1. English Home Language Grade 3

Revised National Teaching Plan

GUIDELINES ON HOW TO USE THE ADJUSTED CURRICULUM FOR LANGUAGES IN FOUNDATION PHASE:

Please note the following:

- 1. The curriculum was adjusted to address the core concepts and skills.
- 2. All the skills are spread over the time given. Skills and knowledge are repeated across the weeks so that no learner will be disadvantaged if not attending school every day.
- 3. Content is scaffolded across weeks
- 4. There should be a strong integration between all the subjects.
- 5. All Topics in Language are integrated, and Daily Activities are not time specific but are used throughout the day
- 6. Reading needs to adhere to the following: Reading and Writing Focus time (CAPS). These reminders are included as there seem to be slightly different understandings of what is meant by the Reading and Writing Focus Time in CAPS.
 - The Reading and Writing Focus time is a tightly integrated time (approximately one hour) in which Shared Reading and then Shared Writing take place in the first 15 minutes. Thereafter, but also linked to the skills learnt in the Shared Reading / Shared Writing process, word and sentence level work is done (e.g. phonics). This takes about ten minutes. Thereafter, Group Guided Reading is done, with learners being grouped in reading and Writing focus time, the foundation is laid for the mastery of the skills needed for the paired reading, independent reading and independent writing that fall OUTSIDE of the Reading and Writing Focus time.
 - The Core skills and knowledge from the different areas support this and are not stand alone
- 7. It is important to read Section 2 as this contains information on methodology
- 8. The ATP must be mediated at school level to accommodate the school policies e.g. the Phonics programme being used will determine which sounds are taught and in which weeks these will be taught
- 9. Whenever group work is done, social distancing is to be adhered to.
- 10. Teachers to stay in communication with teachers of previous grades (if possible) so that no gaps are created in the transition between grades.

School Based Assessment:

- Assessment takes place on a continuous basis in the Foundation Phase.
- Assessment can only take place on content taught.
- · The Abridged Section 4 is to be used for all assessment.

2021 Annual Teaching Plan – Term 3: SUBJECT: English HL Grade 3

Term 1 48 days	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week	8 Week 9	Week 10
CAPS Topic					LISTENIN	I IG AND SPEAI	KING			
St. 1 Sp. 1		Minimum Time: 45 mins (3 x 15 mins) Maximum Time: 1 hour (4 x 15 mins)								
Core Concepts, Skills and Values	Talks about personal experiences such as tells news expressing feelings and opinions With support, predicts what will happen in a store.g., "look at the tittle and the cow of the book. What do you think is going to happen."	talks about an essequence Uses an ever-in speaking Suggests soluti word problems Interviews peop such as to find a Listens to a storeffect in the storement	presentation: tells news or experience logically and in acreasing vocabulary when ons to a problem, specifically in Mathematics ple for a particular purpose out a person's work ry and works out cause and ry	talks about ar sequence Uses an ever speaking Suggests soli specifically w Puts events ii	al presentation : tells news or n experience logically and in increasing vocabulary when utions to a problem, ord problems in Mathematics n order of logical sequence in discussion, giving useful others	talks about sequence Uses an espeaking Suggests word prob Puts even Participate feedback	oral presentation: tells news or than experience logically and in over increasing vocabulary when solutions to a problem, specifical lems in Mathematics to in order of logical sequence as in discussion, giving useful to others any with a beginning, middle and	or ar • Us wh y • Su sp M. • Lis or qu gr	akes an oral presentation: tells news talks about an experience logically d in sequence es an ever increasing vocabulary len speaking ggests solutions to a problem, ecifically word problems in athematics etens for details in stories and other al text and answers open-ended estions, e.g. "'what will you when you low up lls a story with a beginning, middle d end.	Makes an oral presentation: tells news or talks about an experience logically and in sequence Make use an ever-increasing vocabulary when speaking Suggests solutions to a problem, specifically word problems in Mathematics Tells a story with a beginning, middle and end.
CAPS Topic		I				PHONICS				_1
	Minimum time: 1 hour per week (4 x 15 mins); Maximum time: 1 hour 15 mins per week (5 x 15 mins)									
	D	D					ling programme for the term			DEVICION
Core Concepts, Skills and Values	Recognises that some sounds cat be represented by a number of different spelling choices Recognises digraphs making (e.g. 'ph' as in elephant and 'gh' as in laugh) Builds words using the phonic skiller taught this year.	learnt so far Recognises sile as in know, "i' a Uses both the le letter name to s Builds words us this year Spells words co knowledge in in in all written wo	etter sound as well as the spell words sing the phonic skills taught orrectly using phonic formal tests, in dictation and	 b' as in comb Uses both the letter name to Builds words this year Spells words knowledge in and in all writ 	using the phonic skills taught correctly using phonic informal tests, in dictation	spelt differ Uses both letter nam Builds wor this year Spells wor	ds that sounds the same but are rently such as 'pair', 'hair', and 'hat the letter sound as well as the e to spell words rds using the phonic skills taught rds correctly using phonic e in informal tests, in dictation and work	re' sp m ae • Us lei • Bu ta • Sp kn	es words that are pronounced and elt the same but have different eanings such as fly: the fly in an roplane or a fly that is an insect. es both the letter sound as well as the ter name to spell words ilds words using the phonic skills ught this year ells words correctly using phonic owledge in informal tests, in dictation d in all written work	REVISION Recognises silent letters in words, that is, 'k' as in know, "I' as in half, 'b' as in comb, "w' as in write, 'h' as in hour Uses words that sounds the same but are spelt differently such as 'pair', 'hair', and 'hare' Uses words that are pronounced and spelt the same but have different meanings such as fly: the fly in an aeroplane or a fly that is an insect.
CAPS Topic	READING									
	It is important to read Point 6 in guidelines on first page. Shared Reading: Minimum time: 1 hour per week (3 x 20 mins); Maximum time: 1 hour 15 mins per week (5x 15 mins) Group Guided: 2 hours 30 mins per week (2 x 15 minutes per day (2 groups daily)) Independent/Paired: 3x a week									
Core Reading	 Shared Reading: Whole class 2-3 times weekly using at least 1 text week Shared Reading: Introduce different genre such as plays and different types of poems 									
Concepts, Skills and Values	Reads enlarged texts such as poems, big book posters and electronic texts a a whole class wi the teacher Expresses wheth a story was liked and is able to justify answer e. I loved this story	Reads enlarged books of stories electronic texts teacher Reads book as teacher (shared main idea, main i	d text such as poems, big s, plays, posters and as a whole class with the d reading) and discuss the n characters and the plot ge of higher order questions ext read, e.g., "Should her ave told her that?	Reads enlarg books of stori texts as a wh Interprets info such as adve Reads book a and discuss r Expresses whable to justify because it rei Answers a ra	led text such as poems, big les, plays, posters and electronic ole class with the teacher ormation from graphical texts ortisement pictures, graphs, changes a whole class with the teacher main idea, characters and plot the hether a story was liked and is answer, e.g., "I loved this storminded me of?" Inge of higher order questions text read, e.g., "Should her	books electro teache Reads around form a Expres is able story b Answe	enlarged text such as poems, book stories, plays, posters and unic texts as a whole class with the area a range of different types of poed a topic and discusses these (bound meaning, word selection) areas whether a story was liked area to justify answer, e.g., "I loved the ecause it reminded me of?" I loved the area area of high order question on the text read, e.g. "Should he	bo ele te. ns Ini h su ch d Re nis te. m. s Ar	eads enlarged text such as poems, big oks of stories, plays, posters and ectronic texts as a whole class with the acher erprets information from graphical text ch as advertisement pictures, graphs, arts eads book as a whole class with the acher (shared reading) and discuss the ain idea, main characters and the plot swers a range of high order questions sed on the text read, e.g. 'Should her	Reads a range of different types of poems around a topic and discusses these (both form and meaning, word selection) Expresses whether a story was liked and is able to justify answer, e.g., "I loved this story because it

	reminded me of	grandmother have told her that? • Uses a dictionary to find new vocabulary and their meanings	grandmother have told her that?" • Use a dictionary to find new vocabulary and their meaning	grandmother have told her that?" Expresses whether a story was liked and is able to justify answer, e.g., "I loved this story because it reminded me of?" Use a dictionary to find new vocabulary and their meaning				
Group Guided	 Reads both silently and out loud from own book in a guided reading group with the teacher, that is the whole group reads the same story at the instructional level of the group Reads both silently and out book in a guided reading group teacher, that is the whole group Uses a range of self-correct when reading: re-reading, pausing Reads both silently and out book in a guided reading group Uses a range of self-correct when reading: re-reading, pausing Reads both silently and out book in a guided reading group 	book in a guided reading group with the teacher, that is the whole group reads the same story at the instructional level of the group • Uses phonics, contextual or structural analys decoding skills when reading unfamiliar word • Monitors self when reading, both word recognition and comprehension		 Reads both silently and out loud from own book in a guided reading group with the teacher, that is, whole group reads the same story on the instructional reading level of the group Reads with increasing fluency and expression, pronouncing words correctly and accurately Uses phonics, contextual or structural analysis decoding skills when reading unfamiliar words Monitors self when reading, both word recognition and comprehension 	REVISION Reads both silently and out loud from own book in a guided reading group with the teacher, that is, whole group reads the same story on the instructional reading level of the group Uses phonics, contextual or structural analysis decoding skills when reading unfamiliar words			
Independent/ Paired Reading	Reads independently book read in Shared Reading sessions. story books and books from the reading corner and any other texts, such as readers read earlier in the year, at the independent reading level of the children Reads independently book Reading sessions. story be from the reading corner and such as readers read earlier in the reading level of the children Reads independently book Reading sessions. story be from the reading corner and such as readers read earlier in the year, at the independent reading level of the children	Reading sessions. story books and books from the reading corner and any other texts, r in the year, at such as readers read earlier in the year, at the	Reads independently books read in Shared Reading sessions. story books and books from the reading corner and any other texts, such as readers read earlier in the year, at the independent reading level of the children Reads aloud to a partner Reads own and others writing	 Reads independently books read in Shared Reading sessions. story books and books from the reading corner and any other texts, such as readers read earlier in the year, at the independent reading level of the children Reads own and others writing Finds information independently or in pairs from level-appropriate non-fiction books 	Reads independently books read in Shared Reading sessions. story books and books from the reading corner and any other texts, such as readers read earlier in the year, at the independent reading level of the children Reads aloud to a partner			
CAPS Topic	WRITING: Shared, Group and Independent 1 hour per week (3 x 20 mins).							
Core Concepts, Skills and	 Use the Shared Writing activities to model the use of correct punctuation, grammar and parts of speech. Use the Shared Writing activities to teach punctuation, grammar and different sentence types Provide a writing frame to assist children to write personal texts such as a letter 							
Values	 Participate in a discussion to choose a topic to write about Writes personal texts in diff diary entry, a letter to a relication write about Writes own story or a familiar story or another creative text of at least ten sentences Uses more complex tenses such as present and past progressive. For example, He is reading a book. They were watching TV last night. Writes personal texts in diff diary entry, a letter to a relication many and investigation. Summarises and records in mind maps, tables, notices charts Uses punctuation correctly full stops, commas, questic exclamation marks and investigation with the complex tenses and records in mind maps, tables, notices charts Uses punctuation correctly full stops, commas, questic exclamation marks and investigation with the complex tenses and records in mind maps, tables, notices charts Uses phonic knowledge are to write unfamiliar words Builds own word bank and dictionary 	 Writes personal texts in different forms: a diary entry, a letter to a relative, description writes and illustrates a story to contribute to a book for the class library. Uses different sentence types when writing such as statements, questions, commands Uses punctuation marks correctly: capital letters, full stops, commas, question marks, exclamation marks and inverted commas. Identifies and uses nouns, pronouns, adjectives, verbs, adverbs and prepositions correctly Uses phonic knowledge and spelling rules to write unfamiliar words Reads own writing to the class Builds own word bank and personal dictionary 	 Writes personal texts in different forms: a diary entry, a letter to a relative, description Summarises and records information using mind maps, tables, notices, diagrams or charts Drafts, writes, edits and publishes own story of at least two paragraphs (ten or more sentences), with a title Joins sentences using conjunctions such as 'and', 'but' Uses a variety of vocabulary to make the writing more interesting Reads own writing to the class Builds own word bank and personal dictionary 	 Writes personal texts in different forms: a diary entry, a letter to a relative, description Summarises and records information using mind maps, tables, notices, diagrams or charts Drafts, writes, edits and publishes own story of at least two paragraphs (ten or more sentences), with a title Joins sentences using conjunctions such as 'and', 'but' Identifies and uses nouns, pronouns, adjectives, verbs, adverbs and prepositions correctly Uses a variety of vocabulary to make the writing more interesting Reads own writing to the class Builds own word bank and personal dictionary 	EVISION Writes personal texts in different forms: a diary entry, a letter to a relative, description Uses punctuation marks correctly: capital letters, full stops, commas, question marks, exclamation marks and inverted commas. Uses a variety of vocabulary to make the writing more interesting			
CAPS Topic	HANDWRITING							
	1 hour per week (4 x 15 mins) Children make the transition from using print script in written recording to a joined script or cursive writing by the end of the term							

	Handwriting lessons will focus on practicing the individual lower case and capital letters and the joins needed for the new script Children must be able to transcribe from print script (e.g. in a book) into the joined script or cursive writing							
Core Concepts, Skills and Values	Makes transition to the joined script or cursive writing in all written recordings i.e. the date, own name ,and own written texts.		Copies written text from the board, textbooks, work cards, correctly, paying attention to correct letter formation and spacing in the joined script or cursive writing Writes with increasing speed	Copies written text from the board, textbooks, work cards, correctly, paying attention to correct letter formation and spacing in the joined script or cursive writing Writes with increasing speed	Copies written text from the board, textbooks, work cards, correctly, paying attention to correct letter formation and spacing in the joined script or cursive writing Writes with increasing speed	 Copies written text from the board, textbooks, work cards, correctly, paying attention to correct letter formation and spacing in the joined script or cursive writing Writes with increasing speed 		
Pre-requisite knowledge	Term 2 core concepts. knowledge, skills and values							
Resources (other than textbook) to enhance learning	Reading series Flash cards DBE Workbooks Pictures Posters	Reading series Flash cards DBE Workbooks Pictures Posters	Reading series Flash cards DBE Workbooks Pictures Posters	Reading series Flash cards DBE Workbooks Pictures Posters	Reading series Flash cards DBE Workbooks Pictures Posters	Reading series Flash cards DBE Workbooks Pictures Posters		
Assessment for learning	From Abridged CAPS Section 4 Amendments, pages 6 - 10		 The activities must be observed and assessed during daily lesson activities in Languages. Each skill is not meant to be an assessment activity but rather should ensure that leaners are afforded opportunities to demonstrate these skills orally, practically and written Assessment can only take place if the concepts have been taught and learners had enough time to practice. The assessment of oral activities should be integrated with Life Skills and Mathematics whenever possible Assessment is a continuous planned process of gathering, recording, interpreting, using and reporting information about a child's progress and achievement in developing knowledge, skills and attitudes It is also important to note that each assessment task should not be seen as a single event or test, but must comply with the principles of continuous assessment at all times Assessment Task is made up of a number of parts dealing with different aspects of Language in Grades 1-3. It is important to note that the principle of alignment and integration of the language programme as demonstrated in the 'Reading and Writing focus time' (pages 11-12, FP CAPS Home Language section 2) should inform the design of an assessment task whenever possible. In order to design a Programme of Assessment The assessment task should be structured in such a way that there is a balance of skills that are assessed. This will assist in not assessing the same skills and concepts while neglecting others; Use the Grade overview in Section 3 of the CAPS (all languages) (this ATP) as a guide to ensure content coverage 					
SBA An example of an Assessment Task			→ Content coverage is per term as indicated in Section 3 and not per week; and selection of content/skills and knowledge must not leave a gap throughout the four terms Listening and speaking: Sugests solutions to a problem, specifically word problems in Mathematics Tells a story with a beginning, middle and end. Phonics: Oral and Practical: Recognises silent letters in words, that is, 'k' as in know, 'T' as in half, 'b' as in comb, 'w' as in write, 'h' as in hour (Reading focus time: Focused Phonic session) Written: Spells words correctly using phonic knowledge in informal test, in dictation and in all written work Reading: Oral: Group Guided Reading (GGR) Reads both silently and out loud from own book in a guided reading group with the teacher, that is, whole group reads the same story on the instructional level of the group Uses phonics, context clues and structural analysis decoding skills when reading unfamiliar words (Reading focus time) Monitors self when reading, both word recognition and comprehension (Reading focus time) Literal questions Prediction Reorganisation: Inferences: What, Why, How Evaluation Writing: Participate in a discussion to choose a topic to write about (Shared Writing) (Reading focus time) Writes personal texts in different forms: a diary entry, a letter to a relative, description Language usage: sentence construction, punctuation, tenses, conjunctions Handwriting: Copies written text from the board, textbooks, work cards, correctly, paying attention to correct letter formation and spacing in the joined script or cursive writing					