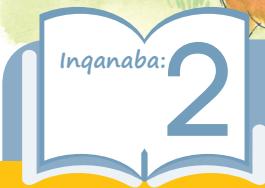
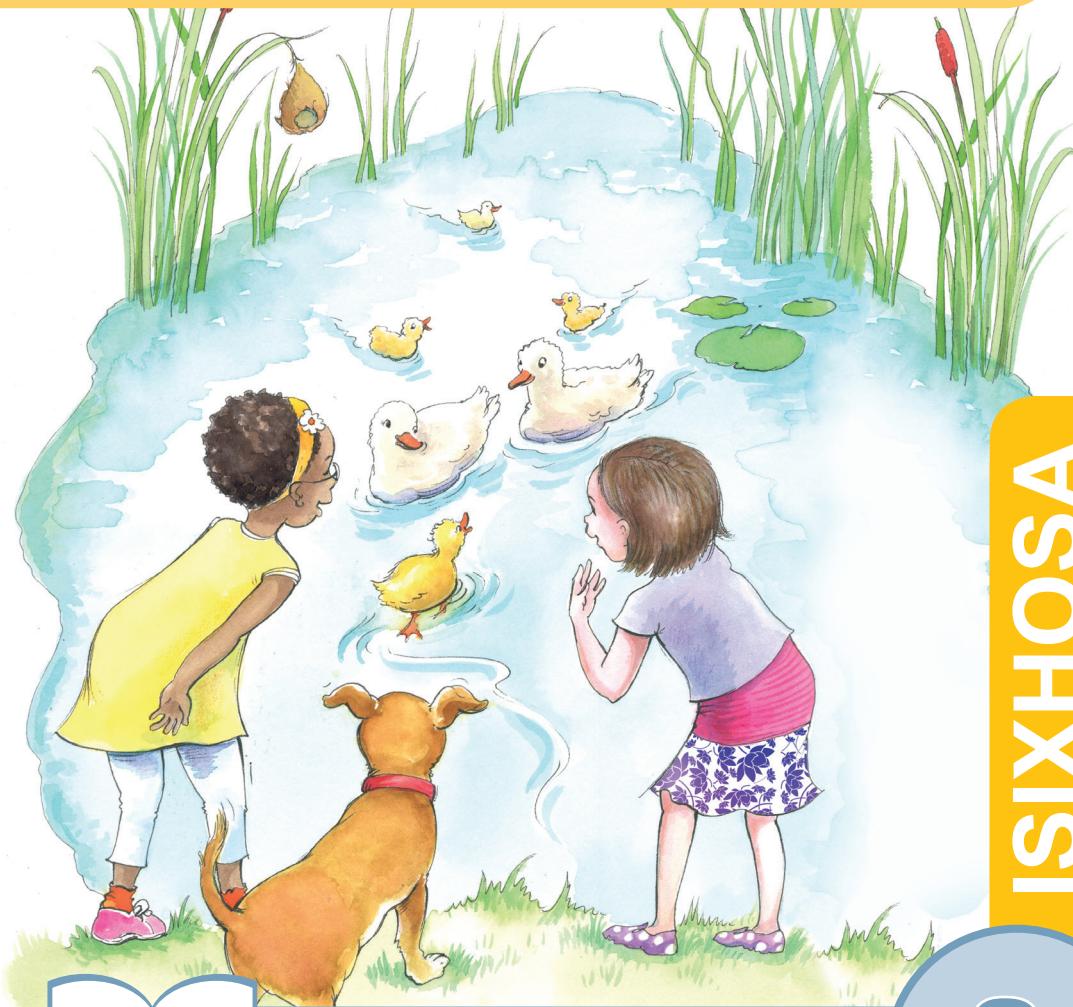


IBANGA 1 ULWIMI LWEENKOBE

UBathathe unomhlobo omtsha



Incwadi

3

ISIXHOUSA



Ukufunda ngokwamaqela ngoncedo lukatitshala

Phambi kokufunda

- Tyhila ibali abaza kulifunda. Thetha ngemifanekiso.
- Cela abafundi baqashisele ukuba lingantoni na ibali ngokujonga kwizihloko nemifanekiso.
- Cacisela abafundi amagama amatsha okanye anzima phambi kokuba baqalise ukufunda.
- Yenza amakhadi amagama ukufundisa isigama esitsha. (Jonga uluhlu lwasigama esitsha kumphakathi woqweqwe lwangasemva.)

Xa kufundwa okokuqala

- Abafundi mabafunde incwadi ngabanye-ngabanye.
- Abafundi mabafunde ngokuthe cwaka okanye bafunde incwadi ngokusebeza.
- Yiya kumfundu ngamnye umcele ukuba afunde umhlathi encwadini ekhwaza.

Ingxoxo

- Buza imibuzo evavanya ukuqonda esekelwe encwadini.
- Gxinisa kwizandi, amagama angaqhelekanga okanye anzima nakwisigama.
- Uya kufumana imisebenzi engemva kule ncwadi iluncedo ekukhokeleni ingxoxo. (Khetha imisebenzi elungele umgangatho wabafundi).

Xa kufundwa okwesibini

- Kwiintsuku ezilandelayo, bayeke abafundi bafunde kwakhona, ngababini okanye emnye.
- Gxinisa ekufundeni kakuhle, igrاما nesigama.
- Bayeke abafundi bagqibezele imisebenzi equkwe ngemva kule ncwadi ngokwamaqela. Khetha imisetenzana efanele umgangatho wabafundi.

Abafundi mabenze umdlalwana
ukuba incwadi iyakuvumela oko.



Abafundi mabenze imisebenzi yokufunda ngokwamaqela emva kwesifundo. Bayalele abafundi basebenze ngokwamaqela benze imisebenzi efanelekileyo yokufunda ngokwamaqela efumaneka ngemva encwadini. Mabangabhalu kule ncwadi. Imisebenzi ebhalwayo mayenziwe kwiincwadi zabo zemisebenzi.

UBathathe unomhlobo omtsha



UPam noLumka kunye
noBathathe injá, bayawaka.

UBathathe akeva namhlanje
ngokungathi ungenwe liphela
endlebeni. Nanko ebaleka.

UPam noLumka bayamleqa.
“Bathathe buya!” wambiza
uLumka.

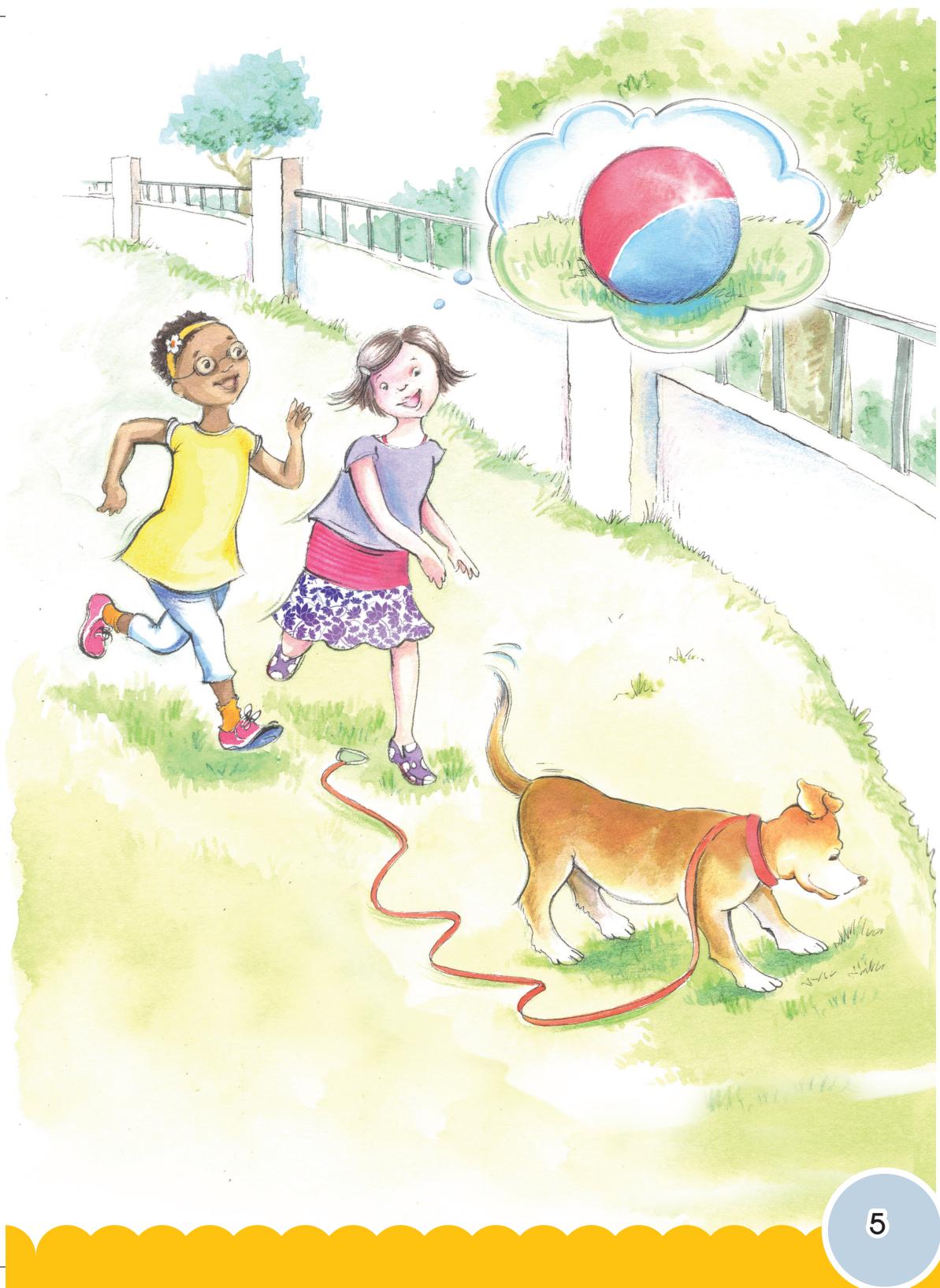




UBathathe ubalekela
ngaseludongeni epakini. Nanko
enukisa udonga.

Ingaba livumba lantoni eli
alinukisayo mhlawumbi? Ingaba
yibhola enombala obomvu
nozuba?

Hawu-hawu! Hawu-hawu!



UPam uyabuza, "Ufumene ntoni
Bathathe, kukho ntoni apho?"
Ingaba lithambo elikhulu?
okanye ufumene ikhowuni?

Hawu-hawu!





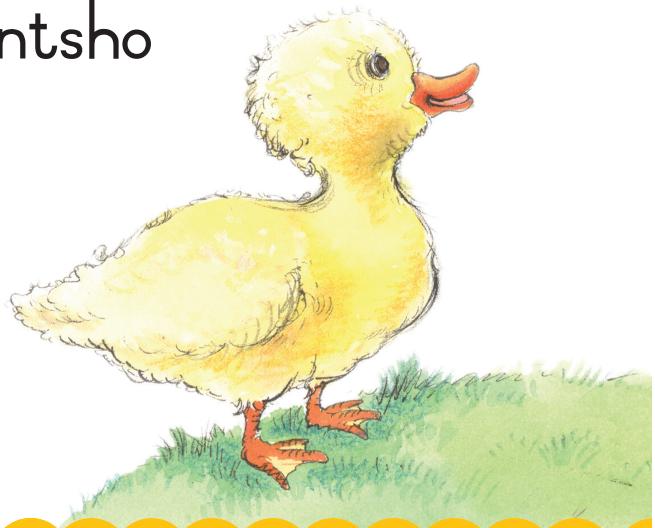
UPam noLumka balandela
uBathathe bangena epakini.

Kwak -kwak! Kwak -kwak!

Owu bethuna! Lintshontsho
ledada elitsha elimthubi.

Usizana Iwentshontsho
lulahlekile.

La mantombazana asondela
ngakulo intshontsho
ecotha.







"Ingaba ulahlekile ntshontshwana
elihle elimthubi? Uyafuna
sikuthathe sikuse edamini?"
walibuza uPam.

Nanko uBathathe ekhonkotha
kwakhona.

Hawu-hawu! Hawu-hawu!

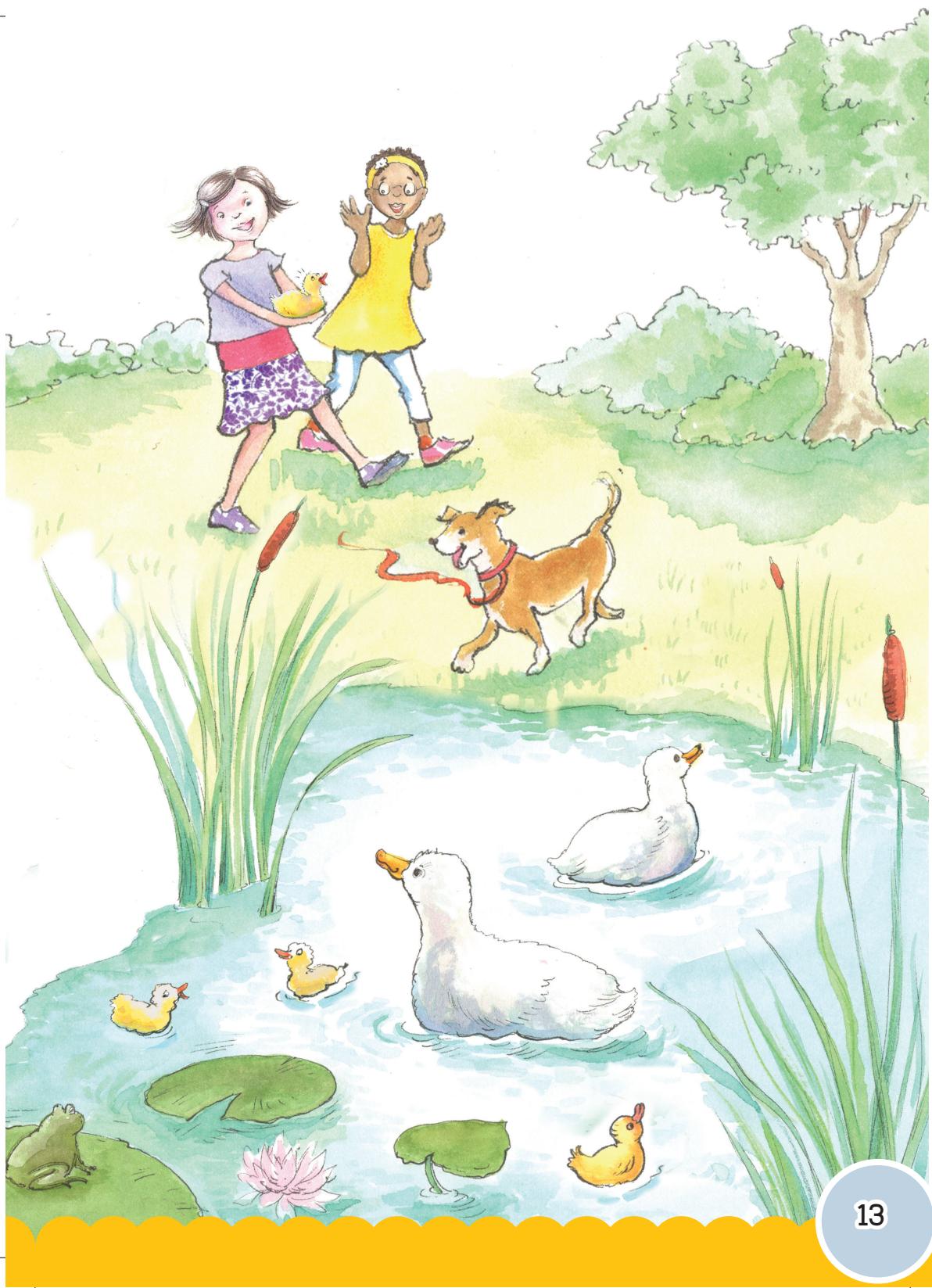
"Hayi Bathathe! Musa
ukulikhonkotha intshontsho,"
wamngxolisa ngelitshoyo uLumka.
"Uza kuloyikisa intshontsho ledada."



UPam noLumka balithatha idada
balisa edamini.

"Nanku umama wakho
notata wakho. Jonga naba
noodade benu nabantakwenu
bedada edamini," watsho uPam.

Kwak-kwak! Kwak-kwak!



"Alisathandeki ngako eli ntshontsho. Ndibawela sigoduke nalo," watsho uPam.

Intshontsho ledada elimthubi labashiya ladadela phaya.

"Ingathi intshontsho lifuna ukuhlala nosapho lwalo," utshilo uLumka.

Kwak-kwak! Kwak-kwak!



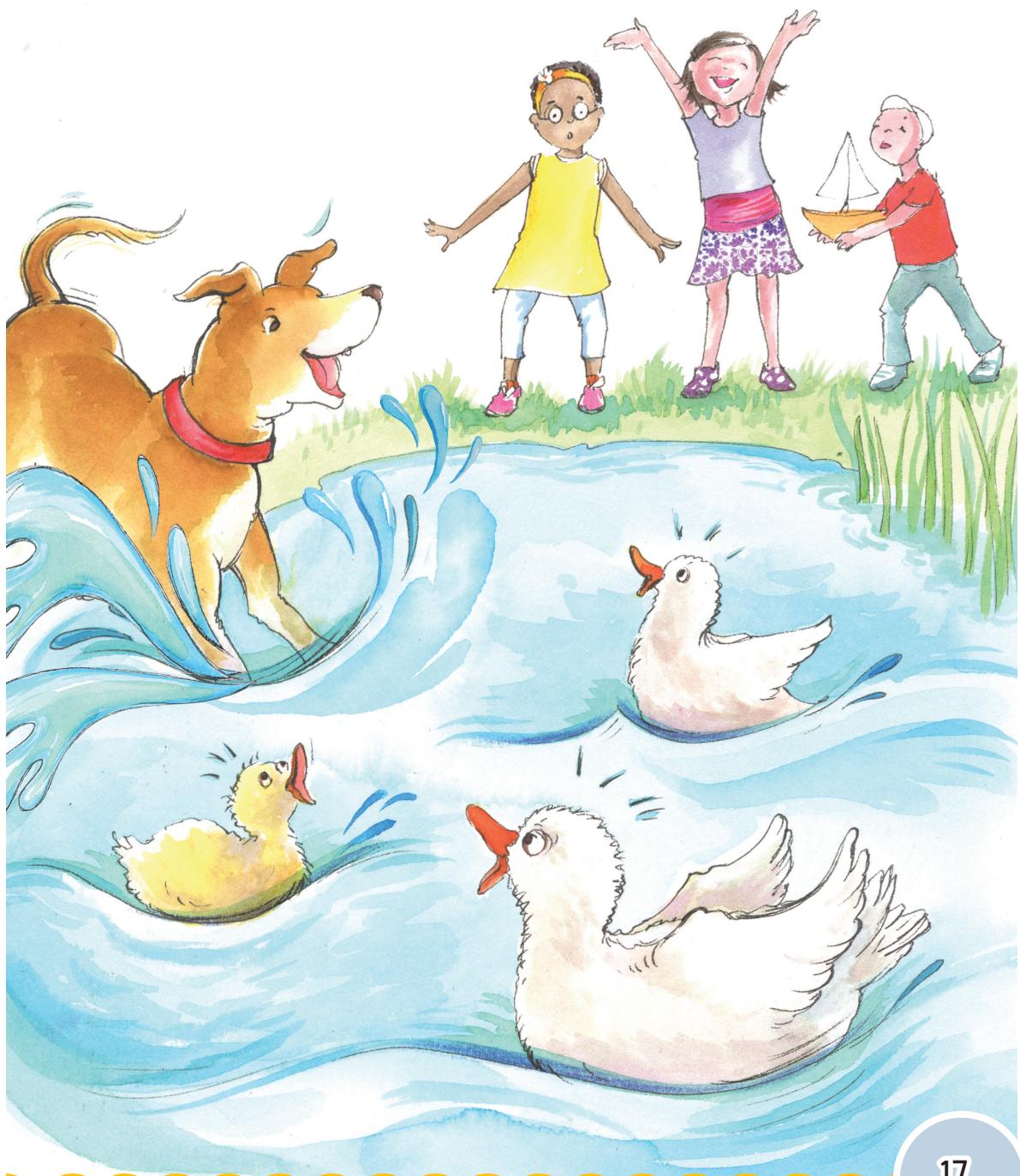
UBathathe ubone
intshontsho lidada edamini
naye wafuna ukudada.

Nanko etsibela emanzini elilandela.

Dyumpu! Dyumpu! Dyumpu!

"Hayi Bathathe! Awuva
kanene njandini. Phuma apho!"
utshilo uPam ecaphuka.





Waphuma uBathathe edamini.
Wazivuthulula efuna ukuzomisa.
"Hayi suka Bathathe! Jonga
ngoku undimanzisile! Masigoduke,"
utshilo uLumka.

UBathathe wabulisa kumhlobo
wakhe omtsha.

Hawu-hawu! Hawu-hawu!

Zinonophele izilo-qabane
zakho!







Masicule!

Nikhe nawabona na amadad' amahle?



Nikhe nawabona na
Amadad' amahle
Xa eya edamini
Amadad' amahle
Linye mabini
Amadad' amahle
Mathathu mane
Amadad' amahle
Mahlanu thandathu
Amadad' amahle
Sixhenxe sibhozo
Amadad' amahle
Lithoba lishumi
Amadad' amahle





Malunga namadada

Amadada ayazalana namarhanisi
noontamonde.

Amadada aneenyawo ezinenwebu phakathi
kweenzwane eziwancedayo xa equbha.

Anemilomo etsolo.

Akwaneentsiba ezingangenwa manzi.

Idada eliliduna kuthiwa yinkunzi ze
elisisikhomokazi kuthiwe yimazi, abantwana
kuthiwa ngamantshortsho amadada.

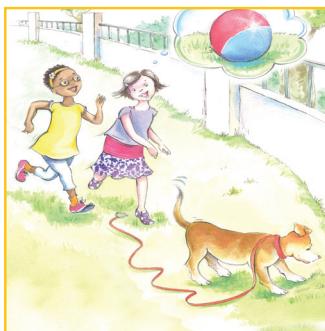
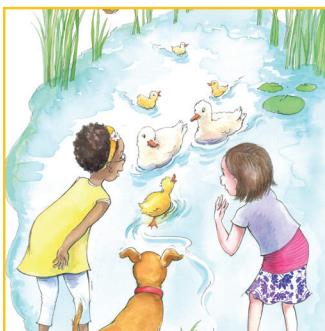
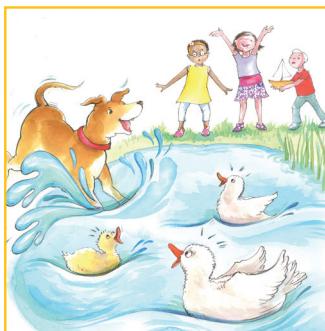
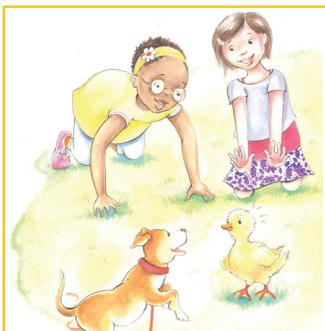


Imisebenzi yokufunda yamaqela



1 Jonga imifanekiso.

Xelela umhlobo wakho ukuba kwenzeka ntoni emfanekisweni ngamnye. Xelela umhlobo wakho ukuba ngowuphi ofanele ukuba sekuqaleni, owesibini owesithathu nowokugqibela. Balisela umhlobo wakho kwakhona usebenzise imifanekiso.



2

Yenzani umdlalo nilinganise ibali.



3

Phendula le mibuzo ilandelayo ngomlomo.

- Sithini isihloko sebal?
- Ngoobani abalinganiswa abaphambili ebalini?
- UPam noLumka babafumana phi abazali bentshontsho ledada elimthubi?



Ucinga ukuba uBathathe nentshontsho ledada baya
kuhlala bengabahlobo?

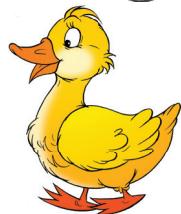
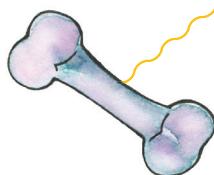
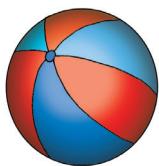
Nika isizathu sempendulo yakho.

Xela imibala ekhankanywe kweli bali.



4

Xelela umhlobo wakho ukuba ngowuphi umfanekiso
ohambelana neliphi igama. Funda isivakalisi
esihambelana nomfanekiso kanye negama.



ithambo

uBathathe

ibhola

ifowuni

idada

Ingaba lithambo
elikhulu?

Yibhola ebomvu
nazuba.

Ingaba uyalibona
idada elimthubi?

UBathathe yinja
kaPam noLumka.

Ingaba yifowuni?



5

Fundela umhlobo wakho ezi zivakalisi. Sebenzisa la magama nemifanekiso ugqibezele izivakalisi.

uBathathe	edamini	intshontsho ledada	intaka
umzekelo: 		<u>intaka</u> icula emthini.	
		UPam no _____ bayawaka.	
		uBathathe ubona _____ elimthubi.	
		UPam noLumka balithatha intshontsho ledada balisa _____.	



6

Khuphela isivakalisi sibe sinye encwadini yakho.
Zoba umfanekiso ohambelana nesivakalisi sakho.

IBANGA 1 ULWIMI LWEENKOBE



Incwadi

3

Isihloko:	UBathathe unomhlobo omtsha
Ulwimi:	IsiXhosa
Inqanaba:	Incwadi yokufunda yoLwimi Lweenkobe yeBanga loku-1 Incwadi yesi-3 Inqanaba 2
Uhlobo lwencwadi:	Ibali
Amagama ajongwayo:	waka, leqa, owu bethuna, usizana, ukungeva, ukungxolisa
Isigama:	ukukhonkotha, ukucaphuka, hawu-hawu, idama, vuthulula, intshontsho, ukudada, ukunukisa, ifowuni, usapho, udadewenu, umntakwenu, ukumanzisa
Izandi:	kw, ntsh, aa, ngx, nt, nts, nz, oo, nw, tsh, hl, ts.
Umxholo, amagama nezakhono:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Dwelisa imifanekiso ngokokulandelelana kwayo.▪ Balisa ibali kwakhona.▪ Phendula imibuzo elula.▪ Tshatisa inkcazelo, umfanekiso nesivakalisi.▪ Gqibezela izivakalisi.▪ Khuphela isivakalisi esisebalini.▪ Zoba umfanekiso obonisa isivakalisi.

Inkqubo ye-CAPS igunyazisa ukuba ootitshala babe nexesa abalibekela bucala ngosuku ngalunye, kulungiselelwa ukufunda ngamaqela encediswa ngutitshala.

ukufunda ngamaqela encediswa ngutitshala kujolise ekubeni abafundi abakwinqanaba lokufunda elifanayo bafunde isicatshulwa esifanayo ngoncedo lukatitshala.

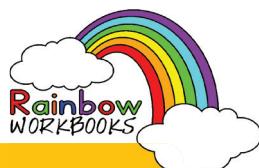
Utitshala kufuneka enze isicwangciso sokufunda esiquka iindlela zobuchule bokufunda nokuqonda amagama, zokuxhobisa abafundi xa befunda.

Ezi ndlela zobuchule ziquka "incoko ngebali" ephakathi kukatitshala nabafundi, nephakathi kwabafundi emaqeleni abo. Ezi ncwadi ziqulethe iqela lemisebenzi malunga nezi "ncoko ngebali". ukujonda neminye enokunceda ootitshala ekukhokeleni ukufunda ngokwamaqela emagumbini abo.

ISBN 978-1-4315-2632-1



ISBN 978-1-4315-2632-1



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basic education

Department:
Basic Education
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

Published by the Department of Basic Education
222 Struben Street, Pretoria
South Africa

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First edition 2016

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Siya esikolweni

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Siyayithanda ibhola ekhatywayo

Silinganisa iimpahla

UBathathe unomhlolo omtsha

UTshotsho ilori etiphayo



Isikhukukazi esibomvu

ULinda uya kwaggirha

Iphupha likaDudu