# basic education Department: Basic Education REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

#### 2023/24 ANNUAL TEACHING PLANS: NATURAL SCIENCES AND TECHNOLOGY: GRADE 4 (TERM 1)

TERM 1	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	WEEK 9	WEEK 10	WEEK 11		
CAPS TOPICS		Life and living											
	Living and non-living things		Structure of plants and animals		What plants need to grow	Habitats of animals		Structures for animal shelters		Remediation, revision and consolidation			
CORE CONCEPTS, SKILLS AND VALUES	<ul><li>Living things</li><li>Non-living things</li></ul>		Structure of plants     Structure of animals		Conditions for growth	Different habitats     Need for a habitat  Animal shelters							
RESOURCES TO ENHANCE LEARNING	<ul> <li>Examples and pictures of living and non-living things, including plants, animals and bread mould</li> <li>Seeds</li> <li>Yeast</li> <li>Pictures of hatched eggs</li> </ul>		Pictures/examples or plant parts     Pictures of animals	f different types of	Seeds and cuttings     Rulers and measuring tape			Pictures and examples of animal shelters					
INFORMAL ASSESSMENT	<ul> <li>Use pictures and read case studies to distinguishing between living and non-living things with reasons</li> <li>Use everyday life experiences and examples to describe the seven life processes</li> <li>Identify the different parts of a flowering plant</li> <li>Use pictures and leaves) in terms of size, colour and shape</li> <li>Use various drawings and/or picture label the basic structure of flowering and animals</li> <li>Use pictures of various animals to compare their differences and similar</li> </ul>		aves) in terms of their one some some some some some some some som	Do a scientific investigation to find out what seeds need to germinate and grow into new plants     Keep a diary during the investigation to record observations and the results     Predict the result of your investigation	<ul> <li>Identify, draw and describe the habitat in your school. Your drawing should have ONLY the plants and little animals that you can see in your habitat</li> <li>Identify the habitats of indigenous South African plants and animals</li> <li>Compare natural and human-made animal shelters</li> <li>Design and draw an animal shelter, taking into account its purpose, shape, size and materials</li> <li>Evaluate the suitability of the design</li> </ul>								
SBA (FORMAL ASSESSMENT)	Practical task/investig     Test	gation											

## 2023/24 ANNUAL TEACHING PLANS: NATURAL SCIENCES AND TECHNOLOGY: GRADE 4 (TERM 2)

TERM 2	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	WEEK 9	WEEK 10	WEEK 11
CAPS TOPICS						Matter and materials					
	Materials around us				Solid materials		Strengthening materials		Strong frame structures	Remediation, revision and consolidation	
CORE CONCEPTS, SKILLS AND VALUES	<ul><li>Solids, liquids and ga</li><li>Change of state</li><li>The water cycle</li></ul>	ases			Raw and manufactured materials     Properties of materials		Ways to strengthen materials		Struts and frame structures     Indigenous structures		
RESOURCES TO ENHANCE LEARNING	cooking oil and cook	t substances such as ice,		•	Examples of raw and ma examine the properties, leather, ceramics, fabric plastic products		Paper, wooden dowels (3 sticks, sticky tape and pa struts		Pictures of frame structures  Paper, wooden dowels (30 cm × 10 mm) or sticks, sticky tape and paper fasteners		
INFORMAL ASSESSMENT	<ul> <li>Investigate and write down the properties of solids, liquids and gases</li> <li>Compare the properties of solids, liquids and gases</li> <li>Describe and draw the stages of the water cycle</li> <li>Make a model of the water cycle</li> </ul>				<ul> <li>Explain the difference between raw and manufactured materials</li> <li>Investigate materials that objects are made from</li> <li>Describe the properties of raw and manufactured materials</li> <li>Classify materials into raw or manufactured</li> <li>Investigate the properties of raw and manufactured materials, such as hard or soft, tough or fragile, stiff or flexible, strong in tension, etc.</li> <li>Investigate how tough different materials are</li> <li>Investigate material that is the most flexible for a ruler</li> <li>Investigating the flexibility of a ruler. Record the results in the table and use them to plot a graph on graph paper</li> <li>Identify different materials that are strong in tension</li> <li>Link different materials with the purpose of the object</li> </ul>			Explore ways to make a strong structure     Design and make a bridge. It must span a minimum length of 1 m. It must be able to support a load (bags of coins and books)     Identify materials used in traditional homes, e.g. Zulu hut, Xhosa rondavels, etc.     Compare modern and traditional structures and materials			
ACCECCMENT)	<ul><li>Practical task/inves</li><li>Test</li></ul>	stigation			1		7		1		

## 2023/24 ANNUAL TEACHING PLANS: NATURAL SCIENCES AND TECHNOLOGY: GRADE 4 (TERM 3)

TERM 3	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK	( 5 WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	WEEK 9	WEEK 10	WEEK 11		
CAPS TOPIC		Energy and change											
	Energy and energy transfer		Energy a	Energy around us		Movement and energy in a syst	em	Energy and sound		Remediation, revision, and consolidation			
CORE CONCEPTS, SKILLS AND VALUES	<ul><li>Energy for life</li><li>Energy from the Sun</li></ul>			Energy     Input and output energy		Movement and musical instruments		<ul><li>Vibrations and sound</li><li>Making sounds</li><li>Noise pollution</li></ul>					
RESOURCES TO ENHANCE LEARNING	<ul> <li>Pictures and examples of a selection of machines and appliances including a kettle, stove, torch, radio, iron, fan/hair dryer, car/bicycle and drum</li> <li>Video clips from the internet</li> </ul>					<ul> <li>Examples of musical instrume</li> <li>Materials to make musical inst</li> </ul>	Pictures of the human ear, its parts and how one hears     Examples of musical instruments made by learners     Video clips from the internet						
INFORMAL ASSESSMENT	<ul> <li>Describe the transfer of energy from the Sun</li> <li>Identify activities that people and animals do that require energy</li> <li>Draw and explain how animals get energy for life processes from the Sun</li> <li>Investigate the input and output energy of appliances, e.g. a kettle, stove, torch, radio, iron, fan/hair dryer, car/bicycle, drum, etc.</li> </ul>				ir dryer,	<ul> <li>Research about the various in instruments and how they wor</li> <li>Investigate how musical instru</li> <li>Design and make your own m</li> </ul>	ments make music	<ul> <li>cause vibrations that using an elastic band</li> <li>Investigate how to m travel further</li> <li>Identify and describe pollution</li> <li>Research the health</li> </ul>	ake sounds louder and				
SBA (FORMAL ASSESSMENT)	<ul> <li>Practical task/investigation</li> <li>Test</li> </ul>												

## 2023/24 ANNUAL TEACHING PLANS: NATURAL SCIENCES AND TECHNOLOGY: GRADE 4 (TERM 4)

TERM 4	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	WEEK 9			
CAPS TOPIC	Planet Earth and Beyond											
	Planet Earth		The Sun The Earth and Sun		The Moon		Rocket systems		Remediation, revision, and consolidation			
CORE CONCEPTS, SKILLS AND VALUES	Features of the Earth     Earth and Space		Our closest star	Moving around the Sun     The Sun and life	<ul><li>Features of the Moon</li><li>Phases of the Moon</li><li>Moon stories</li></ul>		Modelling a rocket					
RESOURCES TO ENHANCE LEARNING	<ul> <li>Pictures of Earth showing i</li> <li>Pictures of the Moon; Sun</li> <li>Models of the Earth, Moon</li> <li>Video clips from the internet</li> </ul>	and planets and Sun			<ul> <li>Calendar for recording phases of the Moon</li> <li>Cultural stories about the Moon</li> <li>Video clips from the internet</li> </ul>		Apparatus including balloons of different sizes, straws, fishing line, hooks and measuring tape					
INFORMAL ASSESSMENT	<ul> <li>Describe and identify the m</li> <li>Draw or make models of th</li> <li>Identify and describe the m</li> <li>Draw or make models of th</li> <li>Explain how the Earth mov</li> <li>Interpret models and pictur</li> </ul>	ne Earth nain features of the Sun ne Sun ves around the Sun			<ul> <li>Investigate how the changing shape of light on the Moon results in different phases of the Moon</li> <li>Identify the different phases of the Moon</li> <li>Draw or make models of the Moon</li> <li>Make a model of a balloon rocket and test it</li> <li>Investigate distances travelled by different balloon rockets</li> <li>Evaluate balloon rockets</li> </ul>							
SBA (FORMAL ASSESSMENT)	Test											

#### MAJOR PROCESS AND DESIGN SKILLS

The teaching and learning of Natural Sciences and Technology involves the development of a range of process and design skills that may be used in everyday life in the community and in the workplace. Learners also develop the ability to think objectively and use a variety of forms of reasoning while they use these skills. Learners can gain these skills in an environment that taps into their curiosity about the world, and that supports creativity, responsibility and growing confidence.

The following are the cognitive and practical process and design skills that learners will be able to develop in Natural Sciences and Technology.

- 1. Accessing and recalling information being able to use a variety of sources to acquire information, and to remember relevant facts and key ideas, and to build a conceptual framework
- 2. Observing noting objects, organisms and events in detail
- 3. Comparing noting similarities and differences between things
- 4. Measuring using measuring instruments such as rulers, thermometers, clocks and syringes (for volume)
- 5. Sorting and classifying applying criteria in order to sort items into a table, mind-map, key, list or other format
- 6. Identifying problems and issues being able to articulate the needs and wants of people in society
- 7. Raising questions being able to think of and articulate relevant questions about problems, issues and natural phenomena
- 8. *Predicting* stating, before an investigation, what the learner thinks the results will be for that particular investigation
- 9. Hypothesising putting forward a suggestion or possible explanation to account for certain facts. A hypothesis is used as a basis for further investigation that will prove or disprove the hypothesis
- 10. Planning investigations thinking through the method for an activity or investigation in advance. Identifying the need to make an investigation a fair test by keeping some things (variables) the same, while other things will vary

- 11. Doing investigations this involves carrying out methods using appropriate apparatus and equipment, and collecting data by observing and comparing, measuring and estimating, sequencing, or sorting and classifying. Sometimes an investigation has to be repeated to verify the results
- 12. Recording information recording data from an investigation in a systematic way, which includes drawings, descriptions, tables and graphs
- 13. Interpreting information explaining what the results of an activity or investigation mean (this includes reading skills)
- 14. Designing showing (e.g. by drawing) how something is to be made, taking into account the design brief, specifications and constraints
- 15. *Making/constructing* building or assembling an object using appropriate materials and tools and using skills such as measuring, cutting, folding, rolling and gluing
- 16. Evaluating and improving products using criteria to assess a constructed object and then stating or carrying out ways to refine that object
- 17. Communicating using written, oral, visual, graphic and other forms of communication to make information available to other people