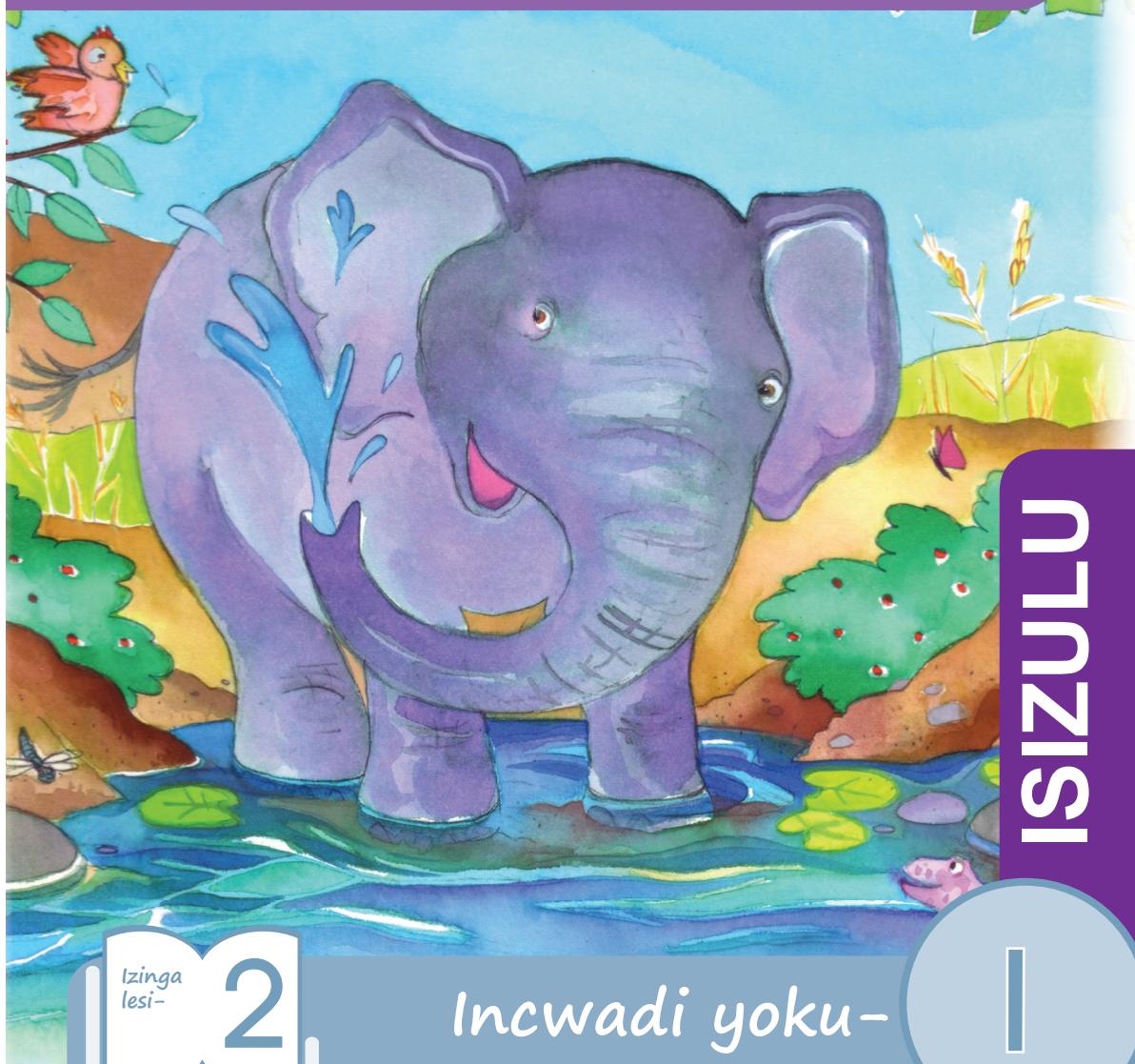


IBANGA LESI-2 ULIMI LWASEKHAYA

# Indlovu nomboko wayo



ISIZULU

Izinga  
lesi-

2

Incwadi yoku-

|



# Ukufunda ngamaqembu okuholwayo

## Ngaphambi kokufunda

- Phenza amakhadi endaba abazoyifunda.
- Tshela abafundi ukuba baqagale ukuthi indaba izoqhubeka kanjani uma kususelwa esihlokweni nasemifanekisweni.
- Yethula amagama amasha noma alukhuni ngaphambi kokuba abafundi baqale ukufunda incwadi.
- Yenza amakhadi amagama ukwethula amagama amasha. (Thola uhlulwamagama amasha ngaphakathi.)

## Ukufunda kokuqala

- Abafundi kumele bafunde umbhalo ngamunye.
- Abafundi kumele bafunde buthule noma "bawufunde ngokuhleba" umbhalo.
- Suka kumfundu uye kolandelayo, ucele umfundu ngamunye ukuba afunde isigaba sombhalo kuzwakale.

## Ingxoxo

- Funda imibozo yokuqondiswa esuselwa embhalweni.
- Gxila emisindweni, emagameni ajwayelekile kanye nasemagameni amasha.
- Uyothola imisebenzi esekugcineni kwale ncwadi ilusizo ekuholeni ingxoxo. (Khetha imisebenzi efanele izinga labafundi.)

## Ukufunda kwesibili

- Ezinsukwini ezilandelayo, nkeza abafundi ithuba lokuyifunda futhi incwadi, ngabibili noma ngamunye.
- Gxila ekufundeni ngokugeleza, ekusetshenzisweni kolimi nasemagameni amasha.
- Abafundi mabaqedele imisebenzi yeqembu eholwayo etholakala ngemuva kwale ncwadi. (Khetha imisebenzi efanele izinga labafundi.)

Abafundi mabadlale balingise okwenzeka endabeni uma umbhalo uvumelana nalokho.



Abafundi kumele benze imisebenzi yokufunda ngamaqembu ngemva kokufunda. Abafundi mabasebenze ngamaqembu ukuqedela imisebenzi efanele etholakala ngemuva kule ncwadi. Imisebenzi ebhalwayo kumele yenzelwe ezincwadini zokubhalela, hhayi kule ncwadi.

# Indlovu nomboko wayo



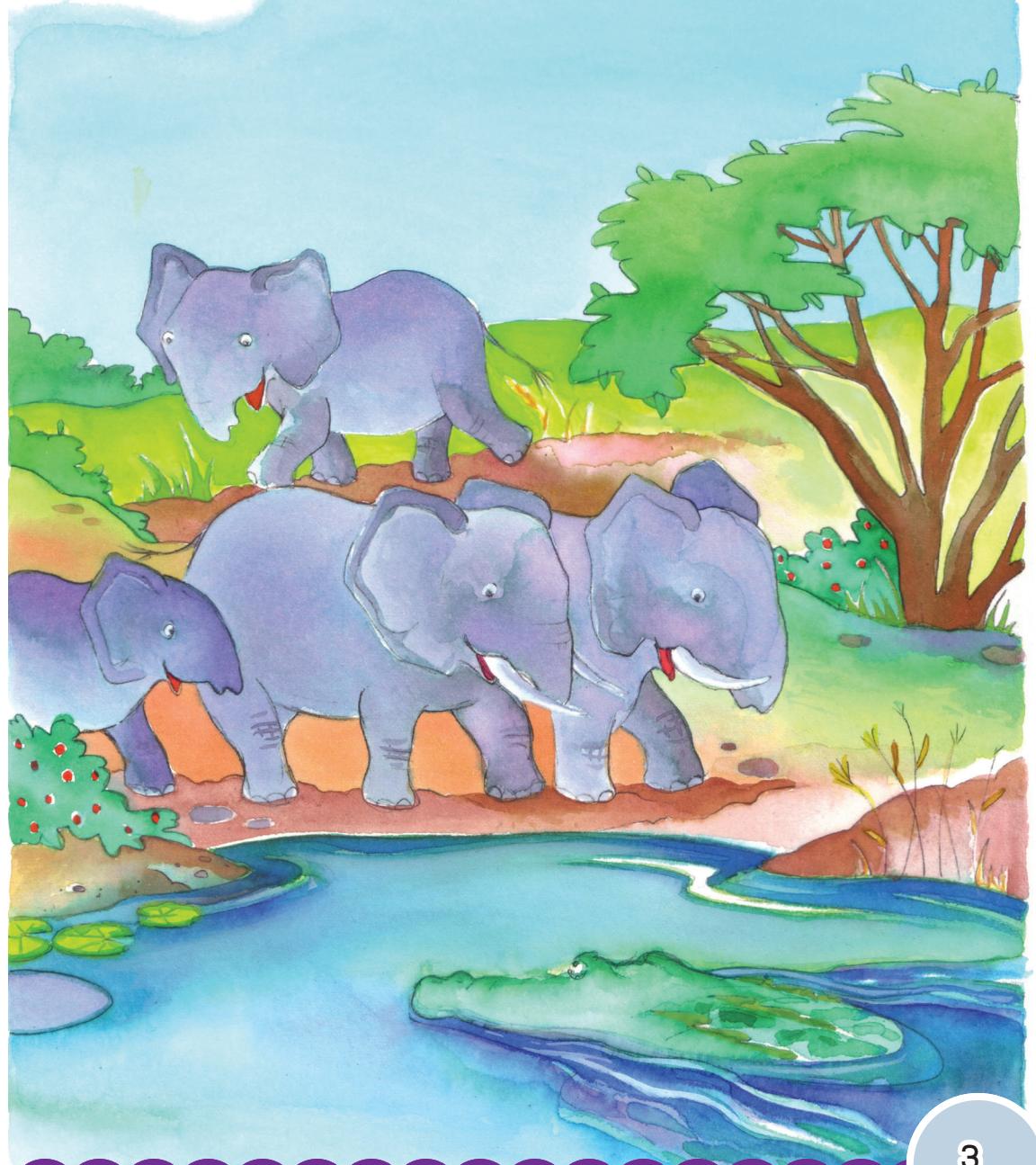
Kudaladala, izindlovu zazinemiboko  
emifushane.

Ngelinye ilanga izindlovu zazidla.

Kwasuka uBubu umntwana  
wendlovu wahamba washiya  
umndeni wakhe. Wahamba  
wahamba wahamba.

Akabezwanga uma bembiza.

“Ngifuna ukubona umhlaba.”  
kusho uBubu.

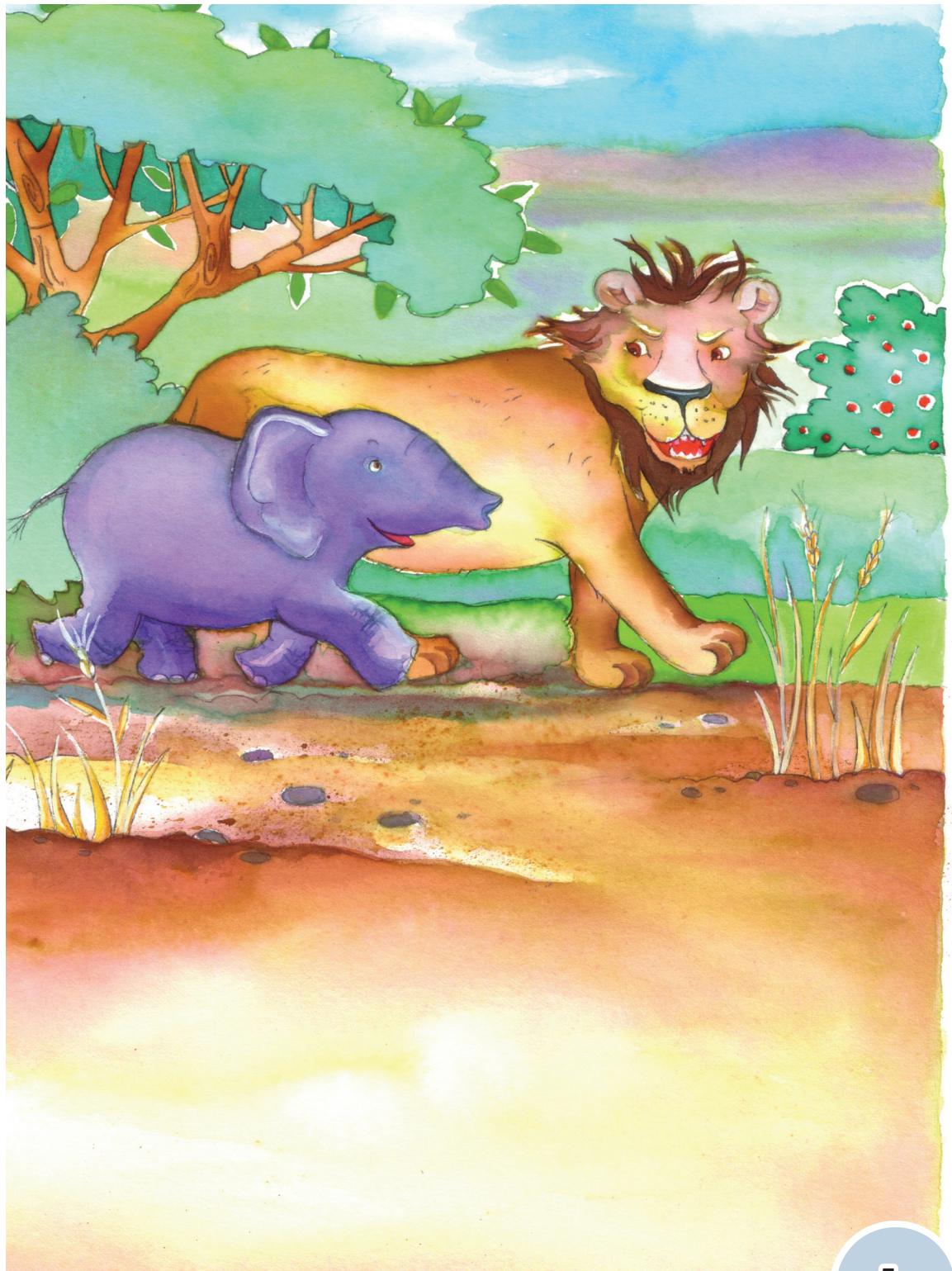


Esikhathini esingengakanani uBubu wayeselahlekile. "Ngifuna umndeni wami," ecabanga.

Emva kwalokho wahlangana nebhubesi.

"Ngabe ngiyibhubesi?  
Ngingowakini, Bhubes?" kubuza uBubu.

"Cha, awunawo amazinyo  
amakhulu. Awukwazi ukubhonga.  
Hamba uye kumama wakho," kusho  
ibhubesi.



Wasuka wehla waze wayofika  
emfuleni. Wabona imvubu.

UBubu wabuza imvubu:  
"Ngabe ngiyimvubu?  
Ngingowakini, mvubu?"

"Cha, awukwazi ukulala emanzini,  
unamadlebe amakhulu, awami  
mancane."

Hamba uye kumama wakho,  
kusho imvubu.

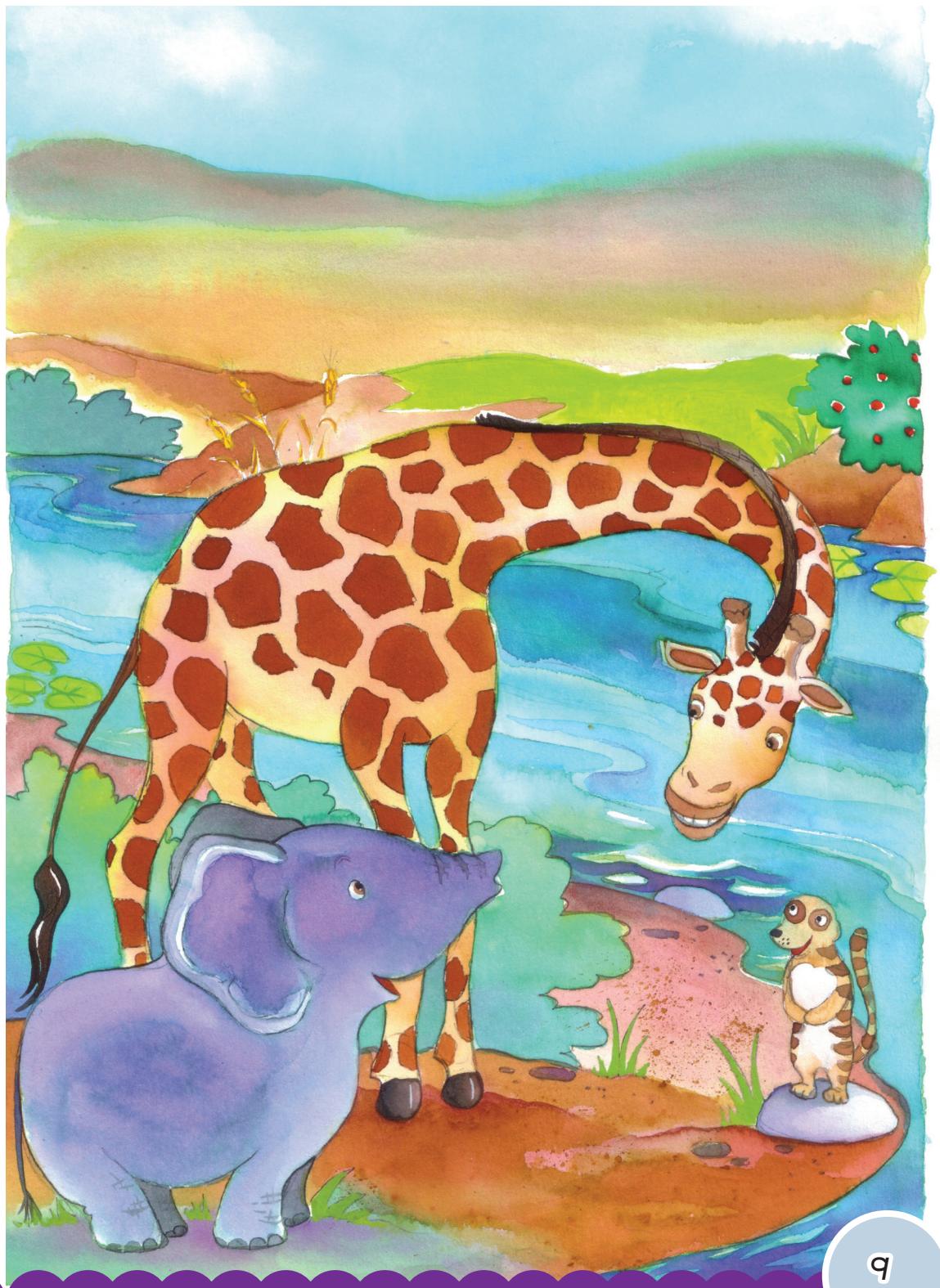


Wahamba wahamba, wahlangana  
nendlulamithi.

Waphakamisa amehlo wayibuka.

UBubu wabuza indlulamithi,  
“Ungumama wami wena?  
Ngingowakini, ndlulamithi?”

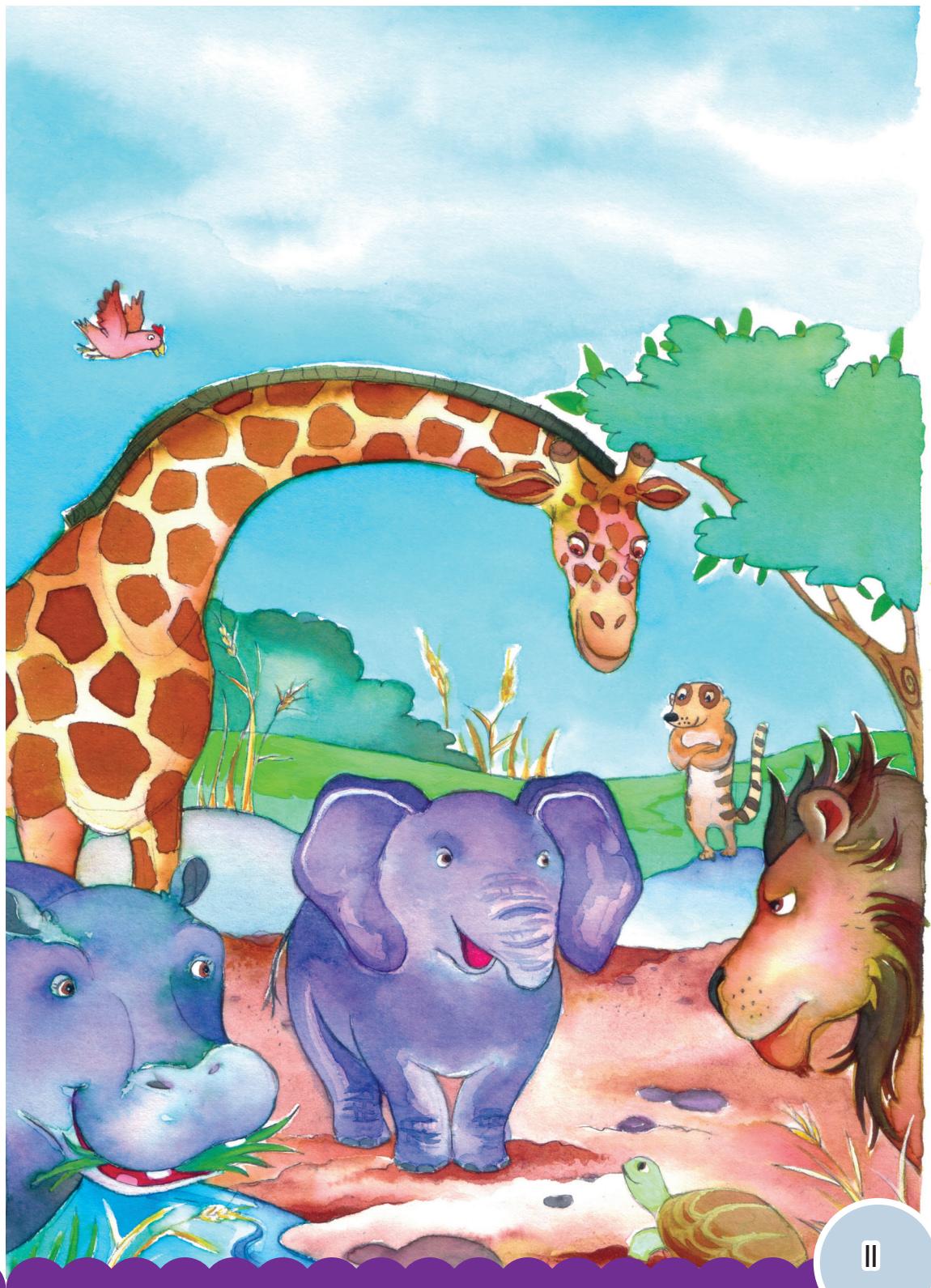
“Cha, unentamo emfushane.  
Hamba uye kumama wakho,”  
kusho indlulamithi.



Wahamba wahamba, waze  
wakhubeka. Wathi uma ebheka  
phansi wabona ufulu.

"Ungumama wami wena?  
Ngingowakini mina?" kubuza  
uBubu.

"Cha, imihlane yethu ayifani.  
Hamba uye kumama wakho,"  
kusho ufulu.

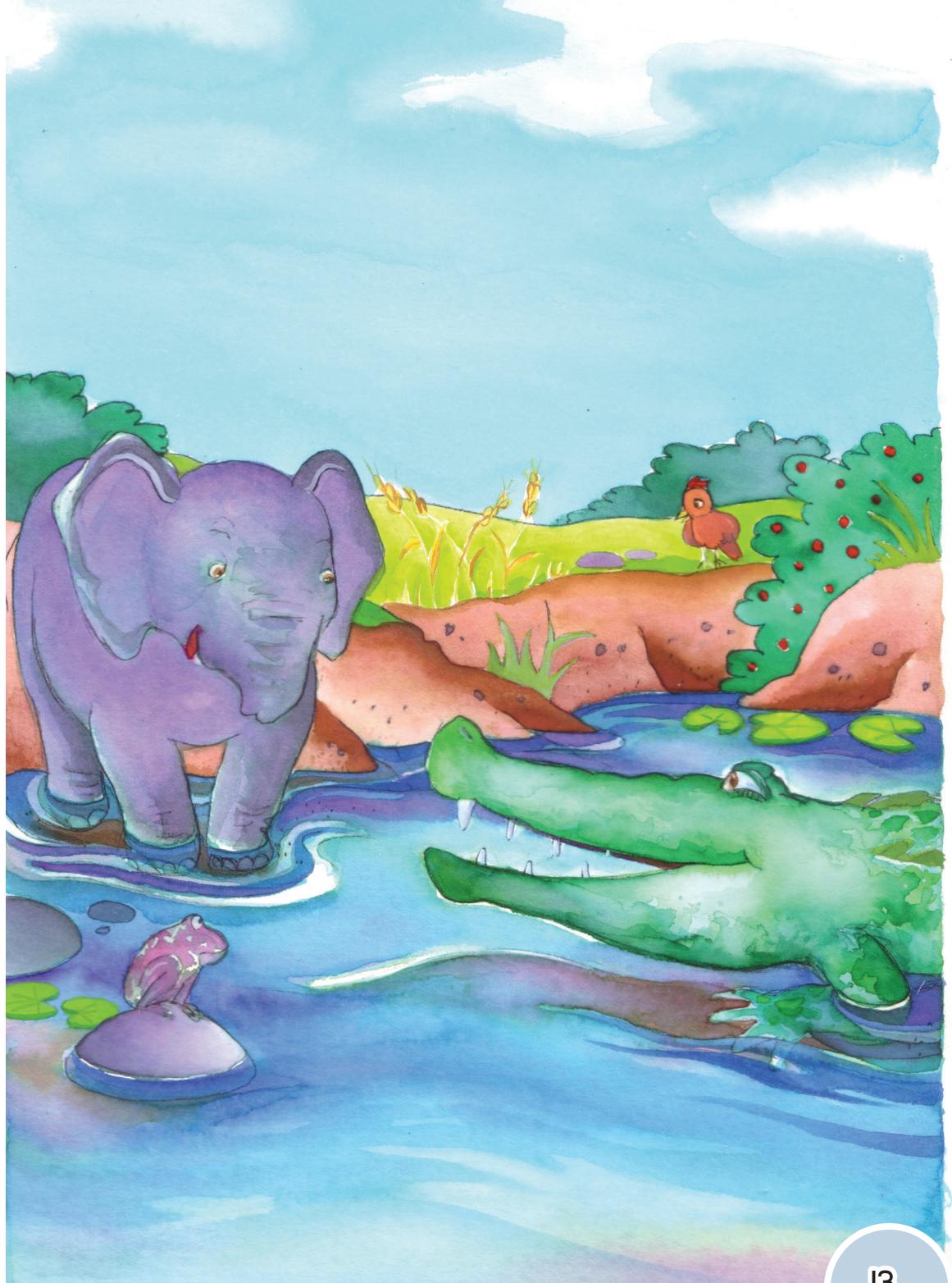


Wafika emfuleni wabona  
ingwenya. Yayilambile yase  
icabanga ukumenza isidlo sayo  
sasemini.

Wayibuza umbuzo uBubu  
"Ungumama wami wena?  
Ngingumntwana wakho?"

"Sondela eduze ukuze ngikubone  
kahle," kusho ingwenya.

UBubu wangena emanzini  
wasondela kuyo ingwenya...

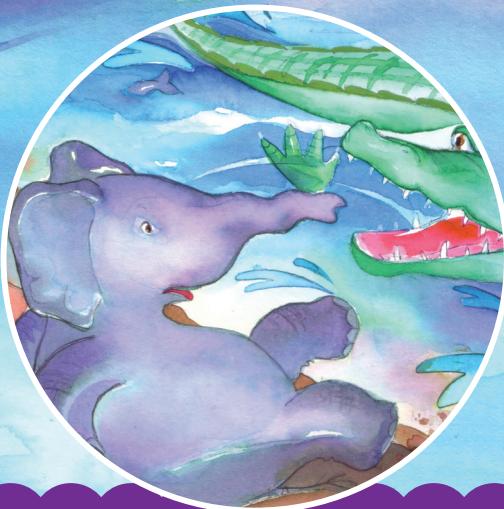


Ingwenya yambamba ngekhala  
uBubu yamdonsa, yamdonsa  
weluleka umboko wendlovu.

Kwenzeka konke lokhu nje,  
unina kaBubu uyabona "Yekela  
umntwana wami," kumemeza  
umama kaBubu. Wambamba  
ngomsila wamdonsa wamkhiphela  
ngaphandle kwamanzi.

"Bubu, mntanami! Bewukuphi  
sonke lesi sikhathi?" kubuza unina.

Ngokudabuka uBubu wathi,  
"Bengifuna wena."

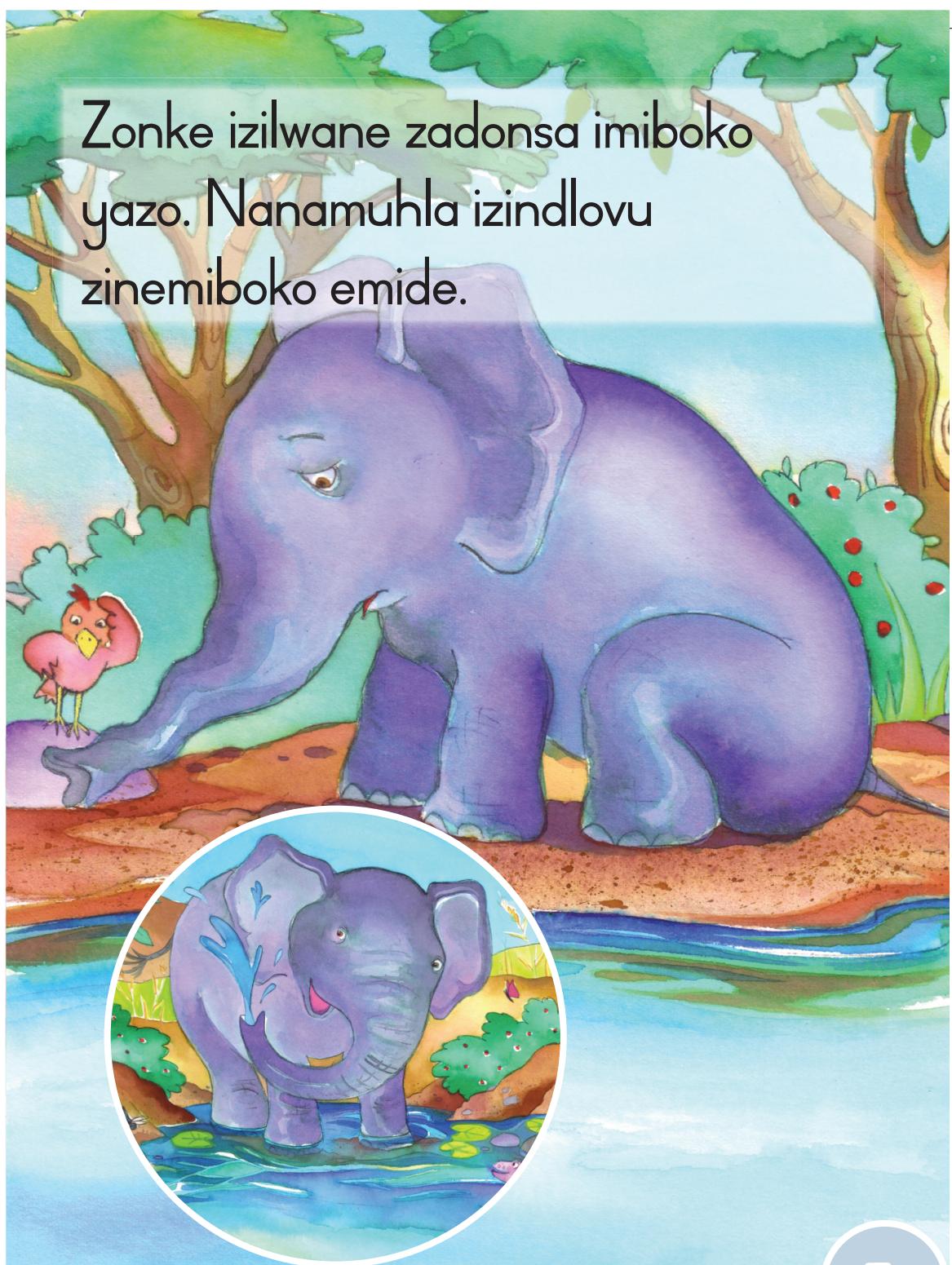


"Bakithi, bonani umboko wami omude," kusho uBubu. "Ungathi angisile."

"Ungakhathazeki," kusho inyoni encane. "Uzowusebenzisa ekuphaxazeni amanzi, ukhe nezithelo ngawo," kusho inyoni.

UBubu wahamba eshwiba umboko wakhe. Wayenza izinto eziningi ezinhle ngomboko wakhe omude. Kwathi lapho zimbona ezinye izilwane zafisa ukuba nomboko ofana nowakhe.

Zonke izilwane zadonsa imiboko  
yazo. Nanamuhla izindlovu  
zinemiboko emide.

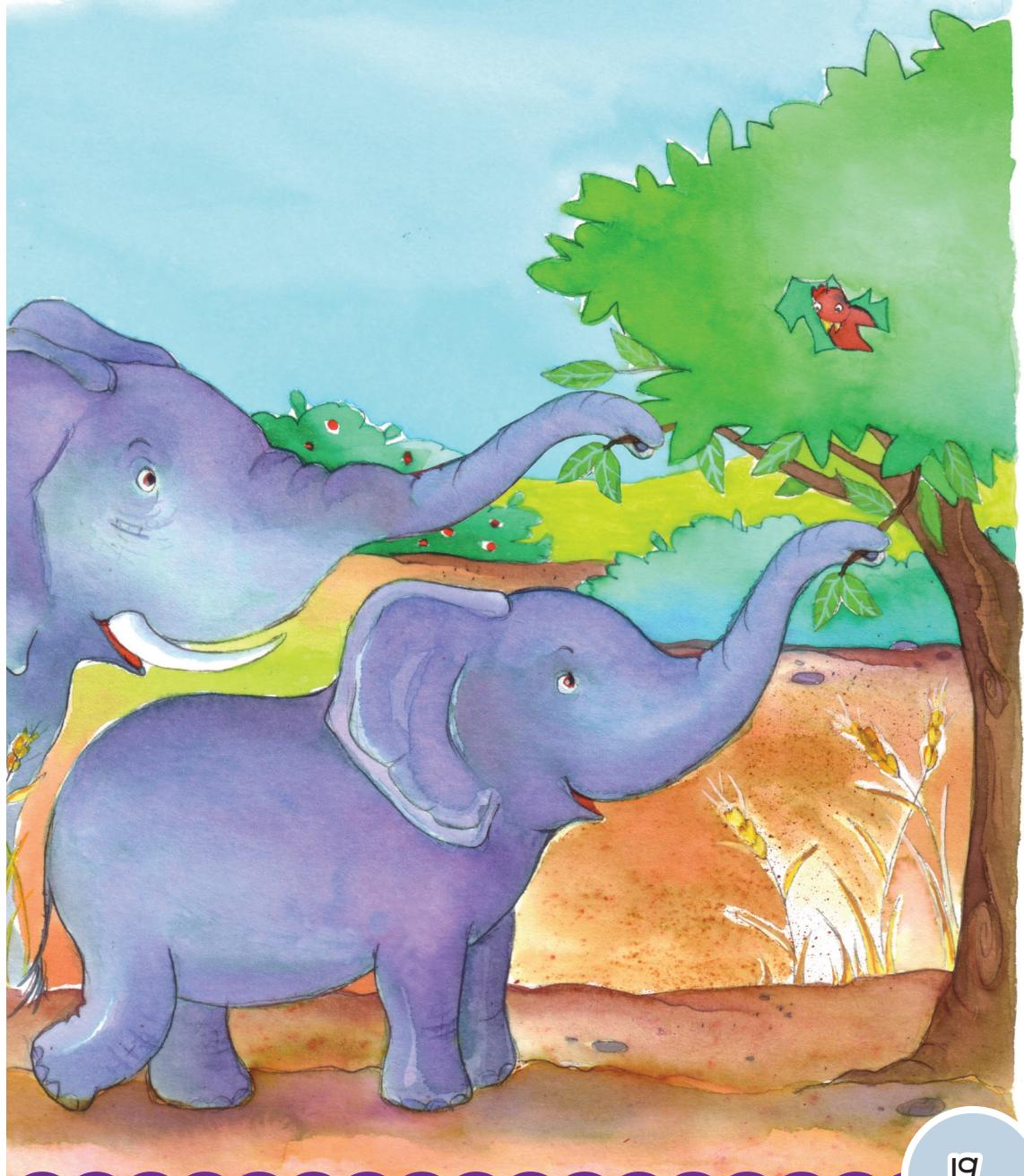


Akaphindanga uBubu washiya  
umndeni wakhe.

Wayazi ukuthi akalona ibhubesi,  
noma imvubu. Wayengeyona  
indlulamithi, engelona ufudu  
noma ingwenya. Wayeyilungu  
lomndeni wezindlovu.

WayenguBubu, eyindlovu.  
“Ngiyindlovu, nginomboko  
omude,” kusho uBubu.

**Nawe jabulela ubuwena!**





# Amaqiniso ngezilwane

## IZINDLOVU



1

Izindlovu zensikazi nezeduna zase-Afrika zinezimponjwana (ama-thaski). Ziwarebenzisela ukumba nokuthola ukudla.



2

Izindlovu zeduna zibizwa ngezinkunzi. Izindlovu zensikazi zibizwa ngezinkomazi. Izindlovu ezincane zibizwa ngamankonyane.



3

Indlovu esikhulile idla ukudla okungaba yisisindo sama-300 kg, iphuze amanzi ayi-160 amalitha ngosuku.



4

Izindlovu eziningi ndawonye zibizwa ngomhlambi.



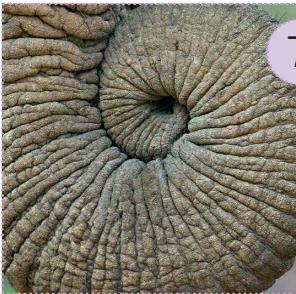
5

Izindlovu zilala amahora ama-2 noma ama-3 kuphela ngosuku.



6

Izindlovu zizwa ukukhala kwezinye izindlovu ebangeni elingamakhilomitha ayi-8.



7

Izindlovu zase-Afrika zinezinzwa zokunuka.ezisebenza kahle kakhulu. Zizwa amanzi ngephunga noma esebangeni elingamakhilomitha ayi-19.



8

Indlovu enkulu kunazo zonke ngokwamarekhodi yaba nesisindo esingamakhilogremu ayizi-**10,886** Namamitha alinganiselwa ku-**3,96** ukuphakama.



9

Izindlovu zisebenzisa imiboko ukugeza ngamanzi aphotile uma kushisa kakhulu.



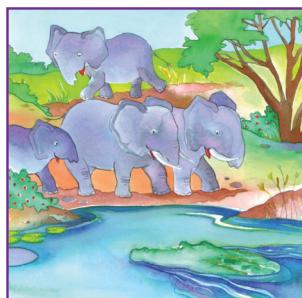
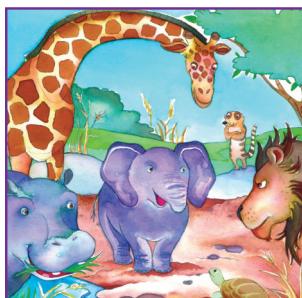
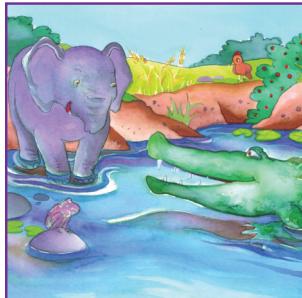
10

Izindlovu zizivikela ekushisweni yilanga ngokuzithela ngenhlabathi noma ngodaka.

# Umsebenzi wokufunda ngamaqembu



1 Yisho ukuthi yisiphi isithombe okumele sibe ngesokuqala, esesibili, esesithathu kanye nesesine. Emva kwalokho sebenzisa izithombe ukuxoxela umngani wakho le ndaba.



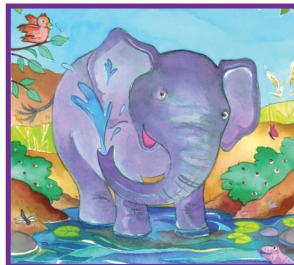
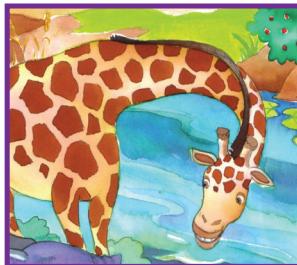
2 Funda imibuzo. Tshela umngani wakho izimpendulo.

- Sithini isihloko sendaba?
- Yisiphi isilwane esibalulekile endaben?
- Yiziphi izilwane ezikhona endaben?
- Kwenzekani kumntwana wendlovu?
- Ucabanga ukuthi le ndaba yenzeka ngempela?
- Avela kangaki endaben amagama athi, "Ngingowakini?"
- Ungajicela ingwenya ukuthi ikusize? Nikeza isizathu sempendulo yakho?



3

Sebenzisa amagama nezithombe ukuqedela imisho.  
Bhala umusho encwadini yakho yokubhalela.



indlulamithi

ufudu

ibhubesi

ingwenya

uBubu

"Ungumama wami?" kubuza \_\_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_\_\_ inomqala omude.

\_\_\_\_\_ luhamba luthwele indlu yalo emhlane.

\_\_\_\_\_ yayifuna ukudla uBubu.

\_\_\_\_\_ liyabhonga futhi linamazinyo amakhulu.



4

Qedela lo msebenzi encwadini yakho yokubhalela.

- a. Thola amagama analé misindo:

ndl	mb	nk	nz
-----	----	----	----

- b. Bhala amagama ezilwane ezsindabeni. Sebenzisa ikhef ana ukwehlukanisa amagama akho.
- c. Bhala amagama kukholomu yokuqala. Emva kwalokho bhala amagama anomsindo ozwakala ngokufana nalawo akukholomu yokuqala.

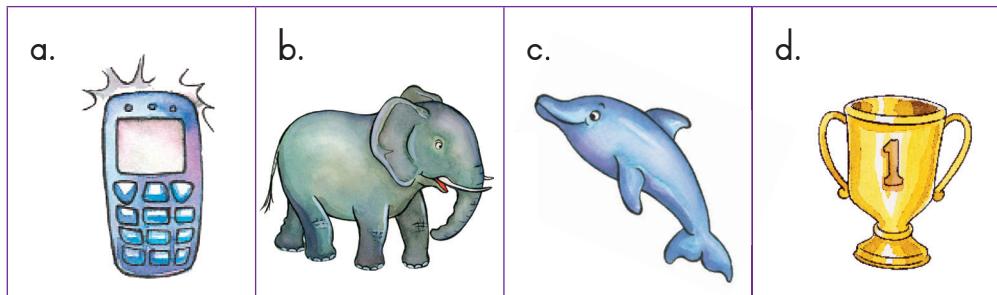
hlala	susa	sala	sika
buza	vuza	vala	vika
thola	buka	bona	sola

- d. Bhala imisho emi -4–5 encwadini yakho yokubhalela ngokwenzeka kuBubu.



5

Nikeza igama lesithombe ngasinye. Emagameni akho kumele kube khona analé misindo: **kh, ndl, nhl, nd**



# IBANGA LESI-2 ULIMI LWASEKHAYA



## Incwadi yoku- I

<b>Isihloko:</b>	Indlovu nomboko wayo
<b>Ulimi:</b>	IsiZulu
<b>Izinga:</b>	Ibunga lesi-2 Ulimi Lwasekhaya Incwadi yokufunda Izinga lesi-2 Incwadi yoku-1
<b>Uhlobo lombhalo:</b>	Indaba
<b>Amagama ajwayelekile:</b>	ungumama, umboko, indlovu, indlulamithi
<b>Ulwazimagama:</b>	indlovu, indlulamithi, ufulu, ingwenya, ibhubesi, ukubhonga, imvubu, umntwana
<b>Imisindo:</b>	ndl, ngw, kh, mb, mq, gw, nhl, mntw, mv
<b>Okuqukethwe, imiqondo namakhono:</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Uphinda axoxe indaba usebenzisa izithombe.</li><li>▪ Ufundla aphendule imibuzo yokuqondisisa.</li><li>▪ Uqedela imisho esebezisa izithombe namagama.</li><li>▪ Uthola amagama anemisindo efanayo endaben.</li><li>▪ Uthola amagama anala misindo endaben: mntw, mkh, ngw, mg, gw</li><li>▪ Wenza uhlu lwezilwane ezisendaben.</li><li>▪ Ubhala imisho emi-4-6 ngale ndaba.</li><li>▪ Ubhala amagama ezithombe.</li></ul>

ICAPS ifuna ukuba othisha babeke eceleni isikhathi nsuku zonke sokubhekana nokufunda kweqembu okuholwayo. Ukufunda kweqembu okuholwayo kudinga abafundi asebesezingeni elifanayo lokwazi ukufunda umbhalo ofanayo emaqenjini. beholwa nguthisha.

Ekufundeni ngamaqembu okuholwayo. othisha bahola abafundi abasezingeni elifanayo lokufunda ekufundeni incwadi efanayo beseqenjini.

Isikhathi sokufunda kumele simbandakanye izinhlobo zamisu ehlukahlukene zokufunda nokugondisisa okudingga abafundi uma befunda.

Isu lokufunda ngempumelelo lidinga futhi ukuxoxisana ngombhalo phakathi kukathisha nabafundi. naphakathi kwabafundi emaqenjini.

Lezi zincwadi zinemisebenzi yokugondisisa kanye neminyaka ehambelana nokufunda ngokugondisisa ukusiza othisha ukuze bakwazi ukuhola ukufunda ngamaqembu emakilasini.

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Ezinye izincwadi eShalofini  
Lezincwadi zeBanga lesi-2  
zoLimi Lwasekhaya.



UZinhle uthola abangani abasha

Yimpilo yenja

Idube layithola kanjani imithende?

UJeri uyathanda ukufunda



Indlovu nomboko wayo

Benza kanjalo abangani

Ichwane elibi ledada



Ibhayisikili likaBheki elisha

Izilwane ziya olwandle

Kwasiza uMkhomomkhulu