi ngawakho amagama
- Sebenzisa ulimi ukuthuthukisa ulwazi kuzo zonke izifundo,
- Qondanisa izinto ezihambisanyo, bese uqhathanisa izinto ezingafani
- Qonda ukuthi izithombe nemifanekiso zidlulisa umyalezo ukuqonda ngezehlakalo, abantu, izindawo nezinto bese ukhuluma ngazo
- Bheka ngokucophelela izithombe bese ukhuluma ngezehlakalo ezijwayelekile

Sebenzisa uhla lwezinto ezibhekwayo kanye nerubric ephelile yokuhlola ulimi.

ITHEMU 3

UKUFUNDA KOKUQALA

OKUQUKETHWE/ULWAZI /AMAKHONO

*Ukufunda**Amakhono okuqala ukufunda*

- Thuthukisa ukuhamba kweso.isibonelo, landela ipensela usuka kwesobunxele uya kwesokudla
- Thuthukisa izinkomba: funda izithombe ezilandelanayo noma imicibisholo ukusuka kwesokunxele uya kwesokudla, noku-suka phezulu uya phansi
- Qondanisa igama nento :qondanisa amalebula nezinto ezilebuliwe ematafuleni okukhangisa
- Sebenzisa izithombe ukuqonda imishwana nemisho elula esencwadin.isibonelo. isithombe senja nomusho ofundeka kanje 'bheka le nja'.
- Bamba incwadi ngendlela bese uphenya amakhasi ngendlela efanele uma "ufunda"
- Humusha izithombe ukwenza eyakho indaba: "funda"izithombe
- Hlukanisa izithombe nemibhalo: khomba igama bese ubuza ukuthi igama lithini,
- Yenza sengathi uyafunda ngokulingisa "iphimbo lokufunda"
- Funda amagama abonakala njalo emphakathini: izimpawu zomgwaqo, amagama eztolo
- Qala ukubona amagama assetshenziswa njalo ekilasini: amagama esimo sezulu, izinsuku zesonto, amagama abafundi ofunda nabo, izinyanga zonyaka
- Funda incwadi yezithombe enemisho emithathu noma emine eqagelekayo.isibonelo usikhukukazi.bheka usikhukukazi. usikhukukazi ubomvu.
- Lingisa indaba, iculo noma umlolozelo
- Khumbula imininingwane bese usho nengqikithi yendaba efundwe uthisha
- Dweba izithombe zezindaba, amaculo noma imilololzelo,
- Xoxa ngokuphathwa nokunakekewla kwencwadi,
- Lalela bese uxoxa izindaba neminye imibhalo efundiwe kakhulu
- Sebenzisa amagama afana nalawa 'umsindo'igama, uhlamu', 'imilolozelo', 'ekuqaleni', 'phakathi nendawo', 'ekugcineni' uma ekhuluma ngombhalo

Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela

Isifundo sekilasi lonke singenziwa ka-2 noma ka- 3 ngesonto imizuzu eyi-15, kusetshenziswa imibhalo ekhulisiwe njengezincwadi ezinkulu, amaphosta amaculo nemilolozelo. Uthisha ukhombisa ikilasi lonke inqubo ngesikhathi bexoxa noma ngesikhathi seringi yolimi kabili ngesikhathi sokugxila olimini.

Sebenzisa okungenani izincwadi ezinkulu ezinhlanu nge-themu

- Funda izincwadi ezinkulu noma mibhalo eyandisiwe ngokuhlanganyela nothisha
- Funda imibhalo yekilasi noma yeqembu. Isibonelo,imisho ebhalwe uthisha abafundi bebukile bekhuluma futhi bembizela
- Xhumanisa nezhelakalo azaziyo uma ufunda nothisha, ubukele umabonwakude noma izithombe,
- Chaza izimpawu zabalingiswa endabeni noma kumabonwakude bese unika umbono wakho
- Khomba ukulandelana kwezigameko ezindabeni ezelula
- Sebenzisa imidwebo nezithombe ezingaphandle encwadini ukuqagela ukuthi indaba imayelana nani
- Hlanganyela uma kufundwa ngokuhlanganyela ngokuzethemba nangokuzijabulisa
- Phendula uhla lwemibuzo eyakhelwe endabeni efundiwe

Funda ngokuzimela

- Funda izincwadi ngokuzimela ukuzijabulisa kumtapo wezincwadi noma ekhonini lokufunda ekilasini ,phenya amakhasi ngendlela efanele,ukhombisa ukhlonipha izincwadi

Ulwazi lwemisindo

Imisebenzi yemisindo, imizuzu eyi -15 nsuku zonke

Imisebenzi eminingi yemisindo elandelayo ingathulwa ngesikhathi kwenziwa imisebenzi ejwayelekile

- Hlukanisa imisho eshiwo ngomlomo ibe ngamagama, usebenzisa amagama alunga linye kuqala
- Hlukanisa amagama ngokwamalunga : Isib shaya izandla noma isigubhu kwilunga ngalinye egameni ‘u-bu-so’
- Khomba amagama aphindaphindayo emilolozelweni noma emaculweni bese ulandelanisa amagama aphindaphindayo
- Faka amagama amele amagama aphindaphindayo emaculweni nakwimilolozelo ejwayelekile.
- Khomba bese usho ezinye ezinhlamvu zamagama kakhulukazi egameni lakho nge-alphabheti.

Ubudlelwano bemisindo nezinhlamvu zamagama

- Khomba ngokuphimisa nokubona abanye ongwaqa nonkamisa kakhulukazi ekuqaleni kwamagama ajwayelekile
- Qonda ukuthi amagama anemisindo engaphezu kowodwa. Isibonelo (Isikole—i-s-i-k-o-l-e)
- Bona imisindo esekuqaleni kwamanye amagama njengawabangane noma amagama ezilwane

UKUHLOLA

Iziphakamiso zokuhlola :

Okungahleliwe

Ngomlomo kanye /noma ngokwenza

Ukubukela:

- Sebenzisa izithombe ukuqonda imishwana nemisho elula esencwadini.isibonelo. Isithombe senja nomusho ofundeka kanje ‘bheka le nja’.
- Qondanisa igama nento: qondanisa amalebula nezinto ezilebuliwe ematafuleni okukhangisa
- Bamba incwadi ngendlela bese uphenya amakhasi ngendlela efanele
- Humusha izithombe ukwenza eyakho indaba: “funda”izithombe
- Funda imibhalo yekilasi noma yeqembu. Isibonelo,imisho ebhalwe uthisha abafundi bebukile bekhuluma futhi bembizela
- Chaza izimpawu zabalingiswa endabeni noma kumabonwakude bese unika umbono wakho
- Funda amagama asetshenziswa njalo emphakathini: izimpawu zomgwaqo, amagama ezitolo
- Khomba uphimisa nangokubona ongwaqa nonkamisa ekuqaleni kwamagama ajwayelekile
- Khomba bese usho amagama ezinhlamvu zonobumba kakhulukazi egameni lakho

Sebenzisa uhla Iwezinto ezibhekwayo kanye nerubric ephelele yokuhlola ulimi.

ITHEMU 3**UKUBHALA KOKUQALA****OKUQUKETHWE/ULWAZI /AMAKHONO**

Ukubhala kahle ngesandla kokuqala:

Imisebenzi yansukuzonke kuzozonke izingxenye zolimi kanye nezinye izifundo

Imisebenzi yobuciko kanye namaringi omculo ithuba elihle lokuthuthukisa amakhono okunyakazisa izicubu ezincane

- Thuthukisa amakhono okunyakazisa izucubu ezincane ukuqinisa imisipha yezandla: akha izinhlamvu ngenhlama yokudlala, thunga amakhadi ngezintanjana, ubuhlalu,
- Thuthukisa ukusebenzisa izicubu ezincane ngokudlala imilolozelo eminingi yeminwe ngokunyakazisa iminwe
- Thuthukisa ukusebenza kwezicubu ezincane usebenzisa isikelo ukusika ukhiphe isithombe, isimo njll
- Thuthukisa ukuhambisana kweso nesandla: Ukudlala ukunqaka amasakana amancane okudlala, amabhola, amabhola amaphepha njll. ukwenza imidwebo, enza amaphethini alukhuni ngamakhrayoni
- Thuthukisa ukusebenza kwemisipha emikhulu, ukusebenza ngababili noma ngokuzimela ukwakha izinhlamvu ngemizimba yabo
- Qala ukwakha izinhlamvu: usebenzisa ukupenda ngeminwe, amabhulashi okupenda, amakhrayoni anamafutha njll
- Dweba ulandela isithombe, amaphethini, igama lakho uqale endaweni efanele nezinkomba zokubhala ezikhoniswe ezinhlamvini
- Kopisha amaphethini emabhodini, amagama kanye nezinhlamvu ephepheni
- Bamba amakhrayoni ngendlela efanele futhi uhlale ngendlela efanele uma ubhala

Ukubhala kokuqala:

- Dweba izithombe ukudlulisa umyalezo omayelana nezehlakalo empilweni yakho bese usebenzisa lokhu njengokuqalisa ukubhala, ngokulekelelwu ufaka igama noma umusho emdwebeni
- Qonda ukuthi ukubhala nokudweba kuhlkile bese uqalisa ukukopisha izinhlamvu nezinombolo ezitholakala ekilasini uku-zama ukubhala: yenza sengathi uyabhala usebenzisa inhlanganisela yezinhlamvu nemibhalo yemidwebo ekopishiwe
- Lingisa ukubhala ezimweni zokudlala: isibonelo bhala uhl
- Qalisa ukubhala uqaphele ukwehluka nezinkomba: bhala kusuka kwesokunxele uya kwesokudla, phezulu uya phansi ephepheni
- Kopisha imibhalo esendaweni okuyo uma udlala. Isibonelo, amalebali akwizikhangisi
- Faka imibono uma kubhalwa incwadi yezindaba zekilasi
- Sebenzisa izikhali zokubhala ngokuzethemba okukhulu: amakhirayoni kanye namapensela

Ukusebenza ngamagama

- Yenza amaqoqo ezithombe zamagama aqala ngemisindo efanayo
- Khomba izinhlamvu noma izikhala phakathi kwamagama kwimibhalo isib. amagama abo noma amagama ajwayelekile noma encwadini
- Faka imisho ekubhaleni umbhalo wekilasi: umfundu ubizela uthisha abhale,
- Sebenzisa amagama afana nalawa: 'ekuqaleni', 'maphakathi', 'ekugcineni' umsindo', uma ekhuluma ngombhalo.

UKUHLOLA

Izipakamiso zokuhlola :

Okungahleliwe

Ngomlomo kanye /noma ngokwenza

Ukubukela:

- Dweba izithombe ukudlulisa umyalezo omayelana nezehlakalo empilweni yakho bese usebenzisa lokhu njengokuqalisa ukubhala, ngokulekelelwu ufaka igama noma umusho emdwebeni
- Qonda ukuthi ukubhala nokudweba kuhlkile bese uqalisa ukukopisha izinhlamvu nezinombolo ezitholakala ekilasini uku-zama ukubhala: yenza sengathi uyabhala usebenzisa inhlanganisela yezinhlamvu nemibhalo yemidwebo ekopishiwe
- Lingisa ukubhala ezimweni zokudlala: isibonelo bhala uhl
- Qalisa ukubhala uqaphele ukwehluka nezinkomba: bhala kusuka kwesokunxele uya kwesokudla, phezulu aye phansi ephepheni

Sebenzisa uhlala lwezinto ezibhekwayo kanye nerubric epelele yokuhlola ulimi.

ITHEMU 4**UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA****OKUQUKETHWE/ULWAZI /AMAKHONO**

Imisebenzi yansukuzonke kuzona zonke izingxenye zolimi nakwezinye izifundo.

Lemisebenzi elandelayo ingethulwa noma ngasiphi isikhathi noma kuwo wonke amaringi ebangeni R umculo, iminyakazo, ubuchwephesheshe beze-sayensi, ulimi, izindaba, ukubonisa futhi uxoxe, izindaba nayo yonke imisebenzi yobuciko bokuzenzela

- Lalela ngokucophelela imibuzo bese unika izimpendulo
- Lalela izimemezelo bese uphendula ngokufanele
- Dlulisa imiyalelo
- Lalela imiyalelo eminingi exubile bese unanele ngokwenza
- Lalela ngaphandle kokuphazamisa ubonise inhloniphokokhulumayo bese benikana amathuba ukukhuluma
- Lalela izindaba eziphelela zinde ubonise ukuqonda ngokuphendula imibuzo ehambelana nendaba
- Xoxa izindaba bese uxoxa nezabanye abafundi ngawakho amagama
- Cula amaculo nemilolozelo uyinyakazele ngokuzethemba
- Haya izinkondlo nemilolozelo bese ufaka iminyakazo ngokuzethemba
- Landelanisa izithombe zendaba
- Hlanganyela ezingxoxweni bese ubuza nemibuzo.
- Lalela ukhumbule amagama alula ngokulandelana kwavo njengo- ubaba, ububi, babo
- Xoxa ngezithombe zamaphosta, amashadi endikimba, izincwadi njll. ezihambisana nezihloko ezinhlanu ngethemu

Sebenzisa ulimi ukukhulisa umqondo

- Sebenzisa ulimi ukuthuthukisa ulwazi kuzo zonke izifundo njengenani, ubungako, isimo, izinkomba, umbala, isivinini, isikhathi, iminyaka kanye nokulandeletanisa

Sebenzisa ulimi ukucabanga nokucabangisisa

- Khomba bese uchaza okufanayo nokungafani
- Qondanisa izinto ezihambisanyo, bese uqhathanisa izinto ezingafani
- Hlela izinto ngokohlelo lwakho kanye nokuningi okuxubile njengokwakheka
- Bona ingxenye yento ephelele kwizimo ezinhlangothimbili 2-D bakhe izinto ezinhlangothintathu 3-D. kopisha izithombe noma amaphethini kumakhadi [2-D] usebenzisa amabhuloki noma izimo zikapulasitiki [3-D]

Sebenzisa ulimi ukuphenya nokuzitholela kabanzi:

- Buza imibuzo bese ubheke ezincwadini, umabonwakude, amakhompyutha ukuze uthole incazelos
- Lalela izinkinga bese unika izixazululo
- Qedela amaphazili amaphazili anezingcezu ezingamashumi amabili noma ngaphezulu

Ukusebenzisa ulwazi

- Ukwazi ukuthola ulwazi olukhethiwe encazelweni ethulwa ngomlomo Isibonelo, lalela izimemezelo uthole ukuthi isigameko esithile siqala ngasiphi isikhathi.

Sebenzisa izithombe nokunye okubonakalayo ukwenza umqondo:

- Qonda ukuthi izithombe nemifanekiso zidlulisa incazelos ngezehlakalo, abantu, izindawo nezinye izinto okhulume ngazo
- Sebenzisa izithombe ukuqagela ingqikithi yezindaba
- Khomba okungaphambili nokungemuva ezithombeni njengezinto ezihlukene
- Dlala umdlalo wezinkomba nothisha nabangani. Isibonelo: umdlalo webhodi ("snake and ladder")
- Hlukanisa phakathi kwezimo zezinhlamu namagama: hlela izinhlamu zeplastiki ezifanayo ngamaqoqo
- Qondanisa izithombe namagama usebenzisa amaphazili

UKUHLOLA

Iziphakamiso zokuhlola :

Okungahleliwe

Ngomlomo kanye /noma ngokwenza

Ukubukela:

- Lalela ngaphandle kokuphazamisa ubonise inhlonipho kokhulumayo bese benikana amathuba ukukhuluma
- Cula amaculo nemilolozelo uyinyakazele ngokuzethemba
- Xoxa izindaba bese uxoxa nezabanye abafundi ngawakho amagama
- Khomba bese uchaza okufanayo nokungafani
- Qondanisa izinto ezihambisanyo, bese uqhathanisa izinto ezingafani
- Bheka ngokucophelela ezithombeni bese ukhuluma ngezigameko ezifanayo
- Sebenzisa ulimi ukuthuthukisa ulwazi kuzo zonke izifundo njengenani, ubungako, isimo, izinkomba, umbala, isivinini, isikhathi, iminyaka kanye nokulandeelanisa

Sebenzisa uhla Iwezinto ezibhekwayo kanye nerubric ephelele yokuhlola ulimi.

ITHEMU 4

UKUFUNDA KOKUQALA

OKUQUKETHWE/ULWAZI /AMAKHONO

*Ukufunda**Amakhono okufunda okuqala*

- Qondanisa amagama nezithombe kokubhaliwe njengamaphazili amagama,
- Humusha izithombe ukwakha umcabango.isibonelo, yenza indaba yakho bese ufunda "izithombe"
- Bona izithombe emibhalweni. Isibonelo, khomba igama abafundi balifunde
- "bafunda" imibhalo yabo njegemisho ebhalwe uthisha
- Qala ukufunda amagama ajwayelekile obawabona ekilasini nasesikoleni: isicabha, ikhabethe njll.
- Funda izincwadi ezinezithombe eziningana ezixutshiwe
- Nyakazela indaba, iculo noma imilolozel
- Khumbula imininingwane bese usho nengqikithi
- Dweba izithombe zezindaba, amaculo noma imilololzelo,
- Xoxa ngokuphathwa nokunakekelwa kwencwadi,

Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela

Isifundo sekilasi lonke singenziwa ka-2 noma ka- 3 ngesonto sithatha imizuzu eyi-15. Kusetshenziswa imibhalo ekhulisiwe njengezincwadi ezinkulu, amaphosta njll. (Sebenzisa okungenani izincwadi ezinkulu ezinhlanu ngethemu)

- Funda izincwadi ezinkulu noma imibhalo eyandisiwe nekilasi lonke ngokuhlanganyela nothisha
- Funda imibhalo eyakhiwe iklasi njengemisho ebhalwe uthisha, emaqenjini noma nothisha
- Khomba amagama kunezithombe uma befunda
- Xhumanisa izigameko ozaziyo uma ufunda nothisha, ubuka umabonwakude noma izithombe
- Chaza izimpawu zabalingiswa ezindabeni noma kumabonwakude unike imibono yakho
- Khomba ukulandelana kwezehlakalo ezindabeni ezlula,
- Sebenzisa izithombe nekhava yencwadi ukuqagela ukuthi indaba imayelana nani
- Hlanganyela uma kufundwa ngokuhlanganyela umbhalo ngokuzethemba nangokuzijabulisa
- Phendula imibuzo ehlukahlukene emayelana nendaba.

Ukufunda ngokuzimela

- ufunda izincwadi ngokuzimela ukuzijabulisa kumtapo wezincwadi noma kwikhona lokufunda ekilasini, uphenye amakhasi ngendlela efanele ubonise ukuhlonipha izincwadi

*Ulwazi lwemisindo**Imisebenzi yemisindo, imizuzu eyi -15 nsuku zonke**Imisebenzi eminingi yemisindo elandelayo ingathulwa ngesikhathi kwenziwa imisebenzi yamarangi ejwayelekile*

- Hlukanisa imisho uphimisela (ngomlomo) ibe ngamagama, isibonelo. Shaya izandla kwigama ngalinye 'umama - ulele'
- Hlukanisa amagama amalunga maningi ngokwamalunga 'u-ma-ma',
- Bona amagama aphindaphindayo kwimilolozel eyaziwayo kanye namaculo emagameni aphindaphindayo alandelanayo
- Qaphela futhi ubone imisindo yongwaqa nonkamisa ekuqaleni kwamagama avamile
- Qaphela futhi usho amagama ezinhlamvu ezsiegameni lakho
- Qonda ukuthi amagama anemisindo ehlukehlukene. U-b-a-b-a,
- Qaphela / bona imisindo ekuqaleni kwamagama,
- Bona ukuthi amagama akhiwe ngemisindo, njengohlamvu lokuqala egameni lakho

UKUHLOLA

Iziphakamiso zokuhlola :

Okungahleliwe

Ngomlomo kanye /noma ngokwenza

Ukubukela

- Humusha izithombe ukuze wakhe umcabango lsib. yenza eyakho indaba bese ufunda izithombe
- Funda izincwadi ezinkulu noma imibhalo eyandisiwe nekilasi lonke ngokuhlanganyela nothisha
- Bona uphimise ubone imisindo yongwaqa nonkamisa ekuqaleni kwamagama avamile
- Bona futhi usho amagama ezinye izinhlamvu ze-alphabhethi njengasegameni lakho

Sebenzisa uhla Iwezinto ezibhekwayo kanye nerubric epehelele yokuhlola ulimi.

ITHEMU 4

UKUBHALA KOKUQALA**OKUQUKETHWE/ULWAZI /AMAKHONO**

Ukubhala kahle ngesandla kokuqala:

Imisebenzi yansukuzonke kuzozonke izingxenye zolimi kanye nezinye izifundo

Imisebenzi yobuciko kanye namaringi omculo ithuba elihle lokuthuthukisa amakhono okunyakazisa izicubu ezincane

- Thuthukisa amakhono okunyakazisa izicubu ezincane ukuqinisa imisipha yezandla ,
- Dlala imilolozelo yeminwe unokunyakazisa iminwe
- Sebenzisa isikelo ukusika umugqa ogqamile ozungeze izithombe, nezimo, njll.
- Dlala ukunqaka amasakana amancane okudlala, amabholo, amabholo amaphepha njll. ngokwenza imidwebo,yenza amaphethini axubile ngamakhrayoni
- Bakha izinhlamvu ngemizimba yabo behamba ngababili noma ehamba yedwa
- Yakha izinhlamvu usebenzisa ukupenda ngeminwe, amabhulashi okupenda, amakhrayoni anamafutha
- Dweba ulandele izithombe, igama lakho kanye namaphethini lapho kuqala khona, ubhale ulandela inkomba zokubhala ezikhonjisiwe ezinhlamvini
- Kopisha amaphethini, amagama kanye nezinhlamvu
- Sebenzisa izikhali zokubhala ezinhlobonhlobo njengamabulashi kapende, amakhrayoni amafutha
- Yakha amagama ngezinhlobonhlobo zezikhali zokubhala njengamakhrayoni, amapeni omsizi,ushoki
- Bamba amakhrayoni ngendlela efanele ekhombisa isandla okhethe ukusibenzisa: esokunxele/ noma esokudla
- Yakha izinhlamvu zamagama ezincane ngendlela efanele uqale endaweni efanele futhi uqedele endaweni efanele

Ukubhala kokuqala:

- Dweba izithombe ukudlula umyalezo omayelana nezehlakalo eziwayelekile bese usebenzisa lokhu njengokuqalisa ukubhala ulekelelwa ngokufaka igama noma umusho
- Kopisha izinhlamvu kanye nezinombolo ezisekilasini uma ubhala
- Funda umbhalo wakho kanye neyabanye
- Bhala bese abanye banike umqondo walokho okubhaliwe
- Lingisa ukubhala ezimweni zokudlala, yakha uhlu lwamagama noma izinto
- Bhala uqaphele izinkomba: bhala kusuka kwesokunxele kuya kwesokudla, usuka phezulu uye ezansi,
- Kopisha imibhalo ejwayelekile uma udlala njengamalebuli kwizikhangisi
- Bazama ukubhala imibhalo ejwayelekile besebenzisa izinhlamvu abazaziyo
- Faka imibono ekubhaleni incwadi entsha yezindaba zekilasi
- Sebenzisa izikhali zokubhala ngokuzethemba kalula

Ukusebenza ngamagama

- Yenza amaqoqo amagama aqala ngemisindo efanayo
- Kopisha amagama nemisho emifushane ebhalwe uthisha
- Khomba izinhlamvu noma izikhala phakathi kwemibhalo, igama lakho, noma amagama ajwayelekile noma encwadini
- Faka imisho ukusiza ekubhaleni umbhalo wekilasi, umfundsi ubizela uthisha abhale
- Sebenzisa amagama afana nalawa alandelayo: ‘ekuqaleni’, ‘maphakathi’, ‘ekugcineni’ umsindo’, igama,uinhlamvu, imilolozelo

UKUHLOLA

Iziphakamiso zokuhlola :

Okungahleliwe

Ngomlomo kanye /noma ngokwenza

Ukubukela

- Dweba izithombe ukudlulisa umyalezo omayelana nezehlakalo ezijwayelekile bese usebenzisa lokhu njengokuqalisa ukubhala ulekelelwu ngokufaka igama noma umusho
- Bhala bese abanye banike umqondo walokho okubhaliwe
- Funda umbhalo wakho kanye neyabanye
- Kopisha izinhlamu kanye nezinombolo ezisekilasini uma ubhala
- Bazama ukubhala imibhalo ejwayelekile besebenzisa izinhlamu abazaziyo

Sebenzisa uhla Iwezinto ezibhekwayo kanye nerubric epehelele yokuhlola ulimi.

IZINSIZA KUFUNDA ZONYAKA EZIPHAKANYISIWE**UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA**

- Izithombe namaphosta
- Amashadi emibala
- Amashadi ezinombolo
- Imidlalo
- Izinto ezibambekayo ezihambisana nezihloko
- Ibhodi lezindaba
- Izithombe ezilandelanayo
- Amaphazili okungenani izingcezu ezingama-20
- Amathoyizi anjengamabholoki, izinto zokwakha izimoto, onodoli, amaphaphethi, amamaski njll.
- Uqwembe Iwesihlabathi kanye nezinto zokudlala ngamanzi
- Amabhodlela epulasitiki, ojeke, amabhokisi njll.
- Ama-CD noma izindaba ezikuma-theyiphi, izinkondlo, imilolozelo, amaculo, umshini odlala ama-CD, amakhasethi, umabon-akude, nevidyo
- Izinto zomculo, isib. izigubhu, okhehlegume, izinsimbi, izinduku njll.

UKUFUNDA NEMISINDO

- Iizithombe namaphosta
- Amashadi e- alphabethi
- Izincwadi ezinkulu
- Imibhalo ekhulisiwe eminye esungulwe esifundweni sokuhlanganyela
- Izincwadi zezindaba nezithombe
- Amakhadi anamagama abafundi
- Amaphephandaba namamagazini
- Amakhadi amalebulu ezinto ezisekilasini nezikhangisiwe
- Amakhadi anamagama abafundi
- Ikhona lokukhangisa (fantasy corners)
- Itafula lendikimba
- Ishadi lemisebenzi yokusiza ekilasini
- Ishadi lezinsuku zokuzalwa kanye nesimo sezulu

Ukubhala ngesandla:

- Izinsiza kufunda okufana namabholo obukhulu obehlukene, okusamasondo kokudlala (hoops), amasakana okudlala amancane, amaphegbhodi, ubuhlalu, nezintambo, amakhadi aboshwayo nezintambo, amabhawodi namanathi, amaphekisi ezingubo
- Izikelo, inhlama yokudlala, amakhilayoni amafutha, amabhulashi kapende, upende, ushoki, izileyiti, amabhodi amhlophe
- Amaphephandaba
- Amashadi abhalwe izinhlamvu ze-alphabhethi
- Amaphepha angenamigqa (A3, A4, A5)
- Uqwembe lesihlabathi

3.3 IBANGA LOKU -1

ISIZULU ULIMI LWASEKHAYA IBANGA LOKU-1
IZIDINGO ZETHEMU

ITHEMU YOKU - 1	
UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA :	ISIKHATH ESIPHAKANYISIWE Isikhathi esincane ngokwemukelekile: Imizuzu engama-45 ngesonto Isikhathi esiningi ngokwemukelekile: Ihora elilodwa ngesonto
Okuqukethwe/Ulwazi /Amakhono:	
Imisebenzi yansukuzonke/ yamasontonke kuzo zonke izingxenye zolimi nakwezinye izifundo <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lalela ngaphandle kokuphazamisa Xoxa ngolwazi onalo, usho izindaba, uchaze isimo sezulu, nokunye okuyizihloko zezigameko ezithile njll. Cula amaculo futhi awanyakazele 	
Kabili ngesonto kugxilwa emisebenzini yokulalela nokukhuluma: <i>Amasonto 1 - 5</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lalela imiyalelo elula (ngokwenziwa ekilasini) bese wenza okufanele Lalela izindaba, imilolozelo, izinkondlo namaculo ngokuzijabulela uphinde ulingise izingxenye zendaba, amaculo noma imilolozelo. Phendula imibuzo,njengemibuzo emayelana nemininingwane ngawe,njll Amasonto 6 - 10 Landelanisa izithombe zendaba, ubuye ukhulume ngokulandelanisa imibono, Xoxa ngezithombe ezssemashadini, amashadi anezihloko, nasezincwadini, njll. Khuluma uma kuxoxwa, ukushintshana ngokukhuluma uphinde uhloniphe amalungu eqembu okulo, Chaza izinto ngokwemibala, ngobungako, ngesimo, ngenani usebenzisa ulimi olufanele, 	
UKUHLOLA Iziphakamisozemisebenzi yokuhlola okungahleliwe Ukulalela nokukhuluma (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phendula imibuzo,njengemibuzo emayelana nemininingwane ngawe,njll Cula amaculo uwanyakazele Khuluma uma kuxoxwa, ukushintshana ngokukhuluma uphinde uhloniphe amalungu eqembu okulo, Ukuhlola okuhleliwe koku -1 Ukulalela nokukhuluma (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> uxoxa ngolwazi analo, usho izindaba, achaze isimo sezulu, nokunye okuyizihloko zezigameko ezithile ulalela izindaba, imilolozelo, izinkondlo namaculo ngokuzijabulela aphinde alingise izingxenye zendaba, amaculo noma imilolozelo ulandelanisa izithombe zendaba, abuye akhulume ngokulandelanisa imibono uchaza izinto ngokwemibala, ngobungako, ngesimo, ngenani esebezisa ulimi olufanele 	

ITHEMU YOKU - 1	
UKUFUNDU NEMISINDO	ISIKHATHI ESIPHAKANYISIWE Isikhathi esincane ngokwemukelekayo: amahora ama -4 nemizuzu engama-30 Isikhathi esiesiningi ngokwemukelekayo: Amahora ama-5 ngesonto
OKUQUKETHWE/ULWAZI /AMAKHONO	
<i>Imisebenzi yemisindo yansukuzonke eyimizuzu eyi-15</i>	
Qala imisebenzi yowlazi lwemisindo, fundisa imisindo emisha ka-1 noma ka-2 ngesonto, wakhe amagama usebenzisa imisindo efundiwe	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • kumele ukuba abafundi bayakwazi ukuyibona bayakhombe le misindo a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h,i,j,k,l,m,n,o,p,q,r,s,t,u,v,w x,y,z • Uthisha akaqale ngokubuyekeza le misindo engenhla ngokuyibona nokuyikhomba. Uthisha akalekelele abafundi abangalenzanga ibanga R ukuthi babe sezingeni labanye abafundi. • Kulethemu kulindeleleke ukuba abafundi bafunde yonke lemisindo enhlamvunye elandelayo ngokuhlelekile: onkamisa a, e, i, o, u nongwaqa b, l, n, d,m, isib. umama, ubaba, ilala, idada, inunu • Ungwaqa ngamunye kufanele ahambisane nonkamisa isib. m+a = ma • Akunakulandelana okumisiwe kokufundisa imisindo ngethemu • Abafundi abakwazi ukubona imisindo efundiwe emagameni. • Umfundu wakha amagama esebezisa imisindo efundiwe. • Kusemqoka ukuthi igama eliyisibonelo sezinhlamvu nemisindo esifundiwe. • Funda amagama usebenzisa ulwazi lwemisindo efundiwe, • Hlukanisa amagama ngamalunga awakhile nangemisindo kanje: (u-ba-ba, u-b-a-b-a, njll), • Funda ukupela amagama okungenani ama-5 ngesonto • Bhala amagama okungenani ama-5 ngesonto. 	
<i>Imisebenzi yokufunda yansukuzonke:</i>	
Ukufunda ngamaqembu nothisha, (kungaba amaqembu amabili ngosuku), nokufunda ngokuhlanganyela kungaba ka- 2 noma ka-3 ngesonto.	
Amakhono okufunda kokuqala (afundiswa ezifundweni zokuhlanganyela nakwezamaqembuafunda nothisha)	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bamba incwadi ngokuyikho uphenye kahle amakhasi, • Sebenzisa izithombe ukuqagela ukuthi indaba imayelana nani Isib. Ufunda incwadi yezithombe, • Humusha izithombe ukuze wakhe indaba yakho ngazo: funda izithombe • Qoqa ufunde iziqubulo namanye amagama nemibhalo esemphakathini. • Kwazi ukubona igama lakho namagama abanye abafundi okungenani abayishumi, • Bona amalebula nezihlokwana ezisekilasini, • Xoxa ngempatho nokunakelela incwadi, • Lalela futhi uxoxe izindaba neminye imibhalo efundwa ngokuzwakalayo , • Thuthukusa umqondo oyisisekelo wombhalo okufaka: • Ulwazi lwencwadi –ikhava, isihloko sencwadi, ingaphambili nengemuva layo. • Ulwazi lombhalo - igama, amagama afanayo, amagama ezinhlamvu, okukodwa nokukodwa okuhambisanayo. • Ukulawuleka - ukuqala ukufunda phambili ukuya ukugcineni, ukufunda asuke kwesokunxele aye kwesokudla, asuke phezulu ehle eya ekugcineni kwekhasi • Izimpawu zokukhuluma - osonhlamvukazi, Izinhlamvu ezincane, ongqi, ukhefana, uphawu lokubuza 	

Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela :

Isifundo sekilasi lonke singenziwa ka-2 noma ka- 3 ngesonto imizuzu eyi-15 kusetshenziswa umbhalo owodwa ngesonto; Uthisha ukhombisa ngokufunda yena nekilasi lonke.

Isifundo ngasinye sizogxila: ulwazi lombhalo, izimpawu zombhalo, imisindo, amaqhinga okwakheka kolimi, ukukhomba amagama, ukufunda ngokuqonda ngamazinga ahlukahlukene kusetshenziswa ukuhlela kabusha nokusebenzisa imibuzo ehluzayo nencomayo

- Bafunda beyikilasi nothisha imibhalo ekhulusiwe njengezinkondlo, izincwadi ezinkulu, nezindaba ezakhiwe esifundweni sokubala ngokuhlanganyela.

Ukufunda ngamaqembu nothisha:

Isifundo seqembu nothisha singenziwa namaqembu amabili ngosuku kibili ngesonto iqembu ngalinye, lithatha imizuzu eyi - 15 ngalinye.

Amaqembu ahlelwa ngokwamakhono abafundi. Indaba noma umbhalo ofundwayo ufanele uhambisane namakhono abafundi (ukubona amagama aphakathi kwama 90% - 95% ngokufanele) ukufunda ngokwamazinga abakuwo kuzosetshenziswa izikhathi eziningi.

- Funda uphimisele encwadini yakho usizwa uthisha. Iqembu lonke lifunda indaba efanayo,
- Qala ukwakha ulwazi lwamagama abonakala njalo ohlelweni lokufunda, eqoqwani lezincwadi zamazinga ehlukene nasohl-wini lwamagama abhalwe kaningi.

UKUHLOLA**Iziphakamiso zemisebenzi yokuhlola okungahleliwe****Imisindo (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza):**

- Ukwazi ukuhlukanisa ngokukhulumu phakathi kwemisindo esekualeni kwegama.
- Wenza imisebenzi yokwazi imisindo: njengokuxuba izinhlamvu; ukuhlukanisa amagama ngamalunga awakhile; ukufaka onkamisa nongwaqa abasha ukushintsha igama .
- Ukwazi ukubona nokusho ezinye izinhlamvu ze alfabhethi ,
- Qala ukwakha amagama amafushane usebenzisa imisindo oyifundile,
- Qala ukusebenzisa ukuxuba imisindo ukwakha amagama nokuboma imilolozelo.

Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe woku-1**Imisindo (ngomlomo/ ngokwenza):**

- Bona ubudlelwano phakathi kohlamvu nomsindo,
- Ukwazi ukubona ukuhllobana kwemisindo ezinhlamvini ezihamba ngazinye kanye nonkamisa. Isib. m, l, n, b, d, a, e, i, o, u kumele kube nonkamisa aba 2 nongwaqa abayisi - 6 okungenani).
- Qala ukwakha amagama amafushane ngemisindo oyifundile. Isib. m, l, n, b, d, a, e, i, o, u.

Iziphakamiso zemisebenzi yokuhlola okungahleliwe**Ukufunda (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza)****Amakhono okufunda kokuqala afundiswa ezifundweni zokufunda ngokuhlanganyela nokwangamaqembu/ ukubambisana:**

- Bamba ngokuyikho incwadi uphenye kahle amakhasi,
- Humusha izithombe ukuze wakhe indaba yakho ngazo Isib. ‘ufunda’ izithombe,
- Qoqa ufunde iziqubulo namanye amagama nemibhalo esemphakathini.
- Bona igama lako namagama abanye abafundi.
- Bona amalebulu nezihlokvana ezisekilasini,
- uxoxa ngokuphathwa nokunakelela incwadi,
- Thuthukusa umqondo oyisisekelo wombhalo okufaka:
- Ulwazi lwencwadi –ikhava, isihloko sencwadi, ingaphambili nengemuva layo.
- Ulwazi lombhalo - igama, amagama afanayo, amagama ezinhlamvu, okukodwa nokukodwa okuhambisanayo.
- Izinkomba - ukuqala ukufunda phambili ukuya ukugcineni, ukufunda asuke kwesokunxele aye kwesokudla, asuke phezulu ehle eya ekugcineni kwekhasti
- Izimpawu zokukhulumu - osonhlamvukazi, Izinhlamvu ezincane, ongqi, ukhefana, uphawu lokubuza

Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela nothisha:

- Funda imibhalo ekhulisiwe njengezinkondlo, izincwadi ezinkulu, amaphosta, nezindaba eyimibhalo ebhalwe kuma khom-putha ngokuhlanganyela ikilasi lonke nothisha.

Ukufunda ngamaqembu nothisha:

- Urukwazi ukufunda buthule nokuphimisela encwadini yabo besizwa uthisha beyiklasi besebenzisa incwadi yokufunda efanayo.

Ukuhlola okuhleliwe koku -1

Ukufunda (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza):

Amakhono okufunda kokuqala

- Sebenzisa izithombe ukuqagela ukuthi indaba imayelana nani Isib. Ufunda incwadi yezithombe.
- Lalela uxoxe ngezindaba nangeminye imibhalo efundwa kuphinyiselwa kakhulu.

Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela nothisha:

- Kufunda ikilasi lonke nothisha imibhalo ekhulisiwe njengezinkondlo, izincwadi ezinkulu, nezindaba zekilasi ezakhiwe ngesikhathi sokubhala ngokuhlanganyela.

Ukufunda ngamaqembu nothisha:

- Funda kakhulu uphimisela encwadini yakho nothisha ngesikhathi sokufunda ngamaqembu befunda indaba efanayo.

ITHEMU LOKU-1	
UKUBHALA	ISIKHATH ESIPHAKANYISIWE
	Isikhathi esincane ngokwemukelekile: ihora nemizuzu engama-45 Isikhathi esiningi ngokwemukelekile: Amahora ama-2 ngesonto
OKUQUKETHWE/ULWAZI /AMAKHONO	
<p>Ukubhala kahle ngesandla:</p> <p>Izifundo eziheleliwe ezenziwa kane ngesonto, eziyimizuzu eyi-15.</p> <p>Imisebenzi eqinisa izicubu ezincane nezinkulu nokuhambisana kweso nesandla:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dweba ngamakhrayoni amakhulu anamafutha , • Yenza uphindelela ukubamba nokusebenza ngamkhayoni namapeni omsizi, • Thuthukisa izinkomba: usuka kwesokunxele uye kwesokudla, phezulu uye phansi, udweba umugqa oqondile, uhlanganisa amachashazi nokudweba. • Yenza ubumba lokudlala ukwenza izinhlammvu nezinto. • Thuthukisa ukuhambisana kweso nesandla • Dweba amaphethini ahlukahlukene, aya phezulu naphansi namazombe, izindilinga, amaphethini aya phezulu naseceleni. • Bhala ngaphezulu, ukopishe bese ubhala igama lakho ohlakeni olunesiqalo sokubhala nezinkomba ezilandelwayo uma kubhalwa izinhlamvu ngazinye njengoba ezikhonjisiwe. <p>Ukuthuthukisa kokwakheka kwezinhlamvu ezifundweni zokubhala kahle ngesandla okuhlelekile.</p> <p>Ukuhlela ukufundisa ngokwakhiwa kwezinhlamvu ezincane zohlelo lwemisindo. Khombisa ukwakhiwa kwezinhlamvu nezinkomba. Abafundi babbala bephinda izinhlamvu ezimbili ngesonto bezikopisha emidweshini yephepha. Bheka ukubanjwa kwepeni okufanele. Sebenzisa amaphetha angenamigqa noma iphepha elingenamigqa i-A4 ukubhala. Ukuhlela ukufundisa ngokwakhiwa kwezinhlamvu ezincane zohlelo lwemisindo. Ezimweni ezivumayo, yethula imisebenzi yokubhala phezu kwemibhalo nokukopisha izinhlamvu ze –alfabhethi kusuka nje ekuqaleni konyaka, usebenzisa imidweshu ye alfabhethi njengesiqalo sokubhala ubhala ulandela izinkomba zokubhala ngokukhonjisiwe:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • wakha izinhlamvu ezincane ngokuyikho (onkamisa aba 2 nongwaqa okungenani abayi 6, l,o,h,m,a,b,t,c) • Kopisha ubhale igama lakho, amagama amafushane nemisho esuselwa kumalebula, nakumaphosta, ebhodini lokubhala, njil, • Qala ukugcizelela ukubhala ngokudweba, izinhlamvu, izinombolo, amagama kanye nemisho emifushane. <p>Ukubhala ngokuhlanganyela, ngamaqembu kanye nangokuzimela:</p> <p>Izifundo zokubhala zekilasi lonke /zamaqembu amancane /ngokuzimela mazibe ka -3 ngesonto imizuzu eyi -15 ukwakhela nokuxhumanisa ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela, ukuxoxa nolwazi abalufundile:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dweba izithombe ukudlulisa umlayezo isib. Ngolwazi abanalo • Bhala izihlokwana emidwebeni nasezithombeni , • Bhala amagama usebenzise imisindo oyifundile, • Kopisha umusho owodwa osuselwa ebhodini nasemashadini ngokuyikho, • faka imibono ekubhaleni indaba ngokuhlanganyela. Le ndaba ibhalwa nguthisha ibekwe ekhoneni lemibhalo elisekilasini . 	

UKUHLOLA

Iziphakamiso zokuhlola okungahleliwe

Ukubhala kahle ngesandla:

- Dweba ngamakhrayoni anamafutha.
- Thuthukisa izinkomba: usuka kwesokunxele uye kwesokudla, usuke phezulu uye phansi, udweba umugqa oqondile, uhlan-ganisa amachashazi nokudweba.
- Ukubhala ngaphezulu, akopishe bese ebhala igama lakhe ohlakeni olunesiqalo sokubhala nezinkomba ezilwandelwayo uma kubhalwa izinhlamvu ngazinye njengoba ezikhonjisiwe.
- Kopisha ubhale igama lakho, amagama amafushane nemisho esuselwa kumalebula, nakumaphosta, ebhodini lokubhala, njill,
- Qala ukubhala: imidwebo, izinhlamvu, nezinombolo, namagama nemisho elula.

Ukuhlola okuhleliwe

Ukubhala kahle ngesandla:

- Yenza uphindelela ukubamba nokusebenza ngamakhrayoni namapeni omsizi,
- Dweba amaphethini ahlukahlukene, ubhala uya phezulu naphansi (amazonbe), wenza izindilinga, usuka phezulu uya eceleni.
- Yakha izinhlamvu ezincane ngokuyikho onkamisa aba 2 nongwaqa okungenani abayi 6, l,o,h,m,a,b,t,c
- Kopisha ubhale igama lakho, amagama amafushane nemisho esuselwa kumalebula, nakumaphosta, ebhodini lokubhala, njill,

Iziphakamiso zemisebenzi yokuhlola okungahleliwe

Ukubhala:

- Dweba izithombe ukudlulisa umlayezo isib. ngolwazi analo.
- Bhala izihlokvana emidwebeni nasezithombeni ,
- Bhala amagama usebenzise imisindo oyifundile,
- Kopisha umusho owodwa osuselwa ebhodini nasemashadini ngokuyikho,
- Faka imibono ekubhaleni indaba ngokuhlanganyela. Le ndaba ibhalwa nguthisha ibekwe ekhoneni lembhalo yekilasi.

Ukuhlola okuhleliwe koku -1

Ukubhala:

- Dweba izithombe ukudlulisa umlayezo isib. ngolwazi onalo.
- Bhala izihlokvana emidwebeni noma ezithombeni ,
- Kopisha umusho owodwa osuselwa ebhodini nasemashadini ngokuyikho

ITHEMU 2	
UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA :	ISIKHATH ESIPHAKANYISIWE Isikhathi esincane ngokwemukelekile: Imizuzu engama-45 ngesonto Isikhathi esiningi ngokwemukelekile: Ihora elilodwa ngesonto
OKUQUKETHWE/ULWAZI /AMAKHONO:	
<p>Imisebenzi yansukuzonke /yamasontonke kuzo zonke izingxene zolimi nakwezinye izifundo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lalela ngaphandle kokuphazamisa ukhulume uma kufika ithuba lakho egenjini, Khuluma ngolwazi onalo Isib. xoxa izindaba uzilandelanise kahle izigameko ezsabeni, Ngena kahle uma sekuculwa okuphindayo, kuxoxwa izindaba kushiwo imilozelo, Haya izinkondlo nemilozelo uyinyakazele, Kwazi ukubona ingxene yento ephelele Isib. njengokubona ingxene yebhayisikili, eyesitshalo <p>Imisebenzi okugxilwa kuyo yokulalela nokukhuluma kabili ngesonto:</p> <p><i>Amasonto 1 - 5</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lalela imiyalo (eyiqoqo nokwenziwa nsukuzonke) bese wenza okufanele, Dlulisa imiyalelo, Lalela izindaba ngokuzithokozela, udwebe izithombe ukhombise ukuyilandela indaba, Phendula imibuzo evalekile nevulekile. <p><i>Amasonto 6 - 10</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Chaza izinto ngokweminyaka, inkomba, nangokuzilandelanisa, usebenzisa amagama afanele, Lalela izindaba uthole nengqikithi yendaba, Landelanisa izithombe zendaba, Faka imibono engxoxweni yekilasi Buza imibuzo ngendaba exoxiwe nefundiwe Kwazi ukusebenzisa ulimi olufanele olutholakala ezifundweni ezehlukene . 	
<p>UKUHLOLA</p> <p>Iziphakamiso zokuhlola okungahleliwe</p> <p>Ukulalela nokukhuluma (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lalela ngaphandle kokuphazamisa ukhulume uma kufika ithuba lakho egenjini, Khuluma ngolwazi onalo Isib. xoxa izindaba uzilandelanise kahle izigameko ezsabeni, Ngena kahle uma sekuculwa okuphindayo, kuxoxwa izindaba kushiwo imilozelo, Lalela imiyalo (eyiqoqo nokwenziwa nsukuzonke) bese wenza okufanele, Faka imibono engxoxweni yekilasi, Buza imibuzo ngendaba exoxiwe nefundiwe, Kwazi ukusebenzisa ulimi olufanele olutholakala ezifundweni ezehlukene. <p>Ukuhlola okuhleliwe koku 1</p> <p>Ukulalela nokukhuluma (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Khuluma ngolwazi onalo Isib. xoxa izindaba uzilandelanise kahle izigameko ezsabeni, Lalela izindaba ngokuzithokozela, udwebe izithombe ukhombise ukuyilandela indaba, Phendula imibuzo evulekile nevalekile, <p>Ukuhlola okuhleliwe kwesi- 2</p> <p>Ukulalela nokukhuluma (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Chaza izinto ngokweminyaka, inkomba nangokulandana usebenzisa amagama afanele, Lalela izindaba uthole nengqikithi yendaba, Landelanisa izithombe zendaba, 	

ITHEMU 2	
UKUFUNDU NEMISINDO	ISIKHATH ESIPHAKANYISIWE Isikhathi esincane ngokwemumukelekile: amahora ama -4 nemizuzu engama-30 Isikhathi esiningi ngokwemukelkile: Amahora ama-5 ngesonto
OKUQUKETHWE/ULWAZI /AMAKHONO	
Imisebenzi yansukuzonke Yolwazi Iwemisindo eyimizuzu eyi- 15	
<p>Fundisa imisindo engayodwa esale ekupheleni kwethemu edlule (onkamisa aba3 nongwaqa aba 13)qhubeka nokufundisa imisebenzi yolwazi Iwemisindo emisha futhi bakhe namagama:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bukeza imisindo efundwe ngethemu yokuqala. Ekupheleni kwaletemu kulindeleke ukuba uthisha usefundise imisindo enhlamvunye elandelayo c, f, g, h, j, k, p, q, t, s isib. icala, ufulu, igula, iholo, iponi, iqoma, utamatisi, usofa , Ungwaqa ngamunye kufanele ahambisane nonkamisa isib. m+a = ma Akunakulandelana okumisiwe kokufundisa imisindo ngethemu Bona imisindo efundiwe emagameni. Yakha amagama usebenzisa imisindo efundiwe. Funda amagama usebenzisa ulwazi Iwemisindo efundiwe, Hlukanisa amagama ngamalunga awakhile nangemisindo kanje: (ujamu = u-ja-mu u-j-a-m-u-, njll), Funda ukupela amagama okungenani ama 5 ngohlamvu. Bhala amagama okungenani ama 5 ngohlamvu. 	
Imisebenzi yokufunda yansukuzonke:	
Ukufunda ngamaqembu nothisha, (kungaba amaqembu amabili ngosuku), nokufunda ngokuhlanganyela kungaba ka- 2 noma ka-3 ngesonto.	
Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela:	
Isifundo sithatha imizuzu eyi-15 kufundwa umbhalo owodwa ngesonto. Uthisha ukhombisa ngokufunda nekilasi lonke.	
Uma kufundwa abafundi bakhonjiswa ukufunda ukwakha incazelo yemisindo, isakhiwo solimi, ukukhomba amagama, ukufunda ngokuqonda uthisha wenza kuqala abafundi babonele kuye.	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Funda izincwadi ezinkulu neminye imibhalo ekhulisiwe nothisha, Sebenzisa izithombe ukuqagela ukuthi indaba imayelana nani, Humusha izithombe ukuze wakhe indaba yakho ngazo, Sebenzisa izithombe nokunye okunika umkhondo ukuze uyizwe indaba, Xoxa ngendaba ubone ingqikithi nabalingiswa abasemqoka,njll Phendula imibuzo enhlobonhlobo ephathelene nemibhalo efundiwe efaka imibuzo eseizingeni eliphezulu, Xoxa ngokusebenza kwezimpawu zokubhala, izinhlamvu ezinkulu nongqi. 	
Ukufunda ngamaqembu nothisha:	
Uthisha usebenza ngamaqembu amabili ngosuku, imizuzu eyi-15 iqembu ngalinye. Iqembu ngalinye lisebenza nothisha kibili ngesonto.	
Uthisha usebenza ngeqembu elisezingeni elifanayo ngokwamakhono okufunda umbhalo ofundwayo ufanele uhambelane namazinga okufunda kweqembu.	
<p>Fundisa abafundi ukuzibheka uma befunda ekuboneni amagama nasekuwaqondeni (abafundi bafundiswa ukubuza imibuzo efana nokuthi kuzwakala kanjani? Kububeka kahle? Nokuthi kuyayenza yini ingqondo?) khombisa indlela okumele kwenziwe ngayo ekufundeni ngokuhlanganyela bese bekwenza ekufundeni kwamaqembu asekewe uthisha</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Funda uphimisela incwadi yakho egenjini elinothisha, iqembu lonke lifunda indaba efanayo. Sebenzisa ulwazi Iwemisindo namagama asebenza njalo uma ufunda. Qala ukuzibheka uma ufunda amagama nasekuqondeni okufundayo Qhubeka nokwakha uhla Iwamagama asebenza njalo afundwa ngokuzenzekela ezindabeni ezssemazingeni ahlukene 	
Ukufunda ngababili/ngokuzimela(kibili ngelanga ngesikhathi kugxilwe olimini)	
Thula imibhalo abayaziyo abafundi noma eseizingeni lokufundwa ngokuzimela (imibhalo ibe lula kunaleyefundwa esifundeni sokuhlanganyela lapho umfundie eseizingeni lokufundwa amagama angaphezulu kwama 95% ngokuyikho)	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fundela omunye imibhalo elungisiwe oyaziyo ukuthuthukisa amazinga okufunda ngokugeleza, Funda ngokuphindaphinda imibhalo oyaziyo efundwe ngesikhathi sokufunda ngokuhlanganyela. 	

UKUHLOLA**Iziphakamiso zokuhlola okungahleliwe****Imisindo: (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza):**

- Bona ubudlelwano phakathi kohlamvu nomsindo emagameni anemisindo ehamba ngayodwa
- Yenza imisebenzi yekilasi eliphelele yowlazi lwemisindo yokuhlanganisa imisindo (i+da+da kube idada) nokuyehlukanisa (i-d-a-d-a)neyokufaka uhlamvu olusha ususe olelukhona.
- Kwazi ukubona ubudlelwano bemisindo ezinhlamvini ezihamba ngazine kanye nonkamisa lsib. c, f, g, h, j, k, p, q, t, s, a, e, i, o, u
- Yakha amagama ngemisindo oyifundile, okungenani amagama amabili ahambisanayo ngokwakheka ngesonto (ongwaqa abayi-5 kanye nonkamisa)
- Yakha uhlukanise amagama alula aqala ngongwaqa,
- Qoqela ndawonye amagama anemisindo efanayo,
- Funda amagama anemisindo efundiwe emushweni nakweminye imibhalo.

Imisebenzi yokuhlola okuhleliwe yoku-1**Imisindo (ngomlomo/ ngokwenza nangokubhala):**

- Kwazi ukuhlukanisa imisindo yegama ekuqaleni nasekugcineni ngomlomo,
- Kwazi ukubona ukuhlobana kwemisindo ehamba ngayodwa,
- Yakha amagama ngemisindo oyifundile, okungenani amagama amabili ahambisanayo ngokwakheka ngesonto.

Imisebenzi yokuhlola okuhleliwe yesi-2**Imisindo (ngomlomo/ ngokwenza nangokubhala):**

- Bona ubudlelwano phakathi kohlamvu nomsindo emagameni anemisindo ehamba ngayodwa
- Yakha amagama ngemisindo oyifundile,
- Qoqela ndawonye amagama anemisindo efanayo isib. sola, gona, nona.

Iziphakamiso zokuhlola okungahleliwe**Ukufunda (ngomlomo/nangokwenza):****Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela:**

- Funda izincwadi ezinkulu noma imibhalo ekhulisiwe
- Sebenzisa izithombe ukuqagela ukuthi indaba imayelana nani,
- Xoxa ngendaba ugagule ingqikithi nabalingiswa abasemqoka.
- Phendula imibuzo enhlobonhlobo ephathelene nemibhalo efundiwe efaka imibuzo esezingeni eliphezulu,
- Xoxa ngokusebenza kwezinhlamvu ezinkulu nongqi.

Ukufunda ngamaqembu nothisha:

- Funda uphimisela incwadi yakho egenjini elinothisha, iqembu lonke lifunda indaba efanayo.
- Sebenzisa amakhono okucabanga asezingeni eliphezulu ukuzihlola izinga lakho lokufunda.

Ukufunda ngababili/ngokuzimela:

- Fundela abanye imibhalo oyaziyo ukuthuthukisa amazinga okufunda ngokugeleza,
- Funda ngokuphindaphinda imibhalo oyaziyo eyimibhalo efundwe esifundweni sokufunda ngokuhlanganyela.

Imisebenzi yokuhlola okuhleliwe Yoku -1

Ukufunda (ngomlomo/nangokwenza)

Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela:

- Funda izincwadi ezinkulu noma imibhalo ekhulisiwe
- Sebenzisa izithombe ukuqagela ukuthi indaba imayelana nani,
- Sebenzisa umkhondo wokuthola umqondo nezithombe emibhalweni ukuze uqonde,
- Xoxa ngendaba ubone ingqikithi nabalingiswa abasemqoka.njll

Ukufunda ngamaqembu nothisha :

- Funda uphimisela incwadi yakho egenjini elinothisha, iqembu lonke lifunda indaba efanayo.
- Qala ukusebenzisa ulwazi lwemisindo nokubona amagama owabona esebezena njalo uma ufunda.

Imisebenzi yokuhlola okuhleliwe yesi -2

Ukufunda (ngomlomo/nangokwenza):

Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela

- Funda izincwadi ezinkulu noma imibhalo ekhulisiwe
- Humusha izithombe ukuze wakhe indaba yakho ngazo,
- Sebenzisa umkhondo wokuthola umqondo nezithombe emibhalweni ukuze uqonde,
- Phendula imibuzo enhlobonhlobo ephathelene nemibhalo efundiwe, imibuzo esezingeni eliphezulu.

Ukufunda ngamaqembu nothisha :

- Funda buthule ubuye uphimise encwadini yakho eholwa uthisha iqembu lonke lifunda indaba efanayo.
- Sebenzisa ulwazi lwemisindo, umkhondo ukuthola umqondo nokubona amagama owabona esebezena njalo uma ufunda.

ITHEMU 2	
UKUBHALA	ISIKHATH ESIPHAKANYISIWE
	<p>Isikhathi esincane ngokwemukelekile: ihora nemizuzu engama-45</p> <p>Isikhathi esiningi ngokwemukelekile: Amahora ama-2 ngesonto</p>
Okuqukethwe/Ulwazi/Amakhono	
<p><i>Ukubhala kahle ngesandla</i></p> <p><i>Izifundo eziheleliwe zokubhala kahle ngesonto imizuzu eyi-15.</i></p> <p><i>Izifundo zokuthuthukisa ukwakheka nokubhala izinhlamvu ngendlela efanele.</i></p> <p><i>Qondanisa ukufundisa ukubhala izinhlamvu ezincane nohlelo lokufundiswa kwemisindo. Uthisha makalingise noma enze isiboneло sokuthi uhlamvu lubhalwa kanjani. Abafundi bazobhala izinhlamvu ezimbili ngesonto bazobhala bekopisha emidweshwini yamaphepha bagcina befunde babbala izinhlamvu ezingamashumi amabili ngethemu eziyizinhlamvu ezincane. Khombisa ukushiywa kwezikhala ezifanele phakathi kwezinhlamvu emagameni nasemishweni. Uma ithemu isizophela ngenisa ukubhalwa kwezinhlamvu ezinkulu eziwayelekile (I, A, M, N,L, B njll.). Sebenzisa iphepha elingenamigqa i(A4 /incwadi yokubhalela enemigqa eyi 17mm</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bamba ipensela nekhrayoni ngokuyikho • Yakha ngokufanele okungenani izinhlamvu ezincane ezingamashumi amabili, ngobungako kanye nendawo. Lokhu kusho ukuqalisa nokuphetha endaweni efanele. • Yakha osonhlamvukazi abasetshenziswa njalo ngendlela efanele(isib A, C, H, I, T, W) • Bhala amagama ushiye izikhala ezifanele, • Bhala futhi ukopishe imisho emifushane, elula ebhodini, emedweshini yamaphepha abhaliwe <p><i>Ukwengeza, qhubeka ngemisebenzi eqinisa izicubu ezincane zezandla kanye nezinkulu zomzimba, nokuxhumana kweso nesandla. Qiniseka ukuthi abafundi bahlala ngendlela efanele uma bebhala.</i></p> <p><i>Ukubhala ngokuhlanganyela, ngamaqembu, kanye nangokuzimela:</i></p> <p><i>Isifundo sabo bonke abafundi / amaqembu amancane sifundiswa kathathu ngesonto. Isifundo ngasinye sithatha imizuzu eyi-15 sakhetu ekuxhumeni esifundweni sokufunda ngokuhlanganyela, sokuxoxa nasolwazini. Lesi sifundo sixhunyaniswa nesifundo sokufunda ngokuhlanganyela. Nika abafundi iziqalo zemisho nezinye izindlela ezisekela abafundi ukuthi baqale ukubhala ezabo izindaba. Ukwethula ukusetshenziswa kwesichazamazwi (abazakhela sona):</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dweba izithombe ukudlulisa umyalezo, ufakele izihlokwana / amalebuli, ngolwazi onalo , • Bhala amagama akho usebenzise imisindo oyifundile • Bhala umusho wakho owodwa noma osuselwa esifundweni sokubhala ngokuhlanganyela, • Kwazi ukwakha uhla lwamagama ulandela imiyalo, isib. Ukudla, • Zibandakanye ekwethulenii imibono endabenii yekilasi, • Bhala futhi ubonise isihlokwana noma umusho omfushane ngesihloko, ekwakheni incwadi noma indaba ezosetshenziselwa ukufunda ekilasini, • Kwazi ukuzakhela inqolobane yakho yamagama kanye nesichazamazwi sakho usebenzisa uhlamvu lokuqala lwegama ukwakha uhla lwamagama, isib. akha, bala, • Bhala imisho usebenzise amagama anemisindo ofundiswe yona. 	

UKUHLOLA

Iziphakamiso zemisebenzi yokuhlola okuhleliwe

Ukubhala kahle ngesandla:

- Bamba ipensela nekhrayoni ngokuyikho,
- Yakha osonhlamvukazi/ofeleba abajwayelekile ngendlela efanele,
- Bhala amagama uwashiyele izikhala ezifanele,
- Bhala futhi ukopishe imisho emifushane, elula ebhodini, nasemashadini amancane abhaliwe.

Imisebenzi yokuhlola okuhloliwe koku- 1

Ukubhala kahle ngesandla:

- Bamba ipensela nekhrayoni ngokuyikho,
- Yakha okungenani izinhlamvu ezincane ezingama-20, ngobukhulu kanye nendawo. Lokhu kusho ukuthi uqalisa futhi uqedele endaweni efanele.

Imisebenzi yokuhlola okuhleliwe kwesi- 2

Ukubhala kahle ngesandla:

- Yakha okungenani izinhlamvu ezincane ezingama-20, ngobukhulu kanye nesimo. Lokhu kusho ukuthi uqalisa futhi uqedele endaweni efanele,
- Yakha osonhlamvukazi/ofeleba abajwayelekile ngendlela efanele,
- Bhala amagama uwashiyele izikhala ezifanele.

Iziphakamiso zemisebenzi yokuhlola okungahleliwe

Ukubhala:

- Bhala imisho usebenzisa imisindo oyifundisiwe,
- Bhala umusho wakho owodwa noma osuselwa esifundweni sokubhala ngokuhlanganyela,
- Kwazi ukwakha uhla lwamagama ulandela imiyalo, enjengokudla,
- Zibandakanye ekwethuleni imibono endabeni yekilasi,
- Qala ukuzakhela inqolobane yakho yamagama kanye nesichazamazwi sakho usebenzisa uhlamvu lokuqala lwegama ukwakha uhla lwamagama, isib. huba, bala.

Imisebenzi yokuhlola okuhloliwe koku- 1

Ukubhala:

- Dweba izithombe ukudlulisa umyalezo, ufaele izihlokwana / amalebula, ngolwazi onalo,
- Bhala amagama ngemisindo oyifundile,
- Zimbandakanye ekwethuleni imibono endabeni yekilasi.(ebhalwe ngokuhlangenyela)

Imisebenzi yokuhlola okuhloliwe koku- 2

Ukubhala:

- Dweba izithombe ukudlulisa umyalezo, ufaele izihlokwana / amalebula, isib nolwazi onalo.
- Bhala umusho wakho owodwa noma osuselwa esifundweni sokubhala ngokuhlanganyela,
- Kwazi ukwakha uhla lwamagama ulandela imiyalo, isib. Amagama ahambisana nezithuthi

ITHEMU 3	
UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA :	ISIKHATH ESIPHAKANYISIWE Isikhathi esincane ngokwemukelekile: Imizuzu engama-45 ngesonto Isikhathi esiningi ngokwemukelekile: Ihora elilodwa ngesonto
OKUQUKETHWE/ULWAZI /AMAKHONO:	
<p><i>Imisebenzi yansukuzonke /yamasontonke esuselwa olimini nakwezinye izifundo :</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lalela imiyalelo nezimemezelo bese wenza ngokufanele, Lalela ngaphandle kokuphazamisa uhloniphe okhulumayo, Khuluma ngolwazi onalo Isib. xoxa izindaba uzilandelanise kahle, Haya izinkondlo nemilolozelo uyinyakazele, Qonda futhi usebenzisa ulimi ngokufanele ezifundweni ezahlukile. <p><i>imisebenzi okugxilwa kuyo yokulalela nokukhuluma kabili ngesonto:</i></p> <p><i>Amasonto 1 - 5</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lalela izindaba ngokuzijabulela, udwebe izithombe ubhale isihlokwana ngayo, Landelanisa izithombe zendaba uhlanganise izihloko nezithombe, Lingisa ezimweni ezechlukehlukene usebenzisa ulimi olufanele, Zimbandakanye engxoxweni, ubuze imibuzo bese uphendula okubuziwe. <p><i>Amasonto 6 - 10</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lalela uthole imininingwane ezindabeni ubuze imibuzo evulelekile Kwazi ukubona izimo ezifanayo nezingafani usebenzise ulimi olufanele, Sebenzisa amagama aya ngokwanda nachazayo uma ukhuluma. 	
<p>UKUHLOLA</p> <p>Iziphakamiso zemisebenzi yokuhlola okungahleliwe</p> <p>Ukulalela nokukhuluma (ngomsebenzi/ nangokwenza):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lalela ngaphandle kokuphazamisa uhloniphe okhulumayo, Haya izinkondlo nemilolozelo uzinyakazele, Lalela izindaba ngokuzijabulela, udwebe izithombe ubhale amagama ambalwa, Lingisa ezimweni ezechlukehlukene usebenzisa ulimi olufanele, Zimbandakanye engxoxweni, ubuze imibuzo uphendule okubuziwe, <p>imisebenzi yokuhlola okuhleilwe yoku -1</p> <p>Ukulalela nokukhuluma (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Khuluma ngolwazi onalo Isib. xoxa izindaba uzilandelanise kahle, Haya izinkondlo nemilolozelo uyinyakazele, Lalela uthole imininingwane ezindabani ubuze imibuzo evulelekile. <p>imisebenzi yokuhlola okuhleilwe yoku -2</p> <p>Ukulalela nokukhuluma (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lalela imiyalelo nezimemezelo bese wenza ngokufanele, Khuluma ngolwazi onalo isib. xoxa ngezindaba ulandelanise izinto kahle, Lalela uthole imininingwane ezindabeni uphendule imibuzo evulekile. 	

ITHEMU 3	
UKUFUNDA NEMISINDO	ISIKHATH ESIPHAKANYISIWE Isikhathi esincane ngokwemukelekile: amahora ama -4 nemizuzu engama-30 Isikhathi esiphezulu ngokwemukelekile: Amahora ama-5 ngesonto
OKUQUKETHWE/ULWAZI /AMAKHONO:	
<i>Imisebenzi yemisindo imizuzu eyi-15 nsuku zonke</i>	
<i>Uqala ukwenza imisebenzi yokuqaphela imisindo, kufundiswa imisindo emisha ka 1 - 2 ngesonto, wakha amagama asebenzise imisindo ayifundile</i>	
Bukeza imisindo ngaminye uphinde wethule ingxube yongwaqa nonkamisa. Qhubeka nemisebenzi yokwakha amagama:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • kumele ukuba abafundi bayakwazi ukuyibona bayakhombe le misindo a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h,i,j,k,l,m,n,o,p,q,r,s,t,u,v,w x,y,z • Uthisha akaqale ngokubuyekeza le misindo engenhla ngokuyibona nokuyikhomba. Uthisha akalekelele abafundi abanga-lenzanga ibanga R ukuthi babe sezingeni labanye abafundi. • Kulethemu kulindeleleke ukuba abafundi bafunde yonke lemisindo enhlamvunye elandelayo ngokuhlelekile: onkamisa nongwaqa v,w, x, y, z, r, bh, sh, kh, ph, isib. uvalo, iwele, iyoyo, uzobho, isishuqulu, irandi, ukhari, iphupho, • Ungwaqa ngamunye kufanele ahambisane nonkamisa isib. z+e = ze, i+bha+si = ibhasi • Akunakulandelana okumisiwe kokufundisa imisindo ngethemu • Abafundi abakwazi ukubona imisindo efundiwe emagameni. • Abafundi bakha amagama besebenzisa imisindo efundiwe. • Kusemqoka ukuthi igama eliyisibonelo libe elezinhlamvu nemisindo esifundiwe. • Funda amagama usebenzisa ulwazi lwemisindo efundiwe, • Hlukanisa amagama ngamalunga awakhile nangemisindo kanje: (u-she-le-ni, u-s-h-e-l-e-n-i njll), • Funda ukupela amagama okungenani ama 5 ngesonto • Bhala amagama okungenani ama 5 ngesonto. • Bhala imisho elula emifushane kanje: (ibhasi elisha likhului, Ubaba wakha ishalofu, njll). 	
Ukufunda ngokuhlanganya:	
<i>Imisebenzi yansukuzonke; Ukufunda ngamaqembu nokufunda ngokubambisana. (Usuku nosuku kufunda amaqembu amabili). Ukufunda ngokuhlanganya kwenzeka ka-2-3 ngesonto. Izifundo zekilasi lonke zithatha imizuzu eyi-15 kibili noma kathathu ngesonto kufundwa okungenani umbhalo owodwa. Uthisha wenza isilinganiso ngokufunda nekilasi lonke.</i>	
Bonisa isu lokusebenzisa iminwe emihlanu uma befunda ngokuhlanganya ugquqquzele abafundi ukulisebenzisa uma befunda ngokuholwa noma ngokuzimela.	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Funda izincwadi ezinkulu neminye imibhalo ekhulusiwe nekilasi lonke, • Bona ukulandelana kwezigameko nesizinda sendaba, • Sebenzisa ikhava lencwadi ukuqagela indaba nesiphetho sayo, • Bona isisusa nemithelela endaben (Isib. umfana uwe ebhayisikilini ngoba ubeshayela ngokushesha okukhulu), • Phendula imbizo eseizingeni eliphezulu emayelana nendaba efundiwe, • Beka imibono ngokufundiwe, • Humusha ulwazi oluvela emathebulini alula. 	

Ukufunda ngamaqembu nothisha :

Uthisha usebenza ngamaqembu amabili ngosuku, isifundo sithatha imizuzu eyi-15 iqembu ngalinye. Iqembu ngalinye lisebenza nothisha kabilo ngesonto. Uthisha usebenza ngeqembu elisezingeni elifanayo ngokwamakhono okufunda.

- Funda uphimisela incwadi yakho nothisha. Wonke amalunga eqembu afunda indaba efanayo.
- Sebenzisa ulwazi lwemisindo njengekhono lokuthola amagama asetshenziswa njalo uma ufunda.
- Zibheke uma ufunda ubone amagama owafunde ngokuwaqonda
- Funda ngokushesha kakhudlwana nangokugelezayo.
- Qhubeka nokwakha uhla lwamagama ngokufunda okuzenzekelelayo kungahleliwe izincwadi ezisemazingeni ahlukena

Ukufunda ngababili / nangokuzimela.(kathathu ngesonto)

- Fundela abanye kuzwakale,
- Kwazi ukufunda okubhalwe nguwe nokubhalwe ngabanye abafundi,
- Funda izincwadi ezifundwe kufundwa ngokuhlanganyela ezisekhoneni lokufunda lekilasi.

UKUHLOLA**Iziphakamiso zemisebenzi yokuhlola ezingahleliwe****Imisindo: (ngomlomo/ ngokwenza)**

- Kwazi ukubona ubudlelwano bemisindo nezinhlamvu ezihamba ngazodwa
- Sebenzisa ongwaqa abahlanganisiwe uhlukanisa amagama ngamatunga, isib. isibhamu → kuba i-si-bha-mu),
- Bona amagama anongwaqa abahamaba ngabathathu emagameni.
- Funda amagama anemisindo emushweni nasemibhalweni.

Imisebenzi yokuhlola okuhleliwe yoku -1**Imisindo (ngomlomo/ ngokwenza nangokubhala):**

- Kwazi ukubona ubudlelwano bemisindo nezinhlamvu ezihamba ngalunye
- Kwazi ukubukeza amagama ahambisanayo,
- Sebenzisa ongwaqa abahlanganisiwe uhlukanise amagama ngamatunga,

Imisebenzi yokuhlola okuhleliwe yoku -2**Imisindo (ngomlomo/ ngokwenza nangokubhala):**

- Kwazi ukubona ukuhlobana kwemisindo ezinhlamvini ezihamba ngazinye ,
- Yakha amagama ngemisindo oyifundile ubuye uwahlakaze.
- Bona ongwaqa abafanayo abakha umsindo isib v,w, x, y, z, r, bh, sh, kh, ph ekuqaleni kwegama.
- Yenza iqoqo lamagama lemisindo ehambisanayo

Iziphakamiso zemisebenzi yokuhlola engahleliwe**Ukufunda (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza):*****Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela***

- Funda izincwadi ezinkulu neminye imibhalo ekhulisiwe iklasi lonke nothisha,
- Phendula imibuzo eseizingeni eliphezulu ehamba nesiqephu esifundiwe
- Nika umbono wakho endaben'i efundiwe,
- Bona umsuka nemiphumela yokusendaben'i.

Ukufunda ngamaqembu nothisha :

- Zihlole uma ufunda amagama noma ufunda isifundo ngokuqonda.

Ukufunda ngababili /ngokuzimela

- Funda izincwadi ezifundwe esifundweni sokufunda ngokuhlanganyela.

Umsebenzi wokuhlolola okuhleliwe woku -1

Ukufunda (nomlomo/ nangokwenza)

Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela

- Funda izincwadi ezinkulu neminye imibhalo ekhulisiwe ikilasi lonke nothisha
- Bona ukulandelana kwezehlakalo nohlaka lwendaba
- Sebenzisa ikhava lencwadi ukuqagela isiphetho sendaba,

Ukufunda ngamaqembu nothisha

- Funda buthule ubuye uphimisele encwadini yakho egenjini elisizwa uthisha iqembu lonke lifunda indaba efanayo
- Sebenzisa ulwazi lwemisindo njengekhono lokuthola amagama asetshenziswa njalo uma ufunda.qala ukusebenzisa imi-sindo ukuhlukanisa amagama ngokwamalunga uma ufunda.

Umsebenzi wokuhlolola okuhleliwe woku -1

Ukufunda (ngomlomo /nangokwenza):

Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela

- Funda izincwadi ezinkulu neminye imibhalo ekhulisiwe ikilasi lonke nothisha
- Bona ukulandelana kwezehlakalo nohlaka lwendaba
- Phendula imbuzo eseizingeni eliphezulu emayelana nendaba efundiwe,
- Humusha ulwazi oluvela kumaposta, ezithombeni nakumathebulu afana nekhalenda.

Ukufunda ngamaqembu nothisha :

- Funda buthule ubuye uphimisele encwadini yakho egenjini elisizwa uthisha iqembu lonke lifunda indaba efanayo
- Funda ngokugeleza usebenzisa izwi elifanele.

Ukufunda ngababili / nangokuzimela

- Fundela omunye uphimisela.

ITHEMU 3	
UKUBHALA	ISIKHATH ESIPHAKANYISIWE
	<p>Isikhathi esincane ngokwamukelekile: ihora nemizuzu engama-45</p> <p>Isikhathi esiningi ngokwemukelekile: Amahora ama-2 ngesonto</p>
Okuqukethwe/Ulwazi /Amakhono	
<p><i>Ukubhala kahle ngesandla.</i></p> <p><i>Isifundo esimiselwe sokubhala, sifundiswa kane ngesonto, imizuzu eyi-15.</i></p> <p><i>Bukeza ukwakhiwa kwezinhlamu ezincane uqhubeke ufundise osonhlamvukazi kanye nezinombolo.</i></p> <p><i>Khombisa abafundi indlela eyiyo yokwehlukanisa izinhlamu egameni kanye nezikhala ezifanele phakathi kwamagama emishweni:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bamba ipensela nekhrayoni ngokuyikho, • Yakha izinhlamu ezincane ngendalela efanele ngobukhulu nangendalela ezima ngayo ukwazi ukuqala ugcine endaweni efanele kuzenzakalela. • Yakha osonhlamvukazi abasetshenziswa njalo ngendalela efanele, • Yakha izinombolo ngendalela efanele, • Bukela ubhale amagama ushiya isikhala esivumelekile. • Bukela ubhale imisho emifushane ngendalela efanele. <p><i>Ukubhala ngokuhlanganyela, ngamaqembu, kanye nangokuzimela:</i></p> <p><i>Isifundo sabo bonke abafundi /amaqembu/ngabodwa sokubhala, sifundiswa kathathu ngesonto imizuzu eyi-15. Lesi sifundo sixhunyaniswa nesifundo sokufunda ngokuhlanganyela ukuxoxa nangolwazi abanalo.</i></p> <p><i>Khombisa indlela efanele yokubhala (ukubhala kokuqala, ukubhekisia okubhaliwe, ukushicilela) ngesikhathi sokubhala ngokuhlanganyela. Khombisa ukubhalwa kwezikhanyisi nokubhala inkathi eyedlule. Nikeza usizo olwengeziwe kulabo bafundi abangakakwazi ukubhala umusho wezindaba zabo ngokwabo.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bhala imiyalezo ekhadini ikhadi lokufisela ukwelulama okusheshayo, • Bhala amagama akha umusho usebenzisa amagama afundiwe namagama asetshenziswa njalo. • Bhala okungenani imisho emibili ngezindaba oziqambele zona noma oyibhale ngokuhlanganyela usebenzisa inkathi eyad-lula, • Qala ukusebenzisa osonhlamvukazi kanye nongqi kanye nosonhlamvukazi emagameni abantu, • Ngokusizwa, qala ukusebenzisa amabizo kanye nezabizwana ngendalela efanele uma ubhala, • Nikeza imibono namagama uma kubhalwa indaba yekilasi ngesikhathi sokubhala ngokuhlanganyela, • Bhala ubuye ugcizelele ngomusho omfishane usebenzisa isihloko ekwakheni incwadi yekilasi yekhona lokufunda. • Yakha inqolobane kanye nesichazamazwi sakho usebenzisa uhlamu lokuqala egameni. 	

UKUHLOLA

Iziphakamiso zemisebenzi yokuhlola okungahleliwe

Ukubhala kahle ngesandla

- Bamba ipensela nekhrayoni ngokuyikho

Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe woku -1

Ukubhala kahle ngesandla:

- Yakha izinhlamvu ezincane ngendlela efanele ngobukhulu nangendlela ezima ngayo ukwazi ukuqala ugcine endaweni efanele,
- Yakha izinombolo ngendlela efanele,
- Kopisha ubhale amagama ushiya isikhala esivumelekile.

Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe woku - 2

Ukubhala kahle ngesandla:

- Yakha osonhlamvukazi abasetshenziswa njalo ngendlela efanele,
- Kopisha ubhale imisho emifushane ngendlela efanele.

Iziphakamiso zemisebenzi yokuhlola okungahleliwe

Ukubhala:

- Bhala amagama akha umusho usebenzisa amagama afundiwe namagama asetshenziswa njalo.
- Qala ukusebenzisa osonhlamvukazi kanye nongqi kanye nosonhlamvukazi emagameni abantu
- Yakha inqolobane kanye nesichazamazwi sakho usebenzisa uhlamu lokuqala egameni.

Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe woku -1

Ukubhala

- Bhala amagama akha umusho usebenzisa amagama afundiwe namagama asetshenziswa njalo.
- Ngokusizwa, qala ukusebenzisa amabizo kanye nezabizwana ngendlela efanele uma ubhala,
- Nikeza umqondo namagama uma kubhalwa indaba yekilasi ngesikhathi sokubhala ngokuhlanganyela.

Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe wesi -2

Ukubhala

- Bhala imiyalezo ekhadini ikhadi lokufisela ukwelulama okusheshayo,
- Bhala okungenani imisho emibili ngezindaba oziqambele zona noma ubhale ngokuhlanganyela usebenzisa inkathi eyadlule,
- Qala ukusebenzisa osonhlamvukazi kanye nongqi kanye nosonhlamvukazi emagameni abantu,
- Ngokusizwa, qala ukusebenzisa amabizo kanye nezabizwana ngendlela efanele uma ubhala.

ITHEMU 4	
UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	ISIKHATH ESIPHAKANYISIWE Isikhathi esincane ngokwemukelekile: Imizuzu engama-45 ngesonto Isikhathi esiningi ngokwemukelekile: Ihora elilodwa ngesonto
OKUQUKETHWE/ULWAZI/AMAKHONO:	
<p>Imisebenzi yansukuzonke /yamasontonke kuzo zonke izingxenyenakwezinye izifundo</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lalela ngaphandle kokuphazamisa ukhulume uma kufika ithuba lakho egenjini, ubuze imibuzo ukuze uchazelwe Khuluma ngolwazi onalo nangemizwa njengokuxoxa izindaba Khuluma ngolwazi onalo uveze imizwa ngendaba Sebenzisa amagama anjengo: imisho, ofeleba nongqi . <p>Imisebenzi okugxilwa kuyo yokulalela nokukhuluma kabili ngesonto:</p> <p><i>Amasonto 1 - 5</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lalela, ujabulele, unanele izithombe, amaphazili, iziphicaphicwano kanye namahlaya usebenzisa ulimi ngendlela efanele, Zimbandakanye engxoxweni wenze nombiko umele iqembu, Sebenzisa amaqhingga alula ukuthola ulwazi isib. yenza uphenyo lwezithuthi eziletha abafundi esikoleni. Hlela ulwazi Isib. usebenzisa izithombe ezhambha ngasinye. <p><i>Amasonto 6 - 10</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lalela imiyalelo nezimemezelo bese unanele ngokufanele, Xoxa indaba enesiqalo, umzimba kanye nesiphetho ngezwi elihambisa nokusendabeni. Phendula imibuzo evulekile nevalekile. 	
<p>UKUHLOLA</p> <p>Iziphakamiso zemisebenzi yokuhlola okungahleliwe</p> <p>Ukulalela nokukhuluma (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lalela ngaphandle kokuphazamisa, ukhulume uma kufika ithuba lakho bese ubaza imibuzo ukuze uchazeleke, Lalela izindaba bese uveza imizwa yakho ngendaba leyo, Sebenzisa amagama anjengo: imisho, ofeleba, ungqi, Zimbandakanye engxoxweni wenze nombiko umele iqembu. <p>Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe woku -1</p> <p>Ukulalela nokukhuluma (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Khuluma ngolwazi onalo nangemizwa yakho Isib. xoxa izindaba Lalela imiyalelo nezimemezelo bese unanelia ngokufanele, Xoxa indaba enesiqalo, umzimba kanye nesiphetho ngezwi elihambisa nokusendabeni. Phendula imibuzo evulekile nevalekile. 	

ITHEMU 4	
UKUFUNDU NEMISINDO	ISIKHATH ESIPHAKANYISIWE Isikhathi esincane ngokwemukelekile: amahora ama -4 nemizuzu engama-30 Isikhathi esiningi ngokwamukelekile: Amahora ama-5 ngesonto
OKUQUKETHWE/ULWAZI/AMAKHONO	
<i>Imisebenzi yemisindo eyimizuzu eyi-15 nsuku zonke</i> <p>Yethula uhlamvu olusha oluxube imisindo. Qhubeka nokwakha amagama nokusho imisebenzi yokubona imisindo.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Kubukezwa imisindo efundwe ngethemu yesithathu. Ekupheleni kwaletemu kulindeleke ukuba uthisha usefundise imisindo enhlamvumbili elandelayo qh, ch, th, xh, hh, dl, hl, kl isib. isichotho, iqhuzu, uthi, ihhala, udlame, klabalasa, ihhala, ixhokovana ,njll Ongwaqa kufanele ahambisane nonkamisa isib. qh+e =qhe Akunakulandelana okumisiwe kokufundisa imisindo ngethemu Bona imisindo efundiwe emagameni. Yakha amagama usebenzisa imisindo efundiwe. Funda amagama usebenzisa ulwazi lwemisindo efundiwe, Hlukanisa amagama ngezinhlamvu nangemisindo kanje: (iqhude = i-qhu-de, i-q-h-u-d-e njll), Funda ukupela amagama okungenani ama-5 ngoqlamvu. Bhala amagama okungenani ama-5 ngoqlamvu. Bona ongwaqa abajwayelekile abahamba ngababili lsib. qh, ch, th, xh, hh, dl, hl, kl izibonelo: isichotho, iqhuzu, uthi, ihhala, udlame, klabalasa, njll Beka amaqoqo amagama enza uhlolo olufanayo akhiwe ngemisindo efanayo. Hlanganisa onkamisa nongwaqa ukwakha izinhlamvu zamagama, Bona ubuningi emagameni. Funda ukupela amagama okungenani ayishumi ngesonto anemisindo efundiwe. <p><i>Imisebenzi yokufunda nsukuzonke: Ukufunda ngamaqembu nothisha namaqembu amabili kuya kwamathathu ngesikhathi sokufunda ngokuhlanganyela ngesonto :</i></p> <p><i>Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela:</i></p> <p><i>Ukufunda bebonke ngokuhlanganyela kwenzeka ka 2-3 ngesonto. Isifundo ngasinye sithatha imizuzu eyi-15 kufunda umbhalo owoawa ngesonto. Uthisha ulinganisa ukufunda nekilasi lonke.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Funda izincwadi ezinkulu neminye imibhalo ekhulisiwe iklasi lonke nothisha, Sebenzisa ikhava yencwadi ukuqagela isiphetho sendaba, Bona isisusa endaben'i esiqala indaba. Isib. umfana uwe ebhayisikilini ngoba ubeshayela ngokushesha okukhulu, Sebenzisa imikhondo nezithombe ukuqonda indaba. Bona ukulandelana kwezigameko kokufundayo. Bona imbangela nemiphumela yezehlakalo endaben'i. Isib. Intombazane isenkingeni ngoba ibulale iwindi. Phendula imibuzo evulekile ehambisana nobekufundwa. Humusha ulwazi oluvela kumaphosta. 	

Ukufunda ngamaqembu nothisha

Uthisha usebenza ngamaqembu amabili ngosuku imizuzu eyi-15 iqembu ngalinye. Iqembu ngalinye lisebenza nothisha kibili ngesonto.

- Funda buthule ubuye uphumisele incwadi yakho eqenjini. Wonke amalunga eqembu afunda incwadi efanayo,
- Sebenzisa imisindo nemikhondo namagama asetshenziswa njalo.
- Funda ngokushesha kakhudlwana nangokugelezayo usebenzisa izwi elihambisana nokufundayo
- Zibheke uma ufunda ukubona okubhaliwe nokuqonda.
- Bonisa ukuqonda izimpawu zokubhala uma ufunda kuzwakale uphimisela ,
- Qhubeka nokwakha uhla lwamagama asetshenziswa njalo ufunda unganakile, funda imibhalo ehlelwe ngamazinga namagama amaningi nasebenza njalo.

Ukufunda ngababili/ nangokuzimela (kathathu ngesonto)

Sebenzisa izincwadi zokufunda ngokuhlanganyela izithombe ezilula ezisekhoneni lokufunda nasemibhalweni abayibhalayo.

- Funda imibhalo yakho ukuze ulungise amaphutha.
- Funda izincwadi ezifundwe kufundwa ngokuhlangenyela nezisekhoneni lekla lokufunda.

UKUHLOLA**Iziphakamiso zemisebenzi yokuhlola okungahleliwe**

Imisindo: (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza):

- Bona ubuningi emagameni.
- Bukeza amagama anongwaqa abahamba ngababili o (Isib. sh,bh, kh,ph, njll),
- Funda imisindo emagameni asemishweni nakweminye imibhalo.

Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe koku 1

Imisindo (ngomlomo/ ngokwenza nangokubhala)

- Bona ongwaqa abafanayo emisindweni enongwaqa abahamba ngababili isib. bh,sh,kh,ph ,qh, ch, th, xh, hh, dl, hl, kl abasekuqaleni kwamagama.
- Kwazi ukusebenzisa ongwaqa abahlanganisiwe ukuhlukanisa amagama ngezigamu, isib iphalishi = i-pha-li-shi
- Yakha amagama ngemisindo efundiwe.
- Beka amaqoqo amagama enza uhlobo olufanayo akhiwe ngemisindo efanayo.

Iziphakamiso zemisebenzi yokuhlola okungahleliwe

Ukufunda (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza) :

Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela

- Sebenzisa ingaphandle lencwadi ukuqagela isiphetho sendaba,
- Bona isisusa endaben i esiqala indaba. Isib. umfana uwe ebhayisikilini ngoba ubeshayela ngokushesha okukhulu,
- Sebenzisa imikhondo nezithombe ukuqonda indaba.
- Humusha ulwazi oluvela kumaphosta.

Ukufunda ngamaqembu nothisha.

- Sebenzisa imisindo imikhondo namagama asetshenziswa njalo uma ufunda.
- Zibheke uma ufunda ukubona okubhaliwe nokuqonda.
- Khombisa ukuqonda izimpawu zokukhanyisa uma ufunda kakhulu uphimisela.

Ukufunda ngababili nangokuzimela

- Funda imibhalo yakho ukuze ulungise amaphutha.

Imsebenzi yokuhlolola okuhleliwe yoku -1

Ukufunda (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza):

Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela

- Funda izincwadi ezinkulu noma imibhalo ekhulisiwe ngokuhlanganyela nothisha,
- Khomba ukulandelana kwezigameko kokufundiwe.
- Bona isisusa endabeni esiqala indaba. Isib. umfana uwe ebhayisikilini ngoba ubeshayela ngokushesha okukhulu,
- Phendula imibuzo evulekile ehambisana nabekufunda

Ukufunda ngamaqembu nothisha :

- Funda uphimisele incwadi yakho eqenjini nothisha. Wonke amalunga eqembu afunda incwadi efanayo
- Sebenzisa imisindo nemikhondo namagama asetshenziswa njalo uma ufunda.
- Funda ngokushesha kakhudlwana nangokugelezayo usebenzisa izwi elihambisana nokufundayo

Ukufunda ngababili nangokuzimela

- Funda izincwadi ezifundwe kufundwa ngokuhlangenyela nezisekhoneni lekilasi lokufunda

ITHEMU 4	
UKUBHALA	ISIKHATH ESIPHAKANYISIWE Isikhathi esincane okwemukelekile: ihora nemizuzu engama-45 Isikhathi esiningi ngekwamukelekile: Amahora ama-2 ngesonto
OKUQUKETHWE/ULWAZI /AMAKHONO	
<p><i>Ukubhala kahle ngesandla</i></p> <p><i>Isifundo esihleliwe sokubhala, sifundiswa kane ngesonto, imizuzu eyi-15.</i></p> <p><i>Isifundo esimiselwe sithuthukisa ukubhala izinhlamvu ngendlela efanele.</i></p> <p>Bukeza ukufundisa ukubhala izinhlamvu ezincane nezinkulu. Qhubeka nokufundisa ukushiya izikhala ezifanele phakathi kwamagama nemisho ngesikhathi abafundi bekopisha amagama nemisho esebehodini nesemidweshwini yamaphepha.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bamba ipeni nekhirayoni ngokuyikho. • Bhala ngokuyikho izinhlamvu ezincane, nokubhala izinhlamvu ezinkulu ngokuyikho, qala ukubhala endaweni efanele ugcine kwefanele. • Kopisha bese ubhala amagama ushiye izikhala kahle, • Kopisha bese ubhala imisho emifushane ngokuyikho. <p>Ukubhala ngokuhlanganyela, ngamaqembu, kanye nangokuzimela:</p> <p><i>Isifundo sabo bonke abafundi/amaqembu amancane sifundiswa kathathu ngesonto. Isifundo ngasinye sithatha imizuzu e 15. Lesi sifundo sixhunyaniswa nesifundo sokufunda ngokuhlanganyela. Sebenzisa ukubhala ngokuhlanganyela ukubonisa ukusebenzisa izikhanyiso ngokufanele, ukubizela amagama nokusebenzisa ukusebenza kolimi(isikhathi zesenko, ubuningi, namagama asebenza ukusho isikhundla)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Beka imibono ukusiza ukuze kubukezwe indaba yeqembu noma yekilasi, • Xoxisana nabanye abafundi ngemibono okuzobhalwa ngayo, • Bhala okungenani imisho emithathu yakho usebenzise imisindo oyifundile, osonhlamvukazi kanye nongqi, • Pela amagama ngokufanele, • Sebenzisa inkathi yamanje nenkathi edlule uma ubhala. • Yakha ubuningi emagameni, • Kwazi ukuzakhela inqolobane yakho yamagama kanye nesichazamazwi sakho usebenzisa uhlamvu lokuqala lwegama , • Sebenzisa amasu afanele ukuthola ulwazi. 	

UKUHLOLA

Iziphakamiso zemisebenzi yokuhlola okungahleliwe

Ukubhala kahle ngesandla:

- Bamba ipensela namakhrayoni ngokuyikho,
- Bhala izinhlamvu ezincane nosonhlamvukazi ngendlela efanele ngokobungako bezinhlamvu ukuqala nokuphetha ukubhala ngokufanele,
- Kopisha imisho ngokufanele.

Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe woku -1

Ukubhala kahle ngesandla:

- Bamba ipensela namakhirayoni ngokuyikho,
- Bhala izinhlamvu ezincane nosonhlamvukazi ngendlela efanele ngokobungako bezinhlamvu ukuqala nokuphetha ukubhala ngokufanele,
- Kopisha imisho ngokufanele.

Iziphakamiso zemisebenzi yokuhlola okungahleliwe

Ukubhala:

- Beka imibono ukusiza ukuze kubukezwe indaba yeqembu noma yekilasi,
- Beka imibono endabeni yekilasi,
- Zakhele inqolobane yamagama kanye nesichazamazwi ngemisindo yokuqala egameni.

Umsebenzi wokuhlola ohleliwe woku -1

Ukubhala:

- Bhala okungenani imisho emithathu yezindaba zakho noma wakhe indaba usebenzisa imisindo oyifundile namagama owabona njalo, izinhlamvu ezinkulu nongqi
- Pela amagama ajwayelekile
- Qala ukusebenzisa inkathi yamanje nenkathi eyedlule ngendlela efanele ngokubhala.
- Sebenzisa ubuningi emagameni,
- Sebenzisa amagama asho isikhundla ngokufanele
- Hlela ulwazi ngokwemidwebo elula usebenzisa amashadi noma, hlela izigameko ngokulandelana kokwenzeke kwazo ngalesosikhathi.

IZINSIZAKUFUNDISA ZONYAKA EZINCONYIWE

UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA:

- izithombe namaphosta
- izinto ezihambelana nengqikithi nezihloko, amaphaphethi, amasiki njll
- indaba ehlukaniswe yaba izingxenyana, amaphazili,
- izithombe ezilandelanayo
- izingubo ezizogqokwa uma sekudlalwa
- izinsimbi zomculo
- ama CD noma amatheyiphu anezindaba, imilolozelo, amaculo, imisakazo yokudlala nemishini yokuqopha
- izincwadi zezindaba nezindaba ezixoxwayo
- izinkondlo, amaculo nemilolozelo

UKUFUNDA NEMISINDO

- izithombe nama-phosta
- amashadi emisindo
- imibhalo yezikhangisi (logos)
- izincwadi zokufunda ezssemazingeni ahlukene
- izincwadi ezinkulu uthisha azenzela zona noma ezithengwayo ezisetshenziswa uma kufundwa ngokuhlanganyela
- Izilandelo zabancane, izinkondlo namaculo, imilolozelo, izinkondlo namaculo
- imibhalo ekhulisiwe negqanyisiwe yakhuliswa okuyizinkondlo amaculo nemilolozelo
- izincwadi zezindaba nezincwadi zezithombe
- izincwadi ezincane, Izincwadi zezindatshana ezingabekwa ekhoneni lokufundela
- ama-flash khadi, amalebula ezinto ezitholakala ekilasini
- amakhadi amagama abafundi
- inkomba esetshenziswa uma kufundwa isifundo sokuhlanganyela

UKUBHALA NOKUBHALA NGESANDLA:

- Izinto ezsiza ukuthuthukisa ukuxhumana kweso nesandla. Isib. Amabhola ahlukahlukene ngobukhulu, ama-hupsi, ubuh-lalu nezintambo zezicathulo, izipikili nama-bholithi, amaphekisi wokuneka izingubo ,amathileyi esihlabathi
- Izinto zokubhala Isib. Amapeni omsizi, emibala, amapeni emibala, amabhulashi, amaphepha angenamigqa ahlukahlukene ngobukhulu (A3, A4, A5), irula, irabha, nezincwadi ezinemigqa enga 17mm
- Imibhalo nemidweshu yamaphepha abhaliwe angaba ngangedesiki ekhombisa lapho kuqalwa khona nalapho kuboniswa inkomba okufanele ilandelwe uka kubhalwa izinhlamvu.
- amashadi namakhokhi-peni amakhulu
- isichazamazwi sokuzenzela

3.4 IBANGA LESI-2

ISIZULU ULIMI LWASEKHAYA LWEBANGA 2
IZIDINGO ZETHEMU

ITHEMU YOKU - 1	
UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA:	ISIKHATHI SOKUFUNDISA ESIPHAKANYISIWE Isikhathi esincane ngokwemukelekile: imizuzu engama-45 ngesonto Isikhathi esiningi ngokwemukelekile: ihora ngesonto
OKUQUKETHWE/ULWAZI/AMAKHONO:	
<p>Imisebenzi yansukuzonke /yamasontonke kuzona zonke izingxene zolimi nakwezinye izifundo :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lalela ngaphandle kokuphazamisa uhloniphe okhulumayo, Banikezelana amathuba okukhuluma Xoxa ngokwenzeka empilweni. Isibonelo, xoxa ngezindaba ezimayelana nawe, Sebenzisa amagama ahambelana nolwazi njengokwenza isimemo Phakamisa izixazululo ezinkingeni ikakhulukazi esifundweni seziBalo, <p>Kibili ngesonto kuzogxilwa emsebenzini yokulalela nokukhuluma:</p> <p><i>Amasonto:1- 5</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lalela indaba ngokuyijabulela ubuye uphendule imibuzo ehlobene nendaba, Kwazi ukulandelanisa izigameko ngokulandelana kwazo endaben, Lalela imiyalelo okungenani enezingxene ezimbili bese wenza okufanele. <p><i>Amasonto: 6 -10</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Xoxa indaba enesiqalo, indikimba kanye nesiphetho, Zimbandakanye ezingxoxweni, ubuze uphindle uphendule nemibuzo, wenze neziphakamiso. 	
<p>UKUHLOLA</p> <p>Iziphakamiso ngokuhlolola okungahleliwe:</p> <p>Ukulalela nokukhuluma (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phinda ukulandelana kwezigameko ngokulandelana kwazo endaben, Zimbandakanye ezingxoxweni, ubuze uphindle uphendule nemibuzo, wenze neziphakamiso. <p>Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe woku- 1</p> <p>Ukulalela nokukhuluma (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Xoxa ngokwenzeka empilweni. Isibonelo, xoxa ngezindaba ezimayelana nawe, Lalela imiyalelo okungenani enezingxene ezimbili bese wenza okufanele. Lalela indaba ngokuyijabulela abuye aphendule imibuzo esuselwe kuleyondaba, Xoxa indaba enesiqalo, indikimba kanye nesiphetho 	

ITHEMU YOKU - 1	
UKUFUNDA KANYE NEMISINDO	ISIKHATHI SOKUFUNDISA ESIPHAKANYISIWE Isikhathi esincane ngokwemukelekile: amahora ama-4 nemizuzu engama-30 ngesonto Isikhathi esiningi ngokwemukelekile: amahora ama-5 ngesonto
OKUQUKETHWE/ULWAZI/AMAKHONO:	
<p><i>Imisebenzi yemisindo yansukuzonke ngemizuzu eyi -15:</i></p> <p>Bukeza imisindo enhlamvunye kanye nenhlamvumbili efundiwe eBangeni loku-1. Qhubeka wethule ongwaqa abanhlamvumbili, wakhe izinhlamvu namagama, kuphinyiswe imisindo ngokuqaphela. Sebenzisa imisebenzi yezinye izifundo zolimi ukubukeza imisindo efundiwe ngesikhathi sokufunda ngokuhlanganyela: Akunakulandelana okumisiwe kokufundisa imsindo ebekelwe ithemu. Kusemqoka ukuthi amagama ezibonelo asebenzise imisindo esifundiwe.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bukeza imisindo efundwe eBangeni loku-1 enhlamvunye nenhlamvumbili. • Ngalethemu kulindeleke ukuba abafundi bafunde imisindo elandelayo: nc, nd, ng, nj, nk, nq, nt, nx, ns, ny, nz. • Isib. incence, indoni, ingila, injabulo, izinkuni, inqola, intokozo, inxanxathela, insini, inyama, inzika • Kwazi ukubona imisindo efundiwe egameni nasemishweni. • Kwazi ukwakha amagama ngemisindo efundisiwe • Kwazi ukuhlukanisa amagama ngezinhlamvu nangemisindo eziwakhile isib. i-nce-nce / i-n-c-e-n-c-e • Yakha imisho okungenani eyishumi ngesonto usebenzisa imisindo efundiwe • Kwazi ukupela amagama afundwe ngesikhathi sokufunda imisindo • Bukeza imisindo enhlamvumbili efundiwe • Kwazi ukubona umsindo wokuqala egameni isib. <u>ncoma</u> <p><i>Imisebenzi yansuku zonke yokufunda:</i></p> <p>Ukufunda kwamaqembu okulawulwayo (amaqembu amabili ngosuku)</p> <p>Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela (ka-2 noma ka-3 ngesonto)</p> <p>Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela</p> <p><i>Isifundo sekilasi sithatha imizuzu eyi-15, kibili noma kathathu ngesonto kusetshenziswa okungenani indaba eyodwa ngesonto; uthisha elingisa ukufunda umbhalo owodwa ngesonto. Uthisha uqala afunde nekilasi lonke.</i></p> <p><i>Isifundo ngasinye sizogxila kulokhu: umqondo wokubhala, umumo wombhalo, imisindo, isakhiwo solimi, ukukhomba amagama, ukufunda ngokuqonda. Uthisha wenza isilinganiso sokuhlukanisa amagama ngokwamalunga uma kufundwa. Uthisha wenza isilinganiso sesu lokusebenzisa iminwe, umunwe owodwa umele isu elithile umfundu angalisebenzisa ukufunda igama angalazi.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Funda imiyalelo elula eyenzelwe ikilasi, • Humusha izithombe kanye nokunye kwemithombo yabezinindaba. Isib. Isithombe kumbe isikhangiso, ukuze wakhe indaba yakho, Isib. 'funda isithombe' kumbe isikhangisi, • Funda izincwadi nekilasi lonke kanye nothisha (befunda ngokuhlanganyela) bese uveza ingqikithi yendaba, • Sebenzisa izinto ezibonakalayo njengekhava yencwadi ukuqagela ukuthi incwadi imayelana nani, ubeke imibono ngayo, • Veza umbono wakho endabenefundiwe • Bona ingqikithi kokufundiwe njengokulandelana kwezehlakalo, • Phendula imibuzo esezingeni eliphakeme ngenkathi kufundwa nangemuva kokufunda. 	

Ukufunda ngamaqembu okulawulwayo

Uthisha usebenza ngamaqembu amabili ngosuku, isifundo sithatha imizuzu eyi-15 iqembu ngalinye. Iqembu ngalinye lisebenza nothisha kibili ngesonto. Uthisha usebenza ngeqembu elisezingeni elifanayo ngokwamakhono okufunda. Umbhalo ofundwayo ufanele uhambelane namazinga okufunda kwegembu. Kufanele umfundu abone futhi afunde amagama aphakathi kwama 90% - 95% ngokucophelela. Kuzosetshenziswa kakhulu izincwadi zamazinga ehlukene :

- Funda buthule futhi ufunde kuzwakale ezingeni lakho lokufunda ngamaqembu esizwa uthisha njengoba iqembu lonke lifunda indaba efanayo encike ekufundeni ngemiyalelo yeqembu
- Sebenzisa izithombe ezisendabeni ukuze uqonde,
- Sebenzisa ulwazi lwamagama owabona njalo, imisindo, ikhono lukuzakhela umqondo ukuhlaziya ukuthi kumayelana nani ngesikhathi ufunda
- Khombisa ukuqonda izimpawu zokukhanyisa (ongqi, okhefana, imibuzi nezibabazi) uma ufunda ngokuphimisa
- Qhubeka nokwakha ulwazimagama lwalokho okubonayo kanye nalokho okufunda kungahlosiwe uma ufunda ngesikhathi sokufunda, uhlha lwamagama asebenza njalo

Ukufunda ngababili/ngokuzimela (kathathu ngesonto)

Khetha imibhalo umfundu ayaziyo noma eseizingeni lokufundwa ngokuzimela umfundu (imibhalo ibe lula kunaleyo ezofundwa esifundweni sokuhlanganyela lapho umfundu eseizingeni lokufundwa amagama angaphezulu kwama 95% ngokuyikho)

- Funda ngokuzimela, incwadi enezithombe, amakhadi ezinkondlo, izindatshana ezithathwe endabeni yasekhoneni ekilasini.

UKUHLOLA**Iziphakamiso ngokuhlola okungahleliwe:****Imisindo**

- Bukeza ongwaqa obafundile
- Kwazi ukwehlukanisa umsindo wokuqala egameni
- Kwazi ukusebenzisa imisindo efundiwe ukwakha amagama nemisho,
- Kwazi ukufunda indaba enamagama anemisindo efundiwe.

Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe woku- 1**Imisindo:**

- Kwazi ukubona ukuhlobana kwemisindo enhlamvunye nenhlamvumbili (onkamisa abayisi -5 imisindo yongwaqa emi - 2).
- Yakha amagama ngemisindo oyifundile. (ongwaqa abayi-5 kanye nonkamisa)

Iziphakamiso ngokuhlola okungahleliwe:**Ukufunda: (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza)****Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela:**

- Funda imiyalelo elula eyenzelwe ikilasi,
- Kwazi ukuhumusha izithombe kanye nokunye kwemithombo yabezindaba. Isib. Isithombe kumbe isikhangiso, ukuze wa-khe indaba yakho, Isib. 'funda isithombe' kumbe isikhangisi,
- Funda incwadi kanye nekilasi nothisha, uthole ingqikithi yendaba,
- Sebenzisa izinto ezibonakalayo njengekhava yencwadi ukuqagela ukuthi incwadi imayelana nani, ubeke imibono ngayo,
- Kwazi ukubona ingqikithi kokufundiwe.
- Phendula imibuzo eseizingeni eliphakeme ngenkathi kufundwa nangemuva kokufunda.

Ukufunda ngamaqembu:

- Funda buthule, kuzwakale/ nangendlela yokuphimisela indaba eseizingeni lakho lokufunda egenjini elifunda ngoku-qashelwa,
- Sebenzisa amasu nezithombe kokubhaliwe ukuze ukuqonde,
- Sebenzisa ikhono lokuhumusha imisindo uma ufunda,
- Khombisa ukuqonda izimpawu zokubhala uma ufunda ngokuphimisa.

Umsebenzi wokuhlola uhleliwe woku-1:**Ukufunda (ngomlomo/nangokwenza)**

Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela:

- Kwazi ukuhumusha izithombe kanye nokunye kwemithombo yabezindaba. Isib. Isithombe kumbe isikhangiso, ukuze wa-khe indaba yakho, Isib. ‘funda isithombe’ kumbe isikhangisi,
- Funda incwadi kanye nekilasi nothisha, uthole ingqikithi yendaba,
- Sebenzisa izinto ezibonakalayo njengekhava yencwadi ukuqagela ukuthi incwadi imayelana nani, ubeke imibono ngayo,
- Kwazi ukubona ingqikithi kokufundiwe.

Ukufunda ngamaqembu:

- Kwazi ukufunda kuzwakale encwadini eseizingeni lakho egenjini elisizwa nguthisha njengalapho iqembu lonke lifunda indaba efanayo.
- Qhubeka nokwakha ulwazimagama lwalokho okubonayo kanye nalokho okufunda kungahlosiwe uma befunda ngesikhathi sokufunda, uhla lwamagama asebenza njalo

ITHEMU YOKU-1	
UKUBHALA	ISIKHATHI SOKUFUNDISA ESIPHAKANYISIWE Isikhathi esincane ngokwemukelekile: ihora nemizuzu engama-45 ngesonto Isikhathi esiningi ngokwemukelekile: amahora ama-2 ngesonto
OKUQUKETHWE/ULWAZI /AMAKHONO	
Ukubhala kahle ngesandla Izifundo esihleliwe kathathu ngesonto imizuzu eyi - 15 <i>Kubukezwa ukwakhiwa kwezinhlamu ezincane nezinkulu (ofeleba), nezikhala ezilingene phakathi kwezinhlamu zegama nezamagama emishweni. Abafundi bakopisha amagama nemisho esebehodini nalawo abhalwe emashadini ayimicwi amagama</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bamba ipensela ubeke nezinto zokubhala (ibhuku/ikhasi) ngendlela efanele, Bhala osonhlamvukazi kanye nezinhlamu ezincane(izinhlamu ze- alfabhethi ezingama -26)ngendlela efanele: ngok-wezinkomba nokushiywa kwezikhala phakathi kwemigqa Bhala amagama uwahlukanise kahle ngezikhala phakathi kwezinhlamu namagama Kopisha bese ubhala imisho emibili noma ngaphezulu ngendlela efanele. Bhala uphinde usebenzise izimpawu zokukhanyisa (ongqi, imibuzi, izibabazi) Ukubhala ngokuhlanganyela, ngamaqembu /nangokuzimela: Isifundo sekilasi lonke/amaqembu amancane izikhathi ezimbili kuya kwezintathu ngesonto, imizuzu engu-20 ukwakhela nokuhlanganisa ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela. Sebenzisa imisebenzi yokubhala ngokuhlanganyela ekhombisa ukusebenza ngokufanele kwezimpawu zokukhanyisa nesibizelo. Ukusebenzisa imisho yokuqala ukulekelela abafundi ukuthi babhale imisho yabo. Uthisha wethula isifundo sokusebenzisa izichazamazwi abazakhele zona. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dweba izithombe ukudlulisa umyalezo, Isib. mayelana nokwenzeka empilweni yakho, Faka imibono endaben i yekilasi (Ukubhala ngokuhlanganyela). Bhala uhla lwezinto eziyimisebenzi yosuku usebenzise ukhefana ukuzihlukanisa. Bhala okungenani imisho emithathu yendaba yakho noma indaba ozakhele yona usebenzisa imisindo oyifundile namagama abonakala njalo, osonhlamvukazi nongqi , Dweba umfanekiso ubhale imisho ngesihloko esithize(imisho emi-2-4), ukusiza ekufakeni ebhukwini elibekwa ekhoneni lokufunda, Yakha inqolobane yakho yamagama nesichazamazwi usebenzisa imisindo yokuqala yamagama ukuqhubeoka nokuthuthukisa amakhono esichazamazwi njengemoto, isicabha 	
UKUHLOLA	
Iziphakamiso zemisebenzi yokuhlola engahleliwe Ukubhala kahle ngesandla: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bamba ipensela ubeke nezinto zokubhala (ibhuku/ikhasi) ngendlela efanele, Bhala osonhlamvukazi kanye nezinhlamu ezincane(izinhlamu ze- alfabhethi ezingama -26)ngendlela efanele: ngok-wezinkomba nokushiywa kwezikhala phakathi kwemigqa Yakha inqolobane yakho yamagama nesichazamazwi usebenzisa imisindo yokuqala yamagama ukuqhubeoka nokuthuthukisa amakhono esichazamazwi njengemoto, isicabha Bhala uhla lwezinto eziyimisebenzi yosuku usebenzise ukhefana ukuzihlukanisa. Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe woku- 1 Ukubhala kahle ngesandla: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bhala osonhlamvukazi kanye nezinhlamu ezincane(izinhlamu ze- alfabhethi ezingama -26)ngendlela efanele: ngok-wezinkomba nokushiywa kwezikhala phakathi kwemigqa Kopisha bese ubhala imisho emibili noma ngaphezulu kahle ngendlela efanele. 	

Iziphakamiso zemisebenzi yokuhlolengahleliwe

Ukubhala:

- Bhala uhla lwezinto eziyimisebenzi yosuku usebenzise ukhefana ukuzihlukanisa.
- Yakha inqolobane yakho yamagama nesichazamazwi usebenzisa imisindo yokuqala yamagama ukuqhube ka nokuthuthukisa amakhono esichazamazwi njengemoto, isicabha

Umsebenzi wokuhlolengahleliwe woku- 1

Ukubhala

- Dweba izithombe ukudlulisa umyalezo, Isib. mayelana nokwenzeka empilweni yakho,
- Bhala okungenani imisho emithathu yendaba yakho noma indaba ozakhele yona usebenzisa imisindo oyifundile namagama abonakala njalo, osonhlamvukazi nongqi ,
- Faka imibono endabeniyekilasi (Ukubhala ngokuhlanganyela).

ITHEMU YESI- 2	
UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	ISIKHATHI SOKUFUNDISA ESIPHAKANYISIWE Isikhathi esincane ngokwemukelekile: imizuzu engama-45 ngesonto Isikhathi esiningi ngokwemukelekile: ihora ngesonto
UKUQUKETHWE/ULWAZI/AMAKHONO:	
Imisebenzi yansukuzonke /yamasontonke kuzona zonke izingxene zolimi nakwezinye izifundo : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lalela ngaphandle kokuphazamisa uhloniphe okhulumayo, Nikezelana amathuba okukhuluma, ukhombise ukuzwelana nabanye wethule lokho okunikeza ithembra Xoxa ngokwenzeka empilweni. Isibonelo, xoxa ngezindaba ezimayelana nawe, Qonda usebenzise ulimi olufanele ezifundweni ezechlukene lapho kunolimi oluthile olusebenza khona njengesifundo sezi-Balo Phakamisa izixazululo sezinkinga ikakhulukazi esifundweni seziBalo, Kabili ngesonto kuzogxilwa emsebenzini yokulalela nokukhuluma: <i>Amasonto 1 - 5</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lalela izindaba ngokuzijabulela, isikhathi esijana Veza ukuthi uzipwa kanjani ngendaba ebioxwa noma inkondlo, Kwazi ukubona okufanayo nokungafani. Qhathanisa uhlele izinto uchaze ukuthi uzihlele kanjani Isib. Zonke izilwane ezineziyawo ezi-4 nezinyawo ezi-2. <i>Amasonto 6 - 10</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lalela imiyalelo enezinto ezhilukene bese wenza ngendlela elindelekile. Lalela izindaba nezinkondlo bese uthola ingqikithi, imininingwane yayo kanye nokulandelana kwezehlakalo, Phendula imibuzo evulekile nevalekile bese usekela izimpendulo zakho, Phendula uma kuphicaphicwana noma kunamahlaya, Sebenzisa ulimi usho okusukela emicabangweni yakho ukuzakhela imilolozelo. Zimbandakanye ezingxoxweni, ubuze uphindle uphendule nemibuzo, wenze neziphakamiso 	
UKUHLOLA	
Iziphakamiso ngokuhlolola okungahleliwe: Ukulalela nokukhuluma (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lalela ngaphandle kokuphazamisa uhloniphe okhulumayo, Nikezelana ngamathuba okukhuluma, ukhombise ukuzwelana nabanye wethule loko okunikeza ithembra Kwazi ukubona okufanayo nokungafani. Qhathanisa uhlele izinto uchaze ukuthi uzihlele kanjani Isib. zonke izilwane ezinezinyawo ezi-4 nezinyawo ezi-2. Umsebenzi wokuhlolola okuhleliwe woku- 1 Ukulalela nokukhuluma (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Xoxa ngokwenzeka empilweni yakho. Isibonelo, xoxa ngezindaba ezimayelana nawe, Lalela izindaba ngokuzijabulela, isikhathi esijana Veza ukuthi uzipwa kanjani ngendaba ebioxwa noma inkondlo, Umsebenzi wokuhlolola okuhleliwe woku- 1 Ukulalela nokukhuluma (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lalela izindaba nezinkondlo bese uthola ingqikithi, imininingwane yayo kanye nokulandelana kwezehlakalo, Phendula imibuzo evulekile nevalekile bese weskela izimpendulo zakho Zimbandakanye ezingxoxweni, ubuze uphindle uphendule nemibuzo, ubuye wenze neziphakamiso 	

ITHEMU YESI- 2	
UKUFUNDA NEMISINDO	ISIKHATHI SOKUFUNDISA ESIPHAKANYISIWE Isikhathi esincane ngokwemukelekile: amahora ama-4 nemizuzu engama-30 ngesonto Isikhathi esiningi ngokwemukelekile: amahora ama-5 ngesonto
OKUQUKETHWE/ULWAZI /AMAKHONO	
<i>Imisebenzi yemisindo imizuzu eyi -15 nsuku zonke</i> <i>Ubukeza imisindo enongwaqa ababili abafundiswe ngethemu yoku-1. Kuthulwe neminye imisindo enongwaqa abahamba ngababili aphinde asebenze ngokwakhiwa kwamagama nokuphinyiswa nangokukhumbula imisindo. Qiniseka ukuthi abafundi bayawaqonda amagama abawaphimisayo ngokuthi bawasebenzise emishweni enemiqondo:</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uthisha akaqale ngokubuyekeza izinhlobo zemisindo efundwe ngethemu yokuqala. • Ngalethemu kulindeleke ukuba abafundi bafunde imisindo elandelayo: nw, mb, mf, mp, mv, cw, dw, gw, jw, hw, kw, lw. • Isib. unwele, imboni, umfula, impempe, imvula, cwecwa, dweba, igwayi, jwayela, hwitha, ukweba, ulwazi • Kwazi ukubona imisindo efundiwe egameni nasemishweni. • Kwazi ukwakha amagama ngemisindo efundisiwe • Bona imisindo enhlamvumbili ekugcineni kwegama isib. <u>Umunwe</u> • Yakha imisho okungenani eyishumi ngesonto usebenzisa imisindo efundiwe • Kwazi ukupela amagama afundwe ngesikhathi sokufunda imisindo nemisho kanye neminye imibhalo • Bukeza imisindo enhlamvumbili efundiwe <i>Imisebenzi yansuku zonke:</i>	
<i>Ukufunda ngamaqembu belawulwa (amaqembu amabili ngesonto) Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela (ka-2 noma 3 ngesonto)</i>	
Ukufunda Ngokuhlanganyela <i>Isifundo sekilasi lonke ka-2 noma ka-3 ngesonto imizuzu eyi-15 usebenzisa umbhalo okungenani owodwa ngesonto; uthisha ukhombisa indlela yokwenza kulolonke ikilasi.</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sebenzisa izinto ezibonakalayo ukuthola inhoso yesikhangisi kanye nabantu esibhekiswe kubo, • Funda izincwadi nekilasi lonke kanye nothisha (esifundweni sokufunda ngokuhlanganyela) bese ubonisana nabafundi ngembangela yezehlakalo • Kwazi ukubona imininingwane ebalulekile kobekufundwa Isib. Umlingiswa omkhulu kanye nesizinda, • Funda Kahle amaculo, inkondlo, nemilolozelo (nothisha futhi kuxoxwe ngezakhiwo ezahlukahlukene, ngezilimi) • Phendula imibuzo esezenegeni eliphakeme endaben, “ibhubesi liziphatha kanjani okuhlukile egundaneni” • Veza imibono ngokufundiwe. <i>Ukufunda ngamaqembu okulawulwayo</i> <i>Uthisha usebenza ngamaqembu amabili ngosuku, isifundo sithatha imizuzu eyi-15 iqembu ngalinye. Iqembu ngalinye lisebenza nothisha kabilo ngeviki.</i>	
Uthisha ubafundisa indlela yokuziphatha uma befunda amagama abukwa nsukuzonke nokuqonda okufundiwe, (Abafundi bafundiswa ukubuza; “Kuzwakala kahle?” “Kuyawenza yini umqondo?”) Khombisa lokhu ngesikhathi sokufunda ngokuhlanganyela nokulekelela ukusiza uthisha ngesikhathi sokufunda ngamaqembu. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Funda kuzwakale incwadi esezenegeni lakho eqembini elilawulwa uthisha iqembu lonke lifunda indaba efanayo, • Sebenzisa amagama abonakala njalo, imisindo, ulwazi nokuhlaziya uhlaka nokuzakhela umqondo wendaba uma ku-fundwa • Qala ukuzibheka uma ufunda ekuboneni amagama nasekuqondeni • Funda ngokugeleza nangokusho okuthe thuthu, • Qhubeka nokwakha ulwazimagama lwalokho okubonayo kanye nalokho okufunda kungahlosiwe uma ufunda ngesikhathi sokufunda, uhlala Iwamagama asebenza njalo <i>Ukufunda ngababili/ngokuzimela</i> <i>Isifundo sokufunda nsukuzonke imizuzu engama-20 ngesikhathi amanye amaqembu efunda ngokulawulwa uthisha</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fundela omunye umfundsi kuzwakale • Funda okubhalile nokubhalwe ngabanye abafundi • Funda ngokuzimela, isib. Incwadi enezithombe, nezincwadi ezingelona iqiniso 	

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Iziphakamiso ngokuhlola okungahleliwe:

Imisindo (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza/ ngokubhala):

- ufunda amagama anemisindo efundiwe emishweni nakweminye imibhalo,

Umsebenzi wokuhlola uhleliwe woku-1

Imisindo (ngomlomo nangokwenza):

- Bona imisindo enhlamvumbili ekugcineni kwegama isib. Umunwe
- Yakha imisho okungenani eyishumi ngesonto usebenzisa imisindo efundiwe
- Yakha uphimise amagama usebenzisa ulwazi lwemisindo oyifundile.
- Funda amagama anemisindo efundiwe emishweni nakweminye imibhalo,

Umsebenzi wokuhlola ohleliwe wesi-2

Imisindo (ngomlomo nangokwenza):

- Yakha amagama ngemisindo oyifundile
- Sebenzisa amagama (akhiwe ngemisindo efundisiwe) bhala imisho
- Qaphela umsindo wokuqala egameni
- Fakela umsindo ofanele ukwakha igama

Iziphakamiso zemisebenzi yokuhlola engahleliwe

Ukufunda (ngomlomo nangokwenza):

Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela:

- Sebenzisa izinto ezibonakalayo ukuthola inhloso yesikhangisi kanye nabantu esibhekiswe kubo,
- Phendula imibuzo esezenegeni eliphakeme endabeni, “ibhubesi liziphatha kanjani okuhlukile egundaneni”

Ukufunda ngamaqembu ngokulawulwa:

- Funda ngokugeleza nangokusho ngokuthe thuthu
- Qala ukuzibheka uma ufunda ekuboneni amagama nasekuqondeni

Ukufunda ngokuzimela/nangababili:

- Funda okubhalile nokubhalwe ngabanye abafundi
- Funda ngokuzimela, isib. Incwadi enezithombe, nezincwadi ezingelona iqiniso

Umsebenzi wokuhlola uhleliwe woku-1

Ukufunda (ngomlomo/nangokwenza):

Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela:

- Funda izincwadi nekilasi lonke kanye nothisha (esifundweni sokufunda ngokuhlanganyela) bese ubonisana nabafundi ngembangela yezehlakalo
- Kwazi ukubona imininingwane ebalulekile kobekufundwa Isib. Umlingiswa omkhulu kanye nesizinda,

UKUHLOLA

Ukufunda ngamaqembu

- Funda kuzwakale incwadi esezenegeni lakho eqembini elilawulwa uthisha iqembu lonke lifunda indaba efanayo,
- Funda ngokugeleza nangokusho ngokuthe thuthu

Ukufunda ngokuzimela/nangababili:

- Funda ngokuzimela, isib. Incwadi enezithombe, nezincwadi ezingelona iqiniso

Umsebenzi wokuhlola uhleliwe wesi-2

Ukufunda (ngomlomo/nangokwenza):

Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela

- Sebenzisa izinto ezibonakalayo ukuthola inhloso yesikhangisi kanye nabantu esibhekiswe kubo,
- Funda izincwadi nekilasi lonke kanye nothisha (esifundweni sokufunda ngokuhlanganyela) bese ubonisana nabafundi ngembangela yezehlakalo

- Phendula imibuzo esezengezi eliphakeme endabeni, “ibhubesi liziphatha kanjani okuhlukile egundaneni”
- Veza imibono ngokufundiwe.

Ukufunda ngamaqembu alawulwayo:

- Funda kakhulu incwadi esezengezi lakho ekufundeni ngamaqembu aholwa nguthisha ,iqembu lonke lifunda indaba efanayo
- Sebenzisa amagama abonakala njalo, imisindo, ulwazi nokuhlaziya uhlaka nokuzakhela umqondo wendaba uma ku-fundwa

Ukufunda ngokuzimela/nangababili:

- Fundela omunye umfundi kuzwakale

ITHEMU YESI- 2	
UKUBHALA	ISIKHATHI SOKUFUNDISA ESIPHAKANYISIWE
	<p>Isikhathi esincane ngokwemukelekile: Ihora eli-1 nemizuzu eyi-45</p> <p>Isikhathi esiphezulu ngokwemukelekile: Amahora ama -5 ngesonto</p>
OKUQUKETHWE/ULWAZI /AMAKHONO	
<p><i>Ukubhala kahle ngesandla:</i></p> <p><i>Izifundo ezihleliwe kathathu ngesonto imizuzu eyi - 15</i></p> <p><i>Abafundi babbala ngokuhlukanisa ukukopisha nokubhala iziqephu ezinde ezinhlobonhlobo ezibhalwayo ngendlela efanele nebukekayo ezisukela endabeni ebhaliwe</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bhala ngokwehlukanisa osonhlamvukazi nezinhlamvu ezincane kahle nangokuzethembra • Sebenzisa izikhala ezifanele phakathi kwezinhlamvu namagama • Bhala imibhalo yakho yanele kahle emigqeni edwetshe encwadini yakho yokubhalela engu 17mm • Kopisha futhi ubhale isigatshana esinemigqa emi-3-4 esendabeni ebhaliwe (indaba, inkondlo njll.) • Kopisha futhi ubhale izinhlobo ezehlukene zemibhalo (isimemo esifushane esifana nesosuku lokuzalwa, imiyalezo, uhla njll) • Dweba amaphethini ukulungiselela ukubhala ngokuhlanganisa • Sebenzisa amathuluzi okubhala ngokufanele (amapeni omsizi, irabha, irula). <p><i>Ukubhala ngokuhlanganyela, ngamaqembu /nangokuzimela:</i></p> <p><i>Isifundo sekilasi lonke/amaqembu amancane izikhathi ezimbili kuya kwezintathu ngesonto, imizuzu engu-20 .</i></p> <p><i>Sebenzisa imisebenzi yokubhala ngokuhlanganyela ekhombisa ukusebenza ngokufanele kwezimpawu zokukhanyisa nesibizelo.</i></p> <p><i>Nikeza uhlaka lokubhala ukulekelela abafundi ukubhala ezabo izindaba.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Zimbandakanye engxoxweni lapho kukhethwa khona isihloko okuzobhalwa ngaso, • Kwazi ukubhala indaba eveza imizwa yakho njenekhadi lokubonga noma incwadi ebhalwe ngohlaka olunikeziwe, • Bhala indaba yakho okungenani enesigatshana esisodwa (okungenani esinemisho emihlanu) usebenzisa uhlaka lokubhala, • Bhala isigatshana (okungenani esinemisho emihlanu) • Dweba umfanekiso, ubhale(imisho emi-4-6) ngesihloko esithize, ukusiza ekwakheni incwadi ezobekwa ekhoneni lokufunda , • Sebenzisa indlela yombhalo: umbhalo wokuqala ,umbhalo ophelele, ukubhekisia ukulungisa ukubhala ngesandla nezimpawu zenkulumo (hlela), ushicilele umbhalo wakho, • Sebenzisa osonhlamvukazi (ekuqaleni komusho emagameni, abantu/izibongo/amadolobha/imifula/amazwe/izitaladi/ezikole/njll.); • Pela amagama ajwayelekile ngokufanele, • Sebenzisa inkathi yamanje nedlule ngendlela efanele, • Sebenzisa amagama asho ukuthi into ikuphi (isikhundla) ngendlela efanele, • Fundela omunye lokho okubhalile • Yakha inqolobane yamagama ozoyifaka encwadini usebenzisa iziqalo zamagama usebenzisa ikhono lokwenza isichaz-amazwi njengo gogo, indlu 	

UKUHLOLA**Iziphakamiso zemisebenzi yokuhlola engahleliwe****Ukubhala kahle ngesandla:**

- Sebenzisa izikhala ezifanele phakathi kwezinhlamu namagama
- Bhala imibhalo yakho yanele kahle emigqeni edwetshe encwadini yakho yokubhalela engu 17mm
- Sebenzisa izinto zokubhala kahle ngesandla ngempumelelo: amapensela, irabha, irula,

Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe woku- 1**Ukubhala kahle ngesandla:****Ukugcina ukubhala ngokuhlukanisa:**

- Bhala ngokwehlukanisa osonhlamvukazi nezinhlamu ezincane kahle nangokuzethemba
- Kopisha futhi ubhale izinhlobo ezehlukene zemibhalo (isimemo esifushane esifana nesosuku lokuzalwa, imiyalezo, uhla njil)

Umsebenzi wokuhlola ohleliwe wesi-2**Ukubhala ngesandla:**

- Bhala ngokwehlukanisa osonhlamvukazi nezinhlamu ezincane kahle nangokuzethemba
- Kopisha futhi ubhale isigatshana esinemi gqa emi-3-4 esendabeni ebhaliwe njengendaba, inkondlo njil

Iziphakamiso zemisebenzi yokuhlola engahleliwe**Ukubhala:**

- Yakha inqolobane yamagama ozoyifaka encwadini usebenzisa iziqalo zamagama usebenzisa ikhono lokwenza isichaz-amazwi njengo gogo, indlu
- Qala ukupela amagama ajwayelekile ngendlela

Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe woku- 1**Ukubhala**

- Bhala umbhalo oveza imizwa yakho njengekhadi lokubonga noma incwadi ebhalwe ngohlaka olunikeziwe,
- Zimbandakanye engxoxweni lapho kukhethwa khona isihloko okuzobhalwa ngaso,
- Bhala indaba yakho okungenani enesigatshana esisodwa (okungenani esinemisho emihlanu) usebenzisa uhlaka lokub-hala
- Sebenzisa osonhlamvukazi (ekualeni komusho nasemagameni abantu) nokusebenzisa kahle izimpawu zokubhala (os-onhlamvukazi, ukhefana, uphawu lokubuza, umbabazi)

Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe wesi- 2**Ukubhala**

- Bhala indaba yakho okungenani enesigatshana esisodwa (okungenani esinemisho emihlanu) usebenzisa uhlaka lokub-hala
- Bhala isigaba esisodwa (okungenani ezinemisho emihlanu) ngezehlakalo zempilo yakho noma izigameko njengezindaba zonsukuzonke
- Sebenzisa indlela yombhalo: umbhalo wokuqala ,umbhalo ophelele, ukubhekisa ukulungisa ukubhala ngesandla nezim-pawu zenkulumo (hlela), ushicilele umbhalo wakho,
- Qala ukupela amagama ajwayelekile ngendlela
- Sebenzisa inkathi yamanje nedlule ngendlela
- Fundela omunye umfundsi umbhalo wakho

ITHEMU 3	
UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	ISIKHATHI SOKUFUNDISA ESIPHAKANYISIWE Isikhathi esincane ngokwemukelekile: imizuzu engama-45 ngesonto Isikhathi esiningi ngokwamukelekile: ihora ngesonto
UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA:	
<p>Imisebenzi yansukuzonke /yamasontonke kuzona zonke izingxene zolimi nakwezinye izifundo :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lalela ngaphandle kokuphazamisa uhloniphe okhulumayo uphinde ubuze imibuzo ukuze ucaciseleke, Xoxa ngokwenzeka empilweni yakho. Isibonelo, xoxa ngezindaba ezimayelana nawe, Sebenzisa amagama anokuthuthuka kolwazi uma ukhuluma, Zimbandakanye engxoxweni ubuze imibuzo uphendule okubuziwe, Phakamisa izixazululo sezinkinga ikakhulukazi esifundweni seziBalo, <p>Kabili ngesonto kuzogxilwa emsebenzini yokukhuluma nokulalela:</p> <p><i>Amasonto 1 - 5</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lalela imiyalelo eminingi elandelanayo bese wenza ngendlela elindelekile. Lalela izindaba bese uqagela isiphetho noma uzakhele esakho isiphetho, Xoxa izindaba ezilula ngezwi elinokushintsha okuhlukene kwephimbo nokwehla nokunyuka kwephimbo <p><i>Amasontos 6 - 10</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lalela imininingwane yezindaba bese uphendula imibuzo evulekile, isibonelo, imbangela nomphumela Lingisa izimo ezechlukene isib. Ukuba ngumfundu wezindaba, Sebenzisa ulimi olufanele nabantu abehlukene njengo: kukhulumisana nabantu abehlukene. Yenza amahlaya neziphicaphicwano usebenzisa ulimi olucabangayo (umfanekiso mqondo), 	
UKUHLOLA	
<p>Iziphakamiso ngokuhlola okungahleliwe:</p> <p>Ukulalela nokukhuluma (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lalela ngaphandle kokuphazamisa uhloniphe okhulumayo uphinde ubuze imibuzo ukuze ucaciseleke, Xoxa ngokwenzeka empilweni yakho. Isibonelo, xoxa ngezindaba ezimayelana nawe, Sebenzisa ulimi olufanele nabantu abehlukene njengo: kukhulumisana nabantu abehlukene. Yenza amahlaya neziphicaphicwano usebenzisa ulimi lwemifanekiso mqondo, <p>Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe woku- 1</p> <p>Ukulalela nokukhuluma (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Xoxa ngokwenzeka empilweni. Isibonelo, uxoxa ngezindaba ezimayelana nawe, Sebenzisa amagama anokuthuthuka kolwazi uma ukhuluma, Lalela izindaba bese uqagela isiphetho kumbe uzakhele esakho isiphetho sendaba, Xoxa izindaba ezilula ngezwi elinongiwe neliphakeme ngokwamukelekile. <p>Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe wesi- 2</p> <p>Ukulalela nokukhuluma (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Zimbandakanye engxoxweni ubuze imibuzo uphendule imibuzo, Lalela imiyalelo eminingi elandelanayo bese wenza ngokufanele. Lalela imininingwane yezindaba bese uphendula imibuzo evulekile, isibonelo, imbangela nomphumela Lingisa izimo ezechlukene isib. Ukuba ngumfundu wezindaba, 	

ITHEMU 3	
UKUFUNDA NEMISINDO	ISIKHATHI SOKUFUNDISA ESIPHAKANYISIWE Isikhathi esincane ngokwemukelekile: amahora ama-4 nemizuzu engama-30 ngesonto Isikhathi esiningi ngokwemukelekile: amahora ama-5 ngesonto
OKUQUKETHWE/ULWAZI/AMAKHONO	
<p><i>Imisebenzi yemisindo imizuzu –eyi 15 nsuku zonke</i></p> <p>Sebenzisa ukuhlangana kongwaqa ngokwakha nokuhlukanisa amagama. Kuqhutshewa nemisebenzi yokuzwa (ukwakha nokuhlukanisa ngokuyizwa nokuyisho ingabonakali) njengoba kuyisixazululo sokupela.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uthisha akaqale ngokubuyekeza izinhlobo zemisindo efundwe ngethemu yesibili. Ngalethemu kulindeleke ukuba abafundi bafunde imisindo elandelayo: qw, sw, tw, xw, zw, gc, gx, gq, ts, Umfundi ulalela imisindo emisha yongwaqa abanhlamvuntathu: ndl, nhl Phimisa yonke imisindo yongwaqa nonkamisa, Bona ongwaqa abahamba ngabathathu kanye nonkamisa, Hlanganisa onkamisa nongwaqa ukwakha izinhlamvu zamagama, Bona imisindo efundiwe emagameni, Bona amalunga okuqala nowokugcina egameni isib. mi-swa, thu-swa, su-swa Yakha amagama usebenzisa imisindo efundiwe, Funda amagama usebenzisa ulwazi onalo lwemisindo efundiwe, Funda ukupela amagama okungenani ayi-10, Bhala imisho elula emifushane kanje: Umfana ungena endlini. <p>Imisebenzi yansuku zonke: Ukufunda ngamaqembu okuholwa uthisha(amaqembu amabili ngesonto)kufundwa ngokuhlanganyela ka-2 noma ka-3 ngesonto</p> <p>Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela;</p> <p>Umsebenzi wekilasi lonke izifundo ezi 2-3 ngesonto zithatha imizuzu eyi -15 kusetshenziswa okungenani incwadi umbhalo owodwa ngesonto</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Funda incwadi nekilasi lonke kanye nothisha, bona ukulandelana kwezelhakalo, nesizinda sendaba, Sebenzisa ikhava yencwadi ukuqagela, Phendula imibuzo esezeingeni eliphezulu ngendaba efundiwe, Veza imibono ngendaba efundiwe, Bona amagama afanayo namagama aphikisayo, Humusha ulwazi emathebulini alula njenekhalenda. <p>Ukufunda ngamaqembu</p> <p>Uthisha usebenza ngamaqembu amabili ngosuku, isifundo sithatha imizuzu eyi-15 iqembu ngalinye. Iqembu ngalinye lisebenza nothisha kabilo ngesonto.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Funda kakhulu incwadi esezeingeni lakho ekufundeni ngamaqembu aholwa nguthisha ,iqembu lonke lifunda indaba efanayo Sebenzisa amagama owabona njalo ukwengeza ikhono lokufunda uqonde okubhaliwe, Zibheke uma ufunda, kokubili ukubona amagama nokufunda ngokuqondisisa Funda ngokugeleza nangokusho ngokuthe thuthu Qhubeka nokwakha ulwazi lwamagama abonakala njalo ekufundeni okungahlosiwe, imibhalo esemazingeni ehlukene kanye nohla lwamagama asebenza njalo. <p>Ukufunda ngababili/ngokuzimela</p> <p>Isifundo sokufunda nsukuzonke semizuzu engama-20 ngesikhathi amanye amaqembu enza isifundo sokufunda ngamaqembu nothisha.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fundela omunye umfundu kuzwakale Funda umbhalo wakho nowabanye abafundi Funda ngokuzimela: izindaba ezingelona iqiniso,nezinkondlo Lingisa imidlalo yokufunda ukugxilisa ukufunda namakhono amagama amasha 	

UKUHLOLA

Iziphakamiso zemisebenzi yokuhlola engahleliwe

Imisindo: (ngomlomo/nangokwenza)

- Qonda ukubumbana kongwaqa ababili.
- Kwazi ukukusebenzisa ukubumbana kongwaqa ukwakha nokuhlahlela amagama,
- Yakha uphimise amagama ngokolwazi onalo lwemisindo,
- Yakha amagama ngemisindo oyifundile.

Umsebenzi wokuhlola uhleliwe woku-1

Imisindo (ngomlomo nangokwenza):

- Kwazi ukubona ukuhlobana kwemisindo ezinhlamvini ezhamba ngazimbili kanye nonkamisa, onkamisa abayisi -5 imisindo yongwaqa emi - 2
- Yakha amagama ngemisindo oyifundile. ongwaqa abayi-5 kanye nonkamisa
- Yakha uphimise amagama usebenzisa ulwazi lwemisindo oyifundile.
- Funda amagama anemisindo efundiwe emishweni nakweminje imibhalo,

Umsebenzi wokuhlola ohleliwe wesi-2

Imisindo (ngomlomo nangokwenza):

- Yakha amagama ngemisindo oyifundile
- Sebenzisa amagama (akhiwe ngemisindo efundisiwe) bhala imisho
- Qaphela umsindo wokuqala egameni
- Fakela umsindo ofanele ukwakha igama

Iziphakamiso zemisebenzi yokuhlola engahleliwe

Ukufunda (ngomlomo nangokwenza):

Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela:

- Phendula imibuzo esezenegeni eliphakeme ngokufundile
- Zibheke uma ufunda, kokubili ukubona amagama nokufunda ngokuqondiswa
- Bona amagama afanayo namagama aphikisayo,

Ukufunda ngamaqembu ngokulawulwa:

- Funda kakhulu incwadi esezenegeni lakho ekufundeni ngamaqembu aholwa nguthisha ,iqembu lonke lifunda indaba efanayo
- Sebenzisa amagama owabona njalo ukwengeza ikhono lokufunda aqonde okubhaliwe
- Funda ngokugeleza nangokusho ngokuthe thuthu

Ukufunda ngokuzimela/nangababili:

- Fundela omunye umfundi kakhulu
- Funda umbhalo wakho neyabanye

Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe woku-1

Ukufunda (ngomlomo/nangokwenza):

Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela:

- Funda incwadi nekilasi lonke kanye nothisha, bona ukulandelana kwezehlakalo, nesizinda sendaba
- Sebenzisa ikhava yencwadi ukuqagela
- Veza imibono ngendaba efundiwe

Ukufunda ngamaqembu

- Funda kakhulu incwadi esezenegeni lakho ekufundeni ngamaqembu aholwa nguthisha ,iqembu lonke lifunda indaba efanayo
- usebenzisa amagama awabona njalo ukwengeza ikhono lokufunda aqonde okubhaliwe,

Umsebenzi wokuhlolola okuhleliwe wesi-2

Ukufunda (ngomlomo/nangokwenza):

Ukufunda ngokuhlanguyela

- Funda incwadi nekilasi lonke kanye nothisha, bona ukulandelana kwezehlakalo, nesizinda sendaba
- Phendula imibuzo eseizingeni eliphakeme esekelwe kwisahlukwana esifundiwe
- Humusha ulwazi emathebulini alula nasekhalendeni

Ukufunda ngamaqembu alawulwayo:

- Funda kakhulu incwadi eseizingeni lakho ekufundeni ngamaqembu aholwa nguthisha ,iqembu lonke lifunda indaba efanayo
- Funda ngokugeleza nangokusho ngokuthe thuthu

Ukufunda ngokuzimela/nangababili:

- Funda ngokuzimela: izindaba ezingelona iqiniso,nezinkondlo

ITHEMU 3	
UKUBHALA	ISIKHATHI SOKUFUNDISA ESIPHAKANYISIWE Isikhathi esincane ngokwemukelekilei: ihora nemizuzu engama-45 ngesonto Isikhathi esiphezulu ngokwemukelekile: amahora ama-2 ngesonto
OKUQUKETHWE/ULWAZI /AMAKHONO	
Ukubhala kahle ngesandla: Izifundo eziheleliwe kathathu ngesonto imizuzu eyi - 15 <i>Abafundi baqhubeka nokubhala ngokuhlukanisa kodwa baqala ukufunda ukubhala ngokuxhumanisa izinhlamvu. Uhlobo lokubhala ngokuxhumanisa noma ukubhala ngokuhlanganisa izohambisana nomgomo wesikole/umgomowesiFundazwe</i>	
Ukugcina ukubhala ngokuhlukanisa: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sebenzisa izinto zokubhala ngesandla ezifanele: amapensela, irabha, irula, Bhala ngokufanele osonhlavukazi kanye nezinhlamvu ezincane ngokusheshisa nangokucophelela, Gcina ukwefana nokuqondisa: ubungako bezinhlamvu ezincane nezikulu egameni Sebenzisa ukubhala ngokuhlukanisa kuzona zonke izimo zokubhala. Ukushintshela ekubhaleni ngokuxhumanisa noma ukubhala ngokuhlanganisa: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Kopisha bese ubhala amaphetheni okubhala ngokuhlukanisa nokuhlanganisa, Bukela ubhale okungenani izinhlamvu ezimbili ngokubhala ngokuxhumanisa noma ngokuhlanganisa emsebenzini wokuhala ngesonto(ubungako nokufana) Kopisha ubhale amagama amafushane ngokubhala ngokuxhumanisa noma ngokubhala ngokuhlanganisa: amagama afana: ima, eba, oma njll Bona futhi ufunde amagama amafushane abhalwe ngokuxhumanisa noma ngokubhala ngokuhlanganisa. Ukubhala ngamaqembu / ngokubambisana nangokuzimela: <i>Isifundo sekilasi lonke/amaqembu amancane kabili noma kathathu ngesonto imizuzu engama-20. Sebenzisa imisebenzi yokubhala ngokuhlanganyela ukokhombisa izigaba zokubhala (umbhalo wokuqala, umbhalo ophelele, nombhalo uthulelwabanye). Banike uhlaka abazobhala ngalo ukusiza abafundi ukubhala izindaba zabo:</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Zimbandakanye engxoxweni lapho kukhethwa khona isihloko okuzobhalwa ngaso, Bhala umbhalo ukuveza imizwa yakho njenekhadi lokubonga noma incwadi ebhalwe ngohlaka olunikeziwe Bhala 1-2 izigatshana (okungenani ezinemisho eyisishiyagalombili) ngezehlakalo zempilo yakho noma isigameko Sebenzisa izimpawu zokubhala (ongqi, ukhefane, isibabazo, nophawu lokubuza) ukuze abanye bakwazi ukufunda e okuhaliwe Pela amagama ajwayelekile ngendlela efanele uzame ukupela amagama amasha usebenzisa ulwazi lwemisindo, Sebenzisa inkathi yamanje, edlule nezayo ngokufanele Bona usebenzise amabizo nezenzo ngokufanele Bona usebenzise izabizwana ngokuyikho Funda uxoxisane nontanga ngombhalo wakho Yakha inqolobane yamagama nesichazamazwi sakho. 	
UKUHLOLA Iziphakamiso zemisebenzi yokuhlola engahleliwe Ukubhala kahle ngesandla: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sebenzisa izinto zokubhala ngesandla ezifanele: amapensela, irabha, irula Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe woku- 1 Ukubhala kahle ngesandla: Ukugcina ukubhala ngokuhlukanisa: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bhala kahle osonhlavukazi kanye nezinhlamvu ezincane ngokusheshisa nangokucophelela 	

Ukushintshela ekubhaleni ngokuxhumanisa noma ukubhala ngokuhlanganisa:

- Kopisha bese ubhala amaphetheni okubhala ngokuhlukanisa nokuhlanganisa,
- Kopisha ubhale okungenani izinhlamvu ezimbili ngokubhala ngokuxhumanisa noma ngokuhlanganisa emsebenzini wokuhala ngesonto(ubungako nokufana)

Umsebenzi wokuhlolola ohleliwe wesi-2

Ukubhala ngesandla:

Ukushintshela ekubhaleni ngokuxhumanisa noma ukubhala ngokuhlanganisa:

- Kopisha ubhale okungenani izinhlamvu ezimbili ngokubhala ngokuxhumanisa noma ngokuhlanganisa emsebenzini wokuhala ngesonto(ubungako nokufana)
- Kopisha ubhale amagama amafushane ngokubhala ngokuxhumanisa noma ngokubhala ngokuhlanganisa: amagama afana ima, eba, iso njil.
- Bona futhi ufunde amagama amafushane abhalwe ngokuxhumanisa noma ngokubhala ngokuhlanganisa.

Iziphakamiso zemisebenzi yokuhlolola engahleliwe

Ukubhala:

- Yakha inqolobane yamagama nesichazamazwi sakho.
- Bona usebenzise amabizo nezenzo ngokufanele

Umsebenzi wokuhlolola okuhleliwe woku- 1

Ukubhala

- Bhala umbhalo ukuveza imizwa yakho njengekhadi lokubonga noma incwadi ebhalwe ngohlaka olunikeziwe
- Bhala 1-2 izigatshana (okungenani ezinemisho eyisishiyagalombili) ngezehlakalo zempilo yakho noma isigameko
- Pela amagama ajwayelekile ngendlela efanele uzame ukupela amagama amasha usebenzisa ulwazi lwemisindo
- Sebenzisa inkathi yamanje, edlule nezayo

Umsebenzi wokuhlolola okuhleliwe wesi- 2

Ukubhala

- Zimbandakanye engxoxweni lapho kukhethwa khona isihloko okuzobhalwa ngaso
- Sebenzisa izimpawu zokubhala (ongqi, ukhefane, isibabazo, nophawu lokubuza) ukuze abanye bakwazi ukufunda e okuhaliwe
- Bona usebenzise izabizwana ngokuyikho,
- Funda uxoxisane nontanga ngombhalo wakho

ITHEMU YESI- 4	
UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	ISIKHATHI SOKUFUNDISA ESIPHAKANYISIWE Isikhathi esincane ngokwemukelekile: imizuzu engama-45 ngesonto Isikhathi esiningi ngokwemukelekile: ihora ngesonto
OKUQUKETHWE/ULWAZI /AMAKHONO:	
<p>Imisebenzi yansukuzonke /yamasontonke kuzona zonke izingxene zolimini nakwezinye izifundo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lalela ngaphandle kokuphazamisa okhulumayo ubuze imibuzo ukuze ucaciseleke, uphawule ngokuzwile Xoxa ngempilo yakho nezindaba ezejwayelekile isib xoxa izindaba usebenzise ulimi oluchazayo Sebenzisa amagama anjengalawa: ibizo, isichasiso, isabizwana, ukhefana, uphawu lombuzo, isigaba uma ukhuluma ngombhalo wakho Qonda usebenzise ulimi olufanele Iwezfundo ezihlukene Yeza iziphakamiso zokuxazulula inkinga ikakhulu ngeziBalo, <p>Kibili ngesonto kuzogxilwa emisebenzini yokukhuluma nokulalela:</p> <p><i>Amasonto 1 - 5</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lalela imiyalelo exubile elandelanayo wenza ngokufanele Zimbandakanye engxoxweni, uphakamise izihloko okuzoxoxwa ngazo ubuze imibuzo ukuthola ulwazi ukwenza umbiko ngomsebenzi weqembu, Zimbandakanye emidlalweni yamagama efana nokuthi “ ngibona ngamehlo ami ... ” Yenza amahlaya neziphicaphicwano usebenzisa ukuzwakala nokuphakama kwephimbo okufanele. <p><i>Amasontos 6 - 10</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lalela uphendule okhulumayo ungamboni bese wenza ngokufanele Lalela imininingwane ezindabeni bese uphendula imibuzo eseizingeni eliphezulu isib. “Ucabanga ukuthi wayenza ngakho uma e...?” Phendula imibuzo evulekile bese usekela izimpendulo zakho, isib. “yini indaba usho kanjalo?” Veza imizwa yakho ngokubhaliwe unike izizathu zalokho isib. “ kungenze ngadinwa ngoba ... ” 	
<p>UKUHLOLA</p> <p>Iziphakamiso ngokuhlola okungahleliwe:</p> <p>Ukulalela nokukhuluma (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lalela ngaphandle kokuphazamisa okhulumayo ubuze imibuzo ukuze acaciseleke, uphawule ngokuzwile Sebenzisa amagama anjengalawa: ibizo, isichasiso, isabizwana, ukhefana, uphawu lombuzo, isigaba uma ukhuluma ngombhalo wakho Yeza iziphakamiso zokuxazulula inkinga ikakhulu ngeziBalo Zimbandakanye emidlalweni yamagama efana nokuthi “ ngibona ngamehlo ami ... ” Yenza amahlaya neziphicaphicwano usebenzisa ukuzwakala nokuphakama kwephimbo okufanele. usebenzisa ukuphakama okufanele kwezwi uma esho amahlaya neziphicaphicwano, Phendula imibuzo evulekile bese usekela izimpendulo zakho, isib. “yini indaba usho kanjalo?” <p>Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe woku- 1</p> <p>Ukulalela nokukhuluma (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Xoxa ngempilo yakho nezindaba ezejwayelekile isib xoxa izindaba usebenzise ulimi oluchazayo Lalela imiyalelo exubile elandelanayo wenza ngofunele Zimbandakanye engxoxweni, uphakamise izihloko okuzoxoxwa ngazo ubuze imibuzo ukuthola ulwazi ukwenza umbiko ngomsebenzi weqembu, Lalela imininingwane ezindabeni bese uphendula imibuzo eseizingeni eliphezulu isib. “Ucabanga ukuthi wayenza ngakho uma e...?” Veza imizwa yakho ngokubhaliwe unike izizathu zalokho isib. “ kungenze ngadinwa ngoba ... ” 	

ITHEMU YESI-4	
UKUFUNDA NEMISINDO	ISIKHATHI SOKUFUNDISA ESIPHAKANYISIWE Isikhathi esincane ngokwemukelekile: amahora ama-4 nemizuzu engama-30 ngesonto Isikhathi esiningi ngokwamukelekile: amahora ama-5 ngesonto
OKUQUKETHWE/ULWAZI/AMAKHONO	
<p><i>Imisebenzi yemisindo imizuzu eyi-15 nsuku zonke</i></p> <p><i>Sebenzisa ongwaqa abangonhlamvuntathu ukwakha amagama nokuwahlukanisa ngamalunga</i></p> <p><i>Ngenisa eminye imisindo enongwaqa abahamba ngabibili uphinde usebenze ngokwakhiwa kwamagama nokuphinyiswa nangokuqaphela imisindo. Qhubeka ukwenza le misebenzi ngokomlomo, lokhu kuwusizo obhalweni magama.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uthisa akaqale ngokubuyekeza izinhlobo zemisindo efundwe ethemini yesithathu. • Ngalethemu kulindeleke ukuba abafundi bafunde imisindo elandelayo: ncw, ndw, ngw, nkw, njw, nqw, nzw, ntw, nsw • Izibonelo zamagama yemisindo ehlamvuntathu: incwadi, indwangu, ingwenya, isinkwa, injwayelo, inqwaba, izinzwane, intwasahlolo, unswinyo • Bona izijobelelo emagameni isib. inqawe→inqawana, imfe→imfana, isigqi→isigqana, amandla→amandlana, isinkwa→isinkwana, incwadi, indwangu, ingwenya, isinkwa, injwayelo, inqwaba, izinzwane, intwasahlolo, unswinyo • Phimisa yonke imisindo yongwaqa nonkamisa • Bona ongwaqa abahamba ngabane kanye nonkamisa, • Hlanganisa onkamisa nongwaqa ukwakha izinhlamvu zamagama • Bona imisindo efundiwe emagameni • Yakha amagama usebenzisa yonke imisindo efundiwe kulonyaka, • Funda amagama usebenzisa ulwazi onalo lwemisindo efundiwe, • Hlukanisa amagama ngezinhlamvu kanje: (i-njwa-ye-lo), • Funda ukupela amagama okungenani ayi-10, • Bhala imisho elula emifushane okungenani eyi-10 kanje: (UZandile uphethwe ingwayimani, Ingcwaba lakubo libhidlikile, njil). <p><i>Imisebenzi yansuku zonke: Ukufunda ngamaqembu okuholwa uthisha(amaqembu amabili ngesonto)kufundwa ngokuhlanganyela ka-2 noma ka-3 ngesonto</i></p> <p>Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela :</p> <p><i>Umsebenzi wekilasi lonke izifundo ezi 2-3 ngesonto zithatha imizuzu eyi -15 kusetshenziswa okungenani incwadi umbhalo owodwa ngesonto</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Funda izinkondlo nezingoma ikilasi lonke nothisha (ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela) uxoxe ngezindlela ezahlukene inkondlo eyakheke ngazo nendlela okukhethwe ngayo amagama • Funda izindaba eziyiqiniso nezindaba ezingelona iqiniso ikilasi lonke nothisha • Phendula imibuzo eseizingeni eliphezulu encike embhalweni ofundiwe • Veza ukuthi indaba uyithandile ukwazi ukubonisa ngokusho. "angiyithandanga indaba ngoba..." • Veza umbono wakho ngezithombe ezsembhalweni njenga: maphephandaba noma emabhukwini, kumaphosta, nakuzikhngisi isib. "ngikhetha lesithombe esisebhukini ngoba lesikhngisi singenza ngi..." <p>Ufunda ngamaqembu alawulwayo</p> <p><i>Uthisha usebenza ngamaqembu amabili ngosuku, isifundo sithatha imizuzu eyi-15 iqembu ngalinye. Iqembu ngalinye lisebenza nothisha kabilo ngesonto.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Funda buthule noma kuzwakale incwadi eseizingeni lakho (lokufunda ngokuhlanganyela) esizwa uthisha iqembu lonke lifunda indaba efanayo, • Sebenzisa amagama owabona njalo nemisindo ukwengeza ikhono lokufunda uqonde okubhaliwe ukwenza umqondo endabeni • Funda ngokugeleza nokushesha uphimise ngokufanele • Sebenzisa amasu okuzilungisa amaphutha uma ufunda: ukuphumula, ukuzilolonga ngaphambi kokuliphimisa igama. 	

- Zihlole uma ufunda, ukubona amagama nokuqonda
- Qhubeka nokwakha amagama amasha usukela emagameni owabona njalo owafunda unganakile ngokufunda imibhalo yamazinga ahlukene namagama asebenza njalo

Ukufunda ngababili/ngokuzimela

Isifundo sokufunda sansukuzonke semizuzu eyi-20 ngesikhathi amanye amaqembu efunda ngamaqembu alawulwayo uthisha

- Funda umbhalo wakho nowabanye
- Fundela omunye umfundi kakhulu
- Funda ngokuzimela ezingeni elithe ukuba luhkuni ukuthokozele noma ulwazi oluvela kwimibhalo enhlobonhlobo: amahlaya, izindaba ezilula ezingelona iqiniso, neziyiqiniso
- Dlala imidlalo yokufunda efana namadomino, uqedele amaphazili ukugxilisa ukufunda namakhono olwazimagama

Ukuhlola

Iziphakamiso ngokuhlola okungahleliwe:

Imisindo (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza/ ngokubhala):

- Funda amagama anemisindo efundiwe emishweni nakweminye imibhalo
- Qonda ukubumbana kongwaqa bonke abafundiwe onyakeni
- Kwazi ukusebenzisa ukubumbana kongwaqa ukwakha nokuhlahlela amagama.
- Yakha uphimise amagama ngokolwazi onalo lwemisindo,
- Yakha amagama ngemisindo oyifundile.

Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe woku- 1

Imisindo (ngomlomo/nangokwenza/nangokubhala):

- Kwazi ukubona ukuhlobana kwemisindo ezinhlamvini ezinhlamvumbili, nezinhlamvuntathu.
- Yakha amagama ngemisindo oyifundile onyakeni
- Yakha uphumisele upele amagama esebezisa ulwazi lwemisindo oyifundile.

Iziphakamiso ngokuhlola okungahleliwe:

Ukufunda (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza):

Ukufunda ngokuhlananyela:

- Phendula imibozo esezenegeni eliphezulu encike embhalweni ofundiwe, isib. "ngokubona kwakho...?"
- Veza ukuthi indaba uyithandile ukwazi ukubonisa ngokusho. "angiyithandanga indaba ngoba..."

Ukufunda ngamaqembu alawulwayo:

- Sebenzisa amasu okuzilungisa amaphutha uma ufunda: ukuphumula, ukuzilolonga ngaphambi kokuliphimisa igama
- Zihlole uma ufunda, ukubona amagama nokuqonda.

Ukufunda ngokuzimela/nangababili:

- Funda umbhalo wakho nowabanye
- Fundela omunye umfundi kakhulu

Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe woku-1

Ukufunda (ngomlomo/nangokwenza)

Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela :

- Funda izindaba eziyiqiniso nalezo ezingelona iqiniso ikilasi lonke kanye nothisha.
- Phendula imibozo esezenegeni eliphezulu encike embhalweni ofundiwe, isib. "ngokubona kwakho...?"
- Veza umbono wakho ngezithombe evisembhalweni njenga: maphephandaba noma emabhukwini, kumaphosta, nakuzikhangisi isib. "ngikhetha lesithombe esisebhukini ngoba lesikhangisi singenza ngi..."

Ukufunda ngamaqembu:

- Funda buthule noma kuzwakale incwadi esezenegeni lakho (lokufunda ngokuhlanganyela) esizwa uthisha iqembu lonke lifunda indaba efanayo,
- Sebenzisa amagama owabona njalo nemisindo ukwengeza ikhono lokufunda aqonde okubhaliwe ukwenza umqondo endaben
- Funda ngokugeleza nokushesha uphimise ngokufanele

Ukufunda ngokuzimela/nangababili:

- Funda ngokuzimela ezingeni elithe ukuba luhkuni ukuthokozele noma ulwazi oluvela kwimibhalo enhlobonhlobo: amahlaya, izindaba ezilula ezingelona iqiniso, neziyiqiniso

ITHEMU YESI-4	
UKUBHALA	ISIKHATHI SOKUFUNDISA ESIPHAKANYISIWE
	<p>Isikhathi esincane ngokwemukelekile: ihora nemizuzu engama-45 ngesonto</p> <p>Isikhathi esiningi ngokwemukelekile: amahora ama-2 ngesonto</p>
OKUQUKETHWE/ULWAZI /AMAKHONO	
<p><i>Ukubhala kahle ngesandla:</i></p> <p><i>Izifundo eziheleliwe kathathu ngesonto imizuzu eyi - 15</i></p> <p><i>Abafundi baqhubeka nokubhala ngokuhlukanisa kodwa baqala ukufunda ukubhala ngokuxhumanisa izinhlamvu. Uhlobo lokubhala ngokuxhumanisa noma ukubhala ngokuhlanganisa luzohambisana nomgomo wesikole/umgomowesifundazwe</i></p> <p><i>Ukuphathwa kokubhala ngokwehlukanisa:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sebenzisa amathuluzi okubhala ngokufanele: amapeni omsizi, irabha, irula • Gcina ukusetshenziswa kokubhala ngokwehlukanisa uma ubhala. <p><i>Ukudlulela ekubhaleni ngokuhlanganisa:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Kopisha ubhale okungenani izinhlamvu ezimbili ngokuxhumana noma ngokuhlanganisa ngesonto, ziqede zonke izinhlamvu ekupheleni kwethemu • Kopisha ubhale amagama amafushane ngokuxhumana noma ngokuhlanganisa • Kopisha ubhale osonhlamvukazi abajwayelekile usebenzisa ukubhala ngokuhlanganisa noma ngokuxhumanisa • Kopisha ubhale imisho emifushane ngokuhlanganisa noma ngokuxhumanisa <p><i>Ukubhala ngamaqembu / ngokubambisana nangokuzimela:</i></p> <p><i>Isifundo sekilasi lonke/amaqembu amancane kibili noma kathathu ngesonto, isifundo ngasinye sithathe imizuzu engama -20 (ukubhala kususelwa esifundweni sokufunda ngokuhlanganyela. Kulesi sifundo fundisa ubonise ukusetshenziswa kwezimpawu zokubhala uhlelo lolimi kanye nokupela amagama.</i></p> <p><i>Sebenzisa uhlaka ukulekelela abafundi ukubhala uhla kanye nohlaka ukuhlela ulwazi eshadini noma kwithebula. Uthisha ubonisa indlela yokusebenzisa isichazamazwi esilula, abachazele ngokuhleleka kosonhlamvukazi</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Zimbandakanye engxoxweni ufake imibono, • Hlola ukusebenzisa amagama: bhala inkondlo noma iculo elilula • Bhala okungenani izigaba ezimbili (Imisho eyi-10) ngezinto ezikwenzakalele noma imigubho yomndeni • Sebenzisa uhlaka (i-draft), ukubhala, nokushicelela, uma ebhala indaba enezigamu ezimbili, usebenzisa ulimi njengo: kuqala, kwalandela, kwagcina, • Hlela ulwazi emathebulini noma eshadini, • Sebenzisa ulwazi lwezakhi uma ubhala, lsib ukubhala uhla lwezinto zokupheka, • Hlela umbhalo ngokulandelana usebenzisa amagama anjengo: kuqala, kwalandela, kwagcina, • Sebenzisa izimpawu zokubhala ezifanele (ngqi, khefane, umbuzi nesibabazo) ukuze abanye bakwazi ukufunda okuhaliwe • Pela amagama ajwayelekile ngokufanele uzame ukupela amagama ongawazi usebenzisa ulwazi lwemisindo • Sebenzisa inkathi yamanje, nedlule nenkathi ezayo • Yakha inqolobane yamagama nesichazamazwi sakho • Sebenzisa isichazamazwi ukubheka incazelos nesipelingi samagama 	

UKUHLOLA

Iziphakamiso zemisebenzi yokuhlola okungahleliwe

Ukubhala ngesandla:

Ukuphathwa kokubhala ngokwehlukanisa:

- Sebenzisa amathuluzi okubhala ngokufanele: amapeni omsizi, irabha, irula
- Gcina ukusetshenziswa kokubhala ngokwehlukanisa uma ubhala.

Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe woku-1

Ukubhala ngesandla

Ukudlulela ekubhale ni ngokuhlanganisa:

- Kopisha ubhale okungenani izinhlamvu ezimbili ngokuxhumana noma ngokuhlanganisa ngesonto, ziqedo zonke izinhlamvu ekupheleni kwthemu
- Kopisha ubhale amagama amafushane ngokuxhumana noma ngokuhlanganisa
- Kopisha ubhale osonhlamvukazi abajwayelekile usebenzisa ukubhala ngokuhlanganisa noma ngokuxhumanisa
- Kopisha ubhale imisho emifushane ngokuhlanganisa noma ngokuxhumanisa

Iziphakamiso zemisebenzi yokuhlola okungahleliwe

Ukubhala ngesandla:

- Hlola ukusebenzisa amagama: bhala inkondlo noma iculo elilula
- Sebenzisa uhlaka (i-draft), ukubhala, nokushicelela, uma ubhala indaba enezigamu ezimbili, usebenzisa ulimi njengo: kuqala, kwallandela, kwagcina,
- Sebenzisa izimpawu zokubhala ezifanele (ngqi, khefane, umbuzi nesibabazo) ukuze abanye bakwazi ukufunda okubhaliwe
- Pela amagama ajwayelekile ngokufanele uzame ukupela amagama ongawazi usebenzisa ulwazi lwemisindo
- Sebenzisa inkathi yamanje, nedlule nenkathi ezayo
- Yakha inqolobane yamagama nesichazamazwi sakho

Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe woku-1

Ukubhala ngesandla

- Bhala okungenani izigaba ezimbili (Imisho eyi-10) ngezinto ezikwenzakalele noma imigubho yomndeni
- Hlela ulwazi emathebulini noma eshadini
- Sebenzisa ulwazi lwezakhi uma ubhala, Isib ukubhala uhla lwezinto zokupheka,
- Hlela umbhalo ngokulandelana usebenzisa amagama anjengo: kuqala, kwallandela, kwagcina,
- Sebenzisa izimpawu zokubhala ezifanele (ngqi, khefane, umbuzi nesibabazo) ukuze abanye bakwazi ukufunda okubhaliwe
- Pela amagama ajwayelekile ngokufanele uzame ukupela amagama ongawazi usebenzisa ulwazi lwemisindo
- Sebenzisa inkathi yamanje, nedlule nenkathi ezayo

IZINSIZA KUFUNDA ZONYAKA EZIPHAKANYISIWE**UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA**

- Izithombe namaphosta
- Izinto ezibambekayo ezihambisana nesihloko
- Izindaba zezithombe (ezilandelanisa izigameko)
- Ama-CD noma izindaba ezikuma-theyiphi
- Izincwadi zezindaba
- Okokugqoka okuhambisana nomlingisi
- Izinsimbi zomculo

UKUFUNDA NEMISINDO

- Izithombe namaphosta
- Amashadi emisindo
- Izincwadi ezisezingeni elifanele
- Izincwadi ezinkulu nezenziwe uthisha kanye nabafundi,
- Imibhalo eqqamile ukuze ibonakale kubo bonke abafundi (isifundo sokufunda ngokuhlanganyela)
- Izincwadi zezindaba
- Ama-CD, amatheyiphu anezindaba, izinkondlo, izilandelo namaculo, imishini yamatheyiphu, ithelevishini namatheyphu evidiyo
- Ama- lebula ezinto ezitholakala ekilasini
- Amaphephandaba nemagazini
- Amaphazili amagama nezithombe
- Amaphephandaba
- Amashadi anezihlokwana
- Izindatshana ezakhiwe ngenkathi kubhalwa ngokuhlanganyela
- Izilandlelo nemilolozelo
- Izincwadi ezimfushane zezindaba ezimnandi
- Amakhadi amagama abafundi
- Okokukhomba uma kufundwa

UKUBHALA NOKUBHALA NGESANDLA

- Izikhali zokubhala: amapeni omsizi, amapeni emibala, amapeni, amaphepha angenamigqa (a3, a4, a5) irabha, incwadi yokubhala
- Amakhadi amancanyana okubhala imisho
- Ama-koki peni amakhulu
- Inqolobane yamagama azakhele yona
- Isichazamazwi esisezingeni
- Izichazamazwi zezingane ezilula

3.5 IBANGA LESI-3

ISIZULU ULIMI LWASEKHAYA LWEBANGA 3
IZIDINGO NGOKWETHEMU

ITHEMU YOKU - 1	
UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	ISIKHATHI SOKUFUNDA ESIPHAKANYISIWE Isikhathi esincane ngokwemukelekile: Imizuzu engama-45 ngesonto Isikhathi esiningi ngokwemukelekile: Ihora ngesonto

OKUQUKETHWE/ULWAZI /AMAKHONO:**Imisebenzi yansuku zonke /yamasonto onke kuzonke izingxenyen zolimi nakwezinye izifundo:**

- Khuluma ngempilo yakho isib. Xoxa izindaba eziveza imizwa nangemibono yakho,
- Lalela ngaphandle kokuphazamisa, ukhombise ukhlonipha okhulumayo kuze kufika ithuba lakho,
- Sebenzisa ulimi olufanele uma ukhuluma nabangane nabantu abadala, wazi nangokusetshenziswa kolimi lwasigodi eki-lasini.

Kibili ngesonto kugxilwa emisebenzini wokulalela nokukhuluma :*Amasonto 1 - 5*

- Lalela imiyalelo exubile nelandelanayo (ewu-4 okungenani) bese wenza ngokufanele,
- Lalela ingqikithi nokujula kwezindaba bese uphendula imibuzo eseizingeni eliphakeme. Isib. Uma ucabanga lesishloko siyifanele yini le ndaba? Ukusho ngani lokho?
- Buza imibuzo ukuze ucaciseleke bese ubeka imibono ngalokho okuzwile Isib. Ingabe kwenzeka ngempela lokho? Wase wenzani pho?
- Veza imizwa yakho ngombhalo bese ubeka izizathu, Isib. "Ngicabanga ukuthi umbhali ngabe unike isiphetho sendaba esijabulisayo. Igundwane lalincenga ibhubesi isikhathi eside

Amasonto 6 - 10

- Hlanganyela nabanye engxoxweni, ubuze imibuzo bese ukhombise ukubazwela abanye,
- Phendula imibuzo bese unikeza izizathu zezipendulo isib. "Yebo, ngicabanga ukuthi isihloko siyakuveza okuqukethwe yindaba.

Ukuhlola**Iziphakamiso ngokuhlola imisebenzi okungahleliwe:****Ukulalela nokukhuluma (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza)**

- Lalela ngaphandle kokuphazamisa, ukhombise ukhlonipha okhulumayo kuze kufike ithuba lakho,
- Veza imizwa yakho ngombhalo usho nezizathu, isib." Ngicabanga ukuthi umbhali ngabe unike isiphetho sendaba esijabulisayo. Igundwane lalincenga ibhubesi isikhathi eside.
- Hlanganyela nabanye engxoxweni, ubuze imibuzo, bese ukhombisa ukubazwela abanye.

Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe koku-1**Ukulalela nokukhuluma (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza):**

- Khuluma ngempilo yakho, isib. Xoxa izindaba eziveza imizwa nemibono yakho.
- Lalela imiyalelo exubile nelandelanayo (okungenani emi-4) bese wenza ngokufanele.
- Lalela ingqikithi nokujula kwezindaba bese uphendula imibuzo eseizingeni eliphakeme. Isib. Uma ucabanga lesishloko siyifanele yini le ndaba? Ukusho ngani lokho?

ITHEMU YOKU-1	
UKUFUNDA NEMISINDO	ISIKHATHI SOKUFUNDISA ESIPHAKANYISIWE Isikhathi esincane ngokwamukelekile: amahora ama-4 nemizuzu engama-30 ngesonto Isikhathi esiningi ngokwemukelekile: amahora ama-5 ngesonto
OKUQUKETHWE/ULWAZI /AMAKHONO:	
Imisebenzi yemisindo eyenziwa kathathu ngesonto imizuzu eyi -15 Bukeza imisindo enhlamvunye, enhlamvumbili nenhlamvuntathu efundwe kubanga-2. Makuxoxwe ngezinhlamu zealfabhethi, nokuthi uhlamu ngalunye lunomsindo walo ongashintshi. Imisebenzi yokwakha amagama ngokuwaphimisa nangendlela ovezwa ngayo uma ulalele. Sebenzisa amathuba okubukeza imisebenzi yemisindo efundiwe kwezinye izingxenyen zolimi isib. esifundweni sokufunda ngokuhlanganyela nesokubhala ngokuhlanganyela. Sebenzisa imisindo ukufundisa uhlelo Iwesibizelo unyaka wonke: Qaphela: Akunakulandelana okumisiwe kokufundisa imisindo ngethemu Kusemqoka ukuthi igama eliyisibonelo libe nezinhlamu ezifundisiwe <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bona ubukeze imisindo efundwe kubanga lesi-2 • Kulethemu kulindeleke ukuthi abafundi bayifunde yonke imisindo elandelayo; Ngc, ngx, ngq, dlw, hlw, khw, chw, khw • Izib. ingcabhayi, ingxathu, ingqephu, umdlwane, klwebha, hlwanyela, ichwane, khwela, • Bona amagama anonhlamvuntathu owafundile • Khomba ubudlelwano phakathi kohlamvu –umsindo kanye nohlamvumbili/nhlamvuntathu –negama kuzozonke izinh-lamvu. • Bona ukuthi eminye imisindo imelwe izinhlobo eziningi zesibizelo esikhethiwe (amagama atholakala ezindabeni nemisindo efundiwe) • Abafundi bakwazi ukubona imisindo egamemi elifundiwe • Babona basebenzise amagama anemisindo ephindaphindekayo, • Abafundi bakha amagama okungenani ayi-10 besebebenzisa imisindo efundiwe • Hlela izinhlanvu namagama ngokohlelo Iwe-alfabhethi, • Pela amagama ngokuyikho usebenzise ulwazi lwemisindo: (ingca-bha-yi, hlwa-nye-la, njii), • Funda ukupela amagama okungenani ayi-10 ngesonto athathwe ezifundweni nasemagameni abukwa nsukuzonke • Bhala imisho emi -3 emifushane elula ebizelwa uthisha: 	
Imisebenzi yokufunda yansuku zonke:	
Ukufunda ngamaqembu (amaqembu amabili ngesonto) ka-2 noma ka- 3 ngesonto befunda ngokuhlanganyela Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela nothisha Izifundo zekilasi lonke ezithatha-2-3 izikhathi ngesonto- imizuzu eyi-15, okungenani kufundwa umbhalo owodwa ngesonto. Uthisha ukhombisa ngokufunda nekilasi lonke. Isifundo ngasinye sizogxila kulokhu okulandelayo: ulwazi lokubhala, izimpawu zombhalo, imisindo, amaphethini olimi, amaqhingga okukhomba amagama, nokufunda ngokuqonda ngohla Iwamazinga-njengoba kunjalo, uphinde uhlele. Ukuqondanisa, ukuhlola nokuncoma ngemibuzo. Khombisa amaqhingga ngeminwe emihlanu lapho umunwe owodwa umele iqhinga lofundayo ngokusebenzisa indlela yokufunda incwadi angayazi nokuthi ichazani: Abafundi babheka ukuthi igama abaliphimisayo baliphimisaya ngokuyikho yini, libukeka ngokuyikho, lisho into enomqondo. uthisha akaqale ukufundisa ngalendlela uma behlangana namagama abangawazi. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sebenzisa izithombe ukukhuluma ngencwadi enezithombe isib. ukubuka isithombe, nokuxoxa ngaso ukuthi singani sat-hathwephi njii, • Funda imibhalo ekhulisiwe njengezinkondlo, izincwadi zokufunda ezinkulu namaphosta umbhalo osemshinini nekilasi lonke(ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela), • Funda incwadi nekilasi lonke nothisha (ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela) bese uchaza ingqikithi yendaba kanye nabalingiswa abasemqoka, • Funda imiyalelo ekilasini, • Funda izinkondlo ezahlukene ngesihloko esithile bese kuxoxwa (kokubili umumo nokuqonda), 	

- Phendula imibuzo esezenegeni eliphezulu ngaphambi kokufunda, ngenkathi kufundwa nangemuva kokufunda isifundo esih-langanyelwe. Isib. ‘Ucabanga ukuthi kuzokwenzekani ngemuva kwalokhu? “Ukusho ngani lokho?”
- Bona izimpawu zokhulumayo ukusetshengisa inkulumo eqondile embhalweni

Ukufunda ngamaqembu :

Uthisha usebenza ngamaqembu amabili ngosuku, achithe imizuzu eyi-15 iqembu ngalinye. Iqembu ngalinye lisebenza nothisha kibili ngesonto. Uthisha usebenza ngeqembu elisezenegeni elifanayo ngokwamakhono okufunda nokuqondanisa abafundi nezinga lemiyalelo.(amagama abukwa nsukuzonke phakathi kwama-90-95% ngokunakekela) Umbhalo ofundwayo kufanele usetshenziswe njalo.

- Funda kokubili ngokufunda buthule noma uphimisela encwadini yakho ngesikhathi sokufunda ngamaqembu nothisha, kanje iqembu lonke lifunda indaba eyodwa ngomyalelo wezinga laleloqembu
- Sebenzisa imisindo, ulwazi nokuhlaziya isakhiwo ngamakhono okuthola umqondo ngesikhathi ufunda kokubili ukufunda buthule nokuphimisela
- Sebenzisa amaqhingga okuzilungisa uma ufunda; ukuphinda ufunde, ukuphumula, ukulilungiselela ngaphambi kokulisho igama
- Zilungise wena uma ufunda, kokubili amagama abukwa nsukuzonke nokuqonda
- Baqonda ukusetshenziswa kwezimpawu zokukhuluma (ongqi, uphawu lokubuza, isibabazi nabacaphuni) uma befunda ngokuzwakala.

Ukufunda ngababili/ngokuzimela (kathathu ngesonto)

Yethula ukufunda ngababili / ngokuzimela khetha imibhalo umfundu ayaziyo noma esezenegeni lokufundwa ngokuzimela(imibhalo ibe lula kunaleyefundwa esifundweni sokuhlanganya lapho umfundu eqikelela khona ukufunda amagama abukwayo angaphezulu kwangama- 95% ngokuyikho)

- Funda ngokuzimela, isib. Incwadi enezithombe nezincwadi ezilula zezindaba.
- Dlala imidlalo yokufunda, nokuqedela amaphazili amagama, ukugcizelela ukufunda namakhono amagama njengoku “Khumbula ngokushesha.”

UKUHLOLA

Iziphakamiso zokuhlola imisebenzi okungahleliwe:

Imisindo (ngomlomo/ ngokwenza):

- Bona ukuthi eminye imisindo imelwe izinhlobo eziningi zesibizelo esikhethiwe,
- Babona basebenzise amagama anemisindo ephindaphindekayo ,
- Abafundi bakha amagama okungenani ayi-10 besebenzisa imisindo efundiwe
- Funda ukupela amagama okungenani ayi-10 ngesonto athathwe ezifundweni nasemagameni abukwa nsukuzonke

Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe koku-1:

Imisindo (ngomlomo /ukwenza nokubhala):

- Khomba ubudlelwano phakathi kohlamvu –umsindo kanye nohlamvumbili/nhlamvuntathu –negama kuzozonke izinhlamvu
- Bona ubukeze imisindo efundwe kubanga lesi-2
- Bona amagama anonhlamvuntathu afundiwe
- Bhala imisho emi -3 emifushane elula ebizelwa uthisha

Iziphakamiso zokuhlola imisebenzi okungahleliwe:

Ukufunda (ngomlomo/ukwenza /nokubhala):

- Funda imibhalo ekhulisiwe njengezinkondlo, izincwadi zokufunda ezinkulu namaphosta umbhalo osemshinini nekilasi lonke(ukufunda ngokuhlanganya),
- Funda imiyalelo yasekilasi.

Ukufunda ngamaqembu :

- Funda kokubili ngokufunda buthule noma uphimisela encwadini yakho ngesikhathi sokufunda ngamaqembu nothisha, kanje iqembu lonke lifunda indaba eyodwa ngomyalelo wezinga laleloqembu
- Sebenzisa imisindo, ulwazi nokuhlaziya isakhiwo ngamakhono okuthola umqondo ngesikhathi ufunda kokubili ukufunda buthule nokuphimisela
- Baqonda ukusetshenziswa kwezimpawu zokukhuluma (ongqi, uphawu lokubuza, isibabazi nabacaphuni) uma befunda ngokuzwakala.

- Zilungise wena uma ufunda,kokubili amagama abukwa nsukuzonke nokuqonda

Umsebenzi wokuhlolola okuhleliwe koku-1:

Ukufunda (ngomlomo/ ukwenza/nokubhala)

Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela nothisha :

- Sebenzisa izithombe ukukhulumu ngencwadi enezithombe isib. ukubuka isithombe, nokuxoxa ngaso ukuthi singani sat-hathwephi njll,
- Funda incwadi nekilasi lonke nothisha (ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela) bese uchaza ingqikithi yendaba kanye nabalingiswa abasemqoka,
- Phendula imibuzo esezengezi eliphezulu ngaphambi kokufunda, ngenkathi kufundwa nangemuva kokufunda isifundo esih-langanyelwe.lsib. ‘Ucabanga ukuthi kuzokwenzekani ngemuva kwalokhu?’ “Ukusho ngani lokho?”

Ukufunda ngamaqembu :

- Funda kokubili ngokufunda buthule noma uphimisela encwadini yakhe ngesikhathi sokufunda ngamaqembu nothisha, kanje iqembu lonke lifunda indaba eyodwa ngomyalelo wezinga laleloqembu
- Sebenzisa imisindo,ulwazi nokuhlaziya isakhiwo namakhono okuthola umqondo ngesikhathi befunda kokubili ukufunda buthule nokuphimisela

ITHEMU YOKU-1	
UKUBHALA	ISIKHATHI SOKUFUNDISA ESIPHAKANYISIWE Isikhathi esincane ngokwemukelekile: ihora nemizuzu engama-45 ngesonto Isikhathi esiningi ngokwemukelekile: amahora ama-2 ngesonto
OKUQUKETHWE/ULWAZI /AMAKHONO	
Ukubhala kahle ngesandla : Izifundo ezihleliwe ezenziwa kathathu ngesonto imizuzu eyi -15. Abafundi bayaqhubeka bebhala ngokuhluhanisa okubhalwayo kuze kuphele ithemu yesibili noma-ke isifundo sokubhala kahle ngesandla zizogxila ekubhaleni izinhlamvu ngazinye bese ubhala ngokuxhumanisa noma ukubhala ngokuhlanganisa.uhlobo lokubhala ngokuxhumana noma ukubhala ngokuhlanganisa kuzokwazisa inqubomgomo yesifundo sokubhala kahle ngesandla/inqubomgomo yesifundazwe <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bhala zonke izinhlamvu ezincane nezinkulu ngokubhala ngokuxhumana noma ngokuhlanganisa bese uqala uhlanganisa izinhlobo ezechlukene zezinhlamvu ngokwakha amagama ngokuxhumana noma ukubhala ngokuhlanganisa okukhethekile, • Sebenzisa izinto zokubhala ngesandla ngokuyikho; ipensela, irabha nerula, • Bhala amagama amafushane ngokuxhumanisa noma ukubhala ngokuhlanganisa • Shiya izikhala phakathi kwamagama ngokuyikho emiggeni, • Bhala umusho ngokucacile nangokuyikho usebenzise imibhalo yokubhala ngokuxhumanisa nokuhlanganisa. Ukubhala ngokuhlanganyela,ngamaqembu nangokuzimela Isifundo sekilasi lonke/ amaqembu amancane senziwa kathathu ngesonto imizuzu engama- 20.Sebenzisa imisebenzi yokubhala ngokuhlanganyela ukuveza ukusetshenziswa kwezimpawu zokukhanyisa, ukupela amagama nokusethenziswa kolimi (izinkathi, nobuningi). Sebenzisa amagama amasha/ukuqala umusho ukulekelela abafundi ukubhala izindaba noma ukuchaza nokubaqondisa ukulandela izindlela eziyizo zokubhala.Abfundi baqala ukuzakhela izichaza mazwi zabo. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dweba izithombe ubhale imisho ukukhombise ukuqonda indaba, • Bhala imiyalelo, isib. kumngani, • Veza imibono, amagama kanye nemisho ukubhala indaba yekilasi (ukubhala ngokuhlanganyela). • Sebenzisa isithombe ukukhetha isihloko salokho ozobhala ngakho, • Xoxa nomngani ukuhlela ozobhala ngakho • Buza imibuzo ukulungiselela lokho ozokubhala, • Okungenani bhala isigaba esisodwa semisho eyi-8 njengezindaba zakho,izindaba ozibhalele zona,ukuchaza isehlakalo / okwenzakele, • Dweba bese ubhala imisho (eyisithupha kuya kwenishiyagambil) ngesihloko ukuveza okutholile kumtapo wencwadi. • Bhala amagama wenze umusho usebenzisa ofeleba, ongqi, izimpawu zokubuza,okhefana kanye nokhulumile, • Sebenzisa ulwazi lwemisindo nemithetho yamagama ukubhala amagama angajwayelekile, • Sebenzisa inkathi yamanje, eyedlule kanye nezayo ngokuyikho, • Sebenzisa izivumelwano senhloko nesenzo, isib. Ngifuna ... Yena ufunu..., • Bazakhela inqolobane yabo yamagama kanye nesichazamazwi besebenzisa izinhlamvu zokuqala zamagama, isibonelo: ami, bonke, cela, njll. 	

UKUHLOLA

Iziphakamiso zokuhlola imisebenzi okungahleliwe:

Ukubhala kahle ngesandla:

- Sebenzisa izinto zokubhala ngesandla ngokuyikho, ipensela, irabha nerula,
- Shiya izikhala ezifanele emagameni asemgqeni.

Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe koku-1:

Ukubhala kahle ngesandla:

- Bhala zonke izinhlamvu ezincane nezinkulu ubhala ngokuxhumanisa noma uqalisa ukuhlanganisa izinhlamvu nokwakha amagama.
- Bhala amagama amafushane ngokubhala uhlanganisa izinhlamvu noma ubhala ngokuhlanganisa,
- Bhala umusho ngokucacile nangokuyikho usebenzisa ukubhala ngokuhlukanisa nokuxhumanisa nokuhlanganisa.

Iziphakamiso zokuhlola imisebenzi okungahleliwe;

Ukubhala:

- Dweba izithombe ubhale nemisho ukukhombisa ukuqonda indaba,
- Bhala imiyalelo, isib. kumngani
- Veza imibono, amagama kanye nemisho ukubhala indaba yekilasi (ukubhala ngokuhlanganyela),
- Sebenzisa isivumelwano senhloko nesenzo, isib. Ngifuna ... Yena ufunu...,
- Bazakhela inqolobane yamagama kanye nesichazamazwi esisemthethweni besebenzisa imisindo esekualeni kwegama njengo; amasi ubaba cula, edamini

Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe koku-1:

Ukubhala

- Bhala okungenani isigaba esisodwa semisho eyisishiyagalombili ngezindaba zakho, indaba ozakhele yona, ukuchaza iseh-lakalo/okuvelie okuthize,
- Bhala amagama wakhe umusho usebenzisa ofeleba, ongqi, izimpawu zokubuza, okhefana kanye nokhulumile
- Sebenzisa ulwazi lwemisindo nemithetho yamagama /nesibizelo ukubhala amagama angajwayelekile,
- Sebenzisa inkathi yamanje, edlule kanye nezayo ngokuyikho.

ITHEMU YESI-2	
UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	ISIKHATH SOKUFUNDISA ESIPHAKANYISIWE Isikhathi esincane ngokwemukelekile: Imizuzu engama-45 ngesonto Isikhathi esiningi ngokwemukelekile: Ihora ngesonto
OKUQUKETHWE/ ULWAZI/ AMAKHONO:	
<p>Imisebenzi yansuku zonke /yamasonto kuzozonke izinxenyne esuselwa olimini nakwezinye izifundo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lalela umsakazo noma umbhobho wokukhuluma nomyalelo bese wenza ngokufanele Khuluma ngezehlakalo zempilo yakho njengokuxoxa izindaba bese wethule imizwa nemibono ngayo, Lalela izindaba, izinkondlo namaculo bese wethula imizwa yakho ngendaba, ngenkondlo kumbe ngeculo, ubeke izizathu, Ngokulekelelwa, qagela ukuthi kuzokwenzakalani endabeni Isib. bheka isihloko nengaphandle lencwadi, Funa umsuka nesiphetho endabeni usebenzisa amagama afanelekayo njengokuthi: abantwana bawele ebhulohweni ngoba..., Sebenzisa ulimi ukuphenya nokuthungatha ulwazi, ngezindlela ezehlukile ‘Ngicabanga ukuthi bekunga...’, ‘uma kunjalo... kusho ukuthi...’, Buza imibuzo ukuze ucaciseleke, uhlele ubuye uthole ulwazi ngomsebenzi Hlaziya, uqhathanise bese uphikisa ulwazi njengemikhuba yokudla yengane uma idla neyenkawu Qonda bese usebenzisa ulimi olufanele ezifundweni ezehlukene njengaMakhono eMpilo, Phakamisa izixazululo zezinkinga ikakhulu izinkinga zamagama athintana neziBalo. 	
<p>Kabili ngesonto kugxilwe emisebenzini wokulalela nokukhuluma:</p> <p><i>Amasonto 1 - 3</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lalela imiyalelo ejulile nelandelanayo (okungenani e-5) bese wenza ngokufanele, Yenza inkulomo ngomlomo isib. ‘khomba usho” chaza uqhathanise izinto. <p><i>Amasontos 4 - 6</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lalela izindaba uma zifundwa nguthisha noma emsakazweni, isikhathi esiluliwe ngomdlandla, Xoxa indaba emfushane enesigameko esilula kanye nabalingiswa abahlukene. <p><i>Amasonto 7 - 10</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hlanganyela nabanye engxoxweni yekilasi uphakamise izihloko ubeke nemibono, Khuluma ngesehlakalo esivele ezindabeni, wethule imizwa nemibono yakho, Lalela bese uzakhela iziphicaphicwano kanye namahlaya. 	
<p>UKUHLOLA</p> <p>Iziphakamiso zokuhola imisebenzi okungahleliwe:</p> <p>Ukulalela nokukhuluma (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lalela umsakazo noma umbhobho wokwethula izimemezelo nemiyalelo bese wenza ngokufanele Khuluma ngesehlakalo esivele ezindabeni, wethule imizwa nemibono yakho, Lalela bese uzakhela iziphicaphicwano kanye namahlaya, Sebenzisa ulimi ukuthola ulwazi, isib. Ukuveza izindlela ezehlukile zokuthile ‘Ngicabanga ukuthi bekunga...’, ‘uma kunjalo...kusho ukuthi...’ Buza imibuzo ukuze ucaciseleke, uhlele ubuye uthole ulwazi ngomsebenzi owenzayo, Hlaziya, uqhathanise bese uphikisa ulwazi njengemikhuba yokudla yengane uma idla neyenkawu. Qonda bese usebenzisa ulimi olufanele ezifundweni ezehlukene njengaMakhono eMpilo, Phakamisa izixazululo zezinkinga ikakhulu izinkinga zamagama athintana neZibalo. <p>Umsebenzi wokuhlolola okuhleliwe koku 1:</p> <p>Ukulalela nokukhuluma (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lalela imiyalelo exubile nelandelanayo (okungenani e-5) bese wenza ngokufanele, Yenza inkulomo ngomlomo isib. ‘khomba usho” chaza uqhathanise izinto. 	

Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe kwesi-2:

Ukulalela nokukhuluma (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza):

- Lalela izindaba uma zifundwa nguthisha noma emsakazweni, isikhathi esiluliwe ngomdlandla,
- Xoxa indaba emfushane enesigameko esilula kanye nabalingiswa abahlukene.

Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe kwesi-3:

Ukulalela nokukhuluma (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza)

- Hlanganyela nabanye engxoxweni yekilasi uphakamise izihloko ubeke nemibono,
- Lalela izindaba, izinkondlo namaculo bese wethula imizwa yakho ngendaba, ngenkondlo noma ngeculo, ubeke izizathu,
- Ngokulekelelwa, qagela ukuthi kwenzakalani endabeni Isib.bheka isihloko nengaphandle lencwadi, uma ucabanga kuzok-wenzakalani?
- Funa umsuka nesiphetho endabeni usebenzisa amagama afanele njengokuthi: Abantwana bawele ebhulohweni ngoba.

ITHEMU YESI-2	
UKUFUNDA NEMISINDO	ISIKHATHI SOKUFUNDISA ESIPHAKANYISIWE Isikhathi esincane ngokwemukelekile: amahora ama-4 nemizuzu engama-30 ngesonto Isikhathi esiningi ngokwemukelekile: amahora ama-5 ngesonto
OKUQUKETHWE/ULWAZI/ MQONDO /AMAKHONO	
Imisebenzi yemisindo eyenziwa kathathu ngesonto, ithatha imizuzu eyi -15: Yethula imisindo emisha ehlanganisa izihlamvu ezine nokuhola abafundi ukuba babone lowo msindo omelwe ukuhlangana kwezinhlamu ezehlukene. Lokhu kunomphumela omqoka wesibizelo. Yiba nesiqiniseko sokuthi abafundi bayawaqonda amagama abawaphimisayo nangasetshenziswa ukwakha imisho enomqondo. Sebenzisa imisindo ukulungiselela uhlelo Iwesibizelo.	
Qaphela: Akunakulandelana okumisiwe ukufundisa imisindo ngethemu <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Abafundi abaqale ngokubukeza amagama anemisindo abayifundle ngethemu yokuqala. • Kulethemu abafundi kulindeleke ukuthi bayifunde yonke lemisindo elandelayo; qhw, shw, thw, xhw, gcw, gxw, tsw, ngqw, ncw, ntsh isib. iqhwagi, shweza, isithwalambiza, ixhwele, kugcwele, tswinkaza, ungqwazi, ingcwenga, intshakaza • Abafundi bakwazi ukubona amagama akhiwe izinhlamvu ezine - onhlamvune • Bona ukuthi eminye imisindo imelwe izinhlobo eziningi zesibizelo esikhethiwe (amagama atholakala ezindabeni nemisindo efundiwe) • Abafundi babona isibizelo ukuthi simele imisindo efundiwe, • Sebenzisa amagama aphimiswa ngokufanayo ukwakha imisho ezokunkika umqondo ohlukene isib. Inyanga ikhanya ebusuku inyanga Ujuni inyanga yamakhaza. • Yakha amagama angama-20 usebenzisa amakhono emisindo afundiswe kulonyaka, • Hlukanisa amagama ngamalunga awo: i-si-thwa-la-mbi-za, i-si-gcwe-le-gcwe-le- • Yakha imisho emi-5 ngamagama anomsindo ofundiwe, 	
Imisebenzi yansuku zonke: Ukufunda ngamaqembu nothisha(amaqembu amabili ngosuku) isikhathi sokufunda ngokuhlanganyela ka-2 noma ka -3 ngesonto	
Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela nothisha: Isifundo sekilasi lonke ka-2-3 ngesonto imizuzu eyi-15 usebenzisa okungenani umbhalo owodwa ngesonto: uthisha kumele akhombise ukufunda ikilasi lonke, afake izithombe nezindaba eziyiqiqniso ngelethemu <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uthisha ufunda imibhalo ekhulisiwe njengezinkondlo, izincwadi ezinkulu, amaphosta nemibhalo yemishini nekilasi lonke(ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela) • Sebenzisa izithombe ukukhombisa injongo yezikhangiso kubathengi • Uthisha ufunda incwadi nekilasini lonke (ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela) bachaze ukulandelana kwezigameko nobudlelwano bembangela nomphumela • Sebenzisa ulwazi olusezithombeni isib. ukuba yingxene yokuzungeza isikole belandela izinkomba zebalazwe • Thola usebenzise umsuka wolwazi njengamalunga omphakathi umtapo wezincwadi, • Sebenzisa okuqukethwe, uhla lokungaphakathi, kanye nezinombolo zamakhasi ukuthola ulwazi, • Sebenzisa amagama abalulekile kanye nezihloko ukuthola ulwazi ezincwadini ezinezindaba ezinamaqiniso, • Phendula imibuzo esezenegeni eliphezulu ebhekiswe esiqheshini esifundiwe, isib. Ungakuchaza kanjani ukuziphatha kuka-nogwaja? 	

Ukufunda ngamaqembu

Uthisha usebenza namaqembu amabili ngosuku, isifundo sithatha imizuzu eyi-15 iqembu ngalinye. Iqembu ngalinye lisebenza nothisha kibili ngesonto.

Uthisha ubafundisa indlela yokuziphatha uma befunda amagama abukwa nsukuzonke nokuqonda okufundiwe, (Abafundi bafundiswa ukubuza; “Kuzwakala kahle?” “Kuyawenza yini umqondo”?) Khombisa lokhu ngesikhathi sokufunda ngokuhlanganyela nokulekelela ngesikhathi sokufunda ngamaqembu.

- Funda buthule nokufunda ngokuphimisela ufunda incwadi yakho ngesikhathi sokufunda ngamaqembu nothisha, lapho ikilasi lonke lifunda indaba eyodwa ngokwemiyalelo yezinga leqembu labo
- Sebenzisa imisindo nolwazi Iwezithombe nokuhlaziya izimo nokuzakhela umqondo wegama uma ufunda amagama amasha,
- Sebenzisa amaqhinga okuzilungisa ngokwakho uma ufunda, uphinde ufunde, uphumule, ulicabange igama ngaphambi kokuba uliphimisele
- Qaphela uma ufunda, amagama abukwa nsukuzonke nokuqonda
- Sebenzisa umbhalo onemidwebo ukuthuthukisa ukuqonda okufundayo
- Funda ngokugeleza nokuveza imizwa

Ukufunda ngababili/ngokuzimela

Imisebenzi yansuku zonke emayelana nesifundo sokufunda, ithathe imizuzu engama-20. ngesikhathi amanye amaqembu enza ukufunda ngamaqembu nothisha.

- Fundela omunye umfundu kakhulu
- Funda umbhalo wakho, nemibhalo yabanye,
- Funda ngokuzimela izincwadi ezifundwe ngesikhathi sokufunda ngokuhlanganyela, izindaba ezilula nezinye ezisekholeni lezincwadi neminye imibhalo,njengokufunda kweminyaka eyedlula noma yokuqala konyaka, ngesikhathi sokufunda ngokuzimela ngokwezinga labafundi

UKUHLOLA

Iziphakamiso zokuhlola imisebenzi okungahleliwe:

Imisindo (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza):

- Yakha amagama angama-20 usebenzisa amakhono emisindo efundiswe kulonyaka

Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe koku-1:

Imisindo (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza/ ngokubhala):

- Ukubona ukuthi eminye imisindo imelwe izinhlobo eziningi zesibizelo esikhethiwe (amagama atholakala ezindabeni ne-misindo efundiwe)
- Abafundi babona isibizelo ukuthi simele imisindo efundiwe

Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe kwesi- 2:

Imisindo (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza/ ngokubhala):

- Sebenzisa amagama aphimisa ngokufanayo ukwakha imisho ezokunika umqondo ohlukene isib. **Inyanga** ikhanya ebusuku **inyanga** UJuni **inyanga** yamakhaza.

Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe kwesi- 3:

Imisindo (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza/ ngokubhala):

- Yakha amagama angama-20 usebenzisa amakhono emisindo efundiswe kulonyaka
- Hlukanisa amagama ngamalunga: **u-Gcu-gcwa, ntsho-ntsha**
- Yakha imisho emi-5 ngamagama anomsindo ofundiwe .

Isiphakamiso zokuhlola imisebenzi okungahleliwe:

Ukufunda (ngolomo/ nangokwenza/ ngokubhala):

Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela nothisha:

- Phendula imibuzo esezeingeni eliphezulu ebhekiswe esiqheshini esifundiwe, isib. Ungakuchaza kanjani ukuziphatha kuka-nogwaja?

Ukufunda ngamaqembu

- Sebenzisa amaqhinga okuzilungisa ngokwakho uma ufunda, uphinde ufunde, uphumule, ulicabange igama ngaphambi kokuba uliphimisele

- Zilungiselele uma ufunda, amagama abukwa nsukuzonke nokuqonda

Ukufunda ngabibili/ nokuzimela:

- Fundela omunye umfundu kakhulu
- Funda umbhalo wakho, nemibhalo yabanye,
- Funda ngokuzimela izincwadi ezifundwe ngesikhathi sokufunda ngokuhlanganyela, izindaba ezilula nezinye ezisekho-neni lezincwadi neminye iimbhalo,njengokufunda kweminyaka eyedlula noma yokuqala konyaka, ngesikhathi sokufunda ngokuzimela ngokwezinga

Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe koku-1:

Ukubhala (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza/ ngokubhala):

Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela nothisha:

- Uthisha funda imibhalo ekhulisiwe njengezinkondlo, izincwadi ezinkulu,amaphosta nemibhalo yemishini nekilsionke(ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela)
- Sebenzisa izithombe ukukhombisa injongo yezikhangiso kubathengi.

Ukufunda ngamaqembu:

- Funda buthule nokufunda ngokuphimisela ufunda incwadi yakho ngesikhathi sokufunda ngamaqembu nothisha, lapho ikilasi lonke lifunda indaba eyodwa ngokwemiyalelo yezinga leqembu labo
- Sebenzisa imisindo nolwazi lwezithombe nokuhla ziya izimo nokuzakhela umqondo wegama uma ufunda amagama amasha
- Funda ngokugeleza uveze imizwa

Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe kwesi- 2 :

Ukufunda (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza/ ngokubhala)

Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela nothisha :

- Uthisha ufunda incwadi nekilasi lonke (ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela) bachaze ukulandelana kwezigameko nobudlelwano bembangela nomphumela
- Phendula imibuzo esezenge ni eliphezulu ebhekiswe esiqheshini esifundiwe, isib. Ungakuchaza kanjani ukuziphatha kuka-nogwaja?

Ukufunda ngabibili/ nokuzimela:

- Funda ngokuzimela izincwadi ezifundwe ngesikhathi sokufunda ngokuhlanganyela, izindaba ezilula nezinye ezisekho-neni lezincwadi neminye iimbhalo,njengokufunda kweminyaka eyedlula noma yokuqala konyaka, ngesikhathi sokufunda ngokuzimela ngokwezinga labafundi

Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe kwesi-3 :

Ukufunda (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza/ ngokubhala):

Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela nothisha:

- Sebenzisa ulwazi olusezithombeni isib. ukuba yingxene yokuzungeza isikole belandela izinkomba zebalazwe
- Thola usebenzise umsuka wolwazi njengamalunga omphakathi, umtapo wezincwadi,
- Sebenzisa okuqukethwe, uhla lokungaphakathi, kanye nezinombolo zamakhasi ukuthola ulwazi,
- Sebenzisa amagama abalulekile kanye nezihloko ukuthola ulwazi ezincwadini ezinezindaba ezinamaqiniso

Ukufunda ngamaqembu :

- Funda buthule nokufunda ngokuphimisela ufunda incwadi yakho ngesikhathi sokufunda ngamaqembu nothisha, lapho ikilasi lonke lifunda indaba eyodwa ngokwemiyalelo yezinga leqembu labo
- Sebenzisa imisindo nolwazi lwezithombe nokuhla ziya izimo nokuzakhela umqondo wegama uma ufunda amagama amasha
- Funda ngokugeleza nokuveza imizwa

ITHEMU YESI-2	
UKUBHALA	ISIKHATHI SOKUFUNDISA ESIPHAKANYISIWE Isikhathi esincane ngokwemukelekile: ihora nemizuzu engama-45 ngesonto Isikhathi esiningi ngokwemukelekile: amahora ama-2 ngesonto
OKUQUKETHWE/ULWAZI /AMAKHONO	
Ukubhala kahle ngesandla: Izifundo eziheleliwe ezenziwa kathathu ngesonto imizuzu eyi -15. Abafundi sebezokwenza ushintsho lokubhala ngokuhlukanisa bese bexhumanisa noma ngokuhlanganisa ekupheleni kwaletemu. Izifundo zokubhala kahle ngesandla zizogxila ekulolongeni izinhlamvu ezihamba ngazinye, osonhlamvukazi nokubhala ngokuhlanganisa kumbhalo omusha. Abafundi kufanele bakwazi ukuthathela okubhalwe ngokuhlukanisa (isib. encwadini) bakubhale ngokuxhumanisa noma ngokuhlanganisa. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sebenzisa amathuluzi okubhala kahle ngesandla ngokuyikho, isib. Ipensela, irabha, irula, • Thathela amagama nemisho ngendlela efanele ngokuxhumanisa noma ngokuhlanganisa, • Wakha izinhlamvu ezincane nezinkulu ngendlela efanele nezenzakalelayo ngokuxhumanisa noma ngokuhlanganisa, • Sebenzisa indlela efanele yokwakha izinhlamvu kuyoyonke imisebenzi ebhalwayo, • Kopela amagama ngokuyikho usebenzisa izinsiza ezinhlobonhlobo njengebhodi, amakhadi okusebenzela, njll. nokubhala ngokushesha ubhala ngokuxhumanisa noma ngokuhlanganisa, • Yenza ushintsho ngokuxhumanisa noma ukubhala ngokuhlanganisa kukho konke okubhalwayo njengosuku, igama lakho, neminye imibhalo yakho. Ukubhala ngokuhlanganyela,ngamaqembu nangokuzimela : Izifundo zekilasi lonke/amaqembu amancane zenziwa kathathu ngesonto imizuzu engama- 20. Sebenzisa imisebenzi yokubhala ngohlanganyela ukukhombisa ukusetshenziswa kwezimpawu zokukhanyisa, amagama nokusethenziswa kolimi nesibizelo.Banike uhlaka oluzosiza abafundi ukubhala izindaba zabo <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hlanganyela nabanye engxoxweni ukukhetha isihloko okuzobhalwa ngaso, • Bhala okungenani izigaba ezimbili (imisho eyi-10 naphezulu), ngezehlakalo zempilo yakho njenge izindaba zansukuzonke noma izehlakalo zesikole. • Bhala indaba yakho noma indaba ejwayeletekile noma enye indaba ozibhalele yona okungenani imisho eyishumi, • Gcina incwadi lapho ubhala khona izehlakalo ezibalulekile ngempilo yakho isonto elilodwa,ubheka isimo sezulu nolunye ulwazi oluthile • Bhala incwadi elula obuyibuka • Bhala ubuye wenze nemifanekiso endabenzi ezokwandisa umtapo wezincwadi ekilasini, • Sebenzisa ulimi oluyikho ukuze abanye abafundi bakwazi ukufunda ngokuqonda lokho obekubhaliwe, • Sebenzisa izimpawu zokukhulumu eziyikho: osonhlamvukazi, ukhefane, umbuzo nokhulumayo, • Khomba usebenzise amabizo, izichasiso, izenzo kanye nezilandiso, ngokuyikho. • Sebenzisa ulwazi lwemisindo nemithetho yokusibizelo ukubhala amagama angajwayeletekile, • Sebenzisa izinkathi ezinhlobonhlobo, eyamanje neyedlule, isib. Ufunda incwadi: “Bebebuka umabonakude izolo ntambama”, • Funda uphinde uhlele okubhalwe nguwe ngokulungisa isipelingi, izimpawu zokukhanyisa, njll., • Fundela untanga kumbe iqembu okubhalwe nguwe, • Zakhele ingqolobane yamagama nesichazamazwi sakho usebenzisa uhlamvu lokuqala lwegama njenga isango, vula gjijima njll . 	

UKUHLOLA

Iziphakamiso zokuhlola imisebenzi okungahleliwe:

Ukubhala kahle ngesandla:

- Sebenzisa izinto zokubhala kahle ngesandla ngokuyikho, isib. Ipensela, irabha irula.

Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe koku-1

Ukubhala kahle ngesandla:

- Yakha izinhlamvu ezinkulu nezincane ngendlela efanele nezenzakalelayo ngokubhala ngokuxhumanisa noma ngokuhlanganisa,
- Thatela amagama nemisho ngendlela efanele ngokubhala ngokuxhumanisa noma ngokuhlanganisa

Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe kwesi-2 :

Ukubhala kahle ngesandla:

- Yakha izinhlamvu ezinkulu nezincane ngendlela efanele nezenzakalelayo ngokubhala ngokuxhumanisa noma ngokuhlanganisa,
- Yenza ushintsho ngokuxhumanisa noma ngokuhlanganisa kukho konke okubhalwayo njengosuku, igama lakho, neminye imibhalo yakho.

Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe kwesi-3:

Ukubhala kahle ngesandla

- Kopela amagama ngokuyikho usebenzisa izinsiza ezinhlobonhlobo njengebhodi, amakhadi okusebenzela, njll. nokubhala ngokushesha bebhala ngokuxhumanisa noma ngokuhlanganisa,
- Sebenzisa izindlela ezifanele zokubhala izinhlamvu kukho konke okubhalwayo

Iziphakamiso zokuhlola imisebenzi okungahleliwe :

Ukubhala:

- Sebenzisa izinkathi ezinhlobonhlobo, eyamanje neyedlule, isib. Ufunda incwadi. Bebebuka umabonakude izolo ebusuku,
- Fundela untanga noma iqembu okubhalwe nguwe,
- Zakhele inqolobane yakho yamagama nesichazimazwi sakho usebenzisa uhlamvu lokuqala Iwegama, isib. thela, zamula, njll.

Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe woku- 1

Ukubhala:

- Bhala incwadi elula obuyibuka
- Bhala okungenani izigatshana ezimbili (imisho eyi-10 naphezulu), ngezehlakalo zempilo yakhe njenge izindaba zansukuzonke noma izehlakalo zesikole.
- Sebenzisa ulimi ngokuyikho ukuze abanye bakwazi ukufunda ngokuqonda akubhalile,
- Sebenzisa ulwazi lwemisindo nemithetho yesibizelo ukubhala amagama angajwayelekile.
- Sebenzisa izimpawu zokukhuluma eziyikho: osonhlamvukazi, ukhefane, umbuzo nokhulumayo

Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe kwesi- 2

Ukubhala:

- Gcina incwadi lapho ubhala khona izehlakalo ezibalulekile ngempilo yakho isonto elilodwa, ubheka isimo sezulu nolunye ulwazi oluthile
- Khomba usebenzise amabizo, izichasiso, izenzo kanye nezilandiso, ngokuyikho..

Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe kwesi-3

Ukubhala:

- Hlanganyela nabanye engxoxweni ukukhetha isihloko okuzobhalwa ngaso ,
- Bhala indaba yakho noma indaba ejwayelekile noma enye indaba ozibhalele yona okungenani imisho eyishumi.
- Funda uphinde uhlele okubhalwe nguwe ngokulungisa isibizelo, izimpawu zokukhanyisa njll.,

ITHEMU YESI- 3	
UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA :	ISIKHATHI SOKUFUNDISA ESIPHAKANYISIWE Isikhathi esincane ngokwemukelekile: Imizuzu engama-45 ngesonto Isikhathi esiningi ngokwemukelekile: Ihora ngesonto
OKUQUKETHWE/ULWAZI /AMAKHONO:	
<p>Imisebenzi yansukuzonke /yamasonto onke kuzozonke izingxenye zolimini nakwezinye izifundo:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Yethula inkulumo; ukuxoxa ngezindaba nokukhuluma ngezehlakalo ohlangabezana nazo ngokulandelana kwazo, Sebenzisa amagama akhulayo uma ukhuluma, Phakamisa izisombululo zenkinga ikakhulu izinkinga zamagama ezibhekene neziBalo. <p>Kabili ngesonto kugxilwe emisebenzini yokulalela nokukhuluma :</p> <p><i>Amasonto 1 - 3</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Xoxa nabantu ngenhloso yokuthola kabanzi ngomsebezi womuntu awenzayo, Lalela indaba bese uthola isisusa nomphumela wayo. <p><i>Amasontos 4 - 6</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hlanganyela nabanye engxoxweni, ubeke imibono ewusizo kwabanye, Hlela izehlakalo uzibeke ngokulandelana kwazo. <p><i>Amasonto 7 - 10</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lalela imininingwane yezindaba khuluma ngombhalo ukuphendula imibuzo evulekile, isib. Yini oyoyenza uma usukhulile? Xoxa indaba enesiqalo, umzimba nesiphetho. 	
<p>UKUHLOLA</p> <p>Izipifikamiso zokuhlolola imisebenzi okungahleliwe ;</p> <p>Ukulalela nokukhuluma (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sebenzisa amagama akhulayo uma ukhuluma, Phakamisa izisombululo zenkinga ikakhulu izinkinga zamagama ezibhekene neziBalo. <p>Umsebenzi wokuhlolola okuhleliwe koku -1:</p> <p>Ukulalela nokukhuluma (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Xoxa nabantu ngenhloso yokuthola kabanzi ngomsebezi womuntu awenzayo, Lalela indaba bese uthola isisusa nomphumela wayo. <p>Umsebenzi wokuhlolola okuhleliwe kwesi -2:</p> <p>Ukulalela nokukhuluma (ngomlomol/ nangokwenza):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hlanganyela nabanye engxoxweni, ubeke imibono ewusizo kwabanye, Hlela izehlakalo uzibeke ngokulandelana kwazo. <p>Umsebenzi wokuhlolola okuhleliwe kwesi -3 :</p> <p>Ukulalela nokukhuluma (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lalela imininingwane yezindaba khuluma ngombhalo uphendule imibuzo evulekile, isib. Yini oyoyenza uma usukhulile? Xoxa indaba enesiqalo, umzimba nesiphetho. Yethula inkulumo; uxoxe ngezindaba ukhulume ngezehlakalo ohlangabezana nazo ngokulandelana kwazo. 	

ITHEMU YESI-3	
UKUFUNDA NEMISINDO	ISIKHATHI SOKUFUNDISA ESIPHAKANYISIWE Isikhathi esincane ngokwemukelekile amahora ama-4 nemizuzu engama-30 ngesonto Isikhathi esiningi ngokwemukelekile: amahora ama-5 gesonto
OKUQUKETHWE/ULWAZI /AMAKHONO	
Imisebenzi yemisindo eyenziwa imizuzu eyi-15 kathathu ngesonto Qhubeka usebenzise imisindo elungiselela uhlelo Iwesibizelo kulethemu Qaphela: Akunakulandelana okumisiwe ukufundisa imisindo ngethemu <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Abafundi abaqale ngokubukeza amagama anemisindo abayifundle ngethemu yesibili . • Kulethemu abafundi kulindeleke ukuthi abafundi bayifunde yonke lemisindo elandelayo; ndlw, nhlw, ntshw, namagama eqa onkamisa abahlukene isib. indlwana, inhlwanyelo, entshweni umubala→umbala, umulomo→umlomo, umushado→umshado umungcwabo→umngcwabo, uSibusiso→uSbusiso • Abafundi bakwazi ukubona amagama akhiwe izinhlamvu ezine - onhlamvune nalawo eqa onkamisa • Ukubona ukuthi eminye imisindo imelwe izinhlobo eziningi zezinhlamvu zesibizelo ekhethiwe (amagama atholakala ezindabeni nemisindo efundiwe) • Abafundi bakha amagama ngemisindo efundiwe, • Sebenzisa amagama aphimisa ngokufanayo ukwakha imisho ezokunika umqondo ohlukene isib. Inyanga ikhanya ebusuku inyanga UJuni inyanga yamakhaza. • Yakha amagama angama-20 usebenzisa amakhono emisindo afundiswe kulonyaka, • Hlukanisa amagama ngamalunga: i-nhlwa-bu-si • Yakha imisho emi-7-10 ngamagama anomisindo ofundiwe • Ukupela amagama ngendlela efanale usebenzisa ulwazi lwemisindo ngokuhlolola okungaheliwe, isibizelo nakuyo yonke imisebenzi yokubhala 	
Imisebenzi yansuku zonke:	
Ukufunda ngokubambisana (amaqembu amabili ngosuku)Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela (ka-2 noma ka-3 ngesonto)	
Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela nothisha	
Izifundo zekilasi lonke ka-2-3 ngesonto esithatha imizuzu eyi-15, uthisha esebeenzisa umbhalo owodwa ngesonto.	
Kwethulwa izinhlobonhlobo zemibhalo Isib. Imidlalo nezinye izinhlobo zezinkondlo:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Funda imibhalo ekhulisiwe njengezinkondlo, izincwadi ezinkulu zezindaba, amaphosta, imibhalo yomshini nekilasi lonke nothisha (ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela) • Funda izinhlobo ezahlukene zezinkondlo ngesihloko uxoxisane ngazo (ngezimo nenqondo namagama akhethiwe) • Humusha ulwazi ngemibhalo yezithombe ngokukhangisa, izithombe, amagrafu, namashadi, • Funda incwadi kanye nekilasi (ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela) nioxo ngengqikithi ugagule ingqikithi abalingiswa kanye nesimo sendaba, • Veza ukuthi indaba uyithandile kanti ungakuvumela lokho ngokuphendula isib."Ngiyayithanda lendaba ngoba ingikhumbuza..." • Phendula imibuzo eseizingeni eliphezulu emayelana nendaba oyifundile, isib." Ingabe kufanele yini ugogo amtshele ukuthi.....?" • Sebenzisa isichazamazwi ukuthola amagama amasha nencazelo zawo, 	
Ukufunda ngamaqembu	
Uthisha usebenza ngamaqembu amabili ngosuku, uchitha isikhathi semizuzu eyi-15 ngeqembu ngalinye. Iqembu ngalinye lisebenza nothisha kibili ngesonto:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bafunda bonke buthule noma bephimisa ngesikhathi sokufunda ngamaqembu nothisha njengokuthi iqembu lonke lifunda indaba efanayo ngesikhathi semiyalelo eseizingeni, • Funda izinhlobonhlobo zemibhalo njengo: umbhalo womdlalo, • Sebenzisa izindlela ezahlukene zokuzilungisa uma ufunda ; uphinde ufunde, uqhubeke ufunde ukuthatha uphumule, 	

- Funda ukuthuthukisa izinga lokufunda ngokugeleza uphinde wehlise izwi, uphimise kahle amagama,
- Sebenzisa imisindo ukuhumusha ingqikithi nesimo samakhono okuqonda ukufunda amagama amasha
- Zilungise ngenkathi ufunda amagama abukwayo ngokuqonda,

Ukufunda ngababili/ngokuzimela

Imisebenzi ehlobene yansukuzonke yokufunda, ngemizuzu engama -20 ngesikhathi amanye amaqembu afunda isifundo sokufunda ngamaqembu nothisha):

- Fundela omunye umfundu kakhulu,
- Funda okubhalile ufunde nokwabanye,
- Funda ngokuzimela izincwadi ezifundwe ngesikhathi sokufunda ngokuhlanganyela, izindaba ezilula nezinye ezisekhoneeni lezincwadi neminye imibhalo,njengokufunda kweminyaka eyedlula noma yokuqala konyaka, ngesikhathi sokufunda ngokuzimela ngokwezinga labafundi

UKUHLOLA

Iziphakamiso zokuhlola imisebenzi okungahleliwe:

Imisindo (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza/ nokubhala):

- Abafundi abaqale ngokubukeza amagama anemisindo abayifundle ngethemu yesibili,
- Abafundi bakha amagama ngemisindo efundiwe- onhlamvune

Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe koku-1 :

Imisindo (ngomlomo nangokwenza/ nokubhala):

- Abafundi bakwazi ukubona amagama akhiwe ngezinhlamu ezine - onhlamvune nalawo eqa onkamisa
- Abafundi bakha amagama ngemisindo efundiwe - onhlamvune/eqa onkamisa
- Abafundi bakha imisho ngemisindo efundiwe.

Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe kwesi- 2 :

Imisindo (ngomlomo nangokwenza):

- Sebenzisa amagama aphimisa ngokufanayo ukwakha imisho ezokunika umqondo ohlukene isib. **Inyanga** ikhanya ebusuku **inyanga** UJuni **inyanga** yamakhaza.
- Yakha amagama angama-10-15 usebenzisa amakhono emisindo afundiwe

Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe kwesi - 3:

Imisindo (ngomlomo nangokwenza)

- Hlukanisa amagama ngamalunga: i-nhlwa-thi
- Ukwakha imisho emi-7-10 ngamagama anomisindo ofundiwe,
- Ukpela amagama ngendlela efanele usebenzisa ulwazi lwemisindo ngokuhlola okungahleliwe,isibizelo nakuyo yonke imisebenzi yokubhala

Iziphakamiso zokuhlola okungahleliwe:

Ukufunda: (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza nokubhala):

Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela nothisha:

- Phendula imibuzo esezengeyi eliphezulu emayelana nendaba oyifundile, isib." Ingabe kufanele yini ugogo amtshele ukuthi.....?",

Ukufunda ngamaqembu nangokubambisana:

- Funda izinhlobonhlobo zemibhalo njengo mbhalo womdlalo,
- Zilungise ngenkathi ufunda amagama abukwayo ngokuqonda

Ukufunda ngababili/nangokuzimela:

- Fundela omunye umfundu kakhulu,
- Funda okubhalile ufunde nokwabanye,

Umsebenzi wokuhlolola okuhleliwe koku-1:

Ukufunda (ngomlomo/nokwenza):

Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela nothisha:

- Funda incwadi nekilasi lonke(ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela) inxoxisane ngengqikithi ugagule ingqikithi abalingiswa kanye nesimo sendaba,
- Veza ukuthi indaba uyithandile kanti ungakuvumela lokho ngokuphendula isib."Ngiyayithanda lendaba ngoba ingikhumbuza...

Ukufunda ngamaqembu:

- Bafunda bonke buthule noma baphimise ngencwadi ngesikhathi sokufunda ngamaqembu nothisha njengokuthi iqembu lonke lifunda indaba efanayo ngesikhathi semiyalelo esezingeni,
- Sebenzisa imisindo ukuhumusha ingqikithi nesimo samakhono okuqonda ukufunda amagama amasha

Umsebenzi wokuhlolola okuhleliwe kwesi- 2 :

Ukufunda (ngomlomo/ukwenza nokubhala):

Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela nothisha :

- Humusha ulwazi ngemibhalo yezithombe ngokukhangisa,izithombe, amagrafu, namashadi,

Ukufunda ngokuzimela/nangababili:

- Bafunda bonke buthule noma aphimise ngesikhathi sokufunda ngamaqembu nothisha njengokuthi iqembu lonke lifunda indaba efanayo ngesikhathi semiyalelo esezingeni,

Umsebenzi wokuhlolola okuhleliwe kwesi-3:

Ukufunda (ngomlomo/ukwenza/nokubhala):

Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela nothisha:

- Funda imibhalo ekhulisiwe njengezinkondlo, izincwadi ezinkulu zezindaba, amaphosta, imibhalo yomshini nekilasi lonke nothisha (ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela)
- Funda izinhlobo ezahlukene zezinkondlo ngesihloko nokuxoxa (ngezimo nenqondo namagama akhethiwe)

Ukufunda ngamaqembu:

- Bafunda bonke buthule noma baphimise ngencwadi ngesikhathi sokufunda ngamaqembu nothisha njengokuthi iqembu lonke lifunda indaba efanayo ngesikhathi semiyalelo esezingeni,
- Sebenzisa izindlela ezahlukene zokuzilungisa uma ufunda ; uphinde ufunde, uqhubeke ufunde ukuthatha uphumule,
- Funda ngokuthuthukisa izinga lokufunda ngokugeleza uphinde wehlise izwi, uphimise kahle amagama

ITHEMU YESI-3	
UKUBHALA	ISIKHATHI SOKUFUNDISA ESIPHAKANYISIWE Isikhathi esincane ngokwemukelekile: ihora nemizuzu engama-45 ngesonto Isikhathi esiningi ngokwemukelekile: amahora ama-2 ngesonto
OKUQUKETHWE/ULWAZI /AMAKHONO	
Ukubhala kahle ngesandla Izifundo ezheleliwe ezenziwa kathathu ngesonto imizuzu eyi -15 Abafundi sebezokwenza ushintsho lokubhala ngokuhlukanisa bese bexhumanisa noma ngokuhlanganisa ekupheleni kwalethemu. Izifundo zokubhala kahle ngesandla zizogxila ekulolongeni izinhlamvu ezhamba ngazinye, osonhlamvukazi nokubhala ngokuhlanganisa umbhalo omusha. Abafundi kufanele bakwazi ukuthathela okubhalwe ngokuhlukanisa (isib. encwadini)bakubhale ngokuxhumanisa noma ngokuhlanganisa. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Kopisha umbhalo ebhodini, ezincwadini zokufunda, kumakhadi emisebenzi, ngokufanele,bese unaka ukwakheka kwezinhlamvu nezikhala ngokuxhumanisa noma ngokuhlanganisa, Yandisa isivinini sokubhala. Ukubhala ngokuhlanganyela,nangamaqembu nangokuzimela : Izifundo zekilasi lonke/ amaqembu amancane zenziwa kathathu ngesonto imizuzu engama- 20.Banike uhlaka lokubhala ukulekelela abafundi ngemibhalo yabo njengezincwadi.Sebenzisa imisebenzi yokubhala ngokuhlanganyela ukhombise ukusetshenziswa kwezimpawu zokukhanyisa, ukusethenziswa kolimi nezingxenye zenkulumo.Sebenzisa imisebenzi yokufunda ngokuhlanganyela ukufundisa ukusetshenziswa kolimi, izinhlobo ezehlukene zemisho nezimpawu zokukhanyisa <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bhala umbhalo wakho ngezindlela ezahlukile njengo: ukubhala encwadini yakho, incwadi eya esihlobeni, ukuchaza Ukubhala kokuqala,ukubhala, ukuhlela okubhaliwe nokukwethula okubhaliwe okungenani izigaba ezimbili ezinesihloko(enemisho eyi -10 kuya phezulu), Bhala wenze nemifanekiso ngesihloko ukunikela ezincwadini zomtapo wekilasi, Finqa ubhale ulwazi usebenzisa ibalazwe lenqondo,amathebulu,izaziso,imidwebo noma amashadi Sebenzisa izinhlobo ezahlukene zemisho uma ubhala izitativende, imibuzo kanye nobuciko bokukhuza Sebenzisa izimpawu zenkulumo: osonhlamvukazi, ukhefana, uphawu lokubuza, isibabazo, Sebenzisa amabizo, izabizwana, isichasiso, isilandiso, izenzo namagama asho isikhundla sento ukuthi ikuphi ngendlela efanele, Hlanganisa imisho embili usebenzisa izihlanganiso ezinjengo."kanye " no "kodwa" Sebenzisa izinhlobo ezehlukene zokwenza okubhaliwe ukuzithokozisa, Sebenzisa umthetho wolwazi lwemisindo nesibizelo ukubhala amagama angajwayelekile, Fundela iklasi okubhalile, Zakhele inqolobane yamagama kanye nesichazamazwi sakho 	
UKUHLOLA	
Iziphakamiso zokuhlola imisebenzi okungahleliwe Ukubhala kahle ngasandla: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Kopisha umbhalo ebhodini, ezincwadini zokufunda, kumakhadi okubhalela, ngokufanele,bese unaka ukwakheka kwezinhlamvu nezikhala ngokuxhumanisa noma ngokuhlanganisa, Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe woku- 1 Ukubhala kahle ngesandla: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Kopisha umbhalo ebhodini, ezincwadini zokufunda, kumakhadi okubhalela, ngokufanele,bese unaka ukwakheka kwezinhlamvu nezikhala bexhumanisa noma behlanganisa, Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe kwesi- 2 Ukubhala kahle ngesandla <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Kopisha umbhalo ebhodini, ezincwadini zokufunda, kumakhadi emisebenzi, ngokufanele,bese unaka ukwakheka kwezinhlamvu nezikhala bexhumanisa noma ngokuhlanganisa, 	

UKUHLOLA

Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe kwesi- 3

Ukubhala kahle ngesandla:

- Yandisa isivinini sokubhala

Iziphakamiso zokuhlola imisebenzi okungahleliwe

Ukubhala :

- Fundela iklasi okubhalile,
- Zakhela inqolobane yamagama kanye nesichazamazwi sakho

Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe koku-1 :

Ukubhala :

- Bhala umbhalo wakho ngezindlela ezahlukile njengo: ukubhala encwadini yakho, incwadi eya esihlobeni, ukuchaza,
- Sebenzisa izinhlobo ezehlukene zokwenza okubhaliwe ukuzithokozisa
- Sebenzisa izimpawu zenkulomo: osonhlamvukazi, ukhefana, uphawu lokuba, isibabazo njil.

Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe kwesi- 2:

Ukubhala :

- Ukubhala kokuqala,ukubhala, ukuhlela okubhaliwe nokukwethula okubhaliwe okungenani izigaba ezimbili ezinesihloko(enemisho eyi -10 kuya phezulu),
- Sebenzisa umthetho wolwazi lwemisindo nesibizelo ukubhala amagama angajwayelekile,
- Sebenzisa izimpawu zenkulomo: osonhlamvukazi, ukhefana, uphawu lokuba, isibabazo nokhulumayo,

Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe kwesi-3:

Ukubhala:

- Finqa ubhale ulwazi usebenzisa ibalazwe lenqondo,amathebula,izaziso,imidwebo noma amashadi
- Sebenzisa amabizo, izabizwana, isichasiso, isilandiso, izenzo namagama asho isikhundla sento ukuthi ikuphi ngendlela efanele.
- Hlanganisa imisho emibili usebenzisa izihlanganiso ezinjen:"kanye" no "kodwa

ITHEMU YESI-4	
UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA	ISIKHATHI SOKUFUNDISA ESIPHAKANYISIWE Isikhathi esincane ngokwemukelekile: Imizuzu engama-45 ngesonto Isikhathi esiningi ngokwemukelekile: Ihora ngesonto
OKUQUKETHWE/ULWAZI /AMAKHONO:	
Imisebenzi yansukuzonke /yamasonto onke kuzozonke izingxenye zolimi nakwezinye izifundo <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sebenzisa amagama afana nalawa alandelayo: umenzi, umenziwa, umbuzo, ubuciko bokukhuza, amagama anomqondo ofanayo, amagama aphikisayo, umbabazi uma kuxoxwa ngombhalo, Qonda usebenzise ulimi olufanele ezifundweni ezechlukene. 	
Kabili ngesonto kugxilwa emisebenzini yokulalela nokukhuluma <p><i>Amasonto 1 - 5</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hlanganyela nabanye engxoxweni njengekhono lokuhalisana nabantu, wamukele futhi ubonise inhlonipho ngendlela okhuluma ngayo, Sebenzisa ukucabanga ngolimi ukuxoxa amahlaya, neziphicaphicwano ngokusebenzisa ukuphakama nokushona phansi kwezwi nokuphimisa ulandela izimpawu zokukhuluma, Lalela imininingwane yezindaba bese uphendula imibuzo evulekile isib.” Ucabanga ukuthi kufanele yini ukuggoka umfan-iswano.” Xoxa indaba usebenzise ulimi oluchazayo, izindlela ezahlukene zokudlulisa umlayezo nokusebenzisa ubuso. <p><i>Amasonto 6 - 10</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lalela indaba uthole imbangela nomphumela wezehlakalo ukuze uphendule imibuzo ‘ Kwakungenzakalani ukuba injayitholakalanga?’ Hlela wethule inkulomo ; xoxa ngezindaba zakho, uchaze into abayaziyo, ulandelanise izigameko njll. sebenzisa izinsiza kufundisa ezibonakalayo, Veza imizwa nokuzwela ngokubhaliwe usho nezizathu, isib. “lencwadi ayithandeki ngoba ayinazo izithombe namagama amade”, Xoxa ngezisombululo zenkinga usebenzise amazinga aphakeme okucabanga, Isib. “Uma ubaba wakho engaphumeleli ukukulanda ntambama unga.....”. 	
UKUHLOLA Iziphakamiso zokuhlola imisebenzi okungahleliwe ; Ukulalela nokukhuluma (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sebenzisa amagama afana nalawa alandelayo: umenzi, umenziwa, umbuzo, ubuciko bokukhuza, amagama anomqondo ofanayo, amagama aphikisayo, umbabazi uma kuxoxwa ngombhalo, Veza imizwa nokuzwela ngokubhaliwe usho nezizathu, isib. “lencwadi ayithandeki ngoba ayinazo izithombe namagama amade”, Xoxa ngezisombululo zenkinga usebenzise amazinga aphakeme okucabanga, Isib. “Uma ubaba wakho engaphumeleli ukukulanda ntambama unga.....”. <p>Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe koku-1:</p> <p>Ukulalela nokukhuluma (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Xoxa indaba usebenzise ulimi oluchazayo ,izindlela ezahlukene zokudlulisa umlayezo nokusebenzisa ubuso, Lalela imininingwane yezindaba bese uphendula imibuzo evulekile isib.” Ucabanga ukuthi kufanele yini ukuggoka umfan-iswano wesikole?” Sebenzisa ukucabanga ngolimi ukuxoxa amahlaya, neziphicaphicwano ngokusebenzisa ukuphakama nokushona phansi kwezwi nokuphimisa ulandela izimpawu zokukhuluma, Hlela wethule inkulomo ; uxoxe ngezindaba zakho, uchaze into abayaziyo, ukulandelanisa izigameko njll. sebenzisa izinsiza kufundisa ezibonakalayo, 	

ITHEMU 4

UKUFUNDA NEMISINDO	ISIKHATHI SOKUFUNDISA ESIPHAKANYISIWE Isikhathi esincane ngokwemukelekile: amahora ama-4 nemizuzu engama-30 ngesonto Isikhathi esiningi ngokwemukelekile: amahora ama-5 ngesonto
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OKUQUKETHWE/ULWAZI /AMAKHONO

Imisebenzi yemisindo imizuzu eyi -15 kathathu ngesonto

Qhubeka usebenzise imisindo efundisiwe bese uthula imisindo exubile. Hlanganisa uhlelo Iwesibizelo nomsindo wesonto

Qaphela :Akunakulandelana okumisiwe ukufundisa imisindo ngethemu

- Abafundi abaqale ngokubukeza amagama anemisindo abayifundle kumathemu adlulille.
- Kulethemu abafundi kulindeleke ukuthi bayifunde yonke lemisindo enamagama eqa onkamisa; mbh, mch, mkh, mph, mqh, msh, mth, mxh, mhl, njll isib. umubhalo→umbhalo, muchunu→umchunu, umuqhasho→umqhasho umudlwane→umdlwane njll,
- Abafundi bakwazi ukubona amagama akhiwe ngezinhlamu ezehlukene nalezo **ezeqa onkamisa**
- Abafundi bakha amagama besebenzisa amakhono emisindo efundiwe nonyaka
- Sebenzisa amagama aphimisa ngokufanayo ukwakha imisho ezokunika umqondo ohlukene isib. **Inyanga** ikhanya ebusuku **inyanga** UJuni **inyanga** yamakhaza.
- Bona usebenzise amagama amabili anomqondo ofanayo: **baleka nogijima, buka nobheka, khala nolila, njll.**
- Bona usebenzise iziqalo zamagama njengobunye nobuningi: ifa→**amafa, umuntu**→**abantu, inji**→**izinja njll.**
- Hlukanisa igama elinamalunga amaningi ngokwamalunga alo: **u-m-sha-nye-lo, i-si-phu-nju-ma-nga-tha** njll.
- Hlukanisa amagama ngezinhlamu nangemisindo: **u-m-sh-a-ny-e-l-o, u-m-dlw-e-mb-e**
- Pela amagama ngendlela efanele usebenzisa ulwazi lwemisindo ngokuhlolola okungahleliwe, isibizelo nakuyo yonke imisebenzi yokubhala
- Yakha imisho eyi-10-15 ngamagama anomisindo ofundiwe

Imisebenzi yansuku zonke:

Ukufunda ngamaqembu (amaqembu amabili ngesonto) ka-2-3 ngesonto kufundwa ngokuhlanganyela nothisha

Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela nothisha

Izifundo zekilasi lonke ka-2-3 ngesonto imizuzu eyi-15 usebenzisa umbhalo okungenani owodwa ngesonto. Hlanganisa izindaba ezingelona iqiniso eziliqiniso, izindaba emaphaphandaben, inkulumompendulwano, nemidwebo

- Funda imibhalo ekhulisiwe njengezindaba eziliqiniso nezingelona iqiniso, izincwadi ezinkulu, izihloko zamaphephandaba, inkulumo mpendulwano, imibhalo yomshini nekilasi lonke nothisha (ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela nothisha)
- Funda umbhalo obhaliwe ikilasi lonke nothisha (ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela) bese nioxo ngabalingiswa, "inkinga" endaben, isimo sendaba namagugu empilo endaben,
- Sebenzisa izinto ezibonakalayo ukufunda umdwebo osagrafu kanye nokuhumusha isimo nokuzithathela izinqumo isib. Lesisikhangisi sisho ukuthini? Kungani usho kanje?
- Phendula imibuzo eseizingeni eliphezulu emayelana nendaba oyifundile. isib. uma kungenzeka umninizitolo ashiye isitolo sakhe sivulekile bese ehamba eya ekhaya ngalobo busuku . Ingabe kwezakalani? uphendula imibuzo eseizingeni eliphakeme ngendaba ayifundile,
- Sebenzisa isichazamazwi ukuthola amagama amasha nencazelo yawo.

Ukufunda ngamaqembu

Uthisha usebenza ngamaqembu amabili ngosuku, echitha imizuzu eyi-15 eqembini ngalinye. Iqembu ngalinye lisebenza nothisha kibili ngesonto:

- Bafunda bonke buthule noma bephimisa incwadi ngesikhathi sokufunda ngamaqembu nothisha njengokuthi iqembu lonke lifunda indaba efanayo ngesikhathi semiyalelo eseizingeni,
- Funda ngokuzethemba nokugeleza, ukuthuthukisa isivinini sakho
- Sebenzisa imisindo ukuhumusha ingqikithe nesimo samakhono okuqonda ukufunda amagama amasha

- Sebenzisa izindlela ezahlukene zokuzilungisa uma ufunda uphinde ufunde, uqhubeke ufunde ukuthatha uphumule,
- Zilungise ngenkathi ufunda amagama abukwayo ngokuqonda
- Dlala imidlalo yamagama edonsela ekufundeni nasekwazini amagama namakhono,

Ukufunda ngabibili/ngokuzimela

Imisebenzi yokufunda ehlobene yansukuzonke ethatha imizuzu engama -20 ngesikhathi amanye amaqembu efunda ngokufunda ngamaqembu nothisha. Sebenzisa imibhalo abayaziyo noma leyo esezingeni lokufunda komfundi :

- Funda umbhalo wakho neyabanye,
- Fundela omunye umfundu kuzwakale,
- Funda ngokuzimela ezingeni eliphezulu ngokuzijabulisa noma uthole ulwazi emibhalweni enhlobonhlobo etholakalayo: amabhku noma izincwadi zamahlaya,izindaba ezingamaqiniso nezingewona amaquiniso zamasiko ahlekene,lezizincwadi zifundwa ngesikhathi sokufunda ngokuhlanganyela nothisha nezincwadi ezifundwe ngesikhathi sokufunda ngokuhlanganyela,

UKUHLOLA

Iziphakamiso zokuhlola imisebenzi okungahleliwe:

Imisindo (ngomlomo/ ukwenza/ nokubhala):

- Abafundi bakha amagama besebeenzisa amakhono emisindo efundiwe nonyaka,
- Hlukanisa igama elinamalunga amaningi ngokwamalunga alo: u-m-sha-nye-lo, i-si-phu-ngu-ma-nga-tha njll
- Abafundi bakha amagama besebeenzisa amakhono emisindo efundiwe nonyaka
- Yakha imisho eyi-10-15 ngamagama anomndo ofundiwe

Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe koku- 1:

Imisindo (ngomlomo/ nangokwenza):

- Abafundi bakha amagama besebeenzisa amakhono emisindo efundiwe nonyaka
- Pela amagama ngendlela efanele usebeenzisa ulwazi lwemisindo ngokuhlola okungahleliwe, isibizelo nakuyo yonke imisebenzi yokubhala
- Bona usebeenzise amagama amabili anomqondo ofanayo: **baleka- nogijima, buka -nobheka, khala- nolila,**

Iziphakamiso zokuhlola imisebenzi okungahleliwe:

Ukufunda (ngomlomo/ ukwenza/ nokubhala):

Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela nothisha:

- Funda imibhalo ekhulisiwe njengezindaba eziliqiniso nezingelona iqiniso, izincwadi ezinkulu, izihloko zamaphephanda, inkulomo mpendulwano, imibhalo yomshini nekilasi lonke nothisha (ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela nothisha)

Ukufunda ngamaqembu :

- Dlala imidlalo yamagama edonsela ekufundeni nasekwazini amagama namakhono

Ukufunda ngokuzimela/ngababili:

- Funda umbhalo wakho neyabanye,
- Fundela omunye umfundu kuzwakale,

Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe koku-1:

Ukufunda (ngomlomo/nangokwenza):

Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela nothisha

- Funda umbhalo obhaliwe ikilasi lonke nothisha (ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela) bese nioxwa ngabalingiswa, "inkinga" endaben'i isimo sendaba namagugu empilo endaben'i,
- Sebenzisa izinto ezibonakalayo ukufunda umdwebo osagrafu kanye nokuhumusha isimo nokuzithathela izinqumo isib. Lesisikhangisi sisho ukuthini? Kungani usho kanje?
- Phendula imibuzo esezingeni eliphezulu emayelana nendaba oyifundile.isib.uma kungenzeka umninisitolo ashiye isitolo sakhe sivulekile bese ehamba eya ekhaya ngalobo busuku .Ingabe kungenzakalani?

Ukufunda ngamaqembu:

- Bafunda bonke buthule noma bephimisa, ngesikhathi sokufunda ngamaqembu nothisha, njengokuthi iqembu lonke lifunda indaba efanayo ngesikhathi semiyalelo esezingeni,
- Funda ngokuzethemba ngokugeleza, ukuthuthukisa isivinini sakho
- Sebenzisa imisindo ukuhumusha ingqikithi nesimo samakhono okuqonda ukufunda amagama amasha
- Sebenzisa izindlela ezahlukene zokuzilungisa uma ufunda ; uphinde ufunde, uqhubeke ufunde ukuthatha uphumule,
- Zilungise ngenkathi ufunda, amagama abukwayo ngokuqonda.

Ukufunda ngababili nangokuzimela:

- Ukufunda ngokuzimela ezingeni eliphezulu ngokuzijabulisa noma uthole ulwazi emibhalweni enhlobonhlobo etholakalayo: amabhuku noma izincwadi zamahlaya,izindaba ezingamaqiniso nezingewona amaquiniso zamasiko ahlukene,lezizincwadi zifundwa ngesikhathi sokufunda ngokuhlanganyela nothisha nezincwadi ezifundwe ngesikhathi sokufunda ngokuhlanganyela,

ITHEMU YESI-4	
UKUBHALA	ISIKHATHI SOKUFUNDISA ESIPHAKANYISIWE Isikhathi esincane ngokwemukelekile: ihora nemizuzu engama-45 ngesonto Isikhathi esiningi ngokwemukelekile: amahora ama-2 ngesonto
OKUQUKETHWE/ULWAZI /AMAKHONO	
Ukubhala kahle ngesandla: Izifundo eziheleliwe ezenziwa kathathu ngesonto imizuzu eyi -15 Gxilisa imisebenzi yokuthuthukisa isivinini sokubhala nangesikhathi bebhala bagcina ubunono nokubhala kahle. Faka eminye imisebenzi edinga abafundi bashintshe ukubhala ngokuhluhanisa babhale ngokuxhumanisa noma babhale ngokuhlanganisa. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Kopisha umbhalo osebhodini, ezincwadini zokufunda, amakhadi okusebenzela, bheka ukwakhiwa kahle kwezinhlamvu nokushiya izikhala ezifanele, • Sebenzisa ukubhala ngokuxhumanisa nokuhlanganisa kuyoyonke imibhalo, • Linga ukusebenzisa ipeni, • Bhala kahle kubonakale, kuhlanzeke, nangokuzethemba ngesivinini ubhala ngokuxhumanisa noma ukubhala ngokuhlanganisa. Ukubhala ngokuhlanganyela,ngamaqembu nangokuzimela : Izifundo zekilasi lonke/ amaqembu amancane zenziwa kathathu ngesonto imizuzu engama- 20. Sebenzisa imisebenzi yokubhala ngokuhlanganyela ukhombise ukusethenziswa kwezimpawu zokukhanyisa, isibizelo nokusethenziswa kolimi (ukusethenziswa kwestihlanganiso izimeli nobumba) Banike uhlaka oluzobasiza ukubhala inkulomo mpendulwano nesiqephu sephephandaba. Baluleke ngesikhathi besebenzisa zonke izigaba zokubhala. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sebenzisa amaqhingga oklungiselela ukubhala ukuhlanguisa ulwazi nokuhlela ukubhala okushiwo untanga wakho,ukwakha ibalazwe lokucabanga,nohlaka oluhleliwe, • Bhala umbhalo omfushane okhethiwe owenzelwe izidingo ezechlukene njengokubala, izinkulomo mpendulwano • Bhala ulandelanise izigameko zempilo yakho ngezindlela ezahlukene njengesihloko sendatshana etholakala ephepheni, • Umbhalo wokuqala, ukubhala, ukubhekisisa okubhaliwe nokwethula lokho okubhaliwe okungenani izindatshana ezimbili (okungenani imisho eyi-12), • Sebenzisa izinhla ezingahleliwe uma ubhala njengokubhala okungenasimiso nohla lwezinto zokwenza okuthile • Landelanisa ulwazi bese ulubeka ngaphansi kwestihloko esithile • Sebenzisa izimpawu zokukhanyisa ngendlela efanele: osonhlamvukazi, unqi, ukhefana, umbuzo, isibabazo, okhulumayo. • Sebenzisa izihlanganiso ukwenza imisho exubile • Zakhele inqolobane yamagama kanye nesichazamazwi sakho • Sebenzisa isichazamazwi ukuthola amagama amasha nokubheka isibizelo • Xoxa ngemibhalo yakho neyabanye ukuthola umlayezo ezincwadini zabo, • Bhala ngempilo yakho ngezindlela ezahlukene, Isib. Isiqephu sephephandaba, • Zakhele eyakho incwadi unikele ngayo kumtapo wezincwadi • Sebenzisa ulwazi lwemisindo nemithetho yesibizelo ukubhala amagama alukhuni 	
UKUHLOLA	
Iziphakamiso zokuhlola imisebenzi okungahleliwe: Ukubhala kahle ngesandla: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Kopisha umbhalo osebhodini, ezincwadini zokufunda, amakhadi okusebenzela, bheka ukwakhiwa kahle kwezinhlamvu nokushiya izikhala ezifanele, • Linga ukusebenzisa ipeni Umsebenzi wokuhlola okuhleliwe koku-1: Ukubhala kahle ngesandla: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sebenzisa ukubhala ngokuxhumanisa nokuhlanganisa kuyoyonke imibhalo, • Bhala kahle kubonakale, kuhlanzeke, nangokuzethemba ngesivinini ubhala ngokuxhumanisa noma ngokuhlanganisa 	

Iziphakamiso zokuhlola imisebenzi okungahleliwe:

Ukubhala:

- Sebenzisa amaqhingga okulungiselela ukubhala ukuhlanganisa ulwazi nokuhlela ukubhala okushiwo untanga wakho, ukwakha ibalazwe lokucabanga, nohlaka oluhleliwe,
- Sebenzisa izihlanganiso ukwenza imisho exubile
- Xoxa ngombhalo wakho neyabanye ukuthola umlayezo ezincwadini zabo

Umsebenzi yokuhlola okuhleliwe:

Ukubhala:

- Bhala umbhalo omfushane okhethiwe owenzelwe izidingo ezehlukene njengokubala, izinkulumo mpendulwano
- Bhala ulandelanisa izigameko zempilo yakho ngezindlela ezahlukene njengesihloko sendatshana etholakala ephepheni,
- Umbhalo wokuqala, ukubhala, ukubhekisisa okubhaliwe nokwethula lokho okubhaliwe okungenani izindatshana ezimbili (okungenani imisho eyi-12)
- Sebenzisa izinhla ezingahleliwe uma ubhala njengombhalo ongenasimiso nohla lwezinto zokwenza okuthile
- Landelanisa ulwazi bese ulubeka ngaphansi kwesihloko esithile
- Sebenzisa izimpawu zokukhanyisa ngendlela efanele: osonhlamvukazi, unqqi, ukhefana, umbuzo, isibabazo, okhulumayo.
- Sebenzisa ulwazi lwemisindo nemithetho yesibizelo ukubhala amagama alukhuni

IZINSIZA KUFUNDA ZONYAKA EZIPHAKANYISWAYO**UKULALELA NOKUKHULUMA**

- Izithombe namaphosta
- Izinto ezihambisana nendikimba nesihloko, iphaphethi, imaski njll.
- Izingxene zamabhodi ezindaba
- Izithombe ezilandelanayo
- Izingubo zokugqoka zokulingisa okuthile neminye imisebenzi yokukhuluma
- Ama-C-D noma amatheyiphu anezindaba, izinkondlo, imilolozelo namaculo. Umshini wokudlala noma wokuthathela, um-abonakude namavidiyo theyiphu

UKUFUNDA NEMISINDO

- Izithombe namaphosta
- Amashadi emisindo asobondeni
- Izincwadi ezisezingeni elifanele nezinhlobo ezehlukene zezincwadi (imidlalo,eziliqiniso, izinkondlo)
- Izincwadi ezinkulu- ezenziwe zizosetshenziswa ngesikhathi sokubhala ngokuhlanganyela
- Imibhalo ekhulisiwe njengezinkondlo,amaculo,imilolozelo,izindaba njll
- Izincwadi zezindaba nezithombe zomtapo wezincwadi
- Izincwadi “zokudlala”ezincane enemisho 1-2 ekhasini eliodwa
- Izincwadi “eziyiqiniso” ezisebangeni elifanele ngezihloko ezehlukene
- Amakhadi amalebula ezinto ezitholakala ekilasini neziveza amagama asetshenziswa njalo
- Inkomba esetshenziswa uthisha/abafundi ukukhombisa isifundo sokuhlanganyela, izindaba zasodongeni,
- Amaphazili amagama nezithombe nemidlalo
- Amaphephandaba namaphephabhu
- Amashadi atshengisa amabalazwe nemidwebo

UKUBHALA KAHLE NGESANDLA

- Izinto zokubhala isib. Amapeni ,amapeni emibala, amakhilayoni, amaphepha angenamigqa (A3, A4, A5) irabha,irula elide, incwadi yokubhalela
- Amakhadi amancanyana okubhala imisho
- Amafliphi -shadi,namakoki- peni amakhulu
- Inqolobane yamagama azakhele yona
- Isichazamazwi esisezingeni elifanele

