

little stories

Book



basic education

Department: Basic Education REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

The stories in this book:



1 The Hare and the tortoise



Wendy Whale to the rescue

How to use this Big Book:

As a teacher, you will need to plan and prepare for doing a shared reading activity with your class. Usually when doing shared reading, the teacher works with the whole class, however, if your class is too large, it will be best to work with a group or part of the class. Care must be taken to ensure that learners are able to sit around and see the Big Book so that they can read the text.

In the Big Book shared reading session the child learns how to handle a book, hold the book the right-way up, turn pages correctly. It develops basic concepts of a book – the cover, front, back and title. It also models how the reading process takes place and is important for developing learners' listening, speaking, reading, thinking, reasoning and writing skills as required by the CAPS:

- Develop listening and speaking skills.
- Develop emergent reading skills.
- Answer questions about the story.
- Participate in discussions, taking turns to speak.
- Draw, act out or role play a story.
- Use pictures to predict what the story is about.
- Use shared reading as the basis for shared writing.

Getting ready for a Big Book reading session

- Ensure that all the learners can see the book. If your class is large, rather work with a smaller group.
- You will find it useful to make a book stand so that you do not have to hold the book while reading. (See the instructions to make a book stand on the back cover.)
- Use a ruler or a pointer to point to track words as you read.
- If you want to highlight individual words, you can paste sticky notes around the word to single it out or you can make a 'magic window'. Use a rectangular piece of paper with a smaller rectangle cut out in the middle and place rectangle over the text so that only one word is visible.

The first session of shared reading

The first session focuses on the enjoyment and first 'look' at the text, with the learners giving a personal response to the text.

- Page through the story they will read. Talk about the illustrations.
- Ask learners to predict the story based on the title and the pictures.
- Introduce new or difficult words prior to the learners reading the story.
- Make word cards to introduce new vocabulary.
- Read the story, using expression and varying your voice, speed and tone. Use gestures and facial expressions.
- Track the print as you read by pointing to words with a stick or a ruler so that learners see what you are reading and they associate a sound with the symbols on the page. This will also help them to see the process of reading from left to right and from top to bottom.
- Use this as an opportunity to introduce 'book language' such as: words, sentence, page, author, title, etc.
- Let learners participate in the story by joining in on a recurring phase (e.g. "Run, run, run as fast as you can, you can't catch me I'm the gingerbread man!").
- The same story should be read two to three times to give learners the opportunity to chorus language chunks, to role-play activities or to retell parts of the story in their own words.

The second shared reading session

- In the second session the same text is used and the focus shifts to more involvement in the reading with the teacher using the discussions that take place to develop vocabulary comprehension, decoding skills and text structures (grammar, punctuation etc).
- It is up to you, the teacher, to draw attention to the learning focus which deals some of the following: the concepts of print, text features, phonics, language patterns, word identification strategies and comprehension at a range of levels (literal, reorganisation, inferential, evaluation and appreciation questions).

The third shared reading session

- In the third shared reading session, learners should read the text themselves and engage in oral, practical and written activities based on the text.
- Where possible, the shared reading text should inform the shared writing where the teacher models how to write a text and the learners engage in the composition of the text while you take on the role of facilitator and scribe. This modelling of the writing process helps to prepare learners for their own writing tasks.

The Hare and the tortoise





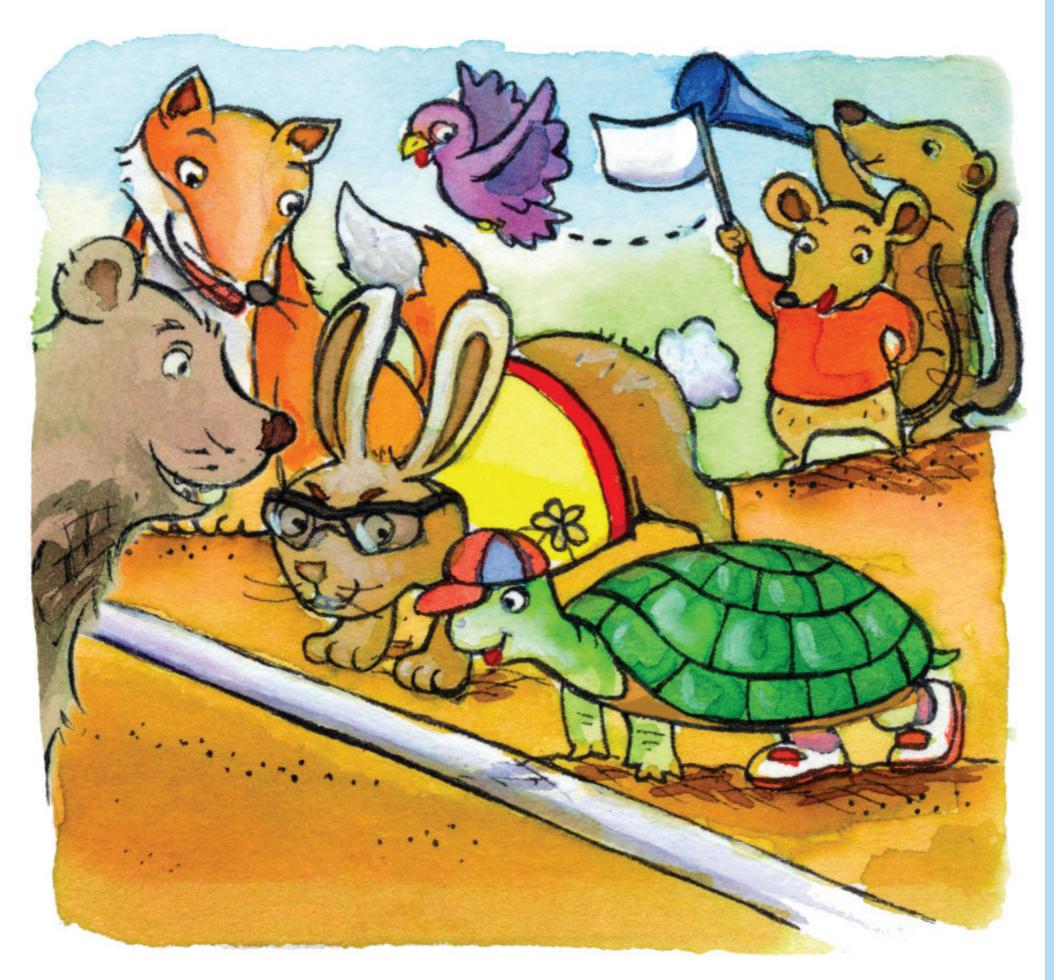
A long time ago a hare and a tortoise lived in the green forest. The hare always laughed at the tortoise because she walked so slowly.

One day, the hare said to the tortoise, "Let's have a race."

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The tortoise agreed and the hare

laughed loudly. All the other animals came to see the race.



The hare ran very fast and was soon far ahead of the tortoise. He looked back but he couldn't see the tortoise because she was far behind.

The hare stopped running and rested in the shade of a tree for a moment.





"The tortoise is very slow," thought the hare. "She'll take a long time to get here. I'm going to have a rest, and when I see the tortoise coming, I'll run quickly and win the race."

The hare lay down, but he fell fast asleep. While he was sleeping, he heard the other animals cheering. He thought he was dreaming. But, when

he woke up, he saw the tortoise was near the finish line.



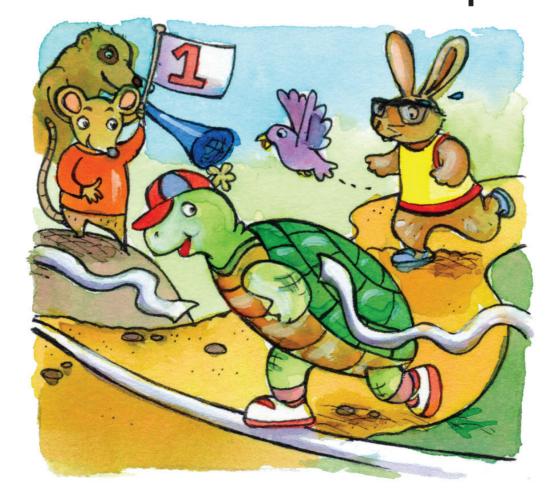


The hare jumped up thinking he would be able to catch up with the tortoise.

Unfortunately for hare, he heard the animals cheering, as the tortoise crossed the finish line.

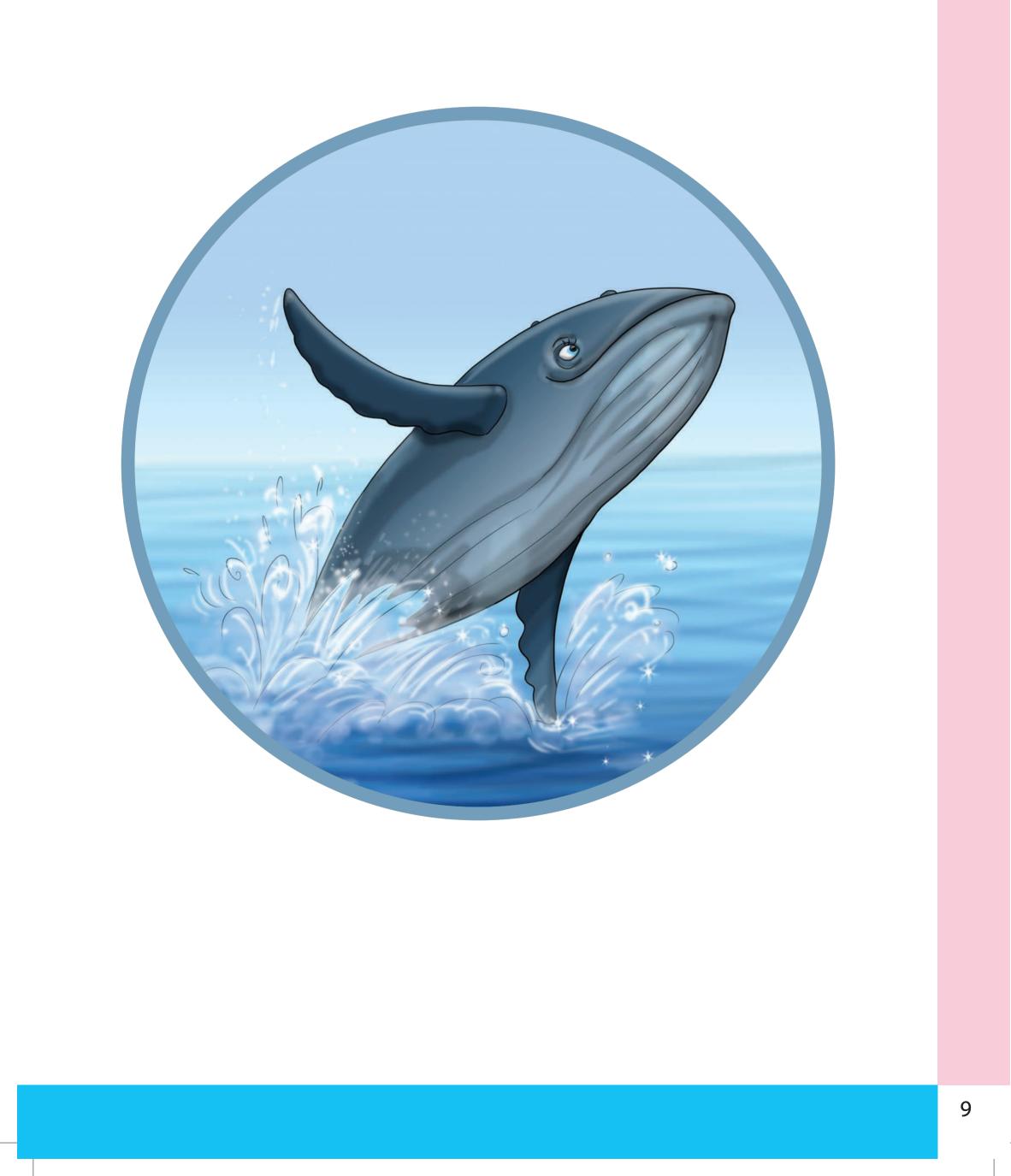
That day, hare learned two very important lessons. Never think you are better than others — everyone is special. And hard work is important for

success.

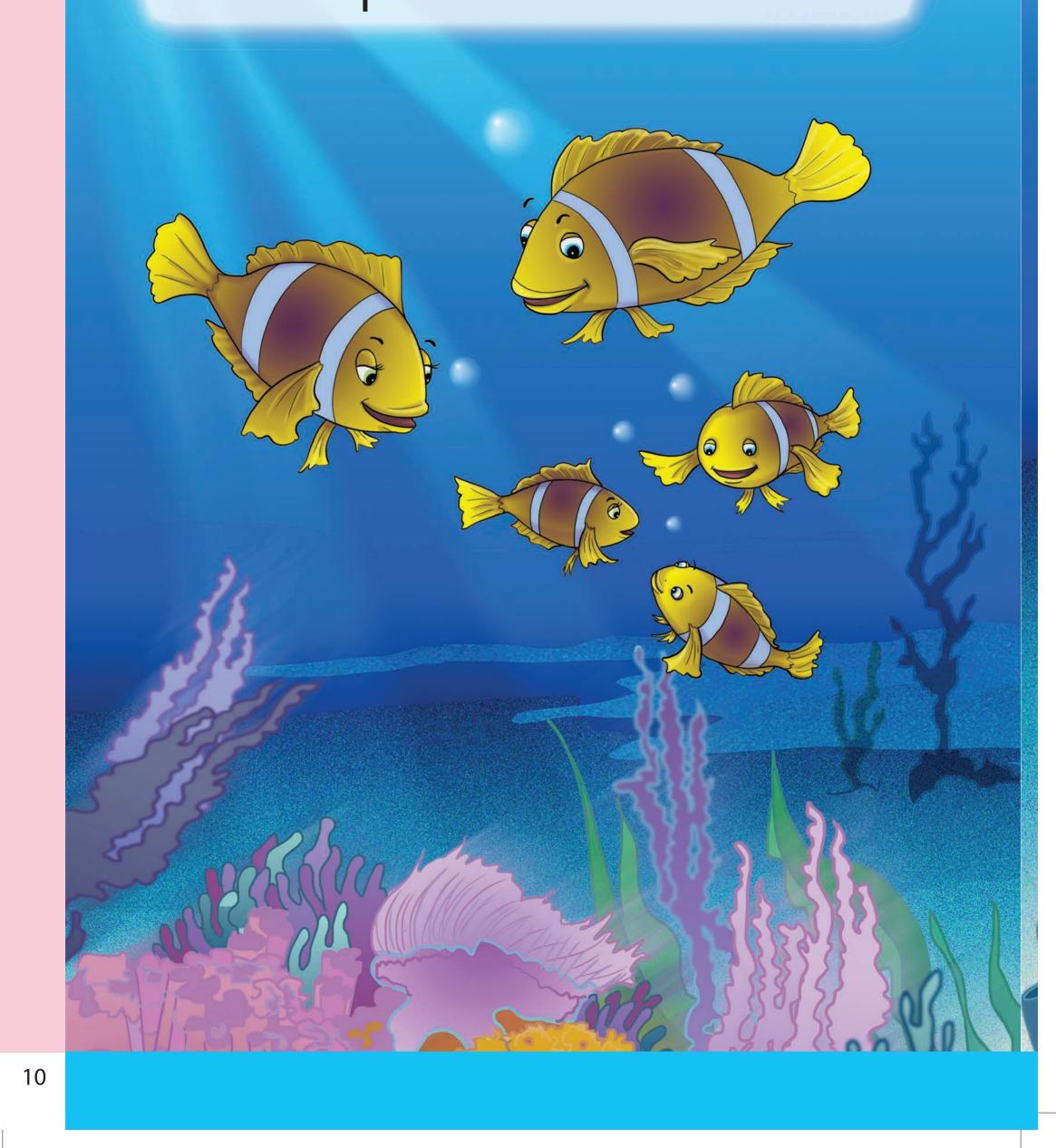




2 Wendy Whale to the rescue



Long, long ago the Clownfish family lived on a coral reef in the deep blue sea.



After school, the three children helped to tidy their home.

After cleaning, the children did their homework and then played in the coral.

C



The Clownfish family was very happy living in the sea. They found lots to eat and they were very safe.

Until one day ...



... when the Clownfish family heard someone screaming loudly.

"Help! Help!"

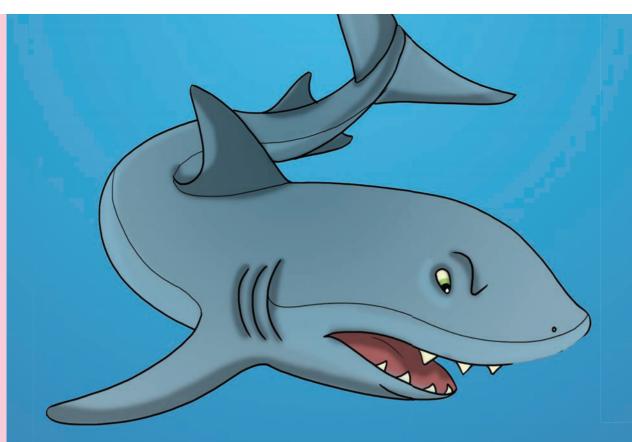
"Who is screaming?" Mrs Clownfish asked.

"What is happening?" asked Mr Clownfish.

"We are scared!" cried the three little fish.

Help!





Then danger struck. They saw Scaly Shark chasing poor Angie Angelfish.

Poor Angie Angelfish was so scared. She swam deeper and deeper into the sea to get away from Scalu Shark.

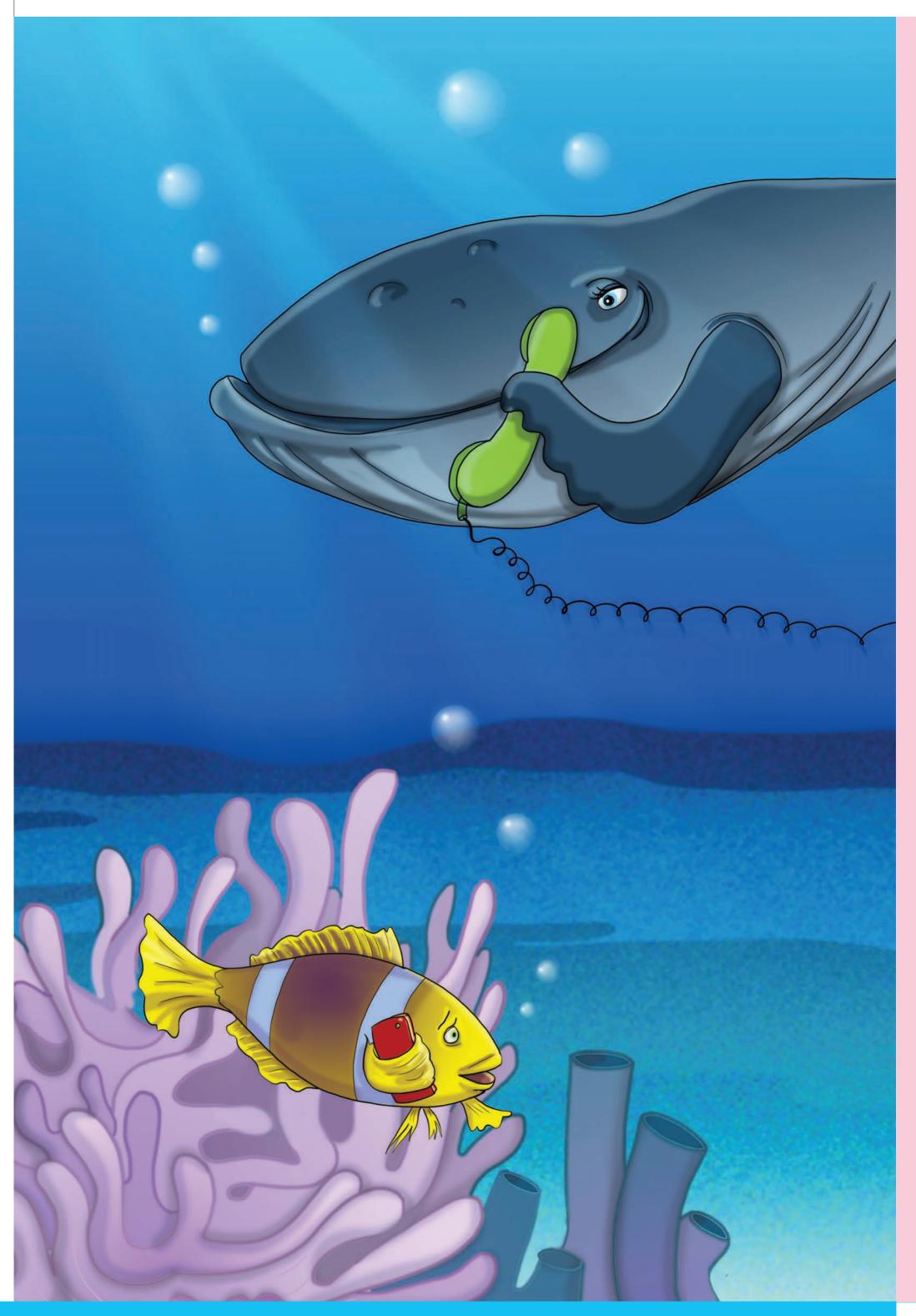


The Clownfish family put their heads together. How could they save Angie Angelfish?

There was only one fish that was not afraid of Scaly Shark. It was Wendy Whale.

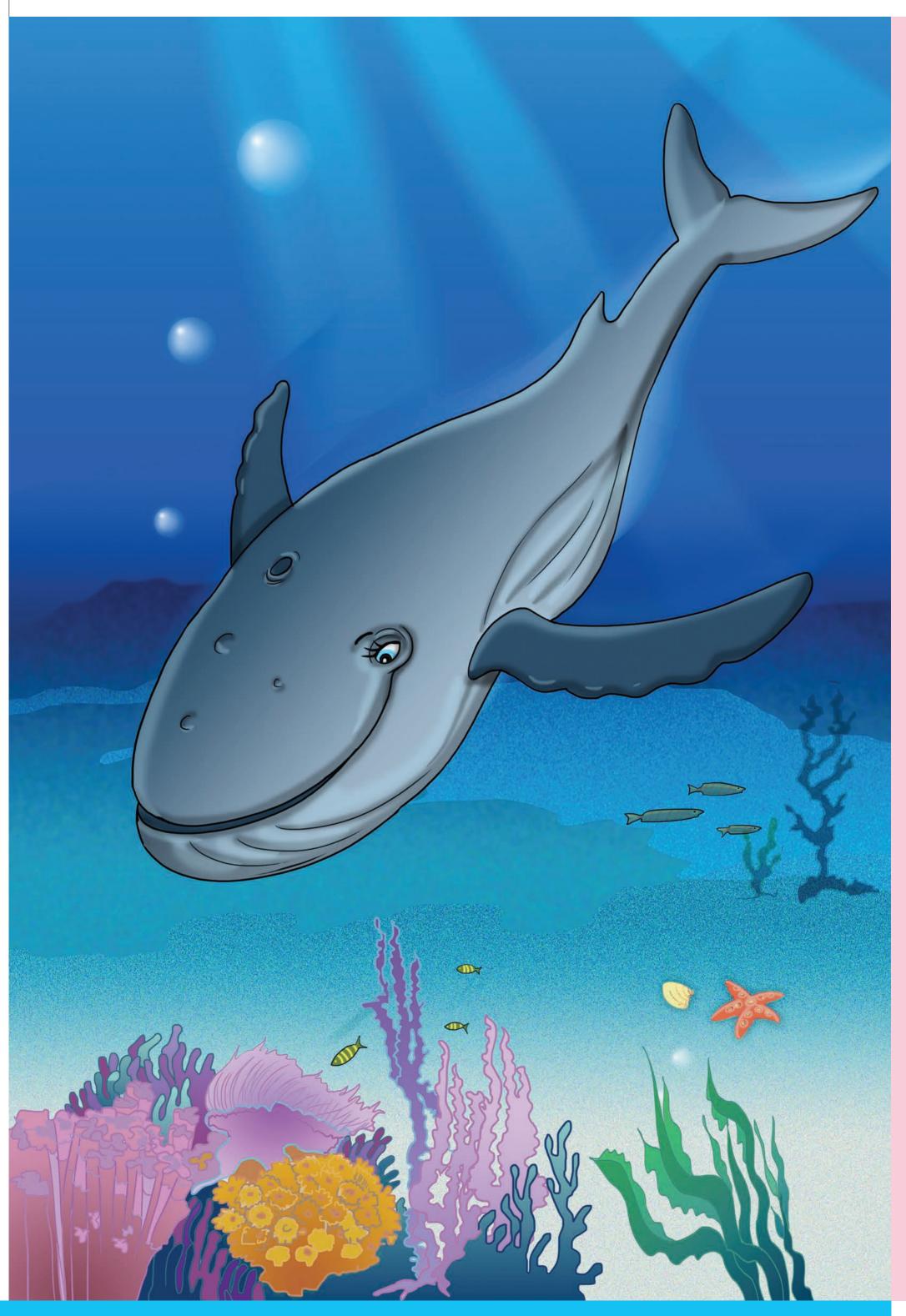
Mr Clownfish phoned Wendy Whale.

"Help! Wendy, help! Scaly Shark wants to eat Angie Angelfish. She's in trouble."



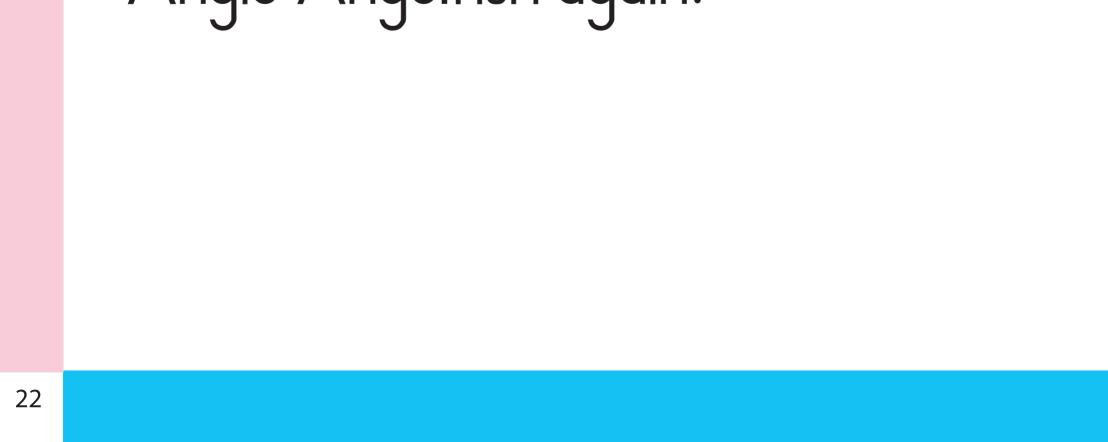
Wendy Whale swam quickly to the Clownfish family's home.

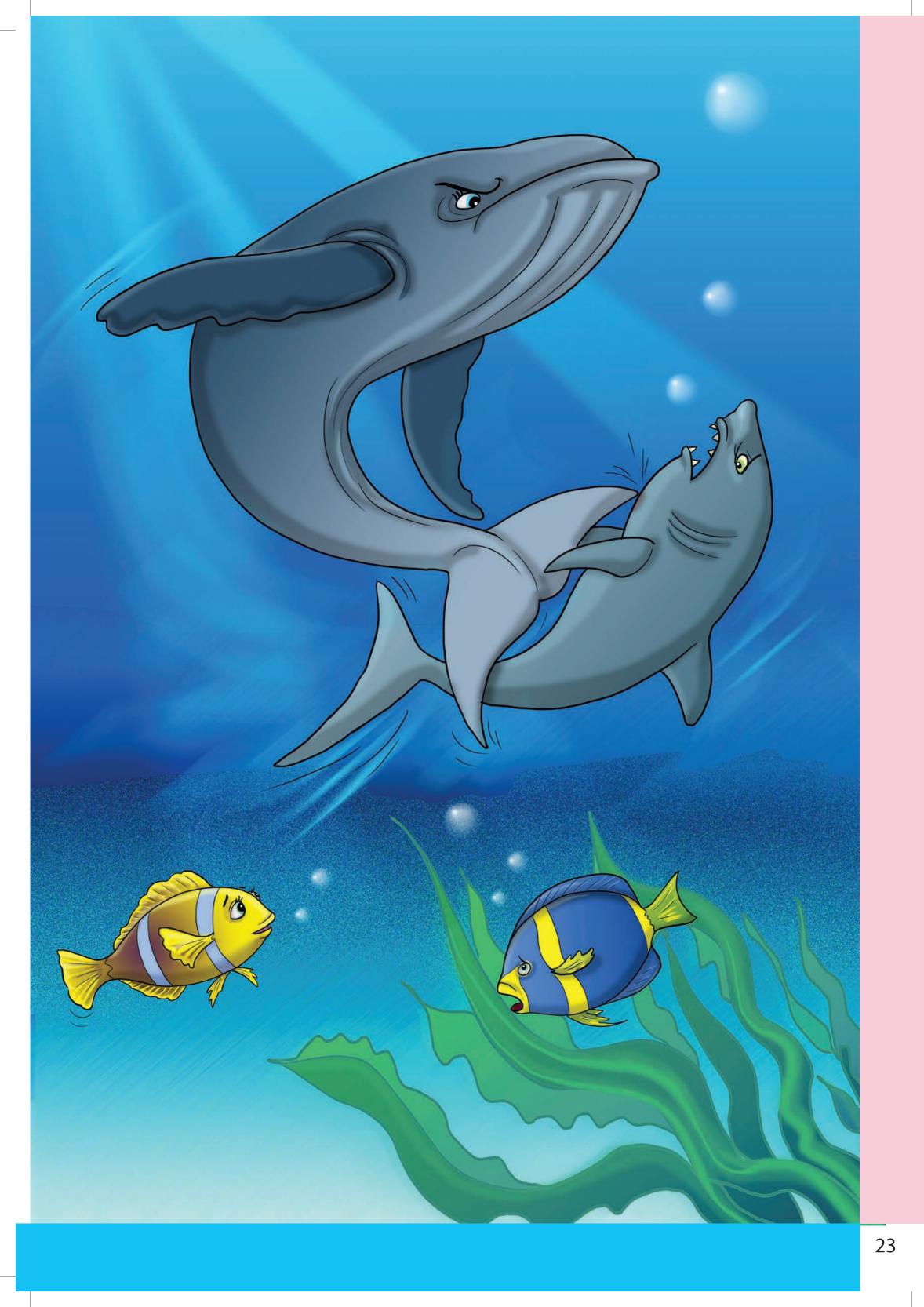
"Let me help Angie Angelfish. I am big and strong, and I am not afraid of Scaly Shark."

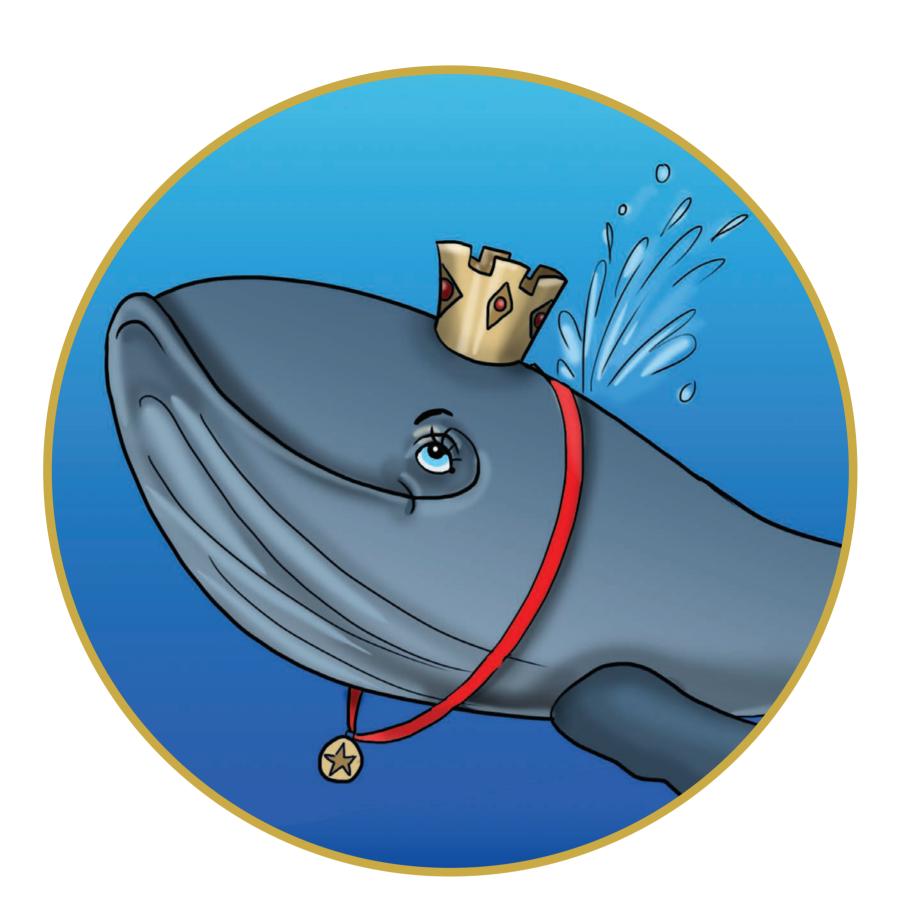


With a slap and a flip of her tail, Wendy Whale made straight for Scaly Shark. Then she smacked Scaly Shark with a loud bump and a thump. Ashamed, he slunk away along the sea bottom.

Scaly Shark would never bother Angie Angelfish again!







"Wendy Whale saved us!" shouted the Clownfish family.

J

Friendship is about trusting and helping each other.

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Welcome to the Big Book series. This Big Book forms part of the wider Rainbow Series which includes workbooks, an anthology, graded readers and posters. We hope that you will find the variety of stories included in the eight Big Books for this grade useful for your teaching and that your learners will enjoy their shared reading experience.

The Curriculum and Assessment Policy Statement (CAPS) for the Foundation Phase highlights shared reading as one of the important components of the reading strategy. Shared Reading usually takes place for two to four days a week with each child having the same text to read.

Using a Big Book with enlarged print is an excellent way of doing shared reading because the learners can see the words and pictures, and follow as you read in a way that is similar to traditional family story telling. It is important that they sit around the Big Book, so that they can all see and read the text. The large print of Big Books makes it possible to read aloud to several learners at once in a relaxed and non-threatening atmosphere.

The Big Books in this series will introduce your learners to a range of stories, poems, rhymes and plays as well as information and graphical texts.

It is your task, as teacher, to make the stories come to life and to create an environment of fun and excitement. Big Book reading enables you to model the experience of reading in a way that is enjoyable for both you and your learners. We hope that this book will help you to do just that.

Make your own **Big Book stand**

You will need:

- Cardboard with the same width as an open Big Book (594 mm) and three times the length (1360 mm).
- Masking tape. 2.
- Two washingpegs to keep the cardboard in place.

head

toes

We sing. Ben is under the mat.

Ben has fur

FOLDHERE

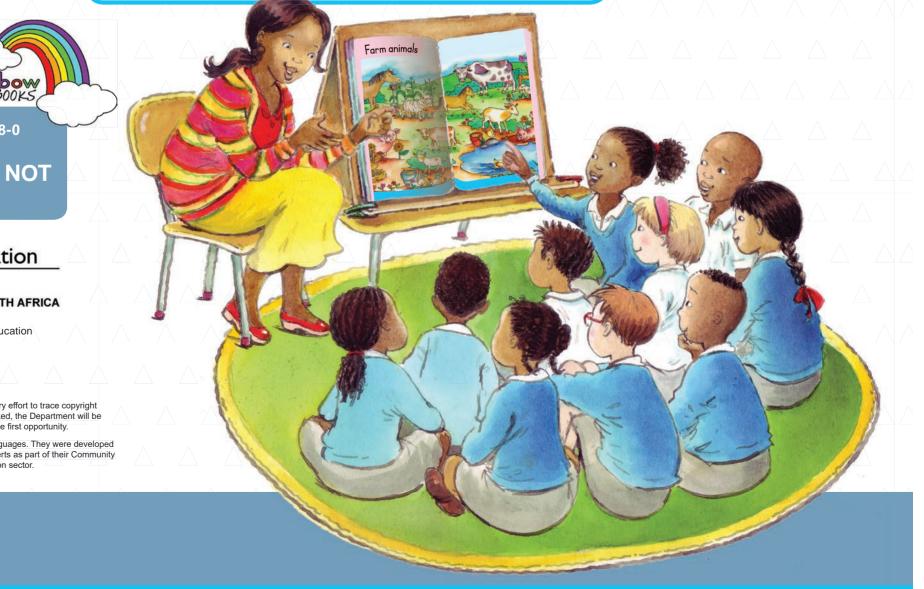
nool we go home. ight and left and right agair

ss. We stop when the It is fun to go to school

Fold the cardboard to make an A-shape and clip the base and the front together as shown below. (Use masking tape to join pieces of cardboard if you do not have a long enough piece.)

Some other ideas for using a **Big Book**

- Use a sheet of clear plastic as an overlay for your Big Book. It will be useful for you and the learners to write on the plastic.
- Write on the overlay with a water-based washable pen (white board markers).
- Use a clip or peg to attach the transparent overlay to the Big Book.







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THIS BOOK MAY NOT

BE SOLD



basic education

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The Big Books in this series are available in all languages. They were developed by a team of UNISA Language and Education experts as part of their Community Engagement contribution to South Africa's education sector

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