IBanga loku- 1

Incwadi Enkulu yezindaba ezincane

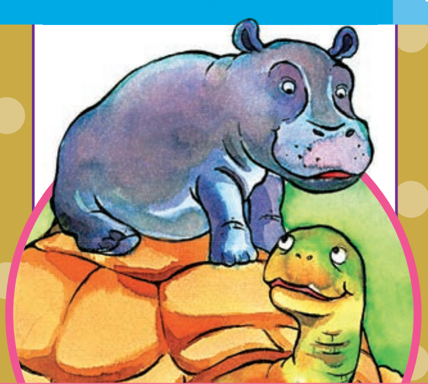
ISIZULU

basic education
Department:
Basic Education
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

Incwadi yesi- 7

Izindaba ezikule ncwadi:

1 Ichwane elibi ledada 1



2 Imvubu nofudu 11

Isetshenziswa kanjani Incwadi Enkulu:

Njengothisha, kuzodingeka uzilungiselele ukwenza isifundo sokufunda ngokuhlanganyela nekilasi lakho. Ngokujwayelekile, uma kufundwa ngokuhlanganyela wena thisha usebenzisana nekilasi lonke; kanti uma lilikhulu kakhulu kudingeka ulehlukanise amaqembu amancane, noma-ke usebenze nengxenye yalo. Kumele uqiniseke ukuthi abafundi bahlala benze isiyingi bayibone kahle Incwadi Enkulu ukuze bakwazi ukufunda kalula okubhalwe kuyo.

Encwadini Enkulu umfundi ufunda ukubamba incwadi, ukuyimisa kahle, kanye nokuphenya amakhasi ngenkathi kufundwa ngokuhlanganyela. Nendlela okufundwa ngayo umfundi uyaqeqesheka ngayo, kuthuthuke ikhono lokulalela, lokukhuluma, lokufunda imibhalo, lokucabanga nelokubhala, njengoba kubalula iCAPS:

- Ukuthuthukisa ikhono lokulalela nokukhuluma.
- Ukuthuthukisa ikhono lokufunda kwabasaqala.
- Ukuphendula imibuzo emayelana nendaba.
- Ukuzibandakanya ezingxoxweni nalapho kukhulunywa ngokudedelana.
- Ukudweba, ukulingisa indaba.
- Ukusebenzisa izithombe ukuqagela ukuthi indaba imayelana nani.
- Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela ukuze kuthuthukiswe ukubhala ngokuhlanganyela.

Ukulungiselela ukufunda Incwadi Enkulu

- Qiniseka ukuthi bonke abafundi bayayibona incwadi. Uma ikilasi lakho lilikhulu, yakha iqembu elincane usebenze nalo.
- Kuzodingeka wenze uhlaka ozomisa ngalo incwadi ukuze uvike ukuhlala uyibambile ngenkathi kufundwa. (Bheka imiyalelo yokwenza uhlaka lokumisa incwadi ekhaveni ngemuva.)
- Sebenzisa irula ukukhomba nokulandela amagama ngenkathi ufunda.
- Uma ufuna ukugqamisa amagama athile, sebenzisa amabhamuza enkulumo ukokelezele igama ngawo, noma usebenzise esikubiza 'ngephepha elinefasitela'. Ungakwenza lokhu ngokusika iphepha libe ngunxande, bese usika unxande phakathi nalo wakhe ngawo ifasitela, bese leli phepha ulibeka phezu kwamagama ukuze kugqame igama elilodwa ngesikhathi.

Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela kokuqala

Ingxenye yokuqala kulesi sifundo ibheka kakhulu ukuthi abafundi bayakujabulela yini ukufunda 'nokubona' umbhalo okokuqala, lapho abafundi kudingeka khona bakhombise ukuzibandakanya ngamunye ngamunye.

- Phenya amakhasi endaba ezofundwa udlulise amehlo. Xoxa ngezithombe zayo.
- Cela abafundi baqagele ukuthi indaba imayelana nani ngokulandela izihlokwana kanye nezithombe.
- Yethula amagama alukhuni namasha ngaphambi kokuthi abafundi bayifunde indaba.
- Yenza amakhadi amagama uwasebenzise ukwethula ulwazimagama.
- Yifunde indaba usebenzisa izimo ezahlukahlukene zobuso uphinde uguquguqule izwi, ubuye ufunde ngokushesha. Sebenzisa izitho zomzimba kanye nezimo zobuso ngokuziguqula njalonjalo.
- Sebenzisa induku noma irula ukukhomba amagama ngenkathi uwafunda ukuze abafundi babone ukuthi ufunda kuphi, bakwazi ukunamathisela umsindo wezinhlamvu ngokufanele ekhasini. Lokhu kuzobasiza ukuthola ukuthi kufundwa kusukwe kwesokunxele kuyiwe kwesokudla, kanti kuqalwa phezulu kuyophunywa phansi.
- Sebenzisa lokhu ukwethula 'ulimi lwencwadi': amagama, imisho, ikhasi, umbhali, isihloko, njll.
- Dedela abafundi bazibandakanye nendaba ngokuthola ithuba lokungenelela (njengokuthi badedelwe bamemeze uma mhlawumbe kuthiwa "Gijima, gijima, gijima kakhulu, ngeke uze ungibambe kodwa mina – ngiyindoda eyisinkwa sezimanga!") uma kukhona lokhu embhalweni ofundwayo.
- Kumele kufundwe indaba efanayo izikhathi ezimbili noma ezintathu ukunikeza abafundi ithuba lokuqonda amagama angaba yidlanzana, ukulingisa izinto ezenzeka endabeni noma ukuphinda baxoxe izingxenye zendaba bazethule ngawabo amazwi.

Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela kwesibili

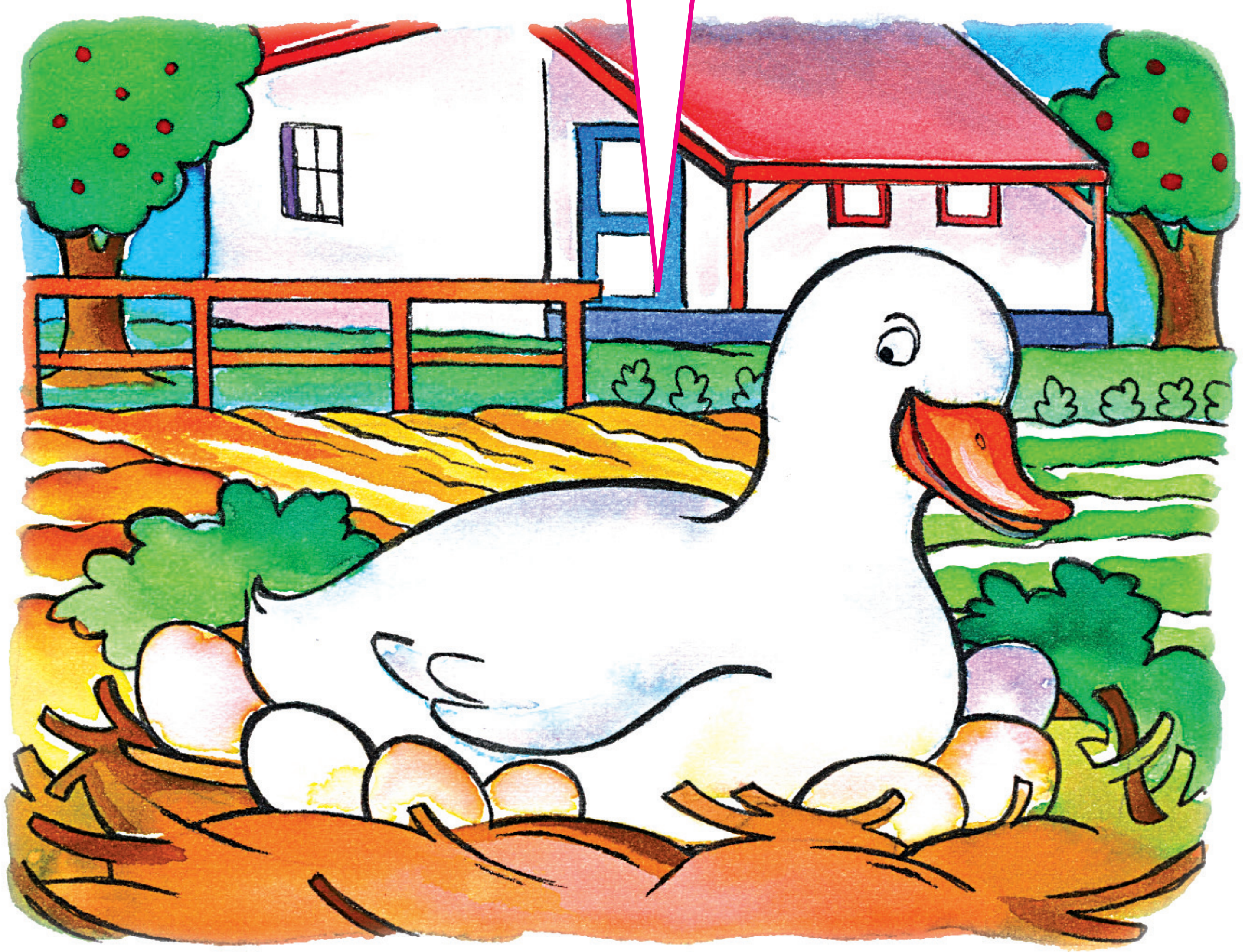
- Lapho sekufundwa okwesibili kudingeka kusetshenziswe umbhalo ofanayo, bese kubhekwa kakhulu ukuzibandakanya kwabafundi ngokuthi uthisha axoxisane nabo ngenhloso yokuthuthukisa ulwazimagama, ukuqonda izakhiwo zamagama (ulimi, ukusetshenziswa kwezimpawu, njll).
- Kukuwe thisha ukuthi ubheke kakhulu izinto ezifana: nokuma kwemibhalo, ukwakheka kwemibhalo, imisindo, ulimi, ukubona amagama athile kanye namazinga ahlukahlukene okuqonda imibhalo (ukuhleleka, ukuthi amagama aqondeni, ukuwacwaninga kanye nokubuza imibuzo ekhombisa ukulangazelela).

Ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela kwesithathu

- Uma sekufundwa okwesithathu, abafundi kumele bazifundele bona uqobo, baxoxe baphinde babhale imisebenzi yokwenziwa ngombhalo abawufundile.
- Uma kuvuma, Ukufunda Ngokuhlanganyela kumele kubambe iqhaza ekwenzeni ngcono Ukubhala Ngokuhlanganyela, lapho uthisha ekhombisa khona ukuthi kubhalwa kanjani, abafundi babhale ngokwabo nabo ngenkathi uthisha elokhu ebahlola enza namanothi. Lokhu kukhulisa abafundi uma kufika isikhathi sokuzenzela ngokwabo imisebenzi ebhalwayo.

1 Ichwane elibi ledada

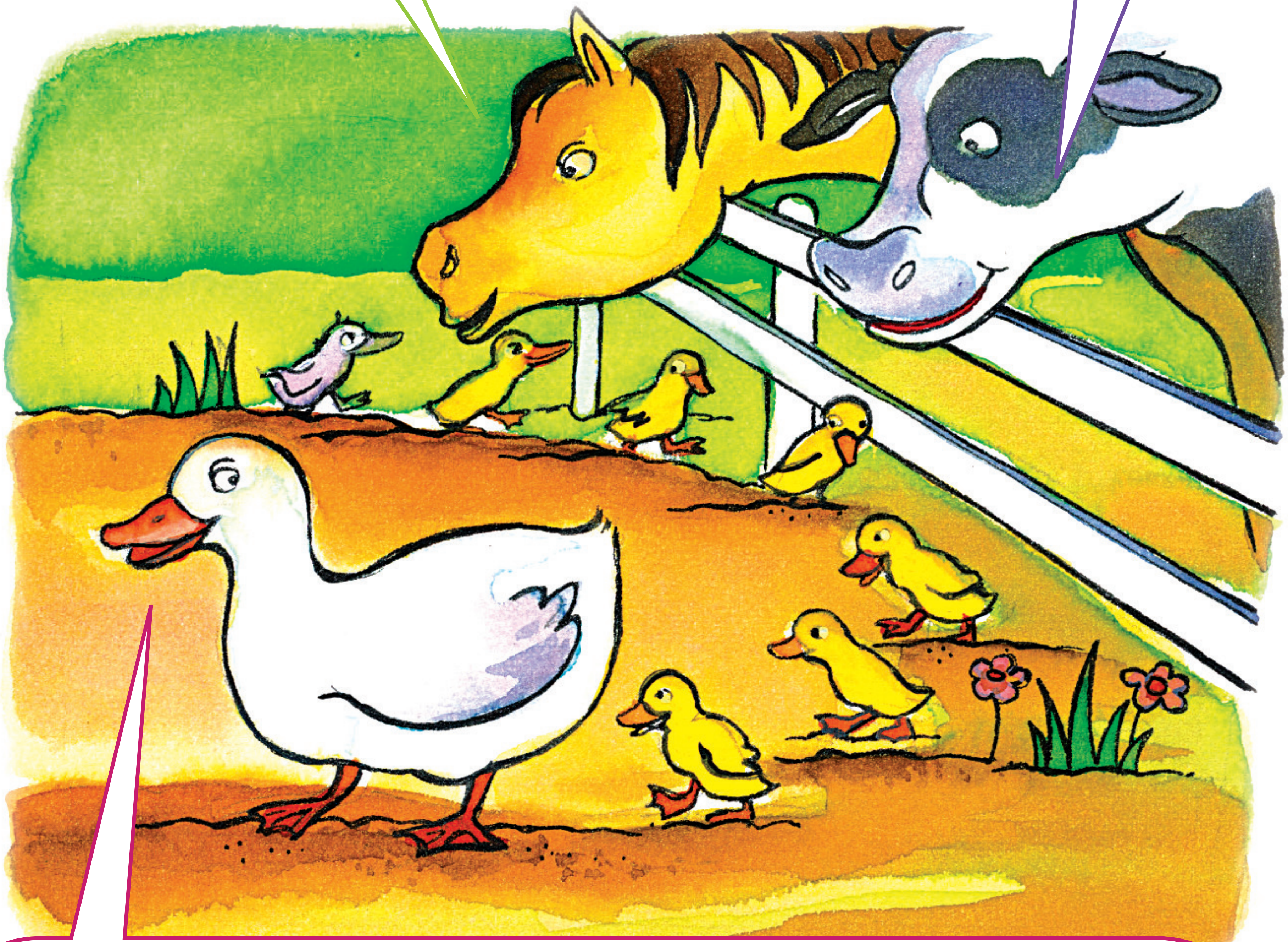
Yisikhathi sokuthi achamusele la maqanda ami. Ngilindele ukubona amachwane ami ayisi-7.



uMama uDada wayehlala epulazini nomndeniwakhe. UMama uDada wayefukamele amaqanda akhe ayisi-7. Wayeselindele ukuthi achamusele.

Emva kwalokho avuleka amaqanda ngalinye ngalinye.
Avuleka wonke kwasala elilodwa.
Lalilikhulu leli qanda.

UMama uDada walifukamela walifukamela iqanda elikhulu. Ekugcineni lavuleka iqanda. Kwaphuma ichwane lokugcina ledada. Likhulu linamandla. Yichwane elikhulu ledada elibi.



UMama uDada wawathatha wonke amachwane akhe waya nawo echibini.

Agxuma wonke amachwane angena emanzini. Amadada abhukuda etshuza, esaphaza amanzi, ezidlalela.

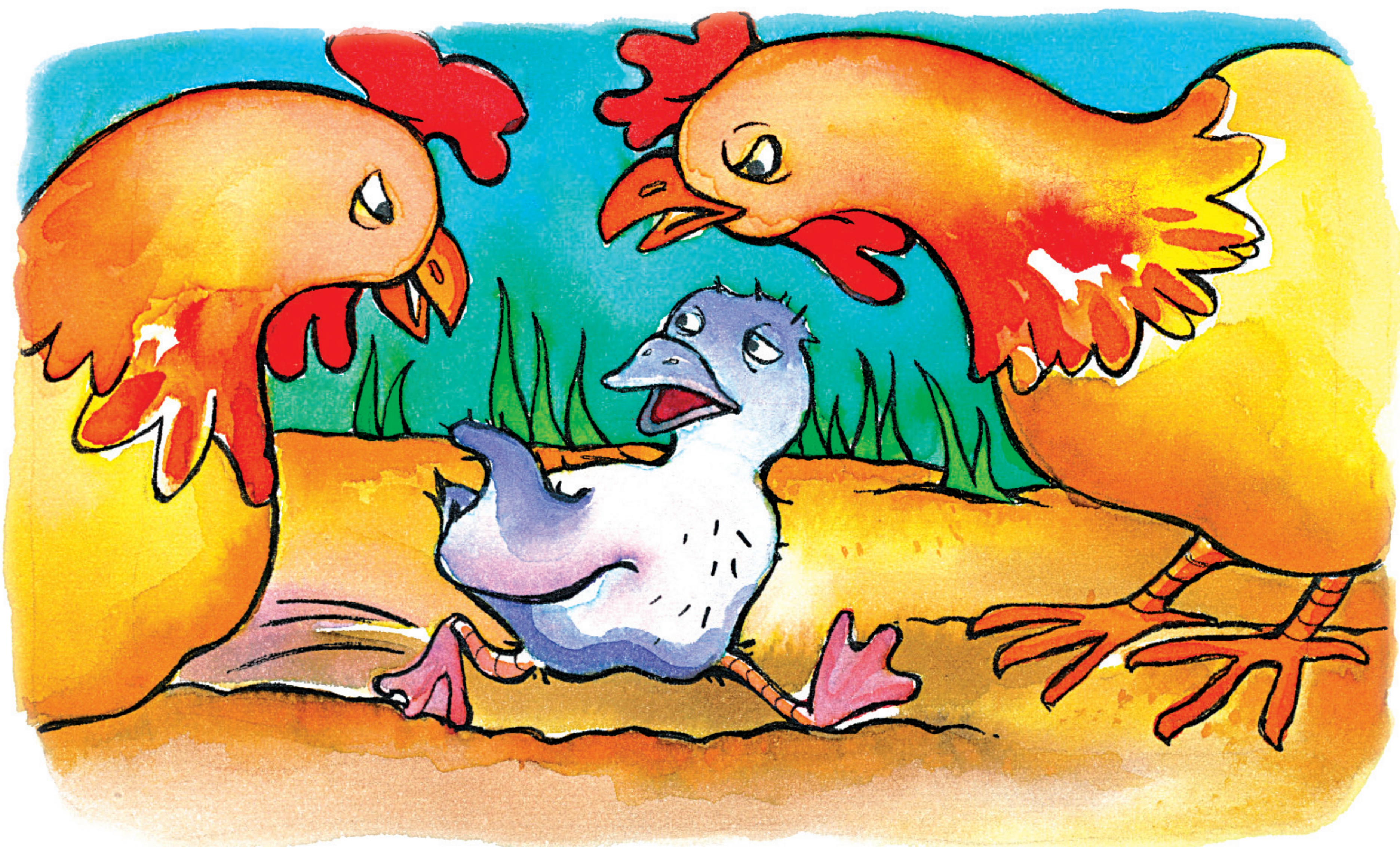
Ichwane elibi ledada lona libhukuda kahle kunawo wonke amanye amachwane.

Ichwane elibi aliphathekile kahle epulazini.

Ezinye izilwane aziliphethe kahle.

Izikhukhukazi ziyaliqhofoza, izinjaziyalikhonkotha.

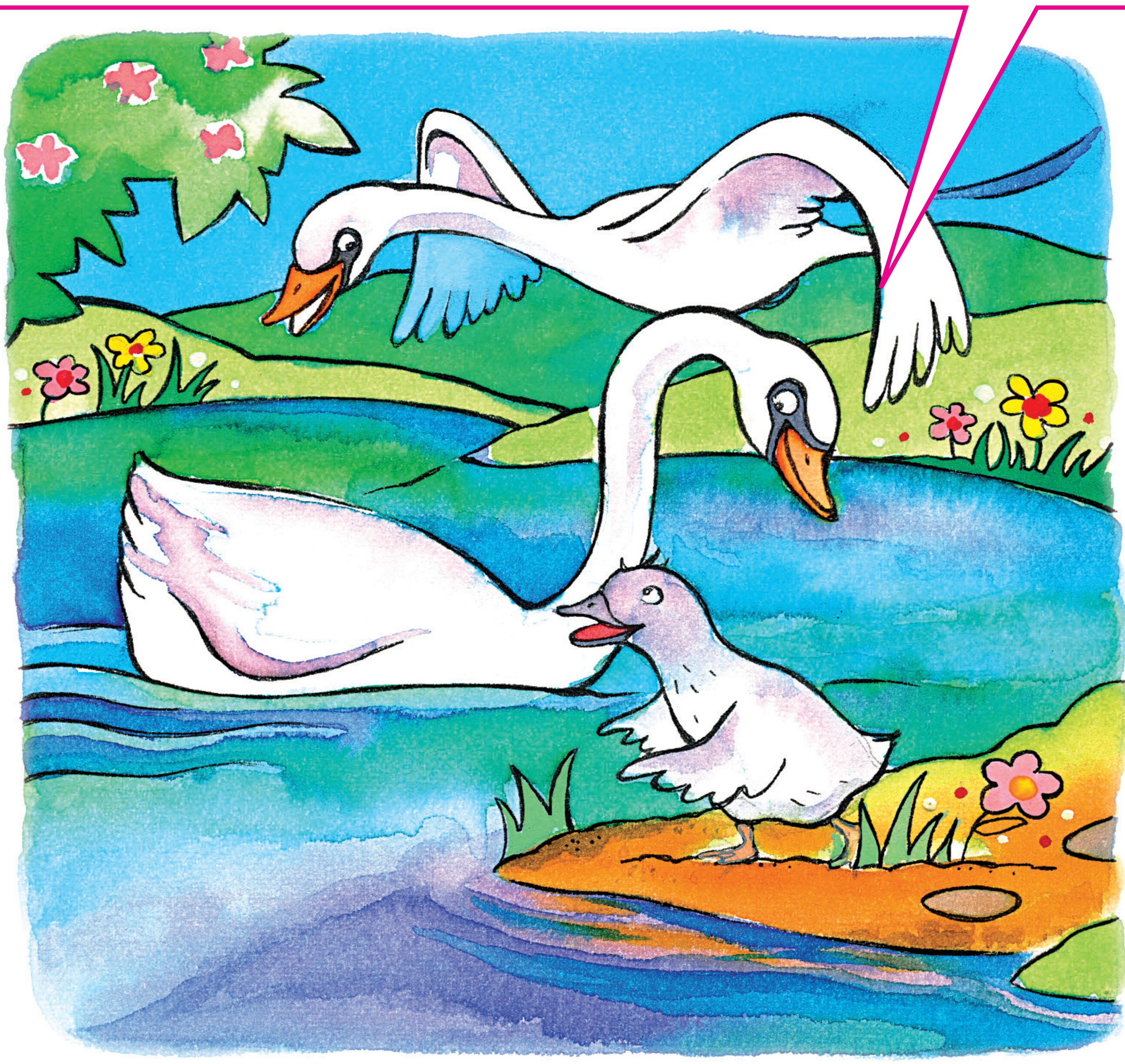
"Bayangesaba ngoba ngimubi," kusho ichwane elibi.



Bonke abantu abangithandi.
Ngiyahamba mina.

Ngobunye ubusuku labaleka ichwane elibi ledada.

Ngiyathanda kodwa ukudlala nabo.
Bahle. Yimi nje engimubi.



Lagijima laze lafika emfuleni. Labona izinyoni eziningi ezinhle zibhukuda emfuleni. Izimpaphe zazo zazishelela kahle. Zazinemiqala emide.

Amaphiko azo abhakuza kahle ngesikhathi zindiza.

Kwafika ubusika. Kwaba neqhwa yonke indawo.

Umfula waphenduka iqhwa.

Lagodola laphatheka kabi ichwane elibi ledada.

"Ngizoke ngikwazi ukuzifihla", kusho ichwane.

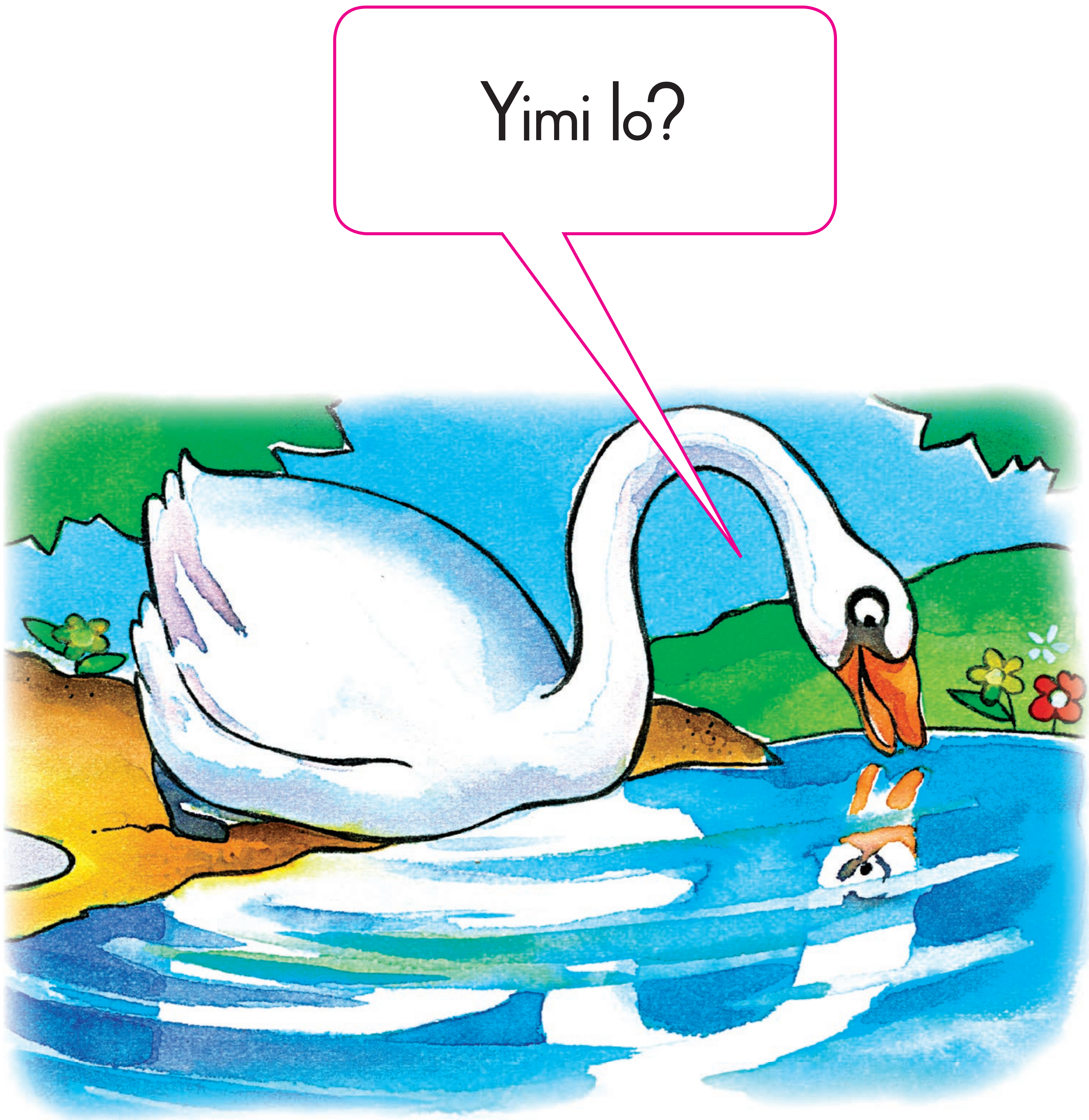
Kwase kufika iNtwasahlobo.

Kwaphuma ilanga futhi, izihlahla zaba luhlaza zaba zintsha.

Ekuseni ngelinye ilanga ichwane elibi ledada labona amahansi amahle ebhukuda futhi.

Ngelinye ilanga selikhulile ichwane elibi ledada, lazibuka emanzini. Kwase kwenzeke isimanga phela. Nalo lase liyihansi elihle!

Bengicabanga ukuthi ngisemubi, nginesizungu futhi anginabani.



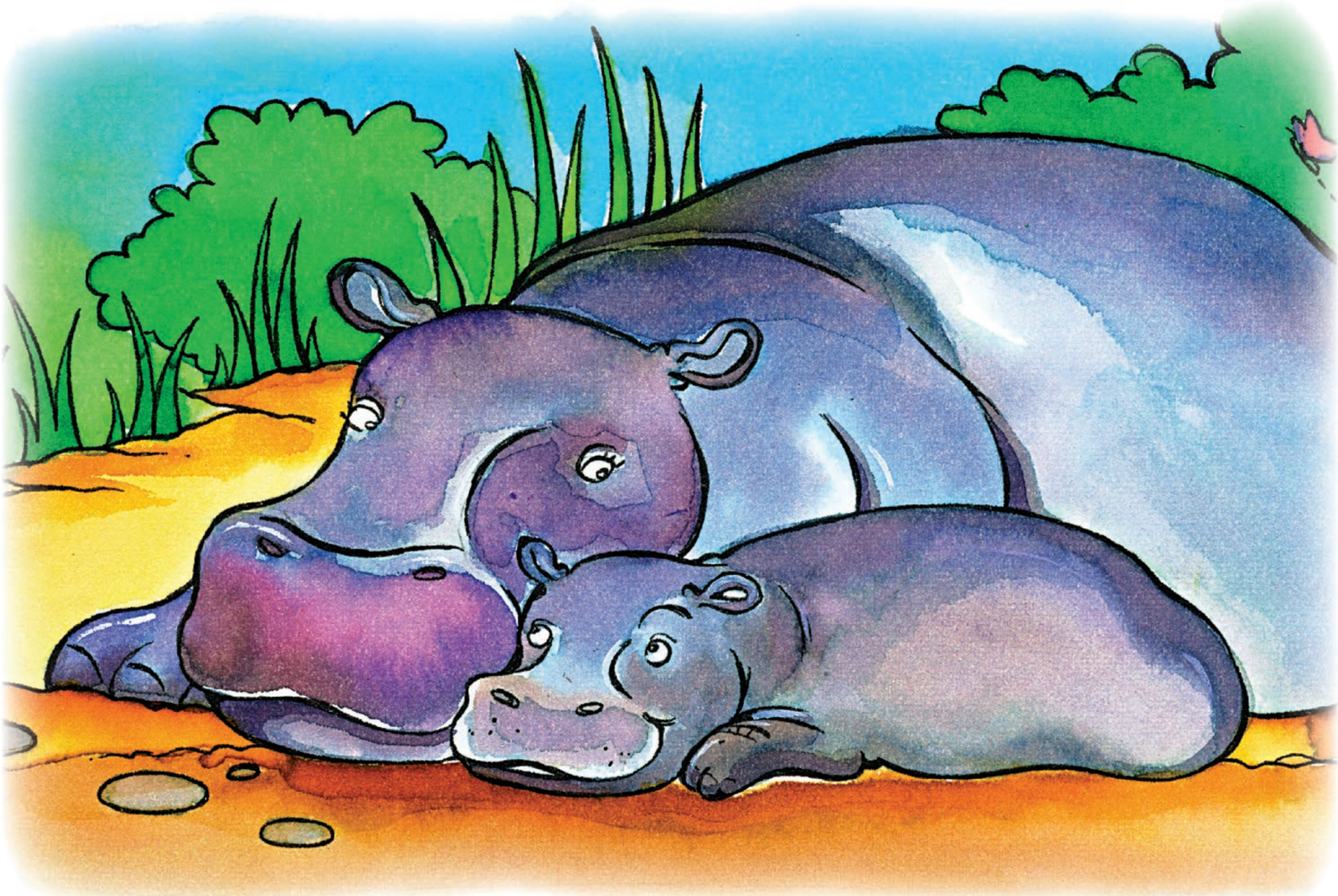
Laphinda lazibuka emanzini lingakholwa ukuthi seliyihansi elikhulu elihle.

Woza uzobhukuda nathi. Uyihansi njengathi. Uyihansi elihle kunawo wonke amahansi akhona.

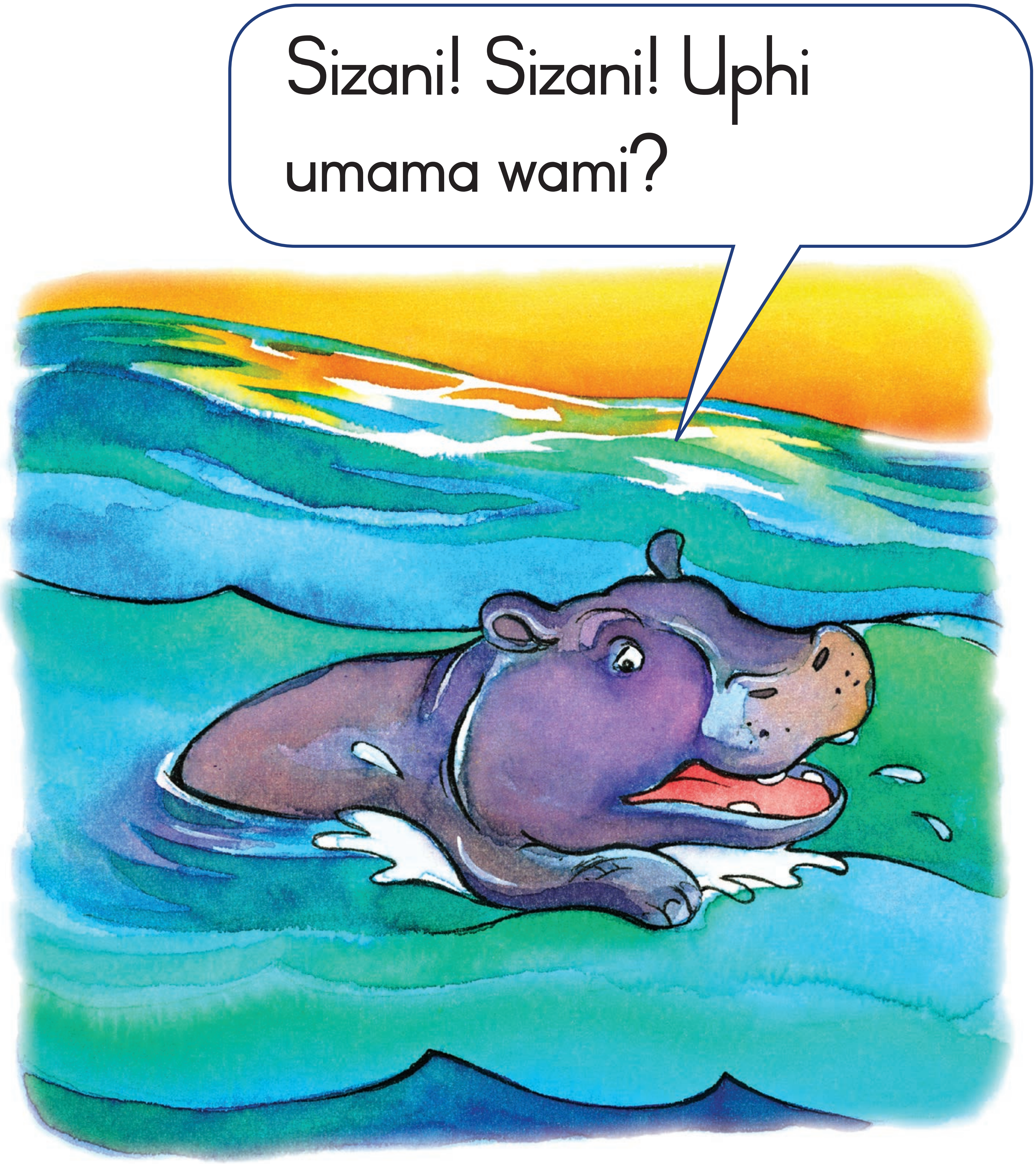
Kwakukhona namanye amahansi ebhukuda eduze kwalo. Nawo amangala ukubona idada elalilibi selikhulile lilihle njengawo.

Lasondela kuwo, lakhuluma nawo, labhukuda, lajabula kakhulu.

3 Imvubu nofudu

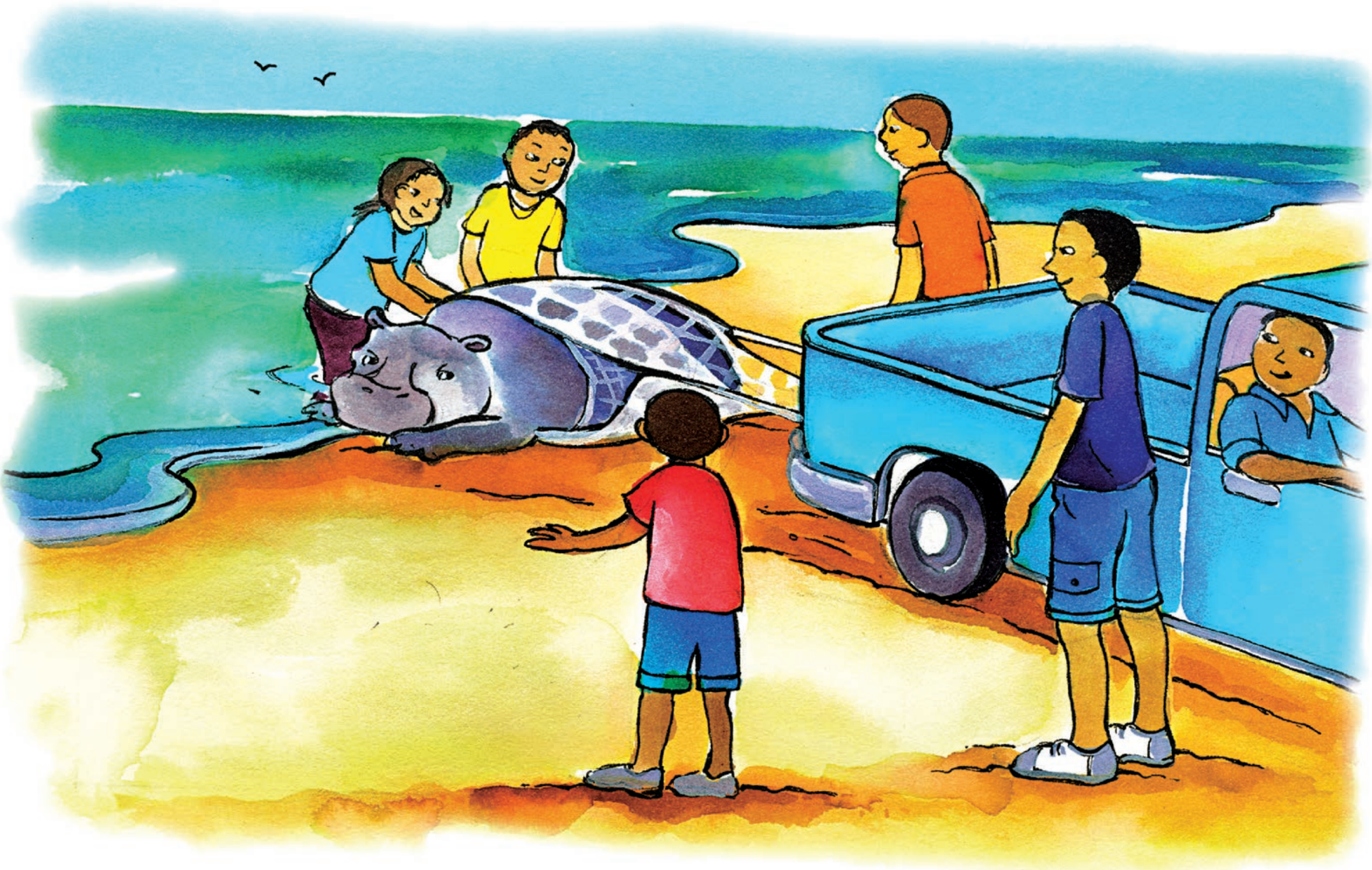


Umntwana wemvubu wayehlala ngokujabula nonina.



Ngelinye ilanga kwafika isiphepho semvula. Imvula yakhukhula umntwana wemvubu walahleka.

Amkhukhula amanzi umntwana waya ezansi nomfula waze wafika olwandle.



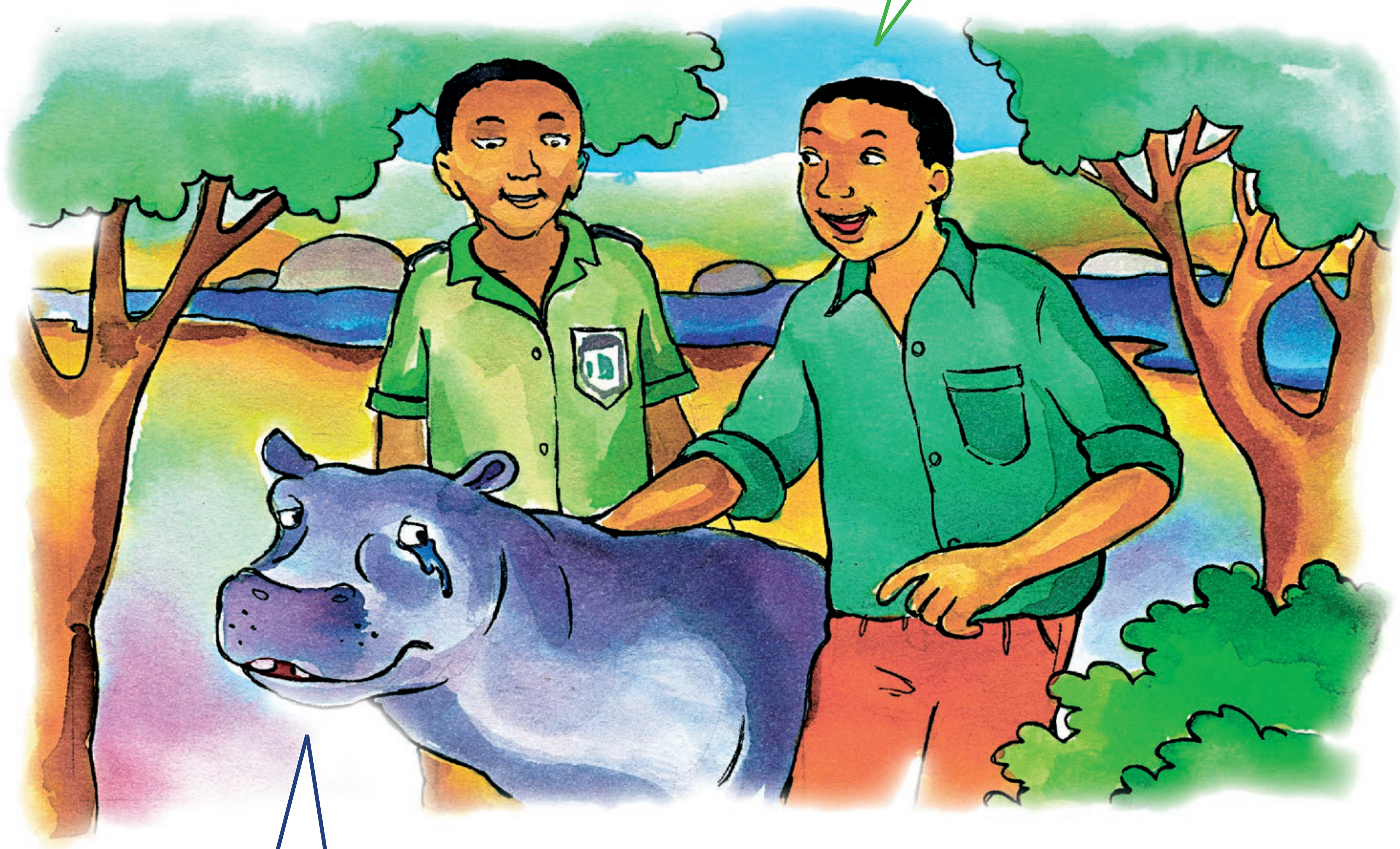
Bonke bazama ukusiza imvubu ukuthi ibuyele emhlabathini owomile. Basebenzisa amanethi kanye nezimoto ukumkhipha.

Lo mntwana wemvubu unenhlanhla.
Masimnikeni igama.

Mnikeni igama lami.
Thanini ngu-Owen.

Bagcina ngokumdonsa umntwana wemvubu bamkhipha olwandle.

Woza, Owen. Sizokuhambisa esiqiwini sezilwane.

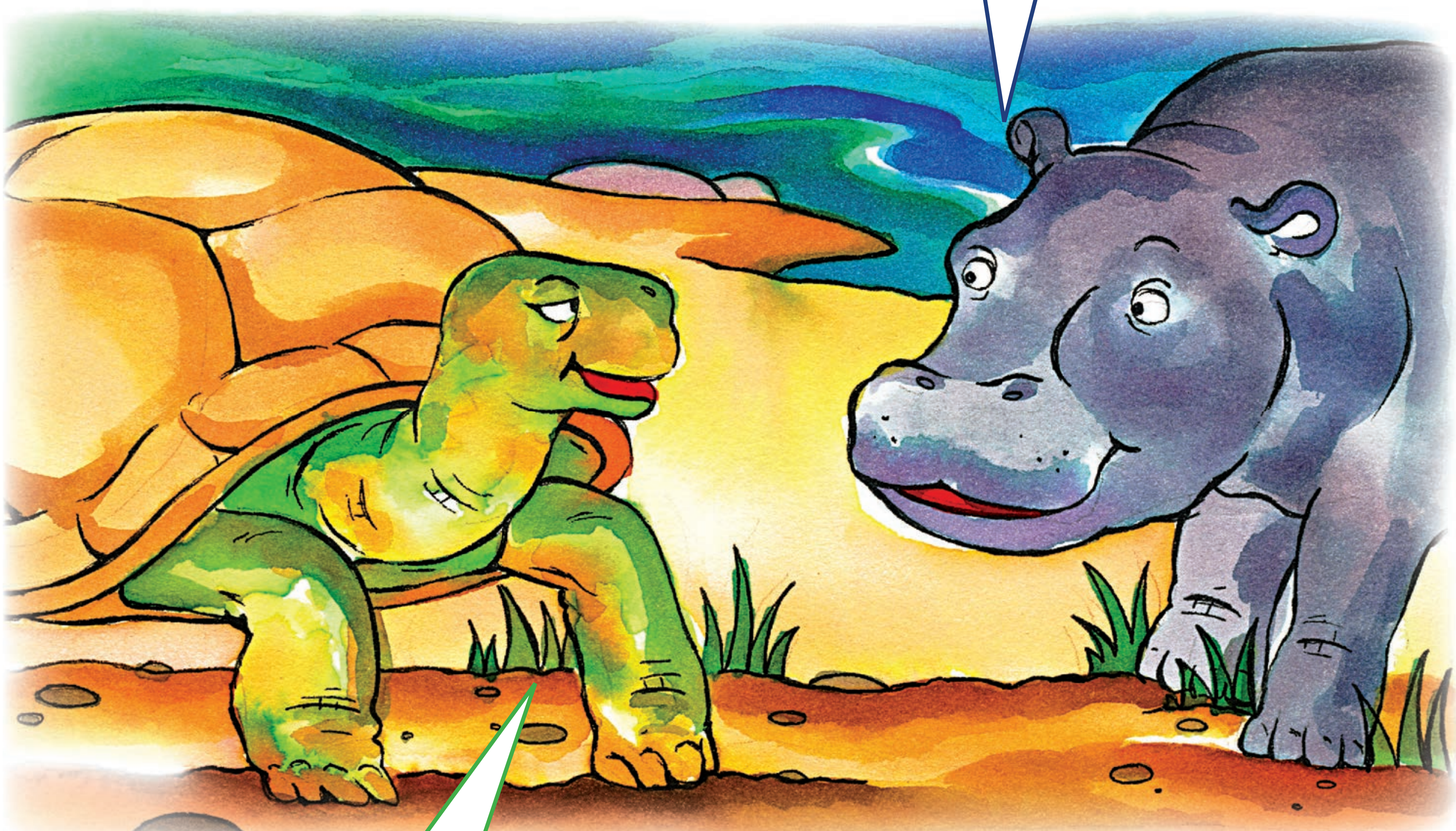


Ngifuna umama wami.

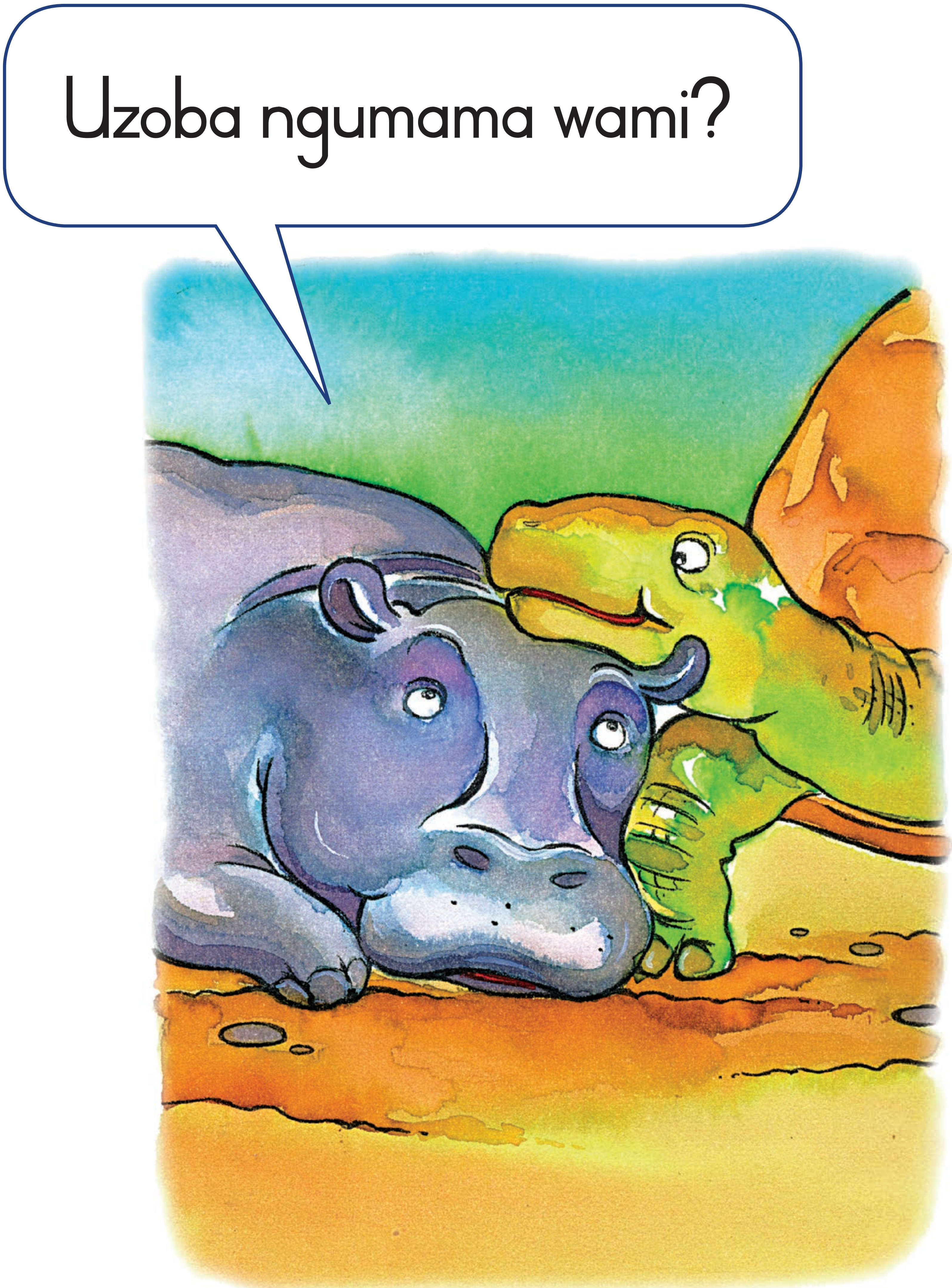
Bamhambisa u-Owen esiqiwini.
Wahlala esivandeni esinechibi elikhulu.

Esesesiqiwini wahlangana nofudu olukhulu.

Ungubani igama lakho?



NginguMzi. Ngineminyaka eyi-130 ubudala.



Imvubu encane yayimkhule unina, kodwa ufudu lwayenza yazizwa isithandwa futhi.

Ufudu oludala lwabona ukuthi u-Owen usengumntwana. Kwadingeka ukuthi lumnakekele, lumtholele into azoyidla nendawo yokulala.

Imvubu nofudu baba ngabangani abakhulu. Badla, babhukuda badlala ndawonye.

U-Owen wadlala nofudu oludala.
Wayethanda ukugibela kuMzi emhlane.

Kamuva u-Owen wakhula wahlangana nentombazana yemvubu eyayibizwa ngoCleo. Namuhla uhlala ngentokozo enkulu noCleo.

Siyakwamukela kulolu chungechunge lweZincwadi Ezinkulu. Incwadi Enkulu lena ingxenye yezincwadi ezisohlwini olubizwa ngeRainbow Series, okukhona kuyo izincwadi zokusebenzela, isilulu sezindaba nezinkondlo, amaphosta kanye nezincwadi ezihlelwe ngamazinga ehlukahlukene. Sethemba ukuthi uzozithola zilusizo izindaba ezahlukahlukene ochungechungeni lwalezi Zincwadi Ezinkulu eziyisishiyagalombili ezibekelwe leli banga. Kulindeleke ukuthi abafundi bakho bakuthokozele ukufunda ngokuhlanganyela. I-CAPS, Emabangeni Aphansi iphawula ukuthi kubalulekile Ukufunda Ngokuhlanganyela ekufundiseni ukufundwa kwemibhalo. Ukufunda Ngokuhlanganyela kuvame ukuthatha izinsuku ezimbili kuya kwezine esontweni ngalinye lapho umfundi ngamunye efunda khona umbhalo ofanayo. Izincwadi zokusebenzela, ndawonye nezincwadi ezihlelwe ngokwamazinga, kulungiselwe ukufezekisa yona le ngxenye yokufunda.

Nokho-ke, ukusebenzisa Incwadi Enkulu enamagama amakhulu lapho fundwa ngokuhlanganyela, kuyindlela enhle kakhulu ngoba abafundi bakwzi ukubona amagama nezithombe, bakulandele ngenkathi ufunda, lokhu kwenzeke ngendlela efanayo nangenkathi izindaba zisaxoxwa. Kubalulekile ukuthi abafundi bahlale bakhe isiyingi bakokelezele Incwadi Enkulu, ukuze bawubone futhi bawufunde kahle umbhalo wayo. Amagama amakhulu akule ncwadi asiza ukuthi kufundeke kalula ngokuphumisela ukuze kuzwe abafundi abaningi ngesikhathi esisodwa esimeni esikhululekile nesejwayelekile.

Izincwadi ezinkulu kulolu chungechunge zethula kubafundi izindaba ezahlukahlukene, izinkondlo, imilolozelo kanye nemidlalo okuhambisana nolwazi kanye nemibhalo enezithombe.

Umsebenzi wakho njengothisha ukwenza izindaba ziphile ngenkathi ufundela abafundi, zijabulise, zibe nogqozi. Ukusebenzisa Izincwadi Ezinkulu kwenza ukufunda kuthokozelwe nguwe kanye nabafundi ngokufanayo. Sethemba ukuthi le ncwadi izokusiza kulokhu.

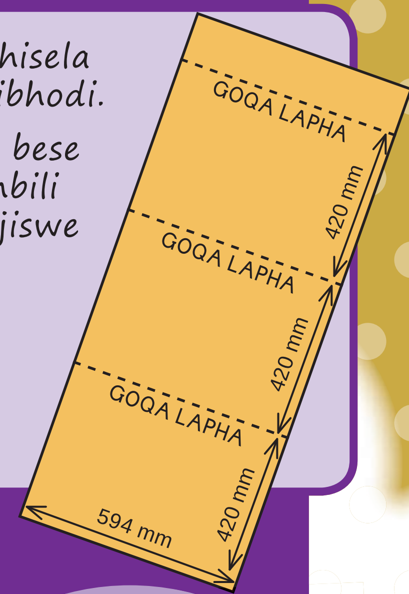
Zenzele olwakho uhlaka lokumisa Incwadi Enkulu

Nakhu ozokudinga:

1. Ikhadibhodi elinobubanzi obulingana nobeNcwadi Enkulu (594 mm) kanye nobude obuphindwe kathathu (1360 mm).
2. Itheyiphu yokunamathisela
3. Amaphegi amabili okunamathisela ikhadibhodi.

Sebenzisa itheyiphu yokunamathisela ukuhlanganisa izingcezu zekhadibhodi.

Goqa ikhadibhodi ulenze uhlaka bese ubamba iphansi lalo nengaphambili ukuhlanganise njengoba kukhonjiswe emdwebeni.



Eminye imibono ngokufunda Incwadi Enkulu

- Sebenzisa ipulastiki ukwemboza Incwadi Enkulu. Kuyamsiza umfundi kanye nothisha lokhu ukuba abhale kukho.
- Bhala ngepeni elisuleka ngamanzi kulesi sembozo sepulastiki.
- Sebenzisa iphegi ukunamathisela ipulastiki encwadini enkulu.

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