

IBanga
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Incwadi Enkulu yezindaba ezincane



basic education
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Incwadi yoku-

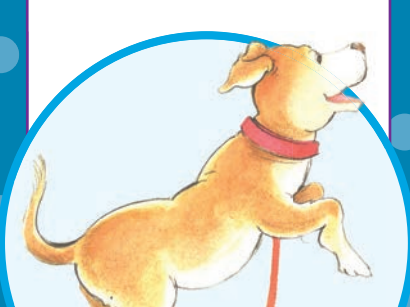
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UTUNZISI





Izindaba ezikule ncwadi:



1

UPhithiza uthola umngani omusha

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2

Idube layithola kanjani imithende?

13



Isetshenziswa kanjani Incwadi Enkulu:

Njengothisha, kuzodingeka uzilungiselele ukwenza isifundo sokufunda ngokuhlanganyela nekilasi lakho. Ngokujwayelekile, uma kufundwa ngokuhlanganyela wena thisha usebenzisana nekilasi lonke; kanti uma lilikhulu kakhulu kudingeka ulehlukanise amaqembu amancane, noma-ke usebenze nengxeny yalo. Kumele uqiniseke ukuthi abafundi bahlala benze isiyingi bayibone kahle Incwadi Enkulu ukuze bakwazi ukufunda kalula okubhalwe kuyo.

Encwadini Enkulu umfundi ufunda ukubamba incwadi, ukuyimisa kahle, kanye nokuphenya amakhasi ngenkathi kufundwa ngokuhlanganyela. Nendlela okufundwa ngayo umfundi uyaqeqesheka ngayo, kuthuthuke ikhono lokulalela, lokukhuluma, lokufunda imibhalo, lokucabanga nelokubhala, njengoba kubalula iCAPS:

- Ukuthuthukisa ikhono lokulalela nokukhuluma.
- Ukuthuthukisa ikhono lokufunda kwabasaqala.
- Ukuphendula imibuzo emayelana nendaba.
- Ukuzibandakanya ezingxoxweni nalapho kukhulunywa ngokudedelana.
- Ukudweba, ukulingisa indaba.
- Ukusebenzisa izithombe ukuqagela ukuthi indaba imayelana nani.
- Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela ukuze kuthuthukiswe ukubhala ngokuhlanganyela.

Ukulungiselela ukufunda Incwadi Enkulu

- Qiniseka ukuthi bonke abafundi bayayibona incwadi. Uma ikilasi lakho lilikhulu, yakha iqembu elincane usebenze nalo.
- Kuzodingeka wenze uhlaka ozomisa ngalo incwadi ukuze uvike ukuhlala uyibambile ngenkathi kufundwa. (Bheka imiyalelo yokwenza uhlaka lokumisa incwadi ekhaveni ngemuva.)
- Sebenzisa irula ukukhomba nokulandela amagama ngenkathi ufunda.
- Uma ufuna ukugqamisa amagama athile, sebenzisa amabhamuza enkulumo ukokelezele igama ngawo, noma usebenzise esikubiza 'ngephepha elinefasitela'. Ungakwenza lokhu ngokusika iphepha libe ngunxande, bese usika unxande phakathi nalo wakhe ngawo ifasitela, bese leli phepha ulibeka phezu kwamagama ukuze kugqame igama elilodwa ngesikhathi.

Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela kokuqala

Ingxeny yokuqala kulesi sifundo ibheka kakhulu ukuthi abafundi bayakujabulela yini ukufunda 'nokubona' umbhalo okokuqala, lapho abafundi kudingeka khona bakhombise ukuzibandakanya ngamunye ngamunye.

- Phenya amakhasi endaba ezofundwa udlulise amehlo. Xoxa ngezithombe zayo.
- Cela abafundi baqagele ukuthi indaba imayelana nani ngokulandela izihlokwana kanye nezithombe.
- Yethula amagama alukhuni namasha ngaphambi kokuthi abafundi bayifunde indaba.
- Yenza amakhadi amagama uwasebenzise ukwethula ulwazimagama.
- Yifunde indaba usebenzisa izimo ezahlukahlukene zobuso uphinde uguquguqule izwi, ubuye ufunde ngokushesha. Sebenzisa izitho zomzimba kanye nezimo zobuso ngokuziguqula njalonjalo.
- Sebenzisa induku noma irula ukukhomba amagama ngenkathi uwafunda ukuze abafundi babone ukuthi ufunda kuphi, bakwazi ukunamathisela umsindo wezinhlamvu ngokufanele ekhasini. Lokhu kuzobasiza ukuthola ukuthi kufundwa kusukwe kwesokunxele kuyiwe kwesokudla, kanti kuqalwa phezulu kuyophunywa phansi.
- Sebenzisa lokhu ukwethula 'ulimi lwencwadi': amagama, imisho, ikhasi, umbhali, isihloko, njll.
- Dedela abafundi bazibandakanye nendaba ngokuthola ithuba lokungenelela (njengokuthi badedelwe bamemeze uma mhlawumbe kuthiwa "Gijima, gijima, gijima kakhulu, ngeke uze ungibambe kodwa mina – ngiyindoda eyisinkwa sezimanga!") uma kukhona lokhu embhalweni ofundwayo.
- Kumele kufundwe indaba efanayo izikhathi ezimbili noma ezintathu ukunikeza abafundi ithuba lokuqonda amagama angaba yidlanzana, ukulingisa izinto ezenzeka endabeni noma ukuphinda baxoxe izingxeny zendaba bazethule ngawabo amazwi.

Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela kwesibili

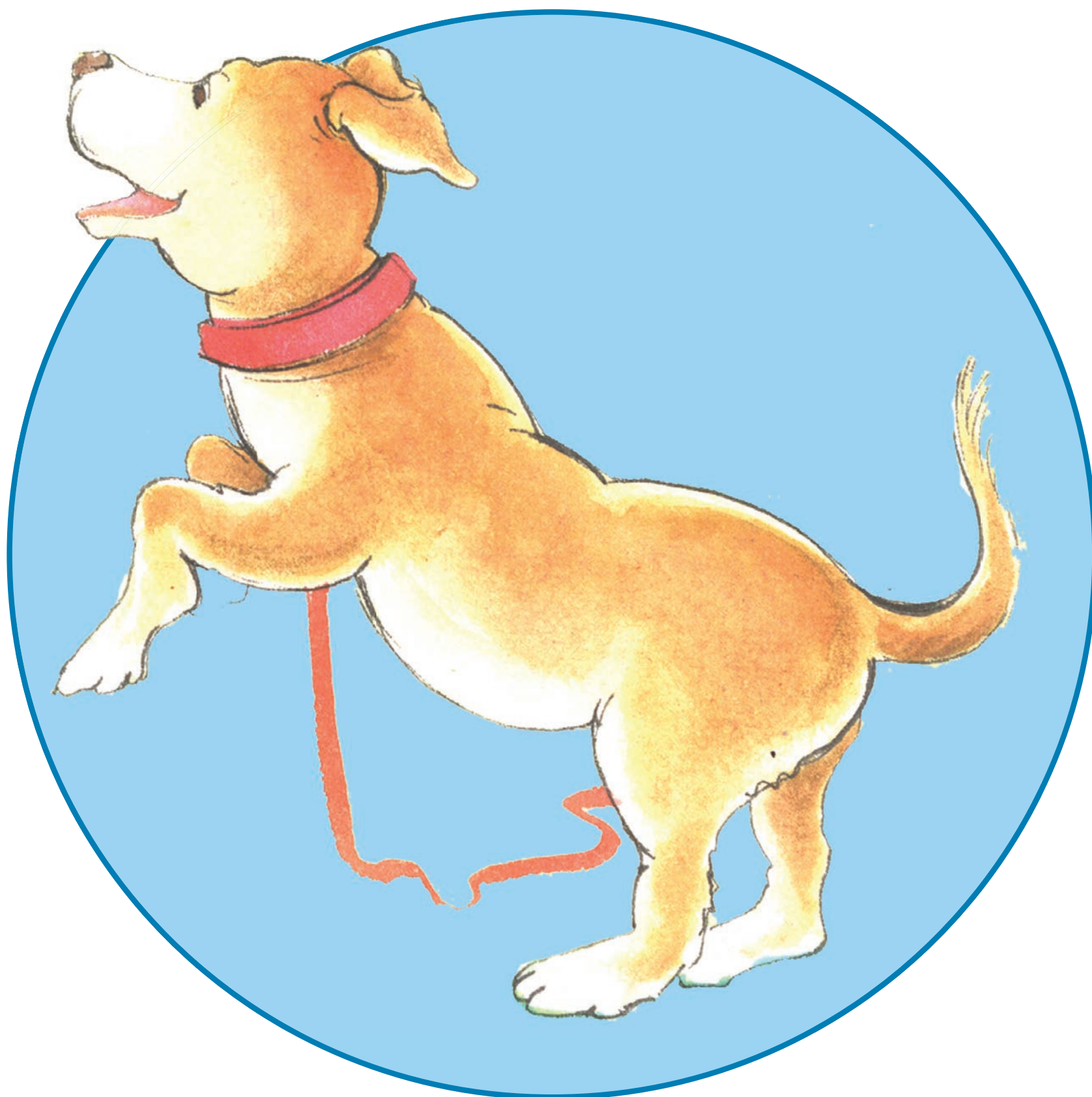
- Lapho sekufundwa okwesibili kudingeka kusetshenziswe umbhalo ofanayo, bese kubhekwa kakhulu ukuzibandakanya kwabafundi ngokuthi uthisha axoxisane nabo ngenhloso yokuthuthukisa ulwazimagama, ukuqonda izakhiwo zamagama (ulimi, ukusetshenziswa kwezimpawu, njll).
- Kukuwe thisha ukuthi ubheke kakhulu izinto ezifana: nokuma kwemibhalo, ukwakheka kwemibhalo, imisindo, ulimi, ukubona amagama athile kanye namazinga ahlukahlukene okuqonda imibhalo (ukuhleleka, ukuthi amagama aqondeni, ukuwacwaninga kanye nokubuza imibuzo ekhombisa ukulangazelela).

Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela kwesithathu

- Uma sekufundwa okwesithathu, abafundi kumele bazifundele bona uqobo, baxoxe baphinde babhale imisebenzi yokwenziwa ngombhalo abawufundile.
- Uma kuvuma, Ukufunda Ngokuhlanganyela kumele kubambe iqhaza ekwenzeni ngcono Ukubhala Ngokuhlanganyela, lapho uthisha ekhombisa khona ukuthi kubhalwa kanjani, abafundi babhale ngokwabo nabo ngenkathi uthisha elokhu ebahlola enza namanothi. Lokhu kukhulisa abafundi uma kufika isikhathi sokuzenzela ngokwabo imisebenzi ebhalwayo.

1

UPhithiza uthola umngani omusha



UPhindile no-Aphiwe kanye
noPhithiza bayazihambela nje.

Namuhla uPhithiza akaziphethe kahle.

Uyasuka uyabaleka.

UPhindile no-Aphiwe
bayamgijimisa.

“Buya, Phithiza!”
kumemeza u-Aphiwe.







Nanguya uPhithiza eya odongeni
lwasepaki. Uyalunukanuka udonga.

Yini lena ayizwa odongeni?

Ngabe yibhola elinombala obomvu
noluhlaza?

“Hhow! Hhow! Hhow!”



“Ubonani, Phithiza?” kubuza uPhindile.
Ngabe yithambo elikhulu?
Ngabe wu-ayisikhilimu?
“Hhaw! Hhaw! Hhaw!”

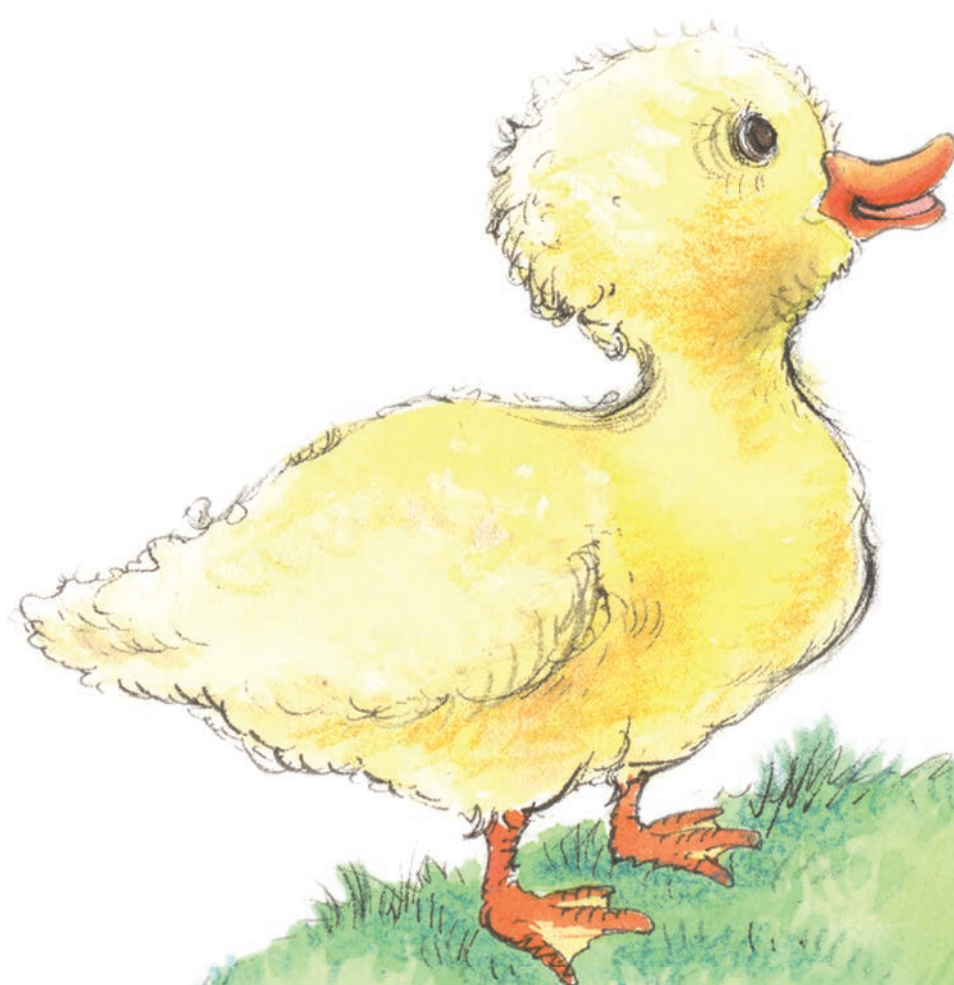
UPhindile no-Aphiwe bayamlandela
baya epaki.

“Kwe-kwe! Kwe-kwe!”

Yidada elincane eliphuzi.

Lilahlekile leli dada.

Asondela kancane kancane kulo
amantombazanyana.





“Ngabe ulahlekile yini wena dada
elincane eliphuzi?”

Sikuthathe siye nawe
echibini?”
kubuza
uPhindile.



Aphinde akhonkothe
uPhithiza. “Hhow! Hhow! Hhow!”

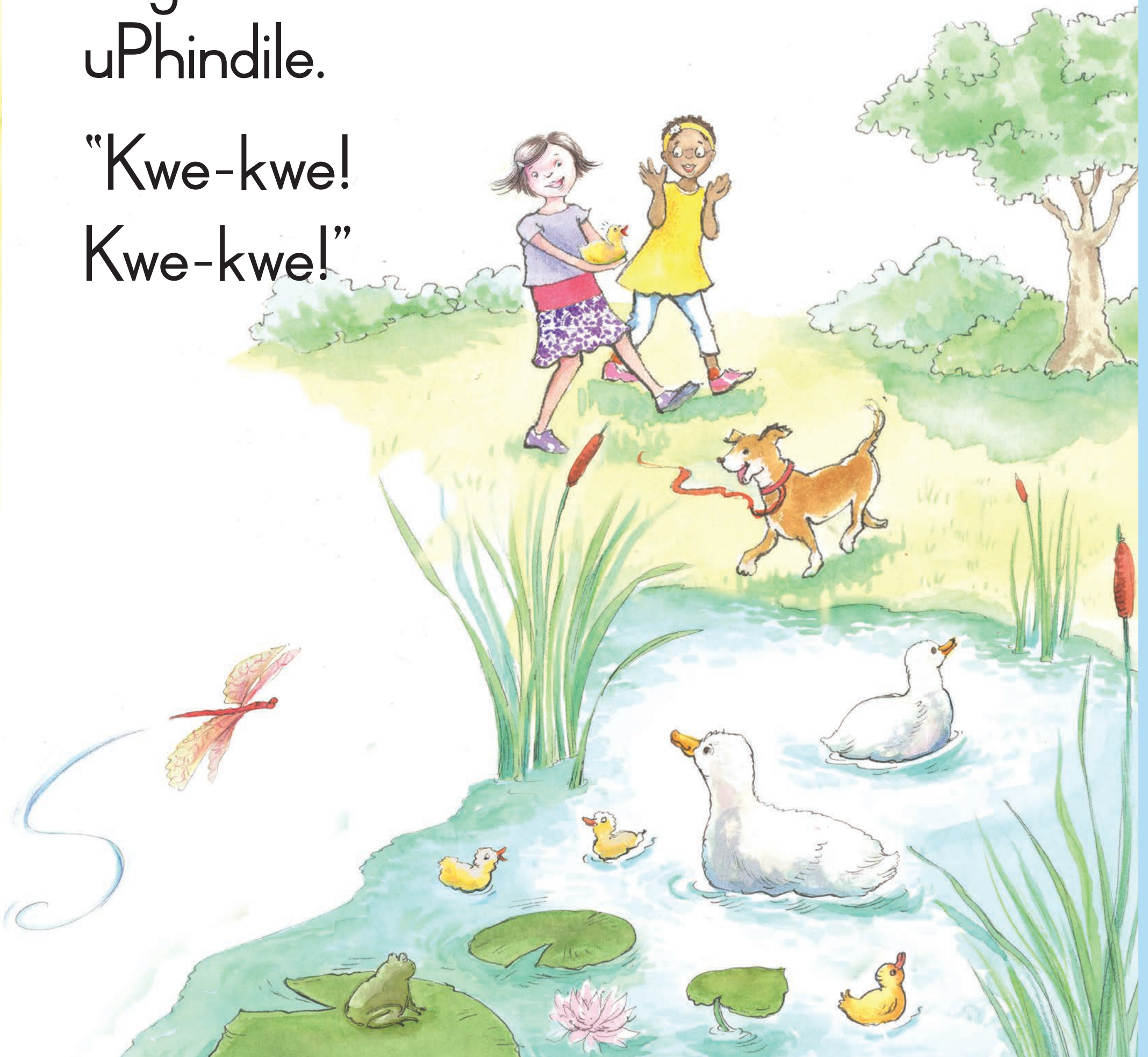
“Kahle, Phithiza! Musa ukulikhonkotha
idada elincane eliphuzi,” kusho u-Aphiwe.

“Idada elincane lethukile.”

UPhindile no-Aphiwe bathatha idada
elincane baya nalo echibini.

“Nangu umama wakho nobaba wakho.
Awubheke, abafowenu nawodadewenu
bayabhukuda echibini,” kusho
uPhindile.

“Kwe-kwe!
Kwe-kwe!”



“Sengathi singalithatha siye nalo ekhaya
leli dada.”

Idada elincane eliphuzi
liyabhukuda liya le kude.

“Ngicabanga ukuthi lifuna
ukuhlala nomndeni walo,”
kusho uPhindile.

“Kwe-kwe! Kwe-kwe!”

UPhithiza ubona amachwane
edada ebhukuda
echibini.

Washo phakathi naye.

Phaxa! phaxa! phaxa!
emanzini!





“Hhayi bo wena Phithiza, musa ukuganga.”
Phuma lapho!” kumemeza uPhindile.

Aphume uPhithiza emanzini, azithintithe
ezomisa. “Awubheke Phithiza, sengimanzi
manje. Masiye ekhaya,” kusho u-Aphiwe.

UPhithiza uvalelisa umngani
wakhe omusha.

“Hhow! Hhow! Hhow!”

**Nakekela izilwane
ezingabangani
bakho!**





Kudaladala onke amadube
ayemhlophe.



Ngelinye ilanga uMnu noNkk Dube
bamenywa edilini. Babefuna
ukubukeka bebahle kakhulu, ngakho
bazipenda ngemibala egqamile.
Bathi uma bezibuka, uNkk Dube
wathi, "Asibukeki kodwa kahle!"
Wamvumela uMnu Dube.



Ngakho uNkk Dube wazipenda isifuba
saba mnyama kanti uMnu Dube yena
wazipenda imilenze yangemuva yaba
mnyama.

Abayithandanga indlela ababebukeka
ngayo, ngakho
bawususa
upende.



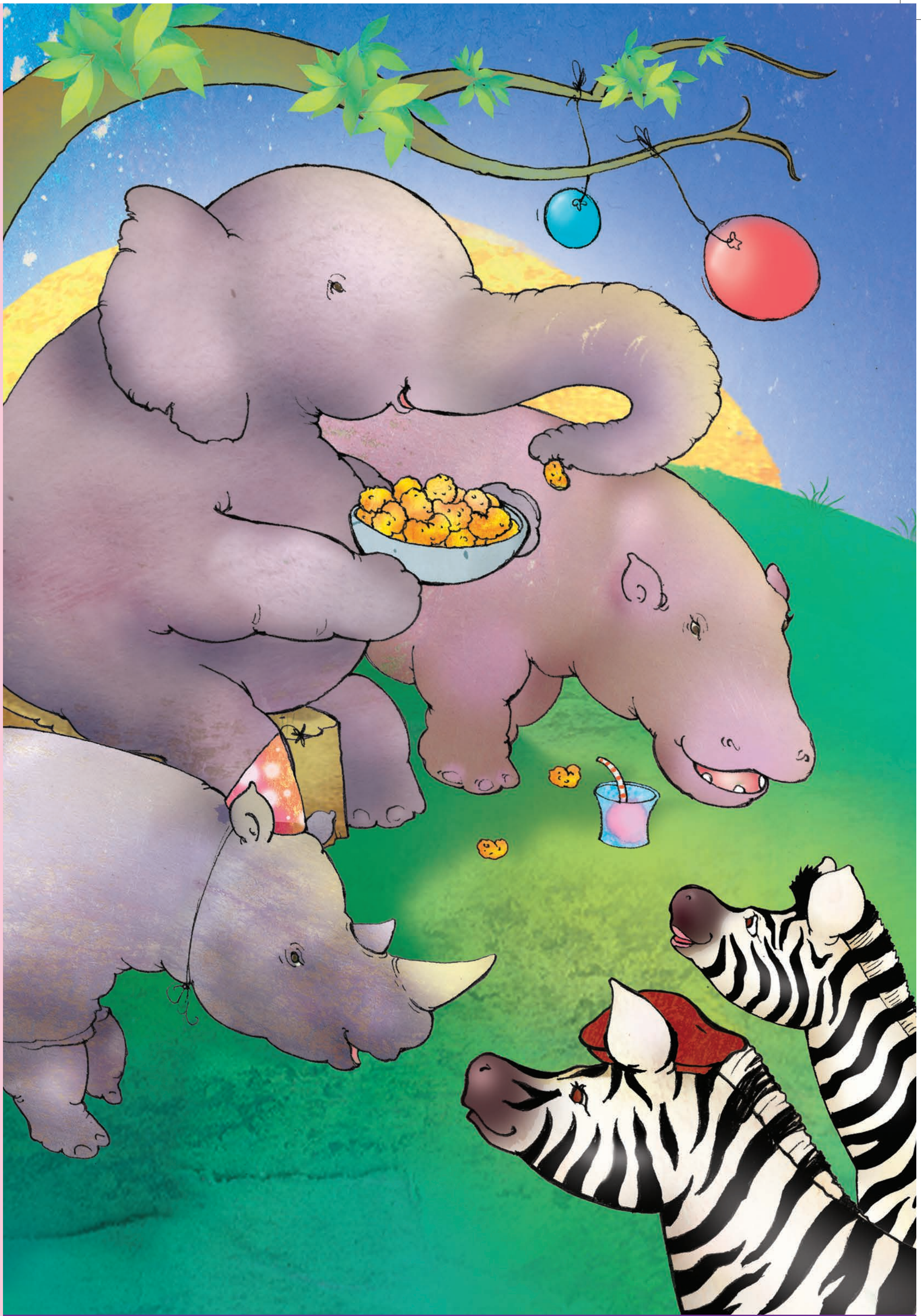


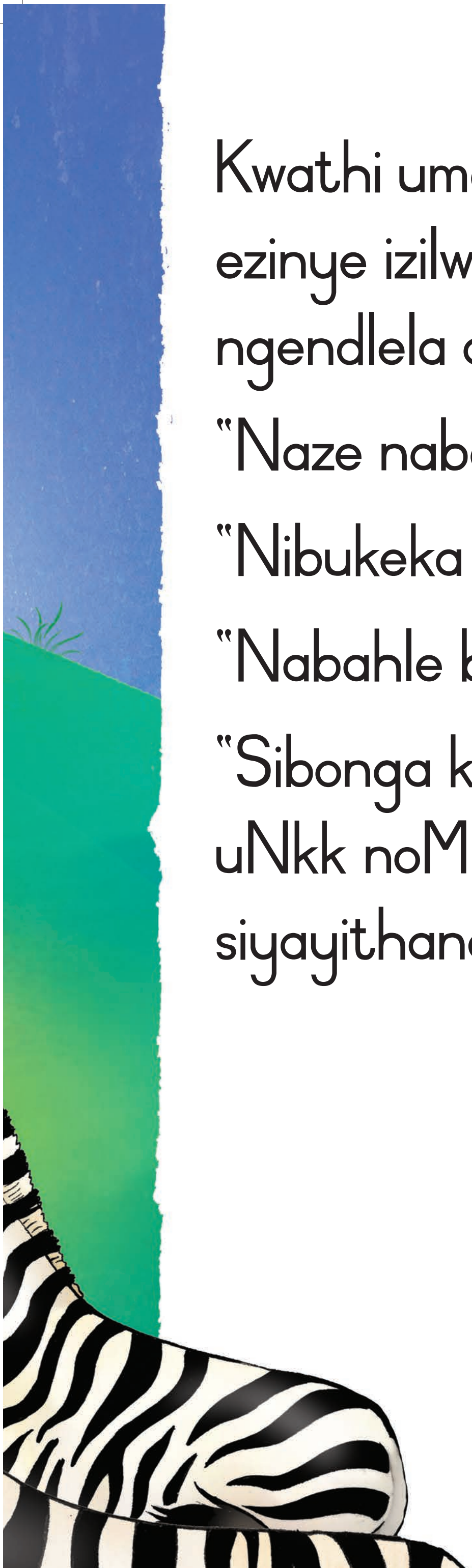
Basuka lapho bapenda imithende
emnyama emizimbeni yabo.

Bathi uma bezibuka babona ukuthi
bahle.

“Sibukeka kahle-ke manje,” kusho bona.

Baya emcimbini sebeyithanda kakhulu
indlela ababukeka ngayo.

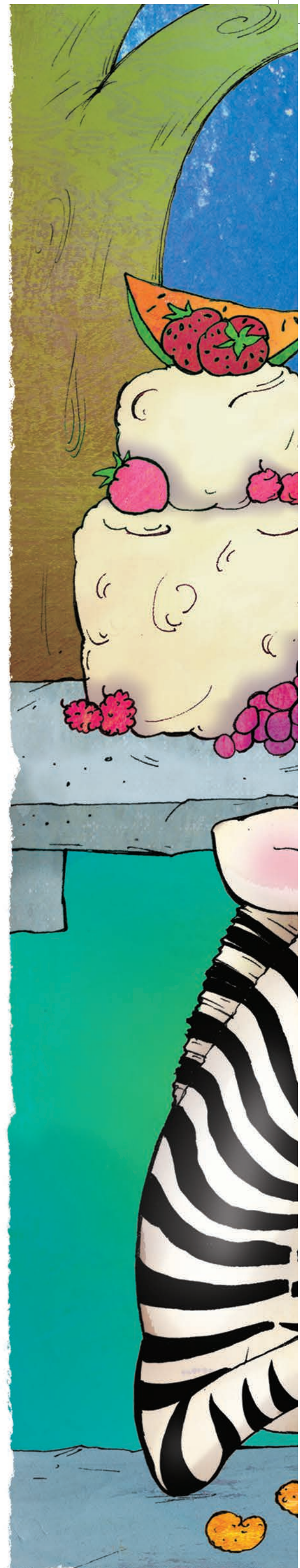


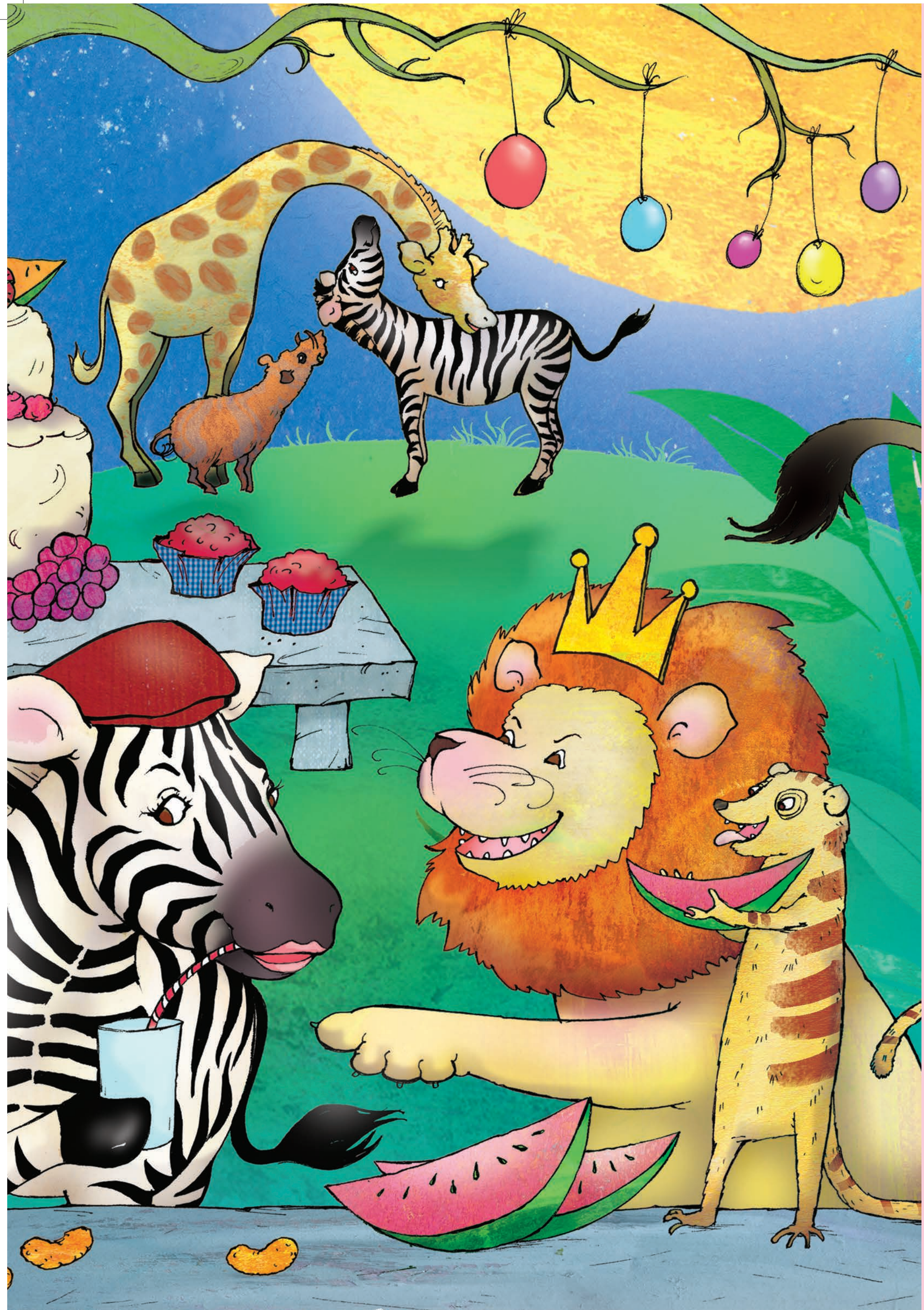


Kwathi uma befika emcimbini
ezinye izilwane zamangala
ngendlela ababebukeka ngayo.
"Naze nabahle," kusho indlovu.
"Nibukeka kahle," kusho imvubu.
"Nabahle bo," kusho ubhejane.
"Sibonga kakhulu," kusho
uNkk noMnu Dube. "Nathi
siyayithanda imithende yethu!"

Bonke edilini bayithanda
kakhulu imithende yabo.

UNkk Ndlulamithi watshela
uNkk Dube ukuthi
iyamfanela imithende
yakhe.





NoNkosi uBhubesi wabatshela
ukuthi bahle.

INkosi uBhubesi yabeka umbono
wokuthi wonke amadube azipende
ngemithende emnyama. Ngoba
ibhubesi labe liyinkosi, amadube
alalela.



Ngemuva kwezinsuku ezimbalwa,
amadube aya emfuleni ukuyogeza
imithende emnyama, kodwa ehluleka
ukususa upende.

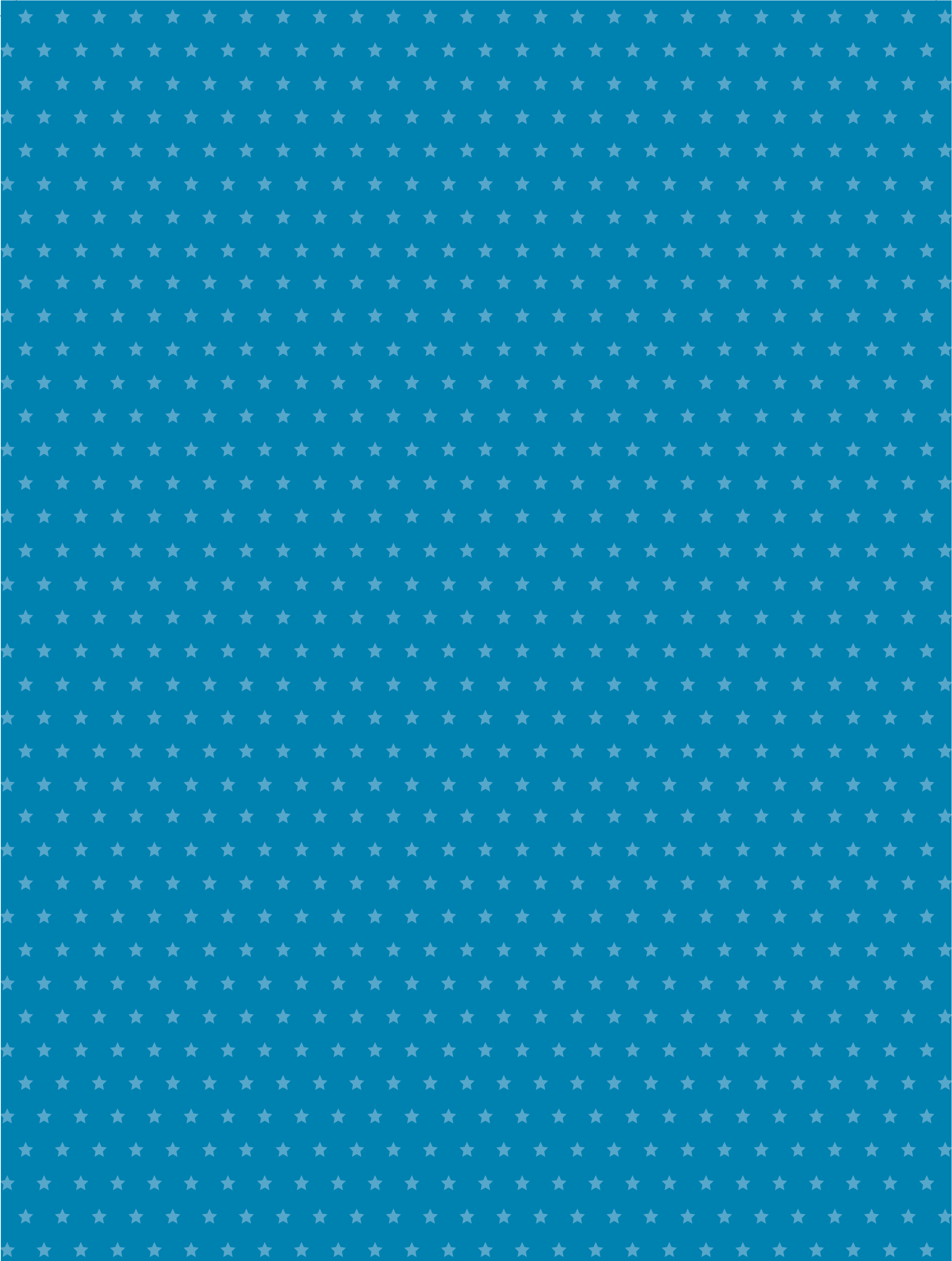
Kwenzekani? Ilanga labe seliyishisile
imithende emnyama yanamathela
emizimbeni yawo.



Kuze kube namhlanje amadube
awakwazi ukususa imithende yawo.
Yingakho onke amadube enemithende
emnyama.

Ubuhle bempela busenhliziyweni!





Siyakwamukela kulolu chungechunge lweZincwadi Ezinkulu. Incwadi Enkulu lena ingxenge yezincwadi ezisohlwini olubizwa ngeRainbow Series, okukhona kuyo izincwadi zokusebenzela, isilulu sezindaba nezinkondlo, amaphosta kanye nezincwadi ezihlelwe ngamazinga ehlukehukene. Sethemba ukuthi uzozithola zilusizo izindaba ezahlukehukene ochungechungeni lwalezi Zincwadi Ezinkulu eziyisishiyagalombili ezibekelwe leli banga. Kulindeleke ukuthi abafundi bakho bakuthokozele ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela. I-CAPS, Emabangeni Aphansi iphawula ukuthi kubalulekile Ukufunda Ngokuhlanganyela ekufundiseni ukufundwa kwemibhalo. Ukufunda Ngokuhlanganyela kuvame ukuthatha izinsuku ezimbili kuya kwezine esontweni ngalinge lapho umfundi ngamunye efunda khona umbhalo ofanayo. Izincwadi zokusebenzela, ndawonye nezincwadi ezihlelwe ngokwamazinga, kulungiselwe ukufezekisa yona le ngxenge yokufunda.

Nokho-ke, ukusebenzisa Incwadi Enkulu enamagama amakhulu lapho fundwa ngokuhlanganyela, kuyindlela enhle kakhulu ngoba abafundi bakwazi ukubona amagama nezithombe, bakulandele ngenkathi ufunda, lokhu kwenzeke ngendlela efanayo nangenkathi izindaba zisaxoxwa. Kubalulekile ukuthi abafundi bahlale bakhe isiyingi bakokelezele Incwadi Enkulu, ukuze bawubone futhi bawufunde kahle umbhalo wayo. Amagama amakhulu akule ncwadi asiza ukuthi kufundeke kalula ngokuphumisela ukuze kuzwe abafundi abanengi ngesikhathi esisodwa esimeni esikhululekile nesejwayelekile.

Izincwadi ezinkulu kulolu chungechunge zethula kubafundi izindaba ezahlukehukene, izinkondlo, imilozelo kanye nemidlalo okuhambisana nolwazi kanye nemibhalo enezithombe.

Umsebenzi wakho njengothisha ukwenza izindaba ziphile ngenkathi ufundela abafundi, zijabulise, zibe noggozi. Ukusebenzisa Izincwadi Ezinkulu kwenza ukufunda kuthokozelewe nguwe kanye nabafundi ngokufanayo. Sethemba ukuthi le ncwadi izokusiza kulokhu.



Zenzele olwakho uhlaka lokumisa Incwadi Enkulu

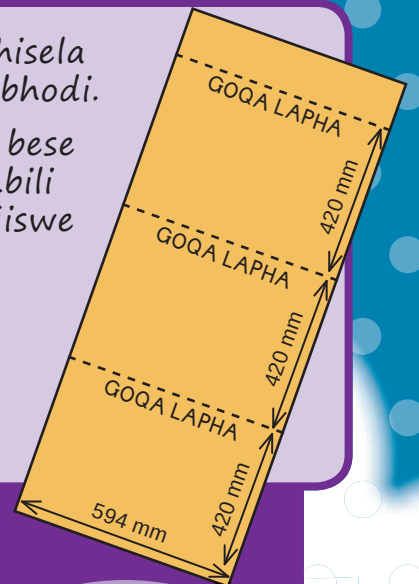
Nakhu ozokudinga:

1. Ikhadibhodi elinobubanzi obulingana nobeNcwadi Enkulu (594 mm) kanye nobude obuphindwe kathathu (1360 mm).
2. Itheyiphu yokunamathisela
3. Amaphegi amabili okunamathisela ikhadibhodi.

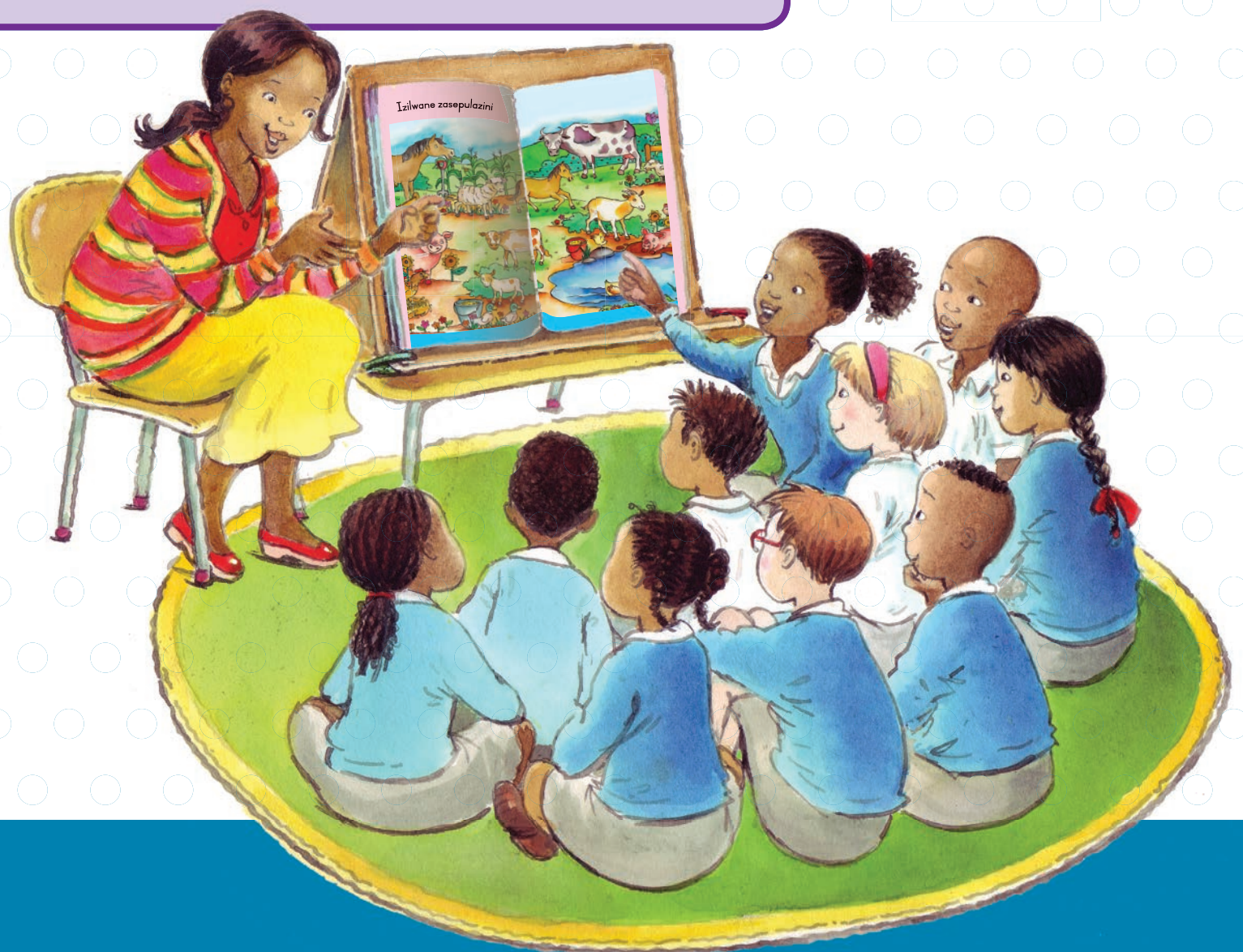


Sebenzisa itheyiphu yokunamathisela ukuhlanganisa izingcezu zekhadibhodi.

Gqa ikhadibhodi ulenze uhlaka bese ubamba iphansi lalo nengaphambili ukuhlanganise njengoba kukhonjiswe emdwebeni.



- Sebenzisa ipulastiki ukwemboza Incwadi Enkulu. Kuyamsiza umfundi kanye nothisha lokhu ukuba abhale kukho.
- Bhala ngepeni elisuleka ngamanzi kulesi sembozo sepulastiki.
- Sebenzisa iphegi ukunamathisela ipulastiki encwadini enkulu.



Eminye imibono ngokufunda Incwadi Enkulu

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