

IBanga  
loku- **1**



# Incwadi Enkulu yezindaba ezincane

ISIZULU



basic education

Department:  
Basic Education  
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

Incwadi yoku-



# Isetshenziswa kanjani Incwadi Enkulu:



## Izindaba ezikule ncwadi:



### 1 Siyalithanda ibhola lezinyawo

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# Isetshenziswa kanjani Incwadi Enkulu:

Njengothisha, kuzodingeka uzilungiselele ukwenza isifundo sokufunda ngokuhlanganyela nekilasi lakho. Ngokujwayelekile, uma kufundwa ngokuhlanganyela wena thisha usebenzisana nekilasi lonke; kanti uma lilikhulu kakhulu kudingeka ulehluwanise amaqembu amancane, noma-ke usebenze nengxene yalo. Kumele uqiniseke ukuthi abafundi bahlala benze isiyangi bayibone kahle Incwadi Enkulu ukuze bakwazi ukufunda kalula okubhalwe kuyo.

Encwadini Enkulu umfundu ufunda ukubamba incwadi, ukuyimisa kahle, kanye nokuphenya amakhosi ngenkathi kufundwa ngokuhlanganyela. Nendlela okufundwa ngayo umfundu uyaqequesheka ngayo, kuthuthuke ikhono lokulalela, lokukhuluma, lokufunda imibhalo, lokucabanga nelokubhala, njengoba kubalula iCAPS:

- Ukuthuthukisa ikhono lokulalela nokukhuluma.
- Ukuthuthukisa ikhono lokufunda kwabasaqala.
- Ukuphendula imibuzo emayelana nendaba.
- Ukuzebandakanya ezingoxweni nalapho kukhulunwa ngokudedelana.
- Ukudweba, ukulingisa indaba.
- Ukusebenzisa izithombe ukuqagela ukuthi indaba imayelana nani.
- Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela ukuze kuthuthukiswe ukubhala ngokuhlanganyela.

## Ukulungiselela ukufunda Incwadi Enkulu

- Qiniseka ukuthi bonke abafundi bayayibona incwadi. Uma ikilasi lakho lilikhulu, yakha iqembu elincane usebenze nalo.
- Kuzodingeka wenze uhlaka ozomisa ngalo incwadi ukuze uvike ukuhlala uyibambile ngenkathi kufundwa. (Bheka imiyalelo yokwenza uhlaka lokumisa incwadi ekhavni ngemuva.)
- Sebenzisa irula ukukhomba nokulandela amagama ngenkathi ufunda.
- Uma ufuna ukugqamisa amagama athile, sebenzisa amabhamuza enkulomo ukokelezele igama ngawo, noma usebenzise esikubiza 'ngephepha elinefasitela'. Ungakwenza lokhu ngokusika iphepha libe ngunxande, bese usika unxande phakathi nalo wakhe ngawo ifasitela, bese leli phepha ulibeka phezu kwamagama ukuze kugqame igama eliodwa ngesikhathi.

## Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela kokugala

Ingxene yokuqala kulesi sifundo ibheka kakhulu ukuthi abafundi bayakujabulela yini ukufunda 'nokubona' umbhalo okokuqala, lapho abafundi kudingeka khona bakhombise ukuzibandakanya ngamunye ngamunye.

- Phenya amakhasi endaba ezofundwa udlulise amehlo. Xoxa ngezithombe zayo.
- Cela abafundi baqagele ukuthi indaba imayelana nani ngokulandela izihlokwana kanye nezithombe.
- Yethula amagama alukhuni namasha ngaphambi kokuthi abafundi bayifunde indaba.
- Yenza amakhadi amagama uwasebenzise ukwethula ulwazimagama.
- Yifunde indaba usebenzisa izimo ezahlukahlukene zobuso uphinde uguquguqule izwi, ubuye ufunde ngokushesha. Sebenzisa izitho zomzimba kanye nezimo zobuso ngokuziguqla njalonjalo.
- Sebenzisa induku noma irula ukukhomba amagama ngenkathi uwafunda ukuze abafundi babone ukuthi ufunda kuphi, bakwazi ukunamathisela umsindo wezinhlamvu ngokufanele ekhasini. Lokhu kuzobasiza ukuthola ukuthi kufundwa kusukwe kwesokunxele kuyiwe kwesokudla, kanti kuqalwa phezulu kuyophunywa phansi.
- Sebenzisa lokhu ukwethula 'ulimi lwencwadi': amagama, imisho, ikhasi, umbhali, isihloko, njll.
- Dedela abafundi bazibandakanye nendaba ngokuthola ithuba lokungenelela (njengokuthi badedelwe bamemeze uma mhlawumbe kuthiwa "Gijima, gijima, gijima kakhulu, ngeke uze ungibambe kodwa mina – ngiyindoda eyisinkwa sezimanga!") uma kukhona lokhu embhalweni ofundwayo.
- Kumele kufundwe indaba efanayo izikhathi ezimbili noma ezintathu ukunikeza abafundi ithuba lokuqonda amagama angaba yidlanzana, ukulingisa izinto ezenzeka endabeni noma ukuphinda baxoxe izingxene zendaba bazethule ngawabo amazwi.

## Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela kwesibili

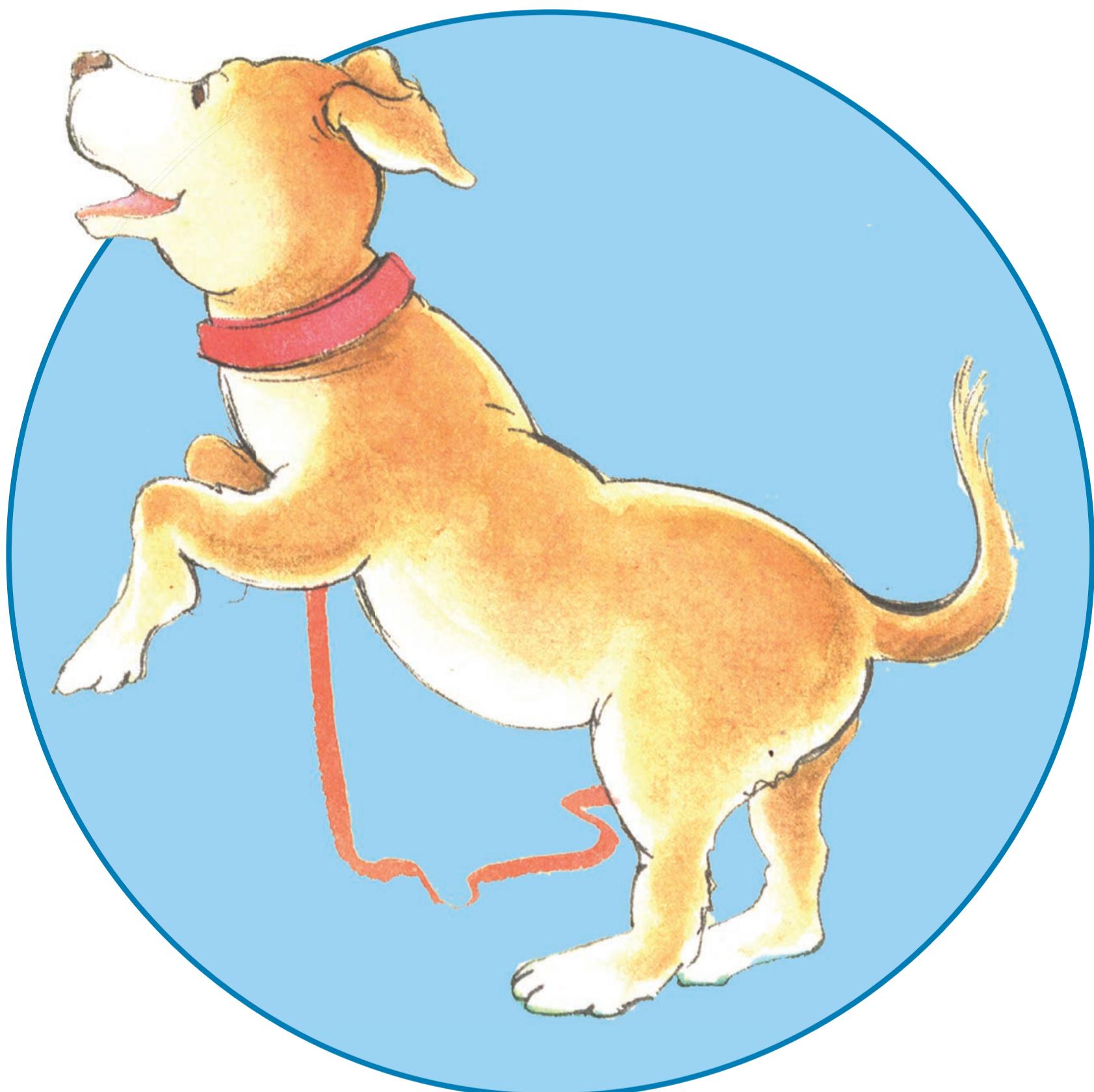
- Lapho sekufundwa okwesibili kudingeka kusetshenziswe umbhalo ofanayo, bese kubhekwa kakhulu ukuzibandakanya kwabafundi ngokuthi uthisha axoxisane nabo ngenhlosi yokuthuthukisa ulwazimagama, ukuqonda izakhiwo zamagama (ulimi, ukusetshenziswa kwezimpawu, njll).
- Kukuwe thisha ukuthi ubheke kakhulu izinto ezifana: nokuma kwemibhalo, ukwakheka kwemibhalo, imisindo, ulimi, ukubona amagama athile kanye namazinga ahlukahlukene okuqonda imibhalo (ukuhleleka, ukuthi amagama aqonden, ukuwacwaninga kanye nokubuza imibuzo ekhombisa ukulangazeleta).

## Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela kwesithathu

- Uma sekufundwa okwesithathu, abafundi kumele bazifundele bona uqobo, baxoxe baphinde babhale imisebenzi yokwenziwa ngombhalo abawufundile.
- Uma kuvuma, Ukufunda Ngokuhlanganyela kumele kubambe iqhaza ekwenzeni ngcono Ukubhala Ngokuhlanganyela, lapho uthisha ekhombisa khona ukuthi kubhalwa kanjani, abafundi babhale ngokwabo nabo ngenkathi uthisha elokhu ebahlola enza namanothi. Lokhu kukhulisa abafundi uma kufika isikhathi sokuzenzela ngokwabo imisebenzi ebhalwayo.

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# UPhithiza uthola umngani omusha



UPhindile no-Aphiwe kanye  
noPhithiza bayazihambela nje.

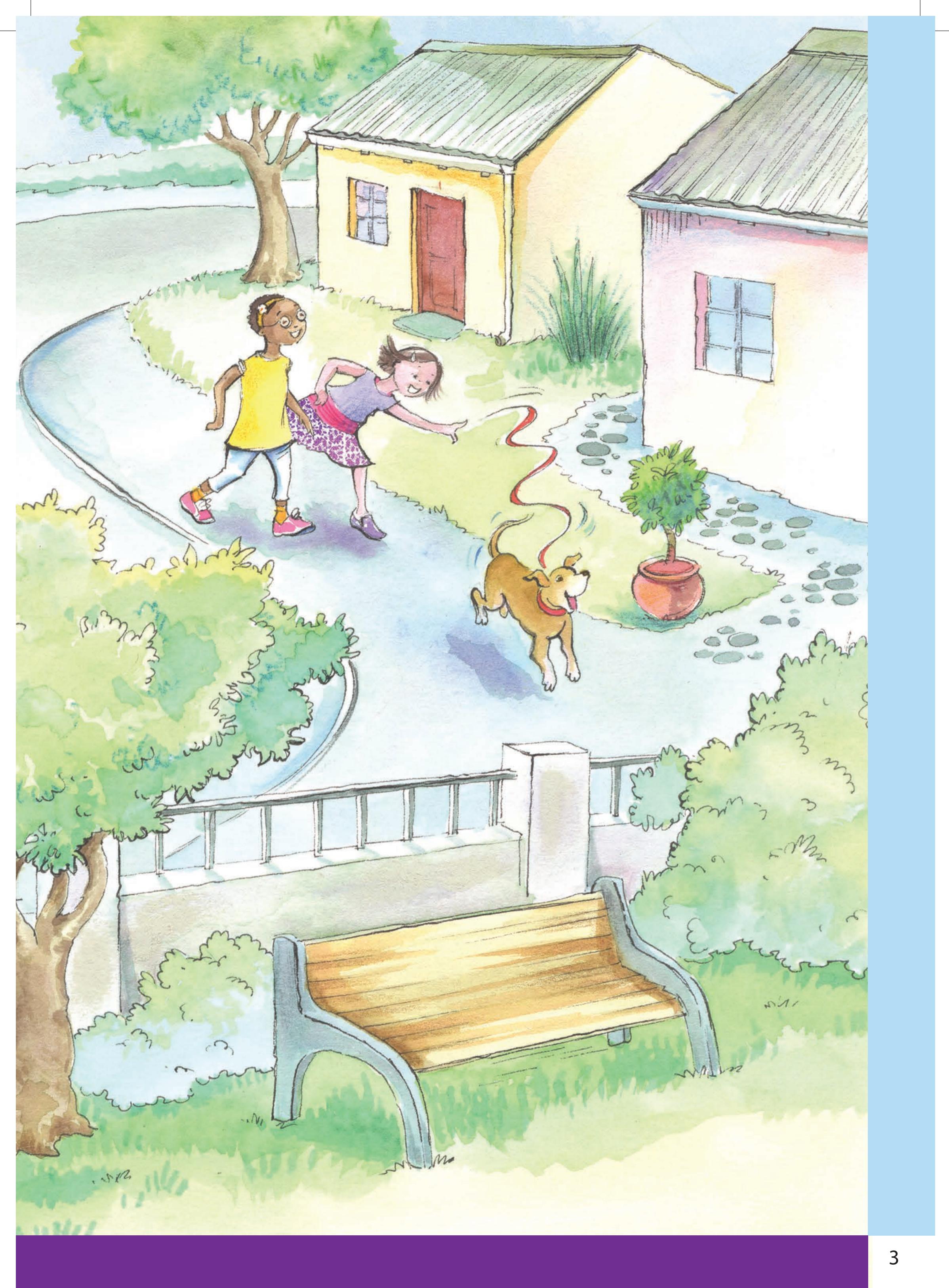
Namuhla uPhithiza akaziphethe kahle.

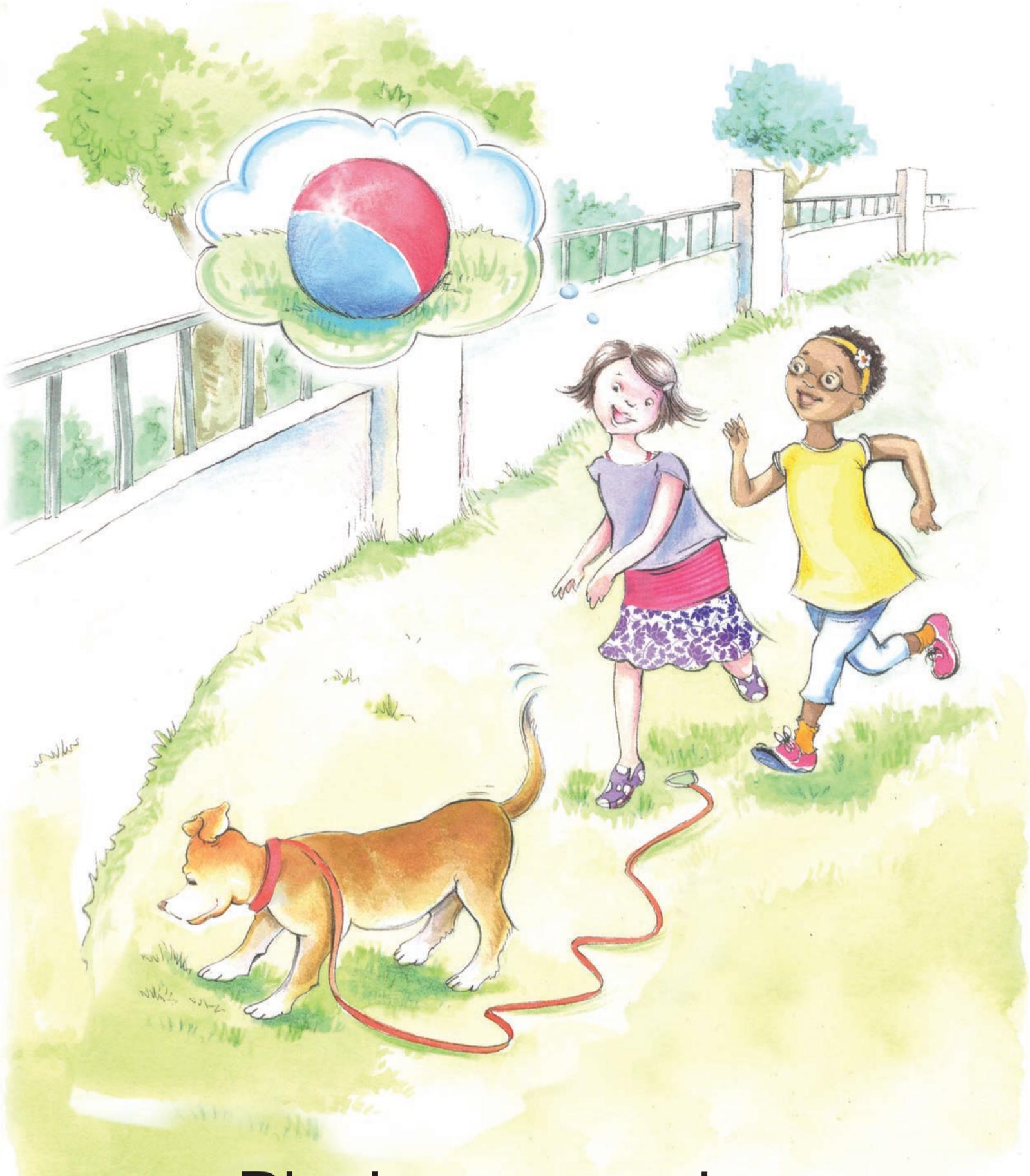
Uyasuka uyabaleka.

UPhindile no-Aphiwe  
bayamgijimisa.

"Buya, Phithiza!"  
kumemeza u-Aphiwe.







Nanguya uPhithiza eya odongeni  
lwasepaki. Uyalunukanuka udonga.

Yini lena ayizwa odongeni?

Ngabe yibhola elinombala obomvu  
noluhlaza?

“Hhow! Hhow! Hhow!”



**"Ubonani, Phithiza?" kubuza uPhindile.**

**Ngabe yithambo elikhulu?**

**Ngabe wu-ayisikhilimu?**

**"Hhaw! Hhaw! Hhaw!"**

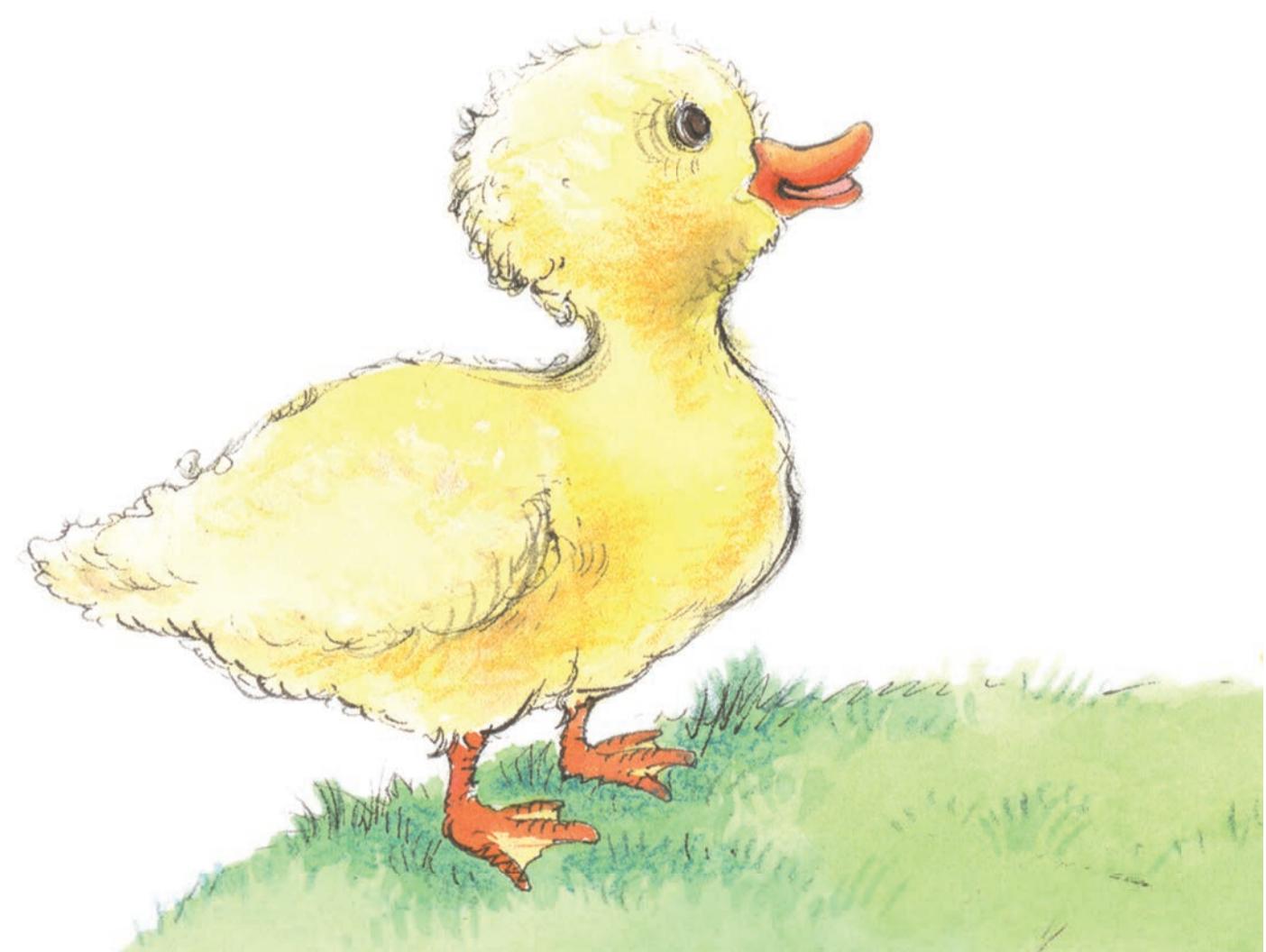
UPhindile no-Aphiwe bayamlandela  
baya epaki.

"Kwe-kwe! Kwe-kwe!"

Yidada elincane eliphuzi.

Lilahlekile leli dada.

Asondela kancane kancane kulo  
amantombazanyana.





"Ngabe ulahlekile yini wena dada  
elincane eliphuzi?"

Sikuthathe siye nawe  
echibini?"  
kubuza  
uPhindile.



Aphinde akhonkothe  
uPhithiza. "Hhow! Hhow! Hhow!"

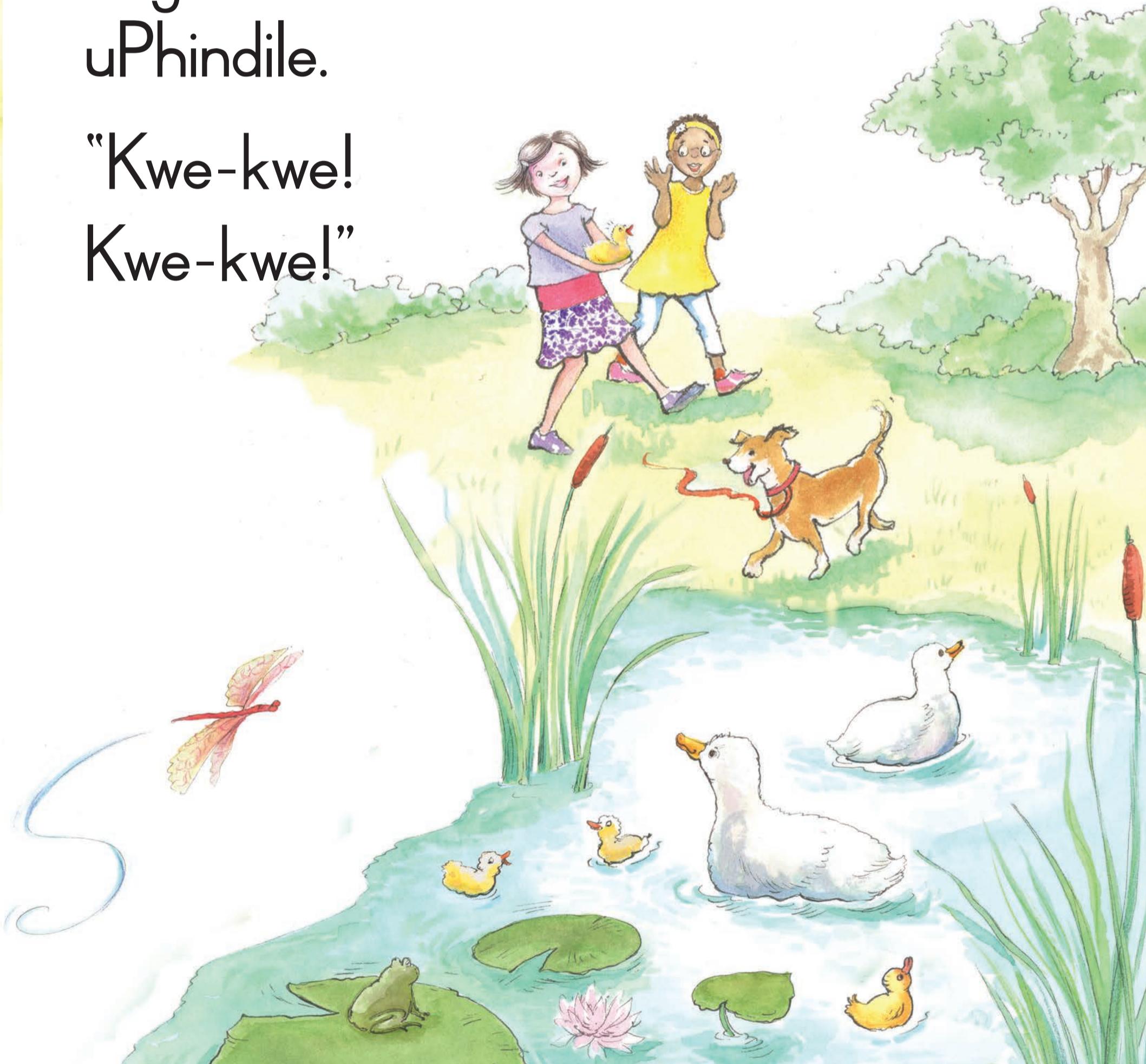
"Kahle, Phithiza! Musa ukulikhonkotha  
idada elincane eliphuzi," kusho u-Aphiwe.

"Idada elincane lethukile."

uPhindile no-Aphiwe bathatha idada  
elincane baya nalo echibini.

"Nangu umama wakho nobaba wakho.  
Awubheke, abafowenu nawodadewenu  
bayabhukuda echibini," kusho  
uPhindile.

"Kwe-kwe!  
Kwe-kwe!"



“Sengathi singalithatha siye nalo ekhaya  
leli dada.”

Idada elincane eliphuzi  
liyabhukuda liya le kude.

“Ngicabanga ukuthi lifuna  
ukuhlala nomndeni walo,”  
kusho uPhindile.

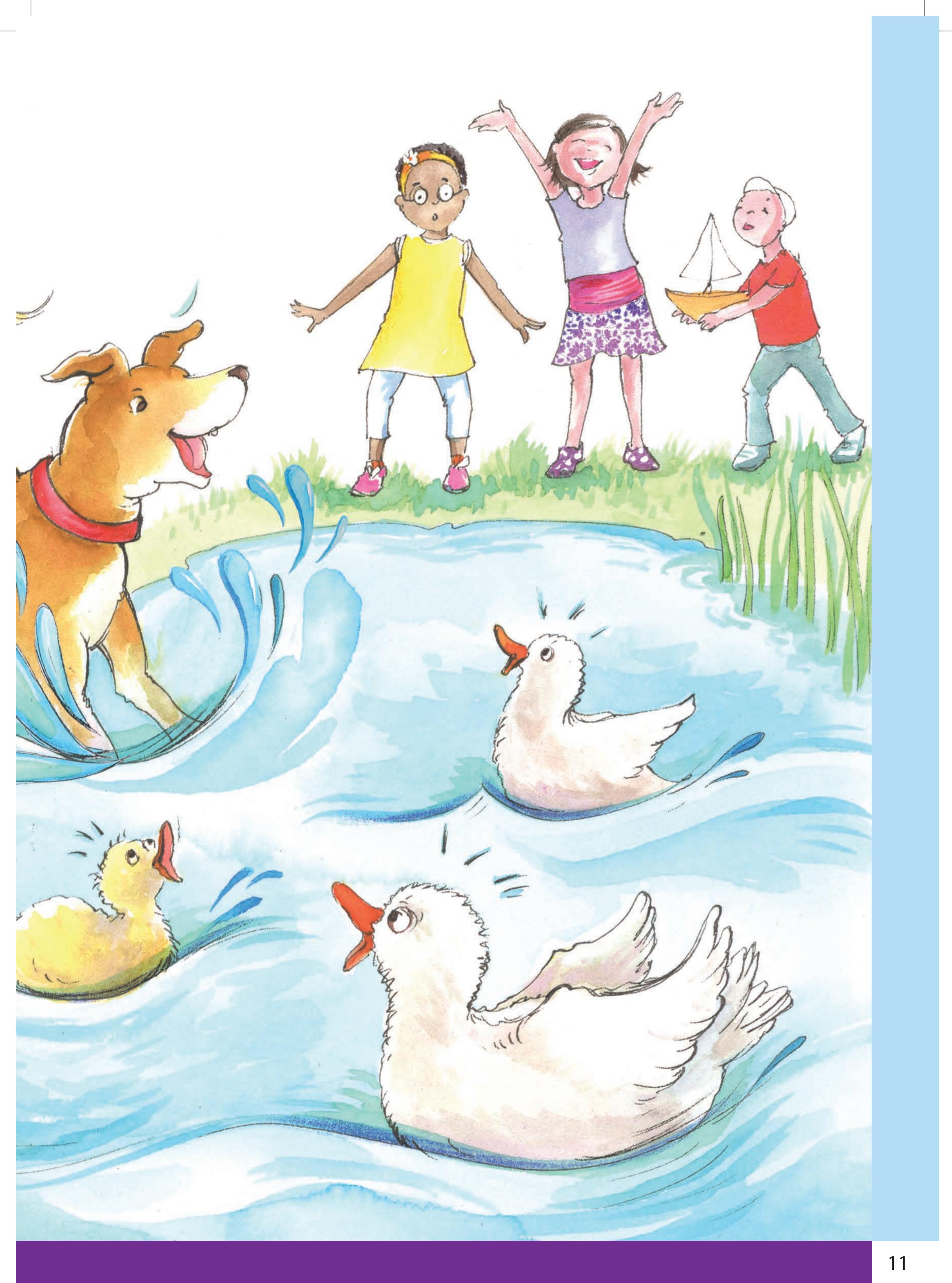
“Kwe-kwe! Kwe-kwe!”

UPhithiza ubona amachwane  
edada ebhukuda  
echibini.

Washo phakathi naye.

Phaxa! phaxa! phaxa!  
emanzini!





"Hhayi bo wena Phithiza, musa ukuganga."

Phuma lapho!" kumemeza uPhindile.

Aphume uPhithiza emanzini, azithintithe ezomisa. "Awubheke Phithiza, sengimanzi manje. Masiye ekhaya," kusho u-Aphiwe.

UPhithiza uvalelisa umngani wakhe omusha.

"Hhow! Hhow! Hhow!"

**Nakekela izilwane  
ezingabangani  
bakho!**

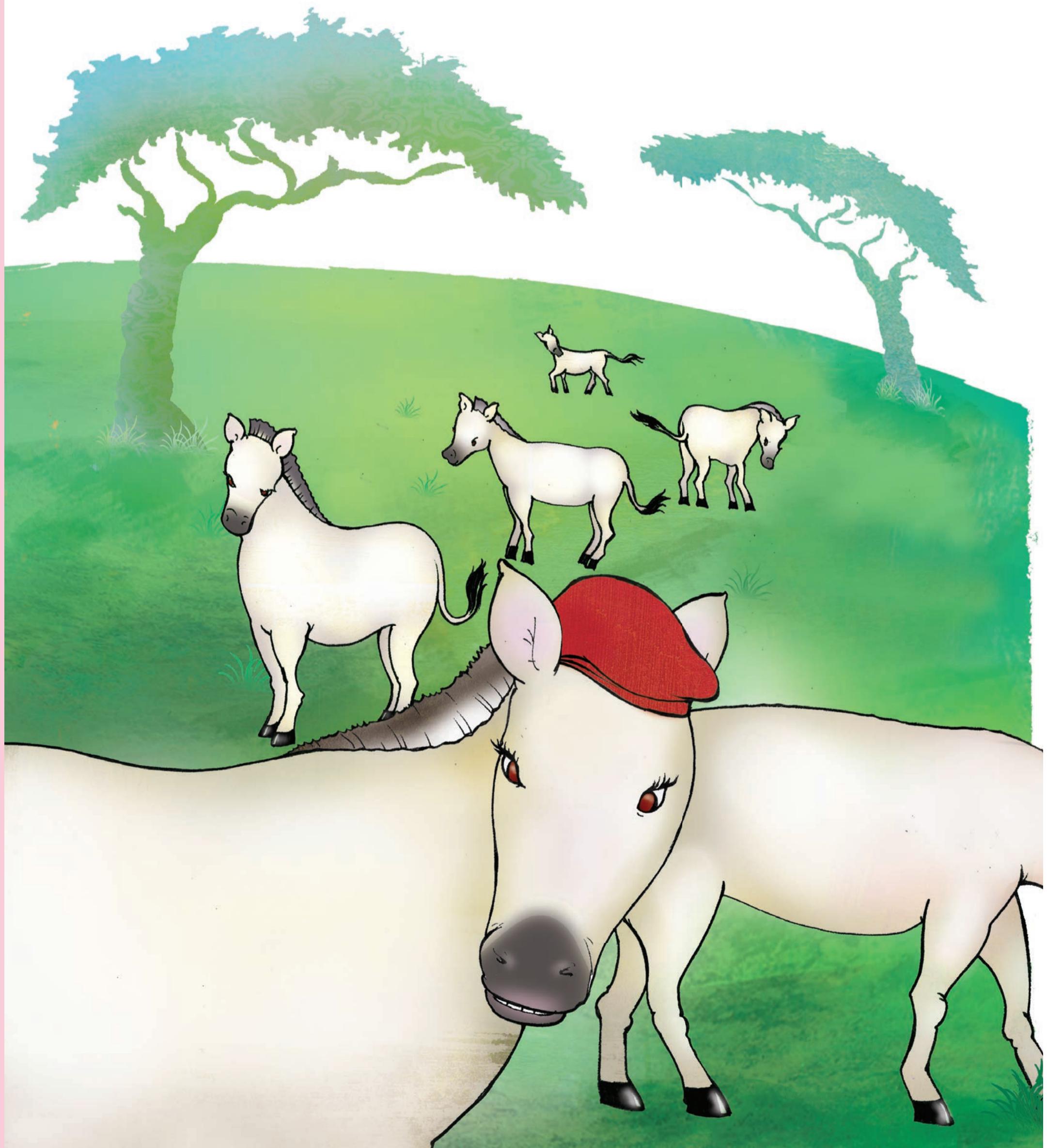


2

## Idube layithola kanjani imithende?



# Kudaladala onke amadube ayemhlophe.



Ngelinje ilanga uMnu noNkk Dube  
bamenywa edilini. Babefuna  
ukubukeka bebahle kakhulu, ngakho  
bazipenda ngemibala egqamile.  
Bathi uma bezibuka, uNkk Dube  
wathi, "Asibukeki kodwa kahle!"  
Wamvumela uMnu Dube.



Ngakho uNkk Dube wazipenda isifuba  
saba mnyama kanti uMnu Dube yena  
wazipenda imilenze yangemuva yaba  
mnyama.

Abayithandanga indlela ababebukeka  
ngayo, ngakho  
bawususa  
upende.



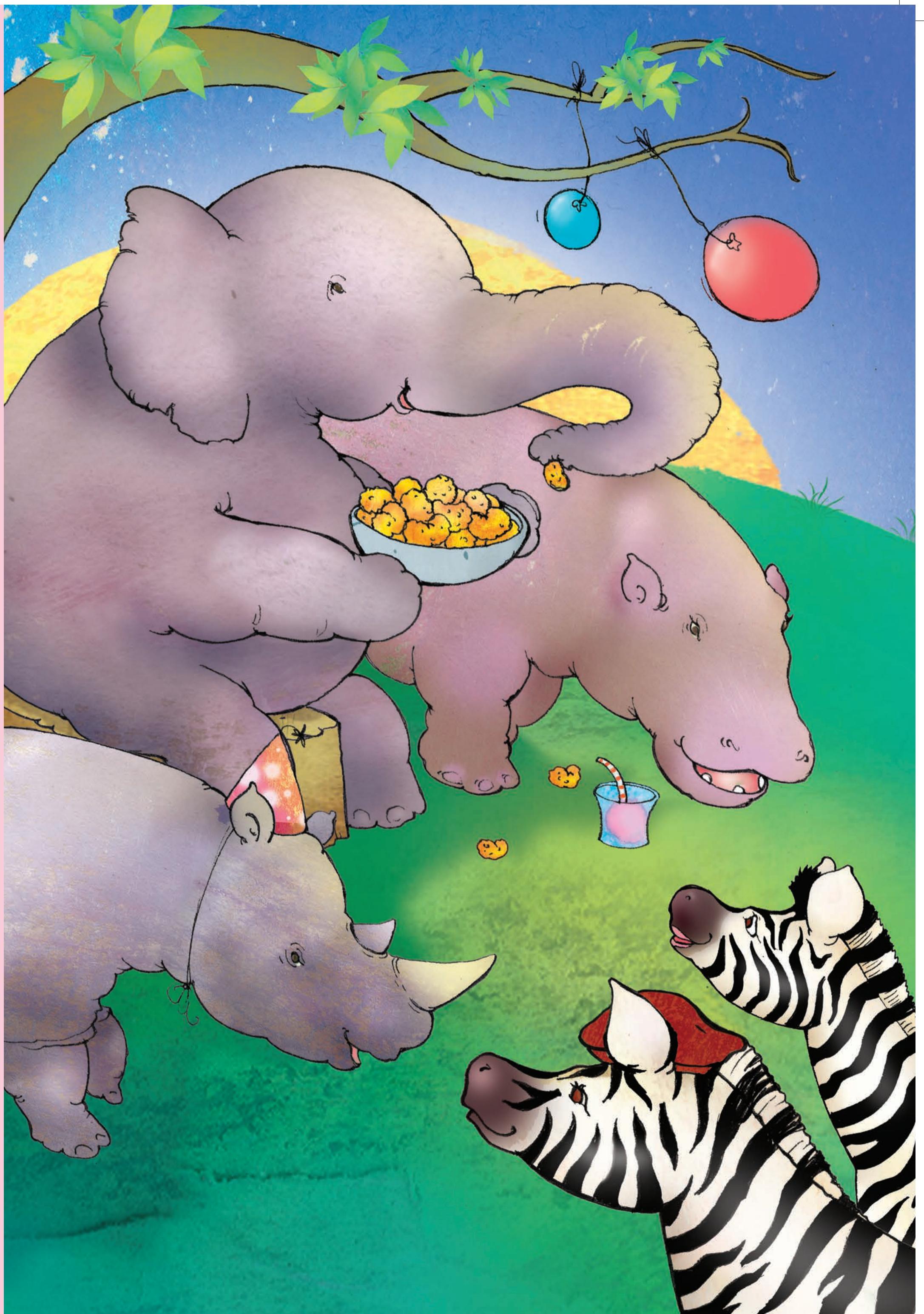


Basuka lapho bapenda imithende  
emnyama emizimbeni yabo.

Bathi uma bezibuka babona ukuthi  
bahle.

“Sibukeka kahle-ke manje,” kusho bona.

Baya emcimbini sebeyithanda kakhulu  
indlela ababukeka ngayo.





Kwathi uma befika emcimbini  
ezinye izilwane zamangala  
ngendlela ababebukeka ngayo.

“Naze nabahle,” kusho indlovu.

“Nibukeka kahle,” kusho imvubu.

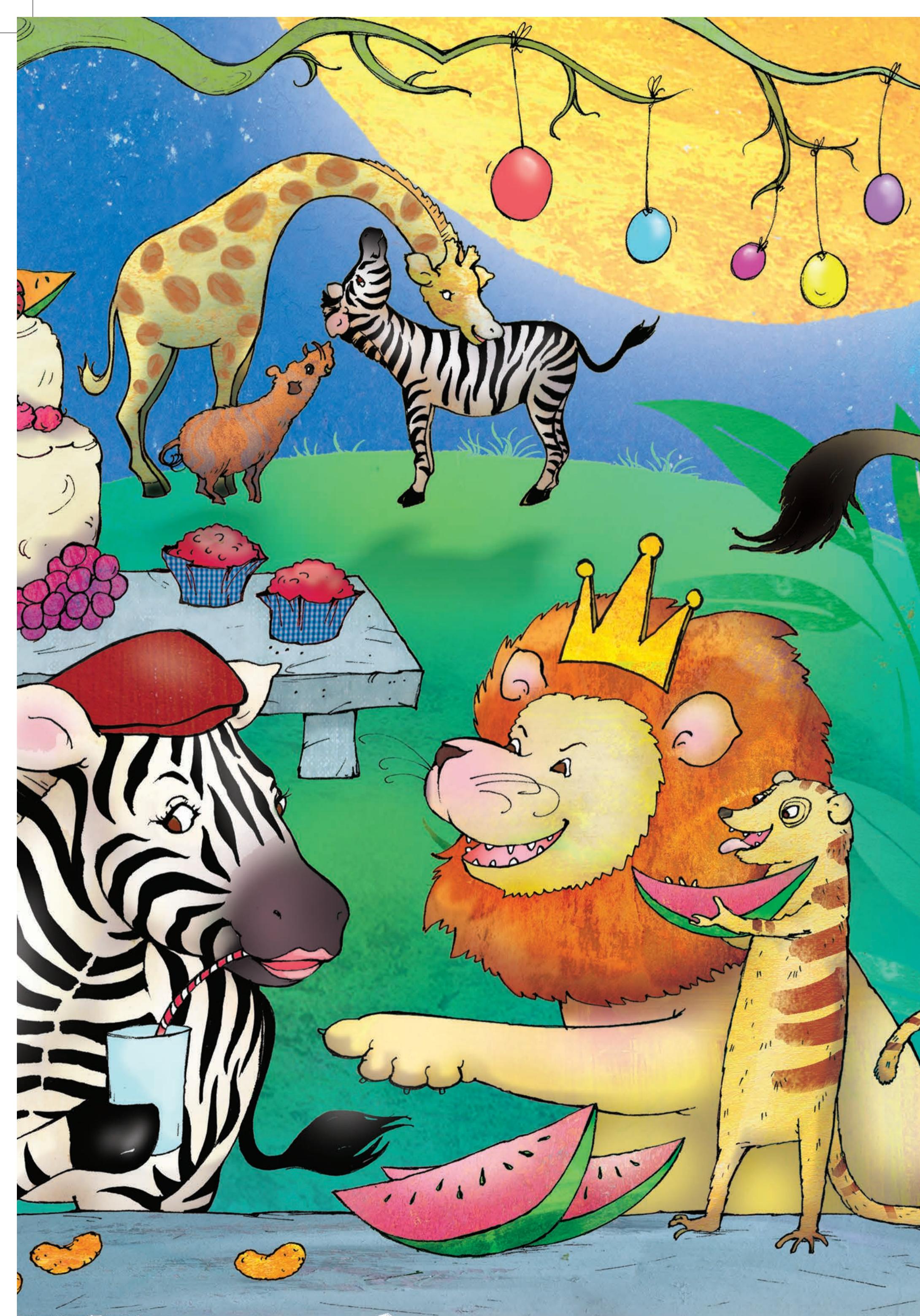
“Nabahle bo,” kusho ubhejane.

“Sibonga kakhulu,” kusho  
uNkk noMnu Dube. “Nathi  
siyayithanda imithende yethu!”

Bonke edilini bayithanda  
kakhulu imithende yabo.

UNkk Ndlulamithi watshela  
uNkk Dube ukuthi  
iyamfaneli imithende  
yakhe.





NoNkosi uBhubesi wabatshela  
ukuthi bahle.

INkosi uBhubesi yabeka umbono  
wokuthi wonke amadube azipende  
ngemithende emnyama. Ngoba  
ibhubesi labe liyinkosi, amadube  
alalela.



Ngemuva kwezinsuku ezimbalwa,  
amadube aya emfuleni ukuyogezza  
imithende emnyama, kodwa ehluleka  
ukususa upende.

Kwenzekani? Ilanga labe seliyishisile  
imithende emnyama yanamatthela  
emizimbeni yawo.



Kuze kube namhlanje amadube  
awakwazi ukususa imithende yawo.  
Yingakho onke amadube enemithende  
emnyama.

**Ubuhle bempela busenhliziyweni!**





Siyakwamukela kulolu chungechunge IweZincwadi Ezinkulu. Incwadi Enkulu lena ingxene yezinewadi ezisohlwini olubizwa ngeRainbow Series, okukhona kuyo izincwadi zokusebenzela, isilulu sezindaba nezinkondlo, amaphosta kanye nezincwadi ezihlelwe ngamazinga ehlukahlukene. Sethemba ukuthi uzozithola zilusizo izindaba ezahlukahlukene ochungechungeni Iwalezi Zincwadi Ezinkulu eziyishiyagalombili ezibekelwe leli banga. Kulindeleke ukuthi abafundi bakho bakuthokozele ukufunda ngokuhlanganya. I-CAPS, Emabangeni Aphansi iphawula ukuthi kubalulekile Ukufunda Ngokuhlanganya ekufundiseni ukufundwa kwemibhalo. Ukufunda Ngokuhlanganya kuvame ukuthatha izinsuku ezimbili kuya kwezine esontweni ngalinye lapho umfundi ngamunye efunda khona umbhalo ofanayo. Izincwadi zokusebenzela, ndawonye nezincwadi ezihlelwe ngokwamazinga, kulungiselwe ukufezekisa yona le ngxene yokuufunda.

Nokho-ke, ukusebenzisa Incwadi Enkulu enamagama amakhulu lapho fundwa ngokuhlanganya, kuyindlela enhle kakkuhlu ngoba abafundi bakwzi ukubona amagama nezithombe, bakulandele ngenkathi ufunda, lokhu kwenzeke ngendlela efanayo nangenkathi izindaba zisaxoxwa. Kubalulekile ukuthi abafundi bahlale bakhe isiyangi bakokelezele Incwadi Enkulu, ukuze bawubone futhi bawufunde kahle umbhalo wayo. Amagama amakhulu akule ncwadi asiza ukuthi kufundeke kalula ngokuphumisela ukuze kuzwe abafundi abaningi ngesikhathi esisodwa esimeni esikhululekile nesejwayelekile.

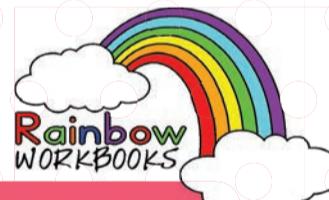
Izincwadi ezinkulu kulolu chungechunge zethula kubafundi izindaba ezahlukahlukene, izinkondlo, imilolozelo kanye nemidalo okuhambisana nolwazi kanye nemibhalo enezithombe.

Umsebenzi wakho njengothisha ukwenza izindaba ziphile ngenkathi ufundela abafundi, zijabulise, zibe noggozi. Ukusebenzisa Izincwadi Ezinkulu kwenza ukufunda kuthokozelwe nguwe kanye nabafundi ngokufanayo. Sethemba ukuthi le ncwadi izokusiza kulothu.

## Eminye imibono ngokufunda Incwadi Enkulu

- Sebenzisa ipulastiki ukwemboza Incwadi Enkulu. Kuyamsiza umfundi kanye nothisha lokhu ukuba abhale kukho.
- Bhala ngepeni elisuleka ngamanzi kulesi sembozo sepulastiki.
- Sebenzisa iphegi ukunamathisela ipulastiki encwadini enkulu.

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Author: V McKay

## Zenzele olwakho uhlaka lokumisa Incwadi Enkulu

### Nakhu ozokudinga:

- Ikhadibhodi elinobubanzi obulingana nobeNcwadi Enkulu (594 mm) kanye nobude obuphindwe kathathu (1360 mm).
- Itheyiphu yokunamathisela
- Amaphegi amabili okunamathisela ikhadibhodi.

Sebenzisa itheyiphu yokunamathisela ukuhlanganisa izingcezu zekhadibhodi.

Goqa ikhadibhodi ulenze uhlaka bese ubamba iphansi lalo nengaphambili ukuhlanganise njengoba kukhonjiswe emdwebeni.

