We, the people of South Africa,

Recognise the injustices of our past;

Respect those who have worked to build and develop our country; Honour those who suffered for justice and freedom in our land;

Believe that South Africa belongs to all who live in it, united in our diversity.

We therefore, through our freely elected representatives, adopt this Constitution as the supreme law of the Republic so as to:

Heal the divisions of the past and establish a society based on democratic values, social justice and fundamental human rights;

Lay the foundations for a democratic and open society in which government is based on the will of the people and every citizen is equally protected by law:

Improve the quality of life of all citizens and free the potential of each person; and

Build a united and democratic South Africa able to take its rightful place as a sovereign state in the family of nations.

May God protect our people.

Nkosi Sikelel' iAfrika.

Morena boloka setjhaba sa heso.
God seën Suid-Afrika.
God bless South Africa.

Mudzimu fhatutshedza Afurika.

Hosi katekisa Afrika



ENGLISH HOME LANGUAGE
GRADE 3 - BOOK 1
TERMS 1 & 2
ISBN 978-1-920458-27-0
THIS BOOK MAY NOT BE SOLD.

13th Edition

ISBN 978-1-920458-27-0





Revised and CAPS aligned Grade Name: Class:



ENGLISH HOME LANGUAGE

Grade 3

Book I

basic education

Department:
Basic Education
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

Book 1 Terms 1 4 2

Gr3 ENG HL B1_Cover.indd 1

2022/06/24 10:18:



Mrs Angie Motshekga, Minister of Basic Education



Dr Reginah Mhaule, Deputy Minister of Basic Education

These workbooks have been developed for the children of South Africa under the leadership of the Minister of Basic Education, Mrs Angie Motshekga, and the Deputy Minister of Basic Education, Dr Reginah Mhaule.

The Rainbow Workbooks form part of the Department of Basic Education's range of interventions aimed at improving the performance of South African learners in the first six grades. As one of the priorities of the Government's Plan of Action, this project has been made possible by the generous funding of the National Treasury. This has enabled the Department to make these workbooks, in all the official languages, available at no cost.

We hope that teachers will find these workbooks useful in their everyday teaching and in ensuring that their learners cover the curriculum. We have taken care to guide the teacher through each of the activities by the inclusion of icons that indicate what it is that the learner should do.

We sincerely hope that children will enjoy working through the book as they grow and learn, and that you, the teacher, will share their pleasure.

We wish you and your learners every success in using these workbooks.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE YOUTH OF HAFRICA

Equity

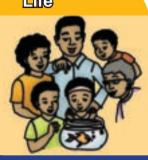
Treat every person equally and fairly. Do not discriminate.



Human dignity

All life is precious. Treat all life with

respect.



Family



school. learn and work hard. Adhere to the school's rules.

Respect

Be kind

caring.

everyone.

Education



Work

Help your family with work in your home. Children must not be forced to get a job.



Freedom and security



or intimidate of others. others, and do not Do not damage let others do so. property and Solve disagreements do not steal. in a peaceful way.

Property

Do not hurt, bully Respect the property

Religion, belief and

opinion Respect the beliefs and opinion of others.



Safety



Look after the earth. Do not waste water and electricity. Look after animal and plant life. Keep your home and community clean and safe.

Citizenship



Be a good and loyal South African citizen. Obey the laws, and ensure others do as well.

Freedom of expression

Do not spread lies and hatred. Ensure others are not insulted or have their feelings hurt.



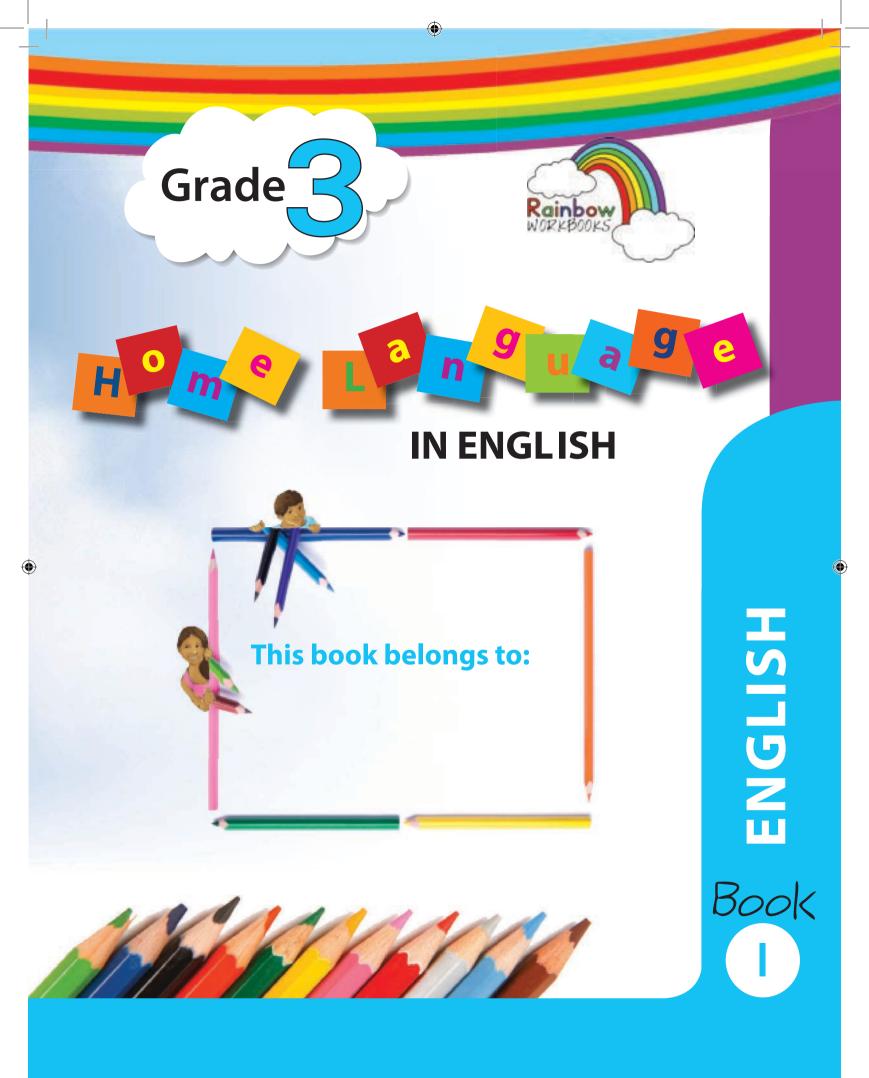
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TEACHERS' GUIDELINES

Use this Workbook together with your other resources, while continuously developing the following basic concepts of printed media in learners:

- → **Book handling:** The correct way in which to hold and page through a book.
- → Book concept: The front page, back page, title and table of contents.
- → **Directionality:** Reading from front to back, from left to right and from top to bottom.

TEACHING TIPS

Listening and speaking

Consult your Curriculum and Assessment Policy Statement (English Home Language), p. 10. Learners should be exposed weekly to stories, short rhymes, poems and songs.

Picture discussions

- 1. Guide the learners in:
 - → identifying and discussing objects in the pictures (size, shape, colour and quantity)
 - → interpreting the pictures by asking questions: who, what, where, when, why, what happened before, what happened later?
 - composing a class story (the length being determined by learners' levels of development)
- 2. Allow each learner to tell the class story to a friend
- 3. Model the writing of the class story (CAPS Home Language, p. 12, shared writing). Bring the use of capital letters, word spacing and punctuation to the attention of learners throughout.
- 4. Allow the learners to join you in reading the class story.
- Ask learners to underline or circle the sounds or language structures of the week in the class story.

Reading

Consult your Curriculum and Assessment Policy Statement (English Home Language), p. 12 - 18, regarding the five main components of teaching reading.

Writing

Consult your Curriculum and Assessment Policy Statement (English Home Language), p. 18 – 19, concerning handwriting and the writing process. By the end of the term, learners make the transition from print script to joined script or cursive writing. Handwriting lessons should focus on practising small and capital letters and the links needed for the new handwriting. Learners should be able to copy printed text (e.g. text from a book) in joined script or cursive writing.

Keep the following in mind:

- → Learners' learning preferences differ. It is important that learners should be stimulated visually, auditively and kinesthetically (experientially) for them to learn effectively.
- → Learners should experience learning, therefore activities should be **practised** before being completed in writing, e.g.:

Sentence construction: Give learners the opportunity to build words using letter cards.

Comprehension: Learners should complete the answers orally in their groups before

completing them in writing. The group leader poses the questions while the group members find the answers and answer the questions.

Selecting words to complete sentences:

Provide the groups with incomplete writing strips and word cards. Learners complete the sentences by placing the word cards correctly.

Matching words to pictures: Enlarge the page to A3. In their groups, learners place markers on the correct answers.

Matching two parts of a sentence: In their groups, learners match parts of sentences.

Writing own newspaper article: Have learners write a class article followed by a group article before writing their own articles.

Dictionaries: Use dictionaries daily. Learners' capabilities determine the degree of difficulty of activities.

Note: During group activities, provide the group leader with a set of answers to enable him/her to guide group members correctly.

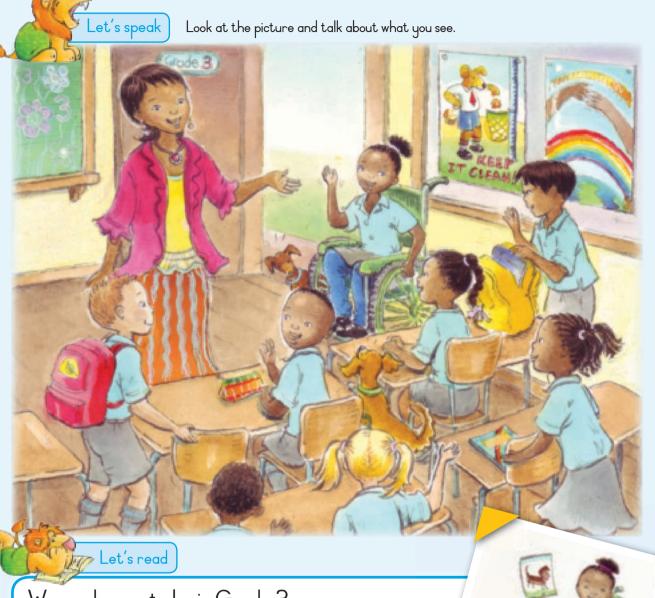




correct order of the story; Write a

sentence for each picture
Write a story book using the cut-out
template. The story must have a
beginning, a middle and an end

I am back at school



We are happy to be in Grade 3.

 $\ensuremath{^{^{\circ}}} I$ am happy because I am going to be your teacher," said Mrs Sibisi.

"I know that you will work hard in Grade 3," she said.

"There are two new children. Piet and Lebo," she said.

Lebo is in a wheelchair.

We must all help her to get around the school.

The classroom is neat and clean.

There is a poster on the wall to remind us to keep the school clean.





Word work

Read the words and listen to the sounds.

Then use 5 words to write sentences of your own in your exercise book.

school	neat	wheel	<mark>ch</mark> ildren	going
fool	clean	sleep	chair	coming
cool	mean	steep	teacher	singing



Answer these questions. The first word of the answer must start with a capital letter. Remember to end with a full stop.

What grade are the children in now?

They are

Who comes to school in a wheelchair?

Why is there a big poster on the wall?

To remind them

Who are the two new children?

They are

and

2

About my school





_et's write

Write 2 sentences about yourself, what you like and who your friends are.



Sight words

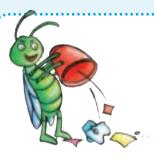
after

around

children

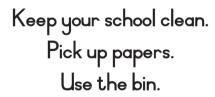


Look at the poster about keeping the school clean.
Tell your friend what the poster says we should do.
You can add more sentences to the poster about not littering.
Use fancy handwriting.





Don't be a litter bug. Be a tidy bug.



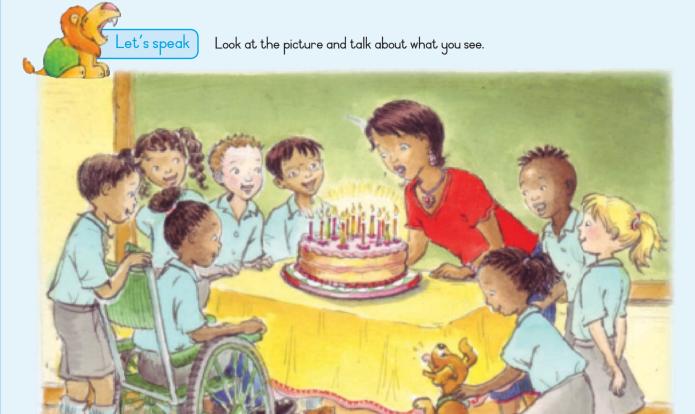








Teacher has a birthday





Today was our teacher's birthday. She had so many candles on her cake.

After Mrs Sibisi blew out the candles, we sang happy birthday and we all had some cake.

We gave her a picture of a duck on a rock.

Then we all wrote our names on the birthday calendar.

Ann's birthday is in March. Bongi's birthday is in June.

Lebo's is in May.



Answer these questions. The first word of the answer must start with a capital letter. Remember to end with a full stop.

Who had a birthday today?

Who will be having a birthday party in Autumn?

Would Bongi be able to have a swimming party on her birthday? Why?

Word work

Read the words and listen to the sounds.

Then use 5 words to write sentences of your own in your exercise book.

s day	stay	duck	sang	cake	June
may	pay	rock	sing	make	tune
birthday	bay	rack	song	bake	tube

Let's write

Write these nouns onto the correct cards.

shoe

pen

Lebo

Jabu

Polokwane

Ann

Cape Town

Durban

desk

PERSON

PLACE

THING

TEACHER: Sign

Date

My secret birthday wish



Dear diary

When I turn eight next month, I would like a very special birthday present. I do not want toys. I want a special day. I would like my dad to take me to see a soccer game.



Date:			
Let's write Now write	your own birthday wish.		
Dear diary Do	ate	Sigh	nt words
			ight rould wish
which they have the	-		
BINIH	DAY CALE		3
January	February	March	
April	May	June	
July 	August	September	
October	November	December	Teacher: Sign: Date:
3			
	TEACHER: Sign	Date	9

(

Sports day



Look at the picture and talk about what you see.



Let's read

"We all have to help for Sports Day," the teacher told us.

Lebo said, "I will make the poster to tell people about Sports Day."

"I can make popcorn to sell," said Bongi.

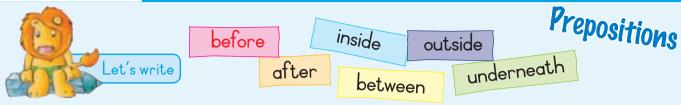
"I will help Jabu to pack the popcorn into packets," Ann said.

"I can make up the songs that we must sing," said Jabu.

"I will stand at the winning line to see who wins," said Sam.

"And I will stand at the gate to show the mothers and fathers where they must go," said Pieter.





Break up these words into their sounds.

Nov	Now write them in alphabetical order.				
I		4			
2		5			
3		6			

Word work

Read the words and listen to the sounds.

Then use 5 words to write sentences of your own in your exercise book.

about	shout	wish	pack	line	where
out	show	dish	rack	mine	what
our	sheep	wash	rock	time	why



Look at the list of jobs that must be done.
Fill in who will do each job. Say whether the job
must be done before Sports Day or on Sports Day.

SPORTS DAY

		•
What is the job?	Who will do it?	Must it be done before Sports Day or on Sports Day?
Make the poster.	Lebo	Before
Make popcorn to sell.		
See who wins the races.		
Make up the songs.		

TEACHER: Sign

Date

6

Fun day at school



Ask three friends what their favourite sport is.

Fill in their name and write down their favourite sport below it.

Name	Thandi 🔏		
Favourite	Netball		



Let's write

Number each group of words to show the right alphabetical order.



hat
hit
hot

rest
rug
red



Let's write

Do these word sums.

wheel

+ chair

wheelchair

wheel

barrow

net

ball =

play

ground

=



Date: Sight words before Let's write Write three sentences about your favourite sport. could where Help Lebo to make a poster about Sports Day. Fill in the name of your school. Draw pictures on the poster to show what will happen on Sports Day. Add any other information that is missing. When you are finished show your poster to your friend. School Have fun at school on Saturday 5 March Starts at 10:00 Date

TEACHER: Sign

13

Date

Sports day is washed away



Look at the picture and talk about what you see.



Everyone was having a good time at the

school sports. It was a warm, sunny, summer day.

Our mothers and fathers were

singing. We were running and winning.

Everyone was having a wonderful time.

And then it started to rain.

The thunder was very loud.

It rained so much we were all cold and wet in our shorts. The wind blew and our posters were torn. We ran into the classrooms and waited.

When the rain stopped we all went home.



Date:



Let's write

Draw a line to show which is the long form of these words.

it's

ľm

we're

can't

cannot

it is

I am

we are



Word work

Read the words and listen to the sounds.

Then use 5 words to write sentences of your own in your exercise book.

having	singing	running	rain	shorts
dancing	eating	winning	wait	sports
racing	jumping	planning	ag <mark>ai</mark> n	torn



Let's write

Answer these questions. The first word of the answer must start with a capital letter. Remember to end with a full stop.

What stopped the Sports Day?

Where did everyone run to?

Do you think they listened to the weather report? Why?

Write a good heading for this story.

After sports day





Let's write

Reported speech

Write what they are saying, using the correct speech marks.



It's starting to rain.

Ann said, " It 's starting to rain."



Jabu said, "

Bongi said, "____

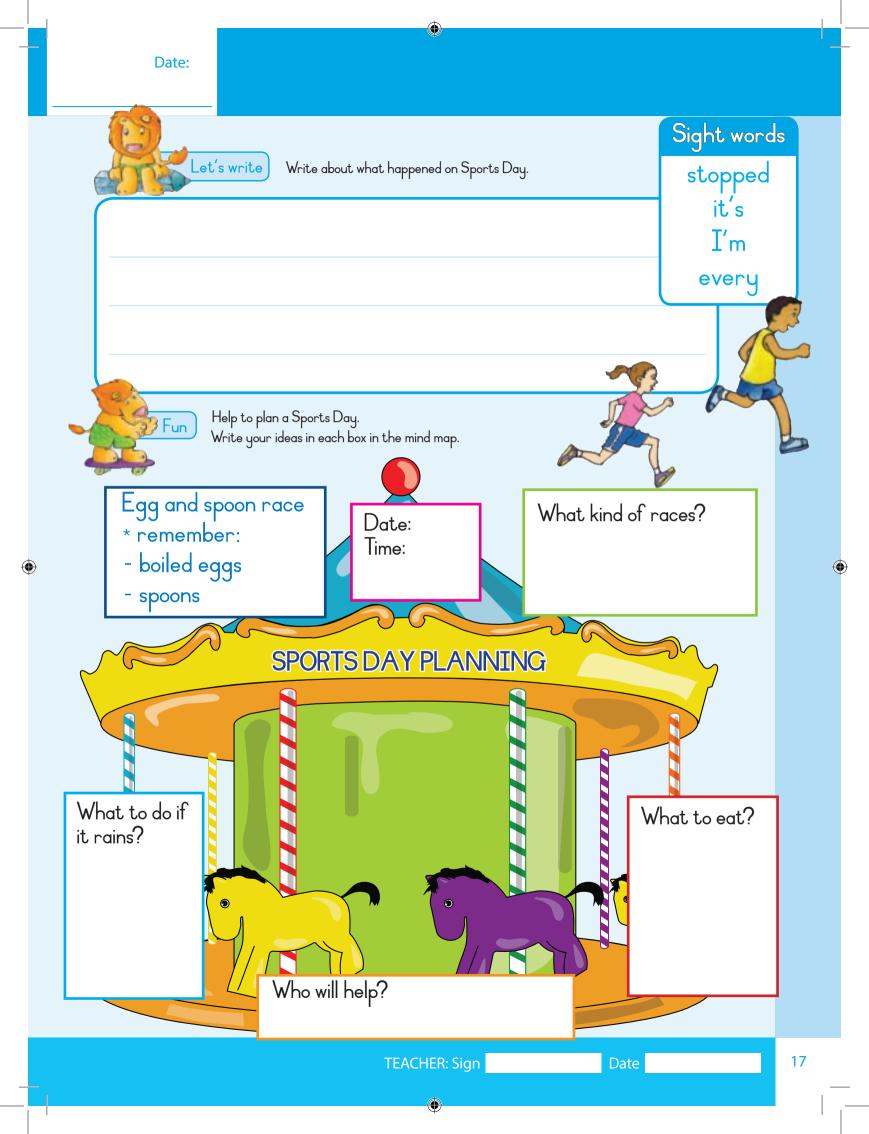
I am scared of thunder and lightning.





Go into the classroom until the rain stops.

Teacher said, "

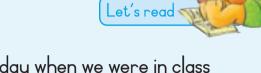


The school shed is on fire



Look at the picture and talk about what you see.

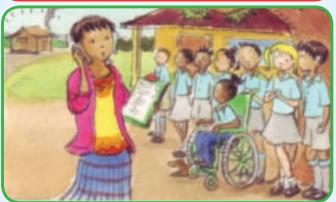




Today when we were in class we smelled smoke.

Ben the dog started to sniff.

What was that smell?



We had to stand together in a line under the trees.

Then we saw the shed burning. We felt afraid. Teacher phoned 10177.



Six firemen came to put the fire out. They had big belts and choppers and they wore masks.



They came in a bright red fire engine. They used a thick hose and put the fire out. Our shed was saved.



Let's write

Circle the words that refer to more than one person.

Pronouns

I we

me they

he them

our

us

she you

him her

their

his mine

your

Choose and then circle the correct word.

Let's write

She is are running.

Bongi

is are the winner.

They is are at school.

The children

is are at sports.

He is are reading.

Sam

<mark>is are playing.</mark>

Word work

Read the words and listen to the sounds.

Then use 5 words to write sentences of your own in your exercise book.

belt	bright	that	they	who
me <mark>lt</mark>	right	there	this	why
felt felt	fright	then	the	where

Let's write

Answer these questions. The first word of the answer must start with a capital letter. Remember to end with a full stop.

What was burning?

How many firemen came to put the fire out?

Why did the teacher say the children must stand in a line under the tree?



What is the phone number for the fire brigade?

TEACHER: Sign

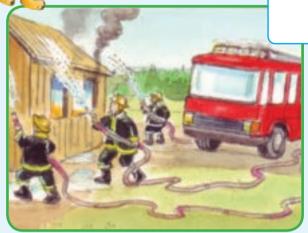
Date

19



Let's do

Number these pictures to show the right order.







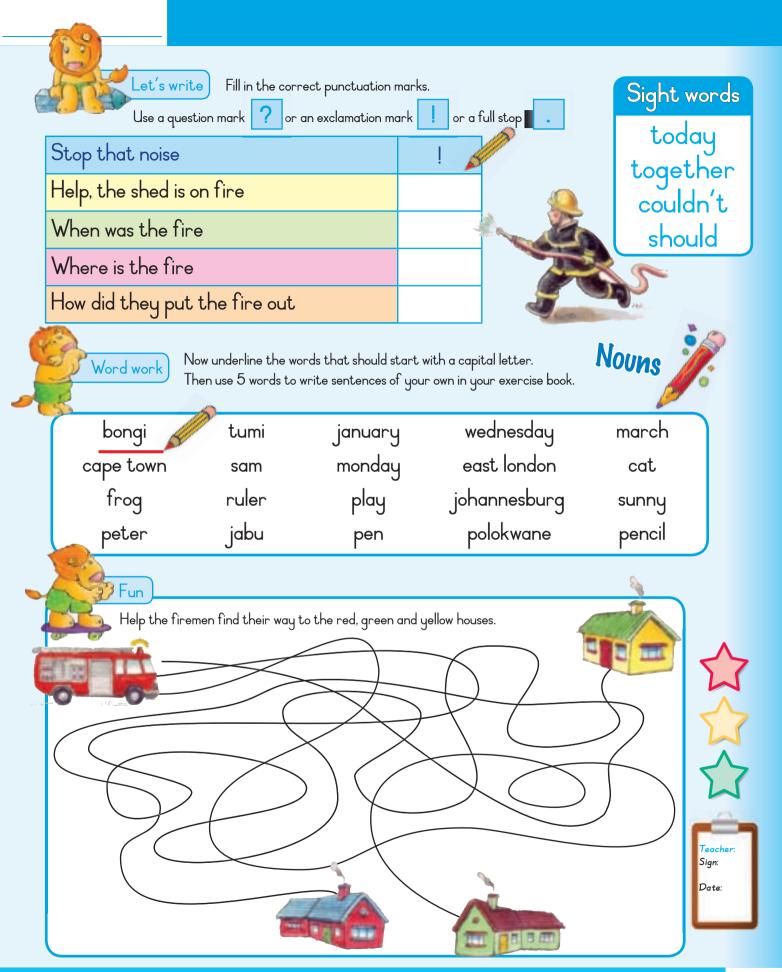


Let's write

Write I sentence about each picture.



Date:



TEACHER: Sign

Date

Library day



Look at the picture and talk about what you see.



Today we rushed to the library after school.

We pushed Lebo in her wheelchair. It was quite heavy to push.

There were so many books in the library.

I liked a book about a horse.

It was a special horse that could fly.

Bongi took a book about baking a cake. She likes baking.

Rob said he was too short to reach the top shelf.

Ben had to sit outside the library.

He was not allowed into the library.

Poor Ben. No dogs allowed.





Match the words on the left with the words on the right to make a sentence.



He did not go to school because

I wore a jersey because

I took an umbrella because

I played outside because

it was a sunny day.

it looked like rain.

he was sick.

it was cold.



Word work

Read the words and listen to the sounds.

Then use 5 words to write sentences of your own in your exercise book.

push	wish	she	shook	what
dish	wash	shelf	shake	whose
rush	fish	short	shock	why



_et's write

Answer these questions. Remember to end with a full stop.



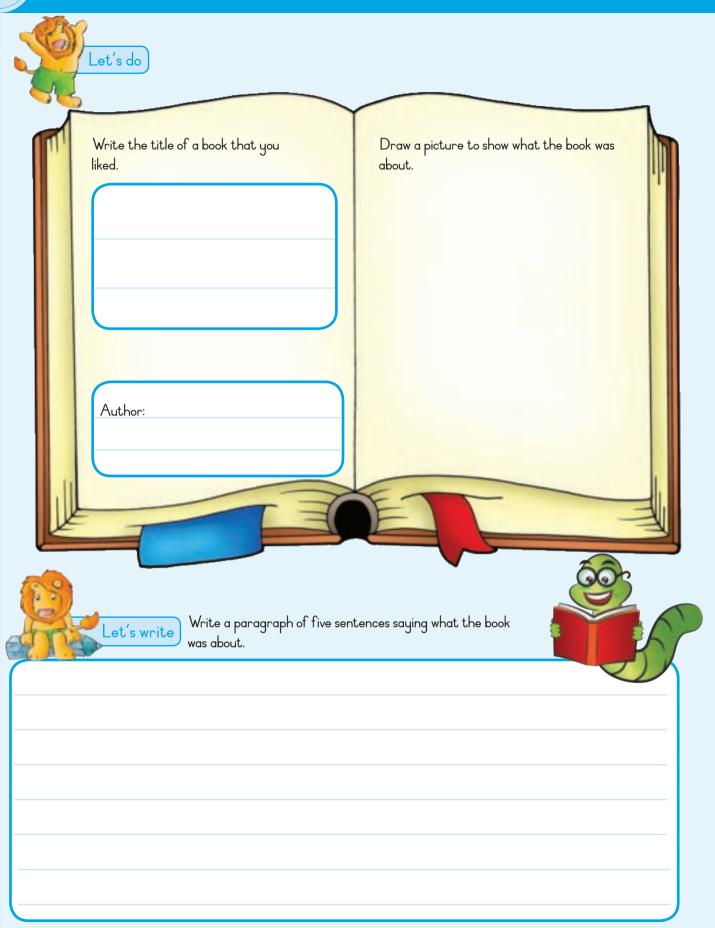
Why did Ann struggle to push the wheelchair?

Why couldn't Rob reach the top shelf?

Why did Bongi take a recipe book?

Why did Ben have to sit outside?

Reading books



Date:



et's write

Match each word in the yellow box with a word in the blue box $\ensuremath{\mathsf{W}}$ that rhymes with it.



fly	make
cake	cry
June	dish
fish	tune



Sight words when yourself now today



Draw signs for each of the following and then explain your sign to your friend.



No dogs allowed.

No vuvuzelas allowed.



No cell phones allowed.



No goats allowed.



TEACHER: Sign

Date

13

Things we like



Bongi shows us how to make popcorn.



The popcorn maker

What you need

2 tablespoons of oil Half a cup of popcorn Salt

What you must do

Pour the oil into the pot.
Put the popcorn into the pot.

Put the lid on the pot.

Put the pot on a hot stove. Be careful that you do not burn yourself.

Listen to the popcorn popping.

When it stops popping, open the pot.

Switch off the stove.

Put the popcorn in a dish and sprinkle with salt. Shake the dish.

Eat and enjoy.





Let's write

Find and circle the correct answer.





How much oil do yo	ou need?
--------------------	----------

- One tablespoon
- В Two tablespoons
- Three tablespoons

Wha	ıt else	do	you	need?

- Popcorn
- Popcorn and salt
- Banana

Why must you be careful when you make popcorn?

How will you know when the popcorn is ready?

Word work

Read the words and listen to the sounds.

Then use 5 words to write sentences of your own in your exercise book.

oil	dish	shake	eat	heat
boil	fish	shy	meat	stream
soil	wish	should	lean	mean



How does it taste?

Find and circle the correct answer.



- sweet
- sour
- bitter
- salty



- sweet
- sour
- bitter
- salty



- sweet
- sour
- bitter
- salty



- sweet
- sour
- bitter
- salty

TEACHER: Sign

Ferm 1 – Week 3–4

Who likes what?



What is your	favourite day of the week?	favourite sport or game?	favourite book?
Name			
Friend's name			
Friend's name			



Draw a line that joins the sentence in the blue box to a sentence in the yellow box.



- It looked like it was going to rain.
- It looked like it was going to be cold.
- I was going to play soccer.
- The bus was on fire.
- The cat was in the tree and could not get down.
- I wanted to make a sandwich.
- It was my friend's birthday.
- The goat came through the broken fence.

- I phoned the fire brigade.
- I took my jersey to school.
- I fetched the ladder.
- I sliced the bread.
- I took my umbrella to school.
- I made a birthday card.
- I fixed the fence.
- I took my soccer boots to school.

Date:				
Let's wri	Fill in your favourite thin Now ask two friends abo		ngs.	
favourite food?	favourite radio or TV programme?	favourite per	eson?	Sight words going
				down Saturday Sunday
				Sunday
		٧	/rite your own recipe.	Fun
Recipe for				
What I need				
What I must do				
				- ©C2
		•••••		
	TEA	CHER: Sign	Date	29

A strange visitor at our school

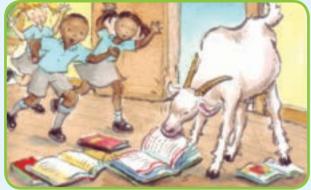


Look at the pictures and talk about what you see.











BEGINNING OF THE STORY

We were busy working in class today. While we were reading and writing in our books Bongi said her lunch was stolen, but we did not see anyone come into the classroom.

MIDDLE OF THE STORY

Then Sam said his book was torn although we never saw anyone touch his book.

Later we saw that teacher's bunch of flowers was gone and we wondered what happened to it.

Then we saw who did it.

A big goat came into the school, because the fence was broken. He was hungry and so he started eating everything he found.

END OF THE STORY

Luckily Ben, the dog, chased him away. He ran after him on the road.

Afterwards we all helped to fix the school fence.



Role play the story about the goat coming to school.



Word work

Read the words and listen to the sounds.

Then use 5 words to write sentences of your own in your exercise book.

road	goat	brunch	such	class
toad	coat	lunch	much	glass
oats	coa	munch	crunch	pass



Answer these questions. The first word of the answer must start with a capital letter. Remember to end with a full stop.

Name three things the goat ate.

2.

3.

How did he get into the school?

Who chased the goat away?

Think of a good title for this story and write it here.



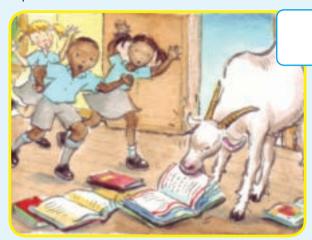
The school goat



Let's write

Number these pictures in the right order. Write a sentence for each picture.









Fun

Write your own story on a piece of paper. It must have a beginning, a middle and an end.

Ask your friend to help you correct it. Now you are going to make your own book. Cut out the next page.

Fold the page to make a book. Write the title of the book on the cover. Put your name under the title,

because you are the story writer. Draw a picture on the cover. Now write your story into the book.



Draw picture here.	Draw picture here.
Start writing your story here and continue on page 3.	Finish your story.
2	7
	9
Continue with your story here.	Write what happens at the end of your story.
Draw picture here.	Draw picture here.

•

•



Phonics: wh, -ed, -ing 18) My cousin 38

n

S

Comprehension on the content

Speaking: Talk about the different games you play; Could any games be dangerous? Inferences

Writing: Write a letter; Say what you are doing at school and give some news

Draw your family tree; Fill in the names of your family members (proper nouns)

19) A family visit 40

Speaking: Talk about the picture and predict what will happen in the storv

Reading & comprehension: (Narrative)

Phonics: ight, ck, ay

20 On my way to visit my cousin

Writing: Make a get well card for someone you know who is sick Language: Changing sentences from present to future tense starting

Writing: Write down what makes you feel happy, sad, angry and afraid Speaking: Trace the maze to find your way then give oral directions to your partner to get to Dumi's

21) We get there at last 44

Reading & comprehension: (Narrative)

Writing: find the words in the story and fill them into the correct phonic column: ee, ea, oo

Phonics: ou, II, ar, ea

with Tomorrow house

past tense starting with Yesterday Play a word game using phonics learned to date

The lost teddy bear 23

Reading & comprehension: Read the story and answer the questions Phonics: Circle the words that end in -y and -ing

Phonics: ft, -y, -ing

(24) Finding things

Writing: Sequence pictures to tell a

Write a sentence for each picture Writing: Matching present and past tense verbs

Fun: Spot the difference (descriptions)

25 Tumi gets lost

Reading and comprehension: (Narrative)

Phonics: ay, ee, ea

Language: Verbs and tenses, yesterday, today or tomorrow

26 Child safety

Writing: Write a story about a time you were lost

Language: Concord

Writing: Number the sentences to show the sequence of the story Speaking: Trace the maze to find your way then give oral directions to your partner

Our grandfather's birthday 56 picnic

Reading & comprehension: Read the invitation to a Birthday celebration.

Phonics: br, dr, gr, pl, cl

Writing: Form questions starting with wh words and end with a question mark

verbs

Language: Matching past and present tense verbs

Language: Write sentences in the past tense, starting with Yesterday Language: Alphabetical order Writing: Write a birthday invitation

60

62

29) A healthy family

48

50

52

54

Reading & comprehension: Read Jabu's diary

Phonics: ee, ea, ay, ai, a-e Phonics: Sort words into the correct sound boxes

(30) Keeping time

Fill in the time of various activities mentioned in Jabu's diary

Writing: Write sentences in the past tense about what you did yesterday; Start with "yesterday"

Writing: Complete a diary on what you will do next week

Reading: read what your friend wrote and see if you will do the same thing

Play snakes and ladders; Cut out the game from the back of the book

31) My grandmother's story

Reading & comprehension: Read the story about grandmother's clay pot Phonics: th, -ed, ai, ay

32) A family story 66

Speaking: Role play the story of the

Writing: Number the sentences in the correct sequence of the events in the story

Writing: Plan to write a story by using the mind map

Writing: Write a story book using the cut-out template; The story must have a beginning, a middle and an end







Term 1 – Week 5–6

My favourite cousin



Look at the picture and talk about what you see.





I Section BB Fruit Tree Road Riverland 5 March 2015

Dear Bongi

How are you, my cousin? I keep thinking about when you visited us last school holidays. I remember how we played in the river looking for baby frogs. Can you remember the day we went up the tree and we picked apricots? I was so afraid that I would fall, but in the end it was fun. I also liked the way you did my hair.

Now we are back at school. We are practising for a school concert. It would be so nice if you could come. I am doing a traditional dance and my brother is playing the drum. I wish that you could come and visit us again soon.

Your cousin, Dumi





Read the story and then answer each question.
The first word of the answer must start with a capital letter.
Remember to end with a full stop.



Who wrote the letter?

Who is the letter to?

Sight words looked

called asked

On what date did she write the letter?

What was the letter about? Write down two things.

1.

2.

What will Dumi do in the school concert?

Word work

Read the words and listen to the sounds. Then use 5 words to write sentences of your own in your exercise book.

where	what
when	who
why	wheel



visit	visited
like	liked
pick	picked

looking	dancing
playing	drumming
doing	practising

TEACHER: Sign

Date

My cousin



Talk to your friend about some of the things you do when you play with other children. Do you play any games that can be dangerous? Talk about the news you have about your family and school.

Write a letter to your cousin. Say what you are doing at school and give some news about your family.





Date:

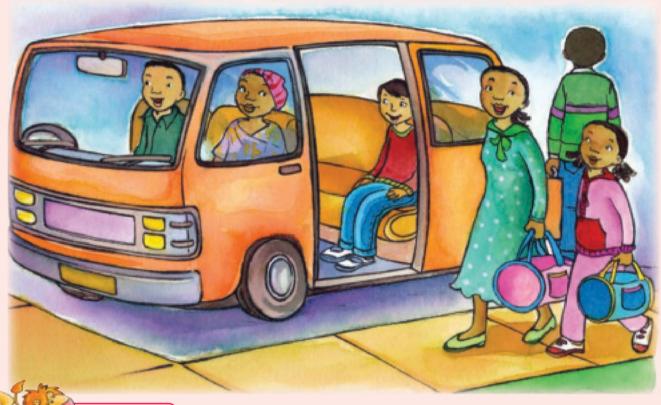


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A family visit



Look at the picture and talk about what you see.



Let's read

Dumi's mother is sick, so Bongi and her mother will visit her. They will go by taxi. Bongi is excited because she is going to visit her cousin, Dumi.

They pack their clothes. Bongi gets a present for Dumi and she makes a get well card for Dumi's mother.

They will stay there for two days.

They will go by taxi. They will drive at night when the moon is bright.

The taxi has good lights.

Tomorrow Dumi and Bongi will play with the other children in the river and pick fruit to eat.





Answer each question. The first word of the answer must start with a capital letter. Remember to end with a full stop.



Where is Bongi going?

Who is Bongi going with?

Sight words river going jumped

Why are they going to visit Dumi?

What will Bongi do at Dumi's house?

How will they travel?

When will they travel?



Word work

Read the words and listen to the sounds.

Then use 5 words to write sentences of your own in your exercise book.



night	fright	sick	sack	stay	may
bright	right	kick	back	play	say
light	might	pick	pack	day	ray

TEACHER: Sign

Date

On my way to visit my cousin



Make a get well card for someone you know who is sick.
Write the person's name on the front of the card. Write it above the picture.
Then write a special get well message inside.



Rewrite each of these sentences, starting with Tomorrow.

I eat my food.

Tomorrow I will eat my food.

We drove to Dumi's house.

Tomorrow we will

I play with Dumi.

Tomorrow I

We go in the taxi.

Tomorrow we



Let's write

Write a sentence saying what makes you feel happy, sad, angry and afraid.



What makes you feel happy?



What makes you feel sad?



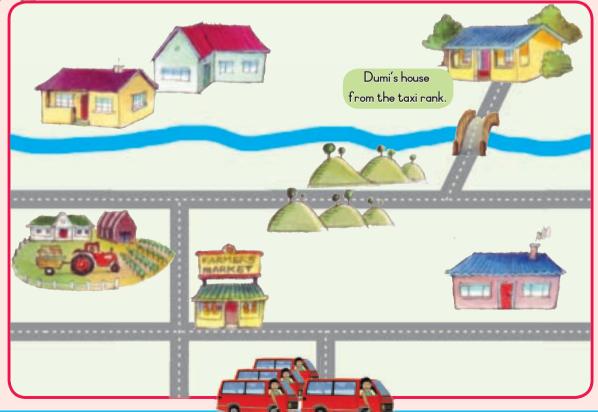
What makes you feel angry?



What makes you feel afraid?



Tell your friend how to get to Dumi's house. Say when they must turn left or right. Say what places you go past.







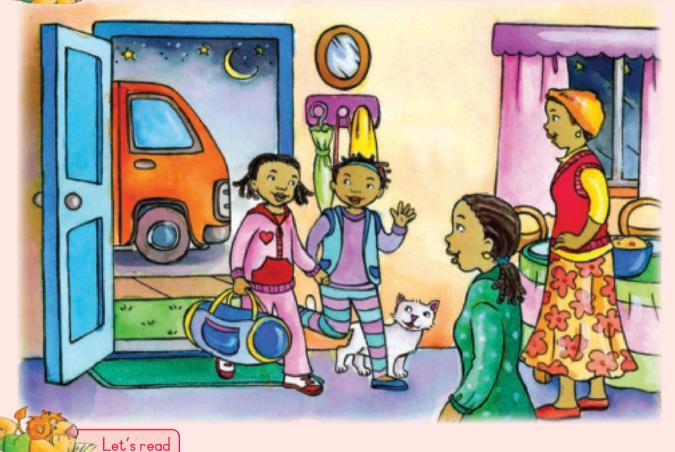
TEACHER: Sign

Date

We get there at last



Look at the picture and talk about what you see.



At last the taxi arrived at Dumi's house.

It was already 8 o'clock that night. "At last we are here," said Bongi, and she turned the door knob.

Bongi was very glad to see her cousin. "Hi Dumi," Bongi screamed.

"Come and see the baby frogs in the river," Dumi shouted.

"No, no!" said Dumi's mother, "You must both please sit and eat."

"I want to climb in the tree house at the park," Bongi screamed.

"No, you can't climb the tree now. It's too late.

You must sit and eat," called her mother.







Answer each question. The first word of the answer must start with a capital letter. Remember to end with a full stop.



What time did the taxi arrive at Dumi's house?

What did Dumi want to do first?

Was it a good idea for them to play at the river that night? Why?



Let's write

Find the words in the story with these sounds and write them into the correct column.



ee	ea	00



Read the words and listen to the sounds. Then use 5 words to write sentences of your own in your exercise book.



Sight words
something
know
called

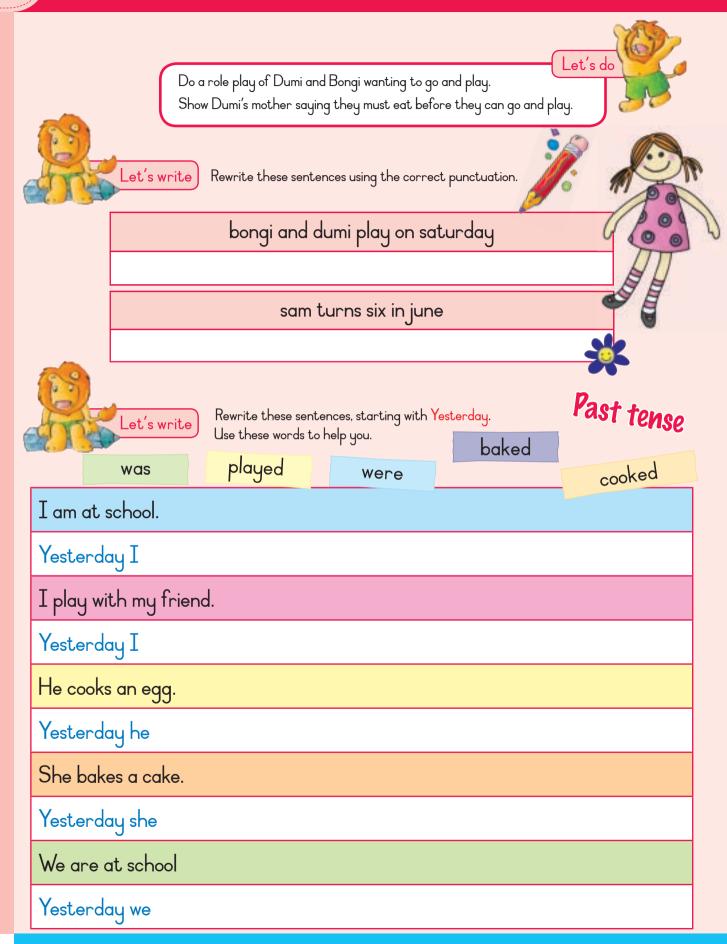
shout	cal
spout	ball
about	fall

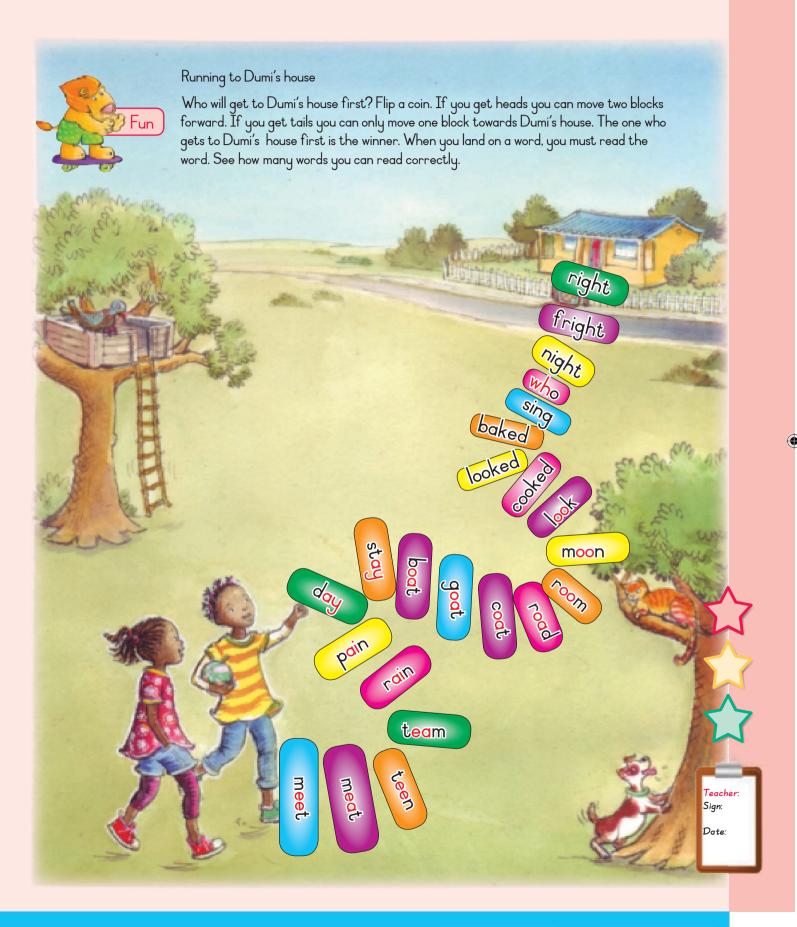
dark	eat
park	scream
mark	please

TEACHER: Sign

Date

What we did together





(

The lost teddy bear



Look at the pictures and talk about what you see.

















Read the story. Then circle the words that end in -y and -ing.

I was happy at Dumi's house. Dumi gave me a beautiful present. She gave me a teddy bear. It was soft and cuddly.

Then, we travelled home by taxi. While we were driving in the taxi it started to rain. The sun was gone and it was very cold. My mother wrapped me in a warm blanket.

We ran in the rain from the taxi to the house.

Then I realised that my teddy was missing.

I imagined him in the taxi going off somewhere.

I started to cry. I wanted to go to the taxi to look for him.

But then we found him wrapped up in the blanket. He was safe after all.



Let's write

Read the story and then choose the right answer.

What is Bongi?		
A	Bongi is a girl.	
В	Bongi is a boy.	
С	Bongi is a teddy bear.	

Sight words found missing inside off



What is the story about?

- A Bongi playing with a friend.
- B Bongi running in the rain.
- C Bongi losing a teddy bear.

What was the weather like in the story?

- A It was a hot day.
- B It was hot, then cold and raining.
- C It rained all day.

Now write answers to these questions.

How did Bongi feel when she thought that her teddy was missing?

How do you know?

Where did she find her teddy?

Word work

Read the words and listen to the sounds.

Then use 5 words to write sentences of your own in your exercise book.

soft	happy	teddy	missing	hopping
left	pretty	cuddly	messing	skipping
cleft	fluffy	ugly	hissing	jogging

Finding things



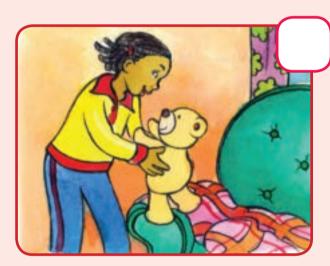
Let's do

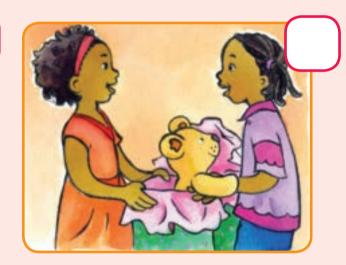
Number these pictures to show the right order.













Let's write

Write one sentence for each picture.



(

Tumi gets lost



Look at the pictures and talk about what you see.





Bongi and Ann were looking after Bongi's sister, Tumi. Tumi is four years old.

Tumi was playing with Ben the dog. Then, Bongi and Ann noticed that the door was open.

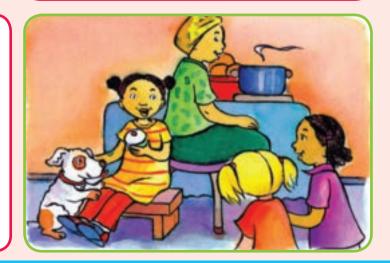
Tumi and Ben were gone.



The girls ran down the street looking and calling for Tumi as they went.

They were afraid because it was getting dark.

When they reached the corner they found Tumi and Ben sitting with a lady who was selling food.
Tumi and Ben were eating a cake.





Read the story and then answer each question. The first word of the answer must start with a capital letter. Remember to end with a full stop.



Who was lost?

Why were Ann and Bongi afraid?

They

When did they find Tumi?

They

Where did they find Tumi?

They

What was Tumi doing when they found her?

She

Word work

Read the words and listen to the sounds.

Then use 5 words to write sentences of your own in your exercise book.

ray	play	str <mark>ee</mark> t	week	reach
pray	day	meet	creep	read
way	stay	need	weep	eat



Underline the doing words or nouns in each sentence. Then write yesterday, today or tomorrow, to show when the

action should take place.

They <u>will ride</u> to school.	Tomorrow
He cooked food for us.	
We will plant vegetables.	
He is talking on the phone.	

Sight words afraid door looked

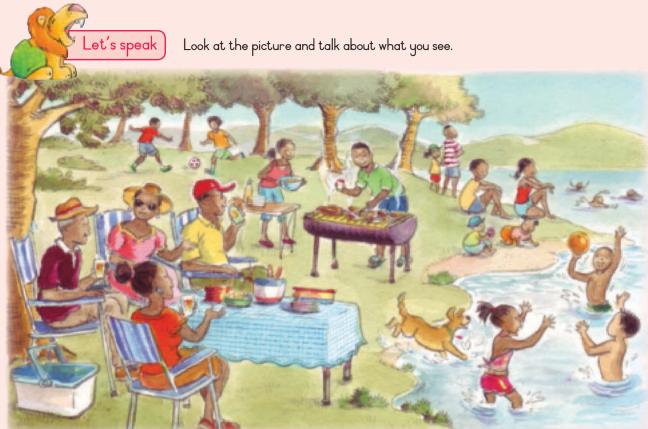


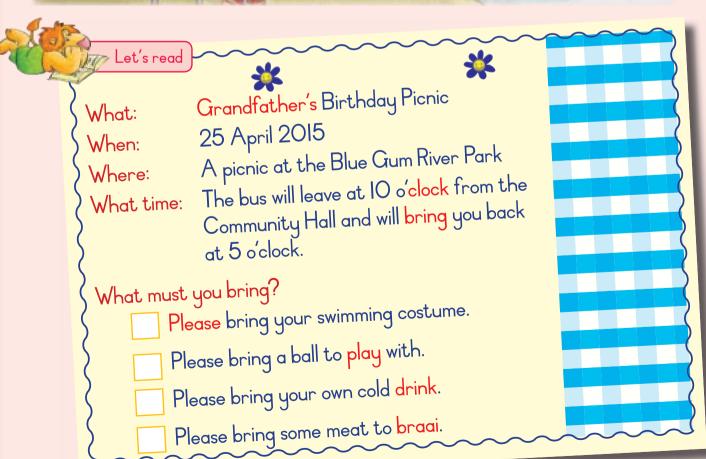
Child safety

Let's write Write a story of 8 s	sentences about a time when you were lost.
Let's write Circle the correct of	word.
I want/wants ice cream.	We was/were playing soccer.
He want/wants water.	You are/is good.
She go/goes to school.	They want/wants to go home.
Let's write Number these sent	tences to show the order of the story.
They found Tumi.	
They went to look for Tumi.	555
Tumi got lost.	\$ 2° 6
Ann and Bongi were looking o	dīter lumi.



Our grandfather's birthday picnic







Read the story and then answer each question. The first word of the answer must start with a capital letter. Remember to end with a full stop.

Why will there be a picnic?

Where will the picnic be?

At what time will the bus pick them up?

Sight words
what
why
will
they

What will they eat at the picnic?

What will they play?

Word work

Sort out these words into the correct coaches.

Then use 5 words to write sentences of your own in your exercise book.



TEACHER: Sign

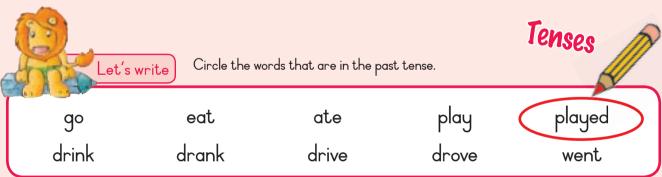
Date

Parties and picnics



Ask four friends these questions and fill in their answers.

		W.
What is your name?		
Where do you live?		
When were you born?		
Who is your best friend?		
What is your favourite colour?		



Now draw a line to match the words in the yellow column with those in the pink column.

Tomorrow I will	Yesterday I
drink	went
drive	played
eat	drove
play	ate
go	drank

Date:



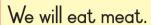
Write these sentences in the past tense, starting with Yesterday. Use these words to help you.





played

drove



Yesterday

We will drive in a bus.

Yesterday

We will play ball.

Yesterday



Let's write

Number each group of words to show the right alphabetical order.

	hand
3	house
2	hide

bed	
bit	
bad	

pain
pen
pig



- a party. Say whose birthday it will
- 2. Say when the party will be.
- 3. Say what time the party will start.
- Say where the party will be.

HAPPY BIRTHDAY!	
I. Name:	
2. Date:	
3. Time:	
4. Place:	-8
	S



A healthy family

Look at the picture and talk about what you see.





Date:

Let's write

Read "My busy day" and then answer each question. The first word of the answer must start with a capital letter. Remember to end with a full stop.

What time did Jabu wake up?

How long did it take him to eat his breakfast?

Sight words
there
where
when

How many times did he brush his teeth?

How did Jabu get to school?

How many times did he eat?

.et's write

Word work Then use 5 words to write sentences of your own in your exercise book. play sleep pain paid teeth eat stau meat neat need rain ee ea ai

teeth

Write these words into the correct coaches.

Put these words into the correct sound boxes.

ray

eat

meet

play

sleep

ee	ea	ay	ai

TEACHER: Sign

Date

meat

team

rain

day

train

pain

Solution Keeping time



Look at Jabu's diary on the previous worksheet then draw the hands on the clocks to show what time it is.

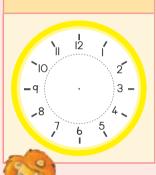








Jabu ate.



Jabu walked to school.



Jabu did his homework.



Jabu watered the garden.



Let's write

What did you do yesterday?
Write 8 sentences starting with yesterday.

My busy day





On Monday I will

Monday

Write down what you will do next week, then swop books with your friend and see if you will do the same thing.

Date



Tuesday	Date	

Meduesday	Date

Thursday	Date

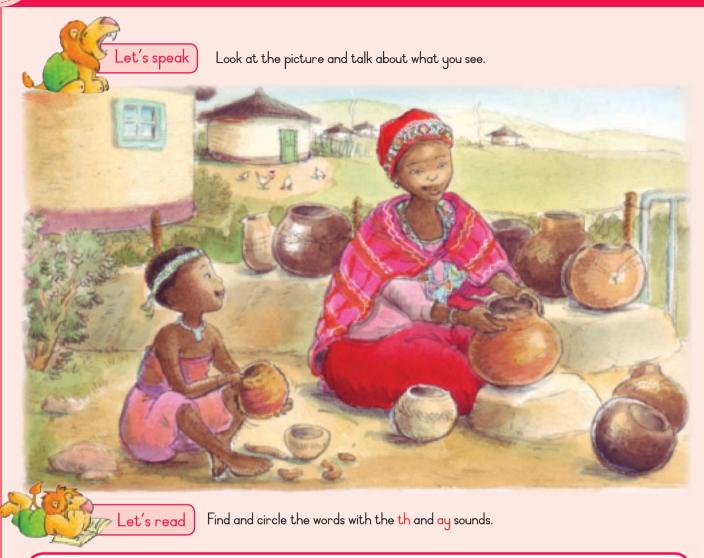


Play snakes and ladders.

- You will find the cutouts at the back of the book.
- Take turns to throw the dice.
- Look at the number on the dice when it stops moving.
- Move your marker forward by the number of spaces shown on the dice.
- If you land at the bottom of a ladder you can go up the ladder.
- If you land at the top of a snake, you have to go down to the bottom of the snake.
- The first one to get to 100 is the winner.



My grandmother's story



Why grandmother makes such beautiful pots

A long, long time ago when I was as young as you, I lived with my mother and father on a farm.

We had lots of cows and sheep, but we lived far from our friends

 \boldsymbol{I} had no one to play with. \boldsymbol{I} used to watch my mother making clay pots.

She mixed the clay from the soil. She formed the pots with her hands, and then she put them in the sun to dry.

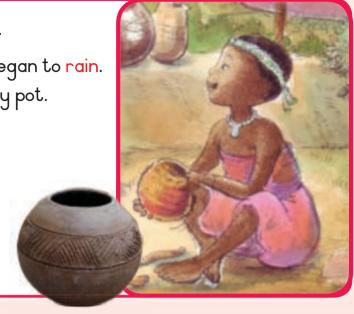
Then one day she let me make my own pot.

I formed the pot carefully and turned it round and round.

I was so excited to make my very own clay pot.



Then I put it out in the sun to dry. That night, while I was asleep, it began to rain. When I woke up I could not find my pot. All I could find was the trail of red soil running down the garden. I had to make another pot. I practised and practised. It was then that \boldsymbol{I} learned to make beautiful pots.





Read the story about grandmother's clay pot and then answer each question. The first word of the answer must start with a capital letter. Remember to end with a full stop.

Who told the story?

What did she do that was careless?

What happened to the clay pot?



Find words in the story with these sounds and fill into the correct space. Then use 5 words to write sentences of your own in your exercise book.

TEACHER: Sign

65

Sight words

while

ago

could



A family story



Number the sentences below in the order that the events happened in the story. Number one has been done for you.



	It started to rain.
	She was very sad.
	She made a new pot.
	The pot turned into red water.
	She left the pot to dry in the sun.
	The grandmother made her first pot when she was a young girl.
100	

Let's write

Plan to write your own story. Tell your friend what you will write about and then fill in your story with a beginning, a middle and an end.



Beginning

Start by saying when it was.



Middle

Say what happened in the middle.

Still in the middle Say what happened. Planning to write your story

End

How did the story end?



Fun

Cut out the next pages. Fold to make a book. On the cover, write the title of the book. Put your name under the title, because you are the writer.

Draw a picture on the cover. Now write your story with a beginning, a middle and an end.





pamphlet for information Phonics: ph, gh, -dle

Where should we go?

Draw a picture on the T-shirt and relate it to a place on the SA map Language: Rewrite speech bubbles into direct speech using inverted commas

Speaking: Interview 10 friends and ask what places they would like to visit; Fill in the answers into the table

Visual representation: Draw a chart by colouring in the block each time they say "yes"

35 Table Mountain

Reading & comprehension: Read the newspaper article; Focus on the headline, date and pictures

Phonics: ou, sh Phonics: Rhyming words

76 Writing a newspaper

Language: Circle the prepositions: Circle the verbs are in the past tense

Match the present tense and the past tense words

Language: Write sentences in the past tense starting with Yesterday

Speaking: Talk about the newspaper; Talk about your own news from home and school

Plan to write a newspaper article Writing: Write a newspaper article

78 Look at all the fish

Reading & comprehension: Read a poster and answer questions based on it

Phonics: gh, ph, tch, le, f

38 The Aquarium 80

Speaking: Discuss the poster on the aquarium Language: Circle the adjectives Writing: Write a description of

yourself using adjectives

Fill in adjectives

82

88

Pilanesberg

72

Speaking: Look at the pictures and predict the news that the news reader is giving

Reading & comprehension: Read the News Report and answer questions based on it

Phonics: -ld, ight, tch, ou, gh Language: Match the past tense and the present tense of the verbs

Reading the news

Speaking: Pretend you are a TV news reader and tell the news

Language: Write the sentences in the past tense; Then write them in the future tense

Convert speech bubbles into direct speech using inverted commas

Using visuals: Look at the pictures of the elephant drinking water; Explain what you see to your friend

The Addo Elephant Park 86

Reading & comprehension: (Diary entry)

Phonics: -u-e, -o-e, -th, -y Language: Match the present tense and the past tense verbs

Planning my week

Speaking: Make up a a role play about the story.

Language: Match the parts of sentences to form

"if - then" complex sentences Writing: Write down what you will do this week in a weekly diary; (Future

Reading: Read your friend's weekly diary

Gold Reef City 90

Reading & comprehension: Read the postcard and then answer questions

the tch, str, -ght sounds on the

Language: Add scr or str or sch to given words so that they match with the correct picture

Fun at Gold Reef City

Language: Join sentences using conjunctions - so, because and but Language: Choose and circle an adjective to make the sentence more interesting

92

96

Writing: Describe a person or a place you like using adjectives Writing: Write postcards to 2 of your friends; Describe a bus trip

Travelling back home

Reading & comprehension: (Narrative)

Language: Using descriptive words Phonics: -y, -ey, -ed, ew, -u-e

About our trip

Speaking: Talk to your friend about two forms of transport

Complete sentences by matching two parts

Writing: Draw a picture and then write a description

Fun: Match these pictures to the correct animal

Let's write a story 98

Speaking: Use visual cues to predict what the story is about Reading: Shared reading (narrative) Comprehension exercise Identify key details in what was read Phonics: -ing, ee, ea, tch Language: Circle the correct homophone

100 48) Writing my own news

Writing: Plan a story with a beginning, middle and the end.

Writing: Write a story book using the cut-out template; The story must have a beginning, a middle and an





t

e

n

S





Places to visit



Western Cape

Visit Table Mountain. Go up the mountain in a cable car. Have a picnic on top of the mountain. See sharks, dolphins and fish at the aquarium.



KwaZulu-Natal

If you come to uShaka Marine you can see the dolphins playing football and penguins dancing. See the seals balance balls on their noses. If you are very brave, you can dive with the sharks.



Mpumalanga

Spend some time in the Kruger National Park. The Big Five live in the Park. See the lions, leopards, elephants, rhinos and buffaloes and then have a picnic lunch at a place safely away from the wild animals.



Gautenq

Have fun at Gold Reef City. Go down a gold mine and ride on the merry-go-round. See Soccer City.



North West

Come to the Pilanesberg Game Reserve. Ride on an elephant. See giraffes, zebras and lions. Take photos of the

animals.



Limpopo

Visit the Rain Forest. You will see giant plants and the tallest trees. Remember to

bring your raincoat and umbrella.



Free State

Visit the Sandfontein Park. You will see rhinos, buffaloes, giraffes and porcupines.

You can also swim in a big



Northern Cape

Come to Kimberley, and see the biggest hole in the world. Have lunch at a picnic spot next to the



Eastern Cape

The Addo Elephant Park has lots of elephants. Try to spot them all. At the nearby beach you can see whales and even the great white sharks!





Future tense



Read the pamphlet, then answer these questions.

Remember to start each sentence with a capital letter and end with a full stop.

Which trip would be the best for you? Why?

What will they see in the Western Cape?

They will

What will they see in KwaZulu-Natal?



Word work

Read the words and listen to the sounds.

Then use 5 words to write sentences of your own in your exercise book.

elephant	orphans	laugh	cough	crad <mark>le</mark>
dolphin	photos	rough	enough	cable
phone	pamphlet	tough	trough	table



_et's write

The words all sound like the f-sound but they are spelled differently. Circle the words that sound like f.

for	four	black	frog
laugh	photo	fig	tallest
phone	deepest	dolphin	rough
free	tough	food	elephant

TEACHER: Sign

Date

Where should we go?



Talk to your friend about where you would like to go and what you would like to see.



Then, draw a picture on the T-shirt to show what you will see. On the map, mark the province you will go to.



Let's write

Add the commas in the spaces provided in these sentences. Then tell your friend how many items are listed in each sentence.

Commas

You can see the lions

elephants

buffaloes and giraffes.

You can eat meat

vegetables

bread and ice cream.

You can see the dolphins

penguins

sharks and whales.



I want to go up the mountain.

Rewrite what they are saying between the inverted commas.



Jabu said, "



I want to see the Big Five.

Ann says, "

Sam says, '

I don't want to see the big hole!

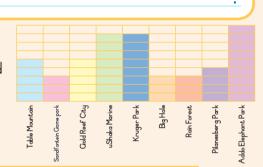


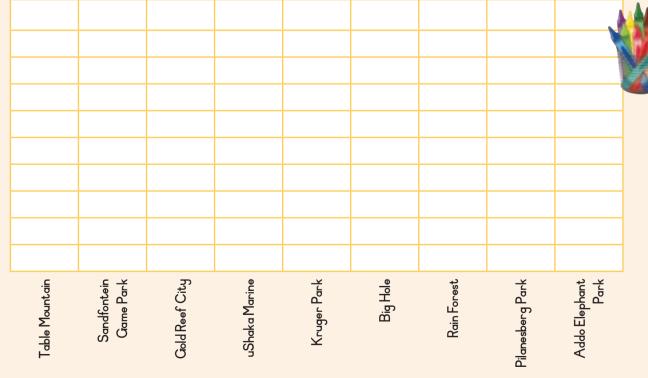
Can I go up the mountain?

Lebo asks, "



Ask IO friends where they would like to go.
Ask, "Would you like to go to Table Mountain? Would you like to go to the Addo Elephant Park?"
Colour in the block each time they say "yes".
Start at the bottom of the table.
Your table will look something like this.





Teacher: Sign: Date:

TEACHER: Sign

Date

73

Table Mountain



Look at the newspaper and talk about what you see.

Look at what the children wrote for the class newspaper.



School News



Class goes up and up

16 June 2015

Everyone had a good time on Table Mountain. It was cold on the mountain so we had to wear jackets and hats. A kind man helped us to put Lebo's wheelchair onto the cable car. She could not go up the stairs. On the way up the mountain we saw small dassies. They look just like fat rabbits. The cable car took five minutes to get up to the top of the mountain. The air was cold. When we got to the top we took photos.

The mountain was flat on top. Just like a table.

While we were on top of the mountain Sam fell and knocked his knee. He was not hurt.

After we came down, we went to the Two Oceans Aquarium. We saw fish, sharks and turtles.



Read the news article, then answer these questions. Remember to start each sentence with a capital letter and end with a full stop.

How long did it take them to get to the top of the mountain?

Why did they wear thick coats and warm hats?

Because

Why do you think it is called Table Mountain?

Because

What happened to Sam?

Do you think the heading of the article is good? Why?

Word work

Read the words and listen to the sounds.

Then use 5 words to write sentences of your own in your exercise book.

round	mountain	mouse	ship
sound	surrounded	house	sharks
found	around	bound	shells

Let's write

Which words in each row do not sound like the word in the first box?

play	pain	they	red	rate	stay
why	eye	cry	I	go	high
feet	read	need	lead	weed	wood
boat	goat	note	heat	road	toad

TEACHER: Sign

Date

Writing a newspaper



Circle the prepositions in each sentence. We have done the first one for you.

The children were on the mountain.

They saw a dassie under the rocks.

The man put the wheelchair inside the cable car.

I had a pen in my bag.







_et's write

Circle all the words that are in the past tense.

Then draw a line to match the present tense and the past tense words.

run	walk	write	rest	dance
sing	talk	play	watch	phone
phoned	danced	ran	played	rested
sanq	walked	watched	talked	wrote

Now write these sentences, starting with Yesterday.

I play.

Yesterday

I walk.

Yesterday

I talk.

Yesterday

They watch the TV.

Yesterday



Talk to your friend about the class newspaper, the "Big School News". Talk about your own news from home and school. Talk about the news you will put into your newspaper.





Write down some ideas.



What happened?

When did it happen?

Where did it happen?

Why was it interesting?



Write your news story in the space below. Draw a picture about your story.



Name of newspaper

Date



Heading of story

Write your news here.

Draw a picture here.

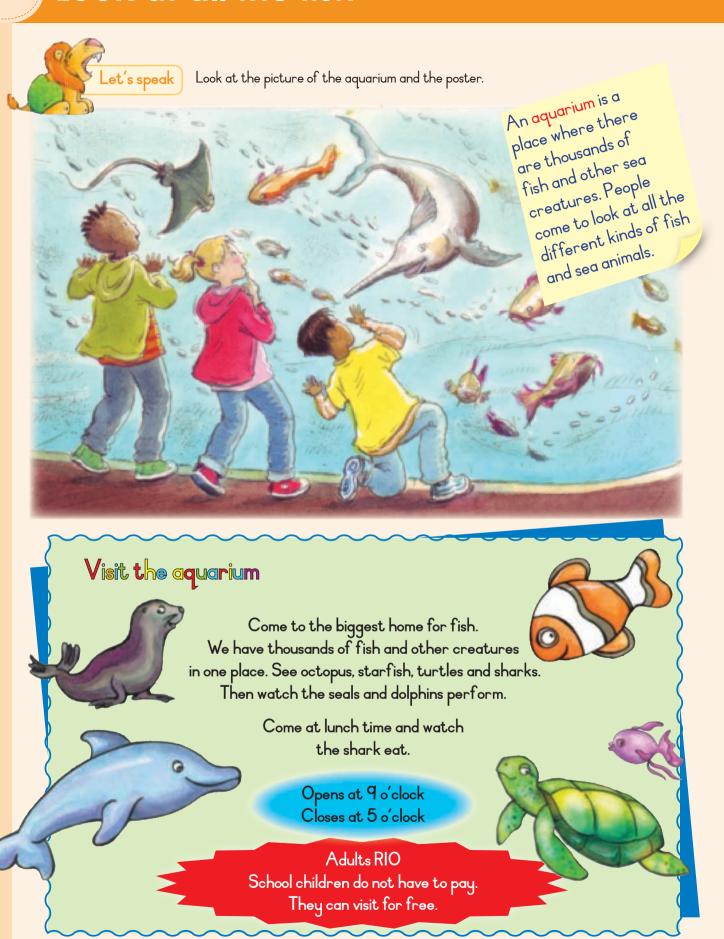




TEACHER: Sign

77

Look at all the fish





Read the poster and then answer these questions. Remember to start each sentence with a capital letter and end with a full stop.



What will you see at the aquarium?

What time does the aquarium open?

What time does it close?

How much do adults pay to go in?

How much do school children pay to go in?



Read the words and listen to the sounds.

Then use 5 words to write sentences of your own in your exercise book.

laugh	dolphin	find
rough	phone	found
tough	photo	fish

watch	cradle
catch	cable
match	table



found much catch



The Aquarium





What does the poster tell us?

Who do you think would be most interested in reading the poster? Children or adults? Why? What other posters have you seen? What other information can we get from posters?





_et's write

Circle the words that describe the different fish.





The (little) fish swam away.

The big shark with sharp teeth looked at us.

The wobbly jelly fish came floating past.

The slippery dolphin jumped out of the water.

The silly seals balanced balls on their long noses.

Now write a description of yourself. Say what you look like. Are you tall or short? Are you big or small?







This dog is lost. Talk to your friend about what this dog looks like. Make a poster that describes the dog so that people can look for it. Say what he looks like, how he feels and even what sounds he makes. Give the dog a name. Say who they should call if they find the dog.



LOST DOG

Looks like

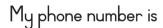
Feels like

His name



If you find my dog, please phone

(Write your name.)





(Write your own address.)





Term 2 – Week 1–2

Pilanesberg

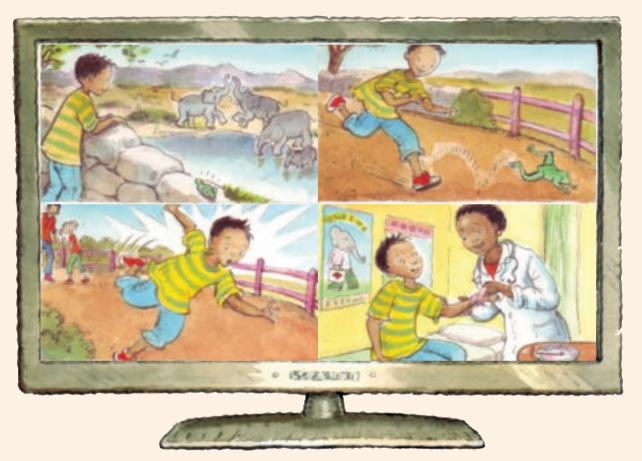


Look at the picture of the news reader and talk about the news you think he will be giving.





This is the news from the Pilanesberg Game Reserve. NEWS Tuesday 16 June.



Yesterday a group of school children arrived at the Pilanesberg Game Reserve in a bus. They came to see the elephants and rhinos and other wild animals.

While Jim Smith watched the elephants drinking, he saw a small green frog. He tried to catch the frog but he slipped and cut his arm.

His teacher took him to the clinic. Later Jim found the small green frog in his pocket.



Read the news and then answer these questions. Remember to start each sentence with a capital letter and end with a full stop.



On what date were the children in the Pilanesberg Game Reserve?

Describe the sequence of events the led to Jim going to the clinic.

First he



Then he

Finally he



Read the words and listen to the sounds.

Then use 5 words to write sentences of your own in your exercise book.

wild	fight	watched	found	rough
told	bright	matched	round	laugh
hold	right	latched	sound	enough



Let's write

Draw a line to match the past tense and the present tense words.

found	tried	slip	ask	talked
came	watched	took	look	take
find	come	watch	see	try
slipped	saw	asked	talk	looked

TEACHER: Sign

Date

Reading the news



Let's do

Think about some news of your own.

Pretend you are a TV news reader, and tell everyone the news.



Tenses



Let's write

Write the sentences in the past tense.
Then write them in the future tense.

I go to school.

 $Yesterday\ I\ went$

Tomorrow I will

He takes his medicine.

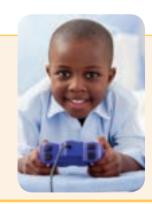
Yesterday

Tomorrow

We watch TV.

Yesterday

Tomorrow



_et's write

Write what they say between the inverted commas.

I am happy.

Ann says, "





We are going to the bus.

Peter says, "

Jabu says, "

They are late for school.



You are my best friend.

Bongi says, "



Look at these pictures of the elephant drinking water. Explain what you see to your friend.

How does an elephant drink water?

First it sucks up water into its trunk.

Then it puts its trunk into its mouth.

Lastly it blows the water into its mouth.

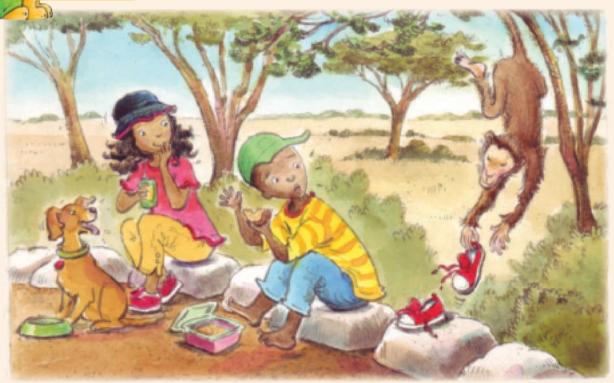




The Addo Elephant Park

Let's speak

Look at the pictures and talk about what you see.





Read Sam's diary about his trip to the Addo Elephant Park.

Dear Diary

Today was a very special day for me. It was my ninth birthday and my teacher took us to the Addo Elephant Park! I was happy with my friends, Jabu and Ann. We saw lots of elephants.

There was a little baby elephant. It was very cute.

When we stopped to eat, \boldsymbol{I} took my shoes off because \boldsymbol{I} was hot.

A silly monkey came and stole one of my shoes.

I went home with only I shoe.

 \boldsymbol{I} was happy when \boldsymbol{I} got home because \boldsymbol{I} could eat my birthday cake.

Sam







Read the diary and then answer these questions. Remember to start each sentence with a capital letter and end with a full stop.

Where were the children?

They were at the

What did Sam lose in the park?

He lost

How did Sam lose it? Who took it?

Who were Sam's friends?

Why was Sam happy to get home?



Read the words and listen to the sounds.

Then use 5 words to write sentences of your own in your exercise book.

ninth	cute	silly	stole
sixth	tune	happy	role
tenth	t <mark>u</mark> be	pretty	mole

Sight words off little



Draw a line to match the present tense and the past tense words.

came	looked	stole	was	went	saw	stopped
look	see	go	come	stop	is	steal

TEACHER: Sign

Date

Planning my week



Let's do

Do a role play about what happened to Sam at the Addo Elephant Park. Let one of your friends act as the monkey.





Match the words on the left with the correct words on the right to make a sentence.

If you leave your shoes at the river

If you do your homework

If you go to bed early

If you play with fire

you will burn yourself.

you will be on time for school.

a monkey will steal them.

your teacher will be pleased with you.



Let's write

Write down what you will do this week. Then change books with your friend and see if there are any days on which you do the same thing.



My name		Month
Date	Day	What I will do





TEACHER: Sign

Date

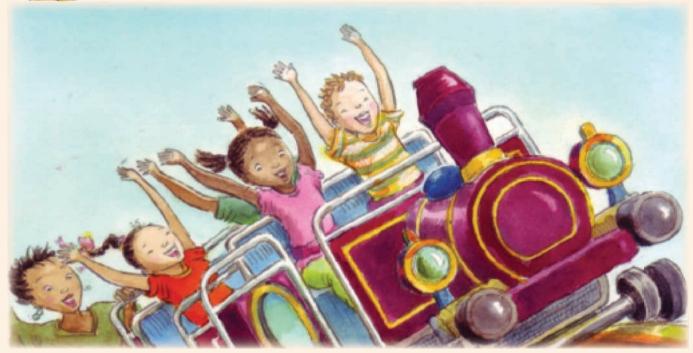
89

Gold Reef City



Let's speak

Look at the picture and talk about what you see.



Dear Dumi

I thought you would like to get this postcard. I bought it when we went to Gold Reef City in Johannesburg.

We drove to smoky Johannesburg and the streets were very busy and bumpy. We saw Soccer City. It's a huge stadium. It holds about 90 000 people so lots of people can watch soccer there.

At Gold Reef City we went down a very dark, deep mine. It was so dark I had to use a bright torch to see. After that we went for a ride on a colourful merry-go-round. I screamed because it went round so fast.

 \boldsymbol{I} wish you could come with us next time.

Your cousin

Bongi.



Dumi Makhanya 12 Steve Biko Rd Soweto South Africa 3219





Read the postcard and then answer these questions. Remember to start each sentence with a capital letter and end with a full stop.

Who did Bongi write to?

Where did Bongi go?

What two things did Bongi see?

What was it like down the mine?

When did Bongi write the postcard?

Did she have a good time? Say why.

Word work

Find and circle words with these sounds on the postcard.

Then use 5 words to write sentences of your own in your exercise book.

watch	hatch	street	bought 🌽
catch	match	stripe	caught
witch	ditch	stream	ought

Let's write

Add scr or str or sch to these words so that they match with the correct picture.











eam

eet

00

eam

aw

Fun at Gold Reef City



Match the words in the pink box with the correct words in the green box to make a sentence.



I screamed because

It was very dark so

It was raining but

we used a torch.

it was not cold.

the merry-go-round was fast.



Read the postcard and then complete these sentences. Use these adjectives to help you.

deep

huge

biq

colourful

dark

Soccer City is a _____stadium.

We went on a _____ merry-go-round.

Then we went down a ______ mine.



Choose and circle either a pink word or a blue word to make each sentence more interesting. These words are adjectives, they are used to describe people or things

The kind/nasty teacher spoke to the naughty/clever girl.

The big/small car drove down the quiet/busy street.

The thin/fat man chased the small/big piq.

The beautiful/ugly girl went into the dirty/clean house.

The neat/untidy garden was full of dead/living plants.



Date:	
Let's	Now write your own sentences describing either a person or a place you like.
Fun 1	Vrite postcards to two of your friends. ell them what you saw when you went on the bus trip.
	Teacher: Sign: Date:

Travelling back home



Look at the pictures and talk about what you see.



We all had to travel back home.

Jabu's group came back by train. It was a long train. The train went slowly round the bends, and came down the hills very quickly. The train made us very sleepy and we all fell asleep.





Bongi's group went home on the Gautrain. Mrs Zita drove the train. It was a short grey train. It travelled much faster than any other train. Bongi said that she was so excited on the train it felt like she had butterflies in her tummy.

Sam's group came back on a yellow bus. The road was very bumpy and the bus shook as it travelled. Sometimes it shook hard, and sometimes it only shook a little. We all felt shaky when we got off.





Some of us went back to school by donkey cart. The cart was bright red. It was very slow and squeaked and creaked.

We enjoyed seeing the bright flowers and green trees as we rode slowly home.

Let's write Read the story and then answer these questions.							
	Vehicle	What did it look like?	How did it go?	How did the children feel?			
E		Short and grey	Very fast	Excited Excited			
The state of the s							
A B							
Sort out these words into the correct coaches. Then use 5 words to write sentences of your own in your exercise book.							
slowly squeaked key blew rude shaky creaked shaky monkey leaked tube stew donkey grew							
	ly	ey .	ed e	u_e_			

About our trip



Talk to your friend about these two forms of transport.

What do they do that is the same? How are they different?





Match the words in the pink box with the correct words in the yellow box to make a sentence.



The long train

The short grey Gautrain

The red donkey cart

The yellow bus

shook on the bumpy road.

squeaked and creaked as it went.

travelled very fast.

went slowly round the bends.



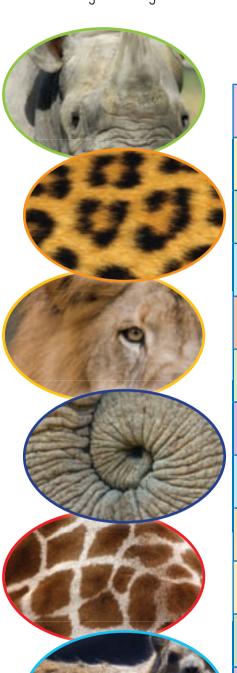
Draw a picture of an animal or a form of transport.

Then write 2 sentences to describe it.

Date:

Fun

Who do these belong to? Say what they look like, then match the words with the correct picture.



leopard

elephant

lion

giraffe

rhino

zebra

dolphin

octopus

fish

dassie

penguin

seal



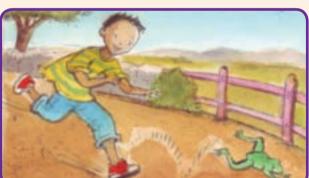


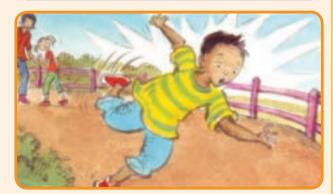
Let's write a story



Look at the pictures and talk about what you see.

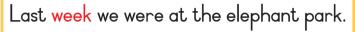








Beginning



Let's read 🦠

I stood at the river and watched the elephants drinking water. Two of the elephants were fighting with their trunks.

Middle

Suddenly I saw a tiny green frog.

I decided to chase the frog.

While I was running after the frog I slipped into a ditch. I cut my hand and it started to bleed.

End

My teacher had to take me to the doctor.

The doctor stitched my cut and gave me an injection.





Read the story and then answer these questions. Remember to start each sentence with a capital letter and end with a full stop.

What was Jim doing at the beginning of the story?

How did Jim hurt himself?

What did the doctor do to Jim?

How do you think Jim felt at the doctor?

What is a good name for this story?

Word work

Read the words and listen to the sounds.

Then use 5 words to write sentences of your own in your exercise book.

running	need	week	leak	stitch
fighting	seek	meet	meat	witch
sleeping	feed	bleed	team	ditch



Circle the one we eat.

Circle the one that is a colour.

Circle the one we can't eat.

meet

blew

pair

meat

blue

pear



Writing my own news



Talk about your own news.
Tell your friends some news from home.
Talk about a story you can write.





What will you write about at the beginning?
What will you write about in the middle?
How will you end your story?



Beginning

Middle

End



Let's write

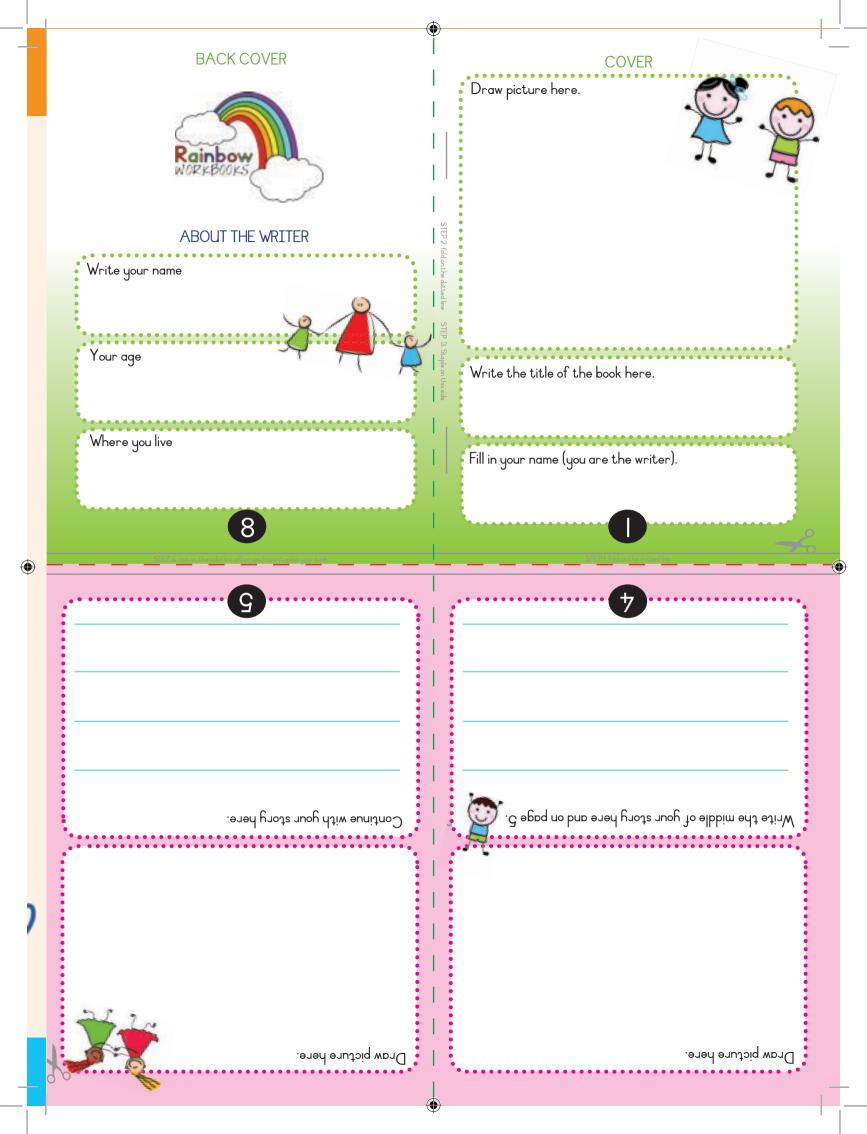
Start writing your story here.

Then read it and fix it up before you write it in your book.

Fun Cut

Cut out the next pages. Fold to make a book. On the cover, write the title of the book. Put your name under the title, because you are the writer. Draw a picture on the cover. Now write your story with a beginning, a middle and an end.





Draw picture here. Draw picture here. Start writing your story here and on page 3. Finish your story. Continue with your story here. Write what happens at the end of your story. Draw picture here. Draw picture here.



Theme 4: Our environment



Term 2: Weeks 5-8

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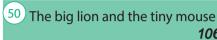
49) The lion and the mouse

104

Reading & comprehension: (Narrative)

Writing: Multiple choice comprehension

Speaking: Cut out finger puppets and use them to tell the story of the lion and the mouse



Language: Convert speech bubbles into direct speech

Phonics: Word endings that sound like t(ed)

Language: Opposites Language: Punctuation

Writing: Write a thank you card to someone who has helped you

51) The hare and the tortoise 108

Reading & comprehension: (Narrative)

Language: write sentences to show different meanings of homophones

52 Let's race 110

Speaking: Talk about given riddles Writing: Write sentences to show what happened in the beginning, middle and end of the story about the hare and the tortoise

Language: Write contractions in in

Fun activity (board game)

53) The sun and the wind 112

Reading & comprehension: (Narrative)

Phonics: ow, ew, ould, ff, oa

54) The big contest

Speaking: Make up a role play about the Sun and the Wind story: What will happened if the story to includes the wind and the rain

Language: Circle the verbs Writing: Write a sentence about each

of the pictures; (continuous tense) Explain the pictures showing the stages of the moon.

Draw the moon each Monday this month and say what phase it is in.

55) Bongi rides around

116

Reading & comprehension: (Narrative)

Phonics: -y, -ight, -ful, -ture

56 Bongi's bike ride

118

Speaking: Make up a role play of the

Language: Match adjectives with the noun

Language: Rewrite sentences in the past tense starting with Yesterday

Language: Add the apostrophe (') to show possession

Visual representation: Read what Bongi and Ann said and then fill in the correct number of each place on the map; (Inferences and graphic representation)

57) Bongi cleans up the litter 120

Reading & comprehension: (Narrative and poster) Phonics: Prefixes un-, re-, and -ces. Language: Adjectives

58) The big clean-up

122

Speaking: Discuss how you can clean up your school Writing: Write a paragraph about

your school Language: Fill in the missing adjectives; Add the apostrophe (') after the noun to show possession

Writing: Make a poster inviting children to come and help clean up the school

59 Deep sea diving

124

Reading & comprehension: (Narrative)

60) Under the sea

126

Speaking: Role play the story Word work: Suffixes -ful and -est Writing: Complete the story ... Speaking: Refer to the captions and tell your friend why each item is necessary

61) The ant world

128

130

Reading & comprehension: (Informational text)

Phonics: Break words into syllables

Phonics: the silent C

62 More about ants

Describe the picture

Language: Rewrite sentences in the past tense starting with Yesterday Word work: Circle the homophone Language: Fill in a or an Fun: Draw faces to show the emotions happy, angry, sad and surprised

63) About reading

132

Reading: Discuss the genre Word work: Break the words into sounds

64) Let's write a story

134

Speaking: Talk about the characters in the story; Say what you liked most about the

Writing: Write a story book using the cut-out template

My dictionary

137





The lion and the mouse



Ann's grandmother tells her favourite story. Look at the pictures and say what you think the story is about.







The big lion and the tiny mouse

One day a tiny mouse accidently woke a sleeping lion. The lion growled and said, "I have been woken by a tiny mouse. I will eat it for a snack."

He trapped the mouse's tail under his big paw.

"Oh no, Mr Lion," squeaked the mouse. "Please don't eat me. I am just a little mouse."

"You're right," <mark>growled</mark> the lion." You are too small to fill my tummy."

"Thank you, Mr Lion," squeaked the mouse. "One day I will help you."

"Ha ha ha!" roared the big lion. "How can a tiny little mouse like you help a big, strong lion like me? I am the king of all the animals. I can help myself."

Then one day the lion was taking a walk. He walked into a hunter's net and was trapped. "Help!" he yelled. "I can't get out. I'm trapped."

The tiny mouse heard the lion. He ran to the trap and said, "I'll help you!"

"You're too little to help me," growled the lion.

The little mouse began biting the net into small pieces.

Soon the lion was out. He smiled and said, "You may be a little mouse, but you're a big help."





Let's write

Read the story and then choose the right answer.

What does the story show?

- A It's easy to fool a lion.
- B You don't have to be big to help.

Why did the lion yell?

- A He wanted someone to help him.
- B He wanted the mouse to go away.

What did the lion think when he saw the mouse?

- A He thought the mouse did not know how to help him.
- B He thought the mouse was too small to help him.

Now write your answer to this question: What can we learn from this story?

Sight words

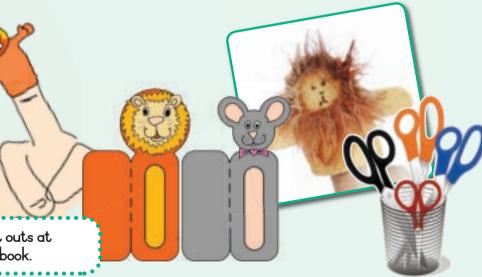
small little myself





Cut out these finger puppets, put them on your fingers and use them to tell the story of the lion and the mouse.

You will find the cut outs at the back of the book.

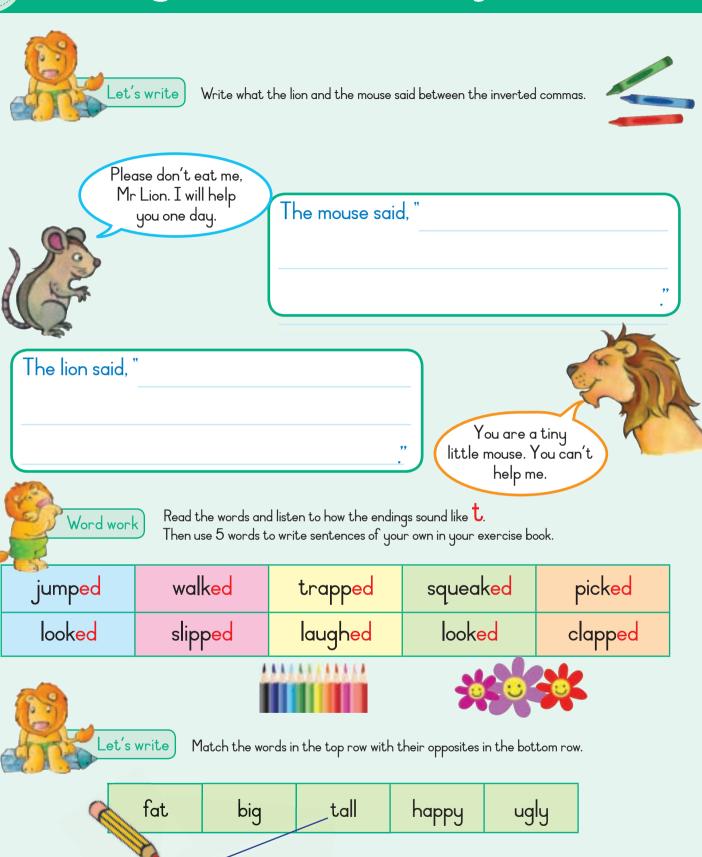


TEACHER: Sign

Date

105

The big lion and the tiny mouse



small

pretty

sad

thin

short



Punctuate these sentences.

do you know the way to town

stop before you fall

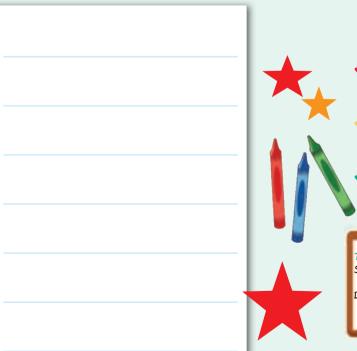
my name is pam. he is sam

ann's birthday is in july



Write a thank you card to someone who has helped you. On the front of the card write a short message. Inside the card, say how the person has helped you.







The hare and the tortoise

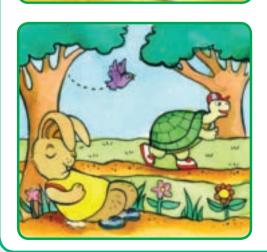


Does your grandmother tell you stories? You are going to read a story that Jabu's grandmother likes to tell. Look at all the pictures and say what you think the story is about.









The hare and the tortoise

A long time ago a hare and a tortoise lived in the green forest. The brown tortoise walked very slowly and so the hare always laughed at her. One day the hare said to the tortoise, "Let's have a race." The tortoise agreed and the hare laughed loudly. All the other animals came to see the race.

The hare ran very fast and was soon far ahead of the tortoise. He looked back but he couldn't see the tortoise because she was far behind.

"The tortoise is very slow," thought the hare.

"She'll take a long time to get here. I'm going to have a rest and when I see the tortoise coming I'll run quickly and win the race." The hare lay down, but he fell fast asleep.



While he was sleeping he heard the other animals cheering. He thought he was dreaming. But when he woke up he saw the tortoise was near the winning line.

Read the story and then answer each question. The first word of the answer must start with a capital letter. Remember to end with a full stop.

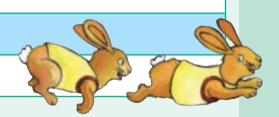


Who won the race? Why?

Who came to see the race?

Where did the hare rest?

Write a good name for this story.





Read the words. They sound the same but have different meanings. Then use 5 words to write sentences of your own in your exercise book.

hair	stair	pair	where
hare	stare	pear	wear



always laugh when brown











Let's race

Let's do

Riddles

Talk about these riddles with your friend and say what animal each one is about.



I can sing sweetly. I can fly to my home. What am I? I can run fast and jump high. You can ride me. What am I?





I can walk slowly. I take my home wherever I go. What am I?

I can sting and buzz. But I also make something very sweet. What am I?





Let's write

Write one main sentence about what happened in the beginning, middle and end of the story about the ${\bf hare}$ and the ${\bf tortoise}.$

In the beginning

In the middle

In the end



Write these words in full.

	////
I'm	I am
I'll	
couldn't	
let's	

Contractions

he'll	
can't	
she'll	
won't	



TEACHER: Sign

Date

The sun and the wind



This is Bongi's grandmother's favourite story. Look at all the pictures and say what you think the story is about.

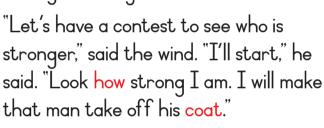




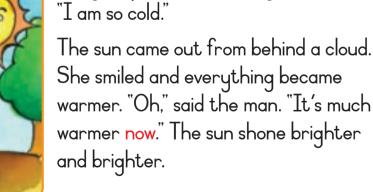
The sun and the wind

Once upon a time the wind blew strongly cross the town. The trees bent over and the windows rattled. The wind was very proud. He said, "I am even stronger than the trees. I am even stronger than the Sun!"

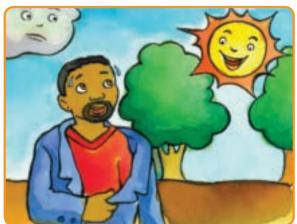
The sun came out from behind a cloud and said, "Oh no, Wind. I am much stronger than you."











"Wow!" said the man. "I'm so hot, let me take off my coat."

The sun smiled again and said,

"I am the winner!"



Sight words

of off should over



Answer each question. The first word of the answer must start with a capital letter. Remember to end with a full stop.

Who are the main characters in the story?

What did the man do when the wind blew?

What did the man do when the sun shone?

Who would win if the rain joined the contest? Why?



Word work

Read the words and listen to the sounds.

Then use 5 words to write sentences of your own in your exercise book.

town	blew	would	huff	coat
now	new	should	bluff	goat
WOW	flew	could	puff	road

TEACHER: Sign

Date

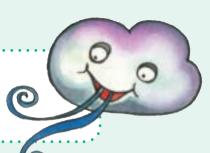
The big contest



Let's do

Make up a role play with your friends to show who is the strongest. This time have the sun, the moon, the wind and the rain.

Remember to have a person with a coat.





Let's write

Circle the verbs. They are action words.

Verbs

run	swim	think	sneeze	clock
tooth	drive	write	read	take
kick	ball	play	walk	grass
boy	shine	shoe	book	go



_et's write

Write a sentence about each of these pictures.









- Ι.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.





Read about the moon and the sun, and tell your friend what you see.

The sun and the moon

The moon looks different as it travels around the earth. This is because as it travels the sun lights up different parts of the moon. We use these names for the way the moon looks at different times.

full moon	half moon	crescent moon	new moon



Answer the question. The first word of the answer must start with a capital letter. Remember to end with a full stop.

What kind of moon do you see tonight?

Look at the moon on 4 Mondays in this month. Draw its shape each time.







Bongi rides around

Let's speak Look at the picture and talk about what you see.



The new bike

Bongi's brother Thabo got a new bike for his tenth birthday. It was a bright and shiny red bike. Bongi wished she had such a nice bike. One Saturday Bongi asked Thabo if she could borrow the bike.

She wanted to go for a ride with Ann. Thabo said she should take good care of his bike.

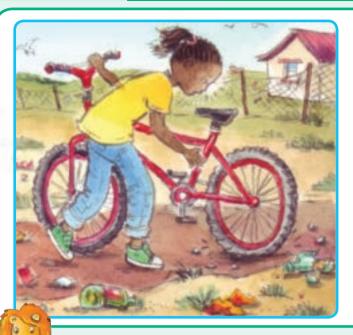
Bongi and Ann rode through the green bushes, under the tall trees, past the deep river and over the wooden bridge. The countryside was beautiful and green.

After they crossed the bridge they saw a lot of litter and broken bottles. Suddenly it became harder and harder for Bongi to pedal. She looked down and saw that the back tyre was flat.









There were lots of broken bottles and glass on the ground.

Poor Bongi had to push the bike home and ask Thabo to help her fix the puncture.



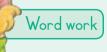
Answer each question. The first word of the answer must start with a capital letter. Remember to end with a full stop.

Whose bike did Bonqi ride?

What punctured the tyre?

How did she take the bike back home?

What do you think of people who litter?



Read the words and listen to the sounds.

Then use 5 words to write sentences of your own in your exercise book.

cry	bright	beautif <mark>ul</mark>	puncture
sky	right	wonderful	picture
dry	night	joy <mark>ful</mark>	mixture

Sight words

wish through under over

TEACHER: Sign

Date

117



Bongi's bike ride



_et's do)

Nouns and adjectives

Do a role play of Bongi asking Thabo for the bike. Show Bongi and Ann riding along. Then show how Bongi has to carry the bike back and tell Thabo that the back wheel has a puncture. Show how Thabo reacts when he sees his bike.



We have underlined a noun (or naming word) in each sentence below. Now circle the adjective that describes the noun.

Nouns are names of

People or things.

Adjectives tell us what

the people or things are

It was a bright, shiny, red bike.

Bongi rode through the green bushes.

She rode past the tall <u>trees</u>.

She went over the wooden bridge.

She saw the flat <u>tyre</u>.

She rode over a broken bottle.





Rewrite these sentences, starting with Yesterday. Use these words to help you.

rode

looked

saw

took

He rides his bike.

Yesterday

I see the broken glass.

Yesterday

She takes his bike.

Yesterday

She looks at the flat tyre.

Yesterday



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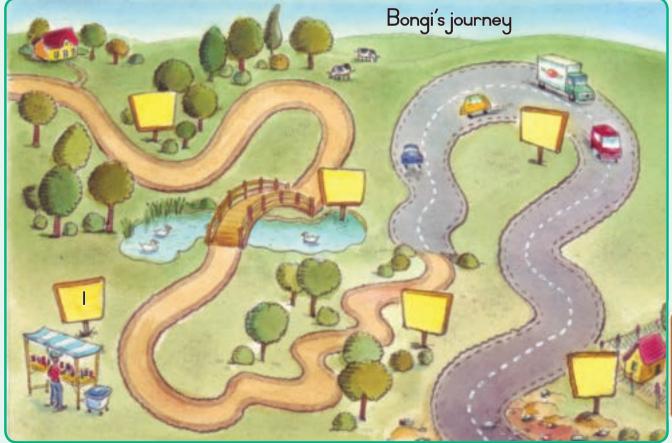
Add the apostrophe (') to show who these things belong to.

Apos	trophe
- Marie	•

Thabo s bike	Jim s book	Ann Os mother
Bongi s dog	The teacher_s apple	Jabu s pen
The lion's tail	Sam s shoe	Father's car

Fun Read what Bongi and Ann said when they rode past the different places on the map. Look carefully at the map and work out what they would have said at each flag. Then write the number on the flag.

I	Let's just stop to buy a cool drink.
2	Look how beautiful and green everything is.
3	This road twists and turns.
4	Sis! Look at all the litter and broken glass.
5	I hope this bridge doesn't fall down.
6	I will have to ride carefully in the traffic.







Bongi cleans up the litter







The big clean up

Bongi and Ann told their teacher about the litter at the river. Their teacher said they should invite other children to help clean the park. They put up a poster at school. About 24 children came to help clean up the litter.

They removed all the broken bottles, cans and bits of paper.





Read the words and listen to the sounds.

Then use 5 words to write sentences of your own in your exercise book.

untidy	places	parks	remove		
unfit	faces	hats	<mark>re</mark> turn		
unlike	races	girls	refuse		



Answer these questions. The first word of the answer must start with a capital letter. Remember to end with a full stop.

Who helped Bonqi make the poster?

What did the 2 girls decide to do?

Do you think it was a good idea for them to clean up the litter? Why?

What time will the clean up end? How will they get home?



Circle the words that describe the children.

The (little girl picked up the cans.

The big boy helped to clean up the park.

The beautiful girl wanted to help.

The funny boy told us a joke.

The silly boys wanted to hide the dustbin.





The big clean-up



What could your class do to clean up your school? Talk about what parts of the school are dirty. Say how you could arganise a clean up at your school.





Write a paragraph of 10 sentences about your school. Say what areas need to be cleaned.

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<u> </u>		۳	1	No.		l
(B.	- 5	Ď,	-	

Let's write

Fill in the missing adjectives.
Use these words to help you.

brightly

sharp

green

Bongi rode through the _____bushes.

The sun was shinning _____.

She hit a _____rock.



Let's write

Add the apostrophe (') after the noun to show that these things belong to more than one person.

the girls Obooks	my sisters _ books	the teachers_ meeting
the boys_ dogs	the teachers_ cars	the nurses_ uniforms
the animals_ tails	my brothers_ toys	the babies_ bottles



Now make a poster inviting children to come and help clean up the school.









Deep sea diving



Sam's grandfather likes to tell a story about how a dolphin saved his life. Look at all the pictures and say what you think the story is about.







Dolphin rescue

When they were young, Grandad Sam and his friend Zakes used to dive deep into the sea.

There was an old ship under the sea. There were beautiful gold and silver jewels on the ship.

When Grandad Sam went under the sea he wore a special swimming costume called a wet suit to protect his body. He also used an air tank so that he could breathe under water.

One day Grandad Sam wanted to go down to the ship, but Zakes said, "No, let's not go down today. There's a big storm coming."

"But I saw a thick gold chain. I want to get it. We'll get a lot of money for it." Grandad Sam said.

"The storm will be here in 15 minutes. It's not safe," Zakes said. But Grandad

Sam went down under the sea while Zakes waited on the boat for him.

Grandad Sam found the chain but he could not get it loose. He pulled and dug with his fingers, and then it came loose. By then Grandad Sam's air tank was nearly empty, so he came up with the gold chain. But Zakes was gone, and there was a very big storm.





Grandad Sam held the chain tightly and tried to swim but the waves were huge. He thought he was going to drown. The gold chain was heavy and his arms were getting tired. He dropped the chain.

"Help, please someone help me!" he shouted, but there was no one to hear.

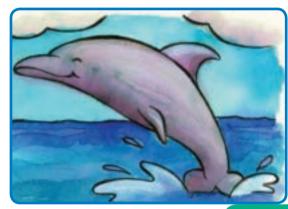
Then he heard the sweetest sound. It was the sound of a dolphin. The dolphin

swam right up to Grandad Sam, and he managed to grab the dolphin's fin. The dolphin brought Grandad Sam back to the beach.

When Grandad Sam was safe, the dolphin swam away and was gone.

"Thank you for saving my life,"

Grandad Sam called out gratefully.



Sight words

please thank you found through



Answer each question. The first word of the answer must start with a capital letter. Remember to end with a full stop.

Who are the main characters in the story?

Why did Grandad Sam want to dive under the sea?



How did Grandad Sam get back to the beach?

Under the sea



Role play the story about Grandad Sam and the dolphin. Who will be Grandad Sam and who will be Zakes? Who will be the dolphin that saves Grandad Sam's life?



Word work

Read the words and listen to the sounds.

Then use 5 words to write sentences of your own in your exercise book.

beauti <mark>ful</mark>	playful	helpful	sweet <mark>est</mark>
powerful	grateful	joyful	tallest
painful	thankful	wonderful	hardest



Let's write

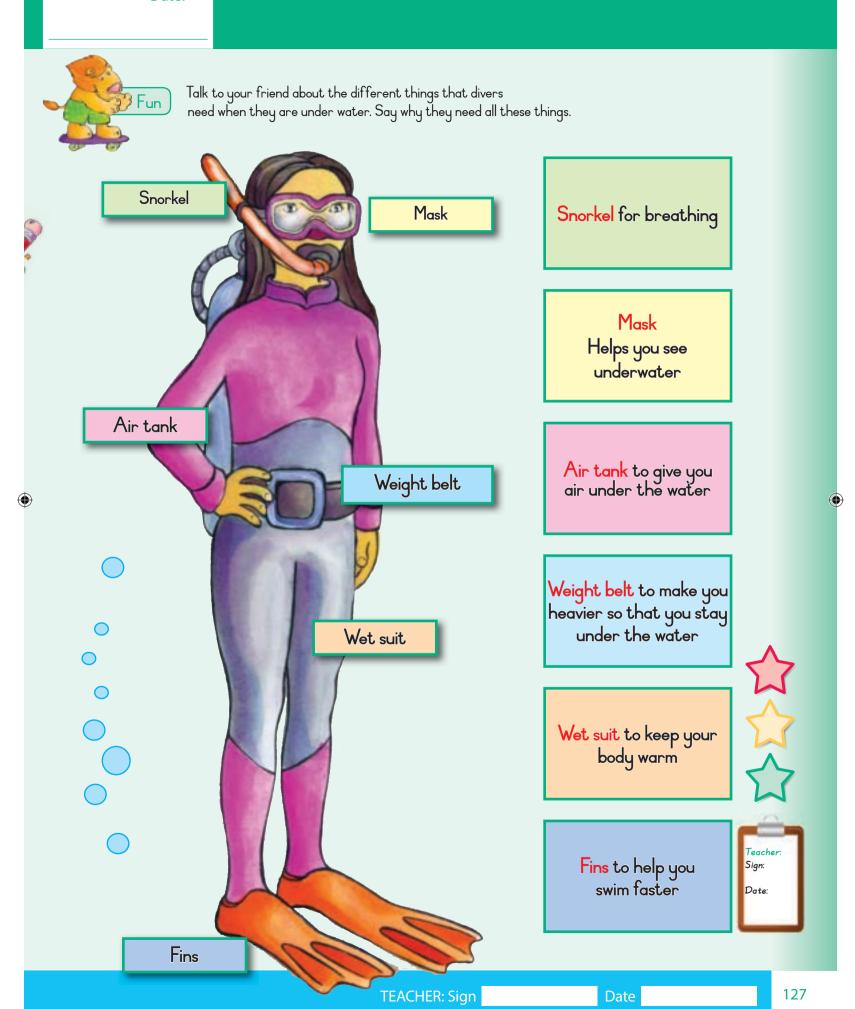
Imagine you are Grandad Sam. Write about what happened to you. We have started the story.

Zakes told me not to dive today but I wanted to get the gold chain. I knew there was going to be a storm but I went down. When I came up with the gold chain . . .

Now imagine you are the dolphin. Write about what you saw and what you did. We have started the dolphin's story.

I was swimming down to the rocks because I saw a big storm was coming. Suddenly I saw a man with a gold chain. He was screaming for help.





The ant world



Look at the picture and talk about what you see.

Let's read <



Did you know that ants live together in nests? Did you know that ants share food with each other?



If you follow an ant trail you will find some food on the one end. At the other end you will find a nest.

Follow an ant trail

When an ant finds some food it makes a trail for others to follow. They all follow the same trail to the food. Ants like sweet food like jam or sugar. They also eat any food we leave lying around at home. You will then see them crowding around the food.

Try an experiment

Put a sheet of paper with some food on it near an ants' nest. Wait for some ants to find the food. You will see more and more ants following the same trail. Then move the food. Do the ants follow it?

What happens if you move the food?

After you have moved the food the ants still follow the old trail. It takes a while before they make a new trail.

Why?

When an ant finds some food, it leaves a special scent to show the trail. Other ants from the nest smell the scent and they follow it.





Read the information about ants and then answer each question.

What is this story about?

- A It gives information about ant trails.
- B It tells you how to get rid of ants.
- C It tells you where to find ants.

Why do you need to put some food near to the ants' nest?

A	To confuse the ants.	С	So the ants will make a trail.
В	To block the ants' trail.	D	To kill the ants.

Once an ant finds some food, how will it tell other ants how to find the food?

Α	They watch and then follow the ant.	С	They smell the food on the paper.
	The		The ame II + he accent left h.

B They run around until they find the food.

They smell the scent left by the first ant.

Do you think that ants care about each other? Why do you say this?

Let's write

Read the words and listen to the sounds.

Now break these words into smaller parts.

T				
ш	he	SI	eni	

scent	scene	science

together	follow	running
to/ge/ther		
experiment	information	crowding
around	before	following

Sight words

together where before

TEACHER: Sign

Date

More about ants



Look at the picture of an ant trail.

Then tell your friend what you see in the picture.





Rewrite each of these sentences starting with Yesterday.

followed

ate

saw

The ants follow the trail.

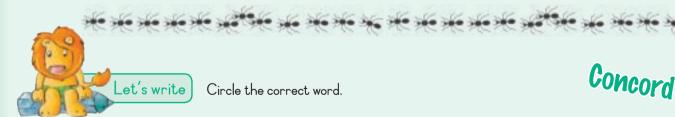
Yesterday the ants

He sees the ants crowding around the food.

Yesterday he

The ants eat sweet food.

Yesterday



The ants want/wants to collect food.

The horse want/wants water.

Bongi go/goes for a ride.

It is/are a hot day.

We was/were looking at the ants.

You are/is late again.

They want/wants to eat.

The ants is/are looking for food.



Fill in a or an.





an	apple
	egg
	ice cream
	butterfly

crayon		diver
toy		mouse
orange		umbrella
igloo 🧢	A	elephant
	A	



Ants tell one another where to find food by leaving their scent on the trail to the food. They do this because they can't talk. We can also tell our friends something without talking. We use our faces and eyes to do this.

What do they say?	I am angry.	I am happy.	I am sad.	I am surprised.
Eyes	3 6	<u>a</u> a	44	6 6
Mouth			*	•
Eyebrows		1	/~	~~
Face	1636	Ca Jahr	(A)	(30)
Now draw your own faces.				







About reading



Look at the pictures of the stories we have read.



The big lion and the tiny mouse



The sun and the wind



Dolphin rescue



Ants at work



The hare and the tortoise



Bongi cleans up the litter

Let's read 🤊

Think about the stories that you have read in this book. What kind of story do you like most?

Think about why you liked some of the stories in this book more than others. Number them, starting with I for the story you liked most and going up to 6 for the story you liked least.

Did you like The big lion and the tiny mouse, or The sun and the wind?

Or The hare and the tortoise? You probably prefer reading for pleasure.

Did you choose Dolphin rescue or Bongi cleans up or Ants at work?

You probably prefer reading for information.



Answer each question. The first word of the answer must start with a capital letter.
Remember to end with a full stop.



What story di	d you like most?
---------------	------------------

What did you like about this story?

What story did you like least?

Why did you not like this story?

Do you prefer reading for information or for pleasure?



Word work

Read the words and listen to the sounds and then break the words into sounds. Then use 5 words to write sentences of your own in your exercise book.

together	favourite	pleasure
to/ge/ther		7
story	information	reading
		7
stories	number	dolphin
		2



Sight words

first second third fourth

TEACHER: Sign

Date

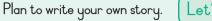
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Let's write a story



Talk to your friend about the story you most liked. Talk about the characters in the story. Say what you liked most about the story. Did the story give you information?



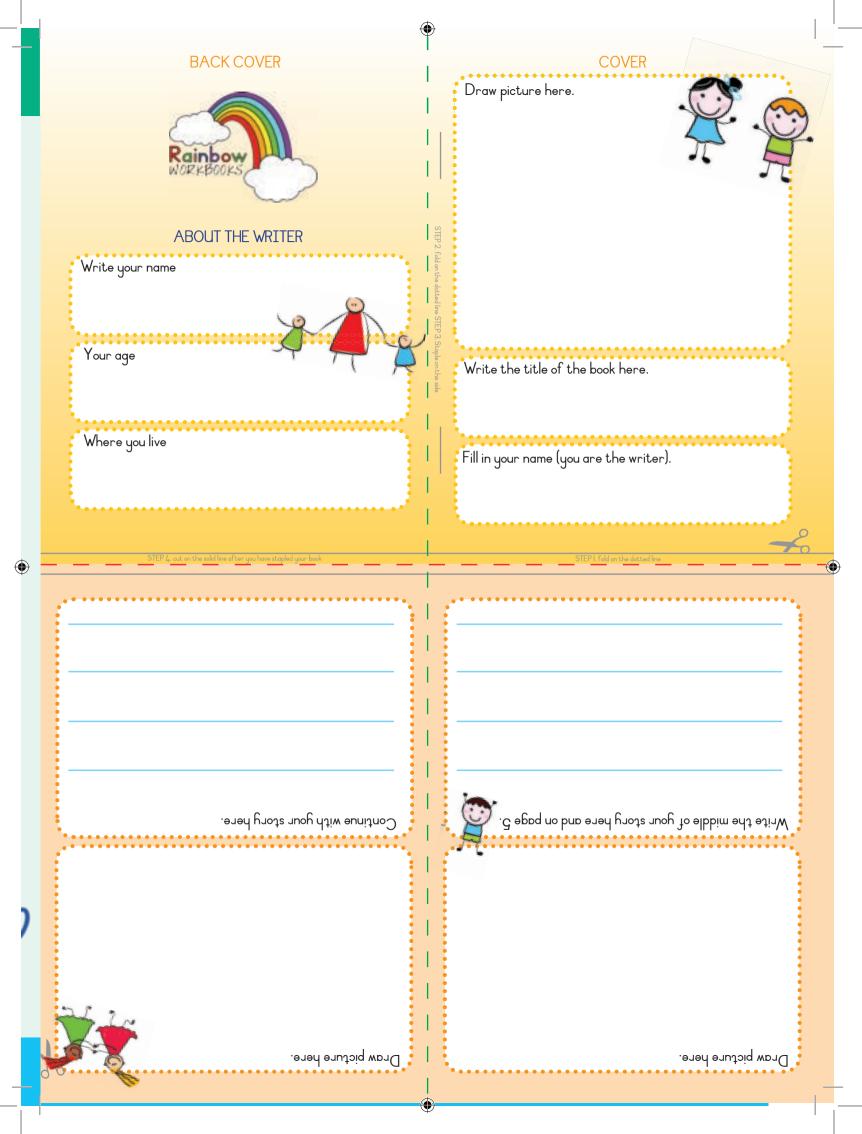


What will it be about?	
Who will your main characters be?	
What information will you give?	



Cut out the next pages. Fold to make a book. On the cover, write the title of the book. Put your name under the title, because you are the writer. Draw a picture on the cover. Now write your story with a beginning, a middle and an end.

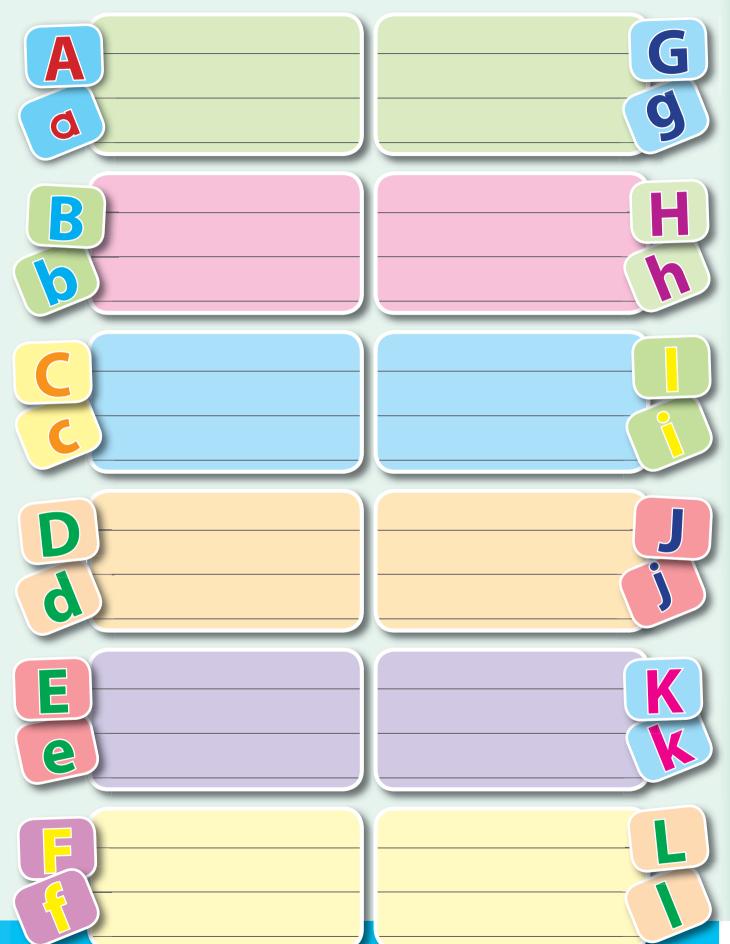




Draw picture here.	Draw picture here.	
Start writing your story here and on page 3.	Finish your story.	
Continue with your story here.	Write what happens at the end of your story.	
Draw picture here.	Draw picture here.	

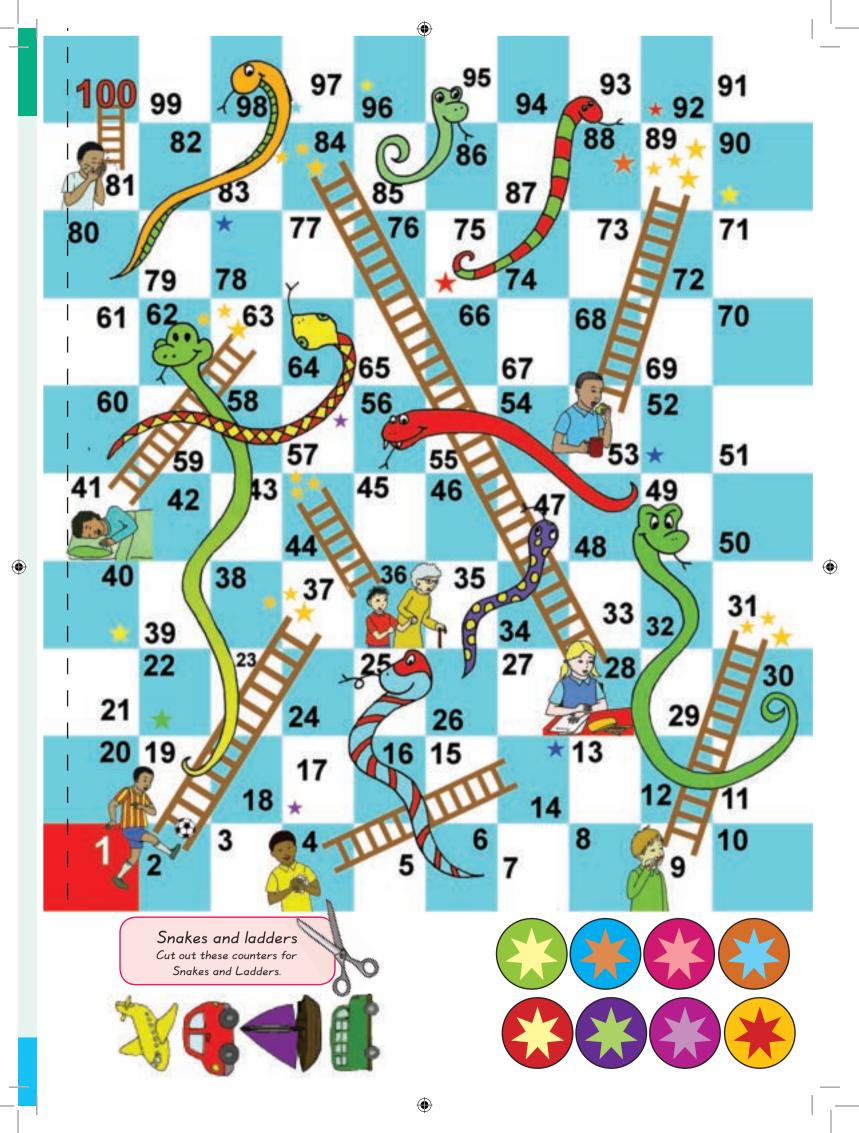
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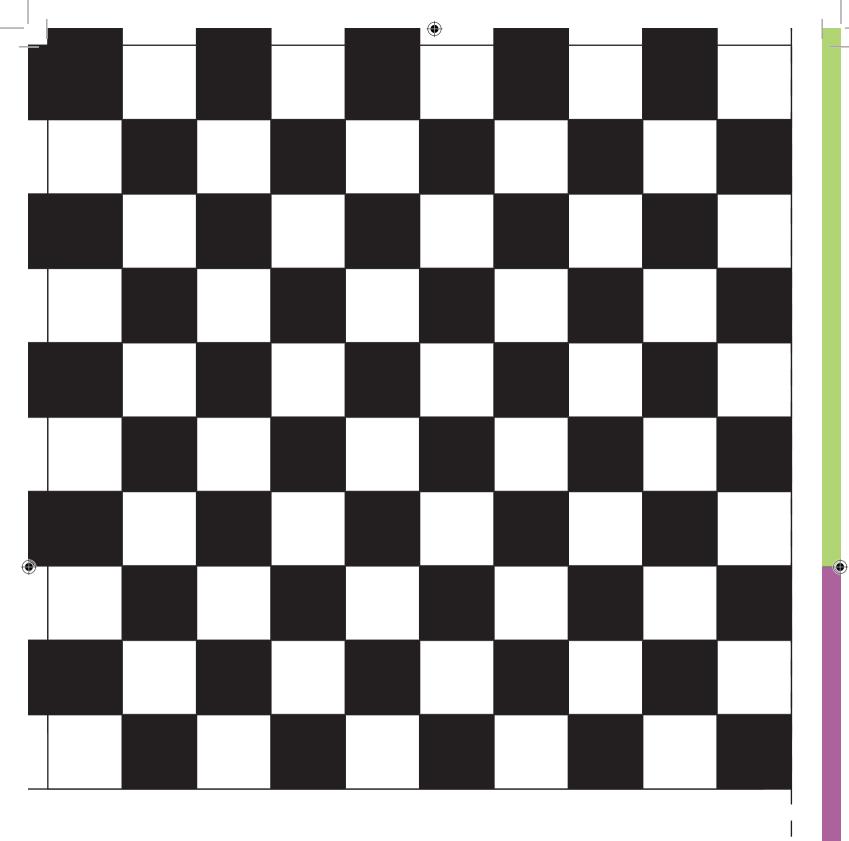
My dictionary



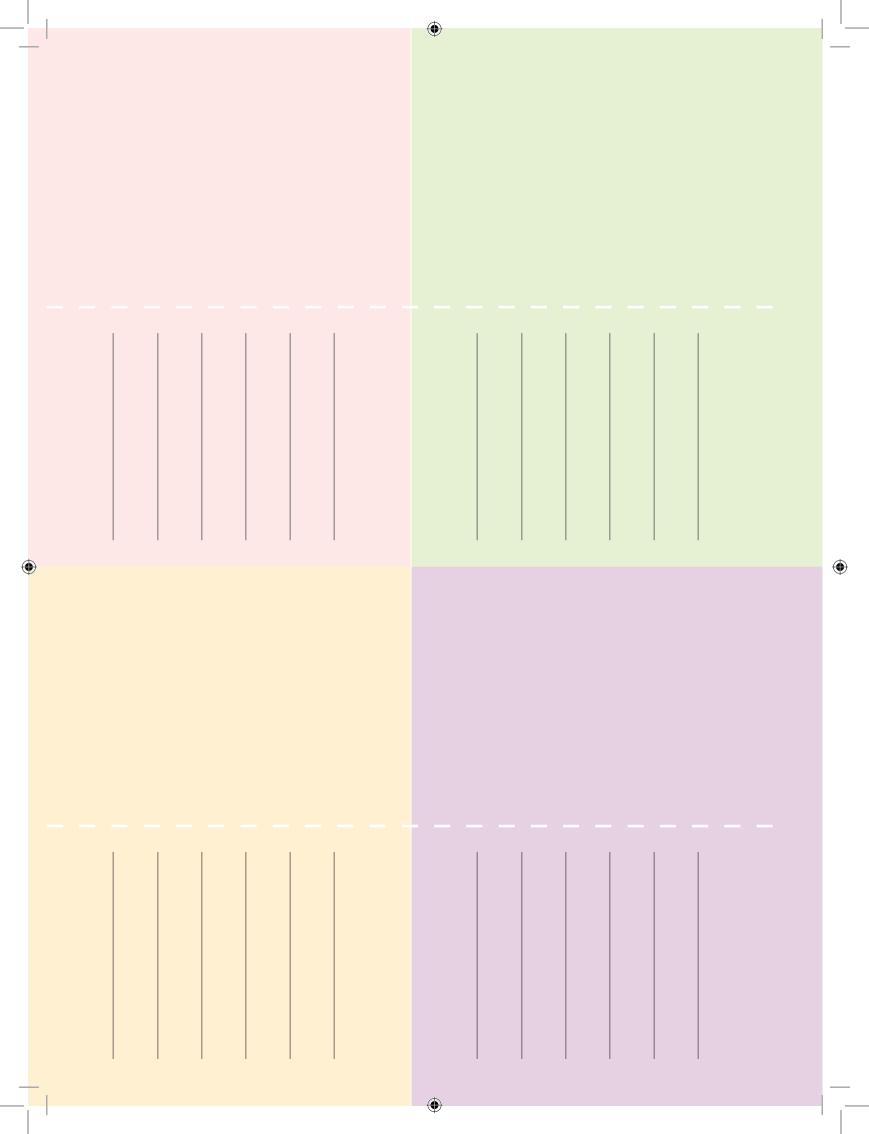
My dictionary

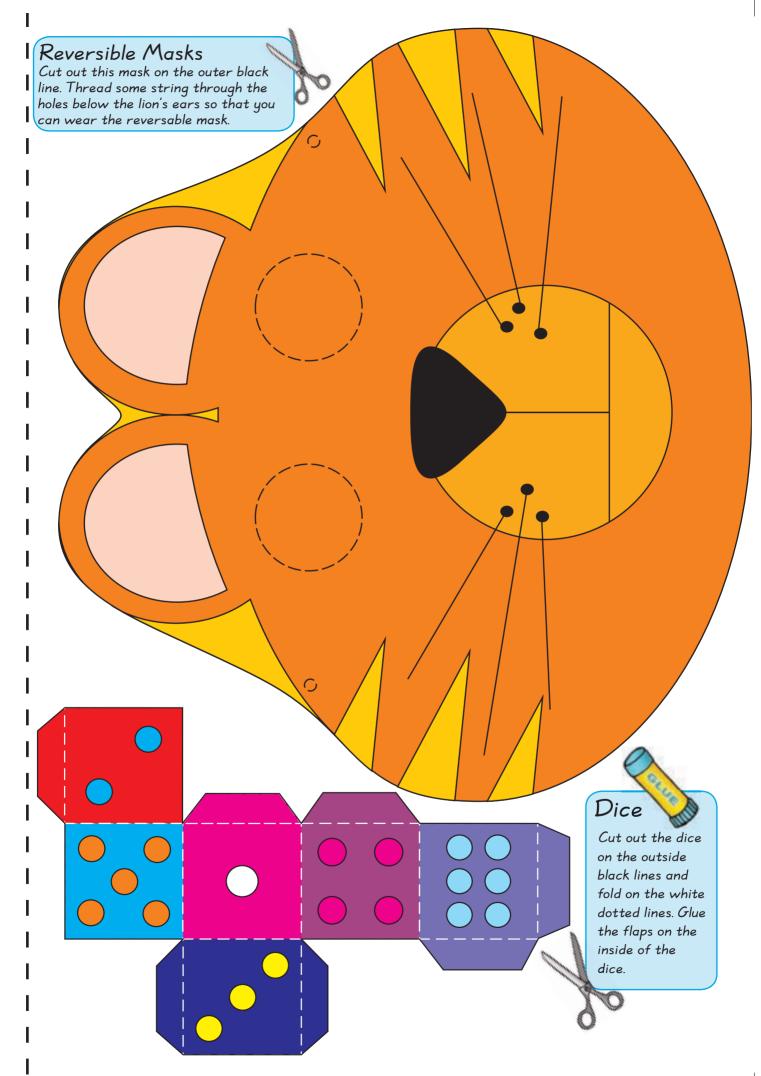




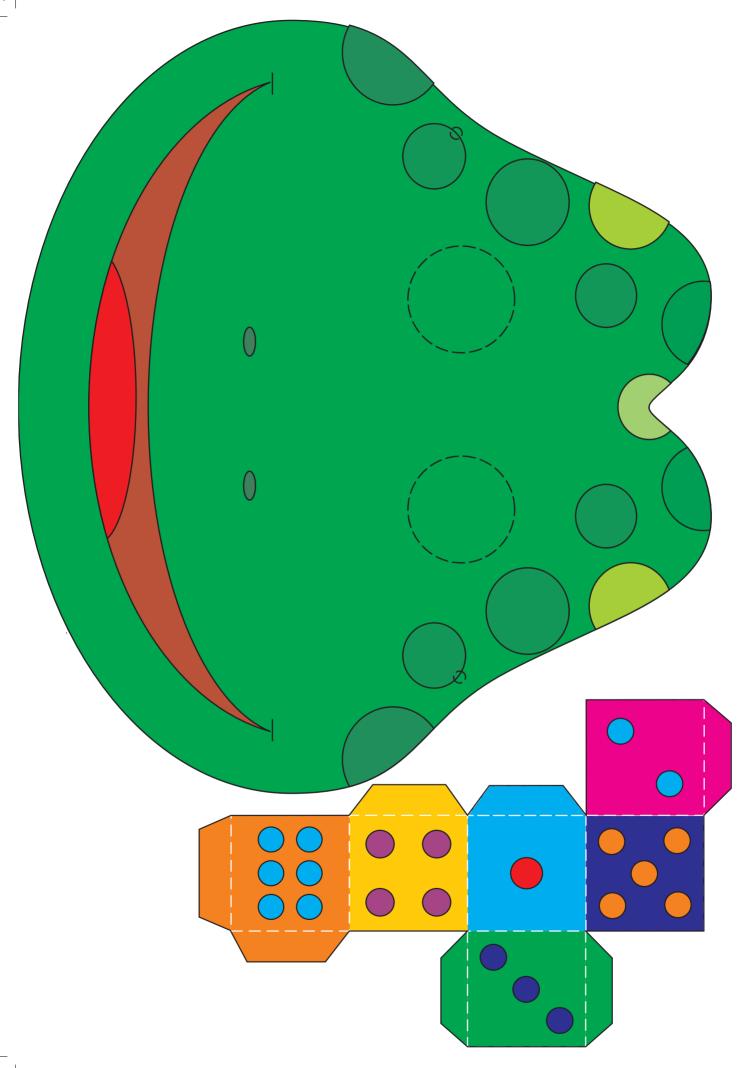




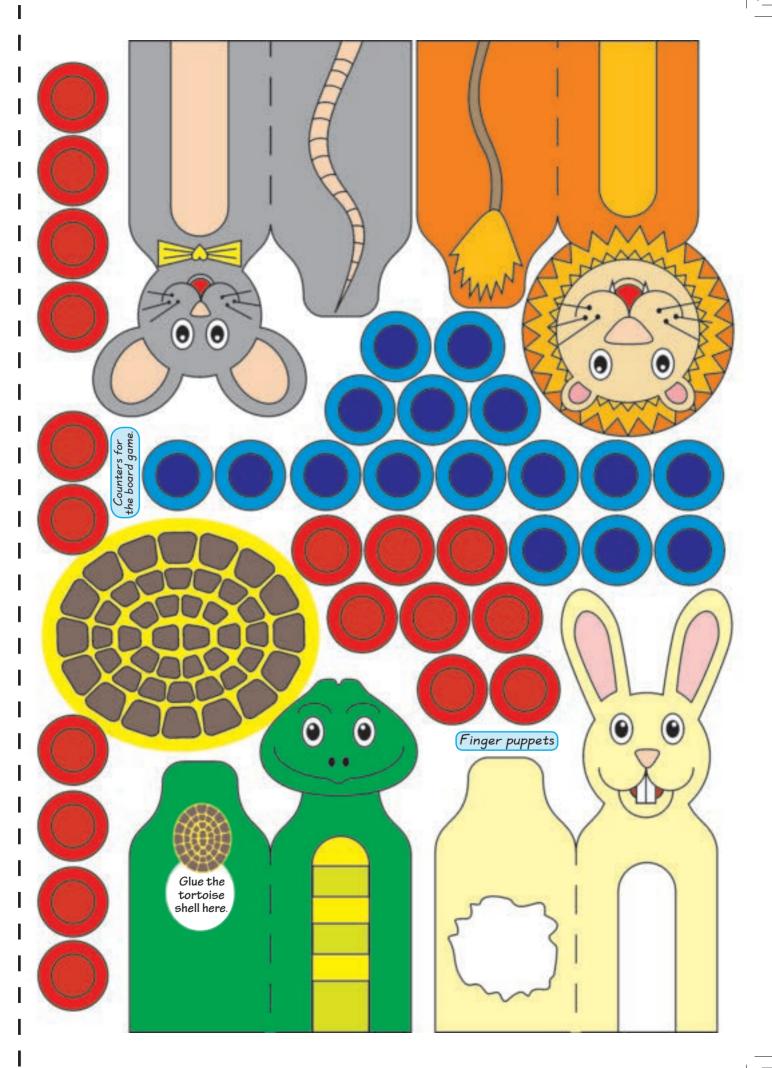


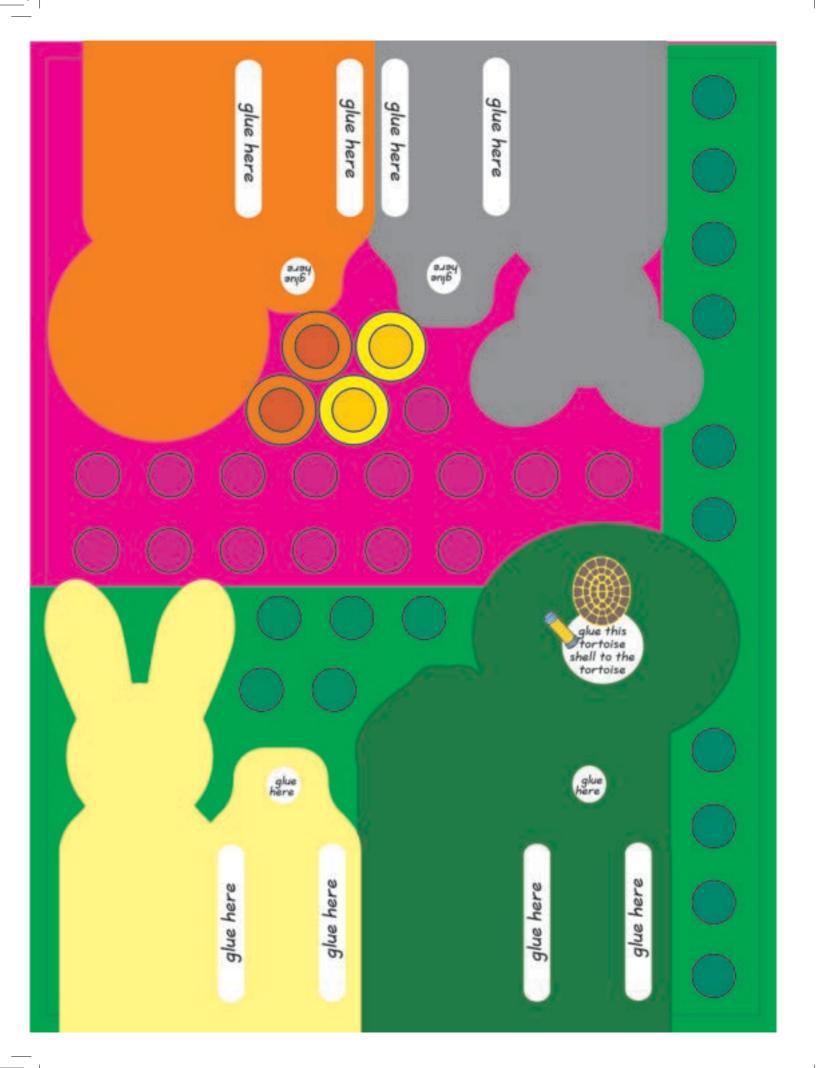


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